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Seattle Municipal News

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A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. VIII. NO. 29.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, JUNE 27, 1919.

PRICE 10 CENTS

THE MUNICIPAL LEAGUE AND THE CITY

By Austin E. Griffiths

The other day I was asked what particular things the League ought now to do. I said there were at least two. My fellow member agreed with me on these two.

Avoid Acute Labor Disputes

We agreed that the Special Committee should report a plan for adoption by the City whereby labor disputes should be met in a rational, humane way and their seriousness thereby prevented. That Mr. Helsel's proposal of a Conciliation Commission should be considered by our special committee.

Seattle has now between four and five thousand employees. Most of them are in non-governmental service. Most of them are employed by the city to do what in former times was private business.

Labor troubles and cause of dispute are bound to arise. My nature, my family wants are the same whether I dig coal for the city or dig coal for John Doe or run cars or furnish light for the city or for a private company. It is therefore hard to have public employees believe their obligations to the city are different than their obligations to private employers. They exercise the right of strike when in private employment but by many persons are denied such right when in public service.

Governmental Service

It should go without saying that persons employed in governmental service, that is to say, those persons whose service or work is essential to the carrying on of government, local, state or national, have no right to strike. Their obligation and duty to the

public and to the state are utterly in conflict with the right of strike. Without them, in the last analysis, government would stop.

Business Service

But the case of employees doing ordinary business for the city or state may be admitted to be different. If the city car line stops it is no farther for me to walk than it was before the city owned the line. If the city light employees quit, my house is no darker than it would be if they were private employees and went on strike.

But the line between governmental and business service or work is difficult to draw. Governmental service is indispensable and the obligation not to strike is absolute. Public business is getting increasingly larger and monopolistic and therefore the strike weapon if used will be more harmful to people in general and harder to justify.

All of which means that Seattle should take time by the forelock and provide machinery to avoid serious troubles.



THE LEAGUE WILL NOT HOLD ITS REGULAR WEEKLY MEETING UNTIL SEPTEMBER

In accordance with the custom of past years the League will not hold its regular Tuesday meetings during the summer months. However, it may at any time call a special meeting.

The Board of Trustees will met each week at Wednesday noon during the summer.

Skagit Power Site

We also agreed that the League should have a standing committee to look into the merits and watch the development of the Skagit River Power site investments and operations. At best the trail up there is long and expensive. We want cheap and plenty of power—not another dry dam.

Councilmen come and go. They also have the habit of dividing themselves for and against it may be the best of projects.

The League has no competitive connections, no bias. Such a committee could serve the people exceedingly well.

According to the report of the National Board of Fire Underwriters, the American loss by fire during the year 1917 was \$2.42 per capita and during 1918 \$2.76, an increase over the entire country of approximately \$40,000,000. The year's loss being \$290,959,885. The public can not be too strongly urged the necessity of increased vigilance and caution in the prevention of fires.

MINIMUM WAGE FOR MEN

By James A. Haight

The Labor Party in England has recently put forth a platform containing a plank providing for a minimum wage for men established by law. Prior to the Great War such a minimum existed only for coal miners, railroad men and dock laborers.

During the war both England and America became familiar with wages established by government boards. In America as a rule neither employers nor employees have favored the fixing of minimum wages for men by law. The employers have preferred to be free from official interference. Their employees, if members of unions, have preferred to secure the wages they desired through their unions.

We are now confronted with an unusual situation. Demands for increase in wages are constantly made, based on the very substantial ground that the cost of living has enormously increased. These demands are met with less general resistance by employers than formerly prevailed. They are often disposed to accede to the demands of their employees and add the cost of the increase in wages and their proportionate profit thereon to the price of the product. As these increases are often accompanied by a reduction of hours and a more leisurely method of work during working hours, the employers often increase the prices per unit of output by a larger percentage than the increase in wages. The inevitable result is that prices advance faster than wages and real wages that is wages measured by purchasing power decline.

Some decline is inevitable be-

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 The Board of Trustees meets at 12:15 Thursday at Northold Inn
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Terms Expire May, 1920
 Rev. J. E. Crowther, D. D.
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cause the cost of the war has to be paid. The human family has gone through an appalling tragedy and while it is recovering from its wounds and replacing the things it has destroyed, it will have fewer things to consume. It will have to enjoy plain living; may it also be rewarded with high thinking?

If a policy of vaulting wage increases accompanied with echoing price increases continues, all business will become top heavy. As soon as this situation is seen or suspected a crash will follow attended with business paralysis and wide spread unemployment. This possible evil obviously calls for preventive remedies. If the State Industrial Board should be empowered to establish minimum wages for men as well as women and children, it could adopt, fix and alter men's minimum wages with reference to the actual conditions. In this way increases in wages can be brought about without entailing harmful increases in prices and thus the menace of an industrial catastrophe can be avoided.

A system of State established minimum wages based on the findings of the Industrial Board after careful and intelligent investigation should receive careful consideration.

San Diego, California, is using a combination vacuum and rotary sweeper to clean her streets. The machine, which is mounted on a motor truck, has two engines, one to run the truck and the other to operate the broom.

SEASONAL LABOR

By Austin E. Griffiths

It is our duty to stabilize labor and humanize industry. Seasonable labor demand is a hard cruel fact to deal with. It breeds unskilled, discontented, inflammable labor. Measures for permanent industrial progress must keep this fact and its unsocial effect as a central problem.

Men willing to work, out of work and away from work are elements of danger. In the nature of things there should be neither wasted work nor wasted workers.

Labor Exchanges

Labor exchanges and public employment offices are valuable. Our own city employment has been very useful.

But as employment and labor wants are as inter-related as the seven seas Federal aid must supplement local efforts.

Federal Service

Secretary of Labor Wilson has asked for \$4,700,000 to carry on the United States Employment Service. The Secretary desires this work continued as a permanent bureau in his Department. He urges a system of public employment offices operated by the states under uniform rules and standards of efficiency prescribed by the Federal Service, and partly financed by the Government. The Federal Service would handle labor clearances between states, inspecting and the gathering of information as to

labor and employment conditions.

The Life and the Way

Herein is the thing to be done and the way to do it. The Secretary is pointing the way to do it or to make the best of present fluctuating labor - employment conditions. The main thing to be striven for (and which will be slowly attained) is to do away with seasonal and sectional labor demands. This involves patient, particular and general study and understanding of all lines of industry, their readjustment or even extreme change from the ground up.

League of Nations and Labor

I am glad to see this subject falls within the purview of the League of Nations. I hope never again to see ship loads of steerage passengers going in search of work only to be dumped in a heap at the nearest port.

Gompers and Short

A test of stable character is adherence to leadership. A sign of mental solvency is tenacity in following a policy.

Both Samuel Gompers and William Short are practical leaders. Both embody the principle of immediate evolutionary and sound progress. They both recognize that labor is part and parcel of all human society. They admit the immutable that progress to be beneficial and permanent must be unselfish and comprehensive.

Union Labor has shown itself stable, sane and tenacious in the re-election of these men.

RECLAIMING OUR WASTE

The war is not ended! America is engaged in a struggle which knows no armistice or peace terms. The struggle for the preservation of our national resources, bitter in the past, has been but intensified by the war. The unprecedented demand for raw materials, so essential to the needs of our war industries, intensified the conservation and utilization of waste material. This has resulted in a scarcity of the substitutes for virgin raw material and unless our efforts for conservation are continued the natural resources must be utilized as soon as our industries resume operation at full capacity.

Waste material is the protector

of our natural resources. Waste paper, rags and other waste material can be used in new forms, thereby decreasing the annual consumption of virgin material. The conservation of this material must be continued in order to save our natural wealth for future needs.

The present turn-in of waste materials will no doubt be diminished. The cause of this lies in several factors. During the war civic bodies, charitable organizations and women's clubs voluntarily gathered waste matters which were turned in to be remade. Thousands of tons of worn clothes, which in the ordinary course of events would have been remanufactured in the waste industry, have been sent overseas to clothe the destitute of Europe. Thousands of tons of books and papers have also been sent over-seas for our soldiers. All of this material has done its "good work" and will be discarded abroad and thereby be lost to the factories of this country.

Some of the pertinent points about wealth from waste paper and rags as set out by the United States Waste Reclamation Service, follows:

Paper

Economy in the use of paper will release vast quantities of chemicals which are urgently needed.

A pound of paper wasted means from 1 to 3 pounds of coal wasted.

Cutting down the use of paper 25 per cent would mean 6,000,000 tons less freight for the railroads to haul and would at the same time save 2,500,000 tons of coal.

Old magazines, books, stationery, etc., are used in making books, writing, and other forms of paper.

Paper that comes around purchases at the store is made over again into new paper, cardboard, cartons, paper boxes, paper bags, etc.

One hundred pounds of soft white paper shavings will make 90 pounds of new paper.

One hundred pounds of old magazine paper will make 80 pounds of new paper.

One and one-half million tons of book and writing paper were made last year from old paper.

One hundred pounds of old folded newspapers will make 85

Let's Make the Municipal News 8 Pages

pounds of new box board.

Two and one-half million tons of various kinds of paper box board were made last year from

old papers.

Cotton and Woolen Rags

One hundred pounds of old cotton rags will make from 65 to 75 pounds of paper pulp; this pulp will make only 2 per cent less than an equal amount of paper.

One hundred pounds of new cotton rags will make 80 pounds of paper pulp.

Woolen rags are converted into shoddy and shoddy converted into wool. The shrinkage from shoddy to wool is the same as from raw wool to finished wool, namely, about 3 per cent.

Seattle like a great number of other cities must adopt the slogan "Don't Waste It; Save It."

CHAS. A. HAIGHT, Attorney
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for the County of King. In Probate. No. 20346.

In the Matter of the Estate of Lettie J. Hoyt, Deceased. Notice of Hearing of Final Report and Account and Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that John P. Hoyt, executor of the last will of said Lettie J. Hoyt, deceased, has filed in the office of the clerk of said court his final report and account and petition for distribution, wherein the court is asked to settle such report, distribute the property to the heirs or persons entitled to the same, and discharge the said executor, and that the hearing of said report and account and petition for distribution will be had on the twenty-fourth day of July, 1919, at thirty minutes past nine o'clock in the forenoon of said day at the Court Room of Department One (1) of said Court in the Court House of King County, in Seattle therein.

Dated this 25th day of June, A. D. 1919.

PERCY F. THOMAS,
Clerk of said Court
By H. C. Gordon, Deputy
First Pub. June 28, 1919. 4t-July 19

P. V. DAVIS
Attorney 300 Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for King County.

Mike Cohen, Plaintiff, vs. Henry Ritterhoff and Jane Doe Ritterhoff, his wife, Defendant. No.
Summons.

The State of Washington, To the said Henry Ritterhoff and Jane Doe Ritterhoff, his wife, defendants:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: Within sixty days after the 21st day of June, 1919, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above action is to obtain a decree herein requiring the above named defendants to execute to the plaintiff a good and sufficient deed to Lot 10, in Block 28 of Bell & Denney's First Addition to the City of Seattle, King County, State of Washington, clear of all encumbrances and to deliver to the plaintiff an abstract of title and that upon the refusal of defendants so to do that a Commissioner be appointed by said court to make said transfer and deliver said abstract and decreeing and adjudging that plaintiff is the owner in fee simple of said premises free and clear of all encumbrances and forever restraining and enjoining the said defendants from asserting any right, title or interest in said premises or any portion thereof, and awarding plaintiff his costs and disbursements herein.

P. V. DAVIS,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and P. O. Address: 300 Central Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
Date of first Publication in the Municipal News, Seattle, June, 21, 1919.
7t Aug 2

JAMES W. REYNOLDS
Attorney 301-3 Burke Building
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for King County.

Amy Shipman, Plaintiff, vs. Albert L. Shipman, Defendant. No. 136170.
Summons.

State of Washington to Albert L. Shipman, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: Within sixty days after June 14th, 1919, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court and answer the complaint of the plaintiff herein and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for the plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint herein which has been filed with the clerk of the said court.

The object and purpose of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree of divorce by the plaintiff from the defendant and also a decree restoring plaintiff to her former name to-wit: Amy George, and for such other orders and relief as to the Court shall seem just and proper.

JAMES W. REYNOLDS,
Attorney for the Plaintiff.
Post Office Address, 301-3 Burke Building, Seattle, Wn.
Date of first publication, June 14, 1919.
7t-July 26



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IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, in and for the
County of King.

In the Matter of the Estate of Ernest
Carstens, Deceased. No. 20151.
Order to Show Cause Why Order Di-
recting Execution of Deed Should Not
Be Made.

Eugene Kurzenbaum and Henriette
Kurzenbaum, his wife, having on the
2nd day of April, 1919, presented to and
filed in this court their verified petition
praying for an order of this court auth-
orizing and directing the executrix and
executor of the estate to transfer by
deed to petitioners.

Lots Five (5) and Six (6) in Block
One (1) of Wabash Addition to the City
of Seattle.

It is hereby ordered by this court that
all persons interested in the estate of
Ernest Carstens, deceased, appear be-
fore this court on the 6th day of June,
1919, at 9:30 o'clock A. M., at the court
room of the probate department in the
City of Seattle in said County of King,
to show cause why an order as prayed
for in the petition should not be granted.

It is further ordered that a copy of
this order be published at least once a
week for three successive weeks in The
Seattle Municipal News, a newspaper
printed and published in said county.

Dated this 7th day of May, A. D., 1919.
BOYD J. TALLMAN,
3t-10-24, 1919. Judge.

G. WARD KEMP—Attorney

NOTICE SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL
Estate. Sheriff's Office.
State of Washington, County of King,
ss.

By Virtue of an Order of Sale issued
out of the Honorable Superior Court of
King County, on the 21st day of May,
A. D. 1919, by the Clerk thereof in the
case of Laura A. Quinlan, Plaintiff,
versus B. L. Page, Ida S. Page, First
Mortgage & Savings Bank, Mortgage
Trust & Savings Bank, Fidelity Securi-
ties Co., and Estelle M. Ghiglione, De-
fendants, No. 135126, and to me, as
Sheriff, directed and delivered:

Notice is Hereby Given, That I will
proceed to sell at public auction to the
highest bidder for cash, within the
hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's
sales, to-wit: at Ten o'clock A. M., on
the 28th day of June, 1919, before the
Court House door of King County, Jef-
ferson Street Entrance, in the State of
Washington, the following described
property, situated in King County,
State of Washington, to-wit:

The East forty feet of the West
eighty feet of Lots five and six, block
eighteen of Burke's Second Addition to
the City of Seattle, levied on as the
property of said defendants to satisfy
a judgment of a foreclosure of a mort-
gage amounting to Twenty seven hun-
dred twenty five and 53-100 (\$2725.53)
Dollars, interest, attorney's fee of
\$180.00, and the cost of suit, in favor
of plaintiff.

Dated this 21st day of May, 1919.
JOHN STRINGER, Sheriff
By A. HUTCHESON,
5tMay 24 June 21 Deputy.

FRED W. CATLETT—Attorney

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate. No. 25393. Notice to
Creditors.

In the Matter of the Estate of William
J. Weir, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that he under-
signed has been appointed and has qual-
ified as executor of the estate of William
J. Weir, Deceased; that all persons
having claims against said deceased
are hereby required to serve the same,
duly verified, on said A. C. EMMONS or
his attorney of record at the address
below stated, and file the same with the
Clerk of said Court, together with proof
of such service within six months after
the date of first publication of this no-
tice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication May 31, 1919.
A. C. EMMONS,
Executor of said Estate.
Address Columbia Building, Portland,
Oregon.
FRED W. CATLETT, Attorney for Es-
tate, 613 Hoge Building, Seattle.
Wash. M31-J21

Phone Elliott 223
for

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INDUSTRIAL DEMOCRACY

By James A. Haight

One hundred years ago the cross-roads wagon-maker planned the entire wagon and made most of it himself. Occasionally he would have as a helper the son of a neighbor, who served a long term of apprenticeship. The employer was an all-around wagon maker and he taught his apprentice to be the same. His knowledge and judgment planned and the skill and industry of himself and his apprentice constructed the wagon. The work and its responsibilities developed his judgment and increased his knowledge and skill, while his apprentice learned by doing and had the benefit of expert advice and training at every step. The industry built not merely wagons but men.

Now the factory system has extended to wagon making. Powerful engines operate ingeniously turn out parts in enormous quantities, and without any special skill of the operators, most of whom are machine tenders. The modern wagon works produces a thousand wagons where the wagon shop of former days produced one.

The wagon maker has disappeared. His apprentice is gone. The cross-roads schools for making wagons and men are closed. Their places are taken by monstrous hives of clattering machines, ingenious and intricate, that do complicated tasks and repeat them a thousand times without taxing the attention of their tenders. Both men and machines seem automatic, with the machines doing the more intellectual work. The wagons turned out are precisely alike

and the men turned out are too much alike. The industry tends to wipe out the individuality of the men as thoroughly as it does that of the wagons. Wagons and men alike suffer from being machine made.

Individuality is the highest product of creation. The instinct of self-preservation leads men to rebel against the erasing of their personality. One form this rebellion has taken is that of demanding a share in the management of the business.

In England, the Miners' Federation early this year demanded the nationalization of the coal mines and a reduction of the hours of labor from eight to six. A commission consisting of employers and employees investigated the matter and made report. The report submitted by the employers was adopted by the Government. It recommended the shortening of the day by one hour after July 16, 1919, and if the condition of the industry so warranted, a reduction of the day by a further hour after July 13, 1921. This report



THE LEAGUE WILL NOT HOLD ITS REGULAR WEEKLY MEETING UNTIL SEPTEMBER

In accordance with the custom of past years the League will not hold its regular Tuesday meetings during the summer months. However, it may at any time call a special meeting.

The Board of Trustees will met each week at Wednesday noon during the summer.

further stated: "We are prepared to report now that it is in the interest of the country that the colliery worker shall in the future have an effective voice in the direction of the mine. For a generation the colliery worker has been educated socially and technically. The result is a great national asset. Why not use it?"

The free spirit of America encourages industrial experiments. One of the most promising is that of the William Demuth Pipe Company at Richmond Hill, Long Island, N. Y. This company is governed by a House of Representatives elected by the employees, a Senate consisting of the foremen, and a Cabinet consisting of the owners. No action can be taken without the concurrence of all three. The saving effected by any improvement is divided equally between employer and employee. Dividends based on the previous two weeks' wages are issued bi-weekly and range from 14½ to 17 per cent. There

(Continued on page 2)

SEATTLE BOULEVARDS

By Charles A. Reynolds

It has been said that a chain is as strong as its weakest link. We are apt to judge a boulevard by application of the same principle. We drive over the beautiful boulevards of the city until we come to that stretch between Madrona and Leschi parks. As we bump, bump, bump along, we are forming unfavorable opinion of Seattle boulevards. We continue our journey until we come to Cheasty's boulevard. Crossing over the bumps and boulders of the stretch of boulevard between

Franklin school and Rainier avenue to reach this point, the opinion that is finally developed is one not flattering to the boulevard or those responsible for its condition.

If you call the matter to the attention of the Park Board, they will say some of the boulevards are under the jurisdiction of the Street Department of the city, and that the City and the Park Boards cannot agree as to the manner of improvement; therefore the boulevards must continue in their present condition. It would not require a very large expenditure of money to improve these boulevards to such an extent as to make them approximately as passable as a county road, and it seems that our Park Board would at least do this much for the public.

Seattle is becoming a tourist city. Each year more and more travelers from far and near visit the metropolis of the northwest. Is it too much to hope that our Park Board will awaken to the necessity of the situation and improve these links in the chain of boulevards to such an extent

(Continued on page 2.)

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Fred W. Catlett
Walter S. Johnson
L. D. Lewis
Frank P. Helsell
Edgar J. Wright

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PUBLIC LIBRARY CATALOGUE

By Chas. H. Compton

Every day or so someone asks at the Public Library for the catalogue, and when he is directed to the the card catalogue case with some 540 drawers containing over 400,000 cards, a look of amazement comes over his face. He has evidently been expecting to see a printed catalogue in book form which he can sit down with, look over and even borrow from the library. It seems to be pretty well established that a card catalogue is the most practical way of keeping a complete up-to-date catalogue of a library. At any rate it is the method which all modern American libraries now use. However librarians recognize that there are many disadvantages in the card catalogue system.

One of the chief of these is the fact that a man cannot have a catalogue of the public library in his home. An enterprising New York firm which devotes itself to publishing various indexes and bibliographical tools of value to libraries has recently set out to remedy this matter to some extent at least. It is publishing in parts what it calls a Standard Catalogue, which will be a selection of the best books, especially those which have been published within the last few years. One section which has recently been issued should be of interest to readers of Munic-

ipal News. It is called the Sociology Section, but it is broader in its scope than the title might indicate, as it includes books on all topics relating to society as a whole, such as economics, labor and capital, charities, crime and penal institutions, education, government—municipal, state and national—international laws and international relations, commerce, banking, insurance, etc.

The catalogue, which contains about 1000 titles, has been selected in co-operation with a number of the best American libraries and authorities on special subjects, such as Professor Paul Monroe of Columbia University, Professor H. P. Fairchild recently of Yale University, Professor J. A. Fairlie of the University of Illinois, Dr. C. C. Williamson, Chief Division of Economics of the New York Public Library, and Dr. Charles A. Beard, Director of the Bureau of Municipal Research, New York. The entries are arranged under topics in the same order that books are arranged on the shelves. There is also a subject and author index, so any book can be easily located. What makes the catalogue especially useful is the fact that after each title there is a brief note describing the book. This will enable readers to select books with discrimination.

All of the 1000 books in the catalogue are in the Seattle public library with a few exceptions, and these have been ordered. The

library has purchased these catalogues in quantity and they can be obtained at the central library or any of the branch libraries for 10 cents each. This is the cost from the publishers and is very cheap, as the catalogue contains 99 pages and has involved an immense piece of work in compiling. For convenience of readers of the Municipal News the coupon below may be filled out and mailed to the library with 10 cents and a copy of the Standard Catalogue on Sociology will be sent by mail.

Public Library, Seattle:

Please mail to me one copy of the Standard Catalogue on Sociology, for which find enclosed ten cents.

Name

Address

INDUSTRIAL DEMOCRACY

(Continued from Page 1)

is no labor "turn-over," no labor trouble, no objection to efficiency methods or improved machines. A reduction of hours from 53 per week to 48 was followed by an eight per cent increase in output. The men ceased to be machine tenders and have become part of the business. The responsibility is theirs as well as the owners'. The industry makes more pipes and better men. Thirty other corporations are following this plan while many have long been working along similar lines.

When the custom becomes general for each person in industry to share in the responsibility and profit as well as in the work, men as well as material things will be made and we shall have genuine Industrial Democracy.

SEATTLE BOULEVARDS

(Continued from Page 1)

that travelers will go away with a just opinion of our wonderful boulevard system now so much criticized by reason of the few bad links in the chain?

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AND WE WILL CALL

IS THE NEW AUDITOR A FIFTH WHEEL

By Austin E. Griffiths

The city council has created the position of "Auditor of Appropriations." The appointee, or as lawfully should be the case, the successful Civil Service applicant is expected to earn his salt at the municipal board rate of \$250.00 per month.

The proposed appointee, James F. Leghorn, waiving for the moment the bad example of the irregularity of his proposed appointment without civil service competitive examination, is no doubt competent for this position, at least on the financial side.

I do not object to Mr. Leghorn, nor in whatever I may say in apparent criticism of city or other public officials have I any personal feeling. I know the difficulties of public office and the honest fallability of public officials too well to let personal bitterness affect my judgment. But I do believe in public criticism. The people should make it. Officials should expect it. If they deem themselves right they should stand firm. They may explain, but not flinch.

There is no more need for this new position than of a fifth wheel for an apple cart.

The press says that this new 'Auditor' will check appropriations and the monthly statements of the several departments, assist in preparing the annual budget, help coordinate the work of the council committees and act as supervisor of employment. This reads well. It makes a showing to the unthinking citizen. But what the city hall actually needs most are more hard workers and fewer soft jobs.

The comptroller is charged with all auditing relating to the city. He can aid in budget making. He should know to a cent always the amount and state of appropriations.

The president of the council ought to be able to coordinate the work of the council committees or cause it to be done. This is implied in his position.

The department heads and Civil Service Commission are at present charged by charter with

Let's Make the Municipal News 8 Pages

the employment subject.

If the council intends by this new office to draw these matters under its own control, there is

the objection that as to the office of comptroller and the other departments, their powers and duties are fixed by charter, and that whatever relates to any department falls by law to that department to administer. The council is a legislative body only.

Why the new office? The comptroller and his force, for instance, will be competent until the city is much larger. In peace times we seldom hear of officials of cities of this size suffering a breakdown from overwork. Why increase expense and divide responsibility?

JAMES A. HAIGHT—Attorney
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for the County of King. In Probate, No. 20346.

In the Matter of the Estate of Lettie J. Hoyt, Deceased. Notice of Hearing of Final Report and Account and Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that John P. Hoyt, executor of the last will of said Lettie J. Hoyt, deceased, has filed in the office of the clerk of said court his final report and account and petition for distribution, wherein the court is asked to settle such report, distribute the property to the heirs or persons entitled to the same, and discharge the said executor, and that the hearing of said report and account and petition for distribution will be had on the twenty-fourth day of July, 1919, at thirty minutes past nine o'clock in the forenoon of said day at the Court Room of Department One (1) of said Court in the Court House of King County, in Seattle therein.

Dated this 25th day of June, A. D. 1919.

PERCY F. THOMAS,
Clerk of said Court
By H. C. Gordon, Deputy
First Pub. June 28, 1919. 4t—July 19

P. V. DAVIS
Attorney 300 Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for King County.

Mike Cohen, Plaintiff, vs. Henry Ritterhoff and Jane Doe Ritterhoff, his wife, Defendant. No.

Summons.
The State of Washington, To the said Henry Ritterhoff and Jane Doe Ritterhoff, his wife, defendants:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: Within sixty days after the 21st day of June, 1919, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above action is to obtain a decree herein requiring the above named defendants to execute to the plaintiff a good and sufficient deed to Lot 10, in Block 28 of Bell & Denny's First Addition to the City of Seattle, King County, State of Washington, clear of all encumbrances and to deliver to the plaintiff an abstract of title and that upon the refusal of defendants so to do that a Commissioner be appointed by said court to make said transfer and deliver said abstract and decreeing and adjudging that plaintiff is the owner in fee simple of said premises free and clear of all encumbrances and forever restraining and enjoining the said defendants from asserting any right, title or interest in said premises or any portion thereof, and awarding plaintiff his costs and disbursements herein.

P. V. DAVIS,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and P. O. Address: 300 Central Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

Date of first Publication in the Municipal News, Seattle, June, 21, 1919.
7t Aug 2

JAMES W. REYNOLDS
Attorney 301-3 Burke Building
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for King County.

Amy Shipman, Plaintiff, vs. Albert L. Shipman, Defendant. No. 136170.

Summons.
State of Washington to Albert L. Shipman, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: Within sixty days after June 14th, 1919, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court and answer the complaint of the plaintiff herein and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for the plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint herein which has been filed with the clerk of the said court.

The object and purpose of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree of divorce by the plaintiff from the defendant and also a decree restoring plaintiff to her former name to-wit: Amy George, and for such other orders and relief as to the Court shall seem just and proper.

JAMES W. REYNOLDS,
Attorney for the Plaintiff.
Post Office Address, 301-3 Burke Building, Seattle, Wn.

Date of first publication, June 14, 1919.
7t-July 26



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HARRY B. NELSON
Attorney 510 Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
Mae M. Miles, Plaintiff vs. John E.
Miles, Defendant. Summons for Pub-
lication. No. 136502.
The State of Washington to the said
John E. Miles, Defendant.
You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty days after the date of the
first publication of this summons, to-
wit: Within sixty days after the 5th
day of July, 1919, and defend the above
entitled action in the above entitled
court, and answer the complaint of the
plaintiff, and serve a copy of your an-
swer upon the undersigned attorney
for plaintiff at his office below stated;
and in case of your failure so to do,
judgment will be rendered against you
according to the demand of the com-
plaint, which has been filed with the
clerk of said court.
The object of the above entitled ac-
tion is to secure a divorce upon the
grounds of abandonment and non-sup-
port.

HARRY B. NELSON,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
P. O. Address 510 Central Bldg., Seattle,
King County, Washington.
First pub. July 5, 1919 7t-Aug 9

When a Man Bluffs.

"Bliggins complains he is constantly
being misunderstood."

"He isn't. He tries to assume fine
qualities that he doesn't possess. His
troubles arise from the fact that he is
too easily understood."

The Way of It.

"I was held up by a woman once."
"Did she hold you up as a victim of
robbery?"

"No; she held me up as an ex-
ample."

Defended.

"Mr. Smith has a great deal of
acerbity in his conversation."

"Indeed, sir, I never heard him say
anything but what was perfectly
proper."

The Nasal Clue.

"I see where a whole case of whis-
ky has disappeared the authorities
were very anxious to trace."

"I should think the detectives could
easily smell out a case like that."

JAMES A. HAIGHT—Attorney
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for the
County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Alethea
E. Blodgett, Deceased. No. 17203.
Notice of Hearing of Final Report and
Account and Petition for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that, Benjamin
C. Blodgett, administrator of the estate
of said Alethea E. Blodgett, deceased,
has filed in the office of the clerk of
said court his final report and account
and petition, wherein the court is asked
to settle such report, distribute the
property to the persons entitled to the
same, and discharge and release said
administrator and sureties from the
obligation of the bond given as admin-
istrator, and that the hearing of said
report and account and petition for dis-
tribution will be had on the first day
of August, 1919, at thirty minutes past
nine o'clock in the forenoon of said day
at the court room of department one
(1) of said court in the court house of
King County in Seattle therein.
Dated this 3rd day of July, A. D.
1919.

PERCY F. THOMOS,
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. GORDON, Deputy.
First pub. July 5, 1919 4t July 26

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. VIII. NO. 31.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, JULY 12, 1919.

PRICE 10 CENTS

POLICE TYRANNY

By Austin E. Griffiths

Mayor Gaynor told me: "The police chiefs of our big cities are as arbitrary as the Czar of Russia."

The police have no power to make law, nor any rule or practice in conflict with law.

They are civil employees—servants of the state for governmental purposes.

They have no right superior to any civilian.

Their employment is to maintain public order, protect the security of the person and safety of property.

It is the right and duty of each citizen to do the same.

In their work the police keep the peace, pursue criminals and regulate traffic.

They are the civil arm of the government to protect individuals in their fundamental rights.

What are those rights?

We call them free assembly, free speech, free press.

What does the law say of them?

The Federal Constitution forbids Congress to pass any law to abridge those rights.

Our state constitution declares that "Governments are established to protect and maintain individual rights.

"That the right of petition and of the people peaceably to assemble for the common good shall never be abridged.

"Every person may freely speak, write and publish on all subjects, being responsible for the abuse of that right.

"That the provisions of the Constitution are mandatory * * *

"That a frequent recurrence to fundamental purposes is essential to the security of individual rights and the perpetuity of free government."



THE LEAGUE WILL NOT HOLD ITS REGULAR WEEKLY MEETING UNTIL SEPTEMBER

In accordance with the custom of past years the League will not hold its regular Tuesday meetings during the summer months. However, it may at any time call a special meeting.

The Board of Trustees will met each week at Wednesday noon during the summer.

But the police interfere with these rights. They suppress them. They usurp power to do that which is expressly forbidden to be done by fundamental law.

The police prevent peaceable assembly. They prevent free speech in public meeting. They dictate what meetings shall be held. They seize a printing press, confiscate papers and shut up the business and then decide how it shall be run to suit them:

All this is done in the name of liberty and in good faith for the cause of patriotism.

But our liberty is measured by the law of the land, not by a policeman's stick. Our patriotism is to be tested by our courts and not by the ignorance and folly, although in the best of good faith, of any police chief or of any executive over him.

It is true that in time of war or of present danger to the community we will excuse much that is arbitrary and legally wrong, done by the police and other public servants.

Now that we are back to

normal the abnormal should not be excused in any public official.

We cannot risk the good feeling of masses of our people towards our government in the keeping of police departments.

A nation that rests its security upon police repression stands on quicksand.

The primary duty of the police is to maintain public order at all times and under all hazards. If the regular force is not sufficient the law provides ample means for immediate emergency strength. A police chief has no authority to declare martial law.

The police club to keep order is often very useful. But the police club as an instrument of government is a curse which spreads dragon's teeth wherever it swings.

The fallacy of the police position is in the false assumption that because men are told not to speak or to think they do not do so.

Public orderly meeting is bet-
(Continued on page 2)

RENT REGULATION

By Austin E. Griffiths

A great step in advance would be public loans to enable urban dwellers or workers to own their own homes. Home ownership is the best security a nation can have.

Unless tenantry soon grows less, rent regulation is certain. A moderate measure for this purpose was before our last legislature. The landlord interests unwisely opposed it.

In New York City the subject is up, as appears by this quoted article:

"Rent revisions in New York City, to judge from the crest-fallen mien and anguished statements of everyone one meets, have followed each other in a perfect hurricane during the last few weeks; and there is at least one authentic case of suicide because of the exactions of a landlord. The reason for this unseemly haste of landlords to make hay is to be found in the formulation of plans by the state legislature to bring back the determination of house rents to proper, economic, non-profiteering level. Last week conferences between the organizations principally interested, the Mayor's Committee on Rent Profiteering, the Housing Committee of the Charity Organization Society, ended in argument upon four measures of immediate relief; and within a few hours these measures were translated into statutes by both houses of the legislature. They are:

"An amendment of the tenement house law permitting the alteration of four-story and basement private houses into apartment houses accommodaing not more than four families, without conforming to all the rigorous
(Continued on page 2.)

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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 Frank P. Helsell
 Edgar J. Wright
 Arthur H. Hutchinson, Ex-officio Trustee

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

RENT REGULATION

standards adopted for the construction of apartment houses proper.

"An amendment of the state banking law enabling savings banks to lend up to 60 per cent upon the value of land and buildings in course of construction.

"An amendment of the law governing the relation between landlord and tenant, decreeing that a landlord must give to a tenant who has no written lease but is paying the agreed rent, at least twenty days' notice of the termination of his tenancy.

"An amendment of the municipal court act of the city of New York empowering a municipal court justice to stay the issuance of a warrant evicting a tenant in an apartment or tenement house for a maximum period of twenty days, providing the tenant deposit the amount of rent for this period in court or pay it to the landlord.

"The Real Estate Board of the city has issued a protest against the decision of such weighty questions in a special session of the legislature—called primarily to ratify the federal suffrage amendment, which it did—but there is a general feeling that even this immediate action will hardly suffice to prevent severe hardship this coming fall unless equally prompt measures are taken by the legislature to insure the building of more houses at once. The Reconstruction Com-

mission, it will be remembered, is endeavoring to raise capital privately for the financing of large-scale housing enterprise. That plan has met with wide public interest but, of course, takes time to mature."

POLICE TYRANNY

(Continued from Page 1)

ter than secret agitation. Public speech is safer than secret propaganda.

By tradition, by historic struggle, through great cost, the men of our race have established these rights, with freedom of conscience as the cornerstone of our liberty—our type of democracy. They are too great to be sacrificed by irresponsible police.

The police form our administrative body to enforce the law in particular cases and on grave occasion to act as a unit to prevent or put down any danger that may disturb public order. But they have no right by a policy of repression to limit our peaceful activities, much less to cut up by the roots our constitutional rights.

Our people are accustomed to self-control. They are better left to obey because they ought to. They are better toughened to observe moderation because it is the law than because subject to police tutelage and police license.

We must fight this police arrogance.

We must not let these illegal in-

terferences become settled, grow into a custom or ripen into a law of police supervision the same as in several Latin or Slavonic countries of Europe, so that hereafter these precious rights shall only be freely and publicly enjoyed at the will of a policeman.

In this critical period self-control is demanded of all of us, likewise reasonable intelligent action. I do not believe our country is a tinder-box. But I do agree that unnecessary friction and causes of ill-will between citizens and officials should be firmly suppressed.

Seattle, July 9, 1919.

NEW POWER UNIT WILL COST HIGH

Installation of an additional unit of 10,000 K. W. capacity at the Lake Union steam plant will cost more than three-quarter of a million dollars according to estimates filed with the city council by J. D. Ross, superintendent of the city lighting plant, who is urging immediate steps to meet what he says is a serious shortage of electrical power.

Mr. Ross' estimate was furnished at the request of the council utilities committee, which has under consideration the proposal to authorize an enlargement of the Lake Union plant. An ordinance providing for a bond issue of \$1,125,000 to finance this and other extensions of the city lighting plant is being considered by the committee.

In order to provide a plant capable of producing 35,000 K. W. of electrical energy, for which he is asking, Mr. Ross says it will be necessary to enlarge the present building at Lake Union at an expense of \$160,000 and to buy additional ground at a cost of \$16,200. Two new boilers to make possible operation to full capacity of the generating units now in use will cost \$86,000, while a new turbo-generator, with four boilers to operate the same, will necessitate an outlay of \$502,000, bringing the total cost of the proposed extensions to \$764,200.

In urging the council to increase the Lake Union plant, Mr. Ross claims there is great need of additional electrical power in

the city and that the city light department is daily refusing applications for contracts because the limit of the plant has been reached.

POLICE AND THE RIGHT TO STRIKE

By Austin E. Griffiths

The police have no right to strike. They assume a duty in total conflict with any strike on their part. Their duty is to carry on the government, primarily, by the keeping of law and order, so that all other people may have their rights saved or adjusted under the law.

In a living sense a true policeman is a vicarious offering to the public.

Imagine jailers quitting their posts and the police idle during a riot!

Government functions by agencies only. The police are a continuously essential agent.

A ship sails the seas by human agents only. What right have officers or crew to abandon ship or jeopardize passengers or cargo before the voyage is ended?

The Ship of State is always on voyage.

A so-called right to strike which destroys a duty, does not exist.

The police of whatever name, under any form of government, can have, in the very nature of the purpose and essentialness of their employment, no right to paralyze their own governmental functions. To admit such a right would, in the last analysis, destroy government. Even a soviet cannot exist unless its behests are carried into effect.

A man who expects to strike if honorable will not join the police. If conditions are unbearable, he will make the great sacrifice of resignation.

But why should police have cause to strike?

If they are selected with care—if they are paid decent wages—if they are treated justly by their officers—if they receive due respect from their fellow citizens—then there will be no strike by policemen.

Nevertheless, strike fever has struck with more or less force the guardians of the law in Lon-

don and Winnipeg and in Portland, Peoria and Nashville in this country.

We want no cause for an attack here.

P. V. DAVIS

Attorney 300 Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for King County.

Mike Cohen, Plaintiff, vs. Henry Ritterhoff and Jane Doe Ritterhoff, his wife, Defendant. No.
Summons.

The State of Washington, To the said Henry Ritterhoff and Jane Doe Ritterhoff, defendants:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: Within sixty days after the 21st day of June, 1919, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so

to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above action is to obtain a decree herein requiring the above named defendants to execute to the plaintiff a good and sufficient deed to Lot 10, in Block 28 of Bell & Denney's First Addition to the City of Seattle, King County, State of Washington, clear of all encumbrances and to deliver to the plaintiff an abstract of title and that upon the refusal of defendants so to do that a Commissioner be appointed by said court to make said transfer and deliver said abstract and decreeing and adjudging that plaintiff is the owner in fee simple of said premises free and clear of all encumbrances and forever restraining and enjoining the said defendants from asserting any right, title or interest in said premises or any portion thereof, and awarding plaintiff his costs and disbursements herein.

P. V. DAVIS,

Attorney for Plaintiff.

Office and P. O. Address: 300 Central Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

Date of first Publication in the Municipal News, Seattle, June, 21, 1919.

7t Aug 2

ARTHUR H. HUTCHINSON—Attorney
510-511 Central Bldg., Seattle

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County. In Probate. No. 17880.

In the Matter of the Estate of Alexander Collin, deceased. Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Arthur H. Hutchinson, Administrator De Bonis Non of the Estate of Alexander Collin, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said Administrator De Bonis Non; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 5th day of August, 1919, at 9:30 A. M. at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 10th day of July, 1919:

PERCY F. THOMAS,

Clerk of said Court

By H. C. Gordon, Deputy.
First pub. July 12, 1919. 4t—Aug. 2

First pub. July 5, 1919. 4t July 26

By H. C. GORDON, Deputy.
Clerk of said Court.

PERCY F. THOMAS,

Clerk of said Court.

Dated this 3rd day of July, A. D. 1919.

(King County in Seattle therein.)

(1) of said court in the court house of at the court of department one at nine o'clock in the forenoon of said day

of August, 1919, at which time said court will be held on the first day

of said court and the hearing of said report and petition for distribution

will be held at the court house of said court at the time and place

above stated, and the undersigned attorney for plaintiff hereby gives notice

to the said defendants that they are to appear at said court on the day

and place above stated, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff

and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for the

plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do

judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the

complaint herein which has been filed with the clerk of the said court.

The object and purpose of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree

of divorce by the plaintiff from the defendant and also a decree restoring

plaintiff to her former name to-wit: Amy George, and for such other orders

and relief as to the Court shall seem just and proper.

JAMES A. HAIGHT—Attorney

Attorney 301-3 Burke Building

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for King

County.

Amy Shipman, Plaintiff, vs. Albert L. Shipman, Defendant. No. 136170.

Summons.

State of Washington to Albert L. Shipman, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the

first publication of this summons, to-wit: Within sixty days after June 14th,

1919, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court and

answer the complaint of the plaintiff herein and serve a copy of your answer

upon the undersigned attorney for the plaintiff at his office below stated; and

in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered against you

according to the demand of the complaint herein which has been filed with

the clerk of the said court.

The object and purpose of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree

of divorce by the plaintiff from the defendant and also a decree restoring

plaintiff to her former name to-wit: Amy George, and for such other orders

and relief as to the Court shall seem just and proper.

JAMES W. REYNOLDS,

Attorney for the Plaintiff.

Post Office Address, 301-3 Burke Building, Seattle, Wn.

Date of first publication, June 14, 1919.

7t-July 26

HARRY B. NELSON

Attorney 510 Central Bldg.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County Mae M. Miles, Plaintiff vs. John E. Miles, Defendant. Summons for Publication. No. 136502.

The State of Washington to the said John E. Miles, Defendant.

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: Within sixty days after the 5th day of July, 1919, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is to secure a divorce upon the grounds of abandonment and non-support.

HARRY B. NELSON,

Attorney for Plaintiff.

P. O. Address 510 Central Bldg., Seattle, King County, Washington.

First pub. July 5, 1919. 7t-Aug 9

JAMES A. HAIGHT—Attorney

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for the County of King. In Probate. No. 20346.

In the Matter of the Estate of Lettie J. Hoyt, Deceased. Notice of Hearing of Final Report and Account and Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that John P. Hoyt, executor of the last will of said Lettie J. Hoyt, deceased, has filed in the office of the clerk of said court his final report and account and petition for distribution, wherein the court is asked to settle such report, distribute the property to the heirs or persons entitled to the same, and discharge the said executor, and that the hearing of said report and account and petition for distribution will be had on the twenty-fourth day of July, 1919, at thirty minutes past nine o'clock in the forenoon of said day at the Court Room of Department One (1) of said Court in the Court House of King County, in Seattle therein.

Dated this 25th day of June, A. D. 1919.

PERCY F. THOMAS,

Clerk of said Court

By H. C. Gordon, Deputy
First Pub. June 28, 1919. 4t—July 19

JAMES W. REYNOLDS

Attorney 301-3 Burke Building
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for King County.

Amy Shipman, Plaintiff, vs. Albert L. Shipman, Defendant. No. 136170.

Summons.

State of Washington to Albert L. Shipman, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: Within sixty days after June 14th, 1919, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court and answer the complaint of the plaintiff herein and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for the plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint herein which has been filed with the clerk of the said court.

The object and purpose of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree of divorce by the plaintiff from the defendant and also a decree restoring plaintiff to her former name to-wit: Amy George, and for such other orders and relief as to the Court shall seem just and proper.

JAMES W. REYNOLDS,

Attorney for the Plaintiff.

Post Office Address, 301-3 Burke Building, Seattle, Wn.

Date of first publication, June 14, 1919.

7t-July 26



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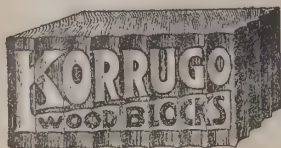
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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. VIII. NO. 32.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, AUGUST 2, 1919.

PRICE 10 CENTS

AMERICANIZATION

By James T. Lawler

The problem of Americanization is a many-sided one which involves primarily the Americanization of the foreign born. However, it is not limited to the foreign born in its scope and operation. A few months ago a movement was started in our city, having for its object the co-ordination of various activities for the purpose of inaugurating and carrying out a program of Americanization. Nothing definite as yet has been accomplished, although all of the representatives who attended the meetings were earnest and sincere in their desire to see the work started.

The definition agreed upon was the following: "Americanization is a movement to develop in both our native and foreign born people a common understanding and appreciation, to realize in our American life and Government the ideals guaranteed by our Constitution." Some of the aims hoped to be accomplished are the teaching of the English language; the maintaining of self-respecting standards of living; the absorption of social groupings and the combating in advance of anti-American propaganda; the acquiring of the national spirit of one citizenship under one flag; and the interpretation of America to the foreign born and the creating of a desire and a real love, affection and reverence for American citizenship.

It will readily be seen that this is a big program and requires big men and women to see it through. Up to the present time the various activities throughout the country have been engaged in the work of naturalization, which is only one phase of the greater subject of Americaniza-

tion. Merely becoming a citizen and stopping there does not mean that the recipient of such a privilege will have respect and reverence for our institutions. He must be made to feel that he is part and parcel of this nation of ours. He should be made to feel at home.

Governor Smith of New York has approved a bill appropriating \$100,000 for organizing and directing this phase of education. The bill permits localities to appropriate money for factory classes, night classes, home classes and other approved forms of giving instruction to non-English speaking and illiterate adults. Recently, business and professional men in Lawrence, Massachusetts, where labor disturbances are frequent and where there is a large unnaturalized element, instituted a great campaign of citizenship, which is designed to undermine the foundations on which violence has rested. The school authorities and the Bureau of Naturalization of the Department of Labor are to co-operate to train

the foreign born for citizenship.

The writer believes that school buildings cannot be used to better purpose. We have complained because aliens live in their own colonies and have newspapers in their own language, but the native born American, by his aloofness has helped to produce this condition. Education of the foreign born and cultivation of better relations with the native born will make more intelligent citizens and will also be effective in preserving industrial peace.

It seems to the writer that the Municipal League could do splendid work in furthering this program and that a standing committee should be appointed for this purpose.

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THE LEAGUE WILL NOT HOLD ITS REGULAR WEEKLY MEETING UNTIL SEPTEMBER

In accordance with the custom of past years the League will not hold its regular Tuesday meetings during the summer months. However, it may at any time call a special meeting.

THE HIGH COST OF LIVING

By James A. Haight

When you buy a loaf of bread you receive the benefit of four kinds of service—the production of the raw materials, the transportation of them, the manufacture of them into flour and the other constituents of the loaf, and lastly the distribution of the bread. When you pay for the loaf you pay Mr. Raw-Material Man, Mr. Transportation Man, Mr. Bakery Man, and Mr. Distribution Man.

When these producers increase their pay, they automatically increase the cost of the loaf. When men in all occupations increase their pay the cost of all objects of consumption increases. When the increases in pay are large we necessarily have a high cost of living.

When these increases of pay are accompanied by shortening of hours and relaxation of effort necessarily the cost of living must increase faster than the pay. When at the same time we wage an expensive war and burn up and blow up and waste in a thousand ways \$30,000,000,000 to \$40,000,000,000 worth of human effort in two years, the cost of living is bound to go higher still.

War is the champion raiser of the cost of living. Figures show that during the war the cost of living increased 100 per cent in the United States, 150 per cent in England, 200 per cent in France and 300 per cent in Italy.

The war has caused many Americans to live more plainly than they have lived before except in the time of the panic. But their economies have been

(Continued on page 2.)

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

THE HIGH COST OF LIVING

(Continued from Page 1)

modest compared with what the English, French and Italians have been forced to practice. While the after-effect in Russia has been a Bolshevik rule that has eliminated all the comforts and nearly all the necessities of life and has made suffering and misery the substance of the daily Russian life to a degree not witnessed in peace anywhere in modern times except in countries where society has been most aristocratically organized.

America, though in the best position, has not escaped serious material loss in the war. Her war expenditure amounts to from \$1500 to \$2000 per family. While this loss and waste are being made up, the family must necessarily practice economy. The average man cannot spend \$500 to \$1000 per year for two or three years on firecrackers and roman candles and still enjoy as generous bill of fare or as ample a supply of family comforts as before.

In short, the high cost of living, the decline in real wages, that is, in the day's work measured by the things the day's pay will buy, is simply the practical form that the material loss from war takes. That loss practically falls on everybody. Some persons may be so situated as to escape their share, but as a rule all efforts of Group A to

throw the burden on Groups B to Z are futile, because each group can do the same, and as each increases its pay to respond to other increases industry gets into a condition of more and more unstable equilibrium until a crash comes and all incomes suspend and instead of half a loaf or three-fourths or nine-tenths, we have no bread.

Undoubtedly before long the vast acreage of the world available for the production of grain, will be under crop. This will cause wheat and meat to be more normal in price. At the same time as the industries of peace replace those of war in other countries, those countries will be able to buy and pay for an increasing quantity of our productions. Meanwhile our own industries will have recovered from the dislocation of war and will have become normal, an intelligent system of using public works as a means of reducing excessive unemployment will have been adopted and real wages will begin to rise—how high will depend on American effectiveness and invention.

STREET PLAY

By Austin E. Griffiths

The other day Miss Adel Parker pleaded with the Park Board to bring about the use of certain streets for children's play. This was most laudable on her part and I hope she will succeed.

The truth is this matter of

street play has been up on and off for years. Nothing is done. So far as I know this matter was first brought to the attention of the old ward council about the year 1909.

The Park Board and the School Board could render no better public service than to cooperate to secure reasonable use of suitable streets for public recreation. However primary and full authority to "regulate and control the use" of streets is vested in the city council. Charter, Article 6, Section 18, Par. 7.

If public opinion were sufficiently insistent I have no doubt the council could bring about a survey of streets suitable for play without hindrance to ordinary traffic. Reasonable rules as to use of these streets for traffic and play a part of each day could then be made. These rules could be applied by the police who would be glad to cooperate and by the park and school board authorities.

There is little sense in letting streets waste for want of use and letting children famish for want of play space. Nor is it good for children to play in streets with a feeling of restraint and fear of reprimand.

Street play is just as lawful as street traffic. The only difference is that play on streets should give way to necessary passing traffic. But traffic has no lawful monopoly of any street or public space.

Parents and children are the important things of life. Parents pay taxes and support children. What is best for them is best for society.

Other cities are using streets for play. Why not Seattle?

COL. ROBBINS SPEAKS ABOUT RUSSIA

By Fred W. Catlett

The public meeting held in the First Methodist Church on last Tuesday evening under the auspices of the Municipal League, which was addressed by Col. Raymond Robbins, was as interesting and important a meeting as has been held in Seattle for many months. The church was packed with a cosmopolitan audience. There were present a

very large delegation of Bolshevik sympathizers and a larger but less boisterous representation of anti-Bolsheviks. Mr. Robbins addressed the audience for three solid hours and then after a recess of a few minutes to permit those who cared to withdraw to do so, he continued to answer questions until after midnight. Possibly two-thirds of his audience remained for this latter part.

Mr. Reynolds, the President of the League, who presided, introduced Mr. Robbins very briefly and the speaker at once began to clear the way for a frank and straightforward presentation of the facts, without fear or favor. He asked in the beginning that his audience refrain from applause, as he was quick to appreciate that he had hearers of divergent opinions. It is, of course, impossible to give within the scope of a few short paragraphs any adequate idea of all that Mr. Robbins said. The leading daily papers quoted him but briefly. He expressed himself as being unalterably opposed to Bolshevism, because it was unsound economically and wrong morally in that it declared for control by one class. He distinguished sharply between Bolshevism and the Soviet form of government. He said that the Soviet form was but a development of the Mir or local council, which had its roots deep in the social life of Russia.

When the autocratic national government went to pieces, this local assembly was the only thing left and it was quite natural that the people in building up a government to take the place of that of the Czar, founded it upon the Mir and adopted a Soviet form. Mr. Robbins emphasized the division of the Russian people into two groups, the seven per cent ruling class group and the ninety-three per cent peasants and workmen. There was no middle class in Russia and the middle class is the class that furnishes stability to all governments of western Europe and America. The reason why so much false information is published abroad concerning Russia is because so many persons obtain all they know of the situation from representatives of the seven per cent and are not in touch with the ninety-three. Mr.

Robbins believed that the fault in the policy of the Allied governments toward Russia was due to this fact.

(Continued Next Week.)

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P. V. DAVIS
Attorney 300 Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for King
County.
Mike Cohen, Plaintiff, vs. Henry Ritterhoff and Jane Doe Ritterhoff, his wife, Defendant. No.
Summons.

The State of Washington, To the said Henry Ritterhoff and Jane Doe Ritterhoff, his wife, defendants:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: Within sixty days after the 21st day of June, 1919, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above action is to obtain a decree herein requiring the above named defendants to execute to the plaintiff a good and sufficient deed to Lot 10, in Block 28 of Bell & Denney's First Addition to the City of Seattle, King County, State of Washington, clear of all encumbrances and to deliver to the plaintiff an abstract of title and that upon the refusal of defendants so to do that a Commissioner be appointed by said court to make said transfer and deliver said abstract and decreeing and adjudging that plaintiff is the owner in fee simple of said premises free and clear of all encumbrances and forever restraining and enjoining the said defendants from asserting any right, title or interest in said premises, or any portion thereof, and awarding plaintiff his costs and disbursements herein.

P. V. DAVIS,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and P. O. Address: 300 Central Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
Date of first Publication in the Municipal News, Seattle, June, 21, 1919.
7t Aug 2

ARTHUR H. HUTCHINSON—Attorney
510-511 Central Bldg., Seattle
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, for King
County. In Probate. No. 17880.
In the Matter of the Estate of Alexander Collin, deceased. Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Arthur H. Hutchinson, Administrator of the Estate of Alexander Collin, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said Administrator De Bonis Non; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 5th day of August, 1919, at 9:30 A. M. at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 10th day of July, 1919.
PERCY F. THOMAS,
Clerk of said Court
By H. C. Gordon, Deputy.
First pub. July 12, 1919. 4t—Aug. 2

JAMES A. HAIGHT—Attorney
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for the
County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Alethea E. Blodgett, Deceased. No. 17203.
Notice of Hearing of Final Report and Account and Petition for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that, Benjamin C. Blodgett, administrator of the estate of said Alethea E. Blodgett, deceased,

has filed in the office of the clerk of said court his final report and account and petition for distribution, wherein, the court is asked to settle such report, distribute the property to the heirs or persons entitled to the same, and discharge and release said administrator and sureties from the obligation of the bond given as administrator, and that the hearing of said report and account and petition for distribution will be had on the fifteenth day of August, 1919, at thirty minutes past nine o'clock in the forenoon of said day at the court room of department one (1) of said court in the court house of King County in Seattle therein.

Dated this 17th day of July, A. D. 1919.

PERCY F. THOMAS,
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. GORDON, Deputy.
First Pub. July 19, 1919. 4t—Aug. 9

HARRY B. NELSON
Attorney 510 Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
Mae M. Miles, Plaintiff vs. John E. Miles, Defendant. Summons for Publication. No. 136502.

The State of Washington to the said John E. Miles, Defendant.

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: Within sixty days after the 5th day of July, 1919, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is to secure a divorce upon the grounds of abandonment and non-support.

HARRY B. NELSON,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
P. O. Address 510 Central Bldg., Seattle, King County, Washington.
First pub. July 5, 1919 7t-Aug 9

HARRY SIGMUND
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for the County
of King. In Probate. No. 24131.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.

In the Matter of the Estate of John Hendrick Hoivola, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that Bruno Hillman, Administrator of the Estate of John Hillman, also known as John Hendrick Hoivola, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons hereto entitled and to discharge said Administrator; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 2nd day of September, 1919, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 23rd day of July, 1919.
PERCY F. THOMAS,
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. GORDON, Deputy.
First pub July 26, 1919. 4t Aug 16

A. H. WISEMAN—Attorney
507 White Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for King
County. No. 137050.

Dora Roberts, Plaintiff, vs. William M. Roberts, Defendant. Summons. The State of Washington to the said defendant, William M. Roberts:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: Within sixty days after the 2nd day of August, 1919, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, in answer to the complaint of the Plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for Plaintiff at his office address below stated, and in case of your failure so to do Judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object and purpose of said action is to procure a judgment of divorce absolute from defendant.

A. H. WISEMAN,
Attorney for Plaintiff
Office and Postoffice Address:
507 White Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
First Pub. Aug. 2, 1919. 7t-Sept. 13

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. VIII. NO. 34.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, AUGUST 16, 1919.

PRICE 10 CENTS

THE FALL PROGRAM

By The Secretary

The Municipal League Trustees will soon announce the opening date and place of meeting for the coming season. A special committee is arranging for a suitable meeting place while the program committee is rounding up the best program possible.

The various committee appointments will be announced in the near future and by the fore part of September things will be ready for a big year's work. It is hoped that the members having special departments of the League's investigation selected for their part of the work would so notify the president or secretary.

In order that the president might make the best committee appointments he has requested the members, and especially among the newer members, to send him the names of the committees upon which they desire to serve. The success of the League depends upon the work of its committees but in order to have earnest, energetic committee work we must have committee men who have an interest in their special line of investigation.

Seattle needs the Municipal League, the League needs the co-operation of every member for its committee work and you need to do some such work in order to properly appreciate your city.

The following are a few of the committees. Select one or more and send in your selection:

Charter Revision, City Government, City and County Consolidation, Candidates and Elections, Civil Service, County Affairs, Education, Finance, Fire Protection, Garbage Collection and Disposal, Municipal Finance and Taxation, Harbor Development

(Continued on page 2.)



THE LEAGUE WILL NOT HOLD ITS REGULAR WEEKLY MEETING UNTIL SEPTEMBER

In accordance with the custom of past years the League will not hold its regular Tuesday meetings during the summer months. However, it may at any time call a special meeting.

SOME OBSERVATIONS ON SINGLE TAX

By M. H. VanNuys

1—Western Canada.

The American business man, whenever Single Tax is proposed, usually is converted—into an instantaneous automatic heater, an article useful for Puget Sound summers. But our Canadian neighbors, living in a newer country, unhampered by Constitutional restrictions, observing how he was being fined annually for every barn and every crop he made and how his wealthy neighbor's lands were almost exempt from taxes because untouched and idle, concluded to try an experiment. And it has worked satisfactorily in nearly all instances.

2—Vancouver, B. C.

In 1895 the tax assessment on buildings was reduced 50 per cent, 75 per cent in 1906 and buildings were totally exempted in 1910. Total cost of buildings erected in 1902 \$833,607.00, in 1912 \$19,374,542.00. Exempting

buildings from taxation stimulated building and attracted immigration. But the land tax being considered lower than the increase of land values and the area affected being small, the wide margin of profit stimulated speculation. Hence the temporary collapse. Single tax laws should be statewide and the tax high enough to prevent speculation.

3—Single Tax Creates Wealth.

In 1897 our state legislature exempted from taxation fruit trees for four years after being planted into orchards—a fragmentary single tax law. This law was held unconstitutional, but if it had remained in force it would have encouraged men to convert idle land into orchards—wealth.

4—The discovery of a natural law.

The presence of population and industrial and social activity, viz people as an aggregate and not the individual, make land—"land" includes all natural resources—valuable, whereas they make improvements on land and personal

(Continued on page 2.)

BUILD MEN

By James A. Haight

In 1912 the Packard Manufacturing Company of Fort Wayne, Indiana, was in a bad way. There had been a strike and the company had won. The men were back at work. But everything lagged. The output was small. The workmanship was poor. The men's hands, not their hearts, were in their work.

Mr. John Leitch thought he saw a way out. He appealed to the owners. He spoke before the men. He recommended that all concerned follow a program of Justice, Co-operation, Economy, Energy and Service. This policy meant that all should do and plan what was best for the business and that half the saving should go to the men in their pay checks and the other half to the owners. Weekly meetings should be held at which the men and the owners could talk over what could best be done for the benefit of the business.

The result was an immediate and permanent saving of 5 per cent in costs. Then, they discovered that a different kind of coal at the same price would make twice as much steam, and if delivered differently would save useless labor. When it was found that four men could do the work of five, something else was found for the fifth man to do and no one was discharged. When a nine hour day was suggested instead of the ten hour day that then prevailed, the experiment was tried out with the result that an additional saving of 8 per cent was obtained. Later a similar result followed the adoption of an eight hour day.

When the war came on sales almost ceased. The men of their own accord brought up the ques-

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Committee Chairmen and Trustees—

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Arthur H. Hutchinson, Ex-officio Trustee

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

tion of a partial shut down in order to help out the company. After talking the matter over they voted to work only three days each week in spite of the urging of the president that they work four days each week.

At one meeting it was suggested that an efficiency engineer be employed. Some one said "we are 268 efficient engineers" and this disposed of that suggestion.

During the war the number of employees declined to 168. Then came a revival. As business increased the men devised economies. Now the 168 men make more and better pianos than the company ever did. The result has been shorter hours, lighter work, higher pay and, more than all that, a pride in their work, a feeling of comradeship, a sense of responsibility for and loyalty to the business, a conviction of their own manhood that give a new meaning to life.

The president says: "The business builds men, the men build the pianos." Why not do the same in all industries? Why not let the business build the men and depend on such men to build the products?

THE FALL PROGRAM

(Continued from Page 1)

and Commerce, Health and Sanitation, Immigration, Membership, Public Recreation, Public Safety, Public Utilities, Public Welfare and Reception and Entertainment.

SOME OBSERVATIONS ON SINGLE TAX

(Continued from Page 1)

property cheaper, viz. less expensive to be reproduced. Here then is a natural fund (land values) created by the general public and instantly available and ample for the public organism (the government) to feed on. Nations are and ever have been half starved, because they have allowed this public grainary to be appropriated by a few individuals. How does a man behave who from childhood has been brought up half starved? He is voracious, often unscrupulous; he issues his promissory note freely, is extravagant; he demands an easy job and high pay, and is fond of electric lights. With this picture in mind, let us consider the following statistics of Seattle:

Gen. tax levy, 1918 58 mills

Official est. 1920 over 63 mills

Outstanding gen. bonds

Dec. 31, 1918\$17,014,400

Authorized, not sold 910,000

Public Utility bonds.... 5,581,000

Not yet sold..... 7,700,000

Population State of

Wash. U.S. census '10 1,141,990

Cities of 2500 or more 605,530

5—Single Tax Individualistic, not Socialistic.

The tax being "single" viz. upon land exclusive of all improvements and personal property, the owners could not well afford to allow useful land (other than lands of no present value) to remain idle long. Further all taxes being thus shifted to land, the

owner's equity in the land would be made less valuable, thereby making the selling price lower and lands cheaper to acquire. All this would tend to throw open, in city and country, many and large tracts to industrious and enterprising men. And so long as they paid the tax, they would enjoy exclusive possession and could carry on any legitimate occupation like free born men.

DIRECT ACTION

By Samuel Koch

Our government is a system of checks and balances. But it is surprising to reflect how much of the life of the individual and of the ethical life of the group reflects a similar arrangement; and imposed, not from within, but from without. Two flagrant instances of unwonted clemency to law breakers have occurred in our midst within recent weeks. The decisions of our highest courts have been nullified; the sense of the body politic has been outraged; the public, undoubtedly has felt itself out and injured. Yet no righteous indignation has vented itself either on the part of the local press—except in an innocuous, academic way here and there—or by the Bar or by the Church. Good government organizations, too, have let the episodes go by the board. Without a twinge of conscience or the manifestation of a suspicion as to whither silent acquiescence leads, men as a whole, seem content to leave the business of government to the other fellow, and this fellow usually turns out to be of the interested few with some end to attain. It is only because the mass of men attend to government by proxy that any particular coterie can band themselves together in a successful raid on the communal wish and will.

Just why the disinterested, objective public, the majority in every issue, and the determinants of justice, too, should lack in the leadership whereby men are aroused to a vindication of their outraged rights is hard to explain, unless it be because the men who ought to lead are afraid or too politic—the basis of the fear in question—to risk popularity or business or position or

trouble, or too selfish or lazy.

But plainly, an unquestioning acquiescence in unethical conduct by the group only serves as an incentive to other venturesome souls to try to get away with evasion of the law as enunciated by the courts. The question is how far may organized society permit infraction of the law to go without let or hindrance. Every unchecked defiance of the law is an imposition upon the lawabiding body politic. If encouraged sufficiently, society will become chaos and force, and anarchy will usurp law and order, and subvert the ethical standards as determined by the experience and wisdom of the untold generations.

It seems a matter of conscience for the disinterested individual insistently to protest against every brazen subversion of the law. The individual must get beyond a rhetorical effusiveness of "justice" and "democracy" with their kith and kin, to a practical, personal interest in men who are just and in deeds that are true. Then will the group see many of the evaders of the law acting socially, and many of the grievances of society will have disappeared. A direct interest in the governing of ourselves will save us, when a proxy interest, such as we are wont to display, cannot but lead to ruin eventually.

IMPROVED HOSPITAL SUPERVISION URGED

Asserting that more strict supervision of hospitals is necessary, Dr. H. M. Read, city health commissioner, asked Corporation Counsel Walter F. Meier recently to draft an ordinance requiring all plans for hospitals to be filed with the health department and the issuance of a permit as a prerequisite to construction; also providing that all public and private hospitals in the city shall be open to the inspection of the commissioner of health, or his deputies, at any and all times.

In his letter to Mr. Meier Dr. Read says:

"There are being established within this city at the present time many institutions of the so-called 'lying-in hospital' type. It is probable that these are legitimate institutions, but at the same time, under the cloak of 'lying-in hospitals,' institutions for criminal practices are often disguised.

It seems remarkable that there should be so many of these institutions coming into existence."

Replying to Dr. Read's communication, Mr. Meier said the city has numerous ordinances relating to the construction, conduct and management of hospitals, and suggests that these ordinances be embodied in one.

JOHN F. REED—Attorney
960 Empire Bldg.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County. In Probate. No. 25764. In the Matter of the Estate of Alver Robinson, Deceased. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as executrix and executor of the estate of Alver Robinson, deceased; that all persons having claims against

said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Executrix and Executor or their attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of the first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, August 16th, 1919.

ANNA C. ROBINSON,
WALTER R. ROBINSON,
Executrix and Executor of said Estate
Address 960 Empire Bldg, Seattle Wash
John. F. Reed, Attorney for Estate,
960 Empire Bldg, Seattle, Wash.
First Pub. Aug. 16. 4t—Sept. 6

JOHN F. REED—Attorney
960 Empire Bldg.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County. In Probate. No. 25756.

In the Matter of the Estate of Ida Jarvis, Deceased. Notice to Creditors. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Executrix of the estate of Ida Jarvis, deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Executrix or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, August 16th, 1919.

MRS. LENA CUDAHY,
Executrix of said Estate
Address 960 Empire Bldg, Seattle Wash
John. F. Reed, Attorney for Estate,
960 Empire Bldg, Seattle, Wash.
First Pub. Aug. 16. 4t—Sept. 6

JOHN F. REED—Attorney
960 Empire Bldg.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County. In Probate. No. 25769.

In the Matter of the Estate of J. X. Morgan, Deceased. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Executrix of the estate of J. X. Morgan, deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Executrix or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, August 16th, 1919.

IDA MAY FRIBERG,
Executrix of said Estate
Address 960 Empire Bldg, Seattle Wash
John. F. Reed, Attorney for Estate,
960 Empire Bldg, Seattle, Wash.
First Pub. Aug. 16. 4t—Sept. 6

ARTHUR H. HUTCHINSON—Attorney
510 Central Bldg.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT, KING County, Washington.

Probate Notice.
State of Washington, County of King, ss. No. 24284. Notice of Settlement of Final Account and Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Harriet E. Booth as executrix of the estate of Robert F. Booth, deceased, has ren-

dered to, and filed in said Court, her Final Account and Petition for Distribution as such executrix, and that Tuesday, the 16th day of September, 1919 at 9:30 o'clock, a. m., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of our said Superior Court, in City of Seattle, in said King County, has been duly appointed by said Court for the settlement of said account, at which time and place any person interested in said estate may appear and file his exceptions in writing to said account, and contest the same.

WITNESS, the Hon. Mitchell Gilliam, Judge of said Superior Court, and the Seal of said Court hereto affixed this 13th day of August, 1919.

PERCY F. THOMAS,

Clerk.

By Geo. L. Berger, Deputy Clerk
First Pub. Aug. 16. 4t—Sept. 6

HARRY B. NELSON
Attorney 510 Central Bldg.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County Mae M. Miles, Plaintiff vs. John E. Miles, Defendant. Summons for Publication. No. 136502.

The State of Washington to the said John E. Miles, Defendant.

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: Within sixty days after the 5th day of July, 1919, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is to secure a divorce upon the grounds of abandonment and non-support.

HARRY B. NELSON,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

P. O. Address 510 Central Bldg., Seattle, King County, Washington.
First pub. July 5, 1919 7t-Aug 9

HARRY SIGMUND
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate. No. 24131. Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.

In the Matter of the Estate of John Hillman, also known as John Hendrick Hoivala, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that Bruno Hillman, Administrator of the Estate of John Hillman, also known as John Hendrick Hoivala, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons hereto entitled and to discharge said Administrator; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 2nd day of September, 1919, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 23rd day of July, 1919.

PERCY F. THOMAS,

Clerk of said Court.

By H. C. GORDON, Deputy.
First pub July 26, 1919. 4t Aug 16

A. H. WISEMAN—Attorney
507 White Bldg.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for King County. No. 137050.

Dora Roberts, Plaintiff, vs. William M. Roberts, Defendant. Summons. The State of Washington to the said defendant, William M. Roberts:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: Within sixty days after the 2nd day of August, 1919, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, in answer to the complaint of the Plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for Plaintiff at his office address below stated, and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object and purpose of said action is to procure a judgment of divorce absolute from defendant.

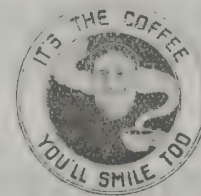
A. H. WISEMAN,

Attorney for Plaintiff

Office and Postoffice Address:
507 White Bldg, Seattle, Wash.
First Pub. Aug. 2, 1919. 7t-Sept. 13

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SEP 13 1919

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VOL. VIII. NO. 37.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1919.

PRICE 10 CENTS

THE KIRKLAND FERRY

By Austin E. Griffiths

This morning a business veteran informed me "the carpenters are crazy for going on strike" and he guessed everybody was going crazy. Which reminded me that long ago our old friend Samantha said everybody was crazy" except me and my Josiah and sometimes I think Josiah is crazy." So, I consoled him by saying "Yes, everybody is crazy except you and me," and to this natural and wholesome reservation my friend and labor employer quite agreed.

The last instance of mental aberration I think of was the late raising of Seattle-Kirkland ferry rates.

The county commissioners listened to the fee-fo-fum of feed lawyers and to the harrowing economy pleas of greedy capitalists. The non-passenger rates are up. The effect will be to check legitimate and praiseworthy rural production and supply of the smaller sort for the benefit of Seattle and to choke in part the natural eastward expansion of Seattle across Lake Washington.

This long lake is a smuch a part of the special topography of this country as are the rolling hills or ridges and the heavy woods and wet valleys. Where highways between towns require even unusual deep cuts and fills or extra labor and cost or long trestles in building through heavy stump or swamp lands county boards do not make such highways toll roads nor charge the cost of construction and maintenance against the towns or localities dependent upon them. The whole cost of making and upkeep is a charge on the commune treasury.

Why should a necessary ferry be put on a different basis? True in older days ferry, bridge and road tolls were perhaps numerous. But we are not in the Middle Ages. Toll gates have gone, should the ferry ticket survive? We have free roads, free bridges. Why not free ferries? The fact that a ferry is increasingly used (as is true of the Kirkland ferry) instead of being an argument for a charge or larger fare is a living reason showing the growing social value or even the economic necessity of the ferry service.

Ferry service in some places is as important as a road and its maintenance a necessary ferry ought to be as free as a necessary road. There is no difference in principle between them. Both support or carry traffic.

It is no more arbitrary to assert the Seattle-Kirkland ferry is necessary than to assert the Bothel highway or the Renton highway is necessary. It would be no more unreasonable to close the ferry on the ground that one could reach Seattle or Kirkland by going around Lake Washing-



OPENING MEETING

Tuesday, September 9, 1919

MEVE'S CAFETERIA—SECOND AND SENECA

Speaker--DEAN STEPHEN I. MILLER

Of the University of Washington

SUBJECT—"Controlling the High Cost of Living"

AN EXCEPTIONALLY STRONG PROGRAM

ton than to close the present Lake Forest road to Bothel or the Rainier Valley road to Renton on the ground that there are other though longer roads to Bothel and Renton.

Why not charge for crossing our bridges? Comparing the cost and upkeep of an expensive and necessary bridge and the short length of it with the cost and keep of a necessary ferry and the long distance covered by it, who will say the ferry costs more than the bridge?

But bridge tolls are seldom tolerated. The last one I recall was the private bridge toll over the Chehalis river at Aberdeen. But this thrifty city to encourage traffic with the south side of the river caused the bridge to be free. The bridge over the Columbia at Wenatchee was first a toll gate. Soon the comparatively small volume of public opinion in those parts caused the bridge to be set free. Yet the river there, especially the length of the bridge is as long across as some places are wide where ferry tolls are

(Continued on page 3.)

THE FIRST MEETING

By The Secretary

The first meeting of the Municipal League will start off with an exceptionally good speaker and a live subject. Dean Stephen I. Miller, dean of the College of Business Administration of the University of Washington will speak on "Controlling the High Cost of Living."

The meeting will be held at Meve's Cafeteria, Second and Seneca, Tuesday noon, September the 9th. The trustees are of the opinion that these quarters will soon be too small to accommodate the expected attendance, and are going to take a few minutes of the business time for a discussion of a larger meeting place.

A report will be submitted by a special committee showing what is being done in the city and county to curb the increase in prices of living commodities.

The League has a big program outlined for the year's work and will need the co-operation of every member in order to properly carry through the plans.

Do not miss Tuesday's meeting.

COMMITTEES

Americanization

Carl J. Smith, Chairman; H. A. Woodcock, Col. W. T. Perkins, O. J. C. Dutton, Geo. Mathieu.

Buildings and Grounds

Albro Gardner, Jr., Chairman; H. O. Anderson, Walter S. Johnson.

Charter Revision

A. H. Lundin, Chairman; J. D. Blackwell, Edw. Allen, Frank P. Helsell, Wylie Hemphill, Clancy M. Lewis.

City and County Consolidation

(Continued on page 2.)

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Terms Expire May, 1920
Rev. J. E. Crowther, D. D.
J. D. Blackwell
Robert Howes
Albro Gardner, Jr.
M. H. VanNuys
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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

FEDERAL AID FOR PHYSICAL EDUCATION

(Concluded from last week)

(c) The cooperation and support of national organizations can be more readily secured in promoting a single national bill than in promoting a general movement for the stimulation of state legislation.

IV. Because it is necessary to translate into legislative action very quickly the incipient popular interest in physical education which has resulted from our experience in the great war:

(a) This is the time of readjustment in which people are expecting radical measures to meet the needs demonstrated by the war experience.

(b) As a memory of the great war fades into the background, consciousness of the national weakness demonstrated by the war will also become less keen.

(c) The necessary national undertakings involving large expenditures occasioned by the war have prepared the public mind for expecting large national expenditures for the promotion of the public welfare in peace.

V. Because the movement for state legislation for physical education will be helped by the movement for national legislation for physical education:

(a) Every national physical education bill seriously considered, which involves federal aid

to the states, also involves the requirement that in order to benefit by the national fund states must reach minimum requirements in the establishment of compulsory physical education providing for teacher training and providing for state administration.

Furthermore, no state legislation at present time proposed would involve the establishment of physical education to the extent that would be required under the federal law.

VI. Proposed federal legislation for physical education would unify the incipient efforts of a number of federal departments and bureaus to dabble with various phases of this general problem.

Rebuttal of Possible Objections

(1) Would not Federal legislation for physical education involve undue interference with states' rights:

(a) The Federal law should provide for the proper amount of local autonomy in the administration of funds, fixing only minimum standards to which every state must rise in order to benefit by Federal aid.

(b) Physical education is so clearly fundamental to the national safety and welfare both in peace and in war that it is obviously a matter of inter-state and national concern.

(c) Physical education is so clearly a fundamental human necessity that it cannot be argued that "special conditions" make it unnecessary in any state

or locality:

(1) A study of physical conditions in rural communities has shown that the death rate has been increasing in the last 30 years until it now nearly equals the death rate in the cities.

(2) Could the Bureau of Education be depended upon to administer wisely a Federal physical education law?

(a) In the first place, by making implicit in the law the definite minimum requirements to be attained by the states we would leave to the Commissioner of Education a minimum of responsibility in the distribution of funds:

(b) In the second place, it is futile to argue that no responsibility should be given to a Federal bureau or department until a record of efficiency has been established. Not until our Federal Bureau of Education has placed upon it large genuine responsibilities will there appear an insistent popular demand for the best available leadership. (Allowance, of course, must be made for political animus in criticism of Federal bureaus. Much of the criticism is so vague and indefinite as to be utterly unreliable).

(c) The best vehicle available must be used, whether it be a bureau of education or federal educational department. Physical education is primarily an educational matter and the schools furnish the only hopeful medium for reaching all the children.

(d) Because of the great amount of freedom allowed the various states in the development of their systems of education, the effectiveness of the work done would by no means depend exclusively upon the effectiveness of the federal bureau.

(e) It is futile to argue that all increased delegation of responsibility to federal officials should be held up until we have perfectly solved the problem of placing in these positions men of the highest mental caliber and organizing ability.

COMMITTEES

(Continued from Page 1)

Hugh M. Caldwell, Chairman;
O. P. Cockerill, C. E. Bogardus,
L. S. Booth, F. E. Rawlings.

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F. W. Bert, Jr., chairman;
James Bothwell, Geo. B. Littlefield, A. F. Bailey, O. J. C. Dutton, Dan Earl.

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Rabbi Samuel Koch.

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Membership

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Paul B. Phillips.

Program

L. D. Lewis, Chairman; F. S. Hawkins, E. B. Stevens, C. W. Doyle, Malcolm Douglas.

Public Docks and Foreign Trade

Edgar J. Wright, Chairman;
J. F. Douglas, Cassius E. Gates,
Edwin Ripley.

MEMBERSHIP DUES

Those members who have not paid the present year's dues are requested to send in their checks as soon as possible. These funds will be needed to properly start off the winter's work.

Statements have been mailed to all members but if one has not reached you call the secretary at Main 476, and another will be sent.

The amount of each member's dues is small but the aggregate means the League's existence.

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THE KIRKLAND FERRY

(Continued from Page 1)

still shortsightedly or penuriously kept.

How wide must a water course be to enjoy a free bridge or to be afflicted with a ticket ferry? How much should Lake Washington shrink in order to have a bridge? If both sides of Mercer Island were bridged (as will be done some day) how long would the county board have ticket collectors on that new highway? Not longer than to the next election.

I ask the county board why should we be moved to boost fares because of the tales of woe of the Seattle rich who take with one hand the advantage of congesting population in the city and beat down taxes with the other? I have no doubt that if the Kirkland service were left to the ordinary business men of Seattle they would have the ferry free—for the greater benefit direct or indirect of all King county.

But a free ferry is not asked. People are willing to pay a fair charge. Why impose more? I cite two instances, an auto increase from thirty five cents to sixty cents single way and a truck lift from thirty five cents to seventy five cents one way. How can the small producer afford his

time and vehicle and pay this and other expense in order to sell in Seattle?

The Kirkland gateway to and from the great east might stand to Seattle as the Appiane Way stood to Rome. But the Romans charged no toll.

W. S. S. is the world's best investment.

Help make 1919 a year of thankful thrift—buy War Savings Stamps.

JOHN F. REED—Attorney
 960 Empire Bldg.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County. In Probate. No. 25756. In the Matter of the Estate of Ida Jarvis, Deceased. Notice to Creditors Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Executrix of the estate of Ida Jarvis, deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Executrix or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
 Date of first publication, August 16th, 1919.

MRS. LENA CUDAHY, Executrix of said Estate
 Address 960 Empire Bldg, Seattle Wash
 John F. Reed, Attorney for Estate,
 960 Empire Bldg, Seattle, Wash.
 First Pub. Aug. 16. 4t—Sept. 6

JAMES W. REYNOLDS
 Attorney 301-303 Burke Bldg.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate. In the Matter of the Estate of Frank N. Harter, Deceased. No. 25755. Notice to Creditors. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as administrator of the estate of Frank N. Harter, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administrator or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
 Date of first publication September 6, 1919.

JASPER B. HUMRICKHOUSE, Administrator of said Estate.
 Address 4018 9th N. E.
 JAMES W. REYNOLDS, Attorney for Estate, 301-303 Burke Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

4t Sept 27

CHARLES H. HARTGE
 Attorney Central Bldg.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate. In the Matter of the Estate of Philip C. Troutman, Deceased. No. 20288. Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution. Notice is hereby given that Lida A. Starr, as the administratrix of the Estate of said Philip C. Troutman, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said administratrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 6th day of October, 1919, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court

Room of the Probate Department of said Court.
 Dated this 4th day of September, 1919.

PERCY F. THOMAS,
 Clerk of said Court.
 By GEO. L. BERGER, Deputy
 First pub. Sept. 6, 1919. 4t Sept 27

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JOHN F. REED—Attorney
960 Empire Bldg.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County. In Probate. No. 25764. In the Matter of the Estate of Alver Robinson, Deceased. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as executrix and executor of the estate of Alver Robinson, deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Executrix and Executor or their attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, August 16th, 1919.

ANNA C. ROBINSON,
WALTER E. ROBINSON,
Executrix and Executor of said Estate
Address 960 Empire Bldg, Seattle Wash
John F. Reed, Attorney for Estate,
960 Empire Bldg, Seattle, Wash.
First Pub. Aug. 16. 4t—Sept. 6

JOHN F. REED—Attorney
960 Empire Bldg.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County. In Probate. No. 25769. In the Matter of the Estate of J. X. Morgan, Deceased. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Executrix of the estate of J. X. Morgan, deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Executrix or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, August 16th, 1919.

IDA MAY FRIBERG,
Executrix of said Estate
Address 960 Empire Bldg, Seattle Wash
John F. Reed, Attorney for Estate,
960 Empire Bldg, Seattle, Wash.
First Pub. Aug. 16. 4t—Sept. 6

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ARTHUR H. HUTCHINSON—Attorney
510 Central Bldg.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT, KING County, Washington. Probate Notice.

State of Washington, County of King. ss. No. 24284. Notice of Settlement of Final Account and Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Harriet E. Booth as executrix of the estate of Robert F. Booth, deceased, has rendered to, and filed in said Court, her Final Account and Petition for Distribution as such executrix, and that Tuesday, the 16th day of September, 1919 at 9:30 o'clock, a. m., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of our said Superior Court, in City of Seattle, in said King County, has been duly appointed by said Court for the settlement of said account, at which time and place any person interested in said estate may appear and file his exceptions in writing to said account, and contest the same.

WITNESS, the Hon. Mitchell Gilliam, Judge of said Superior Court, and the Seal of said Court hereto affixed this 13th day of August, 1919.

PERCY F. THOMAS,
Clerk.
By Geo. L. Berger, Deputy Clerk
First Pub. Aug. 16. 4t—Sept. 6

JAMES W. REYNOLDS
Attorney 301-303 Burke Bldg.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Sadie May Harter, Deceased. No. 25928. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as executor of the estate of Sadie May Harter, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Walter E. Morris or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication September 6th, 1919.

WALTER E. MORRIS,
Executor of said Estate.
Address 608 Alaska Bldg, Seattle, Wash.
JAMES W. REYNOLDS, Attorney for Estate, 301-303 Burke Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

4t Sept 27

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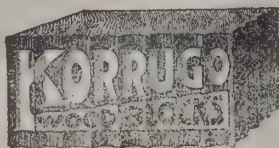
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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. VIII. NO 38.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1919.

PRICE 10 CENTS

CONTROLLING THE HIGH COST OF LIVING

Dean Miller's Address

Dean Ivan Miller's address at the meeting of the Municipal League Tuesday, Sept. 9, was as follows:

Prevailing high prices in the United States are the result of several complex and economic forces.

First—The enormous expansion of credit: Due to the vast increase of credit facilities the purchasing power (demand) of the United States has increased by leaps and bounds. Enlarged purchasing power means the multiplication of bids for both consumers' and producers' goods. Unless the supply of products keeps pace, higher prices must result. Such an increased purchasing power is reflected by American bank deposits, which were \$18,624,000,000 in 1914, and \$32,588,000,000 in 1918; likewise by the issue of federal reserve notes, which amounted to \$1,246,000,000 in 1917 and \$2,680,000,000 in 1918. Economists recognize in credit inflation the chief cause of high prices. There can be no state or local control of the monetary situation.

Second — Exports: Foreign countries have been drawing heavily upon American supplies of raw material and finished products.

Nothing less than federal action would be able to regulate the conditions of foreign trade. Due to the high prices in America the tide must turn, but not until Europe has progressed farther in reconstruction.

Third—Waste: The amount of individual, government and business waste in the U. S. is appalling—probably amounting to at least \$2,000,000,000 per annum.

This is a problem for public opinion and education. Little immediate relief is possible.

Fourth—Taxation: At the present time taxation must be cut to the minimum. By necessity, salaries, wages and immediately productive improvements must be advanced, but the development of streets and alleys and the building of structures should be postponed wherever possible. Under existing economic conditions labor and materials must be directed to the most immediate and productive means for bringing forth consumers' goods. Considerable can be done by local legislative bodies in curtailing expenditures which are not justified by present economic conditions.

Fifth—Capital investment: A large amount of capital is being used for the extension of industries which at the present time are not economic. A well regulated household would not, when under severe economic pressure, devote its labor and materials to the production of nonessentials. What is true for the family is (Continued on page 3.)



OUR REGULAR MEETING WILL BE HELD

Tuesday, September 13, 1919

MEVE'S CAFETERIA—SECOND AND SENECA

PROGRAM TO BE ANNOUNCED IN

DAILY PRESS

OUR FIRST MEETING

By the Secretary

The first regular meeting of the League which was held last Tuesday noon was a big success not only in the large attendance but also in the interesting and instructive program.

The management of the Meves Cafeteria has promised the League the entire balcony of the cafeteria providing our attendance will warrant it. This will give us ample room to expand and also cut down the noise.

The attendance at Tuesday's meeting was the largest since the present secretary has been in office. The officers and trustees are greatly encouraged over the interest the members are showing in the work, not only by their attendance but also by their willingness to serve upon the various committees.

The outlook for the winter's work is most encouraging. Let's all get together, sign up new members and line up with some committee not already appointed. We are off.

THE CITY RAILWAY

By C. A. LaGrave

The reports of the Superintendent of the City Railway system to the mayor which shows a profit of \$14,457.46 for the past four months are rather misleading.

The operating expense actually audited and paid is \$106,237.77 greater than the "Known Operating Expense" shown in the reports. This item alone converts the profit named into a loss of \$91,779.81.

It is probable that damages will greatly exceed the estimate and possible that about \$300,000 of taxes must be paid.

In addition to the expenses shown there should be approximately \$800,000 per year paid into a Depreciation Reserve Fund, and this must be real money.

There should also be paid into a Sinking Fund about \$800,000 per year to redeem bonds. This liability can be dodged until 1921 but no later, as more than \$800,000 of bonded debt falls due April 1, 1921.

A statement at Dec. 31, 1919, should show:

Loss for 9 months	
(at rate shown)	\$206,504.73
Paid into Depreciation	
Reserve (9 mo.)	615,000.00
Discount on Bonds sold	40,000.00

Loss for 9 months	\$861,504.73
-------------------	--------------

The theory that maintenance has taken care of depreciation is in line with the practice of the Puget Sound T. L. & P. Co. as set out in the report of the accountants employed by the city to check certain schedules entitled "Cost of Property" against the books of the company.

The report is dated Oct. 5, 1918, is City Clerk's file No. 71546, time limit ten days and cost General Fund \$1850.00. The

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

Published Weekly by the
MUNICIPAL LEAGUE OF SEATTLE
1915 First Avenue Telephone Main 6282

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The Board of Trustees meets at 12:15 Wednesday at Northold Inn.
Honorary Auditors.....Smith, Robertson & Moorehouse
Committee Chairmen and Trustees—

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Rev. J. E. Crowther, D. D.
J. D. Blackwell
Robert Howes
Albro Gardner, Jr.
M. H. VanNurs
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first two or three pages explain and qualify the estimate of \$15,302,360.85 set forth in 75 pages of figures as the original cost of the system.

It says in part:

"The purchase price of the various companies taken over were represented in many cases, by round sums payable in the form of stocks in exchange for stock of the original company, but the figures shown, in our opinion, represent the actual cost of construction by the original companies."

"We experienced difficulty in getting particulars of many of the items included in latter years and in the first part of the period many details were entirely lacking, but we believe after due consideration of relative circumstances, that the statement may be taken as representing the first cost of the railroad property and equipment."

"No depreciation has apparently been deducted from the various plant accounts, but we are informed that it was the practice of the company to add only the difference between the old and new costs of all replacements to plant account."

The original cost, which is also the book value of the seller includes the original cost of construction, plus the value of all replacements in excess of the cost of the original items replaced.

There is a possibility of water in the stock deal and uncertainty as to missing details at both ends of the construction history of the

system that raises doubts as to whether or not the conclusions as to values are justified.

Maintenance has simply repaired or replaced items of track or equipment which have been damaged or destroyed, and cannot, in any case, make an old property as good as new except as to the particular items repaired or replaced in the immediate past.

Depreciation runs constantly and is heavier with each year of the life of a property. In this case the accumulated depreciation of two-thirds of the life of an old property must be met during the next few years, in addition to a constantly increasing cost of maintenance. Some of the properties covered in the report are thirty years old, the stock deals mentioned occurred twenty years ago when practically all of the lines then existing were consolidated, the newest line is more than ten years old. The property has lived more than fifteen years of its allotted life, and not a dollar for depreciation has been charged off in thirty years. The vast amount of depreciation of both track and equipment in plain sight, and that other vast amount that is invisible but is there just the same, proves that the property is worth much less than the city owes for it.

The estimate for 1920 of \$7,000,000 covers operation and interest.

The addition of depreciation, damages and industrial insurance will make approximately \$8,000,-

000. Less estimated Revenue, \$5,720,000, leaves revenue deficit for 1920 of \$2,280,000, and still no Sinking Fund.

Even if depreciation is not provided for, and there will certainly be no money available for it, there will remain a loss for 1920 of nearly \$1,500,000 in addition to \$240,000 for this year.

RESOLUTION

Mr. Edgar J. Wright, Municipal League Trustee, presented at the last meeting of the board of trustees the following resolution which was referred to the Public Utilities committee for investigation and report.

Whereas, the congestion of traffic on the streets of our city has become a menace to public safety, and

Whereas, the delays caused by such congestion of traffic is a serious inconvenience and annoyance to our citizens in going to and from their homes and places of business or employment, and

Whereas, such congestion of traffic can only be remedied by an addition to our present street car facilities by elevated railways or subways, and

Whereas, the Honorable Mayor of the City of Seattle and the Superintendent of Public Utilities have publicly stated that they are in favor of preparing plans for a subway for future submission to the people, and

Whereas, it is to the best interests of the citizens of our city that such plans be carefully drawn in such manner as to best serve the future growth of our city,

Be it Resolved that the Committee on Public Utilities of the League be requested to co-operate in every way with the Superintendent of Public Utilities in the preparation of plans and securing public discussion of the transportation needs of the city.

RESOLUTION

At the Tuesday meeting of the Municipal League the following resolution was presented by a special committee of which Mr. James T. Lawler was chairman, and passed by the unanimous vote of the League.

Resolved, by the Municipal League of Seattle, in view of the great honor that we are to receive in the coming of our great fleet and its Commander and Chief, President Wilson, that we go on record against any raise in prices during the visit of the fleet and the thousands of officers and men who will be our guests; Resolved further that we pledge ourselves to co-operate in all well directed efforts to curb attempts of making excessive charges and to suppress profiteering.

JAMES T. LAWLER,
Chairman.

TUESDAY MEETING

The first meeting of the Municipal League after the summer vacation was held in the gallery of Meves Cafeteria, Tuesday noon, Sept. 9, about one hundred members being present.

Jas. W. Reynolds, president, stated that never had the League entered upon a year when so much constructive work for the League was in prospect.

The new committees were announced, the members rising when their names were called.

L. D. Lewis, chairman of the Program Committee, promised a series of meetings made interesting by live debates and up to date addresses.

Jas. T. Lawler, chairman of the Special Committee on the High Cost of Living, introduced a resolution that was adopted by unanimous vote, expressing the sentiment that no raising of

MEMBERSHIP DUES

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prices during the visit of the Fleet and of President Wilson should be practiced or tolerated.

Prof. Ivan Miller, Dean of the School of Business Administration of the University, was the guest of honor, and addressed the League on the subject, "Controlling the High Cost of Living." His clear statement and his passionate analysis of the problem made a deep impression on his hearers. A summary of his address appears elsewhere.

CONTROLLING THE HIGH COST OF LIVING

(Continued from Page 1)
 true for the nation. During the war much was accomplished at this point. The co-operation of

merchants and consumers to curtail the demand for necessities until such time as necessities were more plentiful would be helpful. Public opinion could be stimulated along these lines.

Sixth—Movement of population to the cities: The productivity of American soil is being sorely handicapped by a relative depletion of available labor. In 1800, 3 out of every 100 of our population lived in cities of 5,000 or more inhabitants. Today about 40 out of every 100 live in such cities.

Seventh—Profiteering: Abnormal profits are the result of price control and this control may be exercised by:

- a. Formal price fixing.
- b. Semiformal price fixing, such as "opening prices."
- c. Formal price fixing, such as "marking goods to the market."

Eighth—Labor costs. Increases in wages will affect the selling price of the product unless the increase is taken out of profits or results in greater efficiency.

Ninth—Presence of too many middlemen: The marketing organization of the United States is open to much criticism. It is a well known fact that many of our requirements double in price as between the producer and the consumer. At the present time producer, wholesaler, jobber and retailer make levy upon many

products. The complex of middlemen is generally justified by the "trade" due to the extension and area of the market. There is every reason to believe that a much more direct method of distribution could be devised. Every reform along this line has the opposition of a strong vested interest and requires co-operation of the retailers and efficiency of the local government.



CREDIT.

"It's fine to have credit."
 "Yes, but it's better never to have to ask for it."

The Actress.

She started on a farewell tour.
 The tickets didn't sell.
 Cold facts are stubborn, to be sure,
 She didn't fare so well.

JAMES W. REYNOLDS
 Attorney 301-303 Burke Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for King County
 In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Frank
 N. Harter, Deceased. No. 25755.
 Notice to Creditors.
 Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as administrator of the estate of Frank N. Harter, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administrator or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication September 6, 1919.

JASPER B. HUMRICKHOUSE,
 Administrator of said Estate.
 Address 4018 9th N. E.
JAMES W. REYNOLDS, Attorney for
 Estate, 301-303 Burke Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

4t Sept 27

CHARLES H. HARTGE
 Attorney Central Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for the County
 of King. In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Philip
 C. Troutman, Deceased. No. 20288.
 Notice of Hearing Final Report and
 Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Lida A. Starr, as the administratrix of the Estate of said Philip C. Troutman, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said administratrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 6th day of October, 1919, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court

Room of the Probate Department of said Court.
 Dated this 4th day of September, 1919.

PERCY F. THOMAS,
 Clerk of said Court.
 By **GEO. L. BERGER**, Deputy.
 First pub. Sept. 6, 1919. 4t Sept 27

DEPARTMENTS OF SERVICE

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 112 COLUMBIA STREET

JAMES W. LAWLER—Attorney
IN JUSTICE COURT. BEFORE REAH
M. WHITEHEAD, Justice of the Peace
in and for Seattle Precinct, King
County, State of Washington.
Ballard Hardware Co., Plaintiff, vs. A.
W. Mackie, Defendant. No. 10633.
Summons for Publication.
State of Washington County of King ss
To A. W. Mackie:
In the Name of the State of Washing-
ton,

You, and each of you, are hereby no-
tified that Ballard Hardware Co., a
corporation, has filed a complaint (or
claim) against you in the above en-
titled court, which will come on to be
heard before the undersigned Justice in
her courtroom numbered 411 in the
King County Court House, Seattle,
King County, Washington, on the 14th
day of October, A. D. 1919, at the hour
of 9:30 o'clock A. M., and unless you
appear and then and there answer, the
same will be taken as confessed and
the demand of the plaintiff granted.
The object and demand of said com-
plaint (or claim) is to recover for
goods, wares and merchandise sold to
you in the sum of \$14.82 at your re-
quest.

Complaint filed Aug. 19, A. D. 1919.
Dated Sept. 11, 1919.

REAH M. WHITEHEAD,
Justice of the Peace in and for Seattle
Precinct, King County, Wash.
First pub. Sept. 13, 1919. 3t- S 27

RALPH C. McALLASTER—Belator
FRANK P. RUTHERFORD—Attorney
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate. No. 25573. Notice to
Creditors.

In the Matter of the Guardianship of
Pat S. Reilly, An Insane Person.
Notice is hereby given that the un-
dersigned has been appointed and has
qualified as Guardian of the estate of
Pat S. Reilly, An Insane Person, that
all persons having claims against said
Pat S. Reilly are hereby required to
serve the same, duly verified, on said
Ralph C. McAllaster, or his attorney
of record at the address below stated,
and file the same with the Clerk of
said Court, together with proof of such
service within six months after the
date of first publication of this notice,
or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, September
13, 1919.

RALPH C. McALLASTER.
Guardian of said Estate.
Address No. 201 Central Building, Se-
attle, Wn.

FRANK P. RUTHERFORD, Attorney
for Estate, No. 623 Alaska Building,
Seattle, Wash.

3t Sept 27

W. S. S. is the world's best

JAMES W. REYNOLDS—Attorney
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for King
County.

John W. Doy, Plaintiff, vs. Minnie
Doy, Defendant. No. Sum-
mons.

State of Washington to Minnie Doy,
Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty days after the date of the
first publication of this summons, to-
wit: within sixty days after September
13th, 1919, and defend the above en-
titled action in the above entitled court
and answer the complaint of the plain-
tiff herein and serve a copy of your
answer upon the undersigned attorney
for the plaintiff at his office below
stated; and in case of your failure so
to do judgment will be rendered against
you according to the demand of the
complaint herein which has been filed
with the Clerk of the said court.

The object and purpose of the above
entitled action is to obtain a decree of
divorce by the plaintiff from the de-
fendant.

JAMES W. REYNOLDS,
Attorney for Plaintiff,

Post Office Address, 301-3 Burke Bldg.,
Seattle, Washington.
First pub Sept 13, 1919. 7t Oct 25

JAMES W. REYNOLDS
Attorney 301-303 Burke Bldg.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Sadie
May Harter, Deceased. No. 25928.
Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the un-
dersigned has been appointed and has
qualified as executor of the estate of
Sadie May Harter, Deceased; that all
persons having claims against said de-
ceased are hereby required to serve
the same, duly verified, on said Walter
E. Morris or his attorney of record at
the address below stated, and file the
same with the Clerk of said Court, to-
gether with proof of such service with-
in six months after the date of first
publication of this notice, or the same
will be barred.


Date of first publication September
6th, 1919.

WALTER E. MORRIS,
Executor of said Estate.
Address 608 Alaska Bldg, Seattle, Wash.
JAMES W. REYNOLDS, Attorney for
Estate, 301-303 Burke Bldg., Seattle,
Wash.

4t Sept 27

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Seattle, Washington

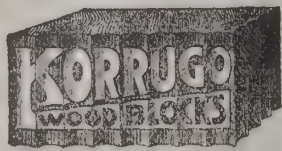
TO ALL LEAGUE MEMBERS

If you appreciate a good place to eat—
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C. F. BAASCH

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. VIII. NO. 39.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1919.

PRICE 10 CENTS

TUESDAY'S MEETING


By Fred W. Catlett

A goodly attendance of League members heard last Tuesday's program. President Reynolds announced that by the time of the next meeting the balcony at Meves Cafeteria would be curtailed off from the lower floor, and that, if such change did not keep out the noise, the stairway leading to the balcony would also be enclosed; that, therefore, the League could count upon having better accommodations in the future.

A resolution was then presented by Jackson Silbaugh commending the mayor and others who had taken part in the planning of a celebration on September 17th of the 132nd anniversary of the signing of the Constitution of the United States. After an amendment of the resolution it was unanimously agreed to.

The president then called upon Mr. Griffiths, acting president of the local branch of the League to Enforce Peace, to make a statement concerning the distribution of tickets and the handling of the public meeting at the Arena last Saturday night, where President Wilson spoke on the covenant of the League of Nations.

Mr. Griffiths pointed out the difficulty in the disposition of tickets, due to the small number of seats which it seemed possible to reserve and the very large number of people who desired to attend the meeting. He also expressed the regret of the officers in charge that more people were not admitted to the hall and that in some way the plans for the opening of all the doors simultaneously were not carried out. He said it was his understanding that the doors had been closed



OUR REGULAR MEETING WILL BE HELD

Tuesday, September 23, 1919

MEVE'S CAFETERIA—SECOND AND SENECA

SPEAKER

JOHN W. HALLOWELL

Assistant Secretary of Interior, who has just returned from an extended tour of Alaska, as Secretary Lane's representative, where he has been investigating the resources of that great country.

upon the orders of the Fire Marshal, who stated that the building was already filled to its capacity, and that he had not been able to ascertain why the police did not permit the people assembled to enter through the University street doors, as arranged. He concluded that the lesson to be drawn from the city's experiences with that meeting was that a large auditorium, such as is planned by the auditorium association movement, initiated by the League, was urgently needed.

The president then introduced as the speaker of the day Captain Malcolm Douglas, a member of the League and a former trustee and a very efficient member of the program committee. Captain Douglas did not attempt to tell of his battle experiences, but confined his talk to incidents occurring under his observation while within the occupied districts of Germany. The address was highly entertaining and interesting and members present regretted that there was not even more time available for it than the half hour allotted.

MAYOR PRAISES POLICE

Mayor C. B. Fitzgerald Wednesday commended Chief of Police J. F. Warren and the members of the department for the efficient service given during "fleet week."

"I think our police department did splendid work," Mayor Fitzgerald said. "It would naturally be supposed that if there are any pickpockets in the country they would be following the President's party and working among the crowds sure to gather wherever he stopped, but we only had a couple of reports of robberies. The police department picked up a lot of fellows and they must have hit on some of the right ones. There was no trouble of any kind, though we had one of the biggest crowds ever assembled in the city.

"I think, myself, that we have a pretty good police department and that Seattle is a pretty good town. We are not having any trouble—not having any fights or shooting anybody—in fact we aren't having any cross words."

MUNICIPAL NOTES

By Fred W. Catlett

The right of the members of the police department to strike has again been challenged in connection with the recent difficulties in Boston. President Wilson has himself referred to the strike as a "crime." This emphasizes the need of a more thorough discussion of the rights of the municipal employee, with particular reference to his right to strike.

It will be remembered that last spring a committee of the League submitted a report denying such right. The report was debated at considerable length during two meetings, but was finally disposed of, if our memory serves us correctly, by re-reference to the committee that it might couple with the denial of the right to strike some method for dealing with such grievances of the municipal employees as might arise. A report from this special committee soon would be very timely.

* * *

At the last meeting of the Board of Trustees the Municipal Finance Committee was requested to investigate the recent sale of utility bonds at a discount and report to the League the reasons why in such an excellent bond market Seattle utility bonds should still sell below par.

* * *

An initiative petition to make unlawful the sale, use or possession of cigarettes in Oregon after January 1st, 1921, was filed last Wednesday at Portland. The measure fixes the maximum fine for the first offense at \$100.00, for the second at \$200.00 and for the third and subsequent offenses provides a jail term of thirty days in addition to the fine.

* * *

The City of Everett is considering a municipal electric lighting

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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.....James T. Lawler, 908 White Bldg., Main 89
Secretary.....Harry B. Nelson, 510 Central Bldg., Main 476
Treasurer.....Alexander Myers, 2nd and Union, Main 5883
The Board of Trustees meets at 12:15 Wednesday at Northold Inn.
Honorary Auditors.....Smith, Robertson & Moorehouse
Committee Chairmen and Trustees.....

TRUSTEES

Terms Expire May, 1920
Rev. J. E. Crowther, D. D.
J. D. Blackwell
Robert Howes
Albro Gardner, Jr.
M. H. VanNuys
Terms Expire May, 1921
Fred W. Catlett
Walter S. Johnson
L. D. Lewis
Frank P. Helsell
Edgar J. Wright
Arthur H. Hutchinson, Ex-officio Trustee

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

system. Its consulting engineers have reported to the city commissioners that it would require about \$2,000,000.00 to finance a proposed municipal power plant; \$1,180,000.00 for the necessary hydraulic plant on the Sultan river; \$410,000.00 for the construction of an auxiliary steam plant; and the remainder for the purchase of the present system of the Puget Sound Electric & Power Company. The engineers suggest that it might be desirable to refrain from erecting the auxiliary steam power plant and arrange instead for connecting with the Seattle power lines; that the City of Everett could probably buy its power from the City of Seattle during an emergency, as cheaply as it could manufacture in a steam driven plant. Such an arrangement would effect a saving of \$250,000.00 in first cost.

* * *

The service of the Pacific States' Telephone & Telegraph Company in this city is now under fire. Corporation Counsel Meier has written to the city council asking for instructions to institute proceedings before the State Public Service Commission in an effort to improve the service.

* * *

Mr. Carl F. Uhden, president of the Universal Electric Company of Spokane, has been selected by City Engineer Dimock and Mayor Fitzgerald to supervise the building of the Skagit power plant. Mr. Uhden was in

charge of the construction of the Long Lake dam, a \$10,000,000.00 project from which the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway obtains power for the operation of its trains.

* * *

Mayor Fitzgerald has suggested that a tunnel should be constructed through Beacon Hill to serve the Rainier Valley district in the matter of sewage. The situation is a difficult one, because of the topography of the district. The mayor realizes that the construction of the tunnel would be costly, because of the size of the bore and its length, but thinks it would be warranted in the long run.

The suggestion from the mayor came as the result of some discussion over the contamination of Lake Washington. City Health Commissioner Read is quoted as saying that the city need have no fear of contaminating Lake Washington at this or any other time. He says that repeated tests taken close to the outfalls of the existing sewers "have never shown a single bacterial culture traceable to sewer contamination. I have made a personal investigation of the water at the bathing beaches and even closer to the sewer outfalls, and the water is free from sewage."

A new style of transfers is to be used by municipal lines. They are to be printed on light cardboard, about the size and form of a moving picture theatre ticket. The transfer will carry a clock face, punched to indicate the time

of issuance. Each day a different color will be used. Only one transfer will be given upon the payment of a fare, except in a very few cases. This is for the purpose of avoiding an abuse of the transfer system.

* * *

The city has this week been trying the pay-as-you-leave plan upon the Eastlake line. Although it has not yet had sufficient trial to test it, Superintendent Murphine has stated that it has worked well to date.

* * *

The National Traffic Officers' Association, of which Chief of Police Joel F. Warren is vice-president, will hold its first annual convention in Seattle, beginning October 9th. We hope the convention will apply its expert knowledge and give particular attention to the traffic conditions in Seattle.

NEW TRANSFERS TO STOP DAILY LEAK

To stop a leak estimated at \$500 a day, a new system of transfers is to be put in effect on the Seattle Municipal Street Railway, Superintendent Thomas F. Murphine announced recently. The new transfers will be about the size of a theatre ticket, of a different color for each day, and with a clock dial on which the time for which it is good will be punched. Only one transfer will be issued for one fare. The new system will go into effect as soon as the transfers are printed.

"We are losing about \$500 a day because our transfer system permits too many rides on one fare," Superintendent Murphine said. "Passengers on Yesler Way cable, for instance, can ride down town, transfer to a Second avenue car, take another transfer to any of the east lines, ride a few blocks, then get off and attend to business and walk back to the Yesler cable and ride back home, all for 5 cents. The same system can be worked on many other lines.

"Just to try this out we sent a man out a while ago to see how far he could ride for one fare. He started at 9 o'clock in the morning and was still riding at 4 o'clock. He hadn't stopped for lunch. He said he had all the

riding he cared for and wanted to quit. The new transfer system will stop that sort of riding."

RESOLUTION

The following resolution was presented at Tuesday's meeting by Jackson Silbaugh and adopted by the League.

Whereas, an element in this city is constantly seizing upon every opportunity to stir up factional feeling and a feeling of unrest and antagonism towards the Government, and

Whereas this organization is composed of members who are always in the forefront of every movement to uphold and support the Government of the United States. Therefore,

Be it Resolved that the Municipal League commend in the highest terms the efforts on the part of the Mayor and the Americanization Committee and others to bring to the attention of the children of our public schools on the anniversary of the adoption of the Constitution, the history and benefits of that great bulwark of American Liberty.

NEW MEMBERS

Our new members for the past week are, Mr. C. C. Pierce, Mr. J. E. Riley and Mr. B. H. Petley. Now is the time to get the new members. Each Municipal Leaguer should get at least one new member by October 1st.

Thrift is the yeast that swells pennies to dollars. Prove it with War Savings Stamps.

MEMBERSHIP DUES

Those members who have not paid the present year's dues are requested to send in their checks as soon as possible. These funds will be needed to properly start off the winter's work.

Statements have been mailed to all members but if one has not reached you call the secretary at Main 476, and another will be sent.

The amount of each member's dues is small but the aggregate means the League's existence.

Do not delay.

YOUR ATTENTION is called to the fact that **BROWN & WHITE CORPORATION — Printers —**
ALWAYS take care of their customers no matter what the conditions and you
 need not worry if you are a customer of their's but what they will deliver your **BRIEFS ON TIME.**

ARTHUR H. HUTCHINSON
 Attorney 510 Central Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for King County
 Mamie Rose Hughes, Plaintiff, vs. Hol-
 lis Alfred Hughes, Defendant. Sum-
 mons for Publication. No. 138031.
 The State of Washington to the said
 Hollis Alfred Hughes, Defendant:
 You are hereby summoned to appear
 within sixty days after the date of
 the first publication of this summons,
 to-wit: Within sixty days after the
 20th day of September, 1919, and de-
 fend the above entitled action in the
 above entitled court and answer the
 complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a
 copy of your answer upon the under-
 signed attorney for plaintiff at his office
 below stated; and in case of your fail-
 ure so to do, judgment will be rendered
 against you according to the demand of
 the complaint, which has been filed with
 the clerk of said court.
 The object of the above entitled ac-
 tion is to secure a decree of divorce on
 the grounds of abandonment and non-
 support for a period of more than a
 year last past.

ARTHUR A. HUTCHINSON,
 Attorney for Plaintiff,
 P. O. Address 510 Central Bldg., Se-
 attle, King County, Washington.
 First pub Sept 20, 1919 7t-No 1

EDGAR J. WRIGHT
 Attorney 1117 L. C. Smith Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for King County
 In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Fred C.
 Johnson, Deceased. No. 25929.
 Notice to Creditors.
 By order of said court made herein
 on the 18th day of September, 1919,
 Notice is hereby given to the creditors
 of, and to all persons having claims
 against said deceased or against said
 estate, to present them with the neces-

sary vouchers to the undersigned ad-
 ministratrix of said estate, at 1117 L.
 C. Smith Bldg., the place of business of
 said estate, in Seattle, in said county
 and state; within one year from and
 after the date of first publication of
 this notice or same will be barred.

Date of first publication Sept. 20, 1919.
SAMANTHA L. BOYNTON,
 Administratrix of said Estate.
EDGAR J. WRIGHT,
 Attorney for Estate, 1117 L. C.
 Smith Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
 First pub Sept 20, 1919 4t Oct 11

HORACE A. WILSON
 Attorney 425 Lyon Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for King County
 In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Julia
 Soderlund, deceased. No. 26007.
 Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the un-
 designated has been appointed and has
 qualified as executor of the estate of
 Julia Soderlund, Deceased; that all
 persons having claims against said de-
 ceased or against said estate are here-
 by required to serve the same, duly
 verified, on said executor or his attor-
 ney of record at the address below
 stated, and file the same with the Clerk
 of said Court together with proof of
 such service within six months after
 the date of first publication of this
 notice, or the same will be barred.
 Date of first publication September
 20, 1919.

E. A. SODERLUND,
 Executor of said Estate.
 Address 425 Lyon Building.

HORACE A. WILSON,
 Attorney for Estate, 425 Lyon Build-
 ing, Seattle Wash.
 First pub Sept 20, 1919 4t Oct 11

JOHN F. REED
 Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for King County
 In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Jessie
 Mae Viette, Deceased. No. 26006.
 Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the un-
 designated has been appointed and has qual-
 ified as Executor of the estate of
 Jessie Mae Viette, Deceased; that all
 persons having claims against said de-
 ceased are hereby required to serve the
 same, duly verified, on said Executor or
 his attorney of record at the address
 below stated, and file the same with
 the Clerk of said Court, together with
 proof of such service within six months
 after the date of first publication of
 this notice, or the same will be barred.
 Date of first publication September
 20, 1919.

ERNEST W. VIETTE,
 Executor of said Estate.
 Address 960 Empire Building, Seattle.

JOHN F. REED,
 Attorney for Estate, 960 Empire
 Building, Seattle, Wash.
 First pub Sept 20, 1919 4t Oct 11

JOHN F. REED
 Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for King County
 In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Annie
 E. Williams, Deceased. No. 25879.
 Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the un-
 signed has been appointed and has qual-
 ified as Executrix of the estate of
 Annie E. Williams, Deceased; that all
 persons having claims against said de-
 ceased are hereby required to serve the
 same, duly verified, on said Executrix
 or her attorney of record at the ad-
 dress below stated, and file the same
 with the Clerk of said Court, together
 with proof of such service within six
 months after the date of first publica-
 tion of this notice, or the same will be
 barred.

Date of first publication September
 20, 1919.

SYDNE M. WOLFE,
 Executrix of said Estate.
 Address 960 Empire Building, Seattle.

JOHN F. REED,
 Attorney for Estate, 960 Empire
 Building, Seattle, Wash.
 First pub Sept 20, 1919 4t Oct 11

FRED W. CATLETT
 Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for King County
 In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of L. J.
 Nelson, Deceased. No. 25989.
 Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the un-
 designated has been appointed and has qual-
 ified as Executor of the estate of
 L. J. Nelson Deceased; that all persons
 having claims against said deceased
 are hereby required to serve the same,
 duly verified, on said Harry R. Nelson
 or his attorney of record at the address
 below stated, and file the same with
 the Clerk of said Court, together with
 proof of such service within six months
 after the date of first publication of
 this notice, or the same will be barred.
 Date of first publication September
 20, 1919.

HARRY R. NELSON,
 Executor of said Estate.
 Address 1106 Post Street, Seattle.

FRED W. CATLETT,
 Attorney for Estate, 613 Hoge Build-
 ing, Seattle, Wash.
 First pub Sept 20, 1919 4t Oct 11

JAMES W. REYNOLDS
 Attorney 301-303 Burke Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for King County
 In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Frank
 N. Harter, Deceased. No. 25755.
 Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the un-
 designated has been appointed and has
 qualified as administrator of the estate
 of Frank N. Harter, Deceased; that all
 persons having claims against said de-
 ceased are hereby required to serve the
 same, duly verified, on said administra-
 tor or his attorney of record at the
 address below stated, and file the same
 with the Clerk of said Court, together
 with proof of such service within six
 months after the date of first publica-
 tion of this notice, or the same will be
 barred.

Date of first publication September 6,
 1919.

JASPER B. HUMRICKHOUSE,
 Administrator of said Estate.
 Address 4018 9th N. E.

JAMES W. REYNOLDS, Attorney for
 Estate, 301-303 Burke Bldg., Seattle,
 Wash.

4t Sept 27

CHARLES H. HARTGE
 Attorney Central Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for the County
 of King. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Philip
 C. Troutman, Deceased. No. 20288.
 Notice of Hearing Final Report and
 Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Lida A.
 Starr, as the administratrix of the
 Estate of said Philip C. Troutman, de-
 ceased, has filed in the office of the
 Clerk of said Court her final Report and
 petition for distribution, asking the
 Court to settle said Report, distribute
 the property to the persons thereto en-
 titled and to discharge said administra-
 trix; and that said Report and petition
 will be heard on the 6th day of Octo-
 ber, 1919, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court

Room of the Probate Department of
 said Court.
 Dated this 4th day of September,
 1919.

PERCY F. THOMAS,
 Clerk of said Court.
 By **GEO. L. BERGER,** Deputy.
 First pub. Sept. 6, 1919. 4t Sept 27

DEPARTMENTS OF SERVICE

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JAMES W. LAWLER—Attorney
IN JUSTICE COURT. BEFORE REAH M. WHITEHEAD, Justice of the Peace in and for Seattle Precinct, King County, State of Washington.
Ballard Hardware Co., Plaintiff, vs. A. W. Mackie, Defendant. No. 10633.
Summons for Publication.
State of Washington County of King ss To A. W. Mackie:
In the Name of the State of Washington,
You, and each of you, are hereby notified that Ballard Hardware Co., a corporation, has filed a complaint (or claim) against you in the above entitled court, which will come on to be heard before the undersigned Justice in her courtroom numbered 411 in the King County Court House, Seattle, King County, Washington, on the 14th day of October, A. D. 1919, at the hour of 9:30 o'clock A. M., and unless you appear and then and there answer, the same will be taken as confessed and the demand of the plaintiff granted. The object and demand of said complaint (or claim) is to recover for goods, wares and merchandise sold to you in the sum of \$14.82 at your request.
Complaint filed Aug. 19, A. D. 1919.
Dated Sept. 11, 1919.

REAH M. WHITEHEAD,
Justice of the Peace in and for Seattle Precinct, King County, Wash.
First pub. Sept. 13, 1919. 3t- S 27

RALPH C. McALLASTER—Belator
FRANK P. RUTHERFORD—Attorney
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate. No. 25573. Notice to Creditors.
In the Matter of the Guardianship of Pat S. Reilly, An Insane Person.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Guardian of the estate of Pat S. Reilly, An Insane Person, that all persons having claims against said Pat S. Reilly are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Ralph C. McAllaster, or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication, September 13, 1919.

RALPH C. McALLASTER,
Guardian of said Estate.
Address No. 201 Central Building, Seattle, Wn.
FRANK P. RUTHERFORD, Attorney for Estate, No. 623 Alaska Building, Seattle, Wash.
3t Sept 27

W. S. S. is the world's best

JAMES W. REYNOLDS—Attorney
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for King County.
John W. Doy, Plaintiff, vs. Minnie Doy, Defendant. No. Summons.
State of Washington to Minnie Doy, Defendant:
You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty days after September 13th, 1919, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court and answer the complaint of the plaintiff herein and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for the plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint herein which has been filed with the Clerk of the said court.
The object and purpose of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree of divorce by the plaintiff from the defendant.

JAMES W. REYNOLDS,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Post Office Address, 301-3 Burke Bldg., Seattle, Washington.
First pub Sept 13, 1919. 7t Oct 25

JAMES W. REYNOLDS
Attorney 301-303 Burke Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Sadie May Harter, Deceased. No. 25928.
Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as executor of the estate of Sadie May Harter, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Walter E. Morris or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication September 6th, 1919.

WALTER E. MORRIS,
Executor of said Estate.
Address 608 Alaska Bldg, Seattle, Wash.
JAMES W. REYNOLDS, Attorney for Estate, 301-303 Burke Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
4t Sept 27

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OCT 4 1919

Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. VIII. NO. 40.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1919.

PRICE 10 CENTS

TUESDAY'S MEETING

By Fred W. Catlett

Last Tuesday's meeting was again well attended. The curtains promised by Mr. Meves to screen the balcony from the lower floor were in place and were of material assistance in keeping out the noise. It will be necessary, however, to screen the stairway as well before conditions are all satisfactory.

Mr. Quigley, chairman of the Entertainment committee passed small cards around the tables for the signatures of members present and announced for the committee that members might expect some novel stunts in the near future.

The president announced that the committee to which had been referred the question of the right of municipal civil service employees to strike would report at next Tuesday's meeting.

Mr. E. W. Allen announced the hearing to be held by the State Land Commissioner in the Assembly Room of the Chamber of Commerce for the discussion and presentation of objections to proposed harbor areas on Lake Washington.

The address of the day was delivered by Thomas F. Murphine, Superintendent of Public Utilities. Mr. Murphine spoke on "Some Problems of the Municipal Railway." Only three or four of the large cities in the country had been able to continue street railway service without increasing the fares. The increase of fares in general had not produced the desired result, as every increase of fare produced a larger proportionate decrease in patronage, and in Boston, with the increase to ten cents, Mr. Murphine declared, the receipts were actually less than with the five cent fare. It was impossible to man-

age the street railway system in the same fashion as under the private company and make it pay with the five cent fare, and so the city authorities had endeavored to make economies in many ways. The wage item had necessarily increased. One of the attempted economies mentioned was the installation of meters on the cars, and already, so far as installed, the meters have accomplished a very appreciable saving.

Mr. Murphine pointed out the inherent difficulties in the topography of the city which forced all the lines to converge and pass along the three down town streets; and second, the lack of manufacturing establishments scattered through out the city which would provide cars with a return load. As it is, cars coming down town in the morning are crowded; on the way back they are empty and the condition is almost reversed in the evening; also, during the middle of the day the cars could carry a much larger load than called upon to carry.



OUR REGULAR MEETING WILL BE HELD

Tuesday, September 30, 1919

MEVE'S CAFETERIA—SECOND AND SENECA

SPEAKER

HON. FRANK B. COOPER

SUPT OF THE SEATTLE CITY SCHOOLS

SUBJECT

"The Public School Program and Problems"

The special committee upon the right of the civil service employees striking will report upon their summer investigation

Mr. Murphine stated that he was absolutely opposed to any zoning system; that he could not approve of any scheme which would give a bonus to those who rode on the cars during the crowded hours, but that they would probably try the experiment of offering a bonus to those who ride during the offpeak hours. He also pointed out the duplication of service in some localities, in particular in the case of Division A of the municipal line, which parallels within a couple of blocks and for a considerable distance the Westlake line. He said that the ideal situation would be to have no resident of the city more than four blocks from a street car line.

At the end of his address Mr. Murphine was asked several questions. A resident of Beacon Hill presented a protest against the skip-stop system as in affect there. Mr. Murphine stated that in putting in the skip-stop system it was quite possible that some mistakes had been made and that the department would

(Continued on page 2)

MUNICIPAL NOTES

By Fred W. Catlett

A conference of federal, state, county and municipal authorities was held Wednesday at the Soldiers' and Sailors' Club to devise ways and means to check the illicit traffic in narcotic drugs. Chief of Police Warren made the statement that the number of persons addicted to narcotic drugs had increased two-fold in a year's time.

Two committees were appointed, one to proceed at once to check the evil, and the other to make a general survey of the situation and to suggest the necessary legislation. Dr. H. M. Reed the City Health Commissioner, was appointed chairman of the first committee and George H. Walker chairman of the second.

* * *

A bill regulating the use and sale of second-hand bedding and wearing apparel came up before the Public Safety Committee of the City Council but was postponed two weeks to give interested parties an opportunity to be heard. Dr. Reed and Sanitary Inspector M. T. Stevens of the City Health Department advocated the passage of the ordinance as a means of preventing epidemics of contagious diseases.

* * *

As the Municipal League has formally gone on record in favor of a League to Enforce Peace and as the matter of the peace treaty is still within the purposes of the League, as defined last spring by the League itself, it is doubtless permissible to touch upon the proposed covenant of the League of Nations included in the peace treaty and the discussion of it which is at present raging all over the country. The matter is of such vital importance that, in the judgment

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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Secretary.....Harry B. Nelson, 510 Central Bldg., Main 476
Treasurer.....Alexander Myers, 2nd and Union, Main 5833
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Committee Chairmen and Trustees—

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M. H. VanNuys
Arthur H. Hutchinson, Ex-officio Trustee
Terms Expire May, 1921
Fred W. Catlett
Walter S. Johnson
L. D. Lewis
Frank P. Helsell
Edgar J. Wright

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

of the writer at least, the columns of the News could not be better employed than in the discussion of this covenant while such discussion may be helpful. The position of the writer of these notes in favor of the acceptance of the covenant is well known; but he would be glad to see the News print communications from the League members on both sides of the question.

Such discussion is particularly needed, because, although there have been a great many protestations to the contrary, the contest over the covenant has become very largely, and only too largely, partisan, and much of the discussion which is given space in the public press bears that character. The attack upon the covenant has tended very largely to become anti-Wilson and to become lost in the discussion of Americanism, anti-Japanese agitation or the return of our soldiers from Siberia. If we may place any confidence whatever in the news dispatches it looks as if the partisan play upon the prejudices of many elements of the community is going to be successful in preventing the United States from joining the other nations of the world in the greatest step toward world peace since the world began. Municipal questions in Seattle used to be decided in much the same fashion, not upon their merits, but by an appeal to the prejudices of the people against the Puget Sound Traction, Light & Power Company or some other

of the public service corporations.

The opponents of the covenant first appealed to the anti-Japanese sentiment by an attack upon the Shantung settlement. They then appealed to the prejudices and fears of conservative Americans who are afraid that a League of Nations would in some fashion injure the Monroe Doctrine or impair our sovereignty. Next the support of the friends of the Irish is sought by an attack upon Great Britain. The services of the British navy to us in this war are forgotten and Great Britain is painted as seeking world supremacy at our expense. The covenant is a British covenant, Canada, Australia, New Zealand, India and South Africa are admitted to it to give England predominance and control. Senator Reed even goes to the extent of making a call upon race prejudice, asserting that the League of Nations means the control of the white race by the black, the brown and the yellow races.

Such a combination of prejudices aroused creates an unreasonable, but very formidable opposition to the covenant. The cleavage fortunately is not strictly along party lines, but seems to be between those who still have a little idealism left and those who have not; between those who are willing to admit that other nations may have as high ideals as our own and are probably willing to treat us with the same degree of good faith that we profess toward them and

those who have only suspicion and fear of other nations; between those who hope for a better future and look toward the future as well as the past, and those who see no hope and look and count entirely upon the past. The writer has never voted for President Wilson or been a personal supporter of him, but is a supporter of the covenant and believes that, if Americans who are independent would examine the League covenant itself in the light of the past history and present world conditions and not accept secondhand opinions of the partisan press columns, the great majority of them would support the president in this crisis.

The League covenant may or may not be successful; it may or may not eliminate all war; but it will certainly tend to eliminate war by employing to the end all the means human wisdom has yet devised; and it offers a hope that we may escape the situation of the past and avoid very largely war in the future. The opponents of the covenant too often lose their sense of values and allow minor objections to counterbalance the tremendous gain to the world at the elimination of war.

TUESDAY'S MEETING

(Continued from page 1)

gladly consider any protests against the scheme as now laid out and be glad to rectify any errors.

Questioned as to the recent sale of the street railway bonds below par, Mr. Murphine said that that was a financial question with which he had nothing to do; that mathematicians said that it was better to sell five per cent bonds at a discount than six per cent bonds at par but that that was the council's problem.

Mr. Murphine stated that the municipal lines were paying; that at the time the city was arranging the deal for the purchase of the roads his department urged that no payment be made upon the principal of the bonds for six years, but that the council saw fit to provide for the first payment in three years; that the lines have been enough to pay the interest on the bonds and a small amount also above all operating expenses; that this amount

was, of course, not sufficient to enable the city to pay off a million dollars worth of the principal each year, but economies which they hoped to affect would, he believed, provide that amount by the time a payment upon the principal was required.

He referred to an article which appeared in the News by Mr. La-Grave and said that that article failed to distinguish between expense and expenditures. He claimed that some expenditures had been made which ought not to be charged to expense, such as the \$30,000.00 paid for the meters. This was an expenditure, but could not fairly be charged to the expense of a single month and would result eventually in a very considerable saving.

OUR NEXT MEETING

We are pleased to announce as our guest and speaker for Tuesday's meeting, Mr. Frank B. Cooper, Superintendent of the Seattle Public Schools.

Mr. Cooper, a member of the Municipal League, is prominent not only in Seattle but throughout the entire nation as a leader on public school problems. The subject of his address will be "The Public School Program and Problems".

The special committee which has been working during the entire summer upon the resolution presented to the League last spring upon the question of the right of civil service employees to strike, will report at Tuesday's meeting.

Do not miss the program.

MEMBERSHIP DUES

Those members who have not paid the present year's dues are requested to send in their checks as soon as possible. These funds will be needed to properly meet off the winter's work.

Statements have been mailed to all members but if one has not reached you call the secretary at Main 6, and another will be sent.

The amount of each member's dues is small but the aggregate means the League's existence.

Do not delay.

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ARTHUR H. HUTCHINSON
 Attorney 510 Central Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for King County
 Mamie Rose Hughes, Plaintiff, vs. Hol-
 lis Alfred Hughes, Defendant. Sum-
 mons for Publication. No. 138031.
 The State of Washington to the said
 Hollis Alfred Hughes, Defendant:
 You are hereby summoned to appear
 within sixty days after the date of
 the first publication of this summons,
 to-wit: Within sixty days after the
 20th day of September, 1919, and de-
 fend the above entitled action in the
 above entitled court and answer the
 complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a
 copy of your answer upon the under-
 signed attorney for plaintiff at his office
 below stated; and in case of your fail-
 ure so to do, judgment will be rendered
 against you according to the demand of
 the complaint, which has been filed with
 the clerk of said court.
 The object of the above entitled ac-
 tion is to secure a decree of divorce on
 the grounds of abandonment and non-
 support for a period of more than a
 year last past.

ARTHUR A. HUTCHINSON,
 Attorney for Plaintiff.
 P. O. Address 510 Central Bldg., Se-
 attle, King County, Washington.
 First pub Sept 20, 1919 7t-No 1

EDGAR J. WRIGHT
 Attorney 1117 L. C. Smith Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for King County
 In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Fred C.
 Johnson, Deceased. No. 25929.
 Notice to Creditors.

By order of said court made herein
 on the 18th day of September, 1919,
 Notice is hereby given to the creditors
 of, and to all persons having claims
 against said deceased or against said
 estate, to present them with the neces-

sary vouchers to the undersigned ad-
 ministratrix of said estate, at 1117 L.
 C. Smith Bldg., the place of business of
 said estate, in Seattle, in said county
 and state; within one year from and
 after the date of first publication of
 this notice or same will be barred.

Date of first publication Sept. 20, 1919.
SAMANTHA L. BOYNTON,
 Administratrix of said Estate.

EDGAR J. WRIGHT,
 Attorney for Estate, 1117 L. C.
 Smith Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
 First pub Sept 20, 1919 4t Oct 11

HORACE A. WILSON
 Attorney 425 Lyon Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for King County
 In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Julia
 Soderlund, deceased. No. 26007.

Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the un-
 dersigned has been appointed and has
 qualified as executor of the estate of
 Julia Soderlund, Deceased; that all
 persons having claims against said de-
 ceased or against said estate are here-
 by required to serve the same, duly
 verified, on said executor or his attor-
 ney of record at the address below
 stated, and file the same with the Clerk
 of said Court together with proof of
 such service within six months after
 the date of first publication of this
 notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication September
 20, 1919.

E. A. SODERLUND,
 Executor of said Estate.
 Address 425 Lyon Building.

HORACE A. WILSON,
 Attorney for Estate, 425 Lyon Build-
 ing, Seattle Wash.
 First pub Sept 20, 1919 4t Oct 11

JOHN F. REED
 Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for King County
 In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Jessie
 Mae Viette, Deceased. No. 26006.

Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the un-
 dersigned has been appointed and has qual-
 ified as Executor of the estate of
 Jessie Mae Viette, Deceased; that all
 persons having claims against said de-
 ceased are hereby required to serve the
 same, duly verified, on said Executor or
 his attorney of record at the address
 below stated, and file the same with
 the Clerk of said Court, together with
 proof of such service within six months
 after the date of first publication of
 this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication September
 20, 1919.

ERNEST W. VIETTE,
 Executor of said Estate.
 Address 960 Empire Building, Seattle.

JOHN F. REED,
 Attorney for Estate, 960 Empire
 Building, Seattle, Wash.
 First pub Sept 20, 1919 4t Oct 11

JOHN F. REED
 Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for King County
 In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Annie
 E. Williams, Deceased. No. 25879.
 Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the un-
 dersigned has been appointed and has qual-
 ified as Executrix of the estate of
 Annie E. Williams, Deceased; that all
 persons having claims against said de-
 ceased are hereby required to serve the
 same, duly verified, on said Executrix
 or her attorney of record at the ad-
 dress below stated, and file the same
 with the Clerk of said Court, together
 with proof of such service within six
 months after the date of first publica-
 tion of this notice, or the same will be
 barred.

Date of first publication September
 20, 1919.

SYDNE M. WOLFE,
 Executrix of said Estate.
 Address 960 Empire Building, Seattle.

JOHN F. REED,
 Attorney for Estate, 960 Empire
 Building, Seattle, Wash.
 First pub Sept 20, 1919 4t Oct 11

FRED W. CATLETT
 Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for King County
 In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of L. J.
 Nelson, Deceased. No. 25989.
 Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the un-
 dersigned has been appointed and has qual-
 ified as Executor of the estate of
 L. J. Nelson Deceased; that all persons
 having claims against said deceased
 are hereby required to serve the same,
 duly verified, on said Harry R. Nelson
 or his attorney of record at the address
 below stated, and file the same with
 the Clerk of said Court, together with
 proof of such service within six months
 after the date of first publication of
 this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication September
 20, 1919.

HARRY R. NELSON,
 Executor of said Estate.
 Address 1106 Post Street, Seattle.

FRED W. CATLETT,
 Attorney for Estate, 613 Hoge Build-
 ing, Seattle, Wash.
 First pub Sept 20, 1919 4t Oct 11

JAMES W. REYNOLDS
 Attorney 301-303 Burke Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for King County
 In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Frank
 N. Harter, Deceased. No. 25755.
 Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the un-
 dersigned has been appointed and has
 qualified as administrator of the estate
 of Frank N. Harter, Deceased; that all
 persons having claims against said de-
 ceased are hereby required to serve the
 same, duly verified, on said administra-
 tor or his attorney of record at the
 address below stated, and file the same
 with the Clerk of said Court, together
 with proof of such service within six
 months after the date of first publica-
 tion of this notice, or the same will be
 barred.

Date of first publication September 6,
 1919.

JASPER B. HUMRICKHOUSE,
 Administrator of said Estate.
 Address 4018 9th N. E.

JAMES W. REYNOLDS, Attorney for
 Estate, 301-303 Burke Bldg., Seattle,
 Wash.

4t Sept 27

CHARLES H. HARTGE
 Attorney Central Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for the County
 of King. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Philip
 C. Troutman, Deceased. No. 20288.
 Notice of Hearing Final Report and
 Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Lida A.
 Starr, as the administratrix of the
 Estate of said Philip C. Troutman, de-
 ceased, has filed in the office of the
 Clerk of said Court her final Report and
 petition for distribution, asking the
 Court to settle said Report, distribute
 the property to the persons thereto en-
 titled and to discharge said administra-
 trix; and that said Report and petition
 will be heard on the 6th day of Octo-
 ber, 1919, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court

Room of the Probate Department of
 said Court.

Dated this 4th day of September,
 1919.

PERCY F. THOMAS,
 Clerk of said Court.
 By **GEO. L. BERGER,** Deputy.
 First pub. Sept. 6, 1919. 4t Sept 27

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JAMES W. LAWLER—Attorney
IN JUSTICE COURT. BEFORE REAH
M. WHITEHEAD, Justice of the Peace
in and for Seattle Precinct, King
County, State of Washington.
Ballard Hardware Co., Plaintiff, vs. A.
W. Mackie, Defendant. No. 10633.
Summons for Publication.
State of Washington County of King ss
To A. W. Mackie:
In the Name of the State of Washing-

ton,
You, and each of you, are hereby no-
tified that Ballard Hardware Co., a
corporation, has filed a complaint (or
claim) against you in the above en-
titled court, which will come on to be
heard before the undersigned Justice in
her courtroom numbered 411 in the
King County Court House, Seattle,
King County, Washington, on the 14th
day of October, A. D. 1919, at the hour
of 9:30 o'clock A. M., and unless you
appear and then and there answer, the
same will be taken as confessed and
the demand of the plaintiff granted.
The object and demand of said com-
plaint (or claim) is to recover for
goods, wares and merchandise sold to
you in the sum of \$14.82 at your re-
quest.

Complaint filed Aug. 19, A. D. 1919.
Dated Sept. 11, 1919.
REAH M. WHITEHEAD,
Justice of the Peace in and for Seattle
Precinct, King County, Wash.
First pub. Sept. 13, 1919. 3t- S 27

RALPH C. McALLASTER—Relator
FRANK P. RUTHERFORD—Attorney
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate. No. 25573. Notice to
Creditors.

In the Matter of the Guardianship of
Pat S. Reilly, An Insane Person.
Notice is hereby given that the un-
dersigned has been appointed and has
qualified as Guardian of the estate of
Pat S. Reilly, An Insane Person, that
all persons having claims against said
Pat S. Reilly are hereby required to
serve the same, duly verified, on said
Ralph C. McAllaster, or his attorney
of record at the address below stated,
and file the same with the Clerk of
said Court, together with proof of such
service within six months after the
date of first publication of this notice,
or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, September
13, 1919.
RALPH C. McALLASTER,
Guardian of said Estate.
Address No. 201 Central Building, Se-
attle, Wn.
FRANK P. RUTHERFORD, Attorney
for Estate, No. 623 Alaska Building,
Seattle, Wash.
3t Sept 27

W. S. S. is the world's best

JAMES W. REYNOLDS—Attorney
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for King
County.
John W. Doy, Plaintiff, vs. Minnie
Doy, Defendant. No. Sum-
mons.

State of Washington to Minnie Doy,
Defendant:
You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty days after the date of the
first publication of this summons, to-
wit: within sixty days after September
13th, 1919, and defend the above en-
titled action in the above entitled court
and answer the complaint of the plain-
tiff herein and serve a copy of your
answer upon the undersigned attorney
for the plaintiff at his office below
stated; and in case of your failure so
to do judgment will be rendered against
you according to the demand of the
complaint herein which has been filed
with the Clerk of the said court.

The object and purpose of the above
entitled action is to obtain a decree of
divorce by the plaintiff from the de-
fendant.
JAMES W. REYNOLDS,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
Post Office Address, 301-3 Burke Bldg.,
Seattle, Washington.
First pub Sept 13, 1919. 7t Oct 25


JAMES W. REYNOLDS
Attorney 301-303 Burke Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Sadie
May Harter, Deceased. No. 25928.
Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the un-
dersigned has been appointed and has
qualified as executor of the estate of
Sadie May Harter, Deceased; that all
persons having claims against said de-
ceased are hereby required to serve
the same, duly verified, on said Walter
E. Morris or his attorney of record at
the address below stated, and file the
same with the Clerk of said Court, to-
gether with proof of such service with-
in six months after the date of first
publication of this notice, or the same
will be barred.

Date of first publication September
6th, 1919.
WALTER E. MORRIS,
Executor of said Estate.
Address 608 Alaska Bldg, Seattle, Wash.
JAMES W. REYNOLDS, Attorney for
Estate, 301-303 Burke Bldg., Seattle,
Wash.
4t Sept 27

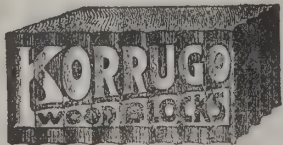
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OCT 21 1919

Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. VIII. NO. 42.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1919.

PRICE 10 CENTS


A MODEL INDUSTRIAL AGREEMENT

Last June a committee of Seattle gentlemen representing those directly interested in construction whether as employers or employees reached a tentative agreement governing their relations. It was signed in June and was the result of a month's steady conference and effort.

The committee consisted of Charles W. Doyle, J. A. Roberts, and Frank W. Cotterill representing the Unions in the Building Trades; C. W. Cawsey and E. S. Booker, the master builders; Roy J. Kinnear, the business interests; and John Graham, architect, who acted as umpire. The agreement was so constructive, fair minded and practical that all should read it. The report in which it is contained is as follows.

"To the officers and members of the Seattle Building Trades Council, Seattle Real Estate Association, Seattle Chapter American Institute of Architects, Seattle Chamber of Commerce and Commercial Club, Seattle Master Builders' Association and the Seattle Port Commission:

"The undersigned committee, being appointed as the result of your joint action at the conference meeting of May 7, have for the past four weeks held daily sessions in an effort to formulate ways and means for securing industrial peace in the building trades. Our actions have been unanimous with a full recognition of the rights of all concerned. We have studied the various agreements, bylaws and working rules that at present govern the unions in their relations to the employers. We have made an exhaustive survey of all matters which might be subject to con-



OUR REGULAR MEETING WILL BE HELD

Tuesday, October, 14, 1919.

MEVE'S CAFETERIA—SECOND AND SENECA

The full discussion by both sides of the anti-strike resolution presented to the League two weeks ago and published in the League News.

Come early.

trovery and we recommend that the following general principals be adopted as a basis on which to formulate a harmonious program for the elimination of controversy in the future.

"Industrial enterprise as a source of livelihood for both employer and employee should be so conducted that due consideration is given to all persons dependent upon it.

"The business interests requires an adjustment of industrial relations by peaceful methods.

"Regularity and continuity of employment should be sought to the fullest extent possible and constitute a responsibility resting alike on employers, wage earners and the public.

"The right of workers to organize is as clearly recognized as that of any other element or part of the community.

"Industrial harmony and prosperity will be most effectively promoted by adequate representation of the parties in interest.

"Whenever agreements are made with respect to industrial relations they should be faithful-

ly observed. Such agreements should maintain provisions for prompt and final interpretation in the event of controversies in regard to their meaning and application and for collecting damages caused by violation of same.

"Wages should be adjusted with due regard to the purchasing power of the wage and to the right of every man to an opportunity to earn a living at a fair wage, to reasonable hours of work and working conditions, to a decent home and the enjoyment of proper social conditions.

"Efficient production in conjunction with adequate wages is essential to successful industry. Restriction of output is harmful to the interest of wage earners, employers and the public and should not be permitted.

"Consideration of reductions in wages should not be reached until the possibility of reduction of costs in all other directions has been exhausted.

"Administration of employment and management of labor should be recognized as a distinct and

(Continued on page 2)

TUESDAY'S MEETING

By Fred W. Catlett

Tuesday's program reached a high mark among League programs. Dr. Griggs, of the Ohio State University, lectured upon the eruption of Mt. Katmai, which is located about one hundred miles from Kodiak, Alaska, and which he has been for some time investigating.

The report of the result of his investigation was illustrated by numerous colored stereopticon slides of unusual beauty. It is impossible to present from memory the large number of facts presented by Dr. Griggs or to describe the pictures. Some of the latter of unusual interest included pictures of Kodiak during and after the eruption of the volcano. Although Kodiak is one hundred miles from Katmai, the ashes lay about the streets and houses in huge piles, reaching almost to the tops of the houses and drifted against their sides like snow. All the country around was covered with this light gray blanket, which the people of Kodiak thought put an end forever to the prospects of their little town, but, strange to say, although the ashes are absolutely sterile, the growth came right up through the ashes, and now, some three or four years after the event, the greenery is almost as luxuriant as before the eruption. Where the land had been plowed, however, at the time of the rain of ashes, and the grass and bushes uprooted, no growth now appears. Professor Griggs described the crater of Katmai, which is the largest crater in the world, and showed a number of pictures of it.

Those who were fortunate enough to attend the meeting last Tuesday were outspoken in their commendation of the pro-

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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L. D. Lewis
Frank P. Helsell
Edgar J. Wright
Ex-officio Trustee
Arthur H. Hutchinson,

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

gram. Members of the League should set aside their Tuesday noons for regular attendance, if they do not wish to miss such events. Next week the report of the committee on the right of municipal employees to strike will be presented for discussion. This is a matter of interest all over the country at the present time and demands a prompt and correct solution.

MUNICIPAL NOTES

By Fred W. Catlett

The discussion of the ratification of the proposed peace treaty, including the League of Nations, too frequently overlooks the fact that no peace treaty the result of the deliberation of five hundred delegates, and no covenant of the League of Nations which would meet the approval of thirty-two nations, could be expected to be perfect or one to which most of us would not find some objection.

In this connection it is quite pertinent to hark back to the time when our own Constitution had been completed and was presented to the convention for signature by its members. As must be the case in any convention called for such a purpose, there had been lively debate and sharp difference of opinion on a great many questions. The Constitution was the result of compromise, and, as often happens, the compromises were not thoroughly satisfactory to either side. There were many things in the

Constitution which were objected to by members of the convention and there were perhaps more things which were not included in the Constitution which members earnestly believed ought to be included.

It was under these circumstances that Benjamin Franklin, then in his eighty-second year, offered a written speech, which, on account of his age, he was himself unable to deliver, and which he had read for him by Mr. Wilson, one of his fellow delegates from Pennsylvania. (The blackface is ours.)

"Mr. President: I Confess that there are several parts of this Constitution which I do not at present approve, but I am not sure I shall never approve them. For, having lived long, I have experienced many instances of being obliged, by better information or fuller consideration to change opinions, even on important subjects, which I once thought right, but found to be otherwise. It is therefore that the older I grow, the more apt I am to doubt my own judgment, and to pay more respect to the judgment of others. Most men, indeed, as well as most sects in religion, think themselves in possession of all truth, and that wherever others differ from them it is so far error. Steele a protestant, in a dedication tells the Pope that the only difference between our churches in their opinions of the certainty of their doctrines is, the Church of Rome is infallible and the Church of

England is never in the wrong. But though many private persons think almost as highly of their own infallibility as of that of their sect, few express it so naturally as a certain French lady, who, in a dispute with her sister, said, "I don't know how it happens, sister, but I meet with nobody but myself that's always in the right"—Il n'y a que moi qui a toujours raison.

In these sentiments, sir, I agree to this Constitution with all its faults, if they are such; because I think a general government necessary for us, and there is no form of government but may be a blessing to the people if well administered, and believe farther that this is likely to be well administered for a course of years, and can only end in despotism, as other forms have done before it, when the people shall become so corrupted as to need despotic government, being incapable of any other. I doubt, too, whether any other convention we can obtain may be able to make a better constitution. For when you assemble a number of men, to have the advantage of their joint wisdom, you inevitably assemble, with those men, all their prejudices, their passions, their errors of opinion, their local interests, and their selfish views. From such an assembly can a perfect production be expected? It therefore astonishes me, sir, to find this system approaching so near to perfection as it does; and I think it will astonish our enemies, who are waiting with confidence to hear that our counsels are con-founded like those of the builders of Babel; and that our States are on the point of separation, only to meet hereafter for the purpose of cutting one another's throats.

Thus I consent, sir, to this Constitution because I expect no better, and because I am not sure that it is not the best. The opinions I have had of its errors I sacrifice to the public good. I never whispered a syllable of them abroad. Within these walls they were born, and here they shall die.

Another interesting fact in connection with the ratification of the Constitution by the states is that the question of reservations also came up. The States,

however, felt the public need so overwhelming that they voted to ratify unconditionally. Several, however, attached to their ratification suggested amendments, ten of which were lately adopted and added to the Constitution; and two, Virginia and Rhode Island attached what might fairly be called interpretation reservations. Does that not suggest the proper course for the United States with reference to the League of Nations? To a ratification coupled with suggested amendments or with interpretative reservations there can be little or no objection.

A new use has been for Seattle Local Improvement Bonds. Several thousand dollars worth have been employed by a lady in Seattle to cover her pantry shelves.

A MODEL INDUSTRIAL AGREEMENT

(Continued from page 1)

important function of the employer.

"In order to reduce the foregoing principles to practice and thus to secure to the community industrial peace, promote better understanding between employer and employee, advance the principles of co-operation in building industries, establish and maintain in the community a means for promoting common interests by providing a lawful and equitable manner of adjusting any differences that may arise in an industry, we recommend that the conclusions of this committee be made effective through the instrumentality of a board of representing all parties interested be known as the building trade adjustment board. This board to be constituted as follows:

"Three members shall be elected by the Seattle Building Trade Council. One for one year, one for two years and one for three years. One member shall be elected by the Seattle Chamber of Commerce and Commerce Club who shall also be a member of the Building Owners Association and shall serve for one year. One member shall be elected by the Seattle Master Builders Association and shall serve for three years. One member shall be

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ected by the other organized employers in the building trade and shall serve for three years. These six members elect a seventh to act as chairman, preferably an architect or other practical man not belonging to any of the previously mentioned organizations other than the Seattle Chamber of Commerce and Commercial Club.

(Continued next issue)

MEMBERSHIP DUES

Those members who have not paid the present year's dues are requested to send in their checks as soon as possible. These funds will be needed to properly start off the winter's work.

Statements have been mailed to all members but if one has not reached you call the secretary at Main 476, and another will be sent.

The amount of each member's dues is small but the aggregate means the League's existence.

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STATEMENT OF THE OWNERSHIP, MANAGEMENT, CIRCULATION, ETC., REQUIRED BY THE ACT OF CONGRESS OF AUGUST 24, 1912, OF
 The Seattle Municipal News
 published weekly at Seattle, Washington, for October 1, 1919.
 State of Washington, County of King, ss.
 Before me, a notary public in and for the State and county aforesaid, personally appeared

C. W. BROWN,
 who having been duly sworn according to law, deposes and says that he is the Managing Editor of

The Seattle Municipal News and that the following is, to the best of his knowledge and belief, a true statement of the ownership, management, etc., of the aforesaid publication for the date shown in the above caption, required by the Act of August 24, 1912, embodied in section 443, Postal Laws and Regulations, printed on the reverse of this form, to-wit:

1. That the names and addresses of the publisher, editor, managing editor, and business managers are:

Publishers—Brown & White Corp.
 Editor—Austin E. Griffiths, Seattle.
 Wash.

Managing Editor—C. W. Brown, Seattle, Wash.

Business Managers.—None.

2. That the owner is:
 Municipal League of Seattle (a non-profit producing corporation)

3. That the known bondholders, mortgagees, and other security holders owning or holding 1 per cent or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages, or other securities are:

There are none.

4. That the two paragraphs next above, giving the names of the owners, stockholders, and security holders, if any, contain not only the list of stockholders and security holders as they appear upon the books of the company but also, in cases where the stockholder or security holder appears upon the books of the company as trustee or in any other fiduciary relation, the name of the person or corporation for whom such trustee is acting, is given; also that the said two paragraphs contain statements embracing affiant's full knowledge and belief as to the circumstances and conditions under which stockholders and security holders who do not appear upon the books of the company as trustees, hold stock and securities in a capacity other than that of a bona fide owner; and this affiant has no reason to believe that any other person, association, or corporation has any interest direct or indirect in the said stock, bonds, or other securities than as so stated by him.

C. W. BROWN,
 this 11th day of October, 1919.
 Sworn to and subscribed before me
 (Seal) CARL G. NELSON.
 (My commission expires Jan. 30, 1921)

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ARTHUR H. HUTCHINSON

Attorney 510 Central Bldg

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County Mamie Rose Hughes, Plaintiff, vs. Hollis Alfred Hughes, Defendant. Summons for Publication. No. 138031.

The State of Washington to the said Hollis Alfred Hughes, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: Within sixty days after the 20th day of September, 1919, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is to secure a decree of divorce on the grounds of abandonment and non-support for a period of more than a year last past.

ARTHUR A. HUTCHINSON,

Attorney for Plaintiff,

P. O. Address 510 Central Bldg., Seattle, King County, Washington.
 First pub Sept 20, 1919 7t-No 1

EDGAR J. WRIGHT

Attorney 1117 L. C. Smith Bldg

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Fred C. Johnson, Deceased. No. 25929.

Notice to Creditors.

By order of said court made herein on the 18th day of September, 1919, Notice is hereby given to the creditors of, and to all persons having claims against said deceased or against said estate, to present them with the necessary vouchers to the undersigned administratrix of said estate, at 1117 L. C. Smith Bldg., the place of business of said estate, in Seattle, in said county and state; within one year from and after the date of first publication of this notice or same will be barred.

Date of first publication Sept. 20, 1919.

SAMANTHA L. BOYNTON,

Administratrix of said Estate.

EDGAR J. WRIGHT,

Attorney for Estate, 1117 L. C. Smith Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

First pub Sept 20, 1919 4t Oct 11

HORACE A. WILSON

Attorney 425 Lyon Bldg

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Julia Soderlund, deceased. No. 26007.

Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as executor of the estate of Julia Soderlund, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased or against said estate are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said executor or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication September 20, 1919.

E. A. SODERLUND,

Executor of said Estate.

Address 425 Lyon Building.

HORACE A. WILSON,

Attorney for Estate, 425 Lyon Building, Seattle Wash.

First pub Sept 20, 1919 4t Oct 11

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FRED W. CATLETT
Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for King County
 In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of L. J.
 Nelson, Deceased. No. 25989.
 Notice to Creditors.
 Notice is hereby given that the under-
 signed has been appointed and has quali-
 fied as Executor of the estate of
 L. J. Nelson Deceased; that all persons
 having claims against said deceased
 are hereby required to serve the same,
 duly verified, on said Harry R. Nelson
 or his attorney of record at the address
 below stated, and file the same with
 the Clerk of said Court, together with
 proof of such service within six months
 after the date of first publication of
 this notice, or the same will be barred.
 Date of first publication September
 20, 1919.

HARRY R. NELSON,
 Executor of said Estate.
 Address 1106 Post Street, Seattle.
FRED W. CATLETT,
 Attorney for Estate, 613 Hoge Build-
 ing, Seattle, Wash.
 First pub Sept 20, 1919 4t Oct 11

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for King County
 In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Annie
 E. Williams, Deceased. No. 25879.
 Notice to Creditors.
 Notice is hereby given that the under-
 signed has been appointed and has quali-
 fied as Executrix of the estate of
 Annie E. Williams, Deceased; that all
 persons having claims against said de-
 ceased are hereby required to serve the
 same, duly verified, on said Executrix
 or her attorney of record at the ad-
 dress below stated, and file the same
 with the Clerk of said Court, together
 with proof of such service within six
 months after the date of first publica-
 tion of this notice, or the same will be
 barred.
 Date of first publication September
 20, 1919.

SYDNIE M. WOLFE,
 Executrix of said Estate.
 Address 960 Empire Building, Seattle.
JOHN F. REED,
 Attorney for Estate, 960 Empire
 Building, Seattle, Wash.
 First pub Sept 20, 1919 4t Oct 11

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JAMES W. REYNOLDS—Attorney
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington in and for King
 County.
 John W. Doy, Plaintiff, vs. Minnie
 Doy, Defendant. No. Sum-
 mons.
 State of Washington to Minnie Doy,
 Defendant:
 You are hereby summoned to appear
 within sixty days after the date of the
 first publication of this summons, to-
 wit: within sixty days after September
 13th, 1919, and defend the above en-
 titled action in the above entitled court
 and answer the complaint of the plain-
 tiff herein and serve a copy of your
 answer upon the undersigned attorney
 for the plaintiff at his office below
 stated; and in case of your failure so
 to do judgment will be rendered against
 you according to the demand of the
 complaint herein which has been filed
 with the Clerk of the said court.
 The object and purpose of the above
 entitled action is to obtain a decree of
 divorce by the plaintiff from the de-
 fendant.


JAMES W. REYNOLDS,
 Attorney for Plaintiff,
 Post Office Address, 301-3 Burke Bldg.,
 Seattle, Washington.
 First pub Sept 13, 1919. 7t Oct 25

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for King County
 In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Jessie
 Mae Viette, Deceased. No. 26006.
 Notice to Creditors.
 Notice is hereby given that the under-
 signed has been appointed and has quali-
 fied as Executor of the estate of
 Jessie Mae Viette, Deceased; that all
 persons having claims against said de-
 ceased are hereby required to serve the
 same, duly verified, on said Executor or
 his attorney of record at the address
 below stated, and file the same with
 the Clerk of said Court, together with
 proof of such service within six months
 after the date of first publication of
 this notice, or the same will be barred.
 Date of first publication September
 20, 1919.

ERNEST W. VIETTE,
 Executor of said Estate.
 Address 960 Empire Building, Seattle.
JOHN F. REED,
 Attorney for Estate, 960 Empire
 Building, Seattle, Wash.
 First pub Sept 20, 1919 4t Oct 11


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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. VIII. NO. 43.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1919.

PRICE 10 CENTS

LEAGUE OF NATIONS

Shantung — English Colonies
—Article X.

Shantung:

1. Can United States cause Japan to return Shantung to China?

Suppose our Senate finally says to England and France, "We refuse to ratify the League of Nations treaty, unless Japan will agree to return Shantung to China; we are a rich and powerful nation, you have been shattered by the war, and the League cannot get along without us." It is submitted, England and France would reply, "We contracted with Japan that she should succeed to Germany's rights and privileges in Shantung; Japan fulfilled her side of this contract, and rendered valuable service in the war; further Japan has made Shantung prosperous and secure, and more than 481,000 Chinese have voluntarily migrated into Shantung since Japan captured Tsingtau; we would be sorry to lose you, but Japan too is a rich and powerful nation, and there are some 41 other nations that are asked to join the league; consequently we leave it to you to persuade Japan to return Shantung to China, if you can."

Accordingly the United States would be faced with the alternative either to reject the League of Nations or to make war upon Japan.

2. By ratifying the treaty would United States be sanctioning a great wrong?

Gen. Smuts signed the treaty but at the same time he presented a writing declaring he signed under protest. This protest reads (in part):

"There are punishments fore-shadowed, over most of which a calmer mood may yet prefer to pass the sponge of oblivion.

There are indemnities stipulated which cannot be exacted without grave injury to the industrial revival of Europe, and which it will be in the interests of all to render more tolerable and moderate, * * *. Unemployment, starvation, anarchy, war, disease and despair stalk the land, and unless the victors can effectively extend a helping hand to the defeated and broken peoples a large part of Europe is threatened with exhaustion and decay. * * * However, two achievements of far reaching importance for the world are definitely recorded. One is the destruction of Prussian militarism; the other is the institution of the League of Nations. I am confident the League of Nations will yet prove the path of escape for Europe out of the ruin brought by this war. But the League as yet is only the form. It still requires quickening life, which can come only from the active interest and vitalizing contact of the peoples themselves."

It is submitted, the proper course for our Senate is to do



OUR REGULAR MEETING WILL BE HELD Tuesday, October 21, 1919.

MEVE'S CAFETERIA—SECOND AND SENECA

"ROOSEVELT WEEK" MEETING

REV. ROY H. CAMPBELL WILL ADDRESS

THE LEAGUE ON

"ROOSEVELT AND AMERICANS"

COMMITTEE REPORTS WILL BE PRESENTED

HARRY B. NELSON

Just as we go to press we are in receipt of word of the death of Harry B. Nelson, secretary of the League. The League will miss him as its secretary, and those of us who knew him before he assumed his present position and who have met him each week at the meetings of the League and the meetings of the Board of Trustees will grieve over the loss of a friend.

Harry Nelson leaves a wife and infant son. We extend to them our heartfelt sympathy in their sorrow.

similarly * * * ratify the treaty but enter a separate protest against the Shantung part.

British Colonies Voting:

These colonies, being self governed countries, should each have an equal vote in the council as

(Continued on page 2)

TUESDAY'S MEETING

By Fred W. Catlett

By Fred W. Catlett

Last Tuesday's meeting was taken up with a discussion of the report of the special committee investigating the right of municipal employees to strike. Considerable effort was made to have a member of organized labor present to present its views, but either there was no such representative present, or he failed to accept the invitation to present his views several times extended by the president. There was, however, no lack of speakers.

Mr. E. W. Allen opened the discussion with a statement of the resolution first reported by the committee, discussed at length last spring, and re-referred to the committee to couple with it a proposed scheme by which the municipal employee could secure relief, in case he felt that he had reason to complain either as to wages, hours, working conditions or what not.

R. M. White followed, taking the position that the employee must have the right to strike if he was to secure anything like justice at the hands of the city officials.

Senator Ralph Nichols continued the discussion, contending that the report was not consistent in endeavoring to distinguish between the right of the employee of a private traction company to strike and the right of the employee of a municipal traction company to strike. The public was in both cases equally inconvenienced and he could not accept the reasons for the distinction advanced by the committee.

Mr. Blackwell urged that the committee report ought to go further or that a special com-

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M. H. VanNuys
Terms Expire May, 1921
Fred W. Catlett
Walter S. Johnson
L. D. Lewis
Frank P. Helsell
Edgar J. Wright
Arthur H. Hutchinson, Ex-officio Trustee

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

mittee ought to be formed to assist in the settlement or arbitration of all labor disputes in the city.

Mr. Helsell, a member of the committee, contended that the ultimate question was whether the government was to remain sovereign or be dictated to and dominated by a small minority. In his view the government, which represented the majority, must be supreme and could not permit a group smaller than the whole to thwart it. He pointed out that the logical conclusion of Senator Nichols remarks was not that the conclusion of the committee should be accepted, but that the denial of the right to strike should be extended beyond the public employee and bring in, in effect, compulsory arbitration.

Mr. White and Mr. Nichols replied briefly.

After Mr. Rawlings, chairman of the committee, had closed the debate, the president put the motion for the adoption of the report to a vote, and it carried with but one or two votes in the negative.

To The Municiple League Of Seattle:

Your Civic Development Committee to whom was referred the matter of the proposed removal of the Pike Place Public market as per resolution introduced in the City Council begs to report; After full investigation of the

facts we find that no substitute has as yet been found nor offered by the proponents of the move.

The popularity of this market is attested daily in the very condition complained of, viz: that traffic through Pike Place is impossible at certain times. This is a condition that can be remedied if the traffic ordinance prohibiting the "standing" of vehicles were extended to Pike Place after a fixed hour in the mornings sufficient to allow farmers to unload their goods; beyond that, the same rules that govern First and Second avenues should apply.

This market centrally located as it is, is not only popular but is also one of the show places of the City and as such is an advertizing asset of the City.

While we favor the extension of the public market idea to other localities as a means of relieving the pressure at this corner, we do not feel that the taxpayer should have to bear the burden of creating such market. There are some 800 merchants in and around Pike Place (including the farmers) and the revenue derived from rents however small would justify the enterprise of erecting such market if a location equally strategic could be found.

We therefore recommend that the Municipal league oppose any bond issue looking to the removal of this market. And that the safety committee of the City Council be requested to prohibit

LEAGUE OF NATIONS

(Continued from page 1)

council. Let us test this by supposing a dispute between United States and England:

(a). Even though United any other nation, unless they, with England, can control the States were to have 6 votes in the council, yet she would be excluded from voting at all, being a party to the dispute.

(b). Before a verdict could be had against United States by the council, the following members of the council, in addition to the 5 British Colonies, would have to vote against United States and in favor of England, to-wit, France, Italy, Japan, Belgium, Brazil, Spain and Greece, (Art. IV); for the verdict of the council must be unanimous (Art. V).

(c). The United States would have the right to take the case out of the hands of the council, by referring the dispute to the assembly (viz. of all the nations belonging to the League) within fourteen days after the dispute was submitted to the council (Art. XV). Further it is contemplated in the League of Nations covenant that most disputes are to be tried by arbitration and before the Permanent International Court (Art. XIII, XIV).

(d). After all, which would you prefer having on the jury (viz. the council), Japan, Spain and Greece, or Canada, Australia and New Zealand?

Article X

The full text of Article X is: "The members of the League undertake to respect and preserve as against external aggression the territorial integrity and existing political independence of all members of the League. In case of any such aggression the council shall advise upon the means by which this obligation shall be fulfilled."

1. This article must be read in conjunction with the following Articles:

parking or standing vehicles in Pike Place after 10 A. M.

James Bothwell
Fred W. Berg Jr.
A. F. Bailey
Dan Earle

Article VIII. (for deduction of armaments).

Article XII. (Agreement to submit disputes either to arbitration or to the council, and not to resort to war until three months after the decision).

Article XVI. (If any member violates Art. XII, the other members agree "immediately to subject it to the severance of all trade or financial relations" and even to prohibit any one entering or coming out of it).

Article XVIII. (All treaties to be void unless recorded).

Article XX. (Treaties inconsistent with the League are prohibited and void).

With these articles properly enforced, it can be seen that invasions against members of the League would rarely ever happen; for these Articles strongly tend to starve out the causes of war—fear, hatred and greed—and in their place to establish security and co-operation.

2. Let us test the effect of Article X being cancelled. Suppose Italy were to invade the Serb-Croat-Slovene State. Article X being cancelled, the "council" would have no authority to convene and advise. Neither would the "assembly," since the council, is better adapted to convene and decide. The result would be that the smaller nations could be destroyed with impunity. Further it would be to the interest of the members of the League to quench an invasion at the outset instead of letting it spread.

Respectfully submitted,
October 15, 1919.

M. H. VAN NUYS.

—K

MUNICIPAL NOTES

Mayor Fitzgerald participated in person in a raid on a Chinese gambling establishment last Thursday. His Honor was kept waiting twenty minutes for admission, due to the fact that the joint was protected by a double thick, iron covered door, fastened in place by a heavy bar. The mayor seems to have been peeved by this discourtesy, for the press announces that hereafter no armored doors are to be permitted in card rooms. Seriously, the mayor is, of course, quite correct.

YOUR ATTENTION is called to the fact that **BROWN & WHITE CORPORATION** — Printers — **ALWAYS** take care of their customers no matter what the conditions and you need not worry if you are a customer of their's but what they will deliver your **BRIEFS ON TIME.**

We believe the mayor is also entitled to approval for his decision with reference to the procession planned for October 8th as a part of the Mooney general strike. It is the duty of the mayor to see that public order is preserved, and the sole question for his decision was whether, under existing conditions, such a procession would likely result in disorder.

Recent letters from Austin E. Griffiths, a member of the League, announce that, although delayed, he succeeded in getting away from New York and will attend the International Law convention at Plymouth, England. He hopes, also, to reach Paris before his return.

Following an address at the Members' Council of the Chamber recently by a visiting architect from Portland on city zoning. Mayor Fitzgerald appointed a committee, consisting of local architects and members of the Chamber, to investigate the matter is undoubtedly worthy of consideration, but the presentation last Friday was not entirely convincing.

MEMBERSHIP DUES

Those members who have not paid the present year's dues are requested to send in their checks as soon as possible. These funds will be needed to properly start off the winter's work.

Statements have been mailed to all members but if one has not reached you call the secretary at Main 476, and another will be sent.

The amount of each member's dues is small but the aggregate means the League's existence.

Do not delay.

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ARTHUR H. HUTCHINSON
Attorney 510 Central Bldg

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County Mamie Rose Hughes, Plaintiff, vs. Hollis Alfred Hughes, Defendant. Summons for Publication. No. 138031. The State of Washington to the said Hollis Alfred Hughes, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: Within sixty days after the 20th day of September, 1919, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is to secure a decree of divorce on the grounds of abandonment and non-support for a period of more than a year last past.

ARTHUR A. HUTCHINSON,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
P. O. Address 510 Central Bldg., Seattle, King County, Washington.
First pub Sept 20, 1919 7t-No 1

EDGAR J. WRIGHT
Attorney 1117 L. C. Smith Bldg

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Fred C. Johnson, Deceased. No. 25929. Notice to Creditors.

By order of said court made herein on the 18th day of September, 1919, Notice is hereby given to the creditors of, and to all persons having claims against said deceased or against said estate, to present them with the necessary vouchers to the undersigned administratrix of said estate, at 1117 L. C. Smith Bldg., the place of business of said estate, in Seattle, in said county and state; within one year from and after the date of first publication of this notice or same will be barred.

Date of first publication Sept. 20, 1919.
SAMANTHA L. BOYNTON,
Administratrix of said Estate.
EDGAR J. WRIGHT,
Attorney for Estate, 1117 L. C. Smith Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
First pub Sept 20, 1919 4t Oct 11

HORACE A. WILSON
Attorney 425 Lyon Bldg

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Julia Soderlund, deceased. No. 26007. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as executor of the estate of Julia Soderlund, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased or against said estate are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said executor or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication September 20, 1919.
E. A. SODERLUND,
Executor of said Estate.
Address 425 Lyon Building.
HORACE A. WILSON,
Attorney for Estate, 425 Lyon Building, Seattle Wash.
First pub Sept 20, 1919 4t Oct 11

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FRED W. CATLETT
Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of L. J.
Nelson, Deceased, No. 25989.
Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the under-
signed has been appointed and has qual-
ified as Executor of the estate of
L. J. Nelson Deceased; that all persons
having claims against said deceased
are hereby required to serve the same,
duly verified, on said Harry R. Nelson
or his attorney of record at the address
below stated, and file the same with
the Clerk of said Court, together with
proof of such service within six months
after the date of first publication of
this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication September
20, 1919.

HARRY R. NELSON,
Executor of said Estate.
Address 1106 Post Street, Seattle.
FRED W. CATLETT,
Attorney for Estate, 613 Hoge Build-
ing, Seattle, Wash.
First pub Sept 20, 1919 4t Oct 11

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Annie
E. Williams, Deceased, No. 25879.
Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the under-
signed has been appointed and has qual-
ified as Executrix of the estate of
Annie E. Williams, Deceased; that all
persons having claims against said de-
ceased are hereby required to serve the
same, duly verified, on said Executrix
or her attorney of record at the ad-
dress below stated, and file the same
with the Clerk of said Court, together
with proof of such service within six
months after the date of first publica-
tion of this notice, or the same will be
barred.
Date of first publication September
20, 1919.

SYDNE M. WOLFE,
Executrix of said Estate.
Address 960 Empire Building, Seattle.
JOHN F. REED,
Attorney for Estate, 960 Empire
Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub Sept 20, 1919 4t Oct 11

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JAMES W. REYNOLDS—Attorney
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for King
County.
John W. Doy, Plaintiff, vs. Minnie
Doy, Defendant. No. Sum-
mons.
State of Washington to Minnie Doy,
Defendant:
You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty days after the date of the
first publication of this summons, to-
wit: within sixty days after September
13th, 1919, and defend the above en-
titled action in the above entitled court
and answer the complaint of the plain-
tiff herein and serve a copy of your
answer upon the undersigned attorney
for the plaintiff at his office below
stated; and in case of your failure so
to do judgment will be rendered against
you according to the demand of the
complaint herein which has been filed
with the Clerk of the said court.
The object and purpose of the above
entitled action is to obtain a decree of
divorce by the plaintiff from the de-
fendant.


JAMES W. REYNOLDS,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
Post Office Address, 301-3 Burke Bldg.,
Seattle, Washington.
First pub Sept 13, 1919. 7t Oct 25

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Jessie
Mae Viette, Deceased, No. 26006.
Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the under-
signed has been appointed and has qual-
ified as Executor of the estate of
Jessie Mae Viette, Deceased; that all
persons having claims against said de-
ceased are hereby required to serve the
same, duly verified, on said Executor or
his attorney of record at the address
below stated, and file the same with
the Clerk of said Court, together with
proof of such service within six months
after the date of first publication of
this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication September
20, 1919.

ERNEST W. VIETTE,
Executor of said Estate.
Address 960 Empire Building, Seattle.
JOHN F. REED,
Attorney for Estate, 960 Empire
Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub Sept 20, 1919 4t Oct 11


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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. VIII. NO. 44.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1919.

PRICE 10 CENTS

MUNICIPAL NOTES

By Fred W. Catlett

The so-called zoning ordinance prepared by Corporation Counsel Meier will probably be introduced in the city council at its Monday meeting. If the press reports of its contents be accurate, it is much more than a zoning ordinance, as the commission which it creates will be authorized to recommend to the city council plans and suggestions "concerning the laying out, widening, extending, parking and improving of streets, sidewalks and boulevards; the location of public improvements; the relief of traffic congestion; the betterment of housing and sanitary conditions; and the establishing of zones or districts in which the use of property and the character of business transacted and the use, height and bulk of buildings and structures are limited; and in general it shall be its duty to make a study of and propose such measures as may be advisable for the promotion of the public interests, health, morals, safety, comfort, convenience and welfare of said city and the inhabitants thereof."

The proposed commission is to consist of the mayor, the city engineer, the superintendent of buildings, a member of the Park Board and seven other citizens to be appointed by the mayor. The corporation counsel is to be ex-officio legal adviser to the body. Members of the commission will be unpaid.

A committee of the League will undoubtedly report upon this ordinance, and it is to be hoped that the League will be represented upon the citizen membership of the commission.

* * *

Following a conference of the heads of the departments of city

government interested, it was announced that the city ordinances designed to prevent congestion in the aisles, lobbies and vestibules of theatres will be hereafter strictly enforced. This is doubtless proper. It does not justify, however, the action of which at least one moving picture theater in this city has been guilty more than once, in keeping a long line of people waiting upon the sidewalk while there were many vacant seats in the theater. That is too evidently an attempt to use its patrons as a living advertisement for the particular film being produced.

* * *

The dispute concerning the seniority rights of the trainmen on the municipal street railway system who were formerly employees of the traction company and those who were employees of the old municipal lines was sent back by the Public Utilities Council to Superintendent Murphine for decision. Superintendent Murphine decided it once, but his decision was not acceptable to the former employees of the traction com-



OUR REGULAR MEETING WILL BE HELD Tuesday, October 28, 1919.

MEVE'S CAFETERIA—SECOND AND SENECA

LT. COL. D. C. HALL

Dean of Physical Education, University of Washington

WITH THE ITALIAN ARMIES ON THE AUSTRIAN FRONT"

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pany.

* * *

That the municipal traction lines are having great difficulty in securing sufficient revenue is frankly acknowledged by Superintendent Murphine and he is endeavoring, by minor changes, to avoid the increase of fares. The latest proposal to limit the free transportation on the car lines to "children in arms, instead of children to five years of age, was

(Continued on page 2)

NEW LEAGUE SECRETARY

At the regular meeting of the Board of Trustees Wednesday, October 22nd, Eimon L. Wiener was elected secretary of the League to fill the vacancy caused by the untimely death of Harry B. Nelson.

Mr. Wiener is a former student of the University of Minnesota and a graduate of the law school of the University of Washington with the class of 1915.

The office of the league will remain as formerly, 510 Central Building. Telephone Main 476

TUESDAY'S MEETING

By Edgar J. Wright.

The Tuesday meeting of the league was made interesting by a talk from W. B. Van Valin who discussed the life and habitat of the Esquimox. Mr. Van Valin has spent some years at Point Barrow and holds in considerable esteem the inventiveness and resourcefulness of the natives acquired from years of making a living under most rigorous conditions. They have been known to exist for a year on the ice field with no food except that obtained by their harpoons or guns and no heat except from a fire of blubber. Their methods of trapping game are so ingenious that they have been copied by the white man and are in use in the States. East of Point Barrow Mr. Van Valin has located flowing oil wells and a lake of oil and will recommend to the Department of the Interior that the supply be conserved and developed for the use of the natives whose supply of fuel is very limited. The policy of the government in permitting the indiscriminate slaughtering of seal and walrus was criticized as it is so depleting the food supply of the Esquimox that starvation seems imminent. Among the relics which Van Valin is taking East with him are the remains of a village buried under the ice for centuries.

This address was preceded by an appeal from Rabbi Koch for a complete registration of citizens preceding the school of election. Vice-President Carl J. Smith offered resolutions of condolence to the family of our deceased Secretary Harry B. Nelson and the same were adopted by rising vote. The reverend Roy H. Campbell of Pilgrim Congregational Church gave us a stirring ten

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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1915 First Avenue Telephone Main 6282

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James T. Lawler, 908 White Bldg., Main 89
Secretary.....Harry B. Nelson, 510 Central Bldg., Main 476
Treasurer.....Alexander Myers, 2nd and Union, Main 5883
The Board of Trustees meets at 12:15 Wednesday at Northold Inn.
Honorary Auditors.....Smith, Robertson & Moorehouse
Committee Chairmen and Trustees—

TRUSTEES

Terms Expire May, 1920
Rev. J. E. Crowther, D. D.
J. D. Blackwell
Robert Howes
Albro Gardner, Jr.
M. H. VanNuys
Terms Expire May, 1921
Fred W. Catlett
Walter S. Johnson
L. D. Lewis
Frank P. Helsell
Edgar J. Wright
Arthur H. Hutchinson, Ex-officio Trustee

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minute appeal for better Americanism giving as the keynote of his talk that no one can be classed as a true American who having studied the history of our country, the lives of our famous men and the fundamental documents upon which our government is based, does not thoroughly believe that the rule by majority is the best plan of government yet conceived by human beings.

RESOLUTION ON DEATH OF HARRY B. NELSON

WHEREAS it has pleased an all wise and beneficent Providence to remove from this physical sphere and from among us our faithful secretary and co-worker, Harry B. Nelson, and

WHEREAS he did by his sterling character and sunny disposition contribute much to the success of the work of the Municipal League and to make our meetings constructive and interesting, and

WHEREAS, we shall all miss his presence from our meetings and feel the loss of his unselfish work in the community, Be it

RESOLVED by the members of the Municipal League in regular meeting assembled that we feel deeply the demise of our dear brother and the taking away of such a young and promising life from a busy world which stands in so much need of noble and strong manhood like his. Be it further

RESOLVED that we tender our

heartfelt sympathy and condolence to his wife, child and father in their hour of bereavement. Be it further

RESOLVED that these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of this meeting and be published, and a copy thereof, duly engrossed, transmitted to the decedent's family.

Dated this 21st day of October, 1919.

ARTHUR H. HUTCHINSON
FRED W. CATLETT
CARL J. SMITH

Committee

MEMBERSHIP DUES

Those members who have not paid the present year's dues are requested to send in their checks as soon as possible. These funds will be needed to properly start off the winter's work.

Statements have been mailed to all members but if one has not reached you call the secretary at Main 476, and another will be sent.

The amount of each member's dues is small but the aggregate means the League's existence.

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MUNICIPAL NOTES

(Continued from page 1)

accepted by the City Utilities Committee, and, in the form of an ordinance, will now go before the City Council for passage.

* * *

The Daylight Saving plan comes to an end Sunday morning. It was introduced in March, 1918, largely as a war measure, but was repealed last summer over the veto of President Wilson. Although it was opposed by several interests, particularly the farmers, we believe that the plan was on the whole of great benefit, and we agree with the president in regretting its repeal.

* * *

Charges that the work on the Skagit project was being done at excessive cost were tabled by the City Utilities Committee of the council at its meeting last Thursday. The controversy brought out some interesting figures concerning the work. According to the report by Mr. Dimock, City Engineer, the total amount appropriated by the city council up to October 1st, 1919, was \$633,900.00, of which \$212,339.94 had been spent, leaving a balance of \$421,560.06. Most of this balance is to be used in constructing a road and saw mill. Of the amount spent approximately \$35,000.00 went for surveys for the dam sites. This included \$8,000.00 for operating a boarding house, \$11,000.00 for the pay roll and \$3,400.00 for tools and equipment. The Diamond drilling operations at Gorge Creek have cost nearly \$79,000.00, the drilling at Ruby Creek nearly \$37,000.00. At Gorge Creek the drilling has totaled 8929 feet and at Ruby Creek 3443 feet.

* * *

No member of the League should fail to see that he is properly registered so as to be entitled to vote at the forthcoming school and port election.

It was announced earlier in the week that Mr. George H. Walker, a member of the League, has agreed to stand for election to the Board of Education. Mr. Walker is doubtless well known to most of the members of the League and to those he needs no recommendation. To any others it may be said that in our judgment no better man could be se-

cured for the place than Mr. Walker. He is a candidate for the position left vacant by the expiration of the term of Mr. Nathan Eckstein, who refuses to be a candidate again.

For the Port Board Mr. W. S. Lincoln will be a candidate to succeed himself. So far we have heard of no other candidate for that position. Mr. Lincoln has been connected with the Port work, either as auditor or member of the Board, for several years and should be unusually familiar with its problems and the details of the work. In accepting the position on the Commission Mr. Lincoln made a financial sacrifice, which should recommend him to the consideration of the voters.

* * *

At a meeting of the legislative Committee of the State Association of County Auditors on Thursday, County Auditor Wardall emphasized the loss to the county through the use of the warrant system. He stated that on the first of the month there was a cash balance in the county banks to the credit of the county of \$1,600,000.00, on which the county was receiving 2 per cent interest, and on that very same day he issued current expense warrants amounting to \$125,000.00, which were stamped "Not paid for want of funds." These warrants bear 5 per cent interest until called and mean a net loss to the county of 3 per cent. Most of them go immediately to the banks where the county money is being kept. Mr. Wardall recommends a revolving fund for the county, which he says would have saved King County in 1918 \$30,219.00. Mr. Wardall also suggested a unit plan of taxation in the county for schools and the abolition of the district system of administration. He thought that, instead of having 500 men in King County attempting to administer the rural schools, one board could manage the whole with 100 per cent more efficiency.

* * *

Mayor Fitzgerald has again urged the creation at the spring election of a police commission to take over the conduct of the police department. This matter has been several times considered by committees of the League and the proposal disapproved. The

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main argument against the commission has been the diffusion of responsibility which it permits. If the commission be appointed by the mayor, it is still subject to his dictation, and if it be elective, as is generally advocated, the question of police administration is made an issue in every municipal campaign.

Disapproval of the proposal before, however, is no reason why the question should not be re-examined in the light of present-day conditions. The mayor urges in its favor that it would relieve the mayor of a good deal of disagreeable work, which is true, and we are not surprised that the mayor should prefer to have the problem of police administration of so large a city as this taken from his shoulders. He certainly has plenty to do without it, but the recent tendency in municipal government has been rather toward a concentration of authority and reduction tended to secure more efficiency. We should, therefore, think twice before committing ourselves to the proposal of a police commission.

* * *

A spontaneous movement is under way in Seattle for the creation of an organization devoted entirely to the defense of American principles and the American form of government, and to challenging at every and all times the

propaganda of the Red and the Bolshevik. This group of citizens will hold an organization meeting, probably at the Masonic Club Rooms in the Arcade Annex, next Thursday, October 30th, for purposes of perfecting the organization, adopting a constitution and electing officers.

All members of the Municipal League ought to be members of this new organization and are invited as American citizens to be present at the meeting next Thursday.

* * *

FRED W. CATLETT
Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington County of King In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of G. Larson, Deceased. No. 23035. Notice of Fearing of Final Report and Petition for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that J. Warren Richardson as administrator of the estate of G. Larson has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his Final Report and Petition for Distribution asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to persons thereto entitled and to discharge said J. Warren Richardson, and that said Report and Petition will be heard on the 13th day of November, 1919, at 9:30 o'clock A. M., at the court room of the Probate Department of said Court.
Dated this 14th day of October, 1919.
Date of first publication in the Municipal News, October 18, 1919.

PERCY F. THOMAS,
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. GORDON, Deputy.
FRED W. CATLETT, Attorney for Estate, 613 Hoge Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
4t Nov 8

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ARTHUR H. HUTCHINSON
Attorney 510 Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County Mamie Rose Hughes, Plaintiff, vs. Hollis Alfred Hughes, Defendant. Summons for Publication. No. 138031.
The State of Washington to the said Hollis Alfred Hughes, Defendant:
You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: Within sixty days after the 20th day of September, 1919, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is to secure a decree of divorce on the grounds of abandonment and non-support for a period of more than a year last past.

ARTHUR A. HUTCHINSON,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
P. O. Address 510 Central Bldg., Seattle, King County, Washington.
First pub Sept 20, 1919 7t-No 1

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Andrew H. Taylor, Deceased. No. 26152.
Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Executrix of the estate of Andrew H. Taylor, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Executrix or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication October 25, 1919.

ANNIE L. TAYLOR,
Executrix of said Estate.
Address 960 Empire Bldg. Seattle, Wash.
JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate,
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
4 t Nov 13

HORACE A. WILSON
Attorney 425 Lyon Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Julia Soderlund, deceased. No. 26007.
Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as executor of the estate of Julia Soderlund, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased or against said estate are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said executor or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication September 30, 1919.

E. A. SODERLUND,
Executor of said Estate.
Address 425 Lyon Building.
HORACE A. WILSON,
Attorney for Estate, 425 Lyon Building, Seattle Wash.
First pub Sept 20, 1919 4t Oct 11

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SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

ARTHUR H. HUTCHINSON
Attorney 510 Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Carroll
D. Montgomery, formerly Carroll D.
Carmody, a minor. No. 10049.

Notice of the Sale of Real Estate.
Pursuant to order of sale duly en-
tered in the above entitled court and
proceeding, Notice is Hereby Given that
the undersigned, Charles T. Suter as
guardian of the estate of Carroll D.
Montgomery, a minor, will sell at pri-
vate sale for cash on or before the
8th day of November, 1919, all the fol-
lowing described land in King County,
State of Washington, to-wit:

South fifty-two (52) feet of Lot Six
(6) Block Ten (10) Mercer's Addition
to North Seattle, known as the Oh-
nick homestead, together with improve-
ments thereon

that bids or offers therefor must be in
writing and may be left at the office
of Arthur H. Hutchinson, attorney for
the said guardian at his office at 510
Central Building, Seattle, Washington
or may be delivered to the undersigned
personally or may be filed in the office
of the Clerk of the above entitled court
at any time after the first publication
of this notice and before the making of
the said sale.

That the said property will be sold
subject to confirmation of the above en-
titled court, ten per cent of amount
bid or offered to accompany bid and
balance to be payable on confirmation
of sale.

CHARLES T. SUTER,
Guardian of the estate of Carroll D.
Montgomery, a minor.
Date of first publication October 25,
1919.

3t Nov 8

JAMES W. REYNOLDS
Attorney 301-3 Burke Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for King
County.

In the Matter of the Herrick-Fair-
mount Company, a corporation.
No. 138928. Notice of Hearing on
Petition to Disincorporate.

Notice is hereby given that the Her-
rick-Fairmount Company, a corporation
duly organized and existing under and
by virtue of the laws of the State of
Washington has filed in the above en-
titled Court its petition asking that it
be dissolved and disincorporated as pro-
vided by law and that said petition will
come on for hearing in the Superior
Court of the State of Washington with-
in King County in Department No. 1
of the said Court at the King County
Courthouse in the City of Seattle in
King County Washington, at 9:30
o'clock a. m. on the 22nd day of De-
cember 1919.

In Witness Whereof I have hereunto
set my hand and official seal this the
24th day of October, 1919.

(Seal) **PERCY F. THOMAS,**
County Clerk and ex-officio of the Su-
perior Court of King County, Wn.

By **W. T. HATT,** Deputy.
JAMES W. REYNOLDS, Attorney for
Petitioner, 301-3 Burke Bldg., Seattle,
Wash.

Date of first publication October 25,
1919.

JAMES W. REYNOLDS—Attorney
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for King
County.

John W. Doy, Plaintiff, vs. Minnie
Doy, Defendant. No. Sum-
mons.
State of Washington to Minnie Doy,
Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty days after the date of the
first publication of this summons, to-
wit: within sixty days after September
13th, 1919, and defend the above en-
titled action in the above entitled court
and answer the complaint of the plain-
tiff herein and serve a copy of your
answer upon the undersigned attorney
for the plaintiff at his office below
stated; and in case of your failure so
to do judgment will be rendered against
you, according to the demand of the
complaint herein which has been filed
with the Clerk of the said court.

The object and purpose of the above
entitled action is to obtain a decree of
divorce by the plaintiff from the de-
fendant.

JAMES W. REYNOLDS,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
Post Office Address, 301-3 Burke Bldg.,
Seattle, Washington.
First pub Sept 13, 1919. 7t Oct 25

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. VIII. NO. 45.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1919.

PRICE 10 CENTS

MUNICIPAL NOTES

By Fred W. Catlett

The Streets and Sewers Committee of the city council recommended that the ordinance providing for the appointment of a city zoning commission be considered and discussed by the city council in a meeting of a committee of the whole. The action of the Streets and Sewers Committee is proper. The matter of city zoning is of sufficient importance to merit thorough discussion. The League should have a representative present at the proposed meeting of the committee of the whole.

* * *

An ordinance has been drafted by the corporation counsel's office, to be presented to the city council, making it unlawful to "exhibit or display or to permit the exhibition or display of, in front of or in the lobby or entrance of, any theatre or place where moving pictures are exhibited, any advertising matter, whether in form of notice, handbill, poster, bill, circular, pamphlet, picture, letter or placard, which contains any assertion, representation, statement of fact or display which is untrue, deceptive or misleading, or which misrepresents in whole or in part the character, nature or extent of the entertainment or moving picture provided or displayed within the premises, or which contains any feature of an obscene, indecent or immoral nature, or which portrays a scene of violence in gruesome or revolting manner or detail, or which is offensive to the moral sense or tends to corrupt public morals."

The ordinance provides also that "it shall be the duty of the board of theatre censors to assist in the enforcement of the ordinance and for such purpose

this board or any member thereof may investigate any and all theatres and moving picture theatres and shall have the right to demand to inspect, for the purpose of approval or disapproval, any and all advertising matter pertaining thereto or intended to be shown in respect to the same; and it shall be unlawful upon such demand to fail, refuse or neglect to forthwith permit such inspection; and it shall be unlawful to use or exhibit any advertising matter after such advertising matter has been disapproved in writing by the board."

* * *

In our judgment an ordinance of this character and strict enforcement thereof has long been needed in this city. The advertisements of performances have at times been questionable in character and often quite misleading. The character of the advertising which, in the judgment of the shrewd theatre advertising man, "gets the crowd" is a sad commentary upon the weakness of human nature of many of us.

The movie is a tremendous educational force among us at



OUR REGULAR MEETING WILL BE HELD

Tuesday, November 4, 1919.

MEVE'S CAFETERIA—SECOND AND SENECA

THE SPEAKER WILL BE

Mr. Samuel Hill

who has just recently returned from an extended European Tour of Investigation

the present time. Properly directed it can be of incalculable value. Unfortunately we are permitting it to take its own course, which is dictated largely by the receipts at the box office. The effect of the presentation of the films now being produced ought to be carefully studied. Our own impression is that in general they are not bad in the sense that they are indecent or obscene. There is too much of the problem play to be sure. But perhaps the most general criticism that can be made is that they are so frequently weak, trashy and melodramatic. The general taste of the people is certainly not being elevated.

We would like to see a committee of the League really make a study of the films presented in this city during one month, and make a report of the facts found and the conclusions to be drawn.

* * *

Counsel for the Seattle Port Commission has advised it that existing harbor area lines on Lake Washington cannot be extended without special action by

(Continued on page 2)

TUESDAY'S MEETING

Lieut. Col. D. C. Hall, now health officer of the University of Washington, delivered a splendid address before the Municipal League at its last meeting, in which he vigorously maintained the Italian side of the Fiume question, after first giving a short history of the Italian war operations, and the important part it played in the winning of the world war. Italy, according to Dr. Hall, entered the war to fight for the oppressed Italians under the Austrian yoke, and since, Fiume, like Trieste, was largely Italian, why they reasoned should not Italy be entitled to it?

Since Italy has no harbors to speak of, said Hall, and Fiume being practically the only harbor on the Adriatic, it felt that it should be entitled to it; moreover, there is no reason, he stated, for awarding Fiume to the Jugo-Slavs, the backbone of the late Austrian army, and the arch enemies of the Italian people. Italy wants no hinterland. It wants the "key to the front door"—the control of the Adriatic. This was its chief war aim; the literature of their poets and writers spurred them to the attainment of this ideal, and there was the keenest disappointment felt everywhere in Italy at the action of the Peace conference. According to Dr. Hall, the war for the Italians is not finished. The people are hoping that the king will take their side in regaining Fiume, and, as the king is very democratic it is likely he will.

DID YOU KNOW?

That Texas is to have a woman deputy state labor commissioner?

That an Indiana bookkeeper has succeeded in breeding a race of stingless bees?

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

Published Weekly by the
MUNICIPAL LEAGUE OF SEATTLE
1915 First Avenue Telephone Main 6282

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.....James T. Lawler, 908 White Bldg., Main 89
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Treasurer.....Alexander Myers, 2nd and Union, Main 5883
The Board of Trustees meets at 12:15 Wednesday at Northold Inn.
Honorary Auditors.....Smith, Robertson & Moorehouse
Committee Chairman and Trustees.....

Terms Expire May, 1920

Rev. J. E. Crowther, D. D.
J. D. Blackwell
Robert Howes
Albro Gardner, Jr.
M. H. VanNuys

Terms Expire May, 1921

Fred W. Catlett
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Frank P. Helsell
Edgar J. Wright
Arthur H. Hutchinson, Ex-officio Trustee

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

CONSTITUTIONAL GOVERNMENT LEAGUE ORGANIZED

The Constitutional Government League, Seattle center, was organized last Thursday noon at the Masonic Club Rooms. As stated in its constitution, the objects of the league are: First, to promote a better understanding and a keener interest of the fundamentals of the government of the United States of America.

Second, to secure a higher standard of the performance of the duties of American citizenship;

Third, to defend American institutions against foreign and domestic revolutionaries;

Fourth, to support our public officials in the enforcement of law and order.

ANTI-RENT PROFITEERING ORDINANCE

The proposed Kennedy Anti-rent Profiteering ordinance was hotly debated before the city council committee Wednesday. The council chamber was literally packed with persons who took every means of displaying their pleasure or displeasure at the remarks of the various speakers. Otto Rupp, speaking for the Real Estate Association, stated that rents were not higher in Seattle than the increased cost of labor and materials justified. He said that the income of the local apartment house owners was as low as one-half of one per cent to as high as only seven

and a half per cent. The Tenants Association, represented by counsel, brought arguments to the effect that the present high rents were due largely to speculation in leases, uncurbed by the owners. The committee held another session Saturday morning.

Word has reached us from Atlantic City that the foundation of an international organization of business men was laid at that city at the meeting of the International Trade Conference which has just ended its sessions. Four commercial missions, one each from Great Britain, France, Italy, and Belgium, joined with representatives of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States in planning the organization.

At this meeting it developed that the whole final problem of European rehabilitation and readjustment of world trade devolved upon the United States to extend to Europe some \$2,000,000,000 of credits in a single year. The Credit and Finance Committee of the organization is in favor of extending this credit.

COUSE OF BOLSHEVISM

The following is a portion of an article which appeared in the Wall Street Journal in a recent issue:

What causes Bolshevism? The question was asked this newspaper by a man who said he had never yet been able to find a satisfactory answer. In Chapter XXVI of C. W. Barron's "Peace Finance" is a short but cogent

analysis of Bolshevism, in which it is traced to the "false teaching of international socialism as expounded by Heinrich Karl Marx," and further says:

"Marx died in 1882, but his work moves on. It has permeated the whole of Europe, and is fighting insidiously through strikes and socialistic organizations for recognition in the United States and the overthrow of American Democracy, to be succeeded by the autocracy of those who claim to lead the world's muscle workers."

MUNICIPAL NOTES

the state legislature and that, in view of a recent Supreme Court decision, the Port should remain within the bond limit of three per cent of the valuation of property according to the assessment rolls of the district.

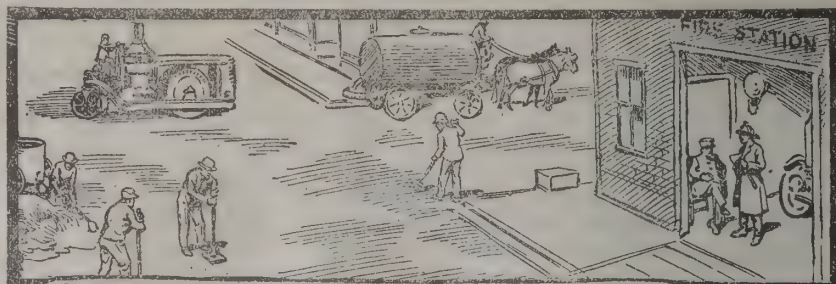
The latter portion of this advice will delay the issuance of bonds for an additional pier at Smith's Cove.

Attention of members of the

League who are not registered should be called again to the necessity for registration at once. The vote at the school and Port elections has in the past been exceedingly low. Fortunately, and quite providentially, so far as we can see, the result of the school elections has generally been satisfactory, but, as has been said many times, Providence generally helps those who help themselves; and the citizen who believes that the schools and the Port, particularly the schools, ought not to be placed in the control of any party or any class group should not fail to do his full duty as a citizen in voting, in seeing that other qualified members of his family vote, and in urging his neighbors and acquaintances to vote.

* * *

There are many of us who believe we are sincere friends of labor, who yet have viewed with very considerable apprehension the course of labor, particularly here in the Northwest, in taking up and pressing at every opportunity the doctrine of class consciousness.



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You who demand better streets, better sidewalks, better police and fire protection—are you doing your part towards such improvement? Not if you send money out of town—money that would have just as much buying power at home.

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About two years ago the writer of these notes had occasion to exchange communications with Mr. James A. Duncan and then expressed his dissent from the doctrines of class consciousness and his apprehension that the teaching of such doctrines would inevitable lead to a sharp stratification of our people, to bitter conflict between the groups and even to armed conflict and dis-

ruption of our government.

We think that the developments since that time have tended to show the correctness of these views. We have not lost our faith in labor organization, but it does seem to us that the safety of the state and of the government requires the rejection by organized labor of the doctrine of class consciousness and all that it entails and the end of all such teaching.

That the Romans used the first newspaper?

FRED W. CATLETT
 Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington County of King
 In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of G. Larson, Deceased. No. 23035. Notice of Hearing of Final Report and Petition for Distribution.
 Notice is hereby given that J. Warren Richardson as administrator of the estate of G. Larson has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his Final Report and Petition for Distribution asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to persons thereto entitled and to discharge said J. Warren Richardson, and that said Report and Petition will be heard on the 13th day of November, 1919, at 9:30 o'clock A. M., at the court room of the Probate Department of said Court.
 Dated this 14th day of October, 1919.
 Date of first publication in the Municipal News, October 18, 1919.
PERCY F. THOMAS,
 Clerk of said Court.
 By H. C. GORDON, Deputy.
FRED W. CATLETT, Attorney for Estate, 613 Hoge Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
 4t Nov 8

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ARTHUR H. HUTCHINSON
 Attorney 510 Central Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for King County
 Mamie Rose Hughes, Plaintiff, vs. Hollis Alfred Hughes, Defendant. Summons for Publication. No. 138031.
 The State of Washington to the said Hollis Alfred Hughes, Defendant:
 You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: Within sixty days after the 20th day of September, 1919, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is to secure a decree of divorce on the grounds of abandonment and non-support for a period of more than a year last past.

ARTHUR A. HUTCHINSON,
 Attorney for Plaintiff,
 P. O. Address 510 Central Bldg., Seattle, King County, Washington.
 First pub Sept 20, 1919 7t-No 1

JOHN F. REED
 Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for King County
 In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Andrew H. Taylor, Deceased. No. 26152.
 Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Executrix of the estate of Andrew H. Taylor, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Executrix or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
 Date of first publication October 25, 1919.

ANNIE L. TAYLOR,
 Executrix of said Estate.
 Address 960 Empire Bldg, Seattle, Wash.
JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate,
 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
 4 t Nov 15

ARTHUR H. HUTCHINSON
 Attorney 510 Central Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for the County of King.

In the Matter of the Estate of Florence E. Clancy, Deceased. No. 26229. Notice of Application for Letters of Administration.

Notice is hereby given that Arthur H. Hutchinson has filed in the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for the County of King, a petition, praying that letters of Administration be issued to him upon the estate of Florence E. Clancy, Deceased, and that Friday, the 7th day of November, 1919, at 9:30 o'clock A. M., of said day, at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Superior Court, has been set for hearing said petition.

Witness, the Hon. A. W. FRATER,
 Judge of said Superior Court, and the Seal of said Court hereunto affixed this 27th day of October, 1919.

(Seal) **PERCY F. THOMAS,** Clerk.
 By **GEO. L. BERGER,**
 Deputy Clerk.

Pub. Nov. 1, 1919.

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MEMBERSHIP DUES

Those members who have not paid the present year's dues are requested to send in their checks as soon as possible. These funds will be needed to properly start off the winter's work.

Statements have been mailed to all members but if one has not reached you call the secretary at Main 476, and another will be sent.

The amount of each member's dues is small but the aggregate means the League's existence.

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ARTHUR H. HUTCHINSON
Attorney 510 Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Carroll D. Montgomery, formerly Carroll D. Carmody, a minor. No. 10049.

Notice of the Sale of Real Estate.

Pursuant to order of sale duly entered in the above entitled court and proceeding, Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Charles T. Suter as guardian of the estate of Carroll D. Montgomery, a minor, will sell at private sale for cash on or before the 8th day of November, 1919, all the following described land in King County, State of Washington, to-wit:

South fifty-two (52) feet of Lot Six (6) Block Ten (10) Mercer's Addition to North Seattle, known as the Oh-nick homestead, together with improvements thereon

that bids or offers therefor must be in writing and may be left at the office of Arthur H. Hutchinson, attorney for the said guardian at his office at 510 Central Building, Seattle, Washington or may be delivered to the undersigned personally or may be filed in the office of the Clerk of the above entitled court at any time after the first publication of this notice and before the making of the said sale.

That the said property will be sold subject to confirmation of the above entitled court, ten per cent of amount bid or offered to accompany bid and balance to be payable on confirmation of sale.

CHARLES T. SUTER,
Guardian of the estate of Carroll D. Montgomery, a minor.

Date of first publication October 25, 1919.

3t Nov 8

JAMES W. REYNOLDS
Attorney 301-3 Burke Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for King County.

In the Matter of the Herrick-Fairmount Company, a corporation.
No. 138928. Notice of Hearing on Petition to Disincorporate.

Notice is hereby given that the Herrick-Fairmount Company, a corporation duly organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Washington has filed in the above entitled Court its petition asking that it be dissolved and disincorporated as provided by law and that said petition will come on for hearing in the Superior Court of the State of Washington within King County in Department No. 1 of the said Court at the King County Courthouse in the City of Seattle in King County Washington, at 9:30 o'clock a. m. on the 22nd day of December 1919.

In Witness Whereof I have hereunto set my hand and official seal this the 24th day of October, 1919.

(Seal) **PERCY F. THOMAS,**
County Clerk and ex-officio of the Superior Court of King County, Wn.

By **W. T. HATT,** Deputy.
JAMES W. REYNOLDS, Attorney for Petitioner, 301-3 Burke Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

Date of first publication October 25, 1919.

JAMES W. REYNOLDS—Attorney
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for King County.

John W. Doy, Plaintiff, vs. Minnie Doy, Defendant. No. Summons.

State of Washington to Minnie Doy, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty days after September 13th, 1919, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court and answer the complaint of the plaintiff herein and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for the plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint herein which has been filed with the Clerk of the said court.

The object and purpose of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree of divorce by the plaintiff from the defendant.

JAMES W. REYNOLDS,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

Post Office Address, 301-3 Burke Bldg., Seattle, Washington.

First pub Sept 13, 1919. 7t Oct 25

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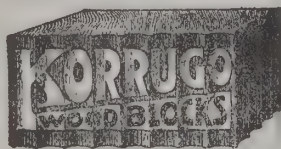
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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. VIII. NO. 46.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1919.

PRICE 10 CENTS

TUESDAY'S MEETING

SAMUEL HILL'S ADDRESS

That Seattle should stand for the "open door" policy with Japan, China and other Asiatic countries was asserted by Samuel Hill in an address to the League at its meeting Tuesday noon. Without the trade from these countries, Seattle can never become a really great city, he maintained.

Enumerating the vast resources of Russia, which he said are not commonly understood by the people of this country, Mr. Hill declared it of vital importance to the people of the United States to promote friendly relations with the Russian people who, he said, feel very kindly towards Americans. Unlimited opportunities for commercial expansion would accrue to the United States, he said if intelligent and sympathetic efforts were put forth to help Russia and its distressed people.

Deploring the attitude of many citizens, particularly those of the Pacific Coast, towards the Japanese, Mr. Hill pointed out the dangers involved in discrimination against these people. In Japan, he explained, there is a war party and a peace party. With the signing of the armistice, the peace party came into power. Should friction between that country and the United States be brought about, the war party would be forced into power in Japan and a coalition of that country, Russia and Germany would result, menacing the peace of the world and particularly endangering the United States.

Discussing conditions in Europe as he observed them during a recent tour, Mr. Hill said he found everywhere an organized attempt on the part of Germany to oppose the United States. Especial efforts to turn to their



OUR REGULAR MEETING WILL BE HELD

Tuesday, November 11, 1919.

MEVE'S CAFETERIA—SECOND AND SENECA
(Armistice Day)

The Speaker will be
LOUIS NASH,
Vice-President of the Constitutional Government
League

His subject is
"WHAT LABOR SEEKS"

advantage the situation in Russia is also being made by the Germans, he said. The Russian language is being taught in Germany and systematic plans being worked out to exploit that country.

Mr. Hill stated Seattle was the best paved, best lighted, and best drained city in the world. He said it would take one hundred million of dollars to bring Portland up to where Seattle is now in that respect, and that it would take twice as much for San Francisco.

The speaker stated that we are five years behind in production. "Spend less and save more; get the people back to the land", urged Mr. Hill. He closed by saying, "we here in Seattle have every opportunity to make this city the greatest on the Pacific Coast."

Mr. F. W. Bert, chairman of City Development Committee, read the report of the committee on the public market, which appeared in the News, October 18th. The report was unanimously adopted. A copy of the report has been sent to the city council.

Mr. Carl J. Smith, reporting for the Public Safety Committee, stated that the committee had approved the Reid resolution. The resolution passed by unanimous vote. It is as follows:

Whereas, Ordinance No. 36299 of the City of Seattle provides that a clear passage be maintained at all times between the auditorium of all theatres and other places of public assembly, and the street and,

Whereas, the evasion of the provisions of said ordinance by many moving picture theatres who permitted large crowds to assemble in front of their main exits completely blocking egress from said theatres seriously menaced the public health, and safety in case of fire and

Whereas, until recently the Chief executives of the City have permitted such evasion and disregard of said ordinance contrary to the advice of officials specifically charged with the enforcement of the law, and

Whereas, Mayor Fitzgerald has recently issued instructions

(Continued on page 2)

MUNICIPAL NOTES

By Fred W. Catlett

The Board of Trustees had its usual weekly meeting last Wednesday. The proposed ordinance prohibiting aliens from engaging in any occupation which requires a license was referred to the Americanization Committee for investigation and consideration.

* * *

The question of requiring the municipal street railway to bear the expense of paving between tracks was called to the particular attention of the Public Utilities Committee.

* * *

Cognizance was taken of the fight being waged at the present time to make Seattle an open-shop town. The trustees voted that a resolution should be prepared and presented to the League on Tuesday and the question of its adoption opened up for discussion.

Most of the business organizations of the city have lined up behind the movement for the open-shop. Whether the Municipal League, as primarily a good government organization, should take part in the contest is a question for the membership to decide. We should not permit ourselves to be carried away by any particular publicity campaign or agitation. On the other hand, if the question of the open or closed shop in Seattle is within the scope of the League purposes, it ought to take some clearly defined stand. This is no time for pussy-footing, but for courageous, plain speaking. The Municipal League is not the tail of any business organization's kite and has not been requested by anybody or any organization to discuss this matter or act upon it. It is, however, one of the vital live questions of the day, coming before the League in a perfectly

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

Published Weekly by the
MUNICIPAL LEAGUE OF SEATTLE
1915 First Avenue Telephone Main 6282

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.....James T. Lawler, 908 White Bldg., Main 89
Secretary.....Eimon L. Wiener, 510 Central Bldg., Main 476
Treasurer.....Alexander Myers, 2nd and Union, Main 5383
The Board of Trustees meets at 12:15 Wednesday at Northold Inn.
Honorary Auditors.....Smith, Robertson & Moorehouse
Committee Chairmen and Trustees—

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Albro Gardner, Jr.
M. H. VanNuys
Arthur H. Hutchinson, Ex-officio Trustee

Terms Expire May, 1921
Fred W. Catlett
Walter S. Johnson
L. D. Lewis
Frank P. Helsell
Edgar J. Wright

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

proper manner. The League must be prepared to act upon all vital questions promptly, intelligently and as impartially as our human nature permits.

* * *

At the city election held in Spokane last Tuesday the voters, according to the unofficial returns, defeated by 39 votes an advisory resolution proposing that the city acquire and operate a hydro-electric power plant. At the same time a proposed charter amendment increasing the salaries of the city commissioners from \$3600.00 to \$5000.00 per year was defeated.

* * *

If you have not registered and see this reminder in time, be sure and complete your registration for the school election. Monday is your last day. For the Port election you have until November 15th. The school election will be held on December 2nd and the Port election December 6th. Set those days down in your memory and don't forget to vote.

* * *

The Triple Alliance is taking a referendum vote to determine its nominees. The attempt to introduce partisanship, and in particular, class partisanship, into the school board and Port Commission should be emphatically rebuked. Both bodies have been in the past and are supposed to be non-partisan. The public welfare demands, especially at the present time, that all these attempts by classes in the community to dominate the general public in the interest of these

particular classes should be defeated. Our public governmental agencies should be conducted for the common benefit of the common weal and the common good, phrases which used to be of considerable power in the ranks of those who have now apparently forgotten them in the selfish endeavor to secure control for the benefit of themselves or their particular group. No individual who binds himself in advance to follow the behest of any particular organization can be safely elected to any public office. In the case of the school and Port elections now before us the only practical way to secure proper results is for all those who hold such views as we have just expressed, and in spite of the good qualities of some other candidates, to combine and vote, and use all their influence to secure others to vote, for George H. Walker and George J. Santmyer for the School Board and W. S. Lincoln for the Port Commission.

The views just expressed are personal to the writer. The Board of Trustees of the League has authorized the appointment of a candidates' investigating committee to investigate the qualifications of all those seeking places on the School Board or the Port Commission and report.

TUESDAYS MEETING

(Continued from page 1)

to the Fire, Police and Health Departments to rigidly enforce said ordinance and

Whereas, Since the issuance

of said instructions the menace to the health and comfort of the people by reason of the crowding of theatre entrances has been entirely abated, be it

Resolved That the Municipal League strongly endorses the action of the Mayor in the premises and be it further

Resolved that this resolution be published in the Municipal News and a copy thereof be forwarded to Mayor Fitzgerald, and the press.

PROPOSED RESOLUTION

By order of the Board of Trustees, the following resolution will be proposed, discussed, and may be voted upon at Tuesday's meeting. If you have an opinion about it be there to express it.

Resolution

Be it resolved by the Municipal League of Seattle, that the following be its declaration of principles applicant to the present industrial and business situation in Seattle:

1. Absolute fairness to employe and employer alike is one of the foundation principles on which Americanism rests.

2. The Municipal League of Seattle will work for the improvement of industrial relations, the elimination of class prejudice, which generally results from misunderstandings, and the establishment of equitable and uniform conditions fair alike to employe and employer.

3. It will always use its influence in opposition to injustice, whether practiced by employers or employees.

4. It stands for the American Plan, which means absolute fairness to all classes of workers whether union or nonunion. It unalterably opposes the "closed shop" which shuts the doors of industry against the American working man who is not a member of a labor organization.

5. It is un-American to interfere with the personal rights and constitutional liberties of the individual. Therefore, it opposes the use of force or intimidation by anyone endeavoring to persuade another either, to join, or to resign from a labor organization.

6. It holds that both the employe and employer are privileged to determine their relations whenever either chooses to do so, un-

less, of course, there be contracts between them.

7. It does not countenance limitation of the amount of work which may be accomplished in a given time, or the manner in which payment shall be made for such work, whether by hourly rate, piece-work, contract or otherwise. We believe that every workman should have an opportunity to earn a wage proportionate to his ability and productive capacity.

7. By encouraging fair dealings and broad minded policies, this organization hopes to assist in bringing about working conditions and wages which will make Seattle known as a good city in which to work and live.

COMMITTEE HAS SURPRISE.

The reception and entertainment committee, composed of A. J. Quigley, Chairman, and James T. Lawler, and H. D. Bartlett announced that they have a surprise for the members at the meeting of November 11th. The committee has been keeping a record of the attendance at each of the last few meetings and announcements pertaining to this are expected.

PAID AMUSEMENTS MAY BE BARRED AT PARKS.

Operation of a dance hall, moving picture theatre, merry-go-round or similar amusement within 500 feet of any public park or school ground will be illegal if an ordinance approved Wednesday afternoon by the public safety committee of the city council is adopted by the council.

The proposed legislation results from a movement launched by various civic organizations some time ago. Primarily the movement was brought about by the establishment of a merry-go-round near the west entrance to Woodland Park. Citizens residing in the vicinity of the park complained to the city authorities, tervoluminous petitions were filed and several hearings on the matter were conducted by the council.

The ordinance is now being considered by the Theatres and Amusements committee of the League. Mr. Robert F. Sandall, Chairman, George B. Littlefield,

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Victor Zednick, Austin E. Griffiths, A. E. Pierce, and John H. Piper, compose the committee.

CITY COUNCIL MEETING OF NOVEMBER 3rd.

To facilitate registration next year, when every elector must re-register in order to vote, the city council approved the recommendation of Harry W. Carroll, city Comptroller, that the registration books be sent to the several voting precincts for three days, January 15, 16, and 17. A resolution providing for this will be adopted by the city council in December, pursuant to the amend-

ed registration act.

By a vote of four to four the council held up temporarily action of the navy department to sell to the city surplus foodstuffs. The Finance committee recommended against the city engaging in the sale of navy department goods and the Harbors and Public Grounds committee recommended that the goods be purchased and resold by the city to citizens. Those who favored the purchase were: Councilmen Carroll, Erickson, Hesketh and Lane, while Councilmen Bolton, Drake, Hass and Moore, opposed it.

At the conclusion of the regular session, the council resolved itself into committee of the whole, for a further consideration of the so-called rent ordinance.

The proposed bill was gone

over in detail with representatives of the Seattle Real Estate Association, the Hotel Keeper's Association, the Tenant's Protective League, and the Housing committee of the Chamber of Commerce.

FOR LEGALS
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CHAS. H. HARTGE
 Attorney 521 Central Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Fred Siebert, Deceased. No. 23148. Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.
 Notice is hereby given that George H. Stillson, Administrator of the Estate of Fred Siebert, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said Administrator; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 4th day of December, 1919, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.
 Dated this 7th day of November, 1919.
PERCY F. THOMAS,
 Clerk of said Court.
 By **GEO. L. BERGER,** Deputy.
 First pub. Nov. 8, 1919 4t Nov 29

JOHN F. REED
 Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Andrew H. Taylor, Deceased. No. 26152. Notice to Creditors.
 Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Executrix of the estate of Andrew H. Taylor, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Executrix or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
 Date of first publication October 25, 1919.

ANNIE L. TAYLOR,
 Executrix of said Estate.
 Address 960 Empire Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate,
 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
 4 t Nov 15

ARTHUR H. HUTCHINSON
 Attorney 510 Central Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Florence E. Clancy, Deceased. No. 26229. Notice of Application for Letters of Administration.
 Notice is hereby given that Arthur H. Hutchinson has filed in the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for the County of King, a petition, praying that letters of Administration be issued to him upon the estate of Florence E. Clancy, Deceased, and that Friday, the 7th day of November, 1919, at 9:30 o'clock A. M., of said day, at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Superior Court, has been set for hearing said petition.

Witness, the Hon. A. W. FRATER, Judge of said Superior Court, and the Seal of said Court hereunto affixed this 27th day of October, 1919.
 (Seal) **PERCY F. THOMAS,** Clerk.
 By **GEO. L. BERGER,** Deputy Clerk.
 Pub. Nov. 1, 1919.

CALL MAIN 6282
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AND WE WILL CALL

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Seattle, Washington

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WASHINGTON TITLE INSURANCE CO.

MEMBERSHIP DUES

Those members who have not paid the present year's dues are requested to send in their checks as soon as possible. These funds will be needed to properly start off the winter's work.

Statements have been mailed to all members but if one has not reached you call the secretary at Main 476, and another will be sent.

The amount of each member's dues is small but the aggregate means the League's existence.

Do not delay.

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ARTHUR H. HUTCHINSON
Attorney 510 Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Carroll
D. Montgomery, formerly Carroll D.
Carmody, a minor. No. 10049.

Notice of the Sale of Real Estate.
Pursuant to order of sale duly en-
tered in the above entitled court and
proceeding, Notice is hereby Given that
the undersigned, Charles T. Suter as
guardian of the estate of Carroll D.
Montgomery, a minor, will sell at pri-
vate sale for cash on or before the
8th day of November, 1919, all the fol-
lowing described land in King County,
State of Washington, to-wit:

South fifty-two (52) feet of Lot Six
(6) Block Ten (10) Mercer's Addition
to North Seattle, known as the Oh-
nick homestead, together with improve-
ments thereon
that bids or offers therefor must be in
writing and may be left at the office
of Arthur H. Hutchinson, attorney for
the said guardian at his office at 510
Central Building, Seattle, Washington
or may be delivered to the undersigned
personally or may be filed in the office
of the Clerk of the above entitled court
at any time after the first publication
of this notice and before the making of
the said sale.

That the said property will be sold
subject to confirmation of the above en-
titled court, ten per cent of amount
bid or offered to accompany bid and
balance to be payable on confirmation
of sale.

CHARLES T. SUTER,
Guardian of the estate of Carroll D.
Montgomery, a minor.
Date of first publication October 25,
1919.

3t Nov 8

JAMES W. REYNOLDS
Attorney 301-3 Burke Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for King
County.

In the Matter of the Herrick-Fair-
mount Company, a corporation.
No. 138928. Notice of Hearing on
Petition to Disincorporate.

Notice is hereby given that the Her-
rick-Fairmount Company, a corporation
duly organized and existing under and
by virtue of the laws of the State of
Washington has filed in the above en-
titled Court its petition asking that it
be dissolved and disincorporated as pro-
vided by law and that said petition will
come on for hearing in the Superior
Court of the State of Washington with-
in King County in Department No. 1
of the said Court at the King County
Courthouse in the City of Seattle in
King County Washington, at 9:30
o'clock a. m. on the 22nd day of De-
cember 1919.

In Witness Whereof I have hereunto
set my hand and official seal this the
24th day of October, 1919.

(Seal) **PERCY F. THOMAS,**
County Clerk and ex-officio of the Su-
perior Court of King County, Wn.

By **W. T. HATT,** Deputy.
JAMES W. REYNOLDS, Attorney for
Petitioner, 301-3 Burke Bldg., Seattle,
Wash.

Date of first publication October 25,
1919.

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Annie
Erickson, deceased. No. 25027.

Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the un-
dersigned has been appointed and has
qualified as Administratrix of the estate
of Annie Erickson, Deceased; that all
persons having claims against said de-
ceased are hereby required to serve the
same, duly verified, on said Administra-
trix or her attorney of record at the
address below stated, and file the same
with the Clerk of said Court, together
with proof of such service within six
months after the date of first publica-
tion of this notice, or the same will be
barred.

Date of first publication, November 8,
1919.

ANNA S. BAYLESS,
Administratrix of said Estate.
Address 960 Empire Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate,
960 Empire Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
4t Nov29

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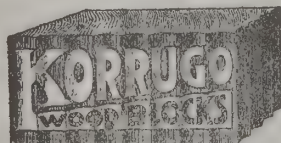
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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. VIII. NO. 47.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1919.

PRICE 10 CENTS

THE NASH ADDRESS


BY EIMON L. WIENIR.

That the failure of the Industrial conference at Washington, D. C., was virtually a victory for the I. W. W. adherents, was the statement made by Louis Nash, head of the retail clerks union and one of the committee for wage adjustment selected by the Associated Industries, in his address to the League Tuesday noon. He emphasized the point, that while the conservative element in labor was disgusted with the extremist wing, the employer must endeavor to meet the conservatives' terms. He declared "You will either deal fairly with this element or you will fight a battle to a finish with the radicals."

Nash declared that neither capital nor labor should wield the power simply because they had it; right not might should win out, he said.

In the present industrial crisis, Nash said, it is well to have generally known the principles and the program for which organized labor is contending. He enumerated the following as the objects sought: democratization of labor; giving it a share in the management of the business by which employed; limitation of hours; regulation of terms of apprenticeship; uniform wages; and the abolition of the piece system.

Mr. Nash pointed out that the closed shop eliminated the trafficking in the human element in competition; that because it establishes equal hours, and equal pay under the same conditions of employment, there would result a stabilization of employment, with the consequent elimination of the "labor turnover", the jumping from shop to shop,



OUR REGULAR MEETING WILL BE HELD
Tuesday, November, 18, 1919.
MEVE'S CAFETERIA—SECOND AND SENECA
CLARK P. BISSETT,
 President of the Constitutional Government League, Seattle Center, will speak on
"AMERICANISM"

and city to city. Nash stated that in his opinion, the closed shop was more of an advantage to the employer than to the employee.

LEAGUE NOTES

Mr. Quigley, in reporting for Mr. Lawler, who was delegated to see the management of Meves Cafeteria, with reference to the elimination of noise, reported that the management had consented to install a glass partition, which would cure the present prevailing condition.

* * *

Mr. Lewis presented a resolution approving medical and physical inspection and clinical services in the schools of the city, which was referred to the Board of Trustees, by them to be referred to the proper committee for investigation and report.

* * *

The resolution proposed by the Board of Trustees, declaring the League's attitude on the present industrial and business situation was read by the Secretary. Mr. Haight moved that the resolution be referred to a prop-

er committee for investigation and report. Motion was seconded by Mr. Catlett and carried. An amendment to the resolution was offered by White, which was also referred to the Board.

LEWIS WINS THE TURKEY

The reception and entertainment committee, which is composed of Quigley, Lawler and Bartlett, certainly came through with the promised surprise. The names of the faithful members, who have attended the League meetings for the past seven meetings, were placed in a hat and one by one the elimination of the contestants began, the lucky man being L. D. Lewis, chairman of our entertainment committee. Mr. Lewis, after a beautiful speech of acceptance, was asked to help carry in a large wooden box, to the center of the room but his hopes of seeing a nice fat turkey, were doomed. He found a toy turkey! However, he was urged to look inside and he ferretted out a perfectly good merchandise coupon for,—well, never mind the sum—and, as Lewis expressed it,

MUNICIPAL NOTES

BY FRED W. CATLETT

We have been favored with a pamphlet entitled "Municipal Reform in Philadelphia", "Advanced System of City Government provided by Charter", "with Introductory Summary by Senator Boies Penrose".

The title itself was startling enough to awaken our curiosity. Was it possible that Philadelphia could be reformed or persuaded to adopt an "advanced system of city government"? Could Senator Boies Penrose be championing municipal reform and an advanced system of city government?

Unfortunately the pamphlet does not set forth the text of the charter, but from the description of it, which it does contain, it is quite apparent that the system established would not be regarded in this part of the country as particularly advanced. It substitutes a single-chambered city council of twenty-one members for the old select and common councils of one hundred forty five members. It establishes a civil service system, provides for a budget for the city finances, authorizes the city to do its own street cleaning, garbage collection and other public works, provides for a purchasing agent, a city architect, raises the bureau of health to the rank of a department and creates a department of public welfare. The city controller is given entire charge of the city accounts and the city solicitor is made appointive by the mayor instead of elective.

These are substantially all the provisions which are enumerated

(Continued on page 2)

"Half a loaf is better than no bread at all."

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

Published Weekly by the

MUNICIPAL LEAGUE OF SEATTLE

1915 First Avenue

Telephone Main 6282

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.....James T. Lawler, 908 White Bldg., Main 89
Secretary.....Elmon L. Wiener, 510 Central Bldg., Main 476
Treasurer.....Alexander Myers, 2nd and Union, Main 5833
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Honorary Auditors.....Smith, Robertson & Moorehouse
Committee Chairmen and Trustees—

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J. D. Blackwell
Robert Howes
Albro Gardner, Jr.
M. H. VanNuys
Arthur H. Hutchinson, Ex-officio Trustee

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

LOCAL MUNICIPAL NOTES

Judge Ronald confirmed the city's right to issue bonds defraying the cost of improving Shilshole avenue and to pay the condemnation awards resulting from the improvement.

* * *

Judge Calvin S. Hall denied the application of O. C. McGilvra and others of an injunction restraining the school board from operating the medical clinic. He praised the medical department of the public schools, terming it a credit and a benefit to the community, and commended the school board for establishing free treatment for children without means.

* * *

That the \$15000 daily receipts should be spent entirely upon the maintenance of the street car system and not partially in standing assessments for street pavement, with the possible exception of the cases where the car tracks immediately affected the condition of the street, was the opinion stated by Mayor Fitzgerald in a speech made before the Young Men's Business Club Thursday noon.

* * *

It was decided to incorporate in contract specifications on city work a clause which will prohibit the hiring of alien slackers on municipal undertakings in compliance with suggestions in a letter from the Mayor. The Mayor's letter to the Board called attention to the state law which not only prohibits the employment on public undertakings

of those who surrendered their first paper during the war, but also covers every unnaturalized alien who claimed exemption. All contractors will be required to furnish a list of their employees, showing their citizenship. Not only are the contractors prohibited by law from employing alien slackers, but the alien slacker cannot legally accept such employment.

SEND TELEGRAM

The Board of Trustees, at its last meeting Wednesday, moved that the League, in connection with numerous other organizations, sign the following telegram, to be sent to Governor Hart at Olympia:

"In view of the murderous assault upon the American Veterans at Centralia yesterday, and consequent violations of law, we appeal to you to use every effort within the law to apprehend and prosecute the lawless element in our state parading under the name of the 'I. W. W.'"

"We respectfully suggest that you immediately communicate through an open letter or telegram to the prosecuting attorneys and sheriffs of the various counties of the state, urging upon them the securing of evidence, apprehension of the criminal and treasonable element and their conviction in order to rid the commonwealth of its enemies who are undertaking to destroy it.

"In this connection we would suggest that you also ad-

MUNICIPAL NOTES

(Continued from page 1)

in the pamphlet to show how advanced the new Philadelphia system will be. Comparison with our own city government will show that we have all of these "new devices" except the public welfare department and the appointive city solicitor. The truth is that Philadelphia has made an advance over its old system, but has been so long in doing so that although the advance is great, it no more than brings Philadelphia up to the procession of its sister cities.

In view of the discussion in this city and the adoption in 1910 of the non-partisan system for nominations and our experience with that system, it is interesting to read from the pen of Senator Penrose the following: "Non-partisan nomination and election of municipal officers and their responsibility direct to the people without the confusing intervention of the party titles of national or state political organizations is an essential for efficiency in city administration. It is an absurdity to mix protection or free trade with highway paving or garbage disposal; to associate the League of Nations or the Monroe Doctrine with trolley fares or street-cleaning".

Nine years ago such arguments convinced the voters of Seattle and induced them to overthrow the partisan primary system. The writer favored the change at the time and is not yet prepared wholly to desert his idols, but, after nine years' experience with the non-partisan system, it is impossible to close one's eyes to the fact that it has its disadvantages and dangers. It was a gain to separate national issues from those purely local, but the non-partisan system destroyed the existing party groups in city elections and disorganized the of the non-partisan system for general public. It placed the

visé the prosecuting officers and sheriffs of the various counties that the advice and assistance of the attorney general will be at their disposal.

"We feel that it is imperative that an immediate and vigorous campaign, with all the power of the state behind it, be at once instituted to protect our citizens

against murderous conspiracies and assaults upon the government."

power in elections in the hands of the press and of any organized groups which choose to enter the political field.

Now, at the time the change was made labor here was following the accepted policy of the American Federation and keeping out of politics. Since that time the attitude of the local labor organization has changed, and, appreciating its power as an organized group where the population in general was disorganized, it has adopted a policy of not only endorsing candidates, but of creating a ticket of its own and actively campaigning for it. The result is that a candidate brought out by this organized group has a tremendous advantage over any individual who announces his candidacy and must necessarily rely upon his friends or a temporary organization to support him. We believe that the entrance into politics of the labor organization as a group is in violation of the spirit of the non-partisan law. It is injecting into local politics issues which are foreign to it. It is deciding local questions on the basis of class division and the slogan of class solidarity. We cannot see how a labor ticket or a triple alliance ticket differs as to partisanship in any essential degree from a Republican ticket or Democratic ticket, nor do we see any particular gain in breaking down the old political organizations in order to give free rein to a new one.

In addition, this defect in the non-partisan system needs emphasis. Under it there is nobody or group of men to take an interest in seeing that candidates of the proper caliber or of any caliber actually file for the offices. The old partisan organizations through their conventions or in direct primary used to perform this function. Candidates of a certain caliber were at any rate assured, and they were assured a measure of support if they ran. The labor group and the Triple Alliance are now performing this function; they have recently held a primary to nominate their candidates for the offices of school board and port commission. In this way they eliminate, at least almost completely, any opposition candi-

YOUR ATTENTION is called to the fact that **BROWN & WHITE CORPORATION** — Printers — **ALWAYS** take care of their customers no matter what the conditions and you need not worry if you are a customer of their's but what they will deliver your **BRIEFS ON TIME.**

dates from within their own ranks. They present a united front in the contest against the unorganized majority.

We are not prepared to suggest at the present time what steps should be taken to deal with the existing situation in Seattle, but we have endeavored impartially to draw attention to the plain facts as they exist.

* * *

The only argument needed for a constitutional government league is the Centralia episode of Armistice Day.

* * *

We have long wished for figures to show what proportion of the I. W. W. were American-born. We have clung to the belief that the large majority must be of foreign birth or education. We noted with considerable interest, therefore, that of the 36 men and women arrested as I. W. W. in Seattle raids, 19 were listed as foreign-born, 17 as born in the United States. We recognize that one can not safely draw conclusions from figures so small, but the proportion of those born in the United States is certainly not comforting. It is to be noted, too, that of the 36, 22 were listed as loggers. That may be the result of accident, but also it may indicate the first field for the activity of the Constitutional Government League.

* * *

The city council after a pub-

lic hearing, at which interested parties were present, decided to adopt officially a plan designated as Plan No. 1 submitted by City Engineer Dimock, for the solution of the traffic problem in the industrial district. Plan No. 1 provides in brief that all of the running tracks of the railways, and the railroad yards, as well, shall be raised to such an elevation that subways can be constructed beneath the yards and tracks and drained by gravity into the sewers. Under this plan the service tracks and tracks on East Marginal Way and Railroad Avenue would not be raised. The estimated cost of that improvement is \$16,000,000.00. Three other plans were submitted with lesser costs, but the en-

gineer's department recommended Plan No. 1 and also called the attention of the city council to the great gain to be secured by a unification of the terminal systems.

FOR LEGALS

CALL MAIN 6282

AND WE WILL CALL

CHAS. H. HARTGE

Attorney 521 Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Fred Siebert, Deceased. No. 23148.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that George H. Stillson, Administrator of the Estate of Fred Siebert, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said Administrator; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 4th day of December, 1919, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 7th day of November, 1919.

PERCY F. THOMAS,

Clerk of said Court.

By GEO. L. BERGER, Deputy.
First pub. Nov. 8, 1919 4t Nov 29

JOHN F. REED

Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Andrew H. Taylor, Deceased. No. 26152.
Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Executrix of the estate of Andrew H. Taylor, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Executrix or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred. Date of first publication October 25, 1919.

ANNIE L. TAYLOR,

Executrix of said Estate.

Address 960 Empire Bldg, Seattle, Wash.
JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate,
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
4 t Nov 15

ARTHUR H. HUTCHINSON

Attorney 510 Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King.

In the Matter of the Estate of Florence E. Clancy, Deceased. No. 26229. Notice of Application for Letters of Administration.

Notice is hereby given that Arthur H. Hutchinson has filed in the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for the County of King, a petition, praying that letters of Administration be issued to him upon the estate of Florence E. Clancy, Deceased, and that Friday, the 7th day of November, 1919, at 9:30 o'clock A. M., of said day, at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Superior Court, has been set for hearing said petition.

Witness, the Hon. A. W. FRATER, Judge of said Superior Court, and the Seal of said Court hereunto affixed this 27th day of October, 1919.

(Seal) PERCY F. THOMAS, Clerk.
By GEO. L. BERGER, Deputy Clerk.

Pub. Nov. 1, 1919.

CALL MAIN 6282

FOR LEGALS

AND WE WILL CALL

DEPARTMENTS OF SERVICE

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112 COLUMBIA STREET

ARTHUR H. HUTCHINSON
Attorney 510 Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Carroll
D. Montgomery, formerly Carroll D.
Carmody, a minor. No. 10049.

Notice of the Sale of Real Estate.
Pursuant to order of sale duly en-
tered in the above entitled court and
proceeding, Notice is Hereby Given that
the undersigned, Charles T. Suter as
guardian of the estate of Carroll D.
Montgomery, a minor, will sell at pri-
vate sale for cash on or before the
8th day of November, 1919, all the fol-
lowing described land in King County,
State of Washington, to-wit:

South fifty-two (52) feet of Lot Six
(6) Block Ten (10) Mercer's Addition
to North Seattle, known as the Oh-
nick homestead, together with improve-
ments thereon

That bids or offers therefor must be in
writing and may be left at the office
of Arthur H. Hutchinson, attorney for
the said guardian at his office at 510
Central Building, Seattle, Washington
or may be delivered to the undersigned
personally or may be filed in the office
of the Clerk of the above entitled court
at any time after the first publication
of this notice and before the making of
the said sale.

That the said property will be sold
subject to confirmation of the above en-
titled court, ten per cent of amount
bid or offered to accompany bid and
balance to be payable on confirmation
of sale.

CHARLES T. SUTER,
Guardian of the estate of Carroll D.
Montgomery, a minor.

Date of first publication October 25,
1919.

3t Nov 8

JAMES W. REYNOLDS
Attorney 301-3 Burke Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for King
County.

In the Matter of the Herrick-Fair-
mount Company, a corporation.
No. 138928. Notice of Hearing on
Petition to Disincorporate.

Notice is hereby given that the Her-
rick-Fairmount Company, a corporation
duly organized and existing under and
by virtue of the laws of the State of
Washington has filed in the above en-
titled Court its petition asking that it
be dissolved and disincorporated as pro-
vided by law and that said petition will
come on for hearing in the Superior
Court of the State of Washington with-
in King County in Department No. 1
of the said Court at the King County
Courthouse in the City of Seattle in
King County Washington, at 9:30
o'clock a. m. on the 22nd day of De-
cember 1919.

In Witness Whereof I have hereunto
set my hand and official seal this the
24th day of October, 1919.

(Seal) **PERCY F. THOMAS,**
County Clerk and ex-officio of the Su-
perior Court of King County, Wn.

By **W. T. HATT,** Deputy.
JAMES W. REYNOLDS, Attorney for
Petitioner, 301-3 Burke Bldg., Seattle,
Wash.

Date of first publication October 25,
1919.

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Annie
Erickson, deceased. No. 25027.

Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the un-
dersigned has been appointed and has
qualified as Administratrix of the estate
of Annie Erickson, Deceased; that all
persons having claims against said de-
ceased are hereby required to serve the
same, duly verified, on said Administra-
trix or her attorney of record at the
address below stated, and file the same
with the Clerk of said Court, together
with proof of such service within six
months after the date of first publica-
tion of this notice, or the same will be
barred.

Date of first publication, November 8,
1919.

ANNA S. BAYLESS,
Administratrix of said Estate.
Address 960 Empire Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate,
960 Empire Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

4t Nov 29

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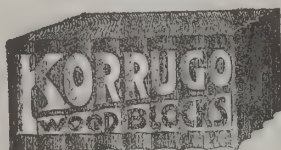
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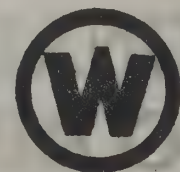
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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. VIII. NO. 50.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1919.

PRICE 10 CENTS

PRODUCERS AND SPONGERS

By Austin E. Griffiths

The beautiful Biblical verse that "Other men labored and ye are entered into their labors" is true in more ways than one. It is true in a lofty way that each generation enjoys the savings and noble monuments of the intellect and labor of "the fathers." This is a trust we should pass on with added worth and glory. It is true in a sinister sense in that many persons reap where they have not sown.

Underproduction is a cry I hear everywhere. Overproduction, if experience be repeated, we shall next hear about.

Overproduction is a myth. We ought to be ashamed to talk of it. The fault in the assumed case is underdistribution. Society has not mastered successful distribution of total production.

The world is overloaded with nonproducers. It is lopsided with consumers.

Many men and women produce no essential values. They put nothing in the common stock of food, clothing and housing. They bear no share of distribution of the store others produce.

The learned professions are overcrowded. Too many are in them for soft snaps.

Public officials and employees are almost as thick as the grasshoppers were in Nebraska when I was a boy. And they eat almost as much of the people's substance.

If the League of Nations covenant is not adopted then the world will support military men and makers of destruction without number.

The world is afflicted with too many middlemen, supervisors,

overseers, secretaries, solicitors, agents, clerks, waiters and lackeys.

Business is overstocked with gobetweens and intermediaries.

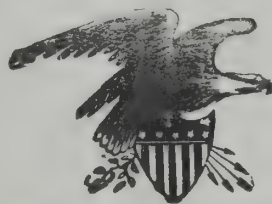
There are too many young loafers on city streets.

Brain and brawn, labor and capital combined pays too much tribute to secondary and suctorial employment. And we have too many toll gates along our industrial highways.

The good old world is working and paying for too much overhead.

I do not mean all these people are idlers. I would not say their part is not more or less useful. I mean to say there is an increasing human surplus in these occupations whose work is nonproductive of that which keeps mankind alive and makes the common lot more easy to bear.

All must live. But our living cost ought to be self-borne and



OUR REGULAR MEETING WILL BE HELD

Tuesday Noon, December 16, 1919

MEVE'S CAFETERIA—SECOND AND SENECA

THE SPEAKER WILL BE

COUNCILMAN R. H. THOMSON

who will address the Municipal League on the subject of the Skagit River Project.

"A Brief outline of the work with a statement of where the work now stands."

Owing to the unusual importance of the address and the important resolution before the League, this meeting will begin promptly at 12:15. Come early.

"SOME SOURCES OF LABOR INEFFICIENCY"

PROFESSOR DOUGLAS' ADDRESS

Labor turnover, absenteeism and withheld effort are responsible for most of the labor problems the country faces, declared Prof. T. H. Douglas of the College of Business Administration, University of Washington, in an address before the Seattle Municipal League yesterday noon.

"The United States is suffering from an industrial hemorrhage," Prof. Douglas said. "In a recent survey made by Detroit firms and by ninety of the ship-building concerns of the country, it was found the labor 'turnover' among 320,000 employes was as high as 250 per cent.

"The General Electric Company has computed figures to show cost to the employer of hiring a new man for the job is \$8.50 for unskilled labor and as high as \$80 for skilled labor. A well-known street railway system found it cost the company \$400 to break in a new motor-man.

Favors Training and Promotion.

"Every plant should install a specialized department of employment so as to fit the right man to the right job, assist in training the man already on the job, and promote those deserving of promotion.

"This will bring out latent effort in each employe. Then too, each business should know what a day's work is--what an average workman using his best effort can produce--just as it knows what a machine can produce in a day.

"A spirit of fair play between capital and labor will be a third factor in curing the present most

not piled upon others who are engaged in essential business and industry.

A partial illustration is seen in the recent statement that 30,000 persons will be required to enforce the prohibition law. If so, most of them will be taken from use ful work. I do not suggest these persons should not be employed for such a purpose. However it is regrettable that in this as in similar instances we are not yet willing or competent to keep the law without a host of guardians who must live off the sweat of productive mental and physical labor.

A similar illustration is afforded by the present use of passports—which requires a new batch of officials the world over who manage to exist of course on the fat of the land.

Before the war the tendency to multiply non-essential offices, places and jobs was very mani-

(Continued on page 2)

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

Published Weekly by the
MUNICIPAL LEAGUE OF SEATTLE

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Telephone Main 6282

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

pressing internal question--labor."

"If the co-operative way of dealing with our labor problems fail, industrial warfare will be transferred from outside the plant to inside the plant."

Professor Douglas stated that labor unions were sound in principle. He favors collective bargaining.

power like electric energy is just coming into its own.

What ought we to do?

The world is ripe for great business expansion. But the world faces business contraction. Now it goes without saying that the fewer producers the more disastrous to all of us is lessened production.

A partial remedy may be applied by us as individuals and collectively. More people should do creative or real useful work. This is peculiarly a personal matter. Government can hardly, with success, directly compel individuals to do particular useful or efficient work.

More people should make a bee line to the country. Live under the sun, moon and stars. Hie away from the bright lights of Broadway, Piccadilly and Pike street.

Professor Richardson in his admirable address on the French Revolution showed the corroding evil of class consciousness. I would like to see this lesson put into practice.

It is a question whether responsible labor is more class-conscious so-called than we who are not generally described as workers.

Did you ever hear of a report of a committee made up of ourselves which did not on some ground or other exclude labor candidates from our political support?

I hate the word "class" when used in a separatist sense in this country. It is a moral crime to

use that word in that meaning in America.

We are in the same boat. We shall row together. We should be glad to join hands with intelligent labor. But we cannot do this with one hand and keep everything in the other. We should share with labor responsibility for government. We ought to do so even at the risk of "less qualified" working men in public position. I have seen "poor sticks" elected to office even by our own so-called class.

All classes should stand together to deliver the womb of time.

While away recently I sought a formula for present troubles. The best I found is this one:

Work, thrift and the square deal.

PAVING BETWEEN STREET CAR TRACKS

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE AND THE RESOLUTION PROPOSED—TO BE VOTED ON TUESDAY.

TO THE MUNICIPAL LEAGUE OF THE CITY OF SEATTLE:

There has been referred to your Committee on Public Utilities the question of the paving between the car tracks of the street railway for consideration and report.

We find that the purchase of the street railway system has relieved that system of an annual property tax amounting to approximately \$400,000. This has resulted in a material increase in the tax rate.

If the cost of paving hitherto borne by the street railway should be transferred to the general fund of the city or to the owners of the abutting property, this relief of the street railway would necessitate a further increase of the special or general tax burden of the city. We believe that as a rule the utilities operated by the city should be self-supporting. There are plenty of legitimate avenues of expenditure of the general tax of the city for maintaining those functions of local government that yield no revenue, without businesses in which the city may in exceptional cases justify

such a subsidy, but the general rule should be that each revenue producing business or utility operated by the city should be self-supporting.

We therefore recommend the adoption of the following resolution by the Municipal League:

RESOLVED: That it is the sentiment of the Municipal League of Seattle that the Seattle Municipal Street Railway system should, out of Capital Account, bear the cost of all original paving between its rails and for a distance of 18 inches beyond the outside rails; and, out of revenue, bear the maintenance and renewal charges; except that original construction may be paid for by special assessment, when properly petitioned for by the assessment district.

W. K. Sheldon
Robert Hower
James A. Haight
Chairman.

HOSPITAL FUND REPORT

The Public Welfare committee of which Austin E. Griffiths is chairman, submitted a report to the League on the Hospital Fund which was raised by the Victory Carnival about a year ago. A number of our members who had worked in the interest of the fund requested the report. It is as follows:

Net Receipts—
Admissions\$50,890.88
Program 10,877.64
Pageant 14,602.84
Raffles 12,013.43
Refreshments 7,750.72
Boxing 3,993.15
Baseball 2,930.28
Concessions and Circus 3,030.52
Dance 1,830.68
British American Tea Room 458.75
Sundry Attractions, etc. 1,632.80
\$110,011.69
General Expense\$22,742.82
Balance\$ 87,268.87
Distribution—
Navy Relief Association, Puget Sound Auxiliary\$43,250.00
Industrial Hospital..... 43,250.00
Balance on hand.....\$ 768.87
FRANK WATERHOUSE
Chairman Exec. Com.

PRODUCERS AND SPONGERS

(Continued from page 1)
fest. The cause is said to be the overrefinements of civilization. If so, obviously then this cause must be the product of superfluous and not of genuine civilization.

The war greatly accelerated this movement.

In former days labor, collectively considered, was ignorant and docile. Labor is now more intelligent and is aggressive for equal justice.

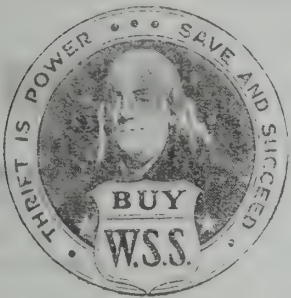
Labor sees itself an Atlas bearing up production and also the fungus growth of destruction.

Like the farmer, labor sees worthless shoots at the root of a promising tree. They sap its life. The farmer cuts the suckers. Society must follow his example—revise its visiting list downward and go to work early and often—at any rate just now.

Discontent is insistent. Labor seeks its own remedies. Labor feels economic strength and in democratic countries begins to use its political power. Ballot

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MEMBERSHIP DUES

Those members who have not paid the present year's dues are requested to send in their checks as soon as possible. These funds will be needed to properly start off the winter's work.

Statements have been mailed to all members but if one has not reached you call the secretary at Main 476, and another will be sent.

The amount of each member's dues is small but the aggregate means the League's existence.

Do not delay.

Don: "Do you know that your chickens come over into my yard?"

Sam: "I thought that they must be doing that."

Don: "Why did you think so?"

Sam: "Because they never came back."

* * *

R. K.—"How did he make all of his money?"

D. R.—"Smoking; he was the greatest smoker in America."

R. K.—"Aw, go on, you can't make money by smoking."

D. R.—"He did. He smoked hams."

JAMES A. HAIGHT
 Attorney Haight Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for the County of King. In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Marie Feurer, Deceased. No. 26357. Notice to Creditors.

To the Creditors of the Above Entitled Estate, and to Whom it May Concern: Pursuant to orders entered in the above entitled matter, notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as administrator of the estate of Marie Feurer, deceased.

And that all persons having claims against the said deceased or against the estate of the said deceased are hereby required to prepare them in the form required by statute and to serve the same on the undersigned or his attorney of record, and file them with the Clerk of the above entitled Court with proof of such service within six months after the date of the first publication of this notice, to-wit: Within six months from the 13th day of December, 1919.

The place for the transaction of the business of said estate and the office of the attorney for the undersigned, where claims against said estate may be served, is 702 Haight Building, Seattle, King County, State of Washington.

And you are further notified that if any claim is not filed within the time aforesaid it shall be barred.

WILLIAM FEURER,
 Administrator of the Estate of Marie Feurer, deceased.
JAMES A. HAIGHT
 Attorney for Administrator.
 702 Haight Building, Seattle, Wash.
 First pub Dec. 13, 1919. 4t Jan 3

FRED W. CATLETT
 Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Ludvig Lindfors, Deceased. No. 26410. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Executrix of the estate of Ludvig Lindfors, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Emma Lindfors or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, December 6th, 1919.

EMMA LINDFORS,
 Executrix of said Estate.
 Address 1826 30th Avenue, Seattle, Wash.
FRED W. CATLETT,
 Attorney for Estate,
 613 Hoge Building, Seattle, Wash.
 4t 46-27

ARTHUR H. HUTCHINSON
 Attorney 510 Central Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Florence E. Clancy, deceased. No. 26229. Notice of Sale of Real Estate.

Pursuant to order of sale duly entered in the above entitled court and proceeding, Notice is hereby Given that the undersigned, Arthur H. Hutchinson, as administrator of the estate of Florence E. Clancy, deceased, will sell at private sale for cash on the 17th day of December, 1919, all the following described land in King County, State of Washington, to-wit:

Lot Six (6) in Block Three (3) of Haller's Addition to the City of Seattle, together with all improvements thereon

that bids or offers therefor must be in writing and may be left at the office of Arthur H. Hutchinson, administrator for the said estate at his office at 510-517 Central Building, Seattle, Washington, or may be filed in the office of the Clerk of the above entitled court at any time after the first publication of this notice and before the making of the said sale.

That the said property will be sold subject to confirmation of the above entitled court, ten per cent of amount bid or offered to accompany bid and balance to be payable on confirmation of sale.

ARTHUR H. HUTCHINSON,
 Administrator of said estate.
 Date of first publication, Dec. 6, 1919.
 dec 6-13

JOHN F. REED
 Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and for the County of King.
 Jean A. Hollston, Plaintiff, vs. John Hollston, Defendant. No.
 Summons for Publication.
 The State of Washington to: John Hollston, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 13th day of December, 1919, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree dissolving the bonds of matrimony heretofore and now existing between plaintiff and defendant, and for alimony in the sum of Forty Dollars (\$40.00) per month, together with such other and further relief as to the court may seem just and equitable.

JOHN F. REED,
 Attorney for Plaintiff.
 Office and P. O. Address: 960 Empire Building, Seattle, King County, Washington.
 First pub Dec 13, 1919. 7t Jan 24

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ARTHUR H. HUTCHINSON
Attorney 510 Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Florence E. Clancy, deceased. No.
Notice of Sale of Real Estate.

Pursuant to order of sale duly entered in the above entitled court and proceeding, Notice is Hereby Given that the undersigned, Arthur H. Hutchinson, as administrator of the estate of Florence E. Clancy, deceased, will sell at private sale for cash on or before the 24th day of November, 1919, all the following described land in King County, State of Washington, to-wit:

Lot Six (6) in Block Three (3) of Haller's Addition to the City of Seattle, together with all improvements thereon

that bids or offers therefor must be in writing and may be left at the office of Arthur H. Hutchinson, administrator for the said estate at his office at 510-517 Central Building, Seattle, Washington, or may be filed in the office of the Clerk of the above entitled court at any time after the first publication of this notice and before the making of the said sale.

That the said property will be sold subject to confirmation of the above entitled court, ten per cent of amount bid or offered to accompany bid and balance to be payable on confirmation of sale.

ARTHUR H. HUTCHINSON,
Administrator of said estate.
Date of first publication, Nov. 22, 1919.
It

JAMES W. REYNOLDS
Attorney 301-3 Burke Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for King County.

In the Matter of the Herrick-Fairmount Company, a corporation.
No. 138928. Notice of Hearing on Petition to Disincorporate.

Notice is hereby given that the Herrick-Fairmount Company, a corporation duly organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Washington has filed in the above entitled Court its petition asking that it be dissolved and disincorporated as provided by law and that said petition will come on for hearing in the Superior Court of the State of Washington within King County in Department No. 1 of the said Court at the King County Courthouse in the City of Seattle in King County Washington, at 9:30 o'clock a. m. on the 22nd day of December 1919.

FOR LEGALS
CALL MAIN 6282
AND WE WILL CALL

In Witness Whereof I have hereunto set my hand and official seal this the 24th day of October, 1919.

(Seal) **PERCY F. THOMAS,**
County Clerk and ex-officio of the Superior Court of King County, Wn.

By **W. T. HATT,** Deputy.
JAMES W. REYNOLDS, Attorney for Petitioner, 301-3 Burke Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

Date of first publication October 25, 1919.

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Annie Erickson, deceased. No. 25027.
Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Administratrix of the estate of Annie Erickson, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Administratrix or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, November 8, 1919.

ANNA S. BAYLESS,
Administratrix of said Estate.
Address 960 Empire Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate,
960 Empire Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
4t Nov29

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. VIII. NO. 51.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 20, 1919.

PRICE 10 CENTS

SKAGIT RIVER PROJECT

Speech Delivered by Councilman
Thomson and Reported by
the Secretary

Electrical energy amounting to 100,000 horsepower will be furnished to the city by the hydro-electric plant on Skagit river, when it is completed as proposed according to a statement made by Councilman R. H. Thomson, speaking before the noon meeting of the Municipal League. The large investment, which will be required to install the huge plant, he said, will more than be repaid in the amount of electric current which can be delivered to the city for distribution at a reasonable price.

Mr. Thomson said the \$5,000,000 outlay which will be required for the plant unit at Gorge Creek alone, will be more than justified if it enables the city to eliminate the present steam plant at Lake Union from its power system.

"The estimated cost of developing 50,000 horsepower as made in July, 1917, is \$5,000,000," Mr. Thomson said, "but such work would undoubtedly be much higher now. A city substation would cost in the neighborhood of \$500,000."

"The Skagit River watershed area covers 1,000 square miles in British Columbia and has a 'run-off' of 50,000 cubic feet a second.

"There are three points of development. One is a little below where Ruby creek enters the Skagit, nineteen miles from the Canadian boundary. A dam of an elevation of 1,400 feet and diverting channel can be built there comparatively cheap. If so built will form a lake nineteen miles in length stretching to the Canadian border. The run-off at this



OUR REGULAR MEETING WILL BE HELD

Tuesday Noon, December 16, 1919

MEVE'S CAFETERIA—SECOND AND SENECA

Resolution on Paving Between Street Car Tracks Will Be Discussed and Voted Upon

Mayor Fitzgerald, Superintendent of Public Utilities Murphine, and a committee of the Chamber of Commerce, have been invited to present their respective arguments on the question.

The Reception and Entertainment Committee, consisting of A. J. Quigley, James T. Lawler, and H. D. Bartlett, announces that there will be a Christmas gift for every member of the League who attends this meeting.

point is 3,750 cubic feet a second, and it will provide a storage for 3,000 horsepower.

"The Gorge Creek site is twelve miles below Ruby creek. Borings have already been made at this point with the diamond drill. An exploration of two and a half miles long has been made between Diversion Dam and Ruby Creek to determine the stability of the river between the bed and bank. During the major portion of the year 50,000 horsepower an hour can be developed here, though between the months of January and March the output may drop as low as 25,000 horsepower an hour.

"The run-off of the Cedar river takes place from December to March of every year, while the run-off of the Skagit river is from June to October of each year. This means that while the Cedar river is at its lowest the Skagit is at its highest.

"The dam at Ruby creek can be built to an elevation of 400 feet, but if built only to a 200-foot level it will have a storage capacity of 75,000 horsepower an hour on an average for the year by using an impound here twice as much power could be produced.

"Intermediate between Gorge creek and Ruby creek is Diablo. A dam can be built here on solid rock, leaving solid walls, producing 280,000 horsepower per hour."

Councilman Thomson said he had made an inspection of the Washington Power Company plant on the Spokane river and that Mr. Uhden, now employed by the City of Seattle, was engineer in charge of that project and overcame the scientific and economic difficulties. The difficulties at Skagit are less than they were on the Spokane pro-

(Continued on page 3)

MUNICIPAL NOTES

By Fred W. Catlett

The voters of the state will not have an opportunity to pass upon the ratification of the prohibition amendment to the Federal Constitution, as the petitions filed by the California Grape Growers' Protective Association were insufficient to invoke the referendum because of shortage of signers.

* * *

Mr. H. Allen Moore, member of the State Industrial Code Association, created by the last legislature, has suggested a plan for securing industrial peace.

He would first have the governor of the state declare an industrial armistice on January 1, 1920, to last until the next legislature has an opportunity to set up the necessary machinery to carry the plan into execution. During the period of the armistice all strikes, lock-outs and boycotts are to be declared off. Mr. Moore's plan is apparently to have capital assent to the principle of collective bargaining and labor agree to the open shop. Then he would write into all labor contracts "the principle of seniority of rights" and would provide "fair and just apprenticeship rules." For the decision of questions which could not be adjusted by the parties he would create a state industrial court of five members to be elected by and from the people of the state, the first members of the court to be appointed by the governor, however, to serve until an election. He would provide an appeal from the decision of the industrial court to the governor and then from the governor to the people through the referendum and for a still further step, and something previously unheard of, a "re-referendum."

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

Published Weekly by the
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 1915 First Avenue Telephone Main 6282

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

The suggestion of an industrial court or a series of industrial courts is not a new one. During the course of the war President Suzzallo expressed the belief that the industrial court was a practical method of putting an end to industrial warfare. To us industrial warfare seems quite as illogical as private feuds. One of the difficulties in compelling the creation of machinery for the judicial settlement of such disputes has been the conception of the past that the parties to an industrial dispute were the only ones affected or who had any right to say how it should be settled. The extension of the powers of our own city government and of the United States government in war time has served to develop and impress upon the general public the fact that the interest of the public is after all the predominant one and that the public interest in the peaceful settlement of industrial disputes is sufficient to justify it in insisting that some method for peaceful settlement must be established and must be accepted by the parties to the disputes.

When we have accepted the principle of an industrial court, we have not, however, settled all difficulties, as is quite apparent from Mr. Moore's scheme. An appeal from a court to the governor, who is an elected and political official, is far from desirable, and a second appeal from the governor to the people and a third appeal to the people again not only provides an unnecessary

number of appeals, but an unsatisfactory method of settling business or trade disputes. Some people seem to be obsessed with the idea that everything should be presented directly to the people for decision. Anyone at all closely observant of the workings of universal suffrage and the direct primary knows that it is even now a very difficult matter to arouse an ordinary voter and educate him so as to enable him to cast an intelligent ballot. Many of us have endeavored to shorten the political ballot for the very purpose of permitting a more intelligent and real expression of opinion. To expect the ordinary voter to inform himself concerning the details of every business, trade or occupation so as to be able to pass a judicial opinion upon any dispute arising in that business, trade or occupation concerning any of the numberless matters over which differences of opinion may arise is to expect the superhuman and impossible. Any system providing for three appeals is in itself too cumbersome. It is almost as important to have a question determined promptly as it is to have it determined with exact justice. The plan suggested would put off for long periods of time decisions of questions of great moment both to business and to the workers in that business.

While, therefore, we think favorably of Mr. Moore's suggestion of an industrial court, we cannot approve the legal ma-

chinery he suggests. We hope, however, that his suggestion may provoke sufficient discussion to enable us to work out some practical scheme.

* * *

The City Utilities Committee has voted to recommend to the City Council the purchase by the city of the 15th Avenue part of the Greenwood carline in Ballard for the sum of \$55,000.00. This figure is reached after an appraisal of the property and the proposal to purchase has the support of Superintendent Murphine. It is said that the Puget Sound Traction, Light and Power Company will sell at that figure.

* * *

The Tacoma Street Railway Company has given notice of an increase in street car fares to ten cents beginning January 18th. The present fare, which is seven cents, was declared insufficient to meet the operating expenses. If the private company cannot operate and pay expenses at ten cents, it is obvious that we are fortunate to have the five-cent fare in this city and that we ought to be as lenient as we can in imposing charges upon the municipal street railway, if we wish the present fare maintained.

* * *

Filings for municipal offices, including mayor, councilmen and corporation counsel, began Friday. Mayor Fitzgerald, Councilmen Hesketh, Erickson, Lane, Carroll and Drake, and Corporation Counsel Meier will be candidates to succeed themselves. In addition three candidates have announced themselves for the council, Frank E. Kannair, secretary of the Mutual Business Club, Major Carl H. Reeves and William M. Tomlinson.

COME TO THE MEETING!

The Board of Trustees, the Public Utilities committee, the Reception and Entertainment committee, and, of course, the officers of the League urge upon you to turn out to the next meeting. It means a good deal to the League and to the city at large to have a large attendance when matters of importance are to be decided by our organization.

* * *

GET INTO THE HABIT AGAIN!

Owing to the many of the war activities of our members, many have not been able to come to the meetings as regularly as formerly. Municipal matters were ignored temporarily for the more important national affairs. War reaction have made many slackers in the performance of civic duties. Remedy this condition by enrolling yourself actively in the work of the League. Encourage those who are on the job and make their work more effective by lending your presence and your voice and your wholehearted co-operation. Come yourself and bring a friend, a member or guest, with you. You will find the meetings inspiring, enjoyable and altogether worthwhile. Get into the habit again!

The Secretary.

The following have been elected to membership:

Howard A. Adams, 528 Central building
 Mathew W. Hill, 816-2nd ave.
 Geo. S. Kahin, 559 Central building
 W. E. Greenway, 325 Lumber Exchange Building
 Glenn Hoover, 507 County City Building
 Geo. Zamberlin, 217 Seneca st.
 O. B. Magour, 406 E. John st.
 Extra Meeker, 812-2nd Ave.
 John R. Edwards, 958 Empire Building.

The following have filed applications for membership:

W. J. Ford, 558 Central Bldg.
 L. S. Robe, 4051 10th Ave. N.
 E. Civil and Mining Engineer.
 Walter L. Baumgartner, 528 Central Building, Lawyer.
 Raymond A. Wheeler, 555 Central Building, Engineer.
 W. C. Tiffany, 504 Central Building, Advertising
 Eugene C. Luccock, 828 Central Building, Lawyer.
 W. J. Warren, 1511 4th Ave. Oculist.

The following resolution, proposed by Edgar J. Wright, has been referred to the Finance Committee:

Whereas during the Great War there were sold to many people in our city, Liberty Bonds aggregating in amount a sum greater than the total bonded indebtedness of the City of Seattle

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the County of King and School District No. 1, and

Whereas these municipal corporations are continually offering for sale, bonds of various kinds and amounts, and

Whereas it would seem desirable to conserve the habits of saving and bond investment displayed by our people during the war, and

Whereas it would seem particularly desirable to give our citizens a monetary interest in our public utilities and similar investments and to secure the

payment to them of the interest on such bonds, be it therefore,

Resolved that the proper officers of the City of Seattle, King County and School District No. 1, be asked to consider the advisability of first offering for sale in small denominations and on favorable terms such bond issues as may be authorized to the general public and that they be solicited to purchase the same before offering them in bulk to professional buyers.

SKAGIT RIVER PROJECT

(Continued from page 1)
 ject, he said.

"The reasonableness of size of work depends on revenue to be derived therefrom," he said. "At present Seattle could afford to spend \$5,000,000 on this project if it only displaced the 'oil plant' station in this city.

"More power means more factories, and this means a greater population — a greater 'hinterland.'

"Two hundred thousand dollars has been spent on the project so far. The actual construction has not begun; work has been largely of an reconnaissance nature."

Thrift is the yeast that swells pennies to dollars. Prove it with War Savings Stamps.

FRED W. CATLETT
 Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Ludvig Lindfors, Deceased. No. 26410. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Executrix of the estate of Ludvig Lindfors, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Emma Lindfors or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, December 6th, 1919.

EMMA LINDFORS,
 Executrix of said Estate.
 Address 1826 30th Avenue, Seattle, Wash.

FRED W. CATLETT,
 Attorney for Estate,
 613 Hoge Building, Seattle, Wash.
 4t 46-27

ARTHUR H. HUTCHINSON
 Attorney 510 Central Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Florence E. Clancy, deceased. No. 26229. Notice of Sale of Real Estate.

Pursuant to order of sale duly entered in the above entitled court and proceeding. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Arthur H. Hutchinson, as administrator of the estate of Florence E. Clancy, deceased, will sell at private sale for cash on the 17th day of December, 1919, all the following described land in King County, State of Washington, to-wit:

Lot Six (6) in Block Three (3) of Haller's Addition to the City of Seattle, together with all improvements thereon

that bids or offers therefor must be in writing and may be left at the office of Arthur H. Hutchinson, administrator for the said estate at his office at 510-517 Central Building, Seattle, Washington, or may be filed in the office of the Clerk of the above entitled court at any time after the first publication of this notice and before the making of the said sale.

That the said property will be sold subject to confirmation of the above entitled court, ten per cent of amount bid or offered to accompany bid and balance to be payable on confirmation of sale.

ARTHUR H. HUTCHINSON,
 Administrator of said estate.
 Date of first publication, Dec. 6, 1919.
 dec 6-13

JOHN F. REED
 Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and for the County of King.
 Jean A. Holliston, Plaintiff, vs. John Holliston, Defendant. No.
 Summons for Publication.
 The State of Washington to: John Holliston, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 13th day of December, 1919, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree dissolving the bonds of matrimony heretofore and now existing between plaintiff and defendant, and for alimony in the sum of Forty Dollars (\$40.00) per month, together with such other and further relief as to the court may seem just and equitable.

JOHN F. REED,
 Attorney for Plaintiff.
 Office and P. O. Address: 960 Empire Building, Seattle, King County, Washington.
 First pub Dec 13, 1919. 7t Jan 24

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 112 COLUMBIA STREET

JAMES A. HAIGHT

Attorney Haight Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for the
County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Marie
Feurer, Deceased. No. 26357. Notice
to Creditors.

To the Creditors of the Above Entitled
Estate, and to Whom it May Concern:
Pursuant to orders entered in the
above entitled matter, notice is hereby
given that the undersigned has been
appointed and has qualified as adminis-
trator of the estate of Marie. Feurer,
deceased.

And that all persons having claims
against the said deceased or against the
estate of the said deceased are hereby
required to prepare them in the form re-
quired by statute and to serve the same
on the undersigned or his attorney of
record, and file them with the Clerk of
the above entitled Court with proof of
such service within six months after
the date of the first publication of this
notice, to-wit: Within six months from
the 13th day of December, 1919.

The place for the transaction of the
business of said estate and the office of
the attorney for the undersigned, where
claims against said estate may be
served, is 702 Haight Building, Seattle,
King County, State of Washington.

And you are further notified that if
any claim is not filed within the time
aforesaid it shall be barred.

WILLIAM FEURER,
Administering the Estate of Marie
Feurer, deceased.

JAMES A. HAIGHT
Attorney for Administrator.
702 Haight Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Dec. 13, 1919. 4t Jan 3

JOHN F. REED

Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Annie
Erickson, deceased. No. 25027.
Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the un-
dersigned has been appointed and has
qualified as Administratrix of the estate
of Annie Erickson, Deceased; that all
persons having claims against said de-
ceased are hereby required to serve the
same, duly verified, on said Administra-
trix or her attorney of record at the
address below stated, and file the same
with the Clerk of said Court, together
with proof of such service within six
months after the date of first publica-
tion of this notice, or the same will be
barred.

Date of first publication, November 8,
1919.

ANNA S. BAYLESS,
Administratrix of said Estate.
Address 960 Empire Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate,
960 Empire Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
4t Nov 29

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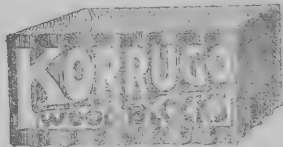
TO ALL LEAGUE MEMBERS

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Where the food is of the best—the service rapid and excellent—
We invite you to try our lunch room.

C. F. BAASCH

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. VIII. NO. 52.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 27, 1919.

PRICE 10 CENTS

PAVING BETWEEN STREET CAR TRACKS

(Reported by the Secretary)

Mayor C. B. Fitzgerald, Superintendent of Public Utilities Thomas F. Murphine, and F. R. Singleton a member of the taxation bureau of the Chamber of Commerce and Commercial Club addressed the Municipal League on the matter of paving between car rails at the meeting Tuesday.

The question was regularly brought up by the reading of the report and resolution proposed by the public utilities committee, of which James A. Haight is chairman. The resolution, printed in our last issue reads as follows:

Resolved: That it is the sentiment of the Municipal League of Seattle that the Seattle Municipal Street Railway system should out of its capital account bear the cost of all original paving between its rails and for a distance of eighteen inches beyond the outside rails; and, out of revenue, bear the maintenance and renewal charges; except that original construction may be paid for by special assessment, when properly petitioned for by the assessment district.

Mayor Fitzgerald, the first speaker, stated that there would be no objection to the resolution if there was a 'capital account'. There being none he was opposed to the resolution. He cited further the fact that if a capital account should be created by a general bond issue, the use of such moneys for paving purposes would simply lessen the fund for street railway extension badly needed at this time, as no extensions have been made since 1909.

Mayor Fitzgerald is unequi-

vocally in favor of maintaining the five cent fare. He stated that the advertising value of nickel car-fare in Seattle is worth millions of dollars to the city.

The street railway of to-day does not wear a groove in the center of the street as it did in the horse-car period of its history.

Mr. Murphine speaking of the resolution said, "If the capital account is going to be raised by general bond issue, interest paid by bonds, then I am in favor of the resolution, but I shall take the position that this is not the meaning of the resolution; that 'capital account' means revenue and confine my remarks accordingly. The fundamental principal of public utilities is that it shall be operated for service, not for profit. Under private ownership the principal is that the utility must be operated at a profit to the stockholders. In grant-



Tuesday, December 30, 1919

MEVE'S CAFETERIA—SECOND AND SENECA

Vote on the Resolution of the Public Utilities Committee Cost of Paving Between Street Car tracks.

Come prepared to express your views on this important question—and to vote!

BRING IN A NEW MEMBER

ing a franchise to a private company, the city was accustomed to driving hard bargains. Certain franchise obligations were placed upon the company among them being the requirement of building and maintaining eighteen feet of the public street. When the city itself took over the system, all franchise obligations were abrogated.

"Should the fare be increased to seven cents the additional cost to the average family per year would be forty-three dollars, while if the increased cost is borne by taxation there would be an additional levy of one mill, which would mean that the average home-owner would pay an increased tax of three dollars a year."

Mr. Singleton spoke in favor of the resolution. "I agree that paving costs should be paid out of the capital account if such

(Continued on page 2)

THEATRES AND AMUSEMENTS

Your Committee on Theatres and Amusements was asked to investigate the moving-pictures presented to the public at the principal theatres of this city, from November 15th to December 15th inclusive. Under this instruction the Committee investigated the following theaters: The Clemmer, Coliseum, Strand, Liberty, Mission, Rex, Colonial, Madison, and Society.

Each of these theaters presented a varied program, which, with some minor differences consists of music, a main story or drama, a current news service, and a comedy film. Without mentioning the specific titles of the the period of our investigation, we have classified them as to theme presented, and find the following to have been given: 12 love stories, 8 comedies, 7 problem plays, 4 dealing with adventure, 2 detective stories, 2 religious, and several that were perhaps an admixture of all of the above themes.

Generally speaking, it may be said that the theme presented in the main play in all of these theaters is fine and of a high type, the plays themselves are taken largely from books that have been written and that have been found suitable for stage production. We found nothing unworthy or reprehensible from a moral standpoint in any of them. There are minor details which will be spoken of more specifically in this report later on, but at this point let it suffice to say that the theaters are presenting and the public demanding good pictures with themes that are elevating and inspiring.

Some of the theaters on our list present what is known as "second runs". By that is meant

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Honorary Auditors

Committee Chairman and Trustees—

Terms Expire May, 1920

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Robert Howes

Albro Gardner, Jr.

M. H. VanNuy

TRUSTEES

Terms Expire May, 1921

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Edgar J. Wright

Arthur H. Hutchinson, Ex-officio Trustee

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a play that has been presented at one of the larger theaters and is later put on a second time at another house. The Society theater located out on Broadway, is a notable example of this, as is the Madison theater. Thus ordinarily, these little houses are presenting pictures as good as those in the down town houses, altho they have been seen before in Seattle. They can do this more successfully, being nearer the residential districts, than would otherwise be the case. They offer to those, who perhaps do not have the opportunity of getting down to a movie, the chance of seeing good photo dramas near home.

The Rex is a smaller down town theater, which has a tendency to stage sex problem plays. Its system of advertising, it seems to your Committee, is unfortunate. Its billboards play up these sex problem plays in fantastic colors, calculated to attract the eye of the curious. Now and then they put on a play of a different nature, but use the same type of billboard for the latter. It would perhaps be more candid with the public, were the merits of the plays allowed to attract, rather than the display of its billboards.

The Colonial is another of the smaller down town theaters and is an attractive place. To quote from one of the Committee-men, "The pictures presented are most agreeably pleasing, and they are far above what might be expected in what is

generally regarded as a second-rate house." This particular theater, a short time ago, launched a program of better pictures and is succeeding.

The Strand has been presenting what are called "super-plays." An extra charge is made for admission, and the play consumes more time than those ordinarily exhibited. Three of these plays were shown during the period of our investigation, entitled in the order of their having been presented, "The Miracle Man," "Broken Blossoms," and "Male and Female." It may be interesting to know that the first of these plays, "The Miracle Man," was of a highly religious nature, and that it ran for three weeks to capacity houses, and that midnight matinees were put on to accommodate the waiting crowds. It was a powerful play, and the long lines of people waiting to gain admission prove the demand for good picture plays. The second, "Broken Blossoms," brought forth special mention from some of the committeemen because of the extreme brutality displayed by one of the characters in the play toward a helpless child. It was intimated that such scenes should not be portrayed, even though perhaps they present life as it really is in some of our communities. Others saw no wrong in the picture. Neither this play nor the play, "Male and Female," met with the large attendance that the first did, although both attracted large crowds.

Special attention is given to

music at the Coliseum, Strand, Clemmer and Liberty, and most of the renditions are splendidly done. This feature is a great attraction at all of these houses.

The comedy features displayed are for the most part merely amusing and although some of them are somewhat questionable, they perhaps need not be censured. The Liberty, however, displays what is called "Sayings from the Smart Set." Your committee believes that this feature should be eliminated. For instance, one of the sayings displayed was, "A woman's idea of hell is that she has no men to go out with her and clothes do not fit." Another, "Kissing one's wife is like dining out in one's own restaurant." These cheap, supposedly witty, views of life are not particularly healthful, especially to the rising generation. These comedy features are to some extent being supplanted by nature pictures, which is a desirable substitute. The camera man takes the audience through some particularly scenic spot, while the organ or orchestra is playing suitable music, and the effect is wholly worth while.

As has been heretofore mentioned, all of the above theatres have a news service. This consists of five or ten minutes of current events of important happenings throughout the civilized world. This feature is a splendid addition to the program and is perhaps the most instructive. It affords the privilege of actually seeing up-to-date events as they take place. Perhaps a specific instance would be worth mentioning. Some time ago, your chairman saw at one of the moving picture houses the process by which perfume is made in Southern France. Shortly thereafter, a service man who was in that country visiting one of the perfume factories saw the process there, and wrote telling of all he had seen. As the letter was read the entire process as revealed through the medium of the moving picture, made the letter plain and intelligible, which might otherwise not have been the case. One of your committeemen felt that a theatre house could succeed by displaying nothing but news service as an entire program. However as that might be, this feature as it is

now carried on, cannot be too strongly recommended.

In closing, it may be said that one cannot intelligently observe moving picture houses at the present, without realizing that the moving picture as an institution is here to stay. All of the picture houses are crowded every day in the week. The audiences are made up of men, women, and children of all ages. They attend with minds fully open to receive what is presented, because they go for recreation and pleasure.

The average individual perhaps retains more that he has actually seen portrayed before his eyes than through reading. Thus, there is presented to the moving picture industry today, an opportunity that is limitless. Those who are conducting the industry in the principal houses of Seattle seem to be mindful of this fact and are presenting programs that as a whole are commendable. No destructive criticism is called for at the present time. Intelligent observation should be made from time to time, however, and constructive suggestions offered, suggestions which will still further assist the management in improving the service.

ROBERT F. SANDALL

Chairman,

VICTOR ZEDNICK

GEO. B. LITTLEFIELD

AUSTIN E. GRIFFITHS

A. E. PIERCE

PAVING BETWEEN STREET CAR TRACKS

(Continued from page 1)

exists, and if none does exist, then out of the capital earnings. In justice you cannot put a burden on the already overburdened tax payer of this city. It may be that we would be justified in operating some public utilities in which the health of the community is involved, at a loss, but certainly not the street railway system."

"Why buck against economic laws? Everything else has gone up in price, why not the street-car fare? Certainly there is no sacredness about the five-cent fare."

Mr. Singleton closed by stating that the jitneys should pay a

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proportionate share of the paving costs.

So many others desired to speak on the question that it was regularly passed that the matter should be taken up at the next regular meeting of the League, at which a vote on the resolution will be taken.

"Why do we call a handcuff a bracelet?" asked a commissioner of an Irish recruit at recent police examination.

"Faith, because it is intended for arrist," replied the applicant, and he got the job at once.



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JOHN F. REED
 Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and For the County of King, In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Guardianship of Lucy Dodds Blyth, a mentally incompetent person. No. 26241. Notice.
 By order of the above entitled court made herein on the 26th day of December, 1919,

Notice is Hereby Given That the guardian of the above entitled estate will sell at private sale the following described property located in King County, Washington:

The South 40 feet of the following described property: Beginning at intersection of south line of E. Fir Street and the E. line of 24th Ave., thence south 124 feet. East 100 feet North 124 feet to South line of E. Fir Street, thence West 100 feet to beginning, being all of Tract 112, S. E. Yesler Tracts, less portion taken for streets, located in the City of Seattle, King County, Washington at the office of John F. Reed, attorney for said estate, at No. 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Washington, on the 9th day of January, 1920, at the hour of 9:30 A. M., and that offers or bids for the said property must be made in writing and will be received by the said guardian, David Blyth, at any time before the making of said sale at the office of the attorney for said estate above specified, and that said offers or bids must be received by the said guardian on or before the 9th day of January, 1920.

Dated at Seattle, Washington, this 26th day of December, 1919.
DAVID BLYTH,
 Guardian of the above Estate.
JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate,
 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
 First pub Dec 27, 1919. 2t Jan 3

JOHN F. REED
 Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County in Probate

In the Matter of the Estate of Zilpha E. Fenton, Deceased.

No. 26459. Notice to Creditors.
 Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Administrator of the estate of Zilpha E. Fenton, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Administrator or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, December 27, 1919.

COLIN O. RADFORD,
 Administrator of said Estate.
 Address 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.

JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate,
 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
 4t Dec 27- Jan 17

FRED W. CATLETT
 Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Ludvig Lindfors, Deceased. No. 26410. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Executrix of the estate of Ludvig Lindfors, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Emma Lindfors or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, December 6th, 1919.

EMMA LINDFORS,
 Executrix of said Estate.
 Address 1826 30th Avenue, Seattle, Wash.

FRED W. CATLETT,
 Attorney for Estate,
 613 Hoge Building, Seattle, Wash.
 4t 46-27

ARTHUR H. HUTCHINSON
 Attorney 510 Central Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Florence E. Clancy, deceased. No. 26229.

Notice of Sale of Real Estate.
 Pursuant to order of sale duly entered in the above entitled court and proceeding, Notice is Hereby Given that the undersigned, Arthur H. Hutchinson, as administrator of the estate of Florence E. Clancy, deceased, will sell at private sale for cash on the 17th day of December, 1919, all the following described land in King County, State of Washington, to-wit:

Lot Six (6) in Block Three (3) of Haller's Addition to the City of Seattle, together with all improvements thereon
 That bids or offers therefor must be in writing and may be left at the office of Arthur H. Hutchinson, administrator for the said estate at his office at 510-517 Central Building, Seattle, Washington, or may be filed in the office of the Clerk of the above entitled court at any time after the first publication of this notice and before the making of the said sale.

That the said property will be sold subject to confirmation of the above entitled court, ten per cent of amount bid or offered to accompany bid and balance to be payable on confirmation of sale.

ARTHUR H. HUTCHINSON,
 Administrator of said estate.
 Date of first publication, Dec. 6, 1919.
 dec 6-13

JOHN F. REED
 Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and for the County of King.

Jean A. Hollston, Plaintiff, vs. John Hollston, Defendant. No.
 Summons for Publication.
 The State of Washington to: John Hollston, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 13th day of December, 1919, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree dissolving the bonds of matrimony heretofore and now existing between plaintiff and defendant, and for alimony in the sum of Forty Dollars (\$40.00) per month, together with such other and further relief as to the court may seem just and equitable.

JOHN F. REED,
 Attorney for Plaintiff.
 Office and P. O. Address: 960 Empire Building, Seattle, King County, Washington.
 First pub Dec 13, 1919. 7t Jan 24

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JAMES A. HAIGHT
Attorney Haight Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for the
County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Marie
Feurer, Deceased. No. 26357. Notice
to Creditors.

To the Creditors of the Above Entitled
Estate, and to Whom it May Concern:
Pursuant to orders entered in the
above entitled matter, notice is hereby
given that the undersigned has been
appointed and has qualified as adminis-
trator of the estate of Marie Feurer,
deceased.

And that all persons having claims
against the said deceased or against the
estate of the said deceased are hereby
required to prepare them in the form re-
quired by statute and to serve the same
on the undersigned or his attorney of
record, and file them with the Clerk of
the above entitled Court with proof of
such service within six months after
the date of the first publication of this
notice, to-wit: Within six months from
the 13th day of December, 1919.

The place for the transaction of the
business of said estate and the office of
the attorney for the undersigned, where
claims against said estate may be
served, is 702 Haight Building, Seattle,
King County, State of Washington.

And you are further notified that if
any claim is not filed within the time
aforesaid it shall be barred.

WILLIAM FEURER,
Administering the Estate of Marie
Feurer, deceased.

JAMES A. HAIGHT
Attorney for Administrator.
702 Haight Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub Dec. 13, 1919. 4t Jan 3

CHARLES H. HARTGE
Attorney 521 Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for the County
of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Robert
Hall, Deceased. No. 24853. Notice of
Hearing Final Report and Petition
For Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Charles
Treman, Administrator of the Estate of
Robert Hall, deceased, has filed in the
office of the Clerk of said Court his
final Report and petition for distribu-
tion asking the Court to settle said
Report, distribute the property to the
persons thereto entitled and to dis-
charge said Administrator; and that said
Report and petition will be heard on
the 15th day of January 1920, at 9:30
A. M., at the Court Room of the Pro-
bate Department of said Court.

Dated this 17th day of December, 1919
PERCY F. THOMAS,
Clerk of said Court.
By **E. A. PEYSER,** Deputy.
First pub. Dec. 20, 1919 4t Jan 10

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Annie
Erickson, deceased. No. 25027.
Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the un-
dersigned has been appointed and has
qualified as Administratrix of the estate
of Annie Erickson, Deceased; that all
persons having claims against said de-
ceased are hereby required to serve the
same, duly verified, on said Administra-
trix or her attorney of record at the
address below stated, and file the same
with the Clerk of said Court, together
with proof of such service within six
months after the date of first publica-
tion of this notice, or the same will be
barred.

Date of first publication, November 8,
1919.

ANNA S. BAYLESS,
Administratrix of said Estate.
Address 960 Empire Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate,
960 Empire Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
4t Nov 29

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. IX. NO. 2.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, JANUARY 10, 1920.

PRICE 10 CENTS

GERMANY AFTER THE ARMISTICE

By Eimon L. Weinir

That a republic was founded in Germany because of the defeat of the Military party and not because of any wide-spread democratic movement was the declaration made by Professor Ralph H. Lutz of the University of Washington in an address to the Municipal League Tuesday.

The Spartacus rebellion was the final effort of Bolshevism to seize the German Empire. There was plenty of Russian gold in Berlin to finance the revolution. That the rebellion failed was due mainly to the volunteer civilian forces rather than the government's troops. To-day Germany is a victim of Bolshevism.

At thirteen days after the revolution, Hirsch, minister and president of the first constitutional assembly, declared: "The chief task of the first constitutional government of the republic of Prussia is with the help of our land to found on the ground of democracy new and secure conditions of life. Freedom and order are the foundation stones. Old Prussia is gone forever."

Prof. Lutz stated that while there was little or no sympathy for the Kaiser there was none for the Crown Prince, who it is said, while nominally at the head of the army, was found playing tennis with his staff far behind the lines during one of the most crucial battles of the war.

"The peace treaty when it was announced in Germany nearly overthrew the Republic. An organized demonstration was directed chiefly against the Americans, showing that the Government had not lost its old tricks of manipulating the people for political purposes.



DR. H. H. MATTESON

well known journalist and physician of McNeil Island Federal Penitentiary will address the League,

Tuesday Noon, January 13, 1920

MEVE'S CAFETERIA—SECOND AND SENECA

on

PRISON REFORMS

Dr. Matteson is master of his subject, having just completed an investigation of sixteen penal institutions. He is forcible and convincing and he has a remedy to suggest that will prove interesting to every public spirited man.

Bring in a list of ten prospective members for the Membership Committee

"The treaty was signed because it had to be signed. The nation would not permit either active or passive resistance to the terms of peace. The Spartacans made another threat of revolution in case the treaty was not signed."

Prof. Lutz stated, that in his opinion, Germany would recover rapidly in an economic way. There are only two draw backs to such recovery he said: The breaking down of the transportation system and the strike mania which seems to persist.

Speaking of the work of the American Military Mission, Prof. Lutz stated that had it not been for its effective manner in feeding the 300,000 Russian prisoners in Germany and in keeping them from breaking out of the camps, they would have helped the cause of Bolshevism in Germany.

A feature of the meeting was

the introduction of the following new members to the League:

- A. R. Hilen, 402 Burke Bldg.
- W. C. Tiffany, 504 Central Bldg.
- Walter L. Baumgartner, 528 Central Bldg.
- Claude H. Anderson, 539 Central Bldg.
- William G. Mann, 538 Central Bldg.
- D. D. Johnson, 539 Central Bldg.
- W. J. Ford, 558 Central Bldg.
- Raymond A. Wheeler, 555 Central Bldg.
- L. S. Robe, 4051 10th N. E.
- Chas. R. Case, 1518 16th No.
- J. S. Johnson, 505 County-City Bldg.
- W. J. Warren, 1511 4th Avenue
- Geo. H. Walker, 741 Central Bldg.
- Eugene C. Luccock, 828 Central Bldg.

(Continued on page 2.)

MUNICIPAL NOTES

By Fred W. Catlett

At their last meeting Wednesday noon the Board of Trustees referred a number of important matters to committees for investigation. These included the proposed purchase of the Greenwood Avenue Line by the city, the proposal to buy the Seattle, Renton & Southern for \$1,600,000.00, the charter amendments to be submitted to the voters at the forthcoming election, the matter of an increase in the police force as requested by the chief and a resolution proposed at a recent meeting that all bonds to be issued for the benefit of public utilities by the city be in the future general bonds, if the purpose of the issue were purchases or expenditures on capital account.

* * *

No one who has helped to bear the burdens of the League during the difficult war period can fail to observe with pleasure the increasing spirit and activity apparent in the League meetings and in the operation of the League committees. As economic conditions grow more settled, the interest of men everywhere is likely to turn back more to matters of municipal concern. As the writer has asserted again and again, the League fills a niche in this community and one which is not and cannot be filled by any other organization. The writer has looked with a little alarm at this proposed Junior Chamber of Commerce suggested by a committee of the Chamber. The writer is not in favor of the consolidation of all our civic organizations into one great organization, does not believe that the Chamber should endeavor to monopolize all activities and does not believe that

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

the Chamber can accomplish as good results in civic matters, particularly in making reports upon proposed municipal projects or departures where a large number of the voters desire to decide the question rightly and want data which they can rely upon and which they can feel is from a source as independent as humanly possible as can the Municipal League. The Chamber is a business organization and properly so. It is very largely under the influence of so-called big business, although it is more democratic and more representative and more public-spirited than it was formerly. Because of its larger supply of funds and its membership it can accomplish desirable results through its Civic Bureau. As far as it has gone at the present time we have felt that there has been no serious or unjustifiable overlapping, but, as the Junior Chamber of Commerce plan has been presented, it seems to us an unnecessary inroad upon the League's field, a movement, judging from the probable way in which it would work out, more designed to strengthen the position of the Chamber at the expense of good government organizations such as the League without really increasing or strengthening the forces working for good government. It may be that we are too fearful or do not understand the purposes of the Junior Chamber. If so, these few remarks will serve to start the discussion which may clear up the matter.

One of the most important functions the League performs is its periodical investigation and report on candidates. Another municipal campaign is approaching and the Board at its last meeting authorized the president to appoint a committee to investigate the candidates for municipal offices and report.

* * *

City Engineer Dimock presented to the Streets and Sewers Committee of the council on Thursday tentative plans with estimates of cost for extending Olive Street from Bellevue Ave. to Broadway. The purpose of the improvement would be to relieve the congestion of traffic on Pike and Pine streets. To the south of these streets it may be necessary in the future to put a tunnel under the hill in continuation of Union Street, but such a tunnel would be extremely expensive and Mr. Dimock believes the proposed extension is a necessary and vital part of our future street system; that the extension can now be made without the destruction of any important buildings and that the right of way can be acquired at much less expense than in the future. Mr. Dimock presented two plans for making this improvement, the first of which would cost, it is estimated, \$437,000.00, and the second \$474,000. He favors the first plan, because of a lesser grade and an earlier diversion of traffic from North Broadway.

* * *

The council met Friday to take up the question of an addition of seventy-five men to the police force, as requested by Chief Warren. The increasing amount of crime in the city would seem to justify some addition, even if it be only temporary.

* * *

The Public Utilities Committee of the council has again expressed itself in favor of making physical connection between the Lake Burien and the Alki and Fauntleroy car lines. The Board of Public Works is opposed to the plan. The basis of the rejection of the plan by the Board was a report prepared by the Superintendent of Streets and City Engineer which concluded that the proposed connection was dangerous because it would cross at grade several steam railroad tracks and also a public roadway and because of difficulties in switching from the Lake Burien to the Alki and Fauntleroy lines.

GERMANY AFTER THE ARMISTICE

(Continued from page 1)

Walter N. Hay, 4196 Arcade Bldg.
J. D. Nice, 121 24th South.
E. D. O'Brien, 506 County-City Bldg.
R. L. Notbohm, 306 East Olive St.
Glenn Hoover, 507 County-City Bldg.
Howard A. Adams, 528 Central Bldg.
Mathew W. Hill, 816 2nd Ave.
Geo. S. Kahin, 559 Central Bldg.
John R. Edwards, 958 Empire Bldg.
W. E. Greenway, 325 Lmbr. Ex. Bldg.
Geo. Zamberlin, 217 Seneca St.
Extra Meeker, 812 2nd Ave.
J. F. Clarke, Renton, Wash.
C. W. Brown, 1915 1st Ave.

Mr. Laizure: We've heard a lot about Cooties lately. What is a cootie, anyway?

Fridolf: A wandering flea, with a military training.

* * *

'Twas a summer day in winter
The sun was raining fast
And a barefooted boy with shoes on
Stood sitting in the grass.

NORTH DAKOTA'S EXAMPLE

From Post-Intelligencer

The decision of the supreme court of North Dakota holding that the state can legally enter upon any industrial program puts the final proof of the oft-made assertion that there is no limit to a democracy. Under the constitution with which North Dakota entered the Union, there may have been no legal provision whereby the state could become a business corporation and engage in general business in the same manner as a private corporation. But the original constitution was subject to amendment; it was within the power of the people of the state to make whatever changes in the state constitution they saw fit.

The people of North Dakota availed themselves of this right of amending their constitution and specifically asserted their right to build and operate grain elevators, flour mills, and engage in other industrial enterprises. A friendly suit was brought to test the validity of these amendments and the supreme court of the state has held them valid.

The supreme court, of course, does not pass on the wisdom of the folly of these innovations. It merely states that they are legal; that they have been launched by legal methods and that there is nothing in the law or the constitution to invalidate them. The people of the state have simply expressed their will in a constitutional manner and there is nothing to prevent the carrying out of the will of the people.

What North Dakota has done, any state in the Union can do. There is, therefore, no sense and less honesty to all this blatant talk about the tyranny of government, about the inability of the majority to put its wishes into effect. North Dakota is no different from any other state and North Dakota passes the lie to all the varieties of red radicals who talk about the downtrodden people.

We are far from certain that the experiences of North Dakota are to be happy. The recent bank scandal does not indicate that all the North Dakota theories are as

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economically sound as they are legally valid. But that is beside the point of our discussion, which is, that the people of any state in the United States can, by the simple method of amending their constitution, bring about any change in state government, and increase to any extent the functions of their government. That is liberty; liberty with law and order, the only liberty that is tolerable.

HASTINGS & STEDMAN

Attorneys **Haller Bldg**
NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF
 Stockholders of Queen Bess Mines Company For the Purpose of Increasing the Capital Stock of Said Corporation From \$100,000.00 Divided into 10,000 Shares of the Par Value of \$10.00 Per Share, to \$1,000,000.00 Divided into 100,000 Shares of the Par Value of \$10.00 Per Share.
 Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the Queen Bess Mines Company will be held at the office of the company, 400 Central Building, Seattle, Washington, on January 26, 1920, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the fore noon, for the purpose of increasing the capital stock of said corporation from \$100,000.00 divided into 10,000 shares of the par value of \$10.00 per share, to \$1,000,000.00 divided into 100,000 shares of the par value of \$10.00 per share.
 O. A. THOMAS, President
 E. E. DAVIS, Vice-Pres.
 H. W. SCHUETT, Sec.-Treas.
 O. P. DIX,
 W. H. GLASS, Trustees.
 Being all of the Trustees of said corporation.
 Jan 10-17

HARRY SIGMUND

Attorney **960 Empire Bldg.**
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for King County In Probate.
 In the matter of the estate of George Goldstein, also known as Godel Goldstein, deceased. No. 13115. Notice to creditors.
 Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as executrix of the estate of George Goldstein, also known as Godel Goldstein, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said executrix or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
 Date of first publication, January 3 1920.

FANNIE GOLDSTEIN,
 Executrix of said Estate.
 Address 960 Empire Bldg. Seattle, Wash.
HARRY SIGMUND, Attorney for Estate, 960 Empire Bldg. Seattle, Wash.
 4t Jan 24

"Bedad," exclaimed Mrs. O'Flaherty, "the Oirish are blamed for everything nowadays."

"Phat's the matter now?" asked her friend.

"They do be saying that it was an Oirishman gave 'em the fever—a boy of the name of 'Mike Robe'."

* * *

"Miy rose," he said as he pressed her cheek to his.

"My cactus," she replied as she countered his stubble.

JOHN F. REED
960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, in and For the County of King, In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Guardianship of Lucy Dodds Blyth, a mentally incompetent person. No. 26241. Notice.
 By order of the above entitled court made herein on the 26th day of December, 1919,
 Notice is Hereby Given That the guardian of the above entitled estate will sell at private sale the following described property located in King County, Washington:

The South 40 feet of the following described property: Beginning at intersection of south line of E. Fir Street and the E. line of 24th Ave., thence south 124 feet, East 100 feet North 124 feet to South line of E. Fir Street, thence West 100 feet to beginning, being all of Tract 112, S. E. Yesler Tracts, less portion taken for streets, located in the City of Seattle, King County, Washington at the office of John F. Reed, attorney for said estate, at No. 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Washington, on the 9th day of January, 1920, at the hour of 9:30 A. M., and that offers or bids for the said property must be made in writing and will be received by the said guardian, David Blyth, at any time before the making of said sale at the office of the attorney for said estate above specified, and that said offers or bids must be received by the said guardian on or before the 9th day of January, 1920.

Dated at Seattle, Washington, this 26th day of December, 1919.
DAVID BLYTH,
 Guardian of the above Estate.
JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate.
 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
 First pub Dec 27, 1919. 2t Jan 3

JOHN F. REED
960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, in and for the County of King.
 Jean A. Holliston, Plaintiff, vs. John Holliston, Defendant. No.
 Summons for Publication.
 The State of Washington to: John Holliston, Defendant:
 You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 13th day of December, 1919, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree dissolving the bonds of matrimony heretofore and now existing between plaintiff and defendant, and for alimony in the sum of Forty Dollars (\$40.00) per month, together with such other and further relief as to the court may seem just and equitable.

JOHN F. REED,
 Attorney for Plaintiff.
 Office and P. O. Address: 960 Empire Building, Seattle, King County, Washington.
 First pub Dec 13, 1919. 7t Jan 24

ARTHUR H. HUTCHINSON
Attorney **510 Central Bldg**
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for King County In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Florence E. Clancy, deceased. No. 26229.
 Notice of Sale of Real Estate.
 Pursuant to order of sale duly entered in the above entitled court and proceeding, Notice is Hereby Given that the undersigned, Arthur H. Hutchinson, as administrator of the estate of Florence E. Clancy, deceased, will sell at private sale for cash on the 17th day of December, 1919, all the following described land in King County, State of Washington, to-wit:

Lot Six (6) in Block Three (3) of Haller's Addition to the City of Seattle, together with all improvements thereon
 that bids or offers therefor must be in writing and may be left at the office of Arthur H. Hutchinson, administrator for the said estate at his office at 510-517 Central Building, Seattle, Washington, or may be filed in the office of the Clerk of the above entitled court

at any time after the first publication of this notice and before the making of the said sale.

That the said property will be sold subject to confirmation of the above entitled court, ten per cent of amount bid or offered to accompany bid and balance to be payable on confirmation of sale.

ARTHUR H. HUTCHINSON,
 Administrator of said estate.
 Date of first publication, Dec. 6, 1919.
 dec 6-13

JOHN F. REED
Attorney **960 Empire Bldg**
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for King County in Probate
 In the Matter of the Estate of Zilpha E. Fenton, Deceased.
 No. 26459. Notice to Creditors.
 Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Administrator of the estate of Zilpha E. Fenton, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Administrator or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
 Date of first publication, December 27, 1919.

COLIN O. RADFORD,
 Administrator of said Estate.
 Address 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate.
 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
 4t Dec 27- Jan 17

FRED W. CATLETT
Attorney **613 Hoge Bldg**
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, for King County In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Ludvig Lindfors, Deceased. No. 26410. Notice to Creditors.
 Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Executrix of the estate of Ludvig Lindfors, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Emma Lindfors or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
 Date of first publication, December 6th, 1919.

EMMA LINDFORS,
 Executrix of said Estate.
 Address 1826 30th Avenue, Seattle, Wash.
FRED W. CATLETT,
 Attorney for Estate,
 613 Hoge Building, Seattle, Wash.
 4t 46-27

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JAMES A. HAIGHT
 Attorney Haight Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington in and for the
 County of King. In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Marie
 Feurer, Deceased. No. 26357. Notice
 to Creditors.
 To the Creditors of the Above Entitled
 Estate, and to Whom it May Concern:
 Pursuant to orders entered in the
 above entitled matter, notice is hereby
 given that the undersigned has been
 appointed and has qualified as adminis-
 trator of the estate of Marie Feurer,
 deceased.
 And that all persons having claims
 against the said deceased or against the
 estate of the said deceased are hereby
 required to prepare them in the form re-
 quired by statute and to serve the same
 on the undersigned or his attorney of
 record, and file them with the Clerk of
 the above entitled Court with proof of
 such service within six months after
 the date of the first publication of this
 notice, to-wit: Within six months from
 the 13th day of December, 1919.
 The place for the transaction of the
 business of said estate and the office of
 the attorney for the undersigned, where
 claims against said estate may be
 served, is 702 Haight Building, Seattle,
 King County, State of Washington.
 And you are further notified that if
 any claim is not filed within the time
 aforesaid it shall be barred.
 WILLIAM FEURER,
 Administering the Estate of Marie
 Feurer, deceased.
JAMES A. HAIGHT
 Attorney for Administrator.
 702 Haight Building, Seattle, Wash.

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. IX. NO. 3.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, JANUARY 17, 1920.

PRICE 10 CENTS

PRISON RECONSTRUCTION

ADDRESS DELIVERED BY
DR. MATTESON

(Reported by the Secretary)

Asserting that more than \$200,000 was wasted annually in the maintenance of penal institutions of the United States and that a reconstruction of the system should be undertaken, Dr. H. H. Matteson, writer and until recently physician at the Federal Prison at McNeil's Island, outlined a program of reform to be made in penal institutions, in an address to the Municipal League Tuesday.

"The average prisoner is a young man, less than 24 years of age, serving a term of from one to four years for a crime involving the infringement of rights against property. He has committed crime chiefly because he has never had his energies properly directed. Instead of punishing such offenders by all sorts of restrictive measures, gradually killing such self-respect as he has, we ought to have vocational training for them, fitting them for some useful occupation in life," said Dr. Matteson. "A vocational officer, not a 'warden' is necessary at such institutions."

Other methods of reconstruction urged by Dr. Matteson included: The removing of prisons from political control and domination; assisting pardoned or paroled persons from such institutions in getting a proper start when they are returned to civil life; to occupy all able-bodied men incarcerated in such institutions in useful and productive work for which they are best fitted, so that such institu-

(Continued on page 3.)



DOUBLE PROGRAM

Tuesday Noon, January 20, 1920

MEVE'S CAFETERIA—SECOND AND SENECA

MR. RAY F. CARTER

Northwest Representative of Community Service Organization
Will Address the League on the Purposes of the National
Community Service Organization

MR. CARL E. CROSON

will speak on

"The Thrift Campaign in Seattle"

The report of the Public Welfare Committee on Community Service (Incorporated) appearing in this issue recommends that a representative of that organization be invited to address us. The subject is one that merits your consideration. Come and hear it presented authoritatively by Mr. Carter. Call up a friend and bring him to the meeting; he will enjoy it and so will you.

Mr. Croson's abilities as a public speaker are too well known to need mention.

"5000 BY 1921"

(By the Secretary)

Five thousand members by January 1921 is a big job but one that will be put over no matter how great the difficulty.

A campaign of this kind is one in which the active co-operation of every member of the Municipal League is most earnestly requested. After two weeks from the meeting when Capt. Plummer asked the members to send in a list of at least ten names but three members have complied. This is falling far short of what was expected of the League.

Don't be a slacker in this drive, get behind the gun and

help put it over. Give five minutes of your time in dictating a letter to your stenographer and mail it immediately to the office of the Secretary, 510 Central Building.

It is hoped that the committee will be able to report an increase of at least 100 members by the 1st of February which will be but the start of a long hard pull.

ENDORSE BILL

By a practically unanimous vote the League endorsed the Williams bill pending in Congress to provide American assistance for Armenians and authorized President Reynolds to wire Senator John Sharp Williams announcement of the League's action.

MUNICIPAL NOTES

By Fred W. Catlett

The city council by a vote of three to six refused to pass the ordinance increasing the police department by five sergeants and seventy patrolmen to serve under ninety-day appointments. Whether the council will be willing to grant any lesser increase remains to be seen.

* * *

On the question whether the municipal street railway should bear the cost of paving between the tracks and for eighteen inches on each side thereof the council has apparently taken the view which, according to Mr. Murphine in debate on the floor of the League, was the view of the Public Utilities Department. That was that the street railway should bear whatever additional expense was caused by the presence of the street railway tracks in the street either in the original paving or its subsequent maintenance.

* * *

The original ordinance for the creation of a Zoning Commission was killed, but another ordinance providing for such a commission to consist of nine members, six to be appointed by the mayor, with the Superintendent of Buildings, the City Engineer and a member of the Park Board as the three city representatives, was recommended for passage. This ordinance ought to be carefully framed, and yet it ought to furnish the commission with sufficient power and authority to obtain the information and assistance necessary from the city departments, at least so long as the giving of such assistance or the furnishing of such information does not unreasonably interfere with the working of those departments. The proposed ordinance, which merely

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Arthur H. Hutchinson, Ex-officio Trustee

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

gives the Commission the power to "request" such assistance with the approval of the mayor, is hardly sufficient. The provision, also, with reference to the control and disposition of bequests made to the city for the purposes of the commission is not carefully worked out and ought to be re-framed before passage.

* * *

There has recently been considerable agitation for the placing in the hands of a single corporate body the public properties capable of use for industrial purposes and the suggestion has been made that the port commission was the proper authority to handle such properties. At its meeting last Monday the council, however, went on record as favoring a retention of its control over city properties and asserting the necessity of taking up with it in connection with the port commission any proposals for the use of such city property.

* * *

At the last meeting of the school board a report on the buildings now in use was made, showing that since August 5th 76 new temporary and portable buildings have been added to the school equipment, making a total of 175 buildings now owned by the school district, of which 169 are actually occupied and used. A report of Superintendent Cooper of methods for the relief of congestion in the schools until the completion of the building program was presented. In

it Superintendent Cooper stated that either more temporary buildings would have to be erected, or double sessions in the schools would have to be instituted. He did not favor the latter course because it would lessen the efficiency of the classes.

* * *

At the meeting of the Members' Council of the Chamber a week ago Mayor Fitzgerald advocated daily meetings of the council, extension of the mayor's term and operation of the street cars under a traffic expert. He also favored consolidation of city and county governments. The reason he gave for suggesting the longer term for the mayor was the greater freedom which would be given him from political activity. We believe that the reason is a good one and that the extension of the mayor's term to four years would be a step toward greater efficiency.

The Taxpayers' League came out later in a report suggesting again city-county consolidation and asserting that \$1,000,000.00 a year could be saved by such a change. The Municipal League has been the only local organization to make a thorough investigation of the matter of city-county consolidation and present a report dealing with it in some detail. A great many people favor consolidation in theory, but when it comes to giving it practical effect find insuperable difficulties in the way. The suggestion of a million dollars saving is merely a guess, as nobody

has endeavored to make or can easily make any reliable estimate. The assertion is frequently made that the duplication of officials could be eliminated in many instances, but that, too, when reduced to instances contains much less of truth than it seems. The fact is that some duplication could be avoided and some head officials could be eliminated, but the saving in that regard would not be very large. The greater saving would have to be secured in the more careful expenditure of the public funds and the closer supervision which municipal bodies and citizens would be able to give the expenditures if made by a single legislative body.

We favor city-county consolidation, but not on the lines some times suggested, that is, consolidation of the present city with the present county of King. Our idea of the only practical consolidation is a division of the county and then a consolidation. The city would extend its limits and make them co-terminous with that portion of the county which would be separated from the county of King and might well be called the county of Seattle. We would then have a consolidated city and county of Seattle similar to the city and county of San Francisco.

It is true, as stated by the report of the Taxpayers' League that a proposed constitutional amendment permitting city-county consolidation was presented to the state legislature by the Municipal League, but was not passed. Our own committees have two or three times concluded that the first step toward city-county consolidation was by constitutional amendment. Those who are favorable to consolidation should, therefore, prepare the way for putting pressure upon the next legislature to pass the desired amendment, or at least to submit it to the people. At the present time the discussion of the question has the value only of general publicity.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Dec. 6, 1920.

To the Municipal League:

Your committee on Public Welfare to which was referred consideration of the purpose and

value to our city of Community Service Incorporated, begs leave to report its approval of the purpose and work of this nation-wide organization to secure recreational and personal and civic value out of our leisure time, and say in brief the purpose is a broader continuation of War Camp Community Service for all the people through fellowship and co-operation of present and other desirable agencies and to recommend that a representative of Community Service, Incorporated, be invited to address the League on this subject.

AUSTIN E. GRIFFITHS
ALEXANDER MYERS
JAMES T. LAWLER.

TO CHECK CITY FINANCES

A resolution was introduced by Carl H. Reeves recommending appointment by the League of a committee to check each department of the city and county government to determine whether public money was being too freely expended. The resolution was referred to the Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees voted that a committee be appointed by the president to carry into effect the above resolution.

COPY OF LETTER TO AUSTIN E. GRIFFITHS

Seattle, Washington,

January 15, 1920.

Hon. Austin E. Griffiths,
White Bldg.,
Seattle.

My Dear Mr. Griffiths:

I beg leave to acknowledge the receipt of your "Open Letter on Capital and Labor," as published in the Seattle Municipal News. I am mailing each member of our State Industrial Commission a copy of the letter also a copy of the resolution passed by the Seattle Municipal League bearing upon the same subject and suggesting a new idea and that is the "Profit and Loss Sharing" plan of industrial partnership. We have heard quite a bit about profit sharing, but nothing about "loss sharing." It appears to me that the commission should sometime arrange for a meeting so you might thoroughly explain this new principle in industry. Anticipating that you and the

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Municipal League will continue the study and discussion of the industrial life of our state during the present year while an effort is being made to evolve some plan that will insure a greater measure of industrial peace, I am giving hereunder the personnel of our commission.

Mr. Edward P. Blake, Chairman, 1214 Alaska Bldg, Seattle.

Mr. DeWitt M. Evans, Secretary, Provident Bldg, Tacoma.

Mr. W. L. Dimmick, Court House, Yakima.

Mr. John Pattison, Empire State Bldg, Spokane.

Mr. H. Alvin Moore, 2427 5th Ave. West, Seattle.

Now that we are legally organized all communications intended for consideration of the Commission should be addressed to the secretary.

Co-operation is the biggest single word, in a material way, in the world today, and it certainly is gratifying to know that you and the Municipal League are willing to co-operate in solving the great problem of industrial peace within our state.

Very respectfully yours,
 H. ALVIN MOORE.

PRISON RECONSTRUCTION

(Continued from page 1)

tions can be placed on a self-sustaining basis and the present wasteful methods abolished.

"I am not here to defend the inmates of penitentiaries nor to indulge in mawkish sentimentality in their behalf," Dr. Matteson said. "Most of those confined are there because they deserve to be there. But the fact remains that penitentiaries fail of their primary purpose because they do not help the inmates to learn a vocation and attain a measure of self-respect."

Frosh: What did you say after the chemistry bowled you out for breaking so many beakers?

Soph: I made a retort.

HARRY SIGMOND
 Attorney Empire Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, For King
 County. In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Laura
 Ruhl, Deceased. No. 26556.
 Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Administrator of the estate of Laura Ruhl, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Administrator or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication January 17, 1920.

FRED W. JIENCKE,
 Administrator of said Estate.
 Address 960 Empire Building, Seattle.
HARRY SIGMOND, Attorney for Estate,
 960 Empire Bldg, Seattle, Wash.
 4t Jan 17-Feb 7

JOHN W. HEAL, Jr.
 Attorney 802 Lowman Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for King County
 In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Agnes P. Christensen, Deceased. No. 26610.
 Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Administrator of the estate of Agnes P. Christensen, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Administrator or his Attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, January 17th, 1920.

OLAF CHRISTENSEN,
 Administrator of said Estate.
 Address 802 Lowman Building, Seattle.
JOHN W. HEAL, Jr., Attorney for Estate,
 802 Lowman Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
 4t Jan 17 Feb. 7

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington in and For King
 County.

Cora Belle Cohn, Plaintiff, vs. David J. Cohn, Defendant.

No. 140837. Summons.
 State of Washington to David J. Cohn, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: January 17th, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court and answer the complaint of the plaintiff herein and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for the plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint herein which has been filed with the clerk of the said court.

The object and purpose of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree of divorce by the plaintiff from the defendant and for such other orders and judgments as to the court shall seem just and proper.

Date of first publication in the Seattle Municipal News, January 17th, 1920.

JAMES W. REYNOLDS,
 Attorney for the Plaintiff.
 Post Office address,
 301-3 Burke Building, Seattle, Wash-
 ington.
 Jan 17 Feb 28

CHARLES H. HARTGE
 Attorney 521 Central Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for the County
 of King. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Robert Hall, Deceased. No. 24853. Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition For Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Charles Treman, Administrator of the Estate of Robert Hall, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribu-

tion, asking the Court to settle said Report,, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said Administrator; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 15th day of January 1920, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 17th day of December, 1919
PERCY F. THOMAS,
 Clerk of said Court.
 By **E. A. PEYSER**, Deputy.
 First pub. Dec. 20, 1919 4t Jan 10

JOHN F. REED
 Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for King County
 In Probate

In the Matter of the Estate of Zilpha E. Fenton, Deceased.
 No. 26459. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Administrator of the estate of Zilpha E. Fenton, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Administrator or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, December 27, 1919.

COLIN O. RADFORD,
 Administrator of said Estate.
 Address 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate,
 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
 4t Dec 27- Jan 17

HARRY SIGMUND
 Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for King County
 In Probate.

In the matter of the estate of George Goldstein, also known as Godel Goldstein, deceased. No. 13115. Notice to creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as executrix of the estate of George Goldstein, also known as Godel Goldstein, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said executrix or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, January 3 1920.

FANNIE GOLDSTEIN,
 Executrix of said Estate.
 Address 960 Empire Bldg, Seattle, Wash.
HARRY SIGMUND, Attorney for Estate, 960 Empire Bldg, Seattle, Wash.
 4t Jan 24

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JOHN F. REED
 Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, in and for the
 County of King.
 Jean A. Holliston, Plaintiff, vs. John
 Holliston, Defendant. No.
 Summons for Publication.
 The State of Washington to: John Holl-
 iston, Defendant:
 You are hereby summoned to appear
 within sixty (60) days after the date of
 the first publication of this summons, to-
 wit: within sixty (60) days after the 13th
 day of December, 1919, and defend the
 above entitled action in the above enti-
 tled court, and answer the complaint of
 the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your
 answer upon the undersigned attorney
 for plaintiff at his office below stated;
 and in case of your failure so to do,
 judgment will be rendered against you
 according to the demand of the com-
 plaint, which has been filed with the
 clerk of said court.
 The object of the above entitled action
 is to obtain a decree dissolving the
 bonds of matrimony heretofore and now
 existing between plaintiff and defend-
 ant, and for alimony in the sum of
 Forty Dollars (\$40.00) per month, to-
 gether with such other and further re-
 lief as to the court may seem just and
 equitable.
 JOHN F. REED,
 Attorney for Plaintiff.
 Office and P. O. Address: 960 Empire
 Building, Seattle, King County, Wash-
 ington.
 First pub Dec 13, 1919. 7t Jan 24

HASTINGS & STEDMAN
 Attorneys Haller Bldg
 NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF
 Stockholders of Queen Bess Mines
 Company For the Purpose of Increas-
 ing the Capital Stock of Said Cor-
 poration From \$100,000.00 Divided in-
 to 10,000 Shares of the Par Value of
 \$10.00 Per Share, to \$1,000,000.00 Di-
 vided Into 100,000 Shares of the
 Par Value of \$10.00 Per Share.
 Notice is hereby given that a meeting
 of the stockholders of the Queen Bess
 Mines Company will be held at the
 office of the company, 400 Central
 Building, Seattle, Washington, on Jan-
 uary 26, 1920, at the hour of 10 o'clock
 in the fore noon, for the purpose of
 increasing the capital stock of said
 corporation from \$100,000.00 divided
 into 10,000 shares of the par value of
 \$10.00 per share, to \$1,000,000.00 divid-
 ed into 100,000 shares of the par
 value of \$10.00 per share.
 O. A. THOMAS, President
 E. E. DAVIS, Vice-Pres.
 H. W. SCHUETT, Sec.-Treas.
 O. P. DIX,
 W. H. GLASS, Trustees.
 Being all of the Trustees of said cor-
 poration. Jan 10-17

Main 4239

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 Proprietor
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Phone Elliott 223
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 AND
 RELIABLE ELECTRIC POWER

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PUGET SOUND TRACTION LIGHT & POWER CO.

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SUPPLIES BOTH

General Sales Manager
 Electric Building

Seattle, Washington

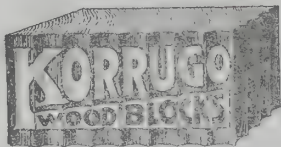
TO ALL LEAGUE MEMBERS

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C. F. BAASCH

DELICATESSEN and LUNCH ROOM

911-13-15 Third Avenue, Seattle



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 traffic. Think what that means in the con-
 gested section!

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 decay because they're treated with Creosote.
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 on why so many cities are adopting this ideal
 pavement.

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. IX. NO. 4.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, JANUARY 24, 1920.

PRICE 10 CENTS

MUNICIPAL NOTES

By Fred W. Catlett

Extensions of the Ravenna car line on East 55th street to 35th Avenue Northeast was urged before the meeting of the Utilities Committee of the city council last Thursday. The residents of Beacon Hill also desire an extension of the Beacon Hill car line.

At the meeting of the Streets and Sewers Committee resolutions approving two large improvement projects in the south end were passed. The first provides for a sanitary fill in the district bounded by 9th and 5th avenues south and Massachusetts and Stacy streets. The estimated cost is \$293,000.00. The other provides for grading and paving 9th avenue south from Massachusetts street to Charlestown street in the South Seattle at the estimated cost of \$660,000. Vigorous protests were voiced by property owners in the district affected.

The hearing on the Olive street extension, which contemplates the establishment of an arterial highway north of Pike street to connect with the North Broadway and University districts, was postponed for hearing four weeks hence.

The re-registration of voters has proceeded rapidly. At this date more than 85,000 names are on the books. The municipal campaign is assuming definiteness. The closing of the filing lists found only three willing to enter the mayoralty race, the present mayor, C. B. Fitzgerald, former corporation counsel, Hugh M. Caldwell, and James A. Duncan, secretary of the Central Labor Council. All five of the



MAYORALTY CANDIDATES

HUGH M. CALDWELL, JAMES A. DUNCAN AND

MAYOS C. B. FITZGERALD will address the League

Tuesday Noon, January 27, 1920

MEVE'S CAFETERIA—SECOND AND SENECA

Owing to the importance of the meeting and the consequent interest on the part of the general public, you must arrange to come promptly at noon. The meeting must begin earlier than usual in order to give each of the candidates ample time to present his subject. Bring a guest with you who is interested in civic matters; and don't forget to bring with you a list of ten prospective members for the membership committee.

present members of the council whose terms expire are candidates for re-election and all have opponents. Corporation Counsel Meier is the only one who can safely forget that an election is impending.

THRIFT RESOLUTION

In line with the thrift program and reporting on a resolution recently introduced by Edgar J. Wright, the Finance committee offered the following:

It is the sentiment of the Municipal League that in cases in which the City of Seattle is authorized to sell bonds at a private sale, the council, by ordinance, should provide for the sale of

bonds in small denominations to the general public, under such regulations as is best calculated to make such sale a success.

JAMES A. HAIGHT,
Chairman

C. C. Pierce
W. T. PERKINS.

The resolution was passed by the League.

At the annual convention of the American Civic Association, Lawson Purdy, President of the National Municipal League, emphasized the vital and immediate importance of zoning in cities for protection of values, of health, industry and life itself. At this convention the working motto was proposed: "Make your own town the best town to live in."

WHY COMMUNITY SERVICE?

(By the Secretary)

Ray F. Carter, Pacific Northwest representative of Community Service, Incorporated, addressed the Municipal League Wednesday noon, on the work about to be undertaken in this city. He said in part:

The organization of Community Service was brought about by the demand of many public spirited communities for the continuation of the work done by The War Camp Community Service during the war emergency period in training camps and cities adjacent to them. It was felt that an organization such as ours could assist in the solution of certain problems existing in every city which the life of the children and adults after school and work hours.

Our present intensified industrial and business system, with the consequent development of large cities, has squeezed out of our lives many healthful recreational past-times that were enjoyed by our forbears in the past, living as they did under simpler conditions of life. Children have been forced to play in the city streets, dodging "cops" fearing infraction of the law; becoming jaded long before their time.

We must preserve the right of the child to be a child when it is a child. It is fact that many of the "outbreaks" of mature life are directly traceable to a restricted play-life during childhood.

Adults, too, must have the right sort of recreation. We must create more opportunities for contact with nature itself; old time neighborliness must in a sense be restored. These old time recreational opportunities we can never restore completely, at least we can not restore com-

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

Published Weekly by the
MUNICIPAL LEAGUE OF SEATTLE
 1915 First Avenue Telephone Main 6282

Entered as second-class matter June 14, 1912, at the Postoffice at Seattle Washington, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

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James T. Lawler, 908 White Bldg., Main 89
 Secretary.....Eimon L. Wiener, 510 Central Bldg., Main 476
 Treasurer.....Alexander Myers, 2nd and Union, Main 5883
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 Honorary Auditors.....Smith, Robertson & Moorehouse
 Committee Chairmen and Trustees—

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 J. D. Blackwell
 Robert Howes
 Albro Gardner, Jr.
 M. H. VanNuys
 Terms Expire May, 1921
 Fred W. Catlett
 Walter S. Johnson
 L. D. Lewis
 Frank P. Helsell
 Edgar J. Wright
 Arthur H. Hutchinson, Ex-officio Trustee

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

pletely, at least we can provide substitutes, and whenever possible, bring in new interests

The public schools can and should be the center of social neighborhood activities. This will make for democracy and better understanding of our government by all classes of our citizenship, and will certainly help to Americanize large portions of our foreign element. Give the latter group a start in our life to make the most of us.

Seattle must organize such an efficient community organization and a meeting will be held for that purpose Tuesday evening, January 21st at the Masonic Club Rooms, to which the public is invited.

We must put grace and beauty into our cities - cities that are so drab at the present time.

A resolution endorsing Community Service (Incorporated) was passed by the League.

Carl E. Croson delivered an inspiring address on Thrift. He urged not only economic thrift in the ordinary sense, but character and cultural thrift as well. Establishing our symphony orchestra on a firm financial footing and laying of plans for an art institute were urged by Mr. Croson.

The proposed bond issue for the construction of the West Seattle bridge, will be reported on by a special committee, headed by Fred W. Catlett, and the following: A. K. Fiske, A. R. Hilen, Ralph D. Nichols and C. D. Watson.

THAT LIST OF TEN

Have you sent to the Secretary that list of ten prospective Municipal League members? No? You have wanted to, but just didn't get to it. Very well, you will be forgiven. But won't you just sit down at your desk and write out such a list and mail it in to me? This is the only thing you are asked to do to help out the membership committee in its diligent effort to increase the enrollment of the League. Surely you will do this. You want to do it. Then please do it now! The office is at 510 Central Bldg, Phone Main 476.

COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO INVESTIGATE CANDIDATES

The committee to investigate the qualifications of candidates for the office of mayor and the city council has been appointed. It is composed of the following: L. D. Lewis, chairman; J. D. Blackwell, Robt. S. Boyns, Arthur H. Hutchinson, Joseph Jacobs, W. S. Johnson and J. D. Mudge.

The American City, in its last issue, comments editorially on increases of salaries for public servants. A portion of the editorial is as follows: "It is obvious that if cities are to continue in business and are to retain competent and trained county and city engineers, health officers,

superintendents of water and lighting departments, street superintendents, city and county clerks, police and fire chiefs, and the necessary technical men of various municipal construction groups, they must pay salaries at least approximating those paid by outside business. The high mortality of technical and trained employees is eloquent evidence of this need." The article goes on to say that while examination of the increases reported shows them to be in the neighborhood of 10 to 20 per cent, the increase in the cost of living since 1915 has been not less than 63 per cent and some estimates run as high as 80 per cent.

This year's program of the National Municipal League centered chiefly upon a model state constitution. Aside from that the principal subject discussed was the street railway situation. Dr. Delos F. Wilcox pointed out the difficulty in the way of operating the modern electric street railway at the present high prices on a five cent fare. Peter Witt, Cleveland's traction authority, advocated the use of one man cars and zone fares. The conference was unanimous in opinion that governmental expenditures and governmental revenues must be planned in advance in some sort of budget measure.

The secretary of the Factory Site Commission of Baltimore state that advertising in the great magazines of the country was largely responsible for many new industries coming to that city.

The Legislature of the State of Ohio has just passed an act providing that a city health district may merge with the general health district of the same county, forming a big, general health district.

Mr. Eastman of Kodak fame, has recently given \$3,500,000 to establish a Symphony Orchestra and School for Music in Rochester, N. Y.

The health commissioner of Toledo declared recently that the advent of the automobile and the interurban has increased venereal disease in rural communities un-

til now it is as prevalent there as in the city.

Mrs. William R. Hawthorn of Seattle, was appointed chairman, serving for the State of Washington, by the National Director of Thrift, to help make the U. S. a thrifty nation.

NEW BENEFITS FOR EX-SERVICE MEN

The Treasury Department, Bureau has issued a bulletin for publication giving new and more liberal benefits for ex-service men and their relatives and beneficiaries, effective December 24, 1919.

Under the new amendment to the War Risk Insurance Act which has been passed by Congress and which became a law on December 24, 1919, when it was signed by the President, war term insurance or United States Government life (converted) insurance may be made payable to any of the following list of beneficiaries:

Parent, grandparent, stepparent, parent through adoption, wife or husband, child, grandchild, stepchild, adopted child, brother, sister, half-brother half-sister, brother through adoption, sister through adoption, stepbrother, stepsister, uncle, aunt, nephew, niece, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, a person who has stood in the relation of a parent to the insured for a period of one year or more prior to the insured's enlistment or induction, the children of such parent; parent, grandparent, stepparent or parent through adoption of the insured's wife or husband.

United States Government life (converted) insurance may now be paid at death in a lump sum or in installments for 36 years or more at the option of the insured.

The rate of compensation for disability has been greatly increased.

Under the War Risk Insurance Act the same scale applied for total and permanent disability as for temporary total disability. A distinction is made between the two in the new law. Under the latter the compensation monthly for total and permanent disability is \$100.

Under the new amendment i

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the disabled person is so helpless as to be in constant need of a nurse or attendant, an additional allowance is provided, in the discretion of the Director, not exceeding \$20.

Under the W. R. I. Act the same provision was effective, except that a man receiving \$100 per month (as outline below) could not be given an additional allowance.

Both under the W. R. I. Act and under the new law, compensation for the loss of both feet or both hands or the sight of both eyes, or for becoming helpless and permanently bedridden is \$100. In addition, the new law provides that compensation for the loss of one foot and one hand, or one foot and the sight of one eye, or one hand and the sight of one eye, shall be \$100.

The new law provides that for double total, permanent disability the rate of compensation shall be \$200.

The new law provides that each of the impairments mentioned shall be deemed to be total permanent disability.

The new law provides: "If and while the disability is rated as partial and temporary, the monthly compensation shall be a percentage of the compensation that would be payable for * * * total and temporary disability equal to the degree of the reduction in earning capacity resulting from the disability * * *"
 "If and while the disability is rated as partial and permanent, the monthly compensation shall be a percentage of the compensation that would be payable for * * * total and permanent disability equal to the degree of the reduction in earning capacity resulting from the disability * * *"

In no case is compensation payable for a reduction in earning capacity rated at less than 10 per cent.

Someone named his Ford "True Love."

What's the idea?

Never runs smooth.

HARRY SIGMUND
 Attorney Empire Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, For King County. In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Laura Ruhl, Deceased. No. 26556.
 Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Administrator of the estate of Laura Ruhl, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Administrator or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication January 17, 1920.

FRED W. JIENCKE,
 Administrator of said Estate.
 Address 960 Empire Building, Seattle.
HARRY SIGMUND, Attorney for Estate.
 960 Empire Bldg, Seattle, Wash.
 4t Jan 17-Feb 7

JOHN W. HEAL, Jr.
 Attorney 802 Lowman Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Agnes P. Christensen, Deceased. No. 26610.
 Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Administrator of the estate of Agnes P. Christensen, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Administrator or his Attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, January 17th, 1920.

OLAF CHRISTENSEN,
 Administrator of said Estate.
 Address 802 Lowman Building, Seattle.
JOHN W. HEAL, Jr., Attorney for Estate.
 802 Lowman Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
 4t Jan 17 Feb. 7

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and For King County.
 Cora Belle Cohn, Plaintiff, vs. David J. Cohn, Defendant.
 No. 140837. Summons.
 State of Washington to David J. Cohn, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: January 17th, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court and answer the complaint of the plaintiff herein and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for the plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint herein which has been filed with the clerk of the said court.

The object and purpose of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree of divorce by the plaintiff from the defendant and for such other orders and judgments as to the court shall seem just and proper.

Date of first publication in the Seattle Municipal News, January 17th, 1920.

JAMES W. REYNOLDS,
 Attorney for the Plaintiff.
 Post Office address,
 301-3 Burke Building, Seattle, Washington.
 Jan 17 Feb 28

CHARLES H. HARTGE
 Attorney 521 Central Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Robert Hall, Deceased. No. 24853. Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition For Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Charles Treman, Administrator of the Estate of Robert Hall, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribu-

tion, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said Administrator; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 15th day of January 1920, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 17th day of December, 1919
PERCY F. THOMAS,
 Clerk of said Court.

By **E. A. PEYSER**, Deputy.
 First pub. Dec. 20, 1919 4t Jan 10

JOHN F. REED
 Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Zilpha E. Fenton, Deceased.

No. 26459. Notice to Creditors.
 Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Administrator of the estate of Zilpha E. Fenton, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Administrator or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, December 27, 1919.

COLIN O. RADFORD,
 Administrator of said Estate.
 Address 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate.
 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
 4t Dec 27- Jan 17

HARRY SIGMUND
 Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate.

In the matter of the estate of George Goldstein, also known as Godel Goldstein, deceased. No. 13115. Notice to creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as executrix of the estate of George Goldstein, also known as Godel Goldstein, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said executrix or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, January 3 1920.

FANNIE GOLDSTEIN,
 Executrix of said Estate.
 Address 960 Empire Bldg. Seattle, Wash.
HARRY SIGMUND, Attorney for Estate.
 960 Empire Bldg, Seattle, Wash.
 4t Jan 24

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JOHN F. REED
 Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, in and for the
 County of King.
 Jean A. Hollston, Plaintiff, vs. John
 Hollston, Defendant. No.
 Summons for Publication.
 The State of Washington to: John Holl-
 ston, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear
 within sixty (60) days after the date of
 the first publication of this summons, to-
 wit: within sixty (60) days after the 13th
 day of December, 1919, and defend the
 above entitled action in the above entit-
 led court, and answer the complaint of
 the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your
 answer upon the undersigned attorney
 for plaintiff at his office below stated;
 and in case of your failure so to do,
 judgment will be rendered against you
 according to the demand of the com-
 plaint, which has been filed with the
 clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action
 is to obtain a decree dissolving the
 bonds of matrimony heretofore and now
 existing between plaintiff and defend-
 ant, and for alimony in the sum of
 Forty Dollars (\$40.00) per month, to-
 gether with such other and further re-
 lief as to the court may seem just and
 equitable.

JOHN F. REED,
 Attorney for Plaintiff.
 Office and P. O. Address: 960 Empire
 Building, Seattle, King County, Wash-
 ington.
 First pub Dec 13, 1919. 7t Jan 24

HASTINGS & STEDMAN
 Attorneys
 NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF
 Stockholders of Queen Bess Mines
 Company For the Purpose of Increas-
 ing the Capital Stock of Said Cor-
 poration From \$100,000.00 Divided in-
 to 10,000 Shares of the Par Value of
 \$10.00 Per Share, to \$1,000,000.00 Di-
 vided into 100,000 Shares of the
 Par Value of \$10.00 Per Share.

Notice is hereby given that a meeting
 of the stockholders of the Queen Bess
 Mines Company will be held at the
 office of the company, 400 Central
 Building, Seattle, Washington, on Jan-
 uary 26, 1920, at the hour of 10 o'clock
 in the fore noon, for the purpose of
 increasing the capital stock of said
 corporation from \$100,000.00 divided
 into 10,000 shares of the par value of
 \$10.00 per share, to \$1,000,000.00 di-
 vided into 100,000 shares of the par
 value of \$10.00 per share.

O. A. THOMAS, President
 E. E. DAVIS, Vice-Pres.
 H. W. SCHUETT, Sec.-Treas.
 O. P. DIX,
 W. H. GLASS, Trustees.
 Being all of the Trustees of said cor-
 poration. Jan 10-17

Main 4239

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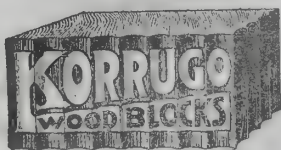
Seattle, Washington

TO ALL LEAGUE MEMBERS

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 We invite you to try our lunch room.

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 houses and bridges.

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 traffic. Think what that means in the con-
 gested section!

Korrugo Wood Blocks, made of sturdy
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 decay because they're treated with Creosote.
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Inc.**SUPERIOR LUNCHEONS
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VOL. IX. NO. 5.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, JANUARY 31, 1920.

PRICE 10 CENTS

CITY ELECTIONS AND PARTIES

By Austin E. Griffiths

A lot of twaddle has gone the rounds that in City elections group or party support of candidates is unlawful. For the sake of political clarity we should set ourselves straight on this subject.

Of our political rights the most fundamental are the right to vote and the right to organize groups or parties. Certainly these liberties are the most practical and useful. To the extent to which we secure collective political action we express and carry out the group or community will. We thus to that extent destroy the old time one man voice and government.


However because city affairs and offices were often prostituted to state and national party partisan purposes our charter in particular was amended to prevent this sort of thing.

We call our city elections non-partisan by reason of three provisions:

A candidate "Shall make affidavit to the fact that he has not become a candidate as the nominee of, or because of any promised support from any national or state political party or any committee or convention representing or acting for any such political party."

"Nothing on the ballot shall be indicative of the source of the candidacy or of the support of any candidate. No ballot shall have printed thereon any party or political designation or mark, and there shall not be appended to the name of any candidate any such party or political designation or mark, or anything indicating his views or opinions.

It is clear from the foregoing



COUNCILMANIC CANDIDATES
WILL ADDRESS THE MUNICIPAL LEAGUE
Tuesday Noon, February 3, 1920
MEVE'S CAFETERIA—SECOND AND SENECA

Acceptances of invitation to speak have been received from nearly all of the candidates. The speeches will necessarily be brief and snappy. The speaking will begin promptly at 12:15, so come early—come by noon, if possible, in order to get a seat; for it will be a rattling good meeting.

The following new members will be introduced at Tuesday's meeting: Edward Connor, Judson T. Falknor, Geo. A. Grant, Joseph L. Greenwell, D. W. Henderson, A. W. Leonard, Roy C. Lyle, Bert A. Northrop, Helmer S. Peterson, W. B. Shoemaker and J. J. Wettrick.

that only recognized parties such as the republican, democratic or socialist are barred by the Charter. These are known to be state wide and national in their objects. They have a place by law on the official ballot. For this reason support from these or similar parties is denied in our municipal elections.

I take it that no group or so-called party is intended to be excluded from participation in our city elections unless it has acquired official recognition. This is done by casting at a previous election the statutory percentage of votes. And unless it has at least state-wide purpose and members. Clearly the Charter is not aimed at domestic or civic groups or parties having municipal questions to promote or settle. It is sufficient if the ballot is kept clean of descriptive matter.

In the recent School and Port Elections it was unlawful for any party to have a hand. The Charter governs the city only.

I have in my mind the hue and cry raised in those elections against the Triple Alliance. The same cry is raised in the pending city contest. But is this group within the Charter prohibition? It has no official standing and has not even enjoyed a maiden state campaign. As far as I know it does not profess to be a political party. Its aim thus far shown is to select for support its own or other candidates.

In the eye of the Charter how does this group differ from the Public Ownership League, the Single Tax League, the Building Owners and Employer's Associations, the Bolo Club and other clubs and organizations which from time to time support or op-

(Continued on page 3)

CANDIDATES FOR MAYOR ADDRESS LEAGUE

By Eimon L. Wienir.

The three mayoralty candidates addressed the League Tuesday noon, laying their claims for office before membership of the organization, at one of the most interesting and enthusiastic meetings of the year.

Hugh M. Caldwell, the first to address the League, said in part as follows:

Having been twice elected a legal adviser of the city and its various officials and departments, my record is already known to many thousands of the voters of this city. I also know the problems confronting the city, and believe that my experience and training, together with my determination to serve all the people justifies me in becoming a candidate for mayor at this time.

Mayor Fitzgerald had nothing whatever to do with the Skagit River project until after Mayor Gill had sent J. D. Ross, superintendent of lighting, and your humble servant as corporation counsel, to Washington, D. C., in October, 1917, where we laid the foundation for obtaining a permit for the city to develop the Skagit.

I have declared my intention to see that the people know the facts about their utilities, that the figures which are given out are not juggled. I do not believe that we should keep in office the friends of the men who bought the Municipal railway line.

* * *

JAMES E. DUNCAN'S ADDRESS

James E. Duncan launched into the statements made by Mayor Fitzgerald, at an earlier meeting, and denounced them as fal-

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

se. Quoting the statement made by the mayor, Duncan said that he was not for shutting off the water, light, etc., at the time of the general strike in Seattle. Duncan read a letter, written by him in response to the invitation to the Central Labor council to participate in the Preparedness day parade, in which he outlined labor's position in not joining in such undertaking.

"I was hopeful that the shipyard workers would not strike, and so expressed myself at the time, while I was East, even though the strike was the result of the most autocratic and bureaucratic oppression in the history of the country.

"I disagreed with Gompers because Gompers is against prohibition; though we are the best of friends, personally.

"The issue in this campaign is not the Skagit project, or the railroads. There is no room in this city for hatred by groups of citizens. I believe that I can bring about a better understanding between the employers and labor better than any of the other candidates."

* * *

MAYOR FITZGERALD'S ADDRESS

Mayor Fitzgerald, after giving a brief account of his record as councilman and mayor, stated that he is in favor of city-county consolidation; honest work at honest wages for returned ex-service men; the development of the Skagit project to its maximum possibilities; an efficient

street railway department.

"The real issue in this campaign," stated Mayor Fitzgerald, "is the issue I have with Mr. Duncan. I opposed him at the time of the Preparedness parade. I opposed him during the war. Our real clash came, when just previous to the general strike being called in Seattle he threatened to shut down all industry in Seattle, including the municipally owned utilities. I opposed and disagreed with him since I have been mayor, when he, Duncan, came down to the city hall requesting a permit to hold the Mooney Day parade as a protest, as he said, against the unjust incarceration of political prisoners and demanding their release. I refused then, as I would refuse it now."

Mayor Fitzgerald declared that his actions as councilman and mayor had not been called into question by his opponents and that they are now advocating as part of their proposed policies the things which he, as a public official, has already done.

ZONING IN PRACTICE

This is the title of an article appearing in the National Municipal Review for January, and just received by the secretary's office. It was written by Charles H. Cheney, Secretary California Conference on City Planning and Consultant Portland and other city planning commissions. It was considered the most valu-

able paper delivered at the recent Buffalo Conference on City planning. It represents the new California viewpoint in some respects and advances ideas that are not, as yet at least, universally accepted, although "received with entire respect" by city planners.

Discussing the zoning plan generally, the article says:

"Zoning is the first fundamental step in any city to establish a practical basis for constructive city growth. Until zoning is done, no city planning commission can effectively prove its case as to the necessity for the adoption of a Major Street Plan, or properly promote greater economy, convenience, safety, health, and comfort in industrial, business or living conditions; nor make the city more beautiful and attractive. Once adopted, a well worked out zone ordinance will guarantee a definite and safe place for industrial investment; protect home neighborhoods; stimulate home ownership, and assure more contented labor conditions; remove much of the suspicion and uncertainty from real estate, while stabilizing property values afford greater security for mortgage loans; form a surer basis for assessment; and provide the city for the first time with a firm foundation for the solution of the problems of congestion, traffic, paving, sewers, and recreation."

public utilities, housing, schools, "Every city can show a large number of property owners who are against zoning and all other city planning proposals which are new to them, no matter how suitable or practical they may be. But take up with these same men the specific question, 'shall the city permit a laundry, a public garage, or even an apartment to go next door to your house?' and the matter has a different aspect immediately. As a neighborhood affair among neighbors, which it really is, practical proposals are soon forthcoming, and generally with the profound thanks we have found, of those most vitally concerned. I believe that we have sometimes made the mistake of too much general talk and publicity, and of too little conference with neighborhoods. The genuine civic consciousness aroused at

these meetings is better in effect than many years of general agitation. It creates a real understanding and demand for city planning. With the zoning finished it is easier to get an agreement on a major street plan, paving program, tree planting program, boulevard system, etc."

The writer compiled a list of figures showing the relative number of existing business firms and institutions in coast cities. Seattle is included in the list and the following data may be interesting: (figures are number of buildings in each group).

Class III. Department stores, hotels, offices, retail, banks, theatres, and clubs—8,106.

Class V. Wholesale business work shops, public garages and stables, storage houses, railroad stations—560.

Class IV.—Fire and police stations, religious and educational institutions, parks, large clubs—441.

Class VI.—Homes, hospitals—36.

Classes VII and VIII—Manufacturing, yard storage, power houses, R. R. yards—446.

The author quotes these figures to show that a beginning must be made somewhere in the concentration of these facilities, and to stabilize as much property as possible.

COMMITTEE CHAIRMEN ATTENTION

What work has your committee done this year? Have you rendered any reports to the League? Have you reports that have not as yet been submitted? The efficiency of the League's work depends upon your aid and your committee. If you have not met the obligation in the last few months, get a new start, and do your part. If you have lost the names or addresses of your committeemen, phone the secretary and he will supply you with the necessary information. As a whole, the work of our committee has been excellent. Many have rendered especially commendable service, and have won for themselves the thanks of the entire membership of the League and that of the city.

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SECRETARY'S COLUMN

A committee of the Municipal League, appointed by President Reynolds, will investigate and report on the advisability of placing the reservoir at Volunteer Park. The ordinance was passed by the Council, but the matter is being held up by Mayor Fitzgerald until a report is made. The committee consists of W. C. Morse, chairman; William G. Mann and J. Thomas Dovey.

* * *

Last week statement of dues were sent out and generally the response was satisfactory. However, it is desirable to get all the back dues in; there are many obligations to be met. May we have your check?

* * *

The campaign for membership is progressing nicely but not what was hoped for by the membership committee. Every member has been asked to submit a list of ten prospective members to the League, but so far but a few of these lists have come in. Is it possible that the membership doesn't read these notices in the League paper? Or is it due to indifference? It is earnestly believed that none of these presumptions are true, but that it is attributable to mere oversight. If you are one of the delinquents take a few moments to get up a good list and mail it to the Secretary. The League must have a greater membership in order to do effective work. Are you doing your part?

* * *

The Candidates Investigating committee has sent out a questionnaire to each of the candidates, inquiring among other things, into the candidates business and professional experience, training, previous public service, and special fitness. The committee is meeting today from 10 A. M. to 6 P. M., at the council chambers, County-City building, for the purpose of receiving information as to the fitness or unfitness of candidates. A sched-

ule has been prepared for the appearance of individual candidates, but between these hearings citizens will be given an opportunity to state their views. A court reporter has been engaged and a transcript of the hearing will be available for the committee at the time of preparing its report.

CITY ELECTIONS AND PARTIES

(Continued from page 1)
 pose municipal candidates?

Pure non-partisanship in city affairs is not required by law and is not attainable in practice. Groups of voters are working openly or quietly in every election. Our objections to a candidate or to his support ought to be put on solid ground. If the objection is personal, political or otherwise, state it so. If legal, the objection ought to be well established because it goes against common right.

Unless the law plainly forbids group or party activity in local politics we have a clear right to such participation. In big cities especially group or party action on local subjects ought to be encouraged.

In setting our cities free from the domination of the old parties much good was done, although chaos in official responsibility followed.

I am opposed to factions, but I would like to see municipal parties based and divided on local issues, by their platforms. Public officials might then be held and in fairness judged.

Austin E. Griffiths

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and For King County.
 Cora Belle Cohn, Plaintiff, vs. David J. Cohn, Defendant.
 No. 140837. Summons.
 State of Washington to David J. Cohn, Defendant:
 You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: January 17th, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court and answer the complaint of the plaintiff herein and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for the plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint herein which has been filed with the clerk of the

said court.

The object and purpose of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree of divorce by the plaintiff from the defendant and for such other orders and judgments as to the court shall seem just and proper.

Date of first publication in the Seattle Municipal News, January 17th, 1920.

JAMES W. REYNOLDS,
 Attorney for the Plaintiff.
 Post Office address,
 301-2 Burke Building, Seattle, Wash-
 ington.

Jan 17 Feb 28

HARRY SIGMOND
 Attorney Empire Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, For King County. In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Laura Ruhl, Deceased. No. 26556.
 Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Administrator of the estate of Laura Ruhl, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Administrator or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication January 17, 1920.

FRED W. JIENCKE,
 Administrator of said Estate.
 Address 960 Empire Building, Seattle.
 HARRY SIGMOND, Attorney for Estate,
 960 Empire Bldg, Seattle, Wash.
 4t Jan 17-Feb 7

JOHN W. HEAL, Jr.
 Attorney 802 Lowman Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Agnes P. Christensen, Deceased. No. 26610.
 Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Administrator of the estate of Agnes P. Christensen, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Administrator or his Attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, January 17th, 1920.

OLAF CHRISTENSEN,
 Administrator of said Estate.
 Address 802 Lowman Building, Seattle.
 JOHN W. HEAL, Jr., Attorney for Estate,
 802 Lowman Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
 4t Jan 17 Feb. 7

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JOHN F. REED
 Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, in and for the
 County of King.
 Jean A. Hollston, Plaintiff, vs. John
 Hollston, Defendant. No.
 Summons for Publication.
 The State of Washington to: John Holl-
 ston, Defendant:
 You are hereby summoned to appear
 within sixty (60) days after the date of
 the first publication of this summons, to-
 wit: within sixty (60) days after the 13th
 day of December, 1919, and defend the
 above entitled action in the above enti-
 tled court, and answer the complaint of
 the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your
 answer upon the undersigned attorney
 for plaintiff at his office below stated;
 and in case of your failure so to do,
 judgment will be rendered against you
 according to the demand of the com-
 plaint, which has been filed with the
 clerk of said court.
 The object of the above entitled action
 is to obtain a decree dissolving the
 bonds of matrimony heretofore and now
 existing between plaintiff and defend-
 ant, and for alimony in the sum of
 Forty Dollars (\$40.00) per month, to-
 gether with such other and further re-
 lief as to the court may seem just and
 equitable.
 JOHN F. REED,
 Attorney for Plaintiff.
 Office and P. O. Address: 960 Empire
 Building, Seattle, King County, Wash-
 ington.
 First pub Dec 13, 1919. 7t Jan 24

HASTINGS & STEDMAN
 Attorneys Haller Bldg.
 NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF
 Stockholders of Queen Bess Mines
 Company For the Purpose of Increas-
 ing the Capital Stock of Said Cor-
 poration From \$100,000.00 Divided in-
 to 10,000 Shares of the Par Value of
 \$10.00 Per Share, to \$1,000,000.00 Di-
 vided Into 100,000 Shares of the
 Par Value of \$10.00 Per Share.
 Notice is hereby given that a meeting
 of the stockholders of the Queen Bess
 Mines Company will be held at the
 office of the company, 400 Central
 Building, Seattle, Washington, on Jan-
 uary 26, 1920, at the hour of 10 o'clock
 in the fore noon, for the purpose of
 increasing the capital stock of said
 corporation from \$100,000.00 divided
 into 10,000 shares of the par value of
 \$10.00 per share, to \$1,000,000.00 divid-
 ed into 100,000 shares of the par
 value of \$10.00 per share.
 O. A. THOMAS, President
 E. E. DAVIS, Vice-Pres.
 H. W. SCHUETT, Sec.-Treas.
 O. P. DIX.
 W. H. GLASS, Trustees.
 Being all of the Trustees of said cor-
 poration. Jan 10-17

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. IX. NO. 6.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1920.

PRICE 10 CENTS

WHY HIGHER DOCKAGE IN SEATTLE THAN SAN FRANCISCO

I have been requested to explain to the readers of the News, the reason why a shipper has to pay from 15c to 80c a ton more for freight handled on the docks in Seattle than he has to pay in San Francisco.

From the time the vessel lands at the pier until the freight is loaded for a movement east on freight cars, there are three distinct freight handling movements:

1. From ship's hold on to the dock at the end of ship's sling.
2. A trucking movement from the ship's sling into transit shed where the freight is sorted according to difference in character of packages or marks, and placed in pile.
3. A trucking movement from pile in the transit shed to car and loading into car.

Where the freight is consigned for local delivery, the 3rd movement is a movement from pile on the dock into truck.

In Seattle, there is a wharfage charge on freight to and from the Orient of \$.25 a ton. In San Francisco, the wharfage charge is \$.15 a ton. This wharfage charge is one fixed by the Port Commission for the public docks and by the owners of private docks for their properties.

The question arises, could not the Port Commission meet San Francisco and reduce wharfage to \$.15. The Commission would have to levy taxes for the support of the public docks. Until a year ago, San Francisco's wharfage was but 5 cents a ton. The reason San Francisco can charge as low as 5 cents, when the Port Commission must charge at least 15 cents, lies in the fact that the

constitution of the State of California prevented the selling of the waterfront on San Francisco Bay to private concerns; therefore, the State has always owned the main waterfront in San Francisco. When we, in Seattle, started in to operate docks, the public had to buy back portions of the waterfront from private owners at a great cost to the public. The public docks must either earn sufficient money to pay the interest on the money expended for these sites, or the taxpayer must be called upon. Therefore, the Port Commission is faced with the alternative of either going to the taxpayer or having a wharfage greatly in excess of that charged in San Francisco.

The foregoing differential of 10 cents a ton does not seriously militate against Seattle. Another factor, however, does.

In San Francisco, the handling charge described in No. 2 above, viz., the trucking charge from ship's sling to pile in transit shed including the work of sorting the cargo according to package and mark, is paid by the steamship companies. Up to Sept. 1919, the steamship lines coming to Seattle, delivered freight at ship's sling, but the railroads paid \$1.00 a ton to the docks for wharfage and handling. Until a year ago, the \$1.00 paid for wharfage and charges by the railroads practically covered the handling movements 2 and 3 described above. The great increased cost of labor and dock equipments made this \$1.00 inadequate.

The Port Commission took the lead in the latter part of 1918, to get the steamship companies to absorb the handling cost from ship's sling to pile as the steamship companies did in San Francisco. As a matter of fact the steamship companies absorb this cost of handling freight from

(Continued on page 4)

COMMITTEE REPORT ON CANDIDATES

APPROVED BY LEAGUE FEB. 10.

The Municipal League of Seattle
Seattle, Washington.

Gentlemen:

1. Your Committee appointed to investigate and report upon the qualifications of candidates for the office of Mayor and City Councilmen to be voted upon at the primary election, February 17, 1920, submits the following report:

2. The Municipal League is organized mainly for the purpose of promoting efficiency in our city government and to that end none of its functions are more important than that of aiding in securing competent public officials. In pursuance of its work the committee has held numerous meetings: has acquainted itself with the issues in the campaign: has invited and received from the public and from the candidates themselves, information concerning the candidates' records: has had the advantage of personal interviews with all but two of the candidates, and it has taken a stenographic report of all these interviews. The committee's comment on each candidate will include: First, a brief biography setting forth his education and business experience; second, his views on certain important municipal problems: third, his special qualifications for the office he seeks as estimated by himself: and finally a statement of the impression obtained by the committee from its general personal interview of the candidate.

3. In arriving at this general impression, the committee has been guided by the following considerations:

(a) That all city elections

to our city charter providing must be non-partisan in character that a candidate for office should declare that he is not becoming a candidate as "the nominee of, or because of any promised support from, any national or state political party, or any committee or convention representing or acting for any such political party."

(b) That if any candidate is violating this important provision of the city charter, either in spirit or letter, or is profiting from its violation, in spirit or letter, by any organization, the public should be aware of that fact in casting its ballot.

Based upon a careful consideration of the question, this committee is of the opinion that the Triple Alliance is violating the spirit of this important provision of the charter; that its purpose is to control city elections as it is admittedly its purpose to control county and state elections: that in the pursuance of these purposes it is locally allied, for political purposes, with elements so radical as to be inimical to the best interests of the community. The committee believes that the issues of ultra-radicalism and violation of non-partisan provision of our city charter, are so vital at this time, so imminently important to the welfare of the city, that it should ascertain if possible, and reveal to the public, each candidate's relationship to these issues.

(c) That candidates should possess certain qualifications as to education, business experience, character, etc., and that lacking such qualifications they should not be given public office. The committee believes these qualifications to be as follows:

The Mayor of a city should have executive ability of a high order; should have a broad grasp of the real problems of city gov-

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Committee Chairmen and Trustees—

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Albro Gardner, Jr.
M. H. VanNuys
Terms Expire May, 1921
Fred W. Catlett
Walter S. Johnson
L. D. Lewis
Frank P. Helsell
Edgar J. Wright
Arthur H. Hutchinson, Ex-officio Trustee

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

ernment and with constructive ideas for their solution; should have clear conceptions, broad vision and courage; should be a man of sterling honesty and integrity, possessed of a good business capacity and education, and should be the representative will impartially and fairly ad-of no class or group, but one who minister the affairs of the city in the interest of all the people. We believe that a councilman should also practically measure up to requirements above enumerated excepting that, being in the legislative branch of city service, he would not require the same executive ability.

4. It is regrettable that a general election of this character always calls out many candidates utterly lacking the necessary qualifications for the office they seek and with no warrant for such seeking, other than the legal right of any citizen to run for office. It is important, then, that the electorate consider carefully the relative merits of candidates for office, weighed justly in the light of their definite qualifications and their views on public questions with which the city is concerned. It is believed that the general impression obtained by the committee from its investigation and interview of candidates should be of assistance to the electorate, and that inclusion of this general impression in its report is, therefore, justified.

5. A detailed consideration of individual candidates here follows:

Candidates For Mayor

Hugh M. Caldwell

Born in Knoxville, Tenn. Age 39; married; graduate of the National Law School; practiced law in Seattle since October 1905; two years Chief Deputy Prosecuting Attorney by appointment; twice elected Corporation Counsel of the City of Seattle; resigned to enter military service of the United States, being honorably discharged as a Major in Judge Advocate's Department.

He is in favor of immediate development of the Skagit River project; believes that "a continual and systematic effort to cut down crime is better than a campaign for that purpose"; believes that the police force is at present inadequate, and is in favor of County-City consolidation; believes in reducing the tax rate consistent with necessary improvements, bearing in mind the high cost of living; is opposed to class rule and the teaching of class prejudice; believes in enforcement of law and order; that there can be no compromise or question of loyalty; is in favor of free speech and free press but not for abuse of it; opposed to the unionization of the police force and the right to strike, but would not deny them the privilege of organizing an employee's league.

States that the special qualifications fitting him for the office are: "Acting as legal advisor for the Municipal Government, its departments and officials, for two and a half years; my practice of law and the handling of important litigation, ad-

vising clients on business matters etc."

Committee's opinion. Mr. Caldwell is a man of good educational qualifications, fine moral character; has always been active in civic affairs; made a very commendable record as Deputy Prosecuting Attorney and as Corporation Counsel; has a broad knowledge of Municipal affairs; is independent; a man of strong personality and strong opinions; so strong as may at times impair his relations with co-workers; his Americanism is unquestioned.

James A. Duncan

Born in Scotland; age 41; came to the United States in 1900; secured his citizenship in 1906; attended school and four winter term, college, in England, and night high school in Seattle; married; is a machinist and mechanical engineer; marine engineer for four years on ocean liners; four and a half years Secretary of the Central Labor Council of Seattle and vicinity.

Disclaims endorsement by the Triple Alliance; state that he is a member of the Triple Alliance; declares that the strikers had a just cause in the "General Strike" Committee" that it was "foolish but says he told the "Conference to talk about pulling a general strike", believes in the unionization of the police and fire departments, but would not extend it to military organizations; recognizes the existence of classes, class struggle and class interests, and maintains that we should be segregated into classes and "never change from that condition until we change working conditions"; claims that the general attitude of a man seeking office is more important than executive ability; favors municipal ownership; is for the development of the Skagit River project at the highest possible maximum at minimum cost.

States that the special qualifications fitting him for the office are: "An intimate knowledge of the activities, desires and rights of the various elements that go to make up our citizenship; a standing with those elements that will make it possible to bring contending factions together, and which constitutes the greatest need of Seattle at this time."

Committee's opinion. Mr. Duncan is a man of good moral character may be sincere but

is misguided in his efforts to bring about advantage to labor; in our opinion his judgement is warped as to questions of general policy; his election would tend to accentuate class consciousness.

C. B. Fitzgerald

Born in Wisconsin; age 39; attended the public schools in Ashland and Seattle; graduate of business college; married; accountant in various businesses from 1909 to 1914; city councilman from 1914 to 1919; mayor since that date.

"Unalterably opposed to James Duncan, Triple Alliance candidate or to any man or men who attempt to control Seattle by partisan politics or substitute minority or class rule for real Americanism which I understand to be." To uphold the institutions of our American Government with liberty and justice guaranteed by the will and vote of the majority." Thinks the solution of the tax rate problem in Seattle is to elect men to the city council and to executive positions in the city long enough so that they will be able to "get in touch with the things and plan ahead." Is in favor of County-City consolidation; believes that it will make for a saving in the cost of government; is against unionization of police and fire departments tho in favor of a municipal employees' league; believes in experts as heads of various departments; favors the creation of a street railway department with expert at head even tho it necessitates paying a large salary and declares that "Politics should not interfere with this department"; in favor of amending the city charter so as to create greater responsibility in department heads.

States that the special qualifications fitting him for the office are: member of the city council from 1914 to 1919; four year Chairman Finance Committee one year President City Council one year Chairman Conference Committee that arranged for joint county and city building; mayor since August, 1919.

Committee's Opinion: Mr. Fitzgerald is a man of good moral character; has had practical experience in city government affairs to qualify him for the office has proven himself to be a conservative and practical councilman, diplomatic in his handling

of public affairs with tendency to occasionally sacrifice his own positive convictions to politics; his Americanism is unquestioned.

Candidates For Council - 3 Year Term

A. Lou Cohen — Born in Poland; age 55; entered United States in 1866; admitted to citizenship in 1884; attended High School in New York City; in cigar business in Seattle 34 years; has never held public office.

Believes in maintaining 5 cent fare if possible, but that if there is a deficit that the fare should be raised to meet such deficit; against unionization of police department; favor construction of the Spokane Street bridge; thinks the matter of park bond issue should have been submitted to the people; advocated municipal lighting system and city garbage collection system; believes that police department ought to be increased; strict enforcement of traffic laws; in favor of reduction of taxes by more economical management.

States that the special qualifications fitting him for the office are: Close attention to all public matters in national, state, county and city affairs; that it is his desire, as a citizen, to serve the people he had lived among for thirty years.

Committee's Opinion. Mr. Cohen has been very successful in his business; is a large tax payer; has great knowledge of civic problems; his place of business has been the rendezvous of political groups for many years past; is a good citizen; has a wide acquaintanceship and many friends.

C. M. Dahlager — Born in Minnesota; age 38; has been married but is now divorced; eighth grade education; was for seven years secretary and manager of the Truck Drivers Union in Seattle; is now in the insurance business.

He favors immediate development of the Skagit River project; favors maintaining the 5 cent fare on city car lines, absorbing deficits, if any, into taxation; says he is absolutely closed shop man and believes in unionization of police and fire departments with right to strike in a body, even if the city was unable to replace them, tho he thinks such extreme action would never be necessary if the public were fully advised as to the controversy involved; has no views on city zoning; is in favor of establishing adequate hospital facilities in the city; is a member of the Triple Alliance.

States that the special qualifications fitting him for the office are: Common sense and good judgment all my dealings."

Committee's opinion. Mr. Dahlager impressed the committee as having no familiarity with general municipal problems, and as lacking educational qualifications and character of business experience necessary for an efficient performance councilmanic duties.

Oliver T. Erickson — Born in

Minnesota; age 62; married; attended High School in Minneapolis two years; is a carpenter by trade; later superintendent of construction and ten years as manufacturer of electrical machinery; four years as county commissioner in Minneapolis, and nine years as councilman in Seattle; is a member of the Triple Alliance.

Mr. Erickson was invited to meet with the committee; failed to appear, but phoned stating that other engagements prevented his appearance; that he has appeared before a Municipal League Committee on two previous occasions and did not think it necessary to do so at this time. Maintains right of police and fire department to unionize and strike; says he "would deprive no man of his civil rights."

States that the special qualifications fitting him for the office are: Experience and knowledge of public affairs.

Committee's opinion. While we consider Mr. Erickson a man of strict integrity and not afraid to abide by his convictions, we do not consider his judgment of affairs at all times wise or unbiased; his affiliations with the so-called liberal elements of the community have diminished his influence and made him the subject of much criticism. At this time we do not consider him as one of the best fitted of the candidates for council.

Lee Roy Henry — Born in Tennessee; age 31; unmarried; graduate of Ballard High School and Adelphia College; ten years public service in Seattle, of which the last seven years has been in the Fire Department; has never held public office; belongs to no civic organization; is a member of the Fire Fighters Local No. 27 which is affiliated with the American Federation of Labor; belongs to the Triple Alliance.

Believes in unionizing the police and fire departments, but would give the city ample time to call in militia in case of strike; has no views on city zoning; opposed to County-City consolidation; thinks car line should be an independent department with expert railway head; knew practically nothing of past or present tax levies in city.

States that the special qualifications fitting him for the office are: "Education in hydraulics and electricity and observations taken by watching the council in action."

Committee's opinion — His lack of business experience and his extreme radicalism would make it dangerous to intrust him with councilmanic responsibilities.

Robert B. Hesketh — Born in England, Scotch descent; age 50; came to the United States in 1889 and has been a resident of Seattle since; secured citizenship in the spring of 1896; attended common school, high school and business college in England; employed as printer two and one half years; in restaurant and catering business in Seattle 12 years; business agent for labor organiza-

tions 8 years having clean conservative record; International organizer A. F. of L. 2 years; served two years on the Charter Revision Committee appointed by Mayor John F. Miller; member of the city council since March 1911 continuously to date; served as Vice-chairman State Liberty Loan Committee in four Liberty Loan drives; member of Loan Industrial Committee; did valuable service in both capacities; states that Labor affiliations have had no influence on his conduct in office; is a member of the Triple Alliance; states that Triple Alliance was reported by the Union Record of Tuesday, Jan. 20th, to have endorsed him among other candidates; he published a repudiation of the reported indorsement, stating that he regarded it as a violation in spirit of non-partisan municipal elections.

Believes in labor organization and advocates the right of collective bargaining, but denies the right of police and fire department employees to strike under any circumstances.

States that the special qualifications fitting him for the office are: 9 years in the council; interest in all matters pertaining to civic welfare; experience on Charter Revision Commission; investigation of conditions in other large cities particularly with reference to transportation traffic and "matters in general;" believes that he is "fair, honest and sincere in every vote I take; *** I love my home city and I am proud to be an American. I do my best to represent our people and devote my entire time to the work."

Committee's opinion. Mr. Hesketh is a good citizen and has been a hard-working and generally satisfactory councilman; is a conservative union labor man; is an astute politician and, while he brings no particularly constructive ideas to bear on public matters, he votes sensibly on most matters considered by the council.

Frank E. Kannair — Born on the high seas under British flag; age 47; came to the United States in 1877; granted citizenship in 1896; attended common school in New York City, two years night school Peter Coopers Union; married; has been employed as salesman and manager of various plate glass companies in this city; organized the American Glass Company, later selling his interests; at present secretary of Mutual Club; never held public office.

Advocates commission form of government for Seattle; favors City-County consolidation; believes in municipal ownership but opposed to the acquisition of additional utilities; favors developing a single unit of Skagit River project to determine whether it would pay; against unionization of police department; thinks this department sadly lacking in efficiency.

States that the special qualifications fitting him for the office are common sense coupled with business experience.

Committee's opinion. Mr. Kannair is a good average American citizen; fairly well informed on municipal problems, but possessing no distinctive qualities that would recommend him for this office.

Fred W. Kelly — Born in New York State; age 40; graduate of Central High School Seattle; unmarried; has engaged in engineering work since 1898.

Favors municipal ownership; believes that utilities should be self-sustaining; is against the unionization of the police force or any other department of city government; favors county-city consolidation in theory.

States that the special qualifications fitting him for the office are: experience gained in the course of his practice; his contact with the council, street and engineering departments of Seattle, would be valuable to the city.

Committee's opinion. Mr. Kelly shows considerable knowledge of city affairs; from what we can learn, his work at the city hall has, in the main, been in opposition to improvements ordered by the city council, and in objecting to assessments placed upon property of his clients, and in seeking to recover damages to property resulting from grading and regrading projects; is very combative and has so drawn upon himself the ill will of many at the city hall as to render improbable satisfactory cooperation with them.

Joseph Kildall—Born in Norway; age 55; came to the United States in 1883, admitted to citizenship in 1889; attended private school and business college in Norway; married; in lumber business three years; general merchandising, steamship, packing, export and import business since 1887; now retired; has had no membership in civic organizations except Chamber of Commerce.

Favors the development of the Skagit River project; believes the present police situation fairly satisfactory; states that he is thoroughly loyal in principles; is looking for support from the general public rather than from any particular class; favors county-city consolidation, but has given no special study to the problem.

States that the special qualifications fitting him for the office are: Thorough business experience.

Committee's opinion: Mr. Kildall is a successful business man; has devoted his entire time to business to the apparent exclusion of any activity in civic affairs.

W. D. Lane—Born in Iowa; age 53; attended common school and high school in Iowa; graduate Northwestern Law School and University of Minnesota; degrees B. S., M. S. and LL. B., married; served as State's Attorney Roberts County, So. Dakota four years; practiced law 17 years; member of the Legislature 1915; active in civic affairs in Seattle many years.

Believes it is undesirable for the

police and fire departments to unionize in such manner as to affiliate with the A. F. of L.; sees no prospect of immediate remedy for present high taxes; defends refusal to submit park bond issue to people on ground that the submission of one and one half million dollars of bonds was enough for one year; is not satisfied that the police department is fully efficient; favors a city zoning plan; thinks the price paid for the railway system was much too high but is in favor of rehabilitating the system even at considerable expense; states his stand for law and order has always been firm; states that he spoke after the banquet for Hulet M. Wells on "Making the World Safe for Democracy," as he would before any other group to which invited; is a member of the Triple Alliance but disclaims endorsement; believes that only through the combined vote of labor organizations and farmers can progressive legislation be secured.

States that the special qualifications fitting him for the office as follows: "I do not know that I have any except as above stated. For years I was something of a student of municipal government, and now have the advantage of some experience.

Committee's opinion. Mr. Lane is a man of high moral character; has excellent educational qualifications; is devoted to his duties as councilman; he has subjected himself to the criticism, at this time, of having questionable political alliances and of being radical.

Charles Marble—Born in Nebraska; age 46; common school and high school education in Kansas and Nebraska; married; four years in county offices of Thomas County, Kas; railroad and express office work eleven years; real estate business Seattle 1905-1912, and 1916 to date; served in Seattle City Council, Chairman Harbors and Public Grounds Committee 1913-1916.

Favors Spokane Street bridge; favors city-county consolidation; would retain 5c fare if possible but would increase fare rather than charge any deficit to general taxation; thinks park bond propositions should have been submitted to the people.

States that the special qualifications fitting him for the office are: four years' previous experience as councilman.

Committee's opinion: Regardless of his declared principles, he is regarded by the committee as having been a weak and colorless councilman.

P. C. Merriam—Born in Illinois; age 48; attended common schools for two years; unmarried; never held public office.

Favors development of the Skagit River project but not at prohibitive cost; when asked to make a general statement, he declared his policies to be as already announced; reported to be a member of the Triple Alliance.

States that the special qualifica-

tions fitting him for the office to be: "Hard headed business man."

Committee's opinion. Is lacking in education; has not been successful in business; a fair public speaker, but under examination by the committee proved to be extremely visionary and lacking in balance.

Frank P. Mullen—Born in Canada; age 59; citizen of the U. S. more than 30 years; was locomotive engineer and belonged to labor union; subsequently in the liquor business in Seattle; served in the City Council from 1902-1911 as Chairman of the Streets Committee; defeated for re-election largely by reason of reputed favoritism to traction interests.

States he was always willing to let people vote on such matters as issuance of park bonds; never favored municipal ownership, but believes in making municipal railway a success by creating separate department and getting expert at head; favors construction of Spokane Street bridge; against unionization of police and fire departments.

States that the special qualifications fitting him for the office are: Experience in the council.

Committee's opinion: Mr. Mullen is undoubtedly one of the strongest men that has ever served in the city council; has somewhat limited education, largely off-set by his natural shrewdness and business ability; has always been a conservative and most of his official acts have been sound; has a wide knowledge of public work, partly inherent and partly acquired by long experience in the construction department of G. N. Ry. Co.; sometimes accused of being partisan to the larger business interests.

Carl H. Reeves—Born in New Jersey; age 40; married; attended common schools in New Jersey; High School in Seattle; graduate of University of Washington; 20 years engineering experience; employee of local engineering firms on improvement projects in neighboring cities; several years with city engineer's office and State Public Service Commission; four years in private practice specializing in roadway and bridge work; 23 months service in U. S. army during the war; discharged as Major.

Is in favor of immediate development on the Skagit to meet immediate needs, but gradual development thereafter; strongly favors City-County consolidation; favors the construction of Spokane Street bridge; believes it should have been built long ago; feels that taxes are higher than they should be and that we should do everything to remedy that condition; states that if it is not practicable by increased efficiency to operate the street car lines on 5c fare, it must be increased rather than meet deficit by general tax; feels that outlying districts have not sufficient police protection; opposed to unionization of police and fire departments; opposed to increased pay for councilmen.

States that the special qualifica-

tions fitting him for the office are: since a good many of the city's problems are of an engineering nature, his training and experience as an engineer would be of great value in the council; also that the loyalty of certain candidates is open to question and believes they should be replaced by men of undoubted loyalty; states that he has a real desire to serve the city.

Committee's opinion. His experience, interest in public questions, long residence, good citizenship and educational qualifications should entitle him to favorable consideration.

R. Sartori—Born in Switzerland; age 69; entered the United States 1866; granted citizenship 1871; educated common schools of Switzerland; one year college in Switzerland; widower; has engaged in real estate and mortgage loan business for past 17 years in Seattle; also successful saloonkeeper for years; never held public office.

Thinks that the council puts through bills, issues bonds, etc., without proper consideration; believes that councilmen should be tax payers and have large interests in Seattle, but claims he is in sympathy with the small home owner; has no views with reference to the Skagit River project; favors City-County consolidation; thinks social conditions are better in Seattle than eight or ten years ago; opposes unionization of police and fire departments; claims that if elected to city council he has leisure to study and learn about various municipal problems and that he would make good as a councilman; believes that he could cut down the tax rate by not making improvements that are not necessary.

States that the special qualifications fitting him for the office are: that he is a heavy taxpayer, paying close to \$7,000 a year in taxes, which compelled him to strictly observe and learn the management of the city administration and get acquainted with its work.

Committee's opinion. Mr. Sartori is undoubtedly a successful and conservative business man but seems to have given but little attention to municipal problems, and we believe that he has not sufficient breadth of knowledge, either of municipal problems or social movements to make him a good councilman.

Philip Tindall—Born in Washington, D. C.; age 43; unmarried; attended common and high school and Columbia University Law School in Washington, D. C.; practiced law with few interruptions since 1901; with American Expeditionary Forces from beginning of the war to Sept., 1919; legal advisor to War Department Claims Board, Sept. 20, 1919 to January 2, 1920, Washington, D. C.

Favors development of the Skagit River project as soon as possible; would not commit himself as to County-City consolidation, but stated there would undoubtedly be a saving

by avoiding a duplication of personnel, and that the question requires more study; believes there has been wasteful expenditure of money in some engineering ventures believes in whole-hearted attempt to make the car lines a success; that if there is a deficit it should be met by a reasonable increase in fare.

States that the special qualification fitting him for the office are: general business and legal experience.

Committee's opinion: A clean cut man of fine character and good educational qualifications; of analytical temperament; slow in reaching conclusions on important questions but with courage of his convictions when conclusions are reached; has had no broad business experience.

W. M. Tomlinson—Born in Indiana; age 44; married; has common school and business college education; six years in contracting and building business in Indiana; two years publishing business in San Francisco; 17 years in printing and publishing business in Seattle; has never held public office.

Not in favor of unionizing the police and fire departments; believes in municipal ownership; favors operating municipal gas plant; favors construction of the Spokane Street bridge; believes in County-City consolidation.

States that the special qualifications fitting him for the office are: "Ability to meet men and issues and the experience that has come to me through work in and with organizations having for their objects the betterment of community and national life"; especially interested in street traffic regulation and has many ideas on that subject.

Committee's opinion. Mr. Tomlinson (Continued on page 6)

WHY HIGHER DOCKAGE IN SEATTLE THAN SAN FRANCISCO

(Continued from page 1)

ship's sling to pile and from pile to ship's sling in every port in the United States except Seattle.

As a result of the agitation by the Port Commission supported by private docks and many large shippers, an agreement was entered into whereby the steamship companies agreed to pay 60 cents a ton to the docks for taking care of the two moves numbered 2 and 3 described. This has subsequently been increased to 65 cents. The agreement, however only covers freight moved to and from the Orient including the Hawaiian Islands, that is consigned to eastern points on a through bill of lading.

In case of freight which is consigned on a local bill of lading the steamship companies do not pay the 65 cents a ton for hand-

ling from ship's sling to pile on the dock. In San Francisco, New York and I believe in the other leading ports, the steamship companies take care of this handling movement from ship's sling to pile.

This is a serious matter to Seattle. It militates very strongly against the location here of industries using raw material from the Far East. It also militates against the location here of large distributing and jobbing firms who wish to take local delivery on Oriental imports, warehousing them and subsequently selling and distributing them over the United States.

I can make this clear by a concrete example:-

A cargo of rubber of 3,000 tons comes to Seattle enroute for Akron, Ohio. All that rubber has to pay is 25 cents a ton wharfage, if it moves upon a through bill of lading. If, however, the rubber factory is located in Seattle, the local rubber concern has to pay not only the 25 cents wharfage, but the 65 cents handling charge from ship's sling to pile. In other words, the local factory has to pay a terminal charge of 90 cents, while the factory in Akron, has to pay only a terminal charge of 25 cents.

Again, if a large importer of rubber should locate in Seattle and bring his rubber here to hold for subsequent sale and distribution, it would not be practical for him to have his rubber move on a through bill of lading, but he would have to take a local bill with local delivery.

Imagine a competing importer of rubber located in Chicago:- The Chicago man would bring his to Chicago on a through bill of lading, and the only terminal charge would be 25 cents. The local importer would have to pay 90 cents.

The foregoing illustration regarding rubber, applies to all of the principal imports, vegetable oils, rice, matting, tea, pineapple, hemp, etc. In other words Seattle can not expect to become either an industrial center, manufacturing raw materials from the Orient into finished products, with a differential against it of 65 cents a ton on every ton of freight imported. Neither can Seattle expect to become a great distributing and jobbing center of these raw materials from the

Orient with a differential of 65 cents a ton against it.

The Foreign Bureau of the Chamber of Commerce has been working aggressively on this problem and largely through the excellent work of the Director of the Bureau, Mr. Roy O. Hadley, the Shipping Board has agreed to absorb this 65 cents handling charge on freight locally consigned, provided it is re-consigned for eastern delivery within a period of 10 days. This is a big step in advance, for it will mean a saving of many thousands of dollars to shippers and will prevent much freight from being diverted to other ports. Other steamship lines, however have not agreed to this. Even, if they should, the main problem still remains unsolved, viz.- the failure of the steamship lines in Seattle to absorb this cost of handling freight from ships sling to pile where the freight is consigned to Seattle for local delivery to be manufactured here or held for a considerable period of time for future sale and distribution.

The Shipping Board is still discriminating against Seattle in this matter, which is clearly contrary to the spirit if not the letter of the Shipping Board act. If the Shipping Board vessels can absorb this handling charge in New York, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New Orleans, Los Angeles and San Francisco, the Shipping Board should also absorb the same charge here.

C. J. FRANCE.

Executive Secretary, Port of Seattle.

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for the
County of King.
Genevieve Cato, Plaintiff, vs. Earl A.
Cato, Defendant. No. 111227. Sum-
mons For Publication.
The State of Washington to: Earl A.
Cato, Defendant:
You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty (60) days after the date
of the first publication of this sum-
mons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days
after the 7th day of February, 1920,
and defend the above entitled action
in the above entitled court, and answer
the complaint of the plaintiff, and
serve a copy of your answer upon the
undersigned attorney for plaintiff at
his office below stated; and in case
of your failure so to do, judgment will
be rendered against you according to
the demand of the complaint, which
has been filed with the clerk of said
court.

The object of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree dissolving the bonds of matrimony heretofore and now existing between plaintiff and defendant, and for alimony in the sum of Forty Dollars (\$40.00) per month, together with such other and further relief as the court may seem just and equitable.

JOHN F. REED,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub Feb 7, 1920 7t Mch 17

Prisoner--If this attorney should die, do I get another one?

Judge---Yes.

Prisoner--Yer honor, may I see him in a dark room a few minutes?

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and For King
County.
Cora Belle Cohn, Plaintiff, vs. David J.
Cohn, Defendant.
No. 140837. Summons.
State of Washington to David J. Cohn,
Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: January 17th, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court and answer the complaint of the plaintiff herein and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for the plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint herein which has been filed with the clerk of the said court.

The object and purpose of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree of divorce by the plaintiff from the defendant and for such other orders and judgments as to the court shall seem just and proper.

Date of first publication in the Seattle Municipal News, January 17th, 1920.

JAMES W. REYNOLDS,
Attorney for the Plaintiff.
Post Office address,
301-3 Burke Building, Seattle, Wash-
ington.

Jan 17 Feb 28

HARRY SIGMOND
Attorney Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, For King
County. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Laura
Ruhl, Deceased. No. 26556.
Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Administrator of the estate of Laura Ruhl, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Administrator or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication January 17, 1920.

FRED W. JIENCKE,
Administrator of said Estate.
Address 960 Empire Building, Seattle.
HARRY SIGMOND, Attorney for Es-
tate,
960 Empire Bldg, Seattle, Wash.
4t Jan 17-Feb 7

JOHN W. HEAL, Jr.
Attorney 802 Lowman Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Agnes
P. Christensen, Deceased. No. 26610.
Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the un-
dersigned has been appointed and has

qualified as Administrator of the estate of Agnes P. Christensen, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Administrator or his Attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication, January 17th, 1920.

OLAF CHRISTENSEN,
Administrator of said Estate.
Address 802 Lowman Building, Seattle.
JOHN W. HEAL, Jr., Attorney for Es-
tate.
802 Lowman Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
4t Jan 17 Feb. 7

FOR LEGALS
CALL MAIN 6282
AND WE WILL CALL

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112 COLUMBIA STREET

COMMITTEE REPORT ON CANDIDATES

(Continued from page 4)

son is generally regarded as a good citizen; has given some time to public and community interests, but possesses no intimate nor technical knowledge that will specially aid him in his work as a councilman.

John D. Wenger—Born in Illinois; age 48; married; attended common school and high school in Virginia; night school in New York and Philadelphia; four years Commercial salesman; six years merchandise broker; two years insurance agent; twelve years marble and granite business.

In favor of development of municipal street railway to highest point of efficiency; has no views on city zoning; views on Skagit River project are the same as expressed on municipal railway; against unionization of police and fire departments; thinks all public questions should be submitted to the people.

States that the special qualifications fitting him for the office are: organized the Ballard Home Owners Association; member of the Ballard Booster Club; felt that it is a patriotic duty and one which he owed to Seattle and the people in his particular district to file for the city council.

Committee's opinion. Fair type of man; moderately successful in a small business way; inclined to be captiously critical of way city business is now handled, but has no well thought out constructive policies to offer.

Candidates For Council * Two Year Term

A. T. Drake — Born in Iowa; age 41; unmarried; four years in High School; railway clerk in various capacities until he entered the service of the city in 1904, where he has served continuously as auditor in the Comptroller's office and as finance committee clerk until elected to the city council in 1919.

Believes that the tax rate cannot be reduced so long as the present policy of continuing to do the things we are doing now by general taxation; is for the Skagit River project, but has no first-hand knowledge and relies solely upon experts for information; voted to submit park bonds to the people.

States that the special qualifications fitting him for the office are: Good working knowledge of the city's financial affairs learned through fifteen years of experience.

Committee's opinion. Did not impress the committee as being a strong man nor as displaying any broad public spirited interest in municipal questions; has not much familiarity with the physical phases of our public works; his long contact with, and knowledge of, the finance problems of the city constitutes his chief claim for return to office.

Charles H. Gallant — Born in Pittsburgh; age 31; married; attended the common school at Renton for eight years supplemented by three years High School; course in correspondence school; six years with power companies in various departments; four years with the city light department as contract agent; during later period has had some contact with Skagit project; is a member of the Triple Alliance but disclaims endorsement.

Believes in the unionization of the police and fire departments; states: "I do not believe they should be deprived of the right to strike because it would mean slavery." Would charge deficit of municipal railway to taxation and is opposed to increase of fare; favors development of the Skagit River project.

States that the special qualifications fitting him for the office are: Practical knowledge of the electric light power and street railway utilities.

Committee's opinion. Lacks an adequate business experience; is an extreme exponent of the theory of class consciousness; without ability or training qualifying him for the office he seeks.

T. M. Parker — Born in Ireland; age 42; married; came to the United States in 1895 and secured citizenship in 1898; had three years in High School in Ireland and one year in business college in Butte; engaged in farming, wholesale grocery, packing business and real estate; never held public office.

Believes municipal railway needs organization and efficiency; is opposed to increase of car fare in the event of deficit; favors development of Skagit River project; favors Spokane Street bond issue; against unionization of police and fire departments; favors county-city consolidation.

States that the special qualifications fitting him for the office are: "My business experience of a nature to acquaint me with the business needs of the city in general and its problems of city government."

Committee's opinion. The committee feels that his meager civic interest prior to filing for office and general lack of study and experience in municipal affairs entitles him to but little consideration.

George E. Ryan — Born in Kansas; age 38; unmarried; attended high school; two years in college and five months in business college; general mercantile lumber and grain business, Kansas; grocery and meat market business three years; in real estate and mortgage loan business from 1907 to date.

Believes in the maintenance of five cent fare, but in the event of loss, deficit to be charged to the general fund; favors increase of police department; favors development Skagit River project; is for County-city consolidation; against unionization of police and fire departments.

States that the special qualifica-

tions fitting him for the office are: does not claim any special qualification aside from the fact that he has sufficient education and training to discharge the duties of the office.

Committee's opinion. Clean cut young man, well informed on general topics; has never been very successful in business ventures; Would not make a strong councilman.

George B. Worley — Born in Minnesota; age 56; married; attended high school and two years in State University, Minneapolis; also private instruction; engineer and contractor for thirty years; has never held public office.

Favors immediate development of Skagit River project; against unionization of police department; has no definite plans to reduce tax burden; favors County-City consolidation; favors 5c fare, and deficit, if any, charged to general fund.

States that the special qualifications fitting him for the office are: Connection with the city engineering department of Seattle and engineering work in other cities.

Committee's opinion. Has been a successful contractor; has long service as city sewer inspector; is familiar with city affairs; is a man of decision and should be able to render valuable service as councilman; the strength of his convictions may possibly impede harmony with co-workers.

Candidates For Council—One Year Terms

John E. Carroll—Born in Louisiana; age 43; married; attended Seattle high school four years and University of California two years; practiced law since 1900; was Justice of the Peace, Seattle from 1907 to 1917 when he resigned to enter the army; served with the American Expeditionary Forces in France as Major of Infantry; member of the City Council since June, 1919, being elected by the councilmanic body to fill a vacancy.

Says he is a municipal ownership man and favors immediate development of the Skagit River project; favors maintaining 5c fare on city car lines if possible, being willing to absorb a moderate deficit into taxation if a raise of fare could thereby be avoided, but if a large deficit developed, would then favor a raise of fare; is opposed to unionization of police and fire departments; has no definite views on city zoning.

States that the special qualifications fitting him for the office are: Extended public service in this city is a better criterion for the people than anything he might say at this time for himself as to special fitness for office.

Committee's opinion. Mr. Carroll has a long and commendable record as Justice of the Peace in Seattle; he stands well in the community; possesses all necessary qualifications as to character and education; has had no broad business experience; may be regarded as a conservative.

Ben F. Nauman—Born in Missouri; age 40; married; attended common school in Spokane a few months.

Not able to appear before the Committee because of illness; allied with extreme radical wing of labor party; a member of Triple Alliance; reported to have been secretary of the "General Strike" Committee.

States that the special qualifications fitting him for the office are: "I shall not plead guilty of being either so-called professional or business man, for I am a product of the rank and file of labor and know their problems."

Committee's opinion. Utterly lacking in educational and business qualifications, and his violent class prejudice and extreme radicalism renders him undesirable for public office.

Respectfully submitted,

L. D. LEWIS, Chairman

J. D. BLACKWELL,

ROBERT S. BOYNS,

ARTHUR H. HUTCHINSON,

JOSEPH JACOBS,

WALTER S. JOHNSON,

J. D. MUDGE,

EIMON L. WIENIR,

Sec. to the Committee.

A CHUM

Just one who never starts "to preach."

When days of trial come,
But understands you; walks beside you ----

Cheers you on; a chum!

Just one who can listen, feel and keep,

In courteous silence, dumb.
Your thoughts and dreams, you trust to him

In sole confidence: a chum.

Just one who can a song of pluck
Above the world way hum,
And grips your hand: a soul to trust

From youth to age: a chum.

* * *

The World's now old,, but likes to laugh,

New puns are hard to find;
The greatest editorial staff,
Can't tickle every mind.

So if you read some old, stale joke,

Patched up in modern guise,
Don't fuss and say the things a joke,

Just laugh --- don't be too wise.

* * *

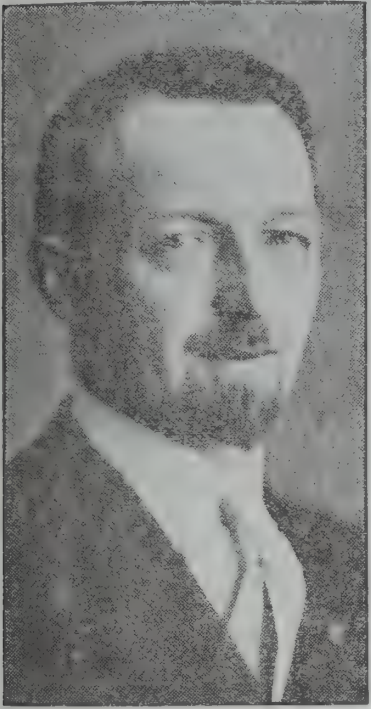
"And what did you enjoy most in France, madam?" he inquired of the lady whose husband had made a great deal of money.

"Well, I think it was the French pheasants singing the 'Mayonnaise.'"

(Paid Advertisement)

AMONG THOSE WHO DID

(From Pacific Builder and Engineer)



CARL H. REEVES

Carl H. Reeves, candidate for election to the city council of Seattle comes qualified in many ways to render a good account of himself in that body. Added to the fact that he is an engineer whose business in life is to do things worth while, is the fact that he has already done important work for city, state and nation, his last service, which recently ended, was 32 months spent as a soldier handling numerous important assignments for the government. He was born at Allentown, New Jersey, October 24, 1880, of old colonial stock. Education was obtained in grade schools, in State College, Pennsylvania, Seattle high school and University of Washington, graduating from latter institution in May, 1901. He came to Seattle in 1893. Engineering experience began with the old firm of Cotterill & White in 1900; handled field work in connection with gravity water system for Port Townsend and Forts Worden and Flagler; connected with city engineer's office, Seattle, from August 1, 1901, to September 1, 1906, as computer, draftsman and designing draftsman; handled many large projects on estimate and design, including Volunteer Park standpipe, North trunk sewer, Connecticut Street trunk sewer, Eastlake trunk sewer, 27th avenue trunk sewer; many paving and grading improvements and numerous engineering matters in connection with city development in general. From September 1, 1906, to March, 1915, he was with the Seattle Electric Company and Puget Sound Traction Light & Power Company, in charge of construction and field work on track roadway and bridges. System now owned by city was doubled under his direction. He also handled location of many high tension power

lines and is especially interested in the proper development, proper construction and maintenance of the city's lines, and all utilities. Reeves handled special work for the State Public Service Commission of Washington on track, roadway and bridges from March to October, 1915, then entered private practice, specializing in municipal engineering, street and interurban railways. He was the first engineer officer called from Seattle to active duty assignment in engineer corps, directing engineering work at Camp Fremont, California, Puget Sound forts, Camp A. A. Humphreys, Va., Camp Doniphan and Fort Sill, Oklahoma, and at Camp Cody, New Mexico, having charge of both construction and engineering in two of the above camps and was discharged as a major June 4, 1919. He entered private practice October 1, 1919, with offices in the American Bank building, handling municipal matters and general engineering. Major Reeves is a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers and of the Engineers' Club.

Girl's father: "Young man, are you not an auctioneer?"

Young Man: (Who is calling on daughter): "Why - er - no. Why do you ask?"

Girl's father: "Why, you've been announcing that 'going' stunt for an hour."

* * *

One morning a little girl aroused by the tidings that a new brother had arrived in the night, proved her power of endowment of at least budding powers of logic.

"Who do you suppose brought him here?" asked the nurse.

"I know," cried the small sister proudly. "It was the milkman! I saw on his wagon, 'Families supplied.'"

* * *

HER IDEA OF MEN

A little girl wrote the following composition on men:

Men are what women marry. They drink and smoke and swear, but don't go to church. Perhaps if they wore bonnets they would. They are more logical than women, also more zoological. Both men and women sprang from the monkeys, but the women sprang farther than the men.

* * *

If your foot slips you can recover your balance, but if your mouth slips you cannot recover your words.

* * *

If a burgler broke into the house would the coal shute?

No, but the kindling would.

(Paid Advertisement)

DO YOU WANT SERVICE OR POLITICS?



This man has served Seattle well. Do you remember that the newspapers have always spoken highly of his ability, his integrity and his service to the city?

After two years of service as legal adviser of the city as Corporation Counsel, The Star said editorially:

"Caldwell has the spirit and ability to serve the people diligently. He fights injustice with energy. He does not sidestep. He sees the issues clearly."

After two and one-half years of service to the city The Seattle Post-Intelligencer said editorially:

"As Seattle saluted Hugh Caldwell only a few months ago with the largest majority ever given to a candidate for a contested office, Seattle today, with undivided front, salutes Capt. Hugh Caldwell, U. S. A., and wishes him mighty well. Relinquishing his important and honorable post of corporation counsel in order to have a direct and active part in the war, he demonstrates his caliber anew and typifies that American spirit which is finding expression in eagerness for service and readiness for sacrifice all over the land, and which all the more gloriously is today exemplified on the fronts of France and Flanders. Subordinating everything else to duty, to country, he is enrolled with the proud legion engaged in winning the war. He is not exceptional in sacrifice; only one of Washington's countless gallant sons. Emulating them he accentuates the fine American philosophy that service to Uncle Sam is paramount and by comparison official honor and emolument shrink to nothingness. To such as he, not to be serving under the Stars and Stripes becomes impossible.

"Whatever his detail in whatever capacity it be given him to serve, Hugh Caldwell—Capt. Hugh Caldwell, if you please—will make good. He made good at law and as corporation counsel and above all, has made good and impressed his character upon this community as a sterling citizen."

He is hampered by no ties or promises, except to serve the whole people. He is not the part of or supported by any political machine. He has no political debts to pay, nor is he carrying any political heirlooms of a former administration. Mr. Caldwell has shown his desire and willingness to serve this community. Don't you believe, especially if you are a taxpayer, that he should be given this opportunity to further serve the city. If so then elect Hugh M. Caldwell Mayor.

JOHN F. REED
 Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, in and for the
 County of King.
 Jean A. Holliston, Plaintiff, vs. John
 Holliston, Defendant. No.
 Summons for Publication.
 The State of Washington to: John Holliston, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 13th day of December, 1919, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree dissolving the bonds of matrimony heretofore and now existing between plaintiff and defendant, and for alimony in the sum of Forty Dollars (\$40.00) per month, together with such other and further relief as to the court may seem just and equitable.

JOHN F. REED,
 Attorney for Plaintiff.
 Office and P. O. Address: 960 Empire Building, Seattle, King County, Washington.
 First pub Dec 13, 1919. 7t Jan 24

HASTINGS & STEDMAN
 Attorneys Haller Bldg
 NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF
 Stockholders of Queen Bess Mines
 Company For the Purpose of Increasing
 the Capital Stock of Said Corporation
 From \$100,000.00 Divided into
 10,000 Shares of the Par Value of
 \$10.00 Per Share, to \$1,000,000.00 Divided
 into 100,000 Shares of the
 Par Value of \$10.00 Per Share.
 Notice is hereby given that a meeting
 of the stockholders of the Queen Bess
 Mines Company will be held at the
 office of the company, 400 Central
 Building, Seattle, Washington, on January
 26, 1920, at the hour of 10 o'clock
 in the fore noon, for the purpose of
 increasing the capital stock of said
 corporation from \$100,000.00 divided
 into 10,000 shares of the par value of
 \$10.00 per share, to \$1,000,000.00 divided
 into 100,000 shares of the par
 value of \$10.00 per share.

O. A. THOMAS, President
 E. E. DAVIS, Vice-Pres.
 H. W. SCHUETT, Sec.-Treas.
 O. P. DIX,
 W. H. GLASS, Trustees.
 Being all of the Trustees of said corporation.
 Jan 10-17

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Seattle Municipal News

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VOL. IX. NO. 8.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1920.

PRICE 10 CENTS

REPORT ON MUNICIPAL CANDIDATES

So many requests have come to the Secretary's office for a copy of the report of the Candidates' Investigating Committee, that the Board of Trustees at its last weekly meeting voted to reprint portions of the report pertinent to the candidates selected at the primaries.

The Municipal League of Seattle, Seattle,

Washington.

Gentlemen:

1. Your Committee appointed to investigate and report upon the qualifications of candidates for the office of Mayor and City Councilmen to be voted upon at the primary election, February 17, 1920, submits the following report:

Based upon a careful consideration of the question, this committee is of the opinion that the Triple Alliance is violating the spirit of this important provision of the charter; that its purpose is to control city elections as it is admittedly its purpose to control county and state elections; that in pursuance of these purposes it is locally allied for political purposes, with elements so radical as to be inimical to the best interests of the community. The committee believes that the issues of ultra-radicalism and violation of the non-partisan provision of the city charter, are so vital at this time, so imminently important to the welfare of the city, that it should ascertain if possible, and reveal to the public, each candidate's relation to these issues.

* * *

CALDWELL

He is in favor of immediate development of the Skagit River project; believes that "a continual and systematic effort to cut down crime is better than a campaign for that purpose"; believes that the police force is at present inadequate, and is in favor of developing the same; is in favor of County-City consolidation; believes in reducing the tax rate consistent with necessary improvements; bearing in mind the high cost of living; is opposed to class rule and the teaching of class prejudice; believes in enforcement of law and order; that there can be no compromise or question of loyalty; is in favor of free



"The War in the Garden of Eden"

Dr. E. T. Allen who was with the American Relief Mission to Armenia throughout the war and after the Armistice will address the Municipal League

Tuesday, February 23, 1920

MEVE'S CAFETERIA—SECOND AND SENECA

Dr. Allen has a thrilling story to tell of the conditions existing in Armenia. Let us honor him with our attendance. Bring another member or friend with you.

speech and free press but not for abuse of it; opposed to the unionization of the police force and the right to strike, but would not deny them the privilege of organizing an employee's league.

Committee's Opinion. Mr. Caldwell is a man of good educational qualifications, fine moral character; has always been active in civic affairs; made a commendable record as Deputy Prosecuting Attorney and as Corporation Counsel; has a broad knowledge of municipal affairs; is independent; a man of strong personality and positive opinions; so strong as may at times impair his relations with co-workers; his Americanism is unquestioned.

* * *

DUNCAN

Disclaims endorsement by the Triple Alliance; states that he is a member of the Triple Alliance; declares that the strikers had a just cause in the "General Strike", but says he told the "Conference Committee" that it was "foolish to talk about pulling a general strike", believes in the unionization of the police and fire departments, but would not extend it to military organizations; recognizes the existence of classes, class struggle and class interests, and maintains that we shall be segregated into classes and "never change from that

condition until we change working conditions"; claims that the general attitude of a man seeking office is more important than executive ability; favors municipal ownership; is for the development of the Skagit River project at the highest possible maximum at minimum cost.

Committee's opinion. Mr. Duncan is a man of good moral character; may be sincere but is misguided in his efforts to bring about advantage to labor; in our opinion his judgement is warped as to questions of general policy; his election would tend to accentuate class consciousness.

CANDIDATES FOR COUNCIL 3 YEAR TERM

COHEN

Believes in maintaining 5 cent fare if possible, but that if there is a deficit that the fare should be raised to meet such deficit; against unionization of police department; favor construction of the Spokane street bridge; thinks the matter of park bond issue should have been submitted to the people; advocated municipal lighting system and city garbage collection system; believes that police department ought to be increased; strict enforcement of traffic laws; in

(Continued on page 2)

REPORT ON VOLUNTEER PARK RESERVOIR

To the Chairman of the Municipal League:

Your Committee, appointed to examine into the advisability of placing the City Water Department Reservoir in its proposed location in Volunteer Park, immediately north of the present Volunteer Park Reservoir, respectfully submit the following:

The Committee met and having no opportunity to obtain information other than that compiled by the City Engineer's Department, the City Water Department and Mr. Thompson of the Park Board took occasion to gather data from each source, which is presented as follows:

State of Arthur H. Dimock, City Engineer of Seattle:

There have been several sites suggested as alternative reservoir sites that have been called by your committee, viz:

One situated immediately south of the present reservoir in Volunteer Park, but outside the park.

One near the vicinity of 15th and Republican.

One on Queen Anne Hill, and one on Beacon Hill.

The objections to the first three of these sites is one of finance and time necessary for condemnation and construction. Either site on Capitol Hill would cost for condemnation from \$350,000.00 to \$450,000.00, with an added cost for either site of approximately \$100,000.00, due to added pipe line or embankment cost. The site on Queen Anne Hill, while considerably cheaper from a property standpoint, is very considerably more expensive due to the extremely long pipe lines necessary to reach it from the present Cedar River

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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M. H. VanNuys
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Terms Expire May, 1921
Fred W. Catlett
Walter S. Johnson
L. D. Lewis
Frank P. Helsell
Edgar J. Wright

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

mains.

The objection to the Beacon Hill site is the fact that it is 104 feet lower than the Volunteer Park elevation and does not permit the supplying of any zone except the low pressure zone.

Mr. Dimock states that there are no engineering problems in the construction of the reservoir in Volunteer Park, but that the problem of finance and element of time are material elements if the reservoir is constructed at any of the other proposed locations.

Mr. L. B. Young states that the proposed site in Volunteer Park is owned by the Park Board but at the time of construction of the present reservoir, the Water Department bought 9½ acres, which was used to increase the size of Volunteer Park, of which the Water Department now uses 3½ acres. That the elevation of the proposed site is 420 above city datum. That it is necessary that reservoirs of the intermediate zone be held on the same level. That reservoirs can be constructed as suggested on either of two points on Capitol Hill or on Queen Anne Hill. But at a materially increased cost due to condemnation and pipe line connections. That it is not possible to use the low pressure site on Beacon Hill on account of the inability to supply West Seattle, Green Lake and all high-service districts. That it would take approximately one year to condemn property in any site not

owned at the present time by the city. That during the summer of 1919, the peak of consumption was slightly in excess of entrance flow. That he was only able to carry sufficient water to supply the demand by filling his reservoirs on Sunday when the consumption was materially lessened. That had another reservoir been available, it would have relieved the situation to the extent of 39,000,000 gallons. That a new pipe line is about to be constructed which, to be efficient, will require further reservoir capacity.

Mr. J. W. Thompson, Superintendent of the Park Board, objects to the construction of the reservoir in its present proposed location in Volunteer Park on the grounds that it will spoil the beauty of the park. We find considerable difference of opinion as to this; some people feeling that it is an increase and some a decrease in the beauty of the park. There is no disputing the fact, however, that it will reduce the park area available for use by about 5 acres. Mr. Thompson of the Park Board, takes the position that added reservoirs are not needed at this time but that pipe lines are required on the ground that if the present pipe lines are not sufficient in size to supply the demand of the city, it is money thrown away to construct added reservoirs. His desire, however, is that reservoirs of large capacity be built on Beacon Hill. Mr. Thompson desires that an outside engineer

be employed to go over the entire city end of the water system.

Due to a consideration of the above facts, your committee recommends that the reservoir be constructed upon the site selected in Volunteer Park.

REPORT ON MUNICIPAL CANDIDATES

(Continued from page 1)

favor of reduction of taxes by more economical management.

Committee's Opinion. Mr. Cohen has been very successful in his business; is a large tax payer; has great knowledge of civic problems; his place of business has been the rendezvous of political groups for many years past; is a good citizen; has a wide acquaintanceship and many friends.

* * *

ERICKSON

Mr. Erickson was invited to meet with the committee; failed to appear, but phoned stating that other engagements prevented his appearance; that he has appeared before a municipal League Committee on two previous occasions and did not think it necessary to do so at this time. Maintains right of police and fire department to unionize and strike; says he "would deprive no man of his civil rights".

Committee's opinion. While we consider Mr. Erickson a man of strict integrity and not afraid to abide by his convictions, we do not consider his judgement of affairs at all times wise or unbiased; his affiliations with the so-called liberal elements of the community have diminished his influence and made him a subject of much criticism. At this time we do not consider him as one of the best fitted of the candidates for council.

* * *

HESKETH

Believes in labor organization and advocates the right of collective bargaining, but denies the right of police and fire department employees to strike under any circumstances.

Committee's opinion. Mr. Hesketh is a good citizen and has been a hard-working and generally satisfactory councilman; is a conservative union labor man; is an astute politician and, while he brings no particularly constructive ideas to bear on public problems, he votes sensibly on most matters considered by the council.

* * *

W. D. LANE

Believes it undesirable for the police and fire departments to unionize in such manner as to affiliate with A. F. of L., sees no prospect of immediate remedy for present high taxes; defends refusal to submit park bond issue to people on ground that the submission of one and one half million dollars of bonds was enough

for one year; is not satisfied that the police department is fully efficient; favors a city zoning plan; thinks the price paid for the railway system was much too high but is in favor of rehabilitating the system even at considerable expense; states his stand for law and order has always been firm; states that he spoke after the banquet for Hulet M. Wells on "Making the World Safe for Democracy," as he would before any other group to which invited; is a member of the Triple Alliance but disclaims endorsement; believes that only through the combined vote of labor organizations and farmers can progressive legislation be secured.

Committee's opinion. Mr. Lane is a man of high moral character; has excellent educational qualifications; is devoted to his duties as councilman; he has subjected himself to criticism, at this time, of having questionable political alliances and of being radical.

* * *

CARL H. REEVES

Is in favor of immediate development on the Skagit to meet immediate needs, but gradual development thereafter; strongly favors City-County consolidation; favors the construction of Spokane Street bridge; believes it should have been built long ago; feels that taxes are higher than they should be and that we should do everything possible to remedy that condition; states that if it is not practical by increased efficiency to operate the street car lines on 5 cent fare, it must be increased rather than meet deficit by general tax; feels that outlying districts have not sufficient police protection; opposed to unionization of police and fire departments; opposed to increased pay for councilmen.

Committee's opinion. His experience, interest in public questions, long residence, good citizenship and educational qualifications should entitle him to favorable consideration.

* * *

PHILIP TINDALL

Favors development of the Skagit River project as soon as possible; would not commit himself as to City-County consolidation, but stated there would undoubtedly be a saving by avoiding a duplication of personnel, and that the question requires more study; believes there has been wasteful expenditure of money in some engineering ventures; believes in whole-hearted attempt to make the car lines a success; that if there is a deficit it should be met by a reasonable increase in fare.

Committee's opinion. A clean cut man of fine character and good educational qualifications; of analytical temperament; slow in reaching conclusions on important questions but with courage of his convictions when conclusions are reached; has had no broad business experience.

* * *

A. T. DRAKE

Believes that the tax rate cannot

be reduced so long as the present policy of continuing to do things we are doing now by general taxation; is for the Skagit River project, but has no first-hand knowledge and relies solely upon experts for information; voted to submit park bonds to the people.

Committee's opinion. Did not impress the committee as being a strong man nor as displaying any broad public spirited interest in municipal questions; has not much familiarity with the physical phases of our public works; his long contact with, and knowledge of, the finance problems of the city constitutes his chief claim for return to office.

CHARLES H. GALLANT

Believes in the unionization of the police and fire departments; states: "I do not believe they should be deprived of the right to strike because it would mean slavery." Would charge deficit of municipal railway to taxation and is opposed to increase of fare; favors development of the Skagit River project.

Committee's opinion. Lacks an adequate business experience; is an extreme exponent of the theory of class consciousness; without ability or training qualifying him for the office he seeks.

JOHN E. CARROLL

Says he is a municipal ownership man and favors immediate development of the Skagit River project; favors maintaining 5 cent fare on city car lines if possible, being willing to absorb a moderate deficit into taxation if a raise of fare could thereby be avoided, but if a large deficit developed, would then favor a raise of fare; is opposed to unionization of police and fire departments; has no definite views on city zoning.

Committee's opinion. Mr. Carroll has a long and commendable record as Justice of the Peace in Seattle; he stands well in the community; possesses all necessary qualifications as to character and education; has had no broad business experience; may be regarded as a conservative.

BEN F. NAUMAN

Not able to appear before the Committee because of illness; allied with extreme radical wing of labor party; a member of Triple Alliance; reported to have been secretary of the "General Strike" Committee.

Committee's opinion. Utterly lacking in educational and business qualifications, and his violent class prejudice and extreme radicalism renders him undesirable for public office.

Respectfully submitted,
L. D. Lewis, Chairman.

J. D. Blackwell

Robert S. Boyns

Arthur H. Hutchinson

Joseph Jacobs

Walter S. Johnson

J. D. Mudge

Simon L. Weinir, Sec. to the Committee.

JOHN F. REED

Attorney 960 Empire Bldg

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and For the County of King.

Nellie Mackintosh Talbot, Plaintiff, vs. Moore Investment Company, a corporation; J. A. Moore, Ira Bronson and M. B. Moore, as Trustees of the said Moore Investment Company, and all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in Lot 5, in Block 11, of Assessor's Plat of University Heights, Seattle, King County, Washington. Defendants. No. 141535. Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington, to the said Moore Investment Company, a corporation; J. A. Moore, Ira Bronson and M. B. Moore, as Trustees of the said Moore Investment Company, and all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in Lot 5, in Block 11, of Assessor's Plat of University Heights, Seattle, King County, Washington. Defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear at the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for King County, which County the plaintiff designates as the place of trial, within sixty (60) days after the date of the publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the day of January, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for the plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is to quiet the title of the plaintiff in and to the following described property:

Lot 5, in Block 11, of Assessor's Plat of University Heights, Seattle, King County, Washington.

and declaring that the defendants have, nor has any of them, any right, title, estate or interest whatsoever in or to the land and premises or any part thereof, and that the defendants and each of them be enjoined and declared from asserting any claim whatsoever in or to the said land and premises adverse to the plaintiff.

JOHN F. REED,

Attorney for Plaintiff,

Office and P. O. Address: 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Feb. 21, 1920. 7t Apr 2

LUNDIN & BARTO

Lawyers Alaska Bldg

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and for the County of King.

Thomas J. Marley and Emma L. Marley, his wife, Plaintiffs, vs. The Unknown heirs of James William Clark; the Unknown heirs of Laura Stella Clark, and also all other Persons or Parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein. Defendants. No. 140259. Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to the Unknown heirs of James William Clark; the Unknown heirs of Laura Stella Clark; and also all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein. Defendants.

You, and each of you, are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty days after the 14th day of February, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the court aforesaid and answer the complaint of the plaintiffs and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned, as attorneys for said plaintiffs, at their office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you, and each of you, according to the demands of the complaint herein, which has been filed with the clerk of the above entitled court.

The above entitled action relates to and affects the title of real property situate in King County, State of Washington, and particularly described as follows, to-wit:

Lots nine (9), ten (10), eleven (11), twelve (12) and thirteen (13) in Block two (2) of Clark's First Addition to the Town of Kent, in King County, Washington, according to the official plat thereof now on file and of record in the office of the Auditor of King County, Washington, together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto appertaining or belonging.

The object of said action is to obtain a judgment and decree of the above entitled court that the plaintiffs herein, Thomas J. Marley and Emma L. Marley, husband and wife, are the owners of said property, and of the fee simple title thereof, free and clear of any claim, right, title, estate, lien or interest of the said defendants, and each and every of them, and enjoining the said defendants, and each and every of them, from claiming or asserting any right, title, estate, lien or interest in or to said property, or any part thereof, and quieting the title of plaintiffs in and to said property and removing all clouds cast thereon by reason of any claim asserted by either or any of said defendants adverse to the rights and interest of the plaintiffs thereon, or otherwise.

A more complete statement of the relief demanded and of the cause of action herein is set forth in the plaintiffs' complaint now on file in the office of the clerk of the above entitled court, reference to which is hereby made.

McGREGOR & FRISTOE,

Attorneys for Plaintiffs,

Office and Post Office Address: Prosser, Benton County, Washington.
First pub Feb 14 7t mar 27

JOHN F. REED

Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for the County of King.

Genevieve Cato, Plaintiff, vs. Earl A. Cato, Defendant. No. 141227. Summons For Publication.

The State of Washington to: Earl A. Cato, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 7th day of February, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree dissolving the bonds of matrimony heretofore and now existing between plaintiff and defendant, and for alimony in the sum of Forty Dollars (\$40.00) per month, together with such other and further relief as to the court may seem just and equitable.

JOHN F. REED,

Attorney for Plaintiff,

960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub Feb 7, 1920 7t Mch 17

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and For King County.

Cora Belle Cohn, Plaintiff, vs. David J. Cohn, Defendant.

No. 140837. Summons.

State of Washington to David J. Cohn, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: January 17th, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court and answer the complaint of the plaintiff herein and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for the plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of the above entitled court.

ure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint herein which has been filed with the clerk of the said court.

The object and purpose of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree of divorce by the plaintiff from the defendant and for such other orders and judgments as to the court shall seem just and proper.

Date of first publication in the Seattle Municipal News, January 17th, 1920.

JAMES W. REYNOLDS,

Attorney for the Plaintiff.

Post Office address,
301-3 Burke Building, Seattle, Washington.

Jan 17 Feb 28

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JOHN F. REED
 Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, in and for the
 County of King.
 Jean A. Holliston, Plaintiff, vs. John
 Holliston, Defendant. No.
 Summons for Publication.
 The State of Washington to: John Holliston, Defendant:
 You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 13th day of December, 1919, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.
 The object of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree dissolving the bonds of matrimony heretofore and now existing between plaintiff and defendant, and for alimony in the sum of Forty Dollars (\$40.00) per month, together with such other and further relief as to the court may seem just and equitable.

JOHN F. REED,
 Attorney for Plaintiff.
 Office and P. O. Address: 960 Empire Building, Seattle, King County, Washington.
 First pub Dec 13, 1919. 7t Jan 24

HASTINGS & STEDMAN
 Attorneys Haller Bldg.
 NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF
 Stockholders of Queen Bess Mines
 Company For the Purpose of Increasing the Capital Stock of Said Corporation From \$100,000.00 Divided into 10,000 Shares of the Par Value of \$10.00 Per Share, to \$1,000,000.00 Divided into 100,000 Shares of the Par Value of \$10.00 Per Share.
 Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the Queen Bess Mines Company will be held at the office of the company, 400 Central Building, Seattle, Washington, on January 26, 1920, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the fore noon, for the purpose of increasing the capital stock of said corporation from \$100,000.00 divided into 10,000 shares of the par value of \$10.00 per share, to \$1,000,000.00 divided into 100,000 shares of the par value of \$10.00 per share.
 O. A. THOMAS, President
 E. E. DAVIS, Vice-Pres.
 H. W. SCHUETT, Sec.-Treas.
 O. P. DIX,
 W. H. GLASS, Trustees.
 Being all of the Trustees of said corporation: Jan 10-17

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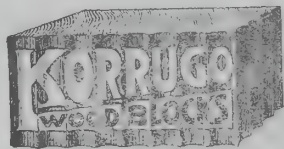
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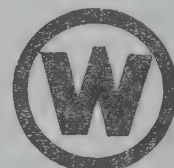
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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL IX. NO. 10.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, MARCH 6, 1920

PRICE 10 CENTS

CITY ENGINEER DISCUSSES PROBLEMS

Reported by Eimon L. Wienir

Arthur H. Dimock, city engineer of Seattle for the past eight years, discussed the engineering problems confronting the city of Seattle at the weekly luncheon of the Municipal League Tuesday.

Vice-President James T. Lawler, who presided, pointed out the fact that this city has had but two city engineers in the 27 years last past.

The most important engineering problems confronting the city at the present time, Dimock declared, are connected with the Skagit project, the development of Swan Lake, extension of the city's water supply system, the matter of grade separations in the tide flats, including the opening of additional arterial highways through that district, and the street railway system.

In speaking of the organization of his office, Mr. Dimock stated that he had an engineer in charge of the water supply system; the sewer system—"the better it is built the less you know about it"; bridge building and structural designing; a geographical engineer, who meets with the contractors and the property owners interested in the improvements undertaken. It is Mr. Dimock's idea that the plans for all work done should be first submitted to the engineers who are responsible to him for the efficient management of these departments, so that they and he should have the benefit of the suggestions and criticisms made. A special sub-department is also organized for the preparation of cases for the courts, and the furnishing of engineering data. Close attention to these cases has



"He is distinctly one of the leading orators of the United States today," So stated Louis F. Post, Assistant Secretary of Labor, in describing

JOHN Z. WHITE

who will address the Municipal League

Tuesday Noon, March 9, 1920

MEVE'S CAFETERIA—SECOND AND SENECA

The Public, New York City, said of him: "In point of native ability, in normal integrity, and in the understanding of natural law in the economic world Mr. John Z. White has no superior." His subject will be:

"Relation of Taxation to Community Development"

saved the city hundreds of thousands of dollars, stated Dimock.

A chemical department pays attention to the matter of securing standard specifications of the commodities purchased or used by the city, such as steel, cement, gas, and numerous other things. The Physical Testing Department, enjoys the use of the largest machine west of St. Louis. New inventions and improvements are under constant study with the object of securing the best possible materials at the lowest cost.

Mr. Dimock is an exponent of Senator Jones' bill for the creation of a national department of Public Works. "Such a department will eliminate the duplication of departments in national and state governments, and will thus result in a more wise and useful expenditure of public funds. It will also tend to establish a budget system, which is badly needed by national, state, and city governments."

In speaking of the Skagit, Mr.

Dimock said: "No one man knows all there is to know about a project of such magnitude as the Skagit and the best results can be secured by availing ourselves of engineers experienced in the construction of hydro-electric plants. After giving careful consideration to the suggestions they offer we will decide upon the plan that seems most likely to produce a plant of maximum efficiency at minimum cost of both construction and operation. C. F. Heney, of Portland, who made a survey of the Skagit development and submitted recommendations, probably knows more about certain features of hydro-electric power-systems than any other man in the country."

As to the street railway problem: that of improving the service and maintaining it on a five-cent fare, Mr. Dimock stated that his office was now studying the problem and hoped that it would be solved satisfactory to the people of Seattle.

(Continued on page 2)

WESTLAKE AVENUE CEMENT PAVING

(By O. A. Piper, Assistant City Engineer, Seattle, in Concrete Highway Magazine.)

In addition to other numerous paving activities, Seattle has undertaken the paving of Westlake avenue north, one of its main arterial highways, with 8 inches of concrete. This thoroughfare originates in the fast growing center of shopping activities and forms the principal avenue of traffic leading to the northern portion of the city. The section of street in process of being paved is approximately 9,000 feet long and skirts the westerly rim of Lake Union. For approximately 85 per cent of its length the street was originally part of Lake Union and in 1910 and 1911, was filled for a width of 90 feet, the fill varying from nothing to 60 feet. The plan of the street providing for a sidewalk area 12 feet wide, for a sidewalk 50 feet wide and a street railway right of way 18 feet wide with an additional berm of 10 feet for safety. The remainder of the 150 feet is reserved for railroads and future utilities.

In 1914 the westerly portion of this roadway was improved with 20 feet of asphalt paving laid on a 6-inch concrete base. This ribbon of pavement has cared for a volume of traffic which has multiplied year by year. At the present time it carries two continuous streams of traffic of all degrees of loading. During rush hours the traffic becomes delayed and congested. Due to the fact that there are no traffic streets crossing this strip of asphalt pavement for its entire length, it has cared for the intensive traffic imposed upon it with a fair degree of safety and little delay.

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

Published Weekly by the
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Secretary.....Eimon L. Wiener, 510 Central Bldg., Main 476
Treasurer.....Alexander Myers, 2nd and Union, Main 5883
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Honorary Auditors.....Smith, Robertson & Moorhouse
Committee Chairmen and Trustees—

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Arthur H. Hutchinson, Ex-officio Trustee

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

The growth of industries and the resulting increase of traffic has, however, overtaxed the capacity of this narrow pavement and made additional room imperative. A recent check on the volume of traffic passing over this thoroughfare showed the following figures during a period of observation between the hours of 6 a. m. and 1 a. m.

Street cars.....	1553
Passenger automobiles....	6100
Commercial automobiles	1719
Horse-drawn vehicles.....	41
Motorcycles	79

In a city so well provided with pavements of liberal width, it appears strange that so important a link should have been so poorly cared for. Various reasons are responsible for this condition, chief among which has been the difficulty in providing the necessary funds.

The growth of industries and increasing demands of traffic have, however, compelled the city to provide further room on this thoroughfare.

Unfortunately the work was undertaken late in the season and facing adverse weather conditions, but we anticipate that it can be completed before the end of December.

The new pavement being laid is 20 feet wide and 8 inches thick. Concrete pavement was chosen as most suitable to meet the conditions. This is being laid in slabs varying in length from 20 feet to 30 feet, provision being made for 3-8-inch premolded joints.

The pavement is being laid at a grade corresponding to the existing asphalt base so that in any future surfacing the entire roadway may be uniform. A gap of 6 feet is left between the two pavements to care for future utilities. This will also serve to control the direction of traffic.

The concrete is being mixer with a 4-sack batch mixer. Tamping is performed with temple tammers and finished with wooden floats, squeegee roller and otherwise in the same general manner as is used in best recent practice.

The work presents no unusual features as to construction but will be of special interest to engineers interested in pavements in that the volume of traffic it

will carry will prove or disprove many points as to the adequacy of concrete for heavily traveled city streets. The pavement will have the advantage of a subgrade very little disturbed by excavations which so frequently are the direct cause of settlement and breaking of the concrete base. The grade will be practically level, drainage being provided by undulating the gutter and discharging the water at intervals of 600 feet.

The materials used for the concrete are the best grade of washed sand and pebbles. The sand answers to a specification requiring 100 per cent to pass a 1-4-inch screen and not less than 20 per cent nor more than 35 per cent to pass a No. 30 screen. The pebbles are graded to a fairly uniform proportion, varying from 1-4 to 2½ inches with no stone larger than 4 inches measurement through its greatest diameter.

The concrete is mixed in the proportion 1:2:3½, the cement content being based on the measure of 3½ cubic feet to the barrel. This is equivalent in practice to 1 2-3 barrels of cement to each cubic yard of concrete.

This stretch of concrete pavement is perhaps the most important undertaken by the city of Seattle and the results will be watched with much interest.

The work is being handled by the City's engineering department, of which A. H. Dimock is the head. The writer is the Assistant Engineer in direct charge of the work.

(Editor's note: Since the above was written the pavement has been completed.)

CITY ENGINEER DISCUSSES PROBLEMS

(Continued from page 1)

The water supply system was restricted in development during the war, said Mr. Dimock, "we have a sufficient supply to meet our needs next summer, but we shall be short after that. Although the work at Swan Lake will not be complete by that time, we will have from ten to fifteen millions of gallons additional for supply; this we must have, irrespective of high cost."

Plans are now under way to extend Fourth avenue south so as to form an arterial highway to the White River Valley. A street 150 feet wide will be built, with a roadway for through motor vehicle traffic and another for use by abutting property owners, to accommodate the huge traffic which Dimock believes will inevitably result from a development of that district.

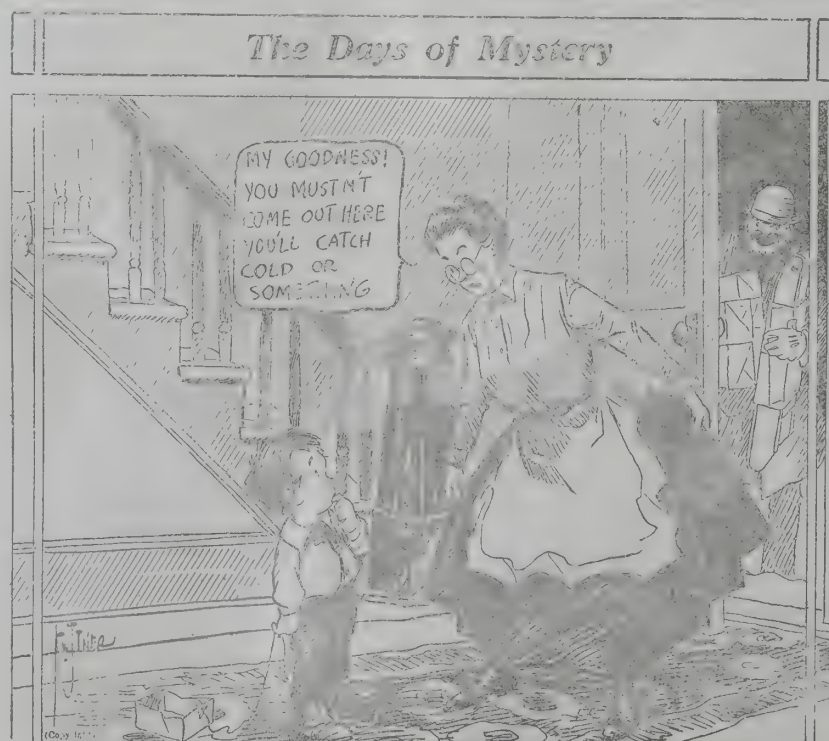
FAMOUS CITY PLANNER TO ADDRESS LEAGUE

Lorado Taft, the noted sculptor and city planner, will be the guest of honor at a luncheon to be given Tuesday noon, March 16th, at the Masonic Club Rooms, Arcade Building, under the joint auspices of the Municipal League and the One Hundred Per Cent Club. In order to accommodate all those wishing to attend members of the Municipal League are requested to make reservations in advance for themselves and friends, a special section having been reserved for the Municipal League, we desire to know, as nearly as possible, how large a number of our members will attend. Phone Mr. Wiener, Main 476.

Various other city organizations will be asked to send their representatives to the meeting.

THE FATHER AND SON DINNER

which was postponed some time ago, will take place Tuesday evening, March 9th, at the Masonic Temple. Municipal League members are cordially invited to attend.



JAPAN HAS 2,000 JOURNALS

News-writing, in recent years, has developed into a profession; and the newspapers, natural outlets for journalistic work, have increased accordingly and taken important places in the affairs of the world. This fact is illustrated by the interests and regard the Japanese have placed upon the newspaper. Less than 45 years ago there was only one newspaper in Japan, and that was hardly worthy of the name. Today there are over 2,000 important journals and papers. Before the Russian-Japanese war, the people did not care for news that did not concern their own country, but since then they have taken a great deal of interest in the affairs of other nations.

Instead of the Japanese newsboy running along the street trying to sell each person a paper, he merely stands on a corner ringing a string of four or five bells and at the same time crying out the important news. —Totem (Lincoln).

OH SAY, CAN YOU SING?

Oh, say can you sing, from the start to the end,
What so proudly you stand for when the orchestra plays it;
When the whole congregation in voices that blend,
Strike up the grand tune and then torture and slay it?
How valiant they shout when they're first starting out.
But the "down's early light" finds them floundering about,
'Tis "The Star-Spangled Banner" they're trying to sing,
But they don't know the words of the precious, brave thing.
Hark, the "twilight's last gleaming" has some of them stopped,
But the gallant survivors press forward serenely
To the "ramparts we watched," when some others are dropped,
And the loss of the leaders is manifest keenly.
Then "the rocket's red glare" gives the bravest a scare,
And there's a few left to face the "bombs bursting in air,"
'Tis a thin line of heroes that manage to save
The last of the verse and "the home of the brave." —Ex.

EDGAR J. WRIGHT
Attorney 1117 L. C. Smith Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of L. A. Rynning, Deceased. No. 26907.
Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as administratrix of the estate of L. A. Rynning, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administratrix or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication, February 28, 1920.

MARY A. RYNNING,
Administratrix of said Estate.
EDGAR J. WRIGHT, Attorney for Estate, 1117 L. C. Smith Bldg, Seattle, Wash.
4t Mch 20

JOHN F. REED

Attorney 960 Empire Bldg

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and For the County of King.

Nellie Mackintosh Talbot, Plaintiff, vs. Moore Investment Company, a corporation; J. A. Moore, Ira Bronson and M. B. Moore, as Trustees of the said Moore Investment Company, and all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in Lot 5, in Block 11, of Assessor's Plat of University Heights, Seattle, King County, Washington. Defendants. No. 141535. Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington, to the said Moore Investment Company, a corporation; J. A. Moore, Ira Bronson and M. B. Moore, as Trustees of the said Moore Investment Company, and all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in Lot 5, in Block 11, of Assessor's Plat of University Heights, Seattle, King County, Washington. Defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear at the Superior court of the State of Washington, for King County, which County the plaintiff designates as the place of trial, within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 21st day of February, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for the plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is to quiet the title of the plaintiff in and to the following described property:

Lot 5, in Block 11, of Assessor's Plat of University Heights, Seattle, King County, Washington.

and declaring that the defendants have not, nor has any of them, any right, title, estate or interest whatsoever in or to the land and premises or any part thereof, and that the defendants and each of them be enjoined and decreed from asserting any claim whatsoever in or to the said land and premises adverse to the plaintiff.

JOHN F. REED,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
Office and P. O. Address: 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Feb. 21, 1920. 7t Apr 2

LUNDIN & BARTO

Lawyers Alaska Bldg

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and for the County of King.

Thomas J. Marley and Emma L. Marley, his wife, Plaintiffs, vs. The Unknown heirs of James William Clark; the Unknown heirs of Laura Stella Clark; and also all other Persons or Parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein. Defendants. No. 140259. Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to the Unknown heirs of James William Clark; the Unknown heirs of Laura Stella Clark; and also all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein. Defendants.

You, and each of you, are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty days after the 14th day of February, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the court aforesaid and answer the complaint of the plaintiffs and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned, as attorneys for said plaintiffs, at their office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you, and each of you, according to the demands of the complaint herein, which has been filed with the clerk of the above entitled court.

The above entitled action relates to and affects the title of real property situate in King County, State of Washington, and particularly described as follows, to-wit:

Lots nine (9), ten (10), eleven (11), twelve (12) and thirteen (13) in Block two (2) of Clark's First Addition to the Town of Kent, in King County, Washington, according to the official plat thereof now on file and of record in the office of the Auditor of King County, Washington, together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto appertaining or belonging.

The object of said action is to obtain a judgment and decree of the above entitled court that the plaintiffs herein, Thomas J. Marley and Emma L. Marley, husband and wife, are the owners of said property, and of the fee simple title thereof, free and clear of any claim, right, title, estate, lien or interest of the said defendants, and each and every of them, and enjoining the said defendants, and each and every of them, from claiming or asserting any right, title, estate, lien or interest in or to said property, or any part thereof, and quieting the title of plaintiffs in and to said property and removing all clouds cast thereon by reason of any claim asserted by either or any of said defendants adverse to the rights and interest of the plaintiffs thereon, or otherwise.

A more complete statement of the relief demanded and of the cause of action herein is set forth in the plaintiffs' complaint now on file in the office of the clerk of the above entitled court, reference to which is hereby made.

MCGREGOR & FRISTOE,
Attorneys for Plaintiffs,
Office and Post Office Address: Prosser, Benton County, Washington.
First pub Feb 14 7t mar 27

JOHN F. REED

Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for the County of King.

Genevieve Cato, Plaintiff, vs. Earl A. Cato, Defendant. No. 141227. Summons For Publication.

The State of Washington to: Earl A. Cato, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 7th day of February, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree dissolving the bonds of matrimony heretofore and now existing between plaintiff and defendant, and for alimony in the sum of Forty Dollars (\$40.00) per month, together with such other and further relief as to the court may seem just and equitable.

JOHN F. REED,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub Feb 7, 1920 7t Mch 17

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and For King County.

Cora Belle Cohn, Plaintiff, vs. David J. Cohn, Defendant.

No. 140837. Summons.

State of Washington to David J. Cohn, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: January 17th, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court and answer the complaint of the plaintiff herein and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for the plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint herein, which has been filed with the clerk of the above entitled court.

ure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint herein which has been filed with the clerk of the said court.

The object and purpose of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree of divorce by the plaintiff from the defendant and for such other orders and judgments as to the court shall seem just and proper.

Date of first publication in the Seattle Municipal News, January 17th, 1920.

JAMES W. REYNOLDS,
Attorney for the Plaintiff.
Post Office address,
301-3 Burke Building, Seattle, Washington.

Jan 17 Feb 28

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JOHN F. REED

Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, in and for the
County of King.
Jean A. Hollston, Plaintiff, vs. John
Hollston, Defendant. No.
Summons for Publication.
The State of Washington to: John Holl-
ston, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty (60) days after the date of
the first publication of this summons, to-
wit: within sixty (60) days after the 13th
day of December, 1919, and defend the
above entitled action in the above enti-
tled court, and answer the complaint of
the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your
answer upon the undersigned attorney
for plaintiff at his office below stated;
and in case of your failure so to do,
judgment will be rendered against you
according to the demand of the com-
plaint, which has been filed with the
clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action
is to obtain a decree dissolving the
bonds of matrimony heretofore and now
existing between plaintiff and defend-
ant, and for alimony in the sum of
Forty Dollars (\$40.00) per month, to-
gether with such other and further re-
lief as to the court may seem just and
equitable.

JOHN F. REED,

Attorney for Plaintiff.

Office and P. O. Address: 960 Empire
Building, Seattle, King County, Wash-
ington.
First pub Dec 13, 1919. 7t Jan 24

HASTINGS & STEDMAN

Attorneys Haller Bldg
NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF
Stockholders of Queen Bess Mines
Company For the Purpose of Increas-
ing the Capital Stock of Said Cor-
poration From \$100,000.00 Divided in-
to 10,000 Shares of the Par Value of
\$10.00 Per Share, to \$1,000,000.00 Di-
vided Into 100,000 Shares of the
Par Value of \$10.00 Per Share.

Notice is hereby given that a meeting
of the stockholders of the Queen Bess
Mines Company will be held at the
office of the company, 400 Central
Building, Seattle, Washington, on Jan-
uary 26, 1920, at the hour of 10 o'clock
in the fore noon, for the purpose of
increasing the capital stock of said
corporation from \$100,000.00 divided
into 10,000 shares of the par value of
\$10.00 per share, to \$1,000,000.00 divid-
ed into 100,000 shares of the par
value of \$10.00 per share.

O. A. THOMAS, President
E. E. DAVIS, Vice-Pres.
H. W. SCHUETT, Sec.-Treas.
O. P. DIX,
W. H. GLASS, Trustees.
Being all of the Trustees of said cor-
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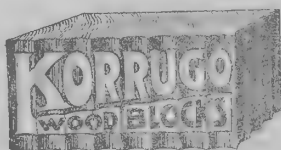
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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. IX. NO. 11.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, MARCH 13, 1920.

PRICE 10 CENTS

SINGLE TAXER ADDRESSES LEAGUE

Reported by Eimon L. Weinir.

John Z. White, lecturer for the Henry George Lecture Bureau, famous single taxer, addressed the League Tuesday noon, on "The Relation of Taxation to Community Development." Witty, incisive, and forceful Mr. White made a difficult subject seem simple. He was merciless in his attack upon our present system, declaring it "the meanest perpetuation of aristocracy that has burdened the modern world."

A distinction was drawn by the speaker between property that originated by virtue of human industry and that resulting from legal establishment. His solution is to tax the latter kind of property but not the former.

"Landtd property constitutes one half of all property; yet it pays but one fourth of the taxes. As the city grows, a large commercial center is established where men trade and co-operate with their fellows. Property in such districts will take on value those few owning it will become rich as a matter of course. That development is bound to occur not through any effort of theirs, but as a matter of law. Such artificial increase of values results in land being held for speculation. More than 60 per-cent of city lots are either vacant or poorly improved; this chokes a city's growth, hurting the country generally.

"Stop taxing industry, which is for the benefit of the consumers. Stop taxing improvements on property, and the nation will make more rapid strides than

WE WILL MEET AT
Masonic Club Rooms—Arcade Bldg.
Tuesday Noon, March 16th
JOINTLY WITH THE ONE HUNDRED PER CENT CLUB
TO HEAR

LORADO TAFT
NOTED SCULPTOR AND CITY PLANNER ON

**"Beauty in the Home Town—The Problem of
Making the Community Interesting to Itself"**

125 seats have been reserved for the membership of the Municipal League. Call up the Secretary, Main 476, and tell him you are coming, so that if we need more reservations we can make them now. Other civic organizations have made reservations for this address. Let us make a good showing! The luncheon is 75 cents.

ever before. There is no excuse for the prevailing high cost of the living. If we had prosperity during the war, with five million men out of the ranks of labor, business, and the professions, surely we can not be the poorer now, when those men are returned.

"This is not saying that real property shall not be secure. Any nation that will impair that right will begin to disintegrate. But it must become plain that under the present system you can not tax capital. You can tax land or industry, but not capital."

A series of articles will appear soon by members of the League on, "What I Would Do If I Were Mayor." Those desiring to contribute articles on that subject or any other of civic interest may send copy to the office of the Secretary.

You don't know how hard the world is until you slip on a banana peel.

LEAGUE WILL HEAR NOTED SCULPTOR

Lorado Taft, famous Chicago sculptor will address a joint meeting of the Municipal League and the One Hundred Per Cent Club, Tuesday noon, March 16th. The luncheon-meeting will be held at the Masonic Club Rooms, Arcade Building, and not at Meves Cafeteria, the usual meeting place of the League. This has been done in order to accomodate the many who will wish to hear Mr. Taft.

Mr. Taft has gained an enviable reputation not only in sculpture, but in the fields of writing and lecturing. He spent six months in France with the Young Men's Christian Association, and later with the army educational corps.

Stirs Civic Pride

Mr. Taft will discuss "Beauty in the Home Town—The Problem of Making the Community Interesting to Itself." Of late years the sculptor has felt an increasing sense of citizenship of all that relates to the good of the community, particularly the artistic needs of the small community. His message is formed to stir a city's civic pride, which in time may take the form of beautiful memorials, fountains, and statues which will perpetuate the significant in American history and ideals.

Seattle possesses one of Lorado Taft's work of art, the statue of George Washington, which stands at the entrance of the University of Washington campus. Civic works, which have won for him national prominence, such as those for which he will speak in the morning assembly, are: "The Eternal Silence," Graceland Cemetery, Chicago; the Columbus Memorial Fountain, Washington, D. C.; The Ferguson Fountain

MUNICIPAL NOTES

By Fred W. Catlett.

One of our "esteemed contemporaries"—in time one can apparently acquire the journalistic pen in the same way that the lawyer acquires the legal mind—carried an editorial last Sunday which struck an answering chord in our heart. The large vote for Mr. Duncan was by no means the result of lack of patriotism, but largely a result of dissatisfaction with present economic conditions, a dissatisfaction which, as was observed, extends much beyond the ranks of Mr. Duncan's supporters. The truth is probably that only the patriotic argument kept large numbers from joining the ranks of the dissatisfied. The peculiar thing about the present situation is that it bears hardest upon the salaried and the professional classes. Although the rise in wages has not kept step with the rise in prices, the so-

(Continued on page 2)

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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Terms Expire May, 1921
Fred W. Catlett
Walter S. Johnson
L. D. Lewis
Frank P. Helsell
Edgar J. Wright

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

of the Great Lakes, Chicago; "Black Hawk," Oregon, Ill.; Soldiers Monument, Oregon, Ill.; Thatcher Memorial Fountain, Denver, Colo. He is working at the present time on the "Fountain of Time," which will be unveiled in Chicago this spring.

Mr. Taft has received three medals for sculpture exhibited in American exhibitions: Designer's Medal, Chicago Exposition, 1893; Silver Medal, Buffalo Exposition 1901, and Gold Medal, St. Louis Exposition, 1904. His "History of American Sculpture" was published by MacMillan Company in 1903.

The following Tuesday, March 23rd, C. J. France Secretary to the Port Commission will address the League. The meeting will take place at Mevexes Cafeteria, where the League will continue to meet.

MUNICIPAL NOTES

(Continued from page 1)

called working classes have received large benefits in increased wages. The business and manufacturing classes have also benefited very largely from the advancing and increased prices, but the teachers, both in the school and university, many of the salaried employees and the professional man have received no equivalent increase in income while forced to meet the largely increased living costs. It will be interesting to observe just what the social effort will be, whether we shall see a leveling or coal-

escing of the so-called working classes and the middle classes, or whether in the end the incomes of the teachers, salaried employees and professional men will be increased so that the ratio existing before the war is re-established.

Mayor Caldwell goes into office well equipped to render the city unusual service. In the Skagit project, about to be launched, and the placing of our municipal street railway upon a more satisfactory financial basis the mayor will have problems quite worthy of his abilities. We assume from what the mayor-elect has said that there will be some changes in the heads of departments. The press has carried the announcement that he would appoint as Superintendent of Public Utilities a man specially qualified by his training for the handling of such a transportation system. The problem of finding a man so qualified who possesses also the executive ability to run the Public Utilities Department, and who at the same time is acceptable politically to the very large municipal ownership sentiment of the city, is not an easy one. The chief reason for the difficulty lies in the fact that there are practically no other cities where men can get experience in operating municipal owned street railways and there are many of our people who cannot escape from the feeling that a man who has had his training under a privately owned system cannot be expected to have the sympathy with public ownership and the in-

terest in its success that one trained under public ownership would have. The mayor, therefore, if he puts at the head of the department a trained street railway executive, will have to take such a man from private corporation work, and such a man is unlikely to be looked upon with favor by the public ownership group. A possible solution of the problem is, of course, for the mayor to appoint as the head of the department of executive ability known to be in sympathy with public ownership and to permit him to appoint as the operating head of the road a man trained in street railway management and operation under private control. This solution of the question is almost made necessary by the salary fixed for the Superintendent of Public Utilities. It would seem quite improbable that any man of sufficient training and experience and executive ability could be found to fill so difficult a role on the small salary of the Superintendent of Public Utilities. As the operating manager of the system, however, it would be possible to pay him a salary which would more adequately compensate for the services required. We are anxious to see the municipal ownership experiment succeed in Seattle and shall await with much interest the actions of the new mayor with respect to it.

Mayor Caldwell has also said that he will go into the facts and circumstances surrounding the sale of the road to the city, with special reference to the real value of the property transferred and the representations made in respect thereto by the private company's officials. We hope he will do so, as we should be glad to have any light possible upon the question of the actual value of the roads at that time.

During the campaign a great deal was said in criticism of the purchase, but nothing was brought out to convince us that with such facts as they had before them at the time and under the circumstances then existing the people did not by their vote to approve the purchase accept the best solution of the traction problem. It is undoubtedly true that the city consummated the purchase without sufficient investigation of the values of the property to be taken over. No private

corporation would have made such an extensive purchase without a very careful valuation of all the property to be received. So far as we could find out at the time no such careful valuation was made. The mayor, the superintendent of public utilities and a majority of the council insisted that the system was worth \$15,000,000, but this was based largely upon opinion and not upon any ascertained figures.

Mr. Erickson insisted that the road was not worth to exceed eight millions and produced some figures to prove his contention. Mr. Lane, while voting for the purchase, as we remember it, stated publicly that, although he did not know the exact value of the property, he felt that it was much less than fifteen millions, but that it was worth the difference to get the roads and eliminate the traction company. And we believe that a good many voted for the purchase in much the same frame of mind. If the new mayor can give us any light upon its value, we should be glad to have it, and if he can give us the facts as to the actual costs of operation at the present time and the financial situation of the system, we should be glad to have those, and if he is able to discover that there was any misrepresentation or concealment or fraud connected with the sale to the city, we hope the company may be brought to book.

After all is said and done, however, the sale to the city is probably an accomplished fact and the problem facing us is how to continue to operate the lines, pay the expenses of operation and maintenance, lay aside the proper sums for various charges, pay the interest of the outstanding bonds and provide a fund which will take care of the retirement of those bonds serially at the rate of \$75,000 a year when the time shall arrive for such retirement.

We should be glad to preserve the five-cent fare, but we are sure that the city will support the mayor in an increase of fare if after an examination into all the facts he and his Superintendent of Public Utilities should determine that such an increase is necessary in order that the municipal line should be self supporting.

At its session last Monday the council finally approved a bond issue of \$6,000,000.00 to pay for the Swan Lake extension of the city's water supply system. It is proposed to construct an immense impounding basin at Swan Lake, from which a pipe line is to run to a storage reservoir to be built in Volunteer Park. It is said that this proposed extension of the system will afford Seattle an adequate water supply for many years to come. Preliminary work on the basin at Swan Lake has already been done and the construction of a dam at the outlet of the lake is to be commenced immediately.

The vote upon the proposed charter amendments produced some interesting and almost amusing results. The voters were refuse any increase of pay to the city councilmen and only a little less determined to permit an increase for the corporation counsel, the city comptroller and city treasurer.

It has often been marked as a tendency of our municipal governments to overpay the inferior employees of the government and underpay the higher officials. The position of corporation counsel at the present time certainly justifies a salary of \$6000 a year. There has been no increase during the period of rise in prices, but, in addition to that, the importance and responsibility of the office have increased by the taking over of the municipal street car lines. The corporation counsel now handles the damage suits against the city and we fancy that no private corporation would be able to hire a capable official to carry the responsibility of all its litigation for a sum less than twice or three times the proposed salary of the corporation counsel.

EDGAR J. WRIGHT
Attorney 1117 L. C. Smith Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of L. A. Rynning, Deceased. No. 26907.
Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as administratrix of the estate of L. A. Rynning, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administratrix or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication, February 28, 1920.
MARY A. RYNNING, Administratrix of said Estate
EDGAR J. WRIGHT, Attorney for Estate, 1117 L. C. Smith Bldg, Seattle, Wash. 4t Mch 20

JOHN F. REED

Attorney 960 Empire Bldg

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and For the County of King.

Nellie Mackintosh Talbot, Plaintiff, vs. Moore Investment Company, a corporation; J. A. Moore, Ira Bronson and M. B. Moore, as Trustees of the said Moore Investment Company, and all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in Lot 5, in Block 11, of Assessor's Plat of University Heights, Seattle, King County, Washington. Defendants. No. 141535. Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington, to, the said Moore Investment Company, a corporation; J. A. Moore, Ira Bronson and M. B. Moore, as Trustees of the said Moore Investment Company, and all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in Lot 5, in Block 11, of Assessor's Plat of University Heights, Seattle, King County, Washington. Defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear at the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for King County, which County the plaintiff designates as the place of trial, within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 21st day of February, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for the plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is to quiet the title of the plaintiff in and to the following described property:
Lot 5, in Block 11, of Assessor's Plat of University Heights, Seattle, King County, Washington;

and declaring that the defendants have not, nor has any of them, any right, title, estate or interest whatsoever in or to the land and premises or any part thereof, and that the defendants and each of them be enjoined and debarred from asserting any claim whatsoever in or to the said land and premises adverse to the plaintiff.

JOHN F. REED,Attorney for Plaintiff,
Office and P. O. Address: 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Feb. 21, 1920. 7t Apr 2**LUNDIN & BARTO**

Lawyers Alaska Bldg

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and for the County of King.

Thomas J. Marley and Emma L. Marley, his wife, Plaintiffs, vs. The Unknown heirs of James William Clark; the Unknown heirs of Laura Stella Clark, and also all other Persons or Parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein. Defendants. No. 140259. Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to the Unknown heirs of James William Clark; the Unknown heirs of Laura Stella Clark; and also all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein. Defendants.

You, and each of you, are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty days after the 14th day of February, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the court aforesaid and answer the complaint of the plaintiffs and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned, as attorneys for said plaintiffs, at their office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you, and each of you, according to the demands of the complaint herein, which has been filed with the clerk of the above entitled court.

The above entitled action relates to and affects the title of real property situate in King County, State of Washington, and particularly described as follows, to-wit:

Lots nine (9), ten (10), eleven (11), twelve (12) and thirteen (13) in Block two (2) of Clark's First Addition to the Town of Kent, in King County, Washington, according to the official plat thereof now on file and of record in the office of the Auditor of King County, Washington, together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto appertaining or belonging.

The object of said action is to obtain a judgment and decree of the above entitled court that the plaintiffs herein, Thomas J. Marley and Emma L. Marley, husband and wife, are the owners of said property, and of the fee simple title thereof, free and clear of any claim, right, title, estate, lien or interest of the said defendants, and each and every of them, and enjoining the said defendants, and each and every of them, from claiming or asserting any right, title, estate, lien or interest in or to said property, or any part thereof, and quieting the title of plaintiffs in and to said property and removing all clouds cast thereon by reason of any claim asserted by either or any of said defendants adverse to the rights and interest of the plaintiffs thereon, or otherwise.

A more complete statement of the relief demanded and of the cause of action herein is set forth in the plaintiffs' complaint now on file in the office of the clerk of the above entitled court, reference to which is hereby made.

McGREGOR & FRISTOE,Attorneys for Plaintiffs,
Office and Post Office Address: Prosser, Benton County, Washington.
First pub Feb 14 7t mar 27**JOHN F. REED**Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for the County of King.

Genevieve Cato, Plaintiff, vs. Earl A. Cato, Defendant. No. 141227. Summons For Publication.

The State of Washington to: Earl A. Cato, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 7th day of February, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree dissolving the bonds of matrimony heretofore and now existing between plaintiff and defendant, and for alimony in the sum of Forty Dollars (\$40.00) per month, together with such other and further relief as to the court may seem just and equitable.

JOHN F. REED,Attorney for Plaintiff,
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub Feb 7, 1920 7t Mch 17

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and For King County.

Cora Belle Cohn, Plaintiff, vs. David J. Cohn, Defendant.

No. 140837. Summons.
State of Washington to David J. Cohn, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: January 17th, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court and answer the complaint of the plaintiff herein and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for the plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure

ure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint herein which has been filed with the clerk of the said court.

The object and purpose of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree of divorce by the plaintiff from the defendant and for such other orders and judgments as to the court shall seem just and proper.

Date of first publication in the Seattle Municipal News, January 17th, 1920.

JAMES W. REYNOLDS,Attorney for the Plaintiff.
Post Office address,
301-3 Burke Building, Seattle, Washington.

Jan 17 Feb 28

FOR LEGALS

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JOHN F. REED
 Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, in and for the
 County of King.
 Jean A. Holliston, Plaintiff, vs. John
 Holliston, Defendant. No.
 Summons for Publication.
 The State of Washington to: John Holliston, Defendant:
 You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 13th day of December, 1919, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.
 The object of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree dissolving the bonds of matrimony heretofore and now existing between plaintiff and defendant, and for alimony in the sum of Forty Dollars (\$40.00) per month, together with such other and further relief as to the court may seem just and equitable.

JOHN F. REED,
 Attorney for Plaintiff.
 Office and P. O. Address: 960 Empire Building, Seattle, King County, Washington.
 First pub Dec 13, 1919. 7t Jan 24

HASTINGS & STEDMAN
 Attorneys Haller Bldg
 NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF
 Stockholders of Queen Bess Mines
 Company For the Purpose of Increasing the Capital Stock of Said Corporation From \$100,000.00 Divided into 10,000 Shares of the Par Value of \$10.00 Per Share, to \$1,000,000.00 Divided into 100,000 Shares of the Par Value of \$10.00 Per Share.
 Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the Queen Bess Mines Company will be held at the office of the company, 400 Central Building, Seattle, Washington, on January 26, 1920, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the fore noon, for the purpose of increasing the capital stock of said corporation from \$100,000.00 divided into 10,000 shares of the par value of \$10.00 per share, to \$1,000,000.00 divided into 100,000 shares of the par value of \$10.00 per share.
 O. A. THOMAS, President
 E. E. DAVIS, Vice-Pres.
 H. W. SCHUETT, Sec.-Treas.
 O. P. DIX,
 W. H. GLASS, Trustees.
 Being all of the Trustees of said corporation. Jan 10-17

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A. J. MEEVES,
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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. IX. NO. 12.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, MARCH 20, 1920.

PRICE 10 CENTS

A LIGHT WISH

By Austin E. Griffiths

I wish some venturesome unsophisticated person would write some newspaper editor of either the "kept or free" press to request the Honorable Mayor or common council to enact an ordinance or pass a resolution to require the Board of Public Works to direct the head of some department to ask his chief assistant to have the proper inspector in charge to tell his foreman to get the gang boss to order the workers under him to be good enough to clean our street lights.

The globes of our street lighting system have become in process of time dark spots. This greatly accelerates the activity of twilight. One globe deprived of the dust of ages would give more light than the present five in the cluster.

It is even claimed the safest place for footpads to engage in profit making, and where they can enjoy seclusion longest and divide their booty in security is under the protecting shadow of our cluster lights.

Pike Street in particular appears to extend to these enterprising and numerous unlawful profiteers this superior advantage.

Let the long suffering tax paying community but think of the easy economy of cleaning one globe and saving the current of the other four besides saving the items of breakage, depreciation and damage from automobile in the dark—let the economisers and reformers who swarm the city hall think of these things but once and no doubt the promised retrenchment and reformation will begin without undue delay by giving the city more light for less money.

Seattle March 17, 1920



FLORENCE KELLY, of New York City

Secretary of National Consumers' League, will address

Municipal League, Tuesday Noon, March 23
AT MEVES CAFETERIA, CORNER 2nd at SENECA

"Wages and National Morality"

This meeting promises to be one of the most interesting of the year. Encourage the work the League is doing by your attendance. You will find the meetings exceedingly worth while.

NOTED ARTIST MAKES PLEA FOR BEAUTY

Reported by Eimon L. Wienir

Loredo Taft, noted American sculptor, made a most delightful and inspiring impression upon those fortunate enough to hear him at the luncheon held Tuesday noon jointly with the One Hundred Per Cent Club. More than 300 persons attended, including representatives of organizations for civic betterment, and about thirty-five of the alumni of Mr. Taft's alma mater, the University of Illinois, who greeted the distinguished visitor with some real collegiate cheering.

"Our ancestors who came to New England turned their backs to art; they did not bring any art treasures with them—excepting that wonderful lot of furniture that came over in the Mayflower—; we have poured money into the education of our youth—and then dropped them off. It is high time that we should remedy conditions. There should not be a cry of, "What can a fellow do in a town like this?" in any town in the United States.

"Cities need publicity, but many are indifferent as to what sort of publicity they get. You all know what made Milwaukee famous," said Mr. Taft, and went on to say that although Milwaukee was in itself a very beautiful city and one in which civic pride ran high it was looked at by the world through a sort of "amber glow". He then added: "its a pity to take the spirit out of a town."

Without art life is inexplicable. Art is all that we leave behind; without it life would be a ghastly joke.

"We're fed up on cathedrals," was the response given by the American doughboy in France to Mr. Taft when he tried to point out to them the artistic beauties of that country. The doughboy was idealizing the home town, which is according to Mr. Taft

Continued to page three.

SOME SUGGESTIONS FOR THE NEW MAYOR

L. D. Lewis

The problems confronting our new mayor are so serious as to challenge the ability of even a man of his high calibre. The most serious one after getting adjusted to the office is the question of ways and means. Taxation has already retarded our growth and threatens, if increased, to confiscate much of our unimproved property. Though it is undoubtedly true that we have generally received good value in our expenditures for all classes of public works, and that we have in those properties a very valuable asset, and though the Seattle families are saved a considerable sum annually by services which are free here and must be paid for elsewhere, the comparative tax rate does not show these facts, and consequently it frightens away many prospective residents and investors. Since it will be necessary in the immediate future to raise more revenue for schools, park maintenance and street railway charges, and since there is very little apparent increase in taxable value, it would seem absolutely necessary to cut down, if possible, the number of employees on the pay roll. It would be practicable to abolish a considerable number of positions and to consolidate some others, and as soon as practicable a scheme of City-County consolidation should be put forward, for which the necessary legislation can be had. Such a measure, in order to get legislative approval, must contemplate the consolidation of the agencies which the two municipalities have in common, such as the Treasurers' offices, Auditor and Comptroller, City and County Engineers' offices, City and County jails, City and County Hospitals, etc. Any consoli-

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 The Board of Trustees meets at 12:15 Wednesday at Northold Inn.
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TRUSTEES

Terms Expire May, 1920
 Rev. J. E. Crowther, D. D.
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 Arthur H. Hutchinson, Ex-officio Trustee

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

dation which contemplates divorcing Seattle from King County cannot be passed, since such action would only result in reducing our taxes at the expense of the County, and it would render King County Government even more expensive. Since one or two proposals with considerable backing are already in sight for the purpose of increasing city taxation for the benefit of the counties, past history would indicate that there is very little chance of this counter proposition being successful.

Since there must be an increase in revenue, and since the proposed economies would hardly seem sufficient to provide what is necessary, a study of additional sources of revenue with a view to providing other forms of taxation at an early date should be made.

Efficiency and economy are difficult to arrive at in a city government and harder and harder as the form of government departs from the manager form toward the bureaucratic form in which the various departments are continually competing with each other for added authority, added payrolls and increased appropriations. Our charter was never very satisfactory and it has been amended so much as to make quite a patchwork of it. The charter which was voted down several years ago seemed to me admirably suited to our needs. It might be advisable to consider whether that charter, with some modern revision, should not be submitted again to the people at the next

general election.

For the social good of the Seattle of the future, a study of our municipal plant and equipment should be made with a view to increasing its use in meeting the social needs of the people. Much of the city's property could render fine service if used in conjunction with such agencies as the Community Service organization.

As to material developments, our utilities require a lot of study. The water plans are fairly well completed, but the Skagit project and the city's electrical service will require much expert study. The transportation system is our largest material problem of the future. Not only must the present car system be made more efficient and more nearly self-sustaining but plans must be made for future growth. Quite probably an improvement in service can be made by a reduction in fares during off peak hours and an increase during peak load hours. The fare question should be studied carefully and especially in conjunction with proposed extensions of the street railway system. While the retention of the 5 cent fare is highly desirable, we should remember that at least 60 per cent of the city's area is still unimproved, and that our living costs are already increased by the extensions into outlying suburbs of car lines, arterial highways, water mains, lighting service, etc. Not only the direct costs of these extensions but the delivery costs of construction materials and daily supplies add a considerable sum to the per cap-

ita cost of living. Since view and neighborhood, rather than distance from down town and accessibility, seem to determine land prices, it would seem desirable to put some additional tax on outlying property in the form of increased light and water rates, and possibly a zoning plan in the collection of car fares. This should result in a considerable increase in population in areas adjacent to the business center, with a consequent increased profit in the operation of the trunk lines of the railway system. It is doubtful if car line extensions should be made in view of the probability that a 10-cent fare will certainly be in effect there shortly and that with a 10 cent fare in effect, jitney competition will take the bulk of the business. The rapid transit problem is, to my mind, inseparable from the motor traffic problem. Within five years we must have some provision for rapid transit through the business district, both for street cars and for automobile traffic. Motor traffic now carries at least half the people, and but for reduction in motor output during several years of the war period, the percentage would already have been larger. The city already has an investment of close to one hundred million dollars in passenger motor vehicles. To get maximum service from this investment requires that some provision for ready access to the business district during hours of congestion be made, and that parking facilities for a large number of cars at two or three points in the business district be provided. At the same time, any considerable increase in ground values in our business district is dependent upon providing better transportation for all classes of traffic. As I see it, an arterial highway passing under Stewart, Pine and Union Street, then crossing above Second and First Avenues with a terminus somewhere in the neighborhood of Pier One, and in conjunction therewith a three track line system and several levels of automobile parking spaces, will be the solution.

Altogether our mayor has a big job without departing from the lines made familiar by past mayors, but the future offers much that is fascinating in the way of possible solutions of our difficulties, and we are indeed fortunate

in having in the office a young man with much ability, high enthusiasm, and years of service ahead of him.

UTILITY BONDS

The City of Seattle now owes Utility bonds to the amount of more than \$21,000,000.00 and has authorized the sale of \$10,000,000 additional bonds of the same class.

These bonds are payable only from the revenues of the Utility for which issued, but are by their terms prior liens upon such revenues over operating and maintenance.

It necessarily follows that in case the revenues fall short, part of the operation of a utility must be paid from a tax levy.

The revenues of two of our utilities are now and have been for more than a year insufficient to pay current obligations in addition to interest and sinking fund.

We are certain to hit the tax levy for utility deficits this year but can soften the blow by borrowing money on the best terms possible and only when needed.

It has been a universal rule that we have been compelled to pay a higher rate of interest on utility bonds than on general bonds for the sole reason that there is a limited liability expressed in the former that is more apparent than real.

During the past 18 months the city has sold at several times nearly \$5,000,000 of utility bonds all on a 6 per cent basis, yet at the same time 5 per cent general bonds could have been sold at par.

The city can, if it will issue general bonds, at such times and for such amounts as needed for construction work, save at least 1 per cent per annum on bond interest, and an additional 3 per cent on 4 per cent on money lying in the banks for which the city receives 2 per cent interest. This idle money now amounts to more than \$3,000,000.

C. A. LaGRAVE.

"Lillian," said her mother severely, "there were two pieces of cake in the pantry this morning, and now there is only one. How does this happen?"

"I don't know, it must have been so dark that I didn't see the other piece."

NOTED ARTIST MAKES PLEA FOR BEAUTY

Continued from page one.

an American tendency. The railroad depot at home looks better to the doughboy, after his life in France, than all the artistic beauties of France. The sculptor announced his intention of bringing home to the boys who have returned a better appreciation of the beauties to be found abroad which so many of them missed entirely.

Mr. Taft is an ardent believer in community centers. He believes that such centers will do a great deal towards bringing our foreign born to a better understanding of American traditions and ideals, as well as bringing out the ideals and love of beauty that such people bring over with them. "What a pride of citizenship we could arouse!" declared Mr. Taft, "for after all it is not money, but the life a community provides that is its real wealth."

EDGAR J. WRIGHT

Attorney 1117 L. C. Smith Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of L. A. Rynning, Deceased. No. 26907.
Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as administratrix of the estate of L. A. Rynning, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administratrix or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, February 28, 1920.

MARY A. RYNNING,

Administratrix of said Estate

EDGAR J. WRIGHT, Attorney for Estate, 1117 L. C. Smith Bldg., Seattle, Wash. 4t Mch 20

I've traded some worthless stock for a Mexican farm.

Seen it yet?

Nope, and I don't want to see it. I'm happy in the belief that I couldn't have lost anything, and may have gained.

* * *

"I may not be so big a fool as I look," he said to her. (They were having a quarrel.)

"No?" she replied sweetly. "Then you have a great deal to be thankful for for."

* * *

"I don't believe in parading my virtues," said the righteous husband to his wife.

"That is wise, my dear," said the wife. "It always takes a number you know to make a parade."

JOHN F. REED

Attorney

960 Empire Bldg

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and For the County of King.

Nellie Mackintosh Talbot, Plaintiff, vs. Moore Investment Company, a corporation; J. A. Moore, Ira Bronson and M. B. Moore, as Trustees of the said Moore Investment Company, and all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in Lot 5, in Block 11, of Assessor's Plat of University Heights, Seattle, King County, Washington. Defendants. No. 141535. Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington, to the said Moore Investment Company, a corporation; J. A. Moore, Ira Bronson and M. B. Moore, as Trustees of the said Moore Investment Company, and all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in Lot 5, in Block 11, of Assessor's Plat of University Heights, Seattle, King County, Washington. Defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear at the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for King County, which County the plaintiff designates as the place of trial, within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 21st day of February, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for the plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is to quiet the title of the plaintiff in and to the following described property:

Lot 5, in Block 11, of Assessor's Plat of University Heights, Seattle, King County, Washington, and declaring that the defendants have not, nor has any of them, any right, title, estate or interest whatsoever in or to the land and premises or any part thereof, and that the defendants and each of them be enjoined and debarred from asserting any claim whatsoever in or to the said land and premises adverse to the plaintiff.

JOHN F. REED,

Attorney for Plaintiff,

Office and P. O. Address: 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Feb. 21, 1920. 7t Apr 2

LUNDIN & BARTO

Lawyers

Alaska Bldg

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and for the County of King.

Thomas J. Marley and Emma L. Marley, his wife, Plaintiffs, vs. The Unknown heirs of James William Clark; the Unknown heirs of Laura Stella Clark, and also all other Persons or Parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein, Defendants. No. 140259. Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to the Unknown heirs of James William Clark; the Unknown heirs of Laura Stella Clark; and also all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein, Defendants.

You, and each of you, are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty days after the 14th day of February, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the court aforesaid and answer the complaint of the plaintiffs and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned, as attorneys for said plaintiffs, at their office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you, and each of you, according to the demands of the complaint herein, which has been filed with the clerk of the above entitled court.

The above entitled action relates to and affects the title of real property situate in King County, State of Washington, and particularly described as follows, to-wit:

Lots nine (9), ten (10), eleven (11), twelve (12) and thirteen (13) in Block two (2) of Clark's First Addition to the Town of Kent, in King County, Washington, according to the official plat thereof now on file and of record in the office of the Auditor of King County, Washington, together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto appertaining or belonging.

The object of said action is to obtain a judgment and decree of the above entitled court that the plaintiffs herein, Thomas J. Marley and Emma L. Marley, husband and wife, are the owners of said property, and of the fee simple title thereof, free and clear of any claim, right, title, estate, lien or interest of the said defendants, and each and every of them, and enjoining the said defendants, and each and every of them, from claiming or asserting any right, title, estate, lien or interest in or to said property, or any part thereof, and quieting the title of plaintiffs in and to said property and removing all clouds cast thereon by reason of any claim asserted by either or any of said defendants adverse to the rights and interest of the plaintiffs thereon, or otherwise.

A more complete statement of the relief demanded and of the cause of action herein is set forth in the plaintiffs' complaint now on file in the office of the clerk of the above entitled court, reference to which is hereby made.

McGREGOR & FRISTOE,

Attorneys for Plaintiffs,

Office and Post Office Address: Prosser, Benton County, Washington.
First pub Feb 14 7t mar 27

JOHN F. REED

Attorney 960 Empire Bldg

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for the County of King.

Genevieve Cato, Plaintiff, vs. Earl A. Cato, Defendant. No. 141227. Summons For Publication.

The State of Washington to: Earl A. Cato, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 7th day of February, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree dissolving the bonds of matrimony heretofore and now existing between plaintiff and defendant, and for alimony in the sum of Forty Dollars (\$40.00) per month, together with such other and further relief as to the court may seem just and equitable.

JOHN F. REED,

Attorney for Plaintiff,

960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub Feb 7, 1920 7t Mch 17

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and For King County.

Cora Belle Cohn, Plaintiff, vs. David J. Cohn, Defendant.

No. 140837. Summons.

State of Washington to David J. Cohn, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: January 17th, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court and answer the complaint of the plaintiff herein and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for the plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of the above entitled court.

ure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint herein which has been filed with the clerk of the said court.

The object and purpose of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree of divorce by the plaintiff from the defendant and for such other orders and judgments as to the court shall seem just and proper.

Date of first publication in the Seattle Municipal News, January 17th, 1920.

JAMES W. REYNOLDS,

Attorney for the Plaintiff.

Post Office address,
301-3 Burke Building, Seattle, Washington.

Jan 17 Feb 28

FOR LEGALS

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JOHN F. REED

Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, in and for the
County of King.
Jean A. Hollston, Plaintiff, vs. John
Hollston, Defendant. No.
Summons for Publication.
The State of Washington to: John Holl-
ston, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty (60) days after the date of
the first publication of this summons, to-
wit: within sixty (60) days after the 18th
day of December, 1919, and defend the
above entitled action in the above enti-
tled court, and answer the complaint of
the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your
answer upon the undersigned attorney
for plaintiff at his office below stated;
and in case of your failure so to do,
judgment will be rendered against you
according to the demand of the com-
plaint, which has been filed with the
clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action
is to obtain a decree dissolving the
bonds of matrimony heretofore and now
existing between plaintiff and defend-
ant, and for alimony in the sum of
Forty Dollars (\$40.00) per month, to-
gether with such other and further re-
lief as to the court may seem just and
equitable.

JOHN F. REED,

Attorney for Plaintiff.

Office and P. O. Address: 960 Empire
Building, Seattle, King County, Wash-
ington.
First pub Dec 13, 1919. 7t Jan 24

LUNDIN & BARTO

Attorneys Alaska Bldg

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate

In the Matter of the Estate of Mary J.
Phillips, Deceased. No. 26848.

Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the un-
dersigned has been appointed and has
qualified as Administrator with the will
annexed of the estate of Mary J. Phill-
ips, Deceased; that all persons having
claims against said deceased are here-
by required to serve the same, duly
verified, on said administrator with
the will annexed, or his attorneys of
record at the address below stated, and
file the same with the Clerk of said
Court, together with proof of such
service within six months after the date
of first publication of this notice, or
he same will be barred.

Date of first publication, March 20,
1920.

ALFRED H. LUNDIN,

Administrator with the will annexed of
said Estate.

Address, 817-823 Alaska Bldg., Seattle,
Wn.

LUNDIN & BARTO, Attorneys for Es-
tate, 817-823 Alaska Building, Seattle,
Wash.

Main 4239

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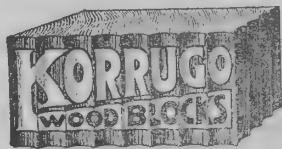
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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. IX. NO. 14.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, APRIL 3, 1920.

PRICE 10 CENTS

MUNICIPAL NOTES

By Fred W. Catlett

Some time ago a committee of the League was appointed to investigate the question of the proposed sale of municipal bonds by the municipality direct to local investors. The committee reported in favor of such a method. The city council at its meeting on Monday authorized the making of an experiment along this line in the case of the Skagit bonds, of which \$1,000,000.00 worth are now on sale at the office of the city comptroller.

The appointment of Major Carl H. Reeves as Superintendent of Public Utilities did not come as an entire surprise. It was forecasted very definitely and positively the day after the election. Major Reeves is and has long been a member of the Municipal League and since his return from the service has been active in attendance and in his interest in municipal affairs. As Superintendent of Public Utilities Major Reeves will have charge of the old department as it existed prior to the taking over of the street railway and will also have charge of the financial, accounting and clerical side of the street railway; in fact, will have charge of everything connected with the street railway except the actual operation of the lines. By virtue of his office Major Reeves will also become a member of the Board of Public Works, where his experience as an engineer ought to be of value to the city.

At its meeting on Monday the city council passed an ordinance granting the members of the fire department one full day off duty every eight days and authorizing an increase of eighty men in the department in order to permit



"THE PUBLIC UTILITIES JOB AS I SEE IT"

Major Carl H. Reeves

Major Carl H. Reeves, Superintendent of Public Utilities of the City of Seattle, will address

The Municipal League, Tuesday Noon, April 6

MEVES CAFETERIA— 2nd And Seneca.

THIS WILL BE THE FIRST PUBLIC ADDRESS BY MAJOR REEVES SINCE ASSUMING HIS OFFICE.

this lay-off. This increase required an additional appropriation of \$70,000 to pay their salaries for the last half of the year, as the ordinance does not become effective until the first of July.

The mayor and Superintendent of Transportation are reported to have stated publicly that they are not yet ready to recommend an increase in fares on the municipal street railways lines, in spite of the poor showing of the lines as evidenced by the financial statement of the city comptroller. The mayor announced that a saving of \$36,000 had already been made in the department through the re-organization just effected.

In a message to the city council on Monday the mayor asked the council to regulate the jitney traffic. He asserts on the authority of the Superintendent of Railways that the jitneys on fourteen routes are securing a yearly revenue of approximately \$1,140,000.00. The regulations suggested are such as to place the jitney operation "upon a strictly

legitimate basis with the municipal car lines", force the jitney operators to "observe schedules, operate to the end of their respective routes at all times and stop the practice now said to exist of blocking the entrance to street cars". He also wishes legislation requiring the jitneys to secure a license in case of violation of requirements.

It is very difficult to see how any of the suggestions made can possibly transfer to the coffers of the city very large portion of this \$1,140,000.00. The regulation suggested may be desirable, but if it has any material effect upon the income of the jitney operators, it would seem as if it would be to increase that income by making the jitney service more regular, less dangerous and more reliable and dependent. If it is the purpose to secure the \$1,140,000.00 by legislating the jitneys out of business, a different form of legislation will certainly be necessary. It will also be remembered that Mr. Murphine en-

(Continued on page 2)

THE CRISIS IN EDUCATION

Reported by Eimon L. Wienir.

George N. Porter, head of the English Department, Broadway High School, addressed the Municipal League, Tuesday noon, on "The Crisis in Education."

"If the problem of unrest is to be solved, it can be solved only by proper education, and yet the lowering of standards in the teaching profession is appalling. Sixty per cent of the next generation will, unless an immediate remedy is applied, be educated by untrained teachers," declared Mr. Porter.

The "turnover" in the teaching profession in this State, is one-third of the total number of teachers employed. Only three years is spent by the average teacher in the profession, stated Mr. Porter.

"The attitude of the general public toward the teaching profession—as persons to be pitied, to be commiserated with, is responsible for the present shortage in the teaching staffs.

"And then again industry is willing to pay its recruits who are learning the business, while a teacher must spend several years in institutions of higher learning, and not only not getting anything for his time, but spending a good deal of money in securing training.

"Teachers cannot live and meet the demands made upon them by the public on the salary they get; unless an increase in pay is given them there is bound to be even a greater shortage than there is now.

"Seattle levied thirteen and one-half mills to operate its schools. One and one-half mills additional is needed to meet the ordinary increase, due to the growth of the City. To relieve

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

Published Weekly by the
MUNICIPAL LEAGUE OF SEATTLE
1915 First Avenue Telephone Main 6282

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

the situation, an even greater increase must be made.

"The Smith Turner bill in Congress can help to remedy the situation. It provides for a Secretary of Education, which will combine all of the various bureaus of education under a single departmental head. It will certainly stimulate leadership in education. The bill provides for an appropriation to each State, requiring only that the State make an equal appropriation. This bill should be brought out of committee and should be passed by Congress.

MUNICIPAL NOTES

Continued from page one.

deavored to get some jitney legislation from the council, but without very much success.

The mayor professes to accept as accurate the comptroller's report showing a deficit of \$500,000.00 in operation of the municipal lines for nine months of 1919. To a layman it looks as if depreciation had been figured for the full twelve months of 1919, instead of for the nine months during which the city operated the lines. But, be as it may, in adopting the viewpoint of the administration there is already a deficit of \$500,000.00 from 1919. Three months of 1920 are gone, presumably with not less than the same proportional deficit. No economies of any very substantial amount have yet been effected and in less than two years' time the

city will be called upon to pay upon the principal of the bonds \$833,000.00. To a man with half an eye and no head for figures it looks as if the municipal lines would not only have to pay the expenses paid in the past, but, if they take care of the deficit already created, pay all proper charges in the next two years and accumulate a sufficient sum to pay this installment on the bonds, they must increase their income to the amount of over \$2,300,000.00, or over \$1,150,000.00 per year. For nearly a year Mr. Murphine, and, it is probably fair to assume, Mr. Henderson, for he has been an employee of the department of public utilities heretofore, have been seeking for economies, have doubtless made some, but have not made any substantial enough to take care of any such amount, and it may well be questioned whether the present administration in failing to take the bull by the horns at once is not thereby making it practically certain that the general fund and ultimately the general taxpayers will have to pay the \$833,000.00 due in 1922. Indeed, a prominent advocate of municipal ownership remarked to the writer a few days ago that it was generally accepted as a certainty that the \$833,000.00 in 1922 would have to be taken care of by an issue of general bonds.

We wonder whether the general taxpayers have yet contemplated this as a certainty and whether any management of the street car lines which renders this a necessity can be regarded as keep-

ing faith with the people who voted for the purchase of the lines on the express understanding that the lines were to pay for themselves and that they would never be a charge against the general fund of the general taxpayers of the city.

As we remarked before, to raise the fares requires courage, as it is likely to be an unpopular move with certain classes of the people who see only the higher fares paid and do not appreciate the need therefor. It has been remarked a number of times in the discussion of this matter, as if it were a sort of final argument in connection with it, that the experience of other cities in raising the fare had not been satisfactory and that such a raise had not in many instances produced an actual increase of income. So far as we have been able to hear, the only place where it is asserted that an increase of fares actually produced less income than before was in Boston and we have had no opportunity to ascertain the facts as to the Boston situation, but the fact in the cases of the other cities seems to be that an increase of income was secured, but not an increase quite proportionate to the increase in fare. This seems the probable result anywhere, as the tendency of an increase in fares will be to deter some persons from riding who might otherwise have taken a car, but the idea that increase in fare in Seattle would result in an actual reduction of the income is so very unlikely that it ought to be discarded from consideration. The fact remains that on their own showing the municipal lines ought to pay their way, they have not paid their way, they are not paying their way; therefore, the income from them must be increased by at least \$2,300,000.00 in the next two years, and no sufficient economy has up to the present time been suggested, except the regulation of jitneys, which is not designed to produce any considerable increased financial returns to the city street car lines. Even if it produces \$200,000 a year as Mr. Henderson estimates, the saving is far from sufficient to meet the emergency.

Faced with such a situation the ordinary business man would raise the fares. When the municipal line is on a sound basis and

when costs recede, as they will at some date more or less distant, the fares can then be reduced to the proper point. If such a course is not taken, we may look forward confidently to a tax rate increasingly higher than the present enormous rate of 7.15%, and then let us have sense enough to place some of the responsibility for it where it belongs.

PETITION FOR A STATE MEMORIAL

Whereas, a large number of men and women throughout the State of Washington have made the supreme sacrifice in the late World War, and

Whereas, no State Memorial now exists for these Ex-Service Men and Women, and

Whereas, plans are now being made for the construction of a Stadium on the University of Washington Campus, where the ex-service spirit of contest, victory, honor and loyalty will be engendered and perpetuated; therefore, be it

Resolved, by the Service Club of Washington, representing 1800 ex-service University men, that the proposed Stadium be designated as a State Memorial to the memory of our Comrades of the State of Washington who died while in the service of our country during the great war; and be it further

Resolved, that these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of the Service Club of Washington and that copies be sent to all Ex-Service organizations throughout the State, petitioning such organizations to endorse and advocate the designation of the proposed Stadium as a State Memorial.

(Signed):

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL, SERVICE CLUB OF WASHINGTON.

The members of the Washington State chapter of the American Institute of Architects through their president, Charles H. Alden, have invited the members of the Municipal League to visit the chapter's architectural exhibition being held at the galleries of the Seattle Fine Arts Society, 1213 4th avenue. The exhibition will be open until April 15th.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE BY-LAWS

(Submitted to the Municipal League, March 30-1920, by Austin E. Griffiths)

It shall be the policy of the league to have the personnel of any committee on qualification of candidates for public office drawn so far as the league membership will admit from all descriptions of its membership including workers and employers and representatives of labor as well as of capital in order that the committee may be regarded as impartial and its report carry greatest weight among the entire citizenship, and

To secure this end any committee on qualification of candidates for public office shall be chosen by nomination from the floor of the league or by the president or Board of Trustees as may be decided by the league when occasion for such committee shall from time to time first arise, provided appointments by the president or Board shall be submitted to the league in regular session for approval, rejection or substitution before such committee shall have power to act.

MUNICIPAL AVIATION FIELD REPORT

The following report, submitted by the special committee appointed to investigate into the advisability of the county issuing bonds for the purchasing of an aviation landing field, has been referred back to the committee by the League, with instructions to report the following:

1. What other cities are doing along this line, and how they are doing it.
2. What prospective business can be expected by Seattle as a result of such field.

March 30, 1920.

To the Municipal League,
Seattle, Wash.

We, your committee, appointed to investigate and report upon the advisability of the county issuing \$500,000 general obligation bonds for the purchase of a tract of land of about 255 acres at Sand Point, the clearing of, and the building thereon of the necessary hangars, machine shop, etc., for a municipal aviation field, would report as follows:

1st—The tract seems to be admirably situated topographically for an aviation field, except that it is about eight miles from the

post office.

2nd—The price quoted by the Ferry Leary Land Co., of \$1,000 per acre for 220 acres, not only includes upland, but about 15.4 acres of water, called shore lands. The balance of 35 acres is held by the respective owners at a higher price. This price, in our opinion, is excessive, and if it is deemed advisable to acquire this tract, we would recommend that it be condemned under the special act of the 1919 Legislature, which provided for the condemnation of tracts for such purposes.

3rd—The detail estimate furnishing the basis for the asking of a \$500,000 bond issue, is as follows:

Land	\$278,000
Clearing & Improvements	238,500
Total	\$516,500

Your committee has given some consideration to the benefits to be derived by the City of Seattle and the County of King from the establishment of such a landing field.

We believe that it would have some advertising value; we question however, if the amount of business arising therefrom or the increased facilities for fast mail or freight would be sufficient to warrant our calling it a business investment.

Respectfully submitted,
ALBRO GARDNER, Jr.
J. D. BLACKWELL,
L. D. LEWIS, Com.

LUNDIN & BARTO
Lawyers Alaska Bldg

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and for the County of King.

Thomas J. Marley and Emma L. Marley, his wife, Plaintiffs, vs. The Unknown heirs of James William Clark, the Unknown heirs of Laura Stella Clark, and also all other Persons or Parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein, Defendants. No. 140259.

Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to the Unknown heirs of James William Clark; the Unknown heirs of Laura Stella Clark; and also all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein, Defendants.

You, and each of you, are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty days after the 14th day of February, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the court aforesaid and answer the complaint of the plaintiffs and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned, as attorneys for said plaintiffs, at their office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you, and each of you, according to the demands of the complaint herein, which has been filed with the clerk of the above entitled court.

The above entitled action relates to and affects the title of real property situate in King County, State of Washington, and particularly described as follows, to-wit:

Lots nine (9), ten (10), eleven (11), twelve (12) and thirteen (13) in Block two (2) of Clark's First Addition to the Town of Kent, in King County, Washington, according to the official plat thereof now on file and of record in the office of the

Auditor of King County, Washington, together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto appertaining or belonging.

The object of said action is to obtain a judgment and decree of the above entitled court that the plaintiffs herein, Thomas J. Marley and Emma L. Marley, husband and wife, are the owners of said property, and of the fee simple title thereof, free and clear of any claim, right, title, estate, lien or interest of the said defendants, and each and every of them, and enjoining the said defendants, and each and every of them, from claiming or asserting any right, title, estate, lien or interest in or to said property, or any part thereof, and quieting the title of plaintiffs in and to said property and removing all clouds cast thereon by reason of any claim asserted by either or any of said defendants adverse to the rights and interest of the plaintiffs thereon, or otherwise.

A more complete statement of the relief demanded and of the cause of action herein is set forth in the plaintiffs' complaint now on file in the office of the clerk of the above entitled court, reference to which is hereby made.

McGREGOR & FRISTOE,
Attorneys for Plaintiffs,
Office and Post Office Address: Prosser,
Benton County, Washington.
First pub Feb 14 7t mar 27

LUNDIN & BARTO
Attorneys Alaska Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate

In the Matter of the Estate of Mary J. Phillips, Deceased. No. 26348.

Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Administrator with the will annexed of the estate of Mary J. Phillips, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administrator with the will annexed, or his attorneys of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or he same will be barred.

Date of first publication, March 20, 1920.

ALFRED H. LUNDIN,
Administrator with the will annexed of said Estate.
Address, 817-823 Alaska Bldg., Seattle, Wn.
LUNDIN & BARTO, Attorneys for Estate, 817-823 Alaska Building, Seattle, Wash.

LUNDIN & BARTO
Attorneys 817-823 Alaska Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate

In the Matter of the Estate of Mary M. Tenney, Deceased. No. 26431.

Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as executor of the estate of Mary M. Tenney, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said executor or his attorneys of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, March 27, 1920.

ELMER S. TENNEY,
Executor of said Estate.

Address 817-823 Alaska Bldg., Seattle.
LUNDIN & BARTO, Attorneys for Estate, 817-823 Alaska Bldg., Seattle, Wash. 4t Apr. 17

NELSON R. ANDERSON
Attorney 1723 L.C. Smith Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County R. Myers, Plaintiff, vs. Arvilla Myers, Defendant. Summons for Publication. No. 141989.

The State of Washington to the said Arvilla Myers, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: Within sixty days after the 3rd day of April, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is to secure a decree of divorce on the grounds of desertion for more than one year and incompatibility.

NELSON R. ANDERSON,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
P. O. Address, 1723 L. C. Smith Bldg., Seattle, King County, Washington.
First pub Apr 3, 1920 7t May 12

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JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and For the County of King.

Neilie Mackintosh Talbot, Plaintiff, vs. Moore Investment Company, a corporation; J. A. Moore, Ira Bronson and M. B. Moore, as Trustees of the said Moore Investment Company, and all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in Lot 5, in Block 11, of Assessor's Plat of University Heights, Seattle, King County, Washington. Defendants. No. 141535. Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington, to the said Moore Investment Company, a corporation; J. A. Moore, Ira Bronson and M. B. Moore, as Trustees of the said Moore Investment Company, and all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in Lot 5, in Block 11, of Assessor's Plat of University Heights, Seattle, King County, Washington. Defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear at the Superior Court of the State of Washington, in and For the County of King, which County the undersigned designates as the place of trial, within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 21st day of February, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for the plaintiff at his office, below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is to quiet the title of the plaintiff in and to the following described property:

Lot 5, in Block 11, of Assessor's Plat of University Heights, Seattle, King County, Washington,

and declaring that the defendants have not, nor has any of them, any right, title, estate or interest whatsoever in or to the land and premises or any part thereof, and that the defendants and each of them be enjoined and debarred from asserting any claim whatsoever in or to the said land and premises adverse to the plaintiff.

JOHN F. REED,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
Office and P. O. Address: 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Feb. 21, 1920. 7t Apr 2

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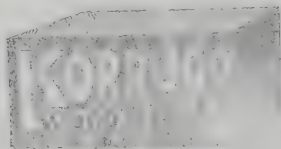
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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. IX. NO. 15.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, APRIL 10, 1920.

PRICE 10 CENTS

MUNICIPAL NOTES

By Fred W. Catlett

In his address before the League last Tuesday, Major Reeves, Superintendent of Public Utilities, stated that the present division of authority between himself and Mr. Henderson was a sort of gentlemen's agreement, but that he had worked with Mr. Henderson before and believed that they could work together in harmony.

Major Reeves is quite correct in his statement of the situation. The ordinance defining the scope of the duties of the General Superintendent does not make perfectly clear the line of demarcation between the functions of his division and of that of the Superintendent of Public Utilities. Major Reeves said further that he thought it was the intention, as soon as the necessary steps could be taken, to create a separate department of the city government for the handling of the street railways.

Irving M. Clark, long an active member of the League and a resident for eight years of Hunt's Point on the other side of Lake Washington, has announced his candidacy for the county commissionership in the north district, which comprises the northern part of the county and in main that portion of the city north of the Canal.

Mr. Clark has been a resident of Seattle for fourteen years, is a graduate of Yale University and of the University of Washington Law School, Class of 1909. Since his graduation he has been actively practicing law, except during the period from 1917 to 1919 when he served in France, first as a volunteer with the French Army and then with the American Red Cross. In the latter ser-



"THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE PORT OF SEATTLE"

C. J. FRANCE

Executive Secretary of the Seattle Port Commission
will address

The Municipal League, Tuesday Noon, April 13

MEVES CAFETERIA— 2nd And Seneca.

The Reception Committee Promises a Treat

vice he had charge of two departments in the southwest corner of France and has been complimented highly for his effective service.

Mr. Clark will be a candidate on the Republican ticket for the seat now occupied by Mr. Dobson. The primaries are in September and the election a month later. In the primaries only the voters in the north district participate, but in the election the voters of the entire county may vote for the county commissioners in the different districts.

We are glad to give our hearty endorsement to Mr. Clark's candidacy. He is just the kind of man who should be encouraged to stand for office and who should receive our earnest and active support in his candidacy. Our county administration has not been satisfactory nor efficient, and it cannot be made entirely so by mere improvements in machinery. We must elect high-class, capable men. The salary is quite insufficient to attract any such and quite obviously affords

no reason for Mr. Clark's candidacy. Mr. Clark has the training, the intelligence, the brains and the time to be of great service to the voters of the county. He is a man of sane and yet progressive views. He believes that the county funds have not been efficiently handled in the past, particularly in the expenditures for the maintenance of county roads, and he enters the campaign solely to serve in making the county administration more efficient and less wasteful and expensive.

Now, men like Mr. Clark cannot be elected without support. What we have said represents, of course, the personal opinion of the writer only. We hope, however, that those who read will agree with us and take advantage of every opportunity to commend Mr. Clark's name to the voters.

Mr. Henderson, Superintendent of Railways, has reported to the mayor that economies have been effected amounting to \$18,000 a month. May the good work go

(Continued on page 2)

PUBLIC UTILITIES HEAD SPEAKS TO LEAGUE

(Reported by Eimon L. Wienir)

Major Carl H. Reeves, speaking before the Municipal League Tuesday noon, declared that a gentleman's agreement to co-operate on all matters pertaining to the reorganization of the street railway department was made, and that so far as he was concerned, the tendency to maintain the street railway department as a separate unit would hold good. His relation with Mr. Henderson, he states, is such that there is no anticipation of any friction between them.

"The experience of our Government indicates clearly that the regulation of privately owned utility properties is a proper initial step for the public to take in its aim to own and operate all public utilities," stated Major Reeves.

"This supervision and control is affected in Seattle by the Public Utilities Department, which prescribes standards for all the construction placed beneath, upon or over the surface of our streets and which prescribes standards for maintenance of that construction, and also, in a measure, prescribes standards for the operation of the properties.

It may be interesting to you to learn that beneath the surface of the streets of Seattle there is what may be a traffic which in its nature is very complex. Lines of flow for water, sewerage, steam, refrigeration, electricity for lighting and power, gas for lighting, heating and cooking, telephone and telegraph and police and fire alarm circuits, must all be arranged so that interference can be avoided.

"The plan and method originating in the Seattle department of public utilities has recently been

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adopted by the City of Brooklyn, New York and several other cities have profited by the pioneer work of our department."

Other functions of the department, stated Major Reeves, are: the work of controlling, of directing and harmonizing of the various railroad interests in Seattle, the determination of the proper provisions of each new franchise application, the supervisions of the setting of the light and telephone poles in the streets and enforcement of general ordinances regulating the operation of public service companies.

"In addition to that there is devolving upon our department the duty of guiding and directing the extension plans of the public service companies along lines which will not alone meet express demands but which will anticipate the needs of the future."

In conclusion Major Reeves declared that the efficiency of any department, while depending to a large extent, upon its own interworking and policy, still is beneficially influenced by the co-operation of the public with it.

"Our earnest wish," stated Major Reeves, "is that the obligations we owe the people of Seattle will be more than balanced by the results achieved. We feel that such a meeting as this allows the department to get better in touch with our citizens and therefore we are grateful for such opportunities to meet the public."

MUNICIPAL NOTES

Continued from page one.

on!

* * *

The ordinance regulating the jitneys has been transmitted to the Utilities Committee of the council. Under the provisions of the ordinance the council decides upon what streets the jitneys may operate and has the authority to modify the route, terminal, schedule or rate of fare proposed, in any application for authority to operate a jitney bus line. Under it every operator of a jitney must obtain a permit from the city council stating in his application, the route to be followed, the schedule to be observed and fare to be charged, and other data. A penalty of \$100.00 and imprisonment in the city jail for not to exceed thirty days is provided for the following offenses: to operate a jitney bus without a permit; to operate a jitney bus without having the permit fastened on the front of the vehicle; to charge in excess of ten cents for adults and five cents for children; to fail to operate according to schedule, except in case of accident or emergency; to fail to operate between the termini and over the entire route specified, except between seven o'clock A. M. and eight-thirty o'clock A. M. and four-thirty o'clock and six o'clock P. M., when outbound jitneys may turn back upon discharging the last passenger. A diversion is also permitted from the regular route to deliver passengers, if

consented to by the other passengers. Other offenses are: to fail or refuse to comply with all traffic regulations of the police department, and violation of any such regulations permits the cancellation of the certificate; to permit any person to occupy with the driver the driver's seat in excess of its fixed seating capacity, or to ride upon the running board or in any place in front of the front seat or upon the fender, dash board or upon the top of the seat backs, or to carry at any time more than two passengers in excess of the seating capacity, provided that in counting passengers children under six years shall not be counted; and to operate any jitney which has not been inspected and approved as safe by the Superintendent of Public Utilities.

Last week we expressed in these columns a doubt whether the regulations which had been suggested would accomplish the purpose for which they were ostensibly designed, that is, to transfer any large portion of the \$1,100,000.00 said to be their income for a year to the city treasury, and the regulations now suggested in greater detail do not remove our doubts; but whether the regulations accomplish the ostensible result, we think that they are, at least in the main, desirable. We have long been of the opinion that the crowding of persons in the driver's seat was a dangerous practice and that the overcrowding in the other parts of the cars was both dangerous and undesirable for other reasons.

* * *

The mayor has vetoed the ordinance granting the city firemen one day off in eight, providing for an increase of eighty men in the department to permit this lay-off and for the expenditure of \$70,000.00 to pay the salaries of these men during the second half of 1920. In general his objection is that the ordinance is a deficiency ordinance which provides for the spending of money not raised and that there is another way of accomplishing the same result without so increasing the expense of the fire department.

In spite of the unpopularity of the veto in some quarters, we believe that the mayor has taken the proper stand. The matter can well wait until the making of the new budget the latter part of the

summer and, in view of the very high and increasing cost of city government, this additional expense should certainly be avoided unless absolutely necessary to do justice to the men.

Those of us with even short memories can recall that not long ago we had the single-platoon system, with the men on duty nominally for the whole of the twenty-four hours, but permitted to have one day off in eight. The records at that time showed that in many of the outlying stations the men were actually called upon to spend in actual work a ridiculously small amount of time, although, of course, on paper the hours looked long.

The change to the two-platoon system meant such an increased expense that the city council was unwilling to authorize it and the question was submitted to a vote of the people, and, as is very likely to happen when a question of that sort is submitted to the general vote, a strong and active campaign was made for it by those having a direct interest in the result, and the general unorganized public and body of taxpayer made little or no campaign in opposition thereto. The two-platoon system carried and the fourteen and ten-hour shifts were created.

Now, while these hours would be long if the men were engaged in active labor, they are not as duous in the case of the firemen. The men on the night shift can sleep most of their time and the men on both shifts are not actively engaged any large portion of the time. We do not wish to minimize the service which the firemen render at times, dangerous as it may be and calling for unusual strength and courage but, considering the department as a whole, the high cost of government, the many demands for the city's money for other objects which cannot be denied, we believe that the situation of the firemen is not such as to call for an emergency relief in the matter of shorter hours.

The fact that the position of the firemen in the City of Seattle is not unattractive was pointed out by the mayor. It is conclusively shown by the ease with which vacancies are filled and the competition that, except for the time during the war when there was

a shortage of man-power, has for a long time existed for positions in that department.

Since our last issue Mayor Caldwell has appointed James E. Blackwell as Superintendent of Buildings, and his appointment has been confirmed. Mr. Blackwell has long been an active member of the Municipal League, is a man of independence and with plenty of experience and long training which should well qualify him for the position he now fills.

LONDON AND CRIME

(Submitted to the Municipal League, March 30-1920, by Austin E. Griffiths)

The following I take from the London police report for 1919.

London's population is largely seven million.

Seattle has about three hundred thousand.

It would be interesting to compare the crime figures of the two cities for the same year.

Murders in Seattle for the year ending December 1st, 1919, were fourteen.

Murders in London in 1919 were twenty-six or one more than in 1913.

London is "wet." Seattle is "dry" or "wet" in spots as the speaker may happen to express himself.

The report is also useful as showing the initial work of police women--and the possibility of aircraft as an aid to crime.

"In February, 1919," says the report, "the experiment was made of creating a body of police women for special duties in connection with their own sex and with children. The establishment was fixed at 110, and the women were put through a course of five weeks' training, exactly on the same lines as the male recruits. Reports from the superintendent in charge of training indicate that in every case police women have proved good pupils, and as students are in no way inferior to their male colleagues. The actual work of the police women has been retarded by the failure of the contractors to provide uniforms, but enough has been seen of their work to more than justify their existence, and during the coming year it will be possible to form a decided opinion as to their

permanent continuance as a portion of the Metropolitan force. Some inconvenience has been occasioned by amateur women police organizations posing as police women in the streets of London, but steps will be taken to do away with this anomaly." As indicating the amount of work done by these women officers, it is pointed out that between June and November last year they "cautioned" 9,448 persons; the police-court charges numbered 147, and no fewer than 31,173 persons were assisted.

Aircraft and Crime.

Referring to the important changes which have taken place in the Criminal Investigation Department, the suggestive and interesting announcement is made that "the possibility of the use of aircraft in carrying out certain classes of crime is receiving attention."

It is reassuring to read that "crimes of violence continue to be remarkably low, more especially when the conditions under which such large numbers of men have been living during the last five years, and the frequency of mental disturbance caused by shell shock, etc., are considered. There are only 26 cases of murder of persons over one year of age reported in 1919, as compared with 25 in 1913, whilst manslaughter, attempts to murder, wounding, etc., are actually less than in 1913. It is, perhaps, too early to form an opinion, but the figures appear to be a remarkable indication of the moral stability of the nation as a whole."

"Cases of the use of firearms by criminals have shown a tendency to increase. New legislation is anticipated with the object of regulating more strictly the sale and possession of such weapons. Certain classes of crime against property again show a considerable increase. The numbers of cases of burglary and housebreaking show little variation from those of 1913, but shopbreaking has become much more common. This is probably due largely to temporary causes; in particular, the depletion of the police force, necessitating longer beats, a condition which is rapidly improving, the scarcity and high value of certain commodities which must act as an incentive to theft, and the demobilization of men who before the war were en-

gaged in crime and have reverted to it. A more permanent cause is the indifference of owners, who leave premises containing valuable property unattended at night, relying upon the security which insurance provides."

As to lost property, it is stated that during 1919, 55,384 articles had been deposited, of which 24, 174, of the declared value of 44, 674 lbs. sterling, have been restored to the owners.

FOR LEGALS CALL MAIN 6282

NELSON R. ANDERSON
Attorney 1723 L.C. Smith Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
R. Myers, Plaintiff, vs. Arvilla Myers,
Defendant. Summons for Publication.
No. 141989.

The State of Washington to the said Arvilla Myers, Defendant:
You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: Within sixty days after the 3rd day of April, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is to secure a decree of divorce on the grounds of desertion for more than one year and incompatibility.

NELSON R. ANDERSON,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
P. O. Address, 1723 L. C. Smith Bldg.,
Seattle, King County, Washington.
First pub Apr 3, 1920 7t May 12

LUNDIN & BARTO
Attorneys Alaska Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate
In the Matter of the Estate of Mary J.
Phillips, Deceased. No. 26848.
Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Administrator with the will annexed of the estate of Mary J. Phillips, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administrator with the will annexed, or his attorneys of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or he same will be barred.

Date of first publication, March 20, 1920.
ALFRED H. LUNDIN,
Administrator with the will annexed of

said Estate.
Address, 817-823 Alaska Bldg., Seattle, Wn.
LUNDIN & BARTO, Attorneys for Estate, 817-823 Alaska Building, Seattle, Wash.

LUNDIN & BARTO
Attorneys 817-823 Alaska Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Mary M. Tenney, Deceased. No. 26431.
Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as executor of the estate of Mary M. Tenney, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said executor or his attorneys of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, March 27, 1920.

ELMER S. TENNEY,
Executor of said Estate.
Address 817-823 Alaska Bldg., Seattle.
LUNDIN & BARTO, Attorneys for Estate, 817-823 Alaska Bldg., Seattle, Wash. 4t Apr. 17

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**STATEMENT OF THE OWNERSHIP,
MANAGEMENT, CIRCULATION,
ETC., REQUIRED BY THE ACT OF
CONGRESS OF AUGUST 24, 1912, OF**

The Seattle Municipal News
published weekly at Seattle,
State of Washington, County of King, ss.
for April 1st 1920.

Before me, a notary public in and
for the State and county aforesaid,
personally appeared

C. W. BROWN,
who having been duly sworn according
to law, deposes and says that he is
the Managing Editor of

The Seattle Municipal News
and that the following is, to the best
of his knowledge and belief, a true
statement of the ownership, manage-
ment, etc., of the aforesaid publication
for the date shown in the above cap-
tion, required by the Act of August 24,
1912, embodied in section 443, Postal
Laws and Regulations, printed on the
reverse of this form, to-wit:

1. That the names and addresses of
the publisher, editor, managing editor,
and business managers are:

Publishers—Brown & White Corp.
Editor—Austin E. Griffiths, Seattle.
Managing Editor—C. W. Brown, Seattle,
Wash.

Business Managers—None

2. That the owner is:
Municipal League of Seattle (a non-
profit producing corporation)

3. That the known bondholders,
mortgagees, and other security holders
owning or holding 1 per cent or more
of total amount of bonds, mortgages, or
other securities are:

There are none.

4. That the two paragraphs next
above, giving the names of the owners,
stockholders, and security holders, if
any, contain not only the list of stock-
holders and security holders as they ap-
pear upon the books of the company
but also, in cases where the stockhold-
er or security holder appears upon the
books of the company as trustee or in
any other fiduciary relation, the name
of the person or corporation for whom
such trustee is acting, is given; also
that the said two paragraphs contain
statements embracing affiant's full
knowledge and belief as to the circum-
stances and conditions under which
stockholders and security holders who
do not appear upon the books of the
company as trustees, hold stock and
securities in a capacity other than that
of a bona fide owner; and this affiant
has no reason to believe that any other
person, association, or corporation has
any interest direct or indirect in the
said stock, bonds, or other securities
than as so stated by him.

C. W. BROWN,
Sworn to and subscribed before me
this 9th day of April, 1920.

(Seal) CARL G. NELSON.
(My commission expires Jan. 29,
1921).

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. IX. NO. 19.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, MAY 8, 1920.

PRICE 10 CENTS

JITNEY REGULATION AGAIN TOPIC OF DEBATE

(Reported by Eimon L. Wienir)

Resolutions for the regulation of jitney traffic offered by Jackson Silbaugh, chairman of the Public Safety committee, were debated by the League Tuesday, and referred to the Board of Trustees.

The resolution provides that "operation of the jitney as a means of conveyance on the public streets should be prohibited except where such service supplies a district not now provided with street cars" and that "the jitneys should be so regulated as to compel reasonable prices and a schedule of runs that will accommodate the people."

"Extra compensation derived from this source should be used in extending street car lines to districts now without any service, in double tracking and otherwise improving service to the outlying districts."

Fred W. Catlett pointed out that before 1922 the street railway must increase its revenue by two and one half million dollars to meet the bond issue due. "If the road isn't able to take this up, the general fund of the city will be called upon. Either the fare must be raised or other methods devised of increasing sufficient revenue," he stated, "as the economies thus far put in operation are wholly insufficient."

Isaac Cooper, speaking in favor of the proposed resolution, laid stress on the fact that other large cities of the country had increased street car fares, and such increase, plus whatever additional revenue the railway would obtain from the jitneys being put out of business would certainly help the situation, he argued.

(Continued on page 3)

LEAGUE'S NOMINATING COMMITTEE MAKES KNOWN ITS NOMINATIONS

In accordance with the by-laws, the annual election of officers is held on the fourth Monday in May. The Board of Trustees appoints a nominating committee of five members, which makes known its nominations to the League. But any member of the League may be nominated for office upon the written petition of ten members of the League.

For President	James T. Lawler
(one)	Carl J. Smith
For First Vice President	Frank P. Helsell
(one)	W. K. Sheldon
For Second Vice President	Malcolm Douglas
(one)	John L. Hall
For Trustee Term 1921	Edward W. Allen
(one)	M. L. Baker
For Trustees Term 1922	Howard A. Adams
(five vacancies)	A. H. Albertson
Claude H. Anderson	Pierre Barnes
H. F. Compton	Isaac Cooper
Geo. S. Kahin	Paul K. Mohr
L. T. Neikirk	Robert F. Sandall

Respectfully Submitted,
NOMINATING COMMITTEE
FRED W. CATLETT AUTIN E. GRIFFITHS
ARTHUR H. HUTCHINSON L. D. LEWIS

"COME SEVEN" CLUB SUCCESSFUL

By Geo. S. Kahin.

The new membership committee of the Municipal League, the "Come Seven" Club, is rapidly developing into a well drilled and highly efficient organization. Not only has this club, within the last two weeks, secured more than seventy-five applications for membership, but the foundation has been laid for a continuous increase of the membership rolls. Every member of the committee has pledged himself to get seven new members, working with an assistant who is given credit for three. Each assistant must in turn secure four additional members.

Claude H. Anderson, chairman of the club, will render his final report to the League Tuesday, at the same time announcing his selection of a new chairman for the club. Mr. Anderson will also bring to the attention of the League recommendations of the committee relative to making the club a permanent feature of the League's activities.

In the meanwhile applications for membership in the club will be entertained. A number of additional speakers, to be known as "Seven Minute Men," are also needed to present the aims and objects of the League to other organizations. It is hoped that those who desire to serve in this manner will communicate with the secretary.

Among the organizations addressed by the members of the "Come Seven" club was the Young Men's Business Club of Rainier Valley. Not only were five new memberships obtained at this meeting but the "Seven Minute Man" received the following note from the secretary of the



"MAY, THE CHILDREN'S MONTH" Special Health Program—Three Speakers

Tuesday Noon, May 11, 1920
MEVES CAFETERIA—2nd And Seneca.

MR. D. W. HENDERSON....."SAFETY FIRST"
DR. FREDERICK SLYFIELD....."FRESH AIR"
DR. IRA C. BROWN.....
....."WHAT A PARENT SHOULD KNOW"

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

Published Weekly by the
MUNICIPAL LEAGUE OF SEATTLE
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 Treasurer.....Elmon L. Wiener, 510 Central Bldg., Main 476
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 Honorary Auditors.....Smith, Robertson & Moorehouse
 Committee Chairmen and Trustees—

TRUSTEES

Terms Expire May, 1920
 Rev. J. E. Crowther, D. D.
 J. D. Blackwell
 Robert Howes
 Albro Gardner, Jr.
 M. H. VanNuy
 Arthur H. Hutchinson, Ex-officio Trustee

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

club, H. W. Mason:

"Permit me on behalf of our club to again extend thanks to you for your address before our club last Tuesday evening. I am sure that the club appreciated the message of co-operation which you brought on behalf of the Municipal League."

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE APPROVES MUNICIPAL LEAGUE WORK

The Board of Trustees of the Chamber of Commerce at its meeting of last Tuesday voted in favor of a motion that the trustees approve the work of the Municipal League "in the interest of economy, good citizenship and good government.

This action was taken following a statement made by L. D. Lewis, a member of the Board of Trustees of the League, in which he outlined the aims of the League and some of the problems to which the League will address itself in the immediate future.

Responding to an invitation issued by the Chamber of Commerce, President James W. Reynolds has appointed a committee of the Municipal League to the Know Your Schools Club of the Chamber of Commerce. The committee consists of:

Fred W. Catlett, L. D. Lewis, Robert F. Sandall, Jackson A. Silbaugh, and Eimon L. Wiener.

TAKES EXCEPTION

Editor Municipal News, Seattle.
 Dear Sir:

One of your last issues contained a communication from Mr. La Grave regarding a statement said to have emanated from the State Auditor's office, regarding state finances. The communication was so singular that I wrote to the Auditor regarding it. I enclose copy of his reply, which in justice to him should be reproduced or summarized in one of your early issues.

In this connection, I will say that I consider that the tax situation in this state is reaching a very serious stage, and that organizations such as the Municipal League should be carefully considering what steps must be taken to prevent taxation reaching the point of confiscation, which it has already very nearly done.

Very truly yours,
 E. SHORROCK.

April 23, 1920.

STATE OF WASHINGTON
 AUDITOR'S OFFICE,
 OLYMPIA.

Mr. E. Shorrock, President & Manager, Northwest Trust & Savings Bank, Seattle, Wash.
 Dear Sir:

We are in receipt of yours of the 21st enclosing a clipping from the Seattle Municipal News and asking if the same is correct. In reply will say that we are enclosing you two state-

ments, one prepared by this Bureau after the legislature adjourned showing the amount of appropriations made and the estimated revenues to meet the same. On page 3 of the pamphlet marked "A" is shown the total appropriations from the general fund of the state, made by the legislature, to have been \$10,561,000.42. The available revenues to meet these appropriations during the biennium, consisted of estimated receipts from the different departments of \$3,232,200.00; cash in the treasury less outstanding warrants \$418,372.71; cash in the hands of county treasurers April 1st, \$719,735.73 and uncollected taxes \$1,133,515.00.

The maximum levy that could be made for 1919 was three mills on an estimated valuation of \$1,050,000,000.00 producing \$3,150,000.00 which would leave a deficit at the end of this biennium of \$1,907,176.89. In other words, if the appropriations are all spent on April 1st, next, and all outstanding taxes are collected, there will be this deficit at the end of the biennium. That was the situation when the legislature last adjourned, but unfortunately the late Governor insisted on cutting down the requests of the penal and eleemosynary institutions to such an extent that we the raise in cost of materials, supplies and salaries and the increased number of inmates, every one of these institutions will face a deficit at the end of this year.

Also the five higher educational institutions found themselves confronted with largely increased attendance and demands from their employees for increases in salaries to meet the increased cost of living. These deficits were estimated by the heads of these departments at \$1,208,579.7 to complete the biennium April 1st. A copy of these estimates is continued in Exhibit "B" herewith enclosed.

In going over the different appropriations made for other departments, however, and through the efforts of the Governor to reduce the deficit, we find that approximately \$500,000.00 of the \$10,561,000.00 appropriated will possibly revert April 1st. That would leave the net deficit \$1,407,176.89 but the uncollected

taxes average about \$1,133,515.00 so that to keep the treasury on a cash basis, we must add those taxes to the deficit, after we have deducted them in the first place, as an asset available against the appropriations. The result of this would show treasury deficit April 1st of \$2,540,691.98. Now add to this the 749,271.35 treasury deficit to be taken care of during the next biennium.

It can easily be seen that without taking into consideration an increase in the appropriation for the next biennium, three mills each year, which would only produce approximately \$605,000.00 in the two years would not take care of the appropriations for the next biennium and wipe out this deficit. Therefore, it was recommended to the legislature that the old maximum limit of three mills for general fund purposes be raised to five. This does not mean the legislature has levied five mills. The legislature levies no taxes. They only fix a maximum within which the state board of Equalization will make a levy to take care of the appropriations to be made by the next legislature, and whatever deficiencies appear at that time.

Thanking you for your kind consideration in sending us the clipping, we remain,

Yours very truly,

C. W. CLAUSEN,

Chief Inspector

(Signed) JAMES F. LEHIGH

BALLARD HAS COMMUNITY PAGEANT

Local Newspapers have recently carried stories of a big community enterprise which culminated in an artistic dramatic production called the "Ballard Community Pageant." This event was staged in the auditorium reports state, was all too small the Ballard High School, which to accommodate the large crowd that turned out to witness the production. Though the theme of the pageant was cleverly woven around the community life of Ballard, and presented in a clear cut visualization not only a picture of early days and pioneer struggles, but present day tendencies, and the many opport-

nities which now are offered to the youth of today. The actors in the huge entertainment numbered six hundred and fifty and in themselves would comprise a good sized village. They were drawn from the various walks of life in Ballard and represented business, social, educational, recreational, and the other aspects of modern life in a well organized suburban community. The barest thread of a plot running through the many episodes served to tie the events together and to sustain the element of dramatic interest which kept the two thousand spectators in their seats until the final curtain.

It was a very definite and concrete demonstration of what a community of people can do in their own neighborhood to provide wholesome entertainment for a great mixed gathering of young and old.

Ballard Citizens expressed public appreciation to Seattle Community Service, which made this activity possible. The Community Service Organizers helped the people to recruit their neighborhood resources and directed the rehearsals and the production of the pageant.

JITNEY REGULATION AGAIN TOPIC OF DEBATE

(Continued from page 1)

"The jitney is a vampire. It is getting business that rightfully belongs to the street railway, and we ought not to permit it."

Austin E. Griffiths, re-emphasized some of the arguments he made at the League's last meeting, and stated further that "the only justification for regulation is that it is good for the business sought to be regulated." He cited many historical instances of opposition to new modes of transportation and concluded by saying that, "it is the constitutional right of individuals to choose their own method of transportation."

George S. Kahin and Walter S. Johnson spoke in favor of the resolution.

Why did you tell him you had to go to the dressing room for some cold cream? asked the chaperone.

I had to do something to get the chap off my hands, answered the Flirt.

LUNDIN & BARTO
Attorneys Alaska Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and for the County of King. In Probate In the Matter of the Estate of Peter Larson, Deceased, No. 16524
Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution
Notice is hereby given that Louise A. Cook, formerly Louise A. Larson, executrix of the Estate of Peter Larson has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said executrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 8th day of June, 1920, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.
Dated this 4th day of May, 1920.
PERCY F. THOMAS
Clerk of said Court.
By GEORGE L. BERGER Deputy.
May 8th, — 4t — May 29th.

JACKSON SILBAUGH
Attorney Lyon Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate In the Matter of the Estate of N. B. Smith, Deceased, No. 23359. Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition For Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Jackson Silbaugh, administrator of the Estate of N. B. Smith, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said administrator; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 28th day of May, 1920, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.
Dated this 22nd day of April, 1920.
PERCY F. THOMAS,
Clerk of said Court.
By GEO. L. BERGER, Deputy.
First pub. Apr. 24, 1920 4t May 15

FRED W. CATLETT
Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate In the Matter of the Estate of Mary M. Ziebarth, Deceased, No. 27304.
Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as executor of the estate of Mary M. Ziebarth, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Fred E. Sander or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication April 24th, 1920.
FRED E. SANDER,
Executor of said Estate.
Address, Colman Building, Seattle.
FRED W. CATLETT, Attorney for Estate, 613 Hoge Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Apr. 24, 1920 4t May 15

EDGAR J. WRIGHT
Attorney 1117 L. C. Smith Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate In the Matter of the Estate of Nuinosuke Kobayashi, Deceased, No. 27343
Notice to Creditors
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as administrator of the estate of Nuinosuke Kobayashi, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said the undersigned or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication, May 1, 1920.
F. OKAZAKI,
Administrator of said Estate.
Address 1117 L. C. Smith Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
EDGAR J. WRIGHT, Attorney for Estate, 1117 L. C. Smith Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
4t May 22

Lawyer (to timid young woman) - Have you ever appeared as witness in a suit before?

Young woman (blushing) Yes

sir, of course.

Lawyer - Please state to the jury just what suit it was.

Young Woman - It was nun's veiling, shirred down the front and trimmed with a lovely blue, and hat to match.

Judge - Order in the court, please.

* * *

Elsie - We have a French maid now, so we always talk French at our meals.

Clara B.—How come?

Elsie - Well we don't want her to know what we are talking about do we?

* * *

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Better than working, trading, or leases;
Take a bank-note and fold it up,
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And every time that you fold it across 'Tis as plain as your hand that you double it.

CARKEEK, McDONALD, HARRIS & CORYELL
Attorneys 1164 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate In the Matter of the Estate of Jessie Parsons, Deceased, No. 27262.
Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as administratrix of the estate of Jessie Parsons, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administratrix or her attorneys of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication, May 1, 1920.
ADDIE M. PARSONS,
Administratrix of said Estate.
Address, 1164 Empire Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
CARKEEK, McDONALD, HARRIS & CORYELL, Attorneys for Estate, 1164 Empire Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
4t May 22

RALPH H. HIGGINS
Attorney 704 N. Y. Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County Moto Koyama, Plaintiff, vs. Nastaro Koyama, Defendant. Summons by Publication.
State of Washington to Nastaro Koyama:
You are hereby commanded to appear within sixty days after the date of first publication of this Summons, to-wit: within sixty days after the 24th day of April, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court and answer the plaintiff's complaint and serve a copy of such answer on the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated, and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint which has been filed with the clerk of said court.
The object of said action is to obtain a divorce on the grounds of desertion and non-support.
Dated at Seattle, Washington, April 21st, 1920.

RALPH H. HIGGINS,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address, 704 New York Building, Seattle, Washington.
7t Apr 24- June 5

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LUNDIN & BARTO
Attorneys 817 Alaska Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for the
County of King.
Paul Lustermann, Plaintiff, vs. Julie
Minna Lustermann, Defendant. No.
142590. Summons for Publication.
The State of Washington to Julie Min-
na Lustermann, Defendant:
You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty days after the date of the
first publication of this summons, to-
wit, within sixty days after the 17th
day of March, 1920, and defend the
above entitled action in the above en-
titled court and answer the complaint
of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of
your answer upon the undersigned at-
torneys for plaintiff, at their office be-
low stated; and in case of your failure
so, to do, judgment will be rendered
against you according to the demand
of the complaint, which has been filed
with the clerk of said court.
The object and purpose of this action
is to quiet title in the plaintiff to Lot
20, Block 3, Patten's Addition to the
City of Seattle, according to the plat
thereof recorded in Volume 13 of
Plats, page 9, records of King County,
State of Washington, and to secure de-
cree that the said defendant has no
right, title or interest of any kind or
nature whatsoever in and to said real
property.

LUNDIN & BARTO,
Attorneys for Plaintiff,
Office and Post Office Address:
817-823 Alaska Building,
Seattle, Washington.

7t May 29

NELSON R. ANDERSON
Attorney 1723 L.C. Smith Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
R. Myers, Plaintiff, vs. Arvilla Myers,
Defendant. Summons for Publication.
No. 141989.
The State of Washington to the said
Arvilla Myers, Defendant:
You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty days after the date of
the first publication of this summons,
to-wit: Within sixty days after the 3rd
day of April, 1920, and defend the
above entitled action in the above en-
titled court, and answer the complaint
of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of
your answer upon the undersigned at-
torney for plaintiff at his office below
stated; and in case of your failure so
to do, judgment will be rendered against
you according to the demand of the
complaint, which has been filed with
the clerk of said court.
The object of the above entitled ac-
tion is to secure a decree of divorce on
the grounds of desertion for more than
one year and incompatibility.
NELSON R. ANDERSON,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
P. O. Address, 1723 L. C. Smith Bldg.,
Seattle, King County, Washington.
First pub-Apr 3, 1920 7t May 12

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

MAY 22, 1920.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, VOL. IX. NO. 21.

PRICE 10 CENTS

FIRE PREVENTION EXPLAINED BY SHIVELY

Reported by Eimon L. Wienir

Two addresses, marked with fervor and surpassing sincerity were delivered before the Municipal League at its Tuesday's meeting. J. H. Shively, formerly State Insurance Commissioner, and at present publicity director of the National Association for Fire Prevention, spoke on the work of that organization and Dr. Wm. N. Van Patten of the State Health Department urged the passage of J. D. Blackwell's resolution calling for the reinstatement of the appropriation for special hygiene work.

"The call of the flag was not silenced when the Armistice was signed. Never was a time more necessary for the exercise of high citizenship and patriotism than now," declared Shively.

Speaking of the difficulty of arousing interest in fire prevention, Mr. Shively said: "No one is active in opposition, but all have the 'prejudice of indifference' - to paraphrase Dr. Suzzalo - can account for this indifference on the following grounds:

"The American people are so accustomed to fires that they accept them as a matter of course. Fires, they believe, must be looked after by the fire departments at the time they occur, and by the insurance companies afterwards in adjusting the losses. They forget that even when insurance companies pay the total loss, the fact nevertheless remains that the accumulated energy and value represented by the property is a loss to the city.

"The American people can not be moved by mere citations of property loss. They are used to hearing large figures quoted that 50 to 300 millions of dollars lost
(Continued on page 3)

DEAN STEPHEN I. MILLER WILL ADDRESS LEAGUE AT ANNUAL MEETING

Monday, May 24th, 6:30 P. M. is the time that has been set for the annual meeting and banquet of the Municipal League. And the Hotel Washington Annex is the place that has been selected. Election of officers will precede the dinner which will be featured not only by excellent food but by a splendid program.

Dean Stephen I. Miller, of the University of Washington will make the address of the evening, taking as his subject, "Problems for the Municipal League."

Alexander Myers is in charge of the music and the membership may look forward with pleasure to that end of the program.

The President's report, an address from the new president, and the induction of many new members will be other features.

It is urged upon you to reserve a plate for the banquet immediately as the caterer must know the approximate number of guests in advance. Please phone the Secretary, Main 476.

PARTIAL LIST OF NEW HYGIENE APPROPRIATION MEMBERS TO BE IN- DUCTED MAY 24

A. J. Anderson, Stanley F. Barker, J. W. Bowman, Harry Bruskewith, W. C. Buchterkirchen, J. C. Buie, Marvin W. Brain, Cyrus C. Brown, Emmett R. Carroll, M. W. Bean, J. H. Baird, Frank H. Copp, Edw. G. Cox, H. M. Eddy, R. M. Dyer, A. E. Ebeling, A. H. Fischer, Horace M. Gaston, Jr., Dr. R. F. Hone, Ernest Kummer, V. O. Lee, H. W. Mason, W. Homer Maris, Dr. Roscoe E. Mosman, W. E. Priestley, Thomas H. Revelle, L. B. Schwellenbach, Emanuel Secord, Frank E. Semon, John B. Shorett, Phillip D. Sloan, Ernest W. Tallman, Phillip Tindall, Dr. C. M. Tinney, Joshua H. Vogel, Pierre Weiss, Dudley H. Willard, R. G. White, Harry Wollen.

Following J. D. Blackwell, who introduced a resolution urging our Senators in Congress to aid in reinstating appropriation items for the interdepartmental social hygiene board, Dr. Van Patten of the State Board of Health, pointed out the grave need for funds to carry on the work against social diseases.

"We are fighting an old enemy," stated Dr. Van Patten. "In 1917, alone, 200,000 persons died of syphilis. Most of the inmates of our insane asylums and 15 percent of the prisoners in our penitentiaries are there because of that disease.

Dr. Van Patten quoted figures to show that the state and nation spend millions each year in caring for those afflicted with the disease, and argued that an ap-
(Continued on page 3)

MUNICIPAL NOTES

By Fred W. Catlett

The attention of all members of the League is again called to the annual meeting at the Washington Annex, Monday, May 24th, at 6:30 P. M. Let's get together and have an evening of civic discussion as we used to have in the days before the war drew the attention of most of us away from civic matters. If you can go, get your ticket at once from the secretary or one of the trustees.

* * *

The school board has adopted finally a schedule of teachers' salaries which grants an increase of \$240.00 a year to each teacher, except to those now drawing a maximum, and they will receive an increase of \$300.00. Mr. Cooper has recommended a salary schedule providing for an increase in approximately double the amount granted, but the majority of the school board felt it unwise to submit to the voters a proposed levy larger than that necessary to pay the schedule adopted. The board is authorized to levy to the amount of ten mills without the necessity of any special vote. The expenses of the schools for the next year will require a levy of sixteen and a half mills, and the proposal to levy the additional six and a half mills will be submitted to the voters on June 15th.

The time for discussion of the schedule of salaries is now past and it is the duty of all friends of the public schools to endeavor to minimize any ill effect of the lower schedule, to do everything possible to induce the teachers to accept the result, and to use every effort to secure the approval of the voters to the proposed increase in levy. The agitation which has occurred will undoubtedly result in further investiga-

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

Published Weekly by the
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In Advance, One Year\$2.00
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 Treasurer.....Alexander Myers, 2nd and Union, Main 5883
 The Board of Trustees meets at 12:15 Wednesday at Northold Inn.
 Honorary Auditors.....Smith, Robertson & Moorehouse
 Committee Chairmen and Trustees—

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 Robert Howes
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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

tion of school affairs and a very desirable discussion of school plant, equipment, methods and curriculum.

* * *

Mayor Caldwell has this week appointed Captain W. H. Searing in place of Joel Warren, who has served two years and a half. It has been quite apparent for some time that Chief Warren did not have the confidence of the mayor, and the appointment of Captain Searing was by no means unexpected.

* * *

Since our last comment in these columns upon the proposed jitney regulation and the finances of the street railway very important developments have taken place, and they have been quite in line with our contentions.

The city treasurer precipitated action by announcing that he would have to put the street railway fund upon a warrant basis unless radical steps were taken to increase the receipts. The fund was already overdrawn more than \$300,000 and the overdraft would apparently reach \$500,000 by the first of June. The mayor and city council immediately met in conference on the question and decided to pass the ordinance regulating the jitneys. This was not precisely the same ordinance which we discussed previously, but had been modified in important particulars. The jitney drivers maintained that the ordinance would put the jitneys out of business, since it provided for licenses for jitney operators and left the matter of issuing the licenses to

the discretion of the superintendent of public utilities. Acting under the terms of the ordinance the superintendent of public utilities fixed Thursday at five o'clock as the time limit for the filing of applications for licenses, if the jitneys wished to continue to operate. Only five applications from regular jitney drivers were received. Instead, almost at the last minute the attorneys for the jitney drivers filed an application for a temporary restraining order in the Federal Court.

At the same time that it was agreed to pass the jitney ordinance it was also agreed to give Superintendent Henderson a free hand in enforcing economies and restricting service. The mayor and superintendent were quoted to the effect that the time had not yet come for an increase in fares. Since that time however, sentiment in favor of an increase has been growing. No one wants an increase of fare, if it can be avoided, but the existing financial situation of the road is an emergency situation and its solution cannot be delayed much longer. As we suggested previously, it would seem to be the wiser plan to take the course which will certainly place the system upon a paying basis, and then, if an increase of income results from economies or jitney regulation, and it is found that the revenues exceed the expenses, the fares can easily be reduced to the proper level.

The press reports that several of the council favor a seven-cent fare and figures have been pre-

pared by Mr. Henderson estimating the receipts from such seven-cent fare. The principle lines should not only pay their own way, but be prepared to pay the installments which will begin to fall due in 1922 upon the principal of the bonds issued for the purchase of the road. We had supposed that this principle was generally accepted to be the sound and only fair one, but its fairness has been challenged by Mr. Erickson and Mayor Caldwell.

Mr. Erickson says frankly that he will fight to retain the five-cent fare, irrespective of consequences, and that the deficit should be paid out of the general fund. The mayor takes a middle ground and will not oppose raising the fares to six cents. Such a raise, it is estimated, will not enable the lines to pay expenses and accumulate a sufficient sum to pay the installments upon the principal. The mayor says that he thinks it only fair that the installments on the principal should be paid out of the general fund.

This radical difference of opinion as to the proper basis for the regulation of municipal street railway finances requires a thorough and outspoken discussion of the matter at once. We believe that the position taken by the mayor and Mr. Erickson is wrong in principle. The general taxes are paid by the owners of real and personal property in the city and largely by the owners of real property. A certain portion of real property owners who rent their properties may be able to pass on increased taxes to their tenants, but the great majority of us who own our own homes are not able to pass on any portion of the tax, and we therefore bear it. The mayor's theory seems to be that this group should pay for the street railway property, because either it is the group which bought it, or it is the group which will own it when it is paid for. The mere statement of the position shows its unsoundness. It is neither the group which bought it nor the group which will own it when it is acquired. The property owned by the city is the property of every citizen, whether he happens to be himself a property owner and tax payer or not.

Again, the street railway lines were no more bought by the taxpayers of the city than by the

non-taxpayers; in fact, if the vote could be segregated there is little question but what a larger proportion of the favorable votes were cast by individuals paying absolutely no taxes.

There is this further fact. The lines were paid for by bonds secured by the utility itself, and the lines were purchased upon the express statement, made many times by the responsible officials of the city government, that they would be paid for out of the earnings of the utility and would not be any burden upon the general fund or the general taxpayers. Any change of opinion now on the part of the city is nothing less than a fraud upon the general taxpayers. The people felt at the time of the vote and, many of them at least, feel now that the fair way to pay for the municipal lines is to let the users of the lines pay for them. When the lines are owned by the city, although theoretically the property of every citizen in the city, in fact the beneficial use of that property belongs to those who ride in the street cars. If the street car users pay for the lines, then they pay in proportion to the use which they actually make of them and thus in proportion to the service which they receive at the hands of the city, and this would still seem to be the just method.

The mayor's proposal is wrong in any event, because it forgets that the general fund is by no means scathless, even though not called upon to pay the principal of the bonds. The general taxpayers have had to make good out of their pockets for the losses in general taxes upon the street railway, which taxes were previously paid by the company, for the lost two per cent of the gross profits of the company, for the lost contributions to the maintenance of certain bridges and the lost expenditures of the company for paving between the tracks. This list may not comprehend all the losses of the general fund but those losses mount into very large figures. General taxes in this city have already become a distinct menace to our future prosperity. They ought not to be increased beyond the point now reached, and when an occasion arises where the expense cannot only be raised in other fashion, but on sound principles and in justice and in fair-

ness ought to be raised in the other fashion, then the taxpayers of this city should rise up in defense of the general fund.

HYGIENE APROPRIATION URGED

(Continued from page 1)
propriation by Congress would materially aid in preventing the spread and contraction of the disease.

The resolution was passed by unanimous vote and telegrams were sent by the League to Senators Jones and Poindexter urging them to aid in reinstating the appropriation items for the work.

FIRE PREVENTION EXPLAINED BY SHIVELY

(Continued from page 1)
annually in fires mean next to nothing to them.

"But remember the casualty list! 12,000 people in this country are burned to death each year! And the pity of it is that 85 per cent of the fires are preventable.

"939 fires in 24 Pacific Coast cities occurred because of the indifference of cigar and cigarette smokers. 735 fires occurred on this coast because of the fact that parents allowed their children to play with matches.

That a great proportion of fires occur because of egotism - "I can do what is dangerous with safety though somebody else can not" - was another assertion made by the speaker. "Unapplied knowledge" and the "unseeing eye" - "no co-ordination between the eye and the hand" - were other causes given.

Mr. Shively concluded by pleading for a universal study of fire hazards and greater carefulness on the part of our citizenship.

"Waiter," asked the impatient customer, "do you call this an oyster stew?"

"Yessuh," replied the negro waiter.

"Why, the oyster in this stew isn't big enough to flavor it."

"He wasn't put in to flavor it, sir. He is jes' supposed to christen it."

The overall club is o k
To bring down the cost of
apparel;
But if denim advances we may
Be forced to appear in a barrel.

In Boston, a young lawyer, who spent most of his time trying to seem busy and prosperous, went out for a while leaving on his door a card neatly marked: "Will be back in an hour."

On his return he found that some envious rival had inscribed beneath, "What for?"

JACKSON SILBAUGH
Attorney 1723 L.C. Smith Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of N. B. Smith, Deceased. No. 23359. Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Jackson Silbaugh, administrator of the Estate of N. B. Smith, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said administrator; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 28th day of May, 1920, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 22nd day of April, 1920.
PERCY F. THOMAS,
Clerk of said Court.
By GEO. L. BERGER, Deputy.
First pub. Apr. 24, 1920 4t May 15

FRED W. CATLETT
Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Mary M. Ziebarth, Deceased. No. 27304. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as executor of the estate of Mary M. Ziebarth, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Fred E. Sander or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication April 24th, 1920.

FRED E. SANDER,
Executor of said Estate.
Address, Colman Building, Seattle.
FRED W. CATLETT, Attorney for Estate, 613 Hoge Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Apr. 24, 1920 4t May 15

CHARLES H. HARTGE, Attorney, 521 Central Building.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Isaac R. Spilman, Deceased. No. 19133. Notice of Sale of Real Estate.

Notice is hereby given that an order has been made by the above entitled court in the above entitled matter authorizing and directing the undersigned, as administratrix of the estate of the above named deceased, to sell at private sale the following described real property:

Lot seven (7) in Block twenty-eight (28) of Lake Union Addition to the City of Seattle, except the East eighty (80) feet of the North twenty (20) feet of said lot, situated in King County, State of Washington;

and notice is hereby given that the said sale will be made on the first day of June, 1920, at ten (10) o'clock A. M. of said day or thereafter. Offers or bids will be received by the undersigned for the said property at 521 Central Building, Seattle, Washington, on said first day of June, 1920, at 10 o'clock A. M. or at any time thereafter until sale shall be made. Terms of sale as follows: the purchaser to assume mortgage of Twenty-five Hundred Dollars (\$2500.00) principal now on said premises and to pay the balance of the purchase price in cash; sale to be by deed executed by said administratrix after confirmation of sale by said court.

Dated at Seattle, Washington, this 12th day of May, 1920.

SOPHIA A. SPILMAN
As Administratrix of the estate of Isaac R. Spilman, deceased.
CHARLES H. HARTGE, Attorney for Administratrix. Office and Postoffice address: 521 Central Bldg., Seattle, Washington.
May 15 - 22.

NELSON R. ANDERSON
Attorney 1723 L.C. Smith Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County R. Myers, Plaintiff, vs. Arvilla Myers, Defendant. Summons for Publication. No. 141989.

The State of Washington, to the said Arvilla Myers, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: Within sixty days after the 3rd day of April, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is to secure a decree of divorce on the grounds of desertion for more than one year and incompatibility.

NELSON R. ANDERSON,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
P. O. Address, 1723 L. C. Smith Bldg., Seattle, King County, Washington.
First pub Apr 3, 1920 7t May 12

EDGAR J. WRIGHT
Attorney 1117 L. C. Smith Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Nuinosuke Kobayashi, Deceased. No. 27343. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as administrator of the estate of Nuinosuke Kobayashi, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said the undersigned or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, May 1, 1920.

F. OKAZAKI,
Administrator of said Estate.
Address 1117 L. C. Smith Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
EDGAR J. WRIGHT, Attorney for Estate, 1117 L. C. Smith Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
4t May 22

CARKEEK, McDONALD, HARRIS & CORYELL

Attorneys 1164 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Jessie Parsons, Deceased. No. 27262. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as administratrix of the estate of Jessie Parsons, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administratrix or her attorneys of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, May 1, 1920.

ADDIE M. PARSONS,
Administratrix of said Estate.
Address, 1164 Empire Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
CARKEEK, McDONALD, HARRIS & CORYELL, Attorneys for Estate, 1164 Empire Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
4t May 22

CARKEEK, McDONALD, HARRIS & CORYELL, Attorneys, 1164 Empire Bldg.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County In Probate

In the Matter of the Estate of Hans Christian Christensen Astrup, Deceased. No. 27190.

Notice to Creditors

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Administrator with the will annexed of the estate of Hans Christian Christensen Astrup, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Administrator with the will annexed, or his attorneys of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, May 15, 1920.
JOHN C. ASTRUP,
Administrator with the will annexed of said Estate.

Address, 1164 Empire Bldg., Seattle, Washington.

CARKEEK, McDONALD, HARRIS & CORYELL, Attorneys for Estate, 1164 Empire Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
4t June 5.

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LUNDIN & BARTO
Attorneys 817 Alaska Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for the
County of King.
Paul Lustermann, Plaintiff, vs. Julie
Minna Lustermann, Defendant. No.
142590. Summons for Publication.
The State of Washington to Julie Min-
na Lustermann, Defendant:
You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty days after the date of the
first publication of this summons, to-
wit, within sixty days after the 17th
day of March, 1920, and defend the
above entitled action in the above en-
titled court and answer the complaint
of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of
your answer upon the undersigned at-
torneys for plaintiff, at their office be-
low stated; and in case of your failure
so to do, judgment will be rendered
against you according to the demand
of the complaint, which has been filed
with the clerk of said court.
The object and purpose of this action
is to quiet title in the plaintiff to Lot
20, Block 3, Patten's Addition to the
City of Seattle, according to the plat
thereof recorded in Volume 13 of
Plats, page 9, records of King County,
State of Washington, and to secure de-
cree that the said defendant has no
right, title or interest of any kind or
nature whatsoever in and to said real
property.

LUNDIN & BARTO
Attorneys for Plaintiff,
Office and Post Office Address:
817-823 Alaska Building,
Seattle, Washington.
7t May 29

RALPH H. HIGGINS
Attorney 704 N. Y. Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
Moto Koyama, Plaintiff, vs. Nastaro Ko-
yama, Defendant. Summons by Pub-
lication.
State of Washington to Nastaro Ko-
yama:
You are hereby commanded to appear
within sixty days after the date of
first publication of this Summons, to-
wit: within sixty days after the 24th
day of April, 1920, and defend the above
entitled action in the above entitled
court and answer the plaintiff's com-
plaint and serve a copy of such an-
swer on the undersigned attorney for
plaintiff at his office below stated, and
in case of your failure so to do, judg-
ment will be rendered against you ac-
cording to the demand of the complaint
which has been filed with the clerk of
said court.
The object of said action is to obtain
a divorce on the grounds of desertion
and non-support.
Dated at Seattle, Washington, April
21st, 1920.

RALPH H. HIGGINS
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address, 704 New
York Building, Seattle, Washington.
7t Apr 24- June 5

LUNDIN & BARTO
Attorneys Alaska Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, in and for the
County of King. In Probate
In the Matter of the Estate of Peter
Larson, Deceased. No. 16524
Notice of Hearing Final Report and
Petition for Distribution
Notice is hereby given that Louise
A. Cook, formerly Louise A. Larson,
executrix of the Estate of Peter Lar-
son has filed in the office of the Clerk
of said Court her final Report and pe-
tition for distribution, asking the Court
to settle said Report, distribute the
property to the persons thereto entitled
and to discharge said executrix; and
that said Report and petition will be
heard on the 8th day of June, 1920, at
9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the
Probate Department of said Court.
Dated this 4th day of May, 1920.
PERCY F. THOMAS
Clerk of said Court.
By GEORGE L. BERGER Deputy.
May 8th, — 4t — May 29th.

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. IX. NO. 22.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, MAY 29, 1920.

PRICE 10 CENTS

"PROBLEMS FOR THE MUNICIPAL LEAGUE"

DEAN MILLER

By Eimon L. Wienir

"It is through organization that American democracy is going to be redeemed; we are ceasing to be so individualistic and are becoming more co-operative in government," stated Dean Miller.

"One of the greatest weaknesses in American civic government lies in the administration of the law. The spirit of the frontier with its highly developed individualism on the one hand and the heavy mixture of population on the other is responsible for this. But the newspapers, movies, and our modern system of transportation and communication all tend to overcome this weakness. Ideals, today, move rapidly.

"There is scarcely a city in the country that begins to create a scientific budget. Yet a budget would greatly help to check extravagant expenditures and would put our civic governments on a business basis.

"Improvements would never be undertaken in good times when the city must compete with industry in paying high prices for labor and material. It is when hard times strike us that we should undertake improvements; for then do we not only pay less for them but we furnish work when work is needed most.

The Municipal League ought to be a clearing house for all civic organizations in the city, declared Dean Miller.

"The League should encourage and bring out good men for public office. Men who are making a fight for better govern-

(Continued on page 2)

PAUL P. WHITHAM
United States Trade Commisisoner in the Orient
To Address the Municipal League
Tuesday Noon, June 1

MEVES CAFETERIA—SECOND AND SENECA



MUNICIPAL NOTES

By Fred W. Catlett

In the belief that the most important matter before the city at the present time for determination is the proper basis upon which street car fares should be fixed, the League has arranged for a public discussion, under its auspices, at the Masonic Club Rooms in the Arcade Building, in the very near future, date to be announced later.

Councilmen Thomson and Erickson, Mayor Caldwell, former Superintendent of Public Utilities Thomas F. Murphine and Mr. Henderson will speak. A committee of the League has been appointed to investigate the question, to be present at this public meeting, which will be in the nature of a hearing, and to report to the League its findings and conclusions on the question. If there is time after the main speeches, the subject will be thrown open to public discussion for a short time.

It is not intended that any action should be taken at the meeting, nor will any action be in order. Care should also be exercised to concentrate the discussion upon the real question under investigation; that is, the proper basis for the fixing of the street car fares. The discussion will be useless if it is permitted to degenerate into a political discussion of how economies might have been made or should have been made which would have rendered any raise unnecessary.

SWC

MUNICIPAL NOTES

By Fred W. Catlett

The city faces a practical situation. The city lines have run and are running rapidly behind and the situation is so bad that it is very generally conceded that fares must either be raised or the general fund must pay the deficit. The real question at issue at the present time is whether the fares should be raised to such a point that the income of the road will pay not only the running expenses, but also the principal payments on the bonds issued for the purchase of the road, or the general fund be called upon to pay all of the deficit now accumulating or at least the principal payments upon the bonds.

Mr. Erickson proposes to keep the fare as it is and let the general fund take care not only of the deficit for operating expenses, but also the payments on the principal of the bonds. The mayor proposes such an increase of fare as will enable the road to pay operating expenses, but nothing on the principal of the bonds. Mr. Thomson proposes a fare which will enable the road to pay operating expenses and all proper charges and also the principal payments on the bonds, as they fall due.

Under no one of these proposals will the general fund be free from a very large contribution to the municipal street railway. This involuntary contribution occurs because of the lost taxes and payments which the private company previously made, but which the municipality does not have to make, and also the cost of certain services to the municipality which were previously furnished without cost to the citizens by the private company. We have nev-

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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Committee Chairmen and Trustees—

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Terms Expire May, 1921
Fred W. Catlett
Walter S. Johnson
L. D. Lewis
Frank P. Helsell
Edgar J. Wright

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

er seen an accurate statement of these amounts, and if any of our readers can furnish such a statement, we would be glad to have it. We have been informed, however, that the total is around \$1,000,000.00 a year. In any event, the contribution from the general fund at the present time is very substantial. The concrete question at the present time is, therefore, whether the contribution from the general fund shall be increased by \$833,000.00 a year, as proposed by Mayor Caldwell, or by from a million and a quarter to a million and a half, as proposed by Mr. Erickson. The discussion next Thursday ought to help to form public sentiment aright with reference to the settlement of this question.

* * *

The annual meeting of the League held on the 24th was distinctly encouraging. The League membership has increased during the year and its activities have strengthened and widened. The attendance was gratifyingly large and of high quality.

The success of the meeting raised the question in the minds of the trustees as to whether more frequent evening meetings might not be desirable. The noons are becoming overcrowded and the time permissible for the presentation of a subject or for debate is so short that it frequently proves wholly unsatisfactory.

If any members have sugges-

tions along this line, the trustees will be glad to consider them.

* * *

Our interest in the question of street railway fares should not prevent us from doing our part in securing the approval of the voters to the proposed increased levy for school purposes. There has been no opposition voiced in the press, but one hears it occasionally on the street.

Recent statements given out by Superintendent Cooper and Mr. Shorrock of the school board have caused some confusion of mind. The conflict in the statements was more apparent than real. Mr. Cooper's statement pointed out that approximately one-third of this increased levy over last year's levy was for the salary increases given to the teachers this year. Mr. Shorrock pointed out that a very considerable proportion of the 6.5 mill increased levy went to pay increases in teachers' salaries, the increases occurring, however, last year and this. As we read the statements, both are accurate, but are saying different things.

Neither statement, however, furnishes any argument against the passage of the proposed levy. Teachers' salaries were increased last year and have been increased again this year. The teachers did not obtain anything like what they desired, and, although there is a difference of opinion, as to whether they

should have had more, there is practically no difference of opinion that even with the increase of this year they are not getting too much.

A failure to approve the increased levy would make it almost impossible to operate the schools. This year the levy authorized was 13.5 mills and a failure to approve the proposed levy will limit the school board to ten mills. Operation of the school on the ten-mill basis seems almost inconceivable.

Consequently, in spite of the high tax rate, we think no one should contemplate a rejection of the proposal presented to the voters on June 15th.

* * *

At its meeting last Wednesday the council utilities and finance committees approved an increase of lighting rates, averaging about twenty per cent, and an increase in the monthly minimum charge from fifty to seventy-five cents.

These increases are made necessary by the advancing cost of production, particularly the increased cost of fuel oil. It is estimated that the increases will produce an additional revenue of \$300,000.00.

* * *

In pursuance of his announced policy of investigating the traction deal, Mayor Caldwell directed a letter to Corporation Counsel Meier asking whether there was anything which the city could do. Mr. Meier has replied advising that there are two things which the city might do if the facts justified action, but saying that he is without such facts and that the mayor has given him none.

If there is anything in the way of fraud or misrepresentation in connection with the sale, we should be glad to have it disclosed and Mr. Meier suggests that the way to go about it is to take the statements of the mayor, councilmen and other responsible city officials in office at that time. Mr. Caldwell himself, was Corporation Counsel during the early period of the negotiations and during the time when the misrepresentations were probably made, if made, for, according to his own statement, he resigned on the day when the city's offer was

made, which offer was later accepted by the company.

So far no evidence whatever has been suggested publicly constituting fraud or misrepresentation.

Edith and Flora were spending their vacation in the country.

"Do you know," said Edith "that young farmer tried to kiss me. He told me that he had never kissed any girl before."

"What did you tell him?" asked Flora.

"Why," replied Edith, "I told him I was no agriculture experiment station."

ANNUAL DINNER GREAT SUCCESS

By Eimon L. Wiener

The annual meeting of the League last Monday evening at The Washington Hotel Annex was a huge success from every standpoint. Not since before the war has the membership turned out as they did Monday night. Featured by an able address from Dean Stephen I. Miller, extemporaneous addressess by seven past presidents of the League, an address of welcome to new members by Edgar J. Wright and a most excellent musical selections by the University Church quartet the program went off with a dash that was truly inspiring.

James T. Lawler won the presidency from Carl J. Smith by a close margin of votes. Malcolm Douglas and Frank P. Helsell were elected vice-presidents. The following trustees were elected:

Edw. W. Allen, Howard A. Adams, A. H. Albertson, Geo. S. Kahin, Robert F. Sandall, and Jackson A. Silbaugh.

A. F. Bailey was elected treasurer to succeed Alexander Myers.

"PROBLEMS FOR THE MUNICIPAL LEAGUE"

(Continued from page 1)

ment should be supported by it. Other reforms urged by Dean Miller were scientific management of cities, the establishment of a Municipal research bureau by the League and an employment supervisor for city em-

ployees to bring out initiative, recommend promotions when due, and eliminate waste in departments.

Other things Dean Miller said, were:

"Modern government must hurry along to keep up with modern business."

"We have a long ways to go yet in order to make government truly representative."

"The term professional politician" is a misnomer; for professional embraces the idea of a trained mind, public service, and pride in its work. It is manifest that the politician today as we know him is not professional.

"We must give due credit to and speak laudably of good officials whenever and wherever possible."

FRED W. CATLETT

Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, for King County
In Probate

In the Matter of the Estate of Charles
F. Schneider, Deceased. No. 27337
Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the under-
signed has been appointed and has
qualified as Administratrix of the es-
tate of Charles F. Schneider, Deceased;
that all persons having claims against
said deceased are hereby required to
serve the same, duly verified, on said
Belle Schneider or her attorney of re-
cord at the address below stated, and
file the same with the Clerk of said
Court, together with proof of such ser-
vice within six months after the date
of first publication of this notice, or
the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, May 29th,
1920.

BELLE SCHNEIDER

Administratrix of said Estate
Address 613 Hoge Building.

FRED W. CATLETT, Attorney for Es-
tate, 613 Hoge Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
4t June 19.

J. L. BALDWIN

Attorney 71 Columbia St.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, for King County
In Probate

In the Matter of the Estate of Nels B.
Peterson, Deceased. No. 23668.
Notice of hearing Final Report and Pe-
tition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Karen
Mary Peterson, Executrix of the Es-
tate of Nels B. Peterson, Deceased, has
filed in the office of the Clerk of said
Court, final Report and petition for dis-
tribution, asking the Court to settle
said Report, distribute the property to
the persons thereto entitled and to dis-
charge said Executrix; and that said
Report and petition will be heard on
the 30th day of June, 1920, at 9:30 A.
M., at the Court Room of the Probate
Department of said Court.

Dated this 29th day of May, 1920.

PERCY F. THOMAS,

Clerk of said Court.

By H. C. Gordon Deputy.

4t June 19.

FRED W. CATLETT

Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for the
County of King.

Investors Bond & Mortgage Co., a cor-
poration, Plaintiff, vs. Rupert H.
Rooke and Sven H. Nordin, Defend-
ants. No. 143497.
Summons for Publication.

The State of Washington to the said
Rupert H. Rooke, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty (60) days after the first
publication of this summons, to-wit:
within sixty (60) days after the 29th
day of May, 1920, which is the date of
the first publication of this summons,
and defend the above entitled action in
the above entitled court; and answer
the complaint of the plaintiff and serve
a copy of your answer upon the under-
signed attorney for plaintiff, at his of-
fice below stated; and, in case of your
failure so to do, judgment will be ren-
dered against you according to the de-

mand of the complaint, which has been
filed with the Clerk of said Court.

Said cause of action is upon two cer-
tain promissory notes signed by you
and secured by a deed given by way of
mortgage upon a certain piece of prop-
erty, and for a foreclosure of said deed
by way of mortgage upon said property,
which is described as follows: East
one-half (1/2) of Lots Forty-five to
Forty-eight, inclusive, of Block One
(1) of Supplemental Plat of Cumber-
land Addition to the City of Seattle.

FRED W. CATLETT,

Attorney for Plaintiff
Office and P. O. Address: 613 Hoge
Building, Seattle, King County, Wash-
ington. 7t July 10

JACKSON SILBAUGH

Attorney Lyon Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for the County
of King. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of N. B.
Smith, Deceased. No. 23359. Notice
of Hearing Final Report and Petition
For Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Jackson
Silbaugh, administrator of the Estate
of N. B. Smith, deceased, has filed in
the office of the Clerk of said Court
his final Report and petition for dis-
tribution, asking the Court to settle
said Report, distribute the property to
the persons thereto entitled and to dis-
charge said administrator; and that said
Report and petition will be heard on
the 28th day of May, 1920, at 9:30 A.
M., at the Court Room of the Probate
Department of said Court.

Dated this 22nd day of April, 1920.

PERCY F. THOMAS,

Clerk of said Court.

By GEO. L. BERGER, Deputy.

First pub. Apr. 24, 1920 4t May 15

FRED W. CATLETT

Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Mary M.
Ziebarth, Deceased. No. 27304.
Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the un-
dersigned has been appointed and has
qualified as executor of the estate of
Mary M. Ziebarth, Deceased; that all
persons having claims against said de-
ceased are hereby required to serve
the same, duly verified, on said Fred
E. Sander or his attorney of record at
the address below stated, and file the
same with the Clerk of said Court,
together with proof of such service
within six months after the date of
first publication of this notice, or the
same will be barred.

Date of first publication April 24th,
1920.

FRED E. SANDER,

Executor of said Estate.

Address, Colman Building, Seattle.

FRED W. CATLETT, Attorney for Es-
tate, 613 Hoge Building, Seattle,
Wash.

First pub. Apr. 24, 1920 4t May 15

CHARLES H. HARTGE, Attorney, 521
Central Building.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County.
In Probate

In the Matter of the Estate of Isaac R.
Spilman, Deceased. No. 19133.
Notice of Sale of Real Estate.

Notice is hereby given that an order
has been made by the above entitled
court in the above entitled matter au-
thorizing and directing the undersigned,
as administratrix of the estate of the
above named deceased, to sell at private
sale the following described real prop-
erty:

Lot seven (7) in Block twenty-eight
(28) of Lake Union Addition to the
City of Seattle, except the East eighty
(80) feet of the North twenty (20) feet
of said lot, situated in King County,
State of Washington;

and notice is hereby given that the said
sale will be made on the first day of
June, 1920, at ten (10) o'clock A. M. of
said day or thereafter. Offers or bids
will be received by the undersigned for
the said property at 521 Central Build-
ing, Seattle, Washington, on said first
day of June, 1920, at 10 o'clock A. M.
or at any time thereafter until sale
shall be made. Terms of sale as fol-
lows: the purchaser to assume mort-
gage of Twenty-five Hundred Dollars
(\$2500.00) principal now on said prem-
ises and to pay the balance of the pur-
chase price in cash; sale to be by deed
executed by said administratrix after
confirmation of sale by said court.

Dated at Seattle, Washington, this
12th day of May, 1920.

SOPHIA A. SPILMAN

As Administratrix of the estate of Isaac
R. Spilman, deceased.

CHARLES H. HARTGE, Attorney for
Administratrix. Office and Postoffice
address: 521 Central Bldg., Seattle,
Washington.

May 15 - 22.

NELSON R. ANDERSON

Attorney 1723 L.C. Smith Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
R. Myers, Plaintiff, vs. Arvilla Myers,
Defendant. Summons for Publication.
No. 141989.

The State of Washington to the said
Arvilla Myers, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty days after the date of
the first publication of this summons,
to-wit: Within sixty days after the 3rd
day of April, 1920, and defend the
above entitled action in the above en-
titled court, and answer the complaint
of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of
your answer upon the undersigned at-
torney for plaintiff at his office below
stated; and in case of your failure so
to do, judgment will be rendered against
you according to the demand of the
complaint, which has been filed with
the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled ac-
tion is to secure a decree of divorce on
the grounds of desertion for more than
one year and incompatibility.

NELSON R. ANDERSON,

Attorney for Plaintiff,
P. O. Address, 1723 L. C. Smith Bldg.,
Seattle, King County, Washington.
First pub Apr 3, 1920 7t May 12

EDGAR J. WRIGHT

Attorney 1117 L. C. Smith Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Nuino-
suke Kobayashi, Deceased. No. 27343
Notice to Creditors

Notice is hereby given that the under-
signed has been appointed and has
qualified as administrator of the estate
of Nuinosuke Kobayashi, Deceased; that
all persons having claims against said
deceased are hereby required to serve
the same, duly verified, on said the
undersigned or his attorney of record
at the address below stated, and file
the same with the Clerk of said Court,
together with proof of such service
within six months after the date of
first publication of this notice, or the
same will be barred.

Date of first publication, May 1, 1920.

F. OKAZAKI,

Administrator of said Estate.

Address 1117 L. C. Smith Bldg., Seattle,

Wash.

EDGAR J. WRIGHT, Attorney for Es-
tate, 1117 L. C. Smith Bldg, Seattle,
Wash.

4t May 22

CARKEEK, McDONALD, HARRIS & CORYELL

Attorneys 1164 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Jessie
Parsons, Deceased. No. 27262.
Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the under-
signed has been appointed and has
qualified as administratrix of the estate
of Jessie Parsons, Deceased; that all
persons having claims against said de-
ceased are hereby required to serve the
same, duly verified, on said administra-
trix or her attorneys of record at the
address below stated, and file the same
with the Clerk of said Court, together
with proof of such service within six
months after the date of first publica-
tion of this notice, or the same will be
barred.

Date of first publication, May 1, 1920.

ADDIE M. PARSONS,

Administratrix of said Estate.

Address, 1164 Empire Bldg., Seattle,

Wash.

CARKEEK, McDONALD, HARRIS &
CORYELL, Attorneys for Estate,
1164 Empire Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

4t May 22

CARKEEK, McDONALD, HARRIS &
CORYELL, Attorneys, 1164 Empire
Bldg.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, for King County
In Probate

In the Matter of the Estate of Hans
Christian Christensen Astrup, De-
ceased. No. 27190.

Notice to Creditors

Notice is hereby given that the un-
dersigned has been appointed and has
qualified as Administrator with the will
annexed of the estate of Hans Chris-
tian Christensen Astrup, Deceased;
that all persons having claims against
said deceased are hereby required to
serve the same, duly verified, on said
Administrator with the will annexed, or
his attorneys of record at the address
below stated, and file the same with the
Clerk of said Court, together with
proof of such service within six months
after the date of first publication of
this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, May 15, 1920.

JOHN C. ASTRUP,

Administrator with the will annexed of
said Estate.

Address, 1164 Empire Bldg., Seattle,

Washington.

CARKEEK, McDONALD, HARRIS &
CORYELL, Attorneys for Estate,
1164 Empire Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

4t June 5.

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LUNDIN & BARTO
Attorneys 817 Alaska Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for the
County of King.
Paul Lustermann, Plaintiff, vs. Julie
Minna Lustermann, Defendant. No.
142590. Summons for Publication.
The State of Washington to Julie Min-
na Lustermann, Defendant:
You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty days after the date of the
first publication of this summons, to-
wit, within sixty days after the 17th
day of March, 1920, and defend the
above entitled action in the above en-
titled court and answer the complaint
of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of
your answer upon the undersigned at-
torneys for plaintiff, at their office be-
low stated; and in case of your failure
so to do, judgment will be rendered
against you according to the demand
of the complaint, which has been filed
with the clerk of said court.
The object and purpose of this action
is to quiet title in the plaintiff to Lot
20, Block 3, Patten's Addition to the
City of Seattle, according to the plat
thereof recorded in Volume 13 of
Plats, page 9, records of King County,
State of Washington, and to secure de-
cree that the said defendant has no
right, title or interest of any kind or
nature whatsoever in and to said real
property.

LUNDIN & BARTO,
Attorneys for Plaintiff,
Office and Post Office Address:
817-823 Alaska Building,
Seattle, Washington.
7t May 29

RALPH H. HIGGINS
Attorney 704 N. Y. Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
Moto Koyama, Plaintiff, vs. Nastaro Ko-
yama, Defendant. Summons by Pub-
lication.
State of Washington to Nastaro Ko-
yama:
You are hereby commanded to appear
within sixty days after the date of
first publication of this Summons, to-
wit: within sixty days after the 24th
day of April, 1920, and defend the above
entitled action in the above entitled
court and answer the plaintiff's com-
plaint and serve a copy of such an-
swer on the undersigned attorney for
plaintiff at his office below stated, and
in case of your failure so to do, judg-
ment will be rendered against you ac-
cording to the demand of the complaint
which has been filed with the clerk of
said court.
The object of said action is to obtain
a divorce on the grounds of desertion
and non-support.
Dated at Seattle, Washington, April
21st, 1920.


RALPH H. HIGGINS,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address, 704 New
York Building, Seattle, Washington.
7t Apr 24- June 5

LUNDIN & BARTO
Attorneys Alaska Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, in and for the
County of King. In Probate
In the Matter of the Estate of Peter
Larson, Deceased. No. 16524
Notice of Hearing Final Report and
Petition for Distribution
Notice is hereby given that Louise
A. Cook, formerly Louise A. Larson,
executrix of the Estate of Peter Lar-
son has filed in the office of the Clerk
of said Court her final Report and pe-
tition for distribution, asking the Court
to settle said Report, distribute the
property to the persons thereto entitled
and to discharge said executrix; and
that said Report and petition will be
heard on the 8th day of June, 1920, at
9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the
Probate Department of said Court.
Dated this 4th day of May, 1920.
PERCY F. THOMAS
Clerk of said Court.
By GEORGE L. BERGER Deputy.
May 8th, — 4t — May 29th.

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JUN 14 1920

Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. IX. NO. 23.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, JUNE 5, 1920.

PRICE 10 CENTS

OPPORTUNITY IN THE PHILLIPINES FOR SEATTLE

Reported by Eimon L. Weinir.

Emphasizing the fact that the Phillipine trade with the United States could be increased to a billion dollars annually, and that Seattle has a tremendous opportunity to share in this trade, Paul P. Whitham, United States trade commissioner, delivered an address Tuesday on "Manila as a Commercial Base" at a luncheon before the League.

Foreign trade of the islands amounts to \$235,000,000 a year, 62 percent of which is with the United States, declared Mr. Whitham. This represents, he said, but the bare touching of the islands' potentialities.

Of prime importance in development, he went on, is the enlarging of the existing wharf and terminal facilities, particularly in Manila; and he asserted it is up to America to assist in this as future trade will be more or less directly in proportion to the extent of this help.

The Phillipine authorities, he said, had already authorized a bond issue of \$10,000,000 to relieve the congestion in Manila harbor, intended to show America its good faith.

Not exploitation but the conservation and promotion of the best interests of the Phillipines was the policy America has pursued and should pursue in the future, he declared.

The Orient likes American methods of doing business, and particularly our policy of keeping an "open door"—of giving a free and equal opportunity for all.

The Islands should support a population of forty millions; now they have but ten millions. The

(Continued on page 3)

Public Hearing on Increase of Street Car Fare to be held at Masonic Club Rooms, Evening of June 11

J. D. ROSS, Superintendent of City Lighting Department, will address the Municipal League Tuesday Noon, June 8, on "The Proposed Tunnel Under Cedar Lake"

MEVES CAFETERIA—SECOND AND SENECA

The public meeting to be held under League auspices to discuss the proper basis for street car fares, originally scheduled for June 3rd, has been postponed to Friday, June 11th at the Masonic Club Hall in the Arcade Annex at eight o'clock P. M.

Councilman Thompson and Erickson will be present in person and Mayor Caldwell will send a communication. It is expected that Mr. Henderson and former Superintendent Murphine and two or three citizens will also appear on the speaking program. After the set program has been finished the question will be thrown open to discussion for a short time, the speeches being limited to three minutes each and of necessity confined strictly to the particular subject under discussion.

An invitation is extended to all citizens, whether members of the League or not, to be present.

THE CITY RAILWAY

By C. A. La Grave.

The Expenses of the City Railway for operation, maintenance and interest for the four months ending April 30th last, was \$2,081,183.89. Receipts for the same term were \$1,741,100.67.

On this basis the Expense for the year will be\$6,243,551.67
And the receipts 5,223,302.01

Showing a loss of \$1,020,249.66

This is exclusive of bond redemption, depreciation or other items which must be provided for in the near future. The addition of \$833,000—to the operating loss for bond redemption totals \$1,850,000 which must be met by an increase of revenues or a reduction of expenses.

Now, for the remedy:

There is no possibility of a reduction of expense to meet any great part of the deficit. An increase of revenue can be

(Continued on page 2)

MUNICIPAL NOTES

By Fred W. Catlett

Interest at the present time is centered upon the steps being taken to secure an investigation of the traction deal. Mayor Caldwell in a letter to the city council requested the council to instruct the corporation counsel to make an investigation. Councilman Moore introduced an ordinance appropriating \$5000 for an investigation by the mayor. At a meeting of the meeting of the Public Utilities Committee, attended by Mr. Moore and Mr. Tindall, the letter of the mayor was placed on file, and the amount to be appropriated for the investigation was increased to \$10,000, which was to be turned over to the mayor in cash, "relieving him of accounting for the expenditures made until after the investigation is completed." The committee expressed itself as being opposed to having the corporation counsel mixed up in the investigation in any other way than as the city's advisor.

The reason for this view was not stated. We think, however, there is a very good reason for not placing the investigation entirely in the hands of the corporation counsel, and that is that the corporation counsel lacks power to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents, and would thus be considerably handicapped in getting at the facts, and particularly facts and records possessed by the traction company.

We favor a thorough investigation of the traction deal. So far as we have heard and read, no facts have been stated tending to show either fraud in the consummation of the deal or graft or dishonesty on the part of any city official. There has been nothing except suspicion of the wildest

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

sort all too prevalent in our municipal life and thoroughly reprehensible. But, although so far as has yet appeared, the suspicion has no foundation in fact, still it is worth a reasonable cost to make a thorough probe of the matter to discover any fraud or dishonesty, if it existed, and, if not, to satisfy the minds of many reasonable people in doubt that there was no such fraud or dishonesty. We hope, also that the probe will be not only thorough but immediate, so that this issue may be out of the way and the city officials be free to take up the problems of street railway operation without that element of uncertainty now existing in the situation.

* * *

The mayor has asked the corporation counsel as to the legality of the payment by the general fund of the principal payment due upon bonds for the purchase of the traction system, due annually, beginning in 1922. So far we have not heard that any opinion has been rendered.

We believe that, were it not for the provision, inserted after considerable discussion, making the bonds a first lien upon the gross earnings of the road which provision automatically throws the burden of any deficit in maintenance and operation upon the general fund, there would be little doubt of the illegality of any attempt to pay out of the general funds these obligations secured only by the utility.

Whether the provision inserted should alter our conclusion, we

are not prepared to say. We have no doubt that the legality of any such payment will be thoroughly tested in court if it be attempted. We are prepared to re-affirm what we have previously asserted that, even if not strictly legal, such a procedure would be immoral and a positive fraud upon the general taxpayers of the city, for the reason that the lines were bought upon the express understanding that the road would be paid for out of its own earnings and would not be a burden to the general fund.

* * *

The suggestion has come from one of our members that the tenor of the comment in these columns for the past three or four weeks has been unfriendly to municipal ownership. The truth is quite the contrary. We have been contending merely for a fair and sane administration of the finances of our municipal lines, so that it might not be possible for outsiders to point to municipal ownership in Seattle as the classical example of how municipal ownership has been tried and failed. The City of Seattle has embarked upon the largest experiment in municipal ownership and operation yet attempted in this country, and we hope to see it succeed but it cannot succeed if not administered on sound principles and without consideration of political expediency.

So the doctor told you to go to a warmer climate. What was the nature of the trouble you consulted him about?

I went there to collect a bill.

OUR MUNICIPAL STREET CAR SYSTEM

By John Eddy Franklin

The purchase of the street car system was justified even at an extortionate price. A rapidly growing city cannot afford a complete break down of its rapid transit facilities. We were on the eve of this experience and there was no choice save to buy out the company at the lowest price it would accept.

Moreover the experience of every large city has proven that the private corporation—greedy for gain—neither fears God nor regards man. It never observes franchise obligations and is always a corrupting influence in city politics.

Whether the street cars have made expenses during the past year cannot be determined by any formula of accounting or other tests yet suggested. If the bond interest and operating expenses have been paid and the track and equipment are in as good condition as a year ago the street car system has been self-supporting, otherwise it has not. It is not true to say that the street railway system lost money if it has not also accumulated a fund to retire purchase price bonds. No private corporation ever figures in this way. When a bonded debt comes due it is always refunded—not paid. Ultimately our street cars ought to accumulate some profit to pay on the purchase price bonds but he would be a fool to expect such an outcome this past year with all operating expenses and maintenance charges greatly increased and with fares remaining as heretofore.

It is absurd to say that the life of a street car system is only twenty five years and that it then has practically no value. That therefore in addition to expenses and maintenance it must accumulate funds to amortize its original cost; that if it cannot do this it is really a losing proposition.

The fact is no street car system is either built or operated on the idea that it has a limited life.

The ordinary maintenance charged out of the income takes care of renewals of cars—ties—rails and other equipment so that any well operated street car system is worth as much at the end

of twenty five or thirty years as it was the day it was completed. It is usually worth more, for in renewing its equipment it has gotten improved cars and has put down heavier rails and better ties.

With abnormal expenses to meet the street car system must have greater revenue or become an unfair burden on the tax payer. To my mind the logical thing to do is not to raise fares but to abolish transfers. By this course the income will be greatly increased. Every street car manager knows that a large item in the expense of operating and maintenance both of track and cars is stopping and starting. It consumes time; it grinds the track; it racks the equipment. This service is performed twice for the man who takes a transfer and why should he not pay more than the man who does not exact this double service.

THE CITY RAILWAY

(Continued from page 1)

secured by:

1. A zone system which seems to be the best and fairest plan.

2. A flat increase of fare to 7c—assuming that there would be no loss of business therefrom there would be an increase of receipts for the year of \$2,089,000—or \$239,000 more than the deficit.

3. A tax levy of approximately 8 mills to meet the current deficit for the year. In view of the fact that there is already in sight a great increase over last year's tax levy this alternative should not be considered.

There will be in addition to the foregoing a deficit at June 10th when the City Treasurer stops paying warrants of approximately \$800,000, made up of overdraft, warrants outstanding, unaudited, claims and pay rolls, and unless this is provided for at once the finances of the Railway will be in a desperate condition immediately after June 10th.

I have not taken into account any provision for a depreciation reserve which should be provided for but is too heavy a load to handle at present.

Some desks would make a good golf course—plenty of 19th holes.

'Ring Out Wild Bells' will now lose its popularity at 3:10.

OPPORTUNITY IN THE PHILIPPINES FOR SEATTLE

(Continued from page 1)

Filipinos, themselves, favor the importation of labor to develop the islands, but are inclined to have the federal government and commercial interests of America carry on further improvements. "We didn't get a 'lemon' when we secured the Philippines; neither did we spend our money in developing them. On the contrary, we spent their money in building roads, schools, etc. It can be truly said that they developed themselves, under American guidance" concluded Mr. Whitham.

FRED W. CATLETT

Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County In Probate
In the Matter of the Estate of Charles F. Schneider, Deceased. No. 27337
Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Administrator of the estate of Charles F. Schneider, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Belle Schneider or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication, May 29th, 1920.

BELLE SCHNEIDER

Administratrix of said Estate
Address 613 Hoge Building.
FRED W. CATLETT, Attorney for Estate, 613 Hoge Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
4t June 19.

J. L. BALDWIN

Attorney 71 Columbia St.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County In Probate
In the Matter of the Estate of Nels B. Peterson, Deceased. No. 23668.
Notice of hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Karen Mary Peterson, Executrix of the Estate of Nels B. Peterson, Deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said Executrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 30th day of June, 1920, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.
Dated this 29th day of May, 1920.

PERCY F. THOMAS,
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. Gordon
Deputy.
4t June 19.

FRED W. CATLETT

Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for the County of King.
Investors Bond & Mortgage Co., a corporation, Plaintiff, vs. Rupert H. Rooke and Sven H. Nordin, Defendants. No. 143497.
Summons for Publication.
The State of Washington to the said Rupert H. Rooke, Defendant:
You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 29th day of May, 1920, which is the date of the first publication of this summons, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court; and answer the complaint of the plaintiff and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff, at his office below stated; and, in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the de-

mand of the complaint, which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court.

Said cause of action is upon two certain promissory notes signed by you and secured by a deed given by way of mortgage upon a certain piece of property, and for a foreclosure of said deed by way of mortgage upon said property, which is described as follows: East one-half (1/2) of Lots Forty-five to Forty-eight, inclusive, of Block One (1) of Supplemental Plat of Cumberland Addition to the City of Seattle.

FRED W. CATLETT,
Attorney for Plaintiff
Office and P. O. Address: 613 Hoge Building, Seattle, King County, Washington.
7t July 10

JACKSON SILBAUGH

Attorney Lyon Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of N. B. Smith, Deceased. No. 23359. Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Jackson Silbaugh, administrator of the Estate of N. B. Smith, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said administrator; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 28th day of May, 1920, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.
Dated this 22nd day of April, 1920.

PERCY F. THOMAS,
Clerk of said Court.
By GEO. L. BERGER, Deputy.
First pub. Apr. 24, 1920 4t May 15

FRED W. CATLETT

Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Mary M. Ziebarth, Deceased. No. 27304.
Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as executor of the estate of Mary M. Ziebarth, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Fred E. Sander or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication April 24th, 1920.

FRED E. SANDER,
Executor of said Estate.
Address, Colman Building, Seattle.
FRED W. CATLETT, Attorney for Estate, 613 Hoge Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Apr. 24, 1920 4t May 15

CHARLES H. HARTGE, Attorney, 521 Central Building.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Isaac R. Spilman, Deceased. No. 19133.
Notice of Sale of Real Estate.

Notice is hereby given that an order has been made by the above entitled court in the above entitled matter authorizing and directing the undersigned, as administratrix of the estate of the above named deceased, to sell at private sale the following described real property:

Lot seven (7) in Block twenty-eight (28) of Lake Union Addition to the City of Seattle, except the East eighty (80) feet of the North twenty (20) feet of said lot, situated in King County, State of Washington;

and notice is hereby given that the said sale will be made on the first day of June, 1920, at ten (10) o'clock A. M. of said day or thereafter. Offers or bids will be received by the undersigned for the said property at 521 Central Building, Seattle, Washington, on said first day of June, 1920, at 10 o'clock A. M. or at any time thereafter until sale shall be made. Terms of sale as follows: the purchaser to assume mortgage of Twenty-five Hundred Dollars (\$2500.00) principal now on said premises and to pay the balance of the purchase price in cash; sale to be by deed executed by said administratrix after confirmation of sale by said court.
Dated at Seattle, Washington, this 12th day of May, 1920.

SOPHIA A. SPILMAN
As Administratrix of the estate of Isaac R. Spilman, deceased.
CHARLES H. HARTGE, Attorney for Administratrix. Office and Postoffice address: 521 Central Bldg., Seattle, Washington.
May 15 - 22.

NELSON R. ANDERSON

Attorney 1723 L.C. Smith Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County R. Myers, Plaintiff, vs. Arvilla Myers, Defendant. Summons for Publication. No. 141989.

The State of Washington to the said Arvilla Myers, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: Within sixty days after the 3rd day of April, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is to secure a decree of divorce on the grounds of desertion for more than one year and incompatibility.

NELSON R. ANDERSON

Attorney for Plaintiff,
P. O. Address, 1723 L. C. Smith Bldg., Seattle, King County, Washington.
First pub Apr 3, 1920 7t May 12

EDGAR J. WRIGHT

Attorney 1117 L. C. Smith Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Nuinosuke Kobayashi, Deceased. No. 27343
Notice to Creditors

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as administrator of the estate of Nuinosuke Kobayashi, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said the undersigned or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication, May 1, 1920.

F. OKAZAKI,
Administrator of said Estate.
Address 1117 L. C. Smith Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
EDGAR J. WRIGHT, Attorney for Estate, 1117 L. C. Smith Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
4t May 22

CARKEEK, McDONALD, HARRIS & CORYELL

Attorneys 1164 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Jessie Parsons, Deceased. No. 27262.
Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as administratrix of the estate of Jessie Parsons, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administratrix or her attorneys of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication, May 1, 1920.

ADDIE M. PARSONS,
Administratrix of said Estate.
Address, 1164 Empire Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

CARKEEK, McDONALD, HARRIS & CORYELL, Attorneys for Estate, 1164 Empire Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
4t May 22

CARKEEK, McDONALD, HARRIS & CORYELL, Attorneys, 1164 Empire Bldg.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County In Probate

In the Matter of the Estate of Hans Christian Christensen Astrup, Deceased. No. 27190.

Notice to Creditors

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Administrator with the will annexed of the estate of Hans Christian Christensen Astrup, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Administrator with the will annexed, or his attorneys of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication, May 15, 1920.

JOHN C. ASTRUP,

Administrator with the will annexed of said Estate.

Address, 1164 Empire Bldg., Seattle, Washington.

CARKEEK, McDONALD, HARRIS & CORYELL, Attorneys for Estate, 1164 Empire Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
4t June 5.

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LUNDIN & BARTO
Attorneys 817 Alaska Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for the
County of King.
Paul Lustermann, Plaintiff, vs. Julie
Minne Lustermann, Defendant. No.
142590. Summons for Publication.
The State of Washington to Julie Min-
na Lustermann, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty days after the date of the
first publication of this summons, to-
wit, within sixty days after the 17th
day of March, 1920, and defend the
above entitled action in the above en-
titled court and answer the complaint
of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of
your answer upon the undersigned at-
torneys for plaintiff, at their office be-
low stated; and in case of your failure
so to do, judgment will be rendered
against you according to the demand
of the complaint, which has been filed
with the clerk of said court.

The object and purpose of this action
is to quiet title in the plaintiff to Lot
20, Block 3, Patten's Addition to the
City of Seattle, according to the plat
thereof recorded in Volume 13 of
Plats, page 9, records of King County,
State of Washington, and to secure de-
cree that the said defendant has no
right, title or interest of any kind or
nature whatsoever in and to said real
property.

LUNDIN & BARTO,
Attorneys for Plaintiff,
Office and Post Office Address:
817-823 Alaska Building,
Seattle, Washington.

7t May 29

RALPH H. HIGGINS
Attorney 704 N. Y. Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
Moto Koyama, Plaintiff, vs. Nastro Ko-
yama, Defendant. Summons by Pub-
lication.
State of Washington to Nastro Ko-
yama:

You are hereby commanded to appear
within sixty days after the date of
first publication of this Summons, to-
wit: within sixty days after the 24th
day of April, 1920, and defend the above
entitled action in the above entitled
court and answer the plaintiff's com-
plaint and serve a copy of such an-
swer on the undersigned attorney for
plaintiff at his office below stated, and
in case of your failure so to do, judg-
ment will be rendered against you ac-
cording to the demand of the complaint
which has been filed with the clerk of
said court.

The object of said action is to obtain
a divorce on the grounds of desertion
and non-support.

Dated at Seattle, Washington, April
21st, 1920.

RALPH H. HIGGINS,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
Office and Post Office Address, 704 New
York Building, Seattle, Washington.
7t Apr 24- June 5

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for the County
of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of William
J. Weir, Deceased. No. 25393.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and
Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that A. C.
Emmons, Executor of the Estate of
William J. Weir has filed in the office
of the Clerk of said Court his final Re-
port and petition for distribution, ask-
ing the Court to settle said Report, dis-
tribute the property to the persons
thereto entitled and to discharge said
A. C. Emmons; and that said Report
and petition will be heard on the 2nd
day of July, 1920, at 9:30 A. M., at the
Court Room of the Probate Department
of said Court.

Dated this 1st day of June, 1920.

PERCY F. THOMAS

Clerk of said Court.

By H. C. Gordon

Deputy.

First Pub. June 5. 4t. - June 26.

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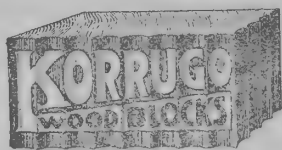
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JUN 21 1929

Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. IX. NO. 24.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, JUNE 12, 1920.

PRICE 10 CENTS

STATES POSITION ON CAR FARE INCREASE

June 8th, 1920.

Mr. James T. Lawler,
President Municipal League,
Seattle, Washington.

Dear Sir:-

I am in receipt of your letter of June 1st, advising me that a discussion of the Street Car situation will be held by the Municipal League on the evening of June the 11th. As I will not be able to be present at such meeting I am submitting the following statement for your information and consideration.

At a meeting in my office on the 7th inst. seven out of the eight councilmen now in the city voted to pass an ordinance raising the street car fare to seven cents, with certain modifications, and providing for the sale of tokens or tickets. I decided to sign such an ordinance if passed, and my reasons for doing so are hereinafter set out.

While at a formal meeting in my office, at which this matter was discussed with the City Council and Advisory Committee, I made the proposal for discussion that we might consider the advisability of paying the installments on the principal as they became due out of the General Fund, which would probably require an authorizing vote of the people, I have concluded for the following reasons that the necessary funds should be raised by increasing the rates of fare.

(1) In the first place, the holders of the fifteen million dollars of bonds must look to the receipts from the operation of the street cars. I am unwilling to place these bond holders in any better position than they now are. Should we undertake to transfer

(Continued on page 2)

THE SCHOOL ELECTION

By Fred W. Catlett.

Of primary importance this coming week will be the school election on Tuesday, when the voters will have presented to them the question whether the school board shall be permitted to levy an additional tax of 6 and one-half mills for school purposes.

It is difficult for us to see how there can be two opinions upon this matter. The increased levy must either be voted, or the schools must be operated during the coming year upon a ten mill levy. As the board has had great difficulty in keeping the school expenses this present year within the 13 and one-half mill levy authorized last year, one can readily imagine the situation which would develop if the increased levy should fail.

In spite of our very large tax rate, the increased school expense is a necessity, or should be regarded as a necessity which cannot be avoided. The teachers are entitled to the increase which has been granted them, and, although they have been disappointed in not receiving as large an increase as they hoped for, it nevertheless seems probable that the great majority of them will loyally accept the salary schedule as fixed by the board and will remain with the schools. It has been said that if the levy did not pass, more than three hundred of the teaching force, in addition to the normal number of withdrawals, would resign from the service. Such resignations as will occur on that account will very likely be from the most energetic and efficient teachers in our schools and Seattle cannot afford to have such withdrawals occur.

Make it a point to see that you and your family vote early on Tuesday and show enough interest in the matter to speak to or call up half a dozen of your friends and urge them to vote.

MUNICIPAL NOTES

By Fred W. Catlett

The mass meeting scheduled by the League for June 11th was given up as soon as it appeared that the mayor and city council had determined to raise the fares upon the street railway lines to seven cents. This decision has been criticised on the ground that it is but a temporary solution, as the rate will not supply sufficient funds to pay running expenses, provide for the payment of the principal of the bonds and also provide for desirable extensions and improvements, but we are inclined to think that it is a reasonable settlement of the fare situation.

No one can forecast with accuracy just what the increase in income will be from the advanced fare. According to the estimate made by Mr. Henderson that fare should produce a small surplus above expenses and the necessities of the payments on the principal. In addition, Mr. Henderson may be able to save some further amount by economies and the jitney regulations which have been recently announced will almost entirely eliminate the jitney as a competitor of the street railway, thus increasing the revenue of the latter. A letter written by the mayor for presentation at this meeting is reprinted elsewhere in our columns and states very adequate grounds, we think for the proposed increase.

An additional reply to the criticism previously voiced is that it is not likely that a majority of the legislative body could have been brought to a larger fare than seven cents, and it is certainly not yet clearly apparent that any larger fare will be necessary.

* * *

Mayor Caldwell has sent in a recommendation to the city

**REGULAR MEETING WILL BE HELD TUESDAY
NOON JUNE 15 at Meves Cafeteria - 2nd and
Seneca.**

**OPEN DISCUSSION - PROBLEMS FOR THE
LEAGUE - Committee reports.**

Last meeting before adjournment for summer.

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

Published Weekly by the
MUNICIPAL LEAGUE OF SEATTLE
 1915 First Avenue Telephone Main 6282

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 Fred W. Catlett
 Walter S. Johnson
 L. D. Lewis
 Frank P. Helsell
 Edgar J. Wright
 Ex-officio Trustee

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

council that a commission be appointed to make a survey of conditions at Cedar Falls and formulate a plan for developing the city's Hydro electric plant there. One of the duties of this commission would undoubtedly be to examine carefully into the proposal made by Superintendent Ross and detailed and illustrated by him at our meeting last Tuesday. The mayor's suggestion would seem to be the sensible one.

* * *

The regulations prepared by Major Reeves, the Superintendent of Public Utilities, governing jitney operation in the future will eliminate the jitneys from the down-town streets and along the tracks of the municipal street railway, except for small distances. The down-town terminus of the Broadway, Capital Hill and Cowen Park Lines is fixed at Seventh Avenue between Olive and Stewart; that of the East Union and East Madison lines at Ninth Avenue between Hubbell Place and Pike Street; the Phinney Avenue and Fremont-Ballard lines at Fifth avenue between Stewart and Virginia Streets; the Alki and Gatewood lines at King Street between First Avenue South and Occidental Avenue; and the Rainier Valley and 31st and Jackson St. lines at Main Street between Fourth and Fifth Avenues. Each jitney would follow a specified route and operate on a specified time schedule and increased service would be provided during the peak hours.

These regulations are undoub-

tedly stringent and will cut off so much of the traffic that we do not see how jitneys operation can be profitably continued.

* * *

We notice that petitions are now in circulation in the City of Everett for signatures, requesting a special election for the selection of fifteen freeholders to prepare a new charter for submission to the voters. It is said that the movement is sponsored by those who desire a change from the present commission form to the old mayor and ward council form, with possible provisions for the appointment of a city manager.

MAYOR CALDWELL STATES POSITION ON CAR FARE INCREASE

(Continued from page 1)

the payment of the principal as an obligation on the General Fund, it would make the bonds gilt edge security and would probably enhance their value one or two million dollars. Under present changing conditions in modes of transportation no person is able to say that in ten years from now transportation on our surface railways will not be as obsolete as horse-car transportation is now. Under the ordinance consummating the purchase, the city obligated itself to charge a sufficient rate to pay the principal and interest. Beyond this, however, its obligation does not extend. Consequently, if ten years from now--to use an arbitrary date for purposes of il-

lustration--the present mode of travel is so obsolete that people are unwilling to use it, it may be necessary to continue the increase of rates in an effort to obtain enough receipts to make the payments, until ultimately the rate charged would further deter the use of this mode of transportation. We could then no longer operate the lines; the operation supplying all demands would be so limited as to produce insufficient revenue to make the payments to the bond holders. Under such a contingency the bondholders would doubtless be in a precarious position, and I know of no way in which they could enforce the collection of the amount due on the bonds. Consequently, I am unwilling to adopt any course now that would create a general fund obligation, thus making gilt edge security of what is now only a special fund obligation.

(2) The statement has been made, and properly so I think, that the Street Car System is a benefit to the whole city--not merely to those who ride upon it; and it has been suggested that for this reason a portion of the burden we are now carrying on our Street Railway should be born by the tax payers; that all of it should not be paid by the car riders. The answer to this in my opinion, is that the tax payers, whose money goes to make up the General Fund of the city, are carrying approximately a half million dollars of the burden which they did not have when the Street Car Lines were privately owned. For instance, we obtained revenue from the private owners of the car lines, about \$400,000.00 in general taxes, and about \$80,000.00 a year as 2 per cent of the Gross Earnings Tax. This money is now being made up by additional taxes upon other property in the city. Besides this, additional clerks have been employed in the Law department, Purchasing Department, Comptroller's and Treasurer's Departments, who are paid out of the General Fund, but whose employment was necessitated by our taking over the Street Car Lines. Consequently, it may be said that about \$500,000.00 of the \$750,000.00 annual interest being paid to the bondholders is borne by the general tax payers. Therefore, the general property owner is now contributing to the mu-

nicipal operation of the Street Railways.

(3) The County Assessor informs me that the average tax rate of the City of Seattle is 70.44 mills; that by reason of the State School Law passed by the 1920 Legislature 3.47 mills will be added to the present levy, making an average levy of 73.91 mills for next year. To this will doubtless be added the 6.50 mills--the City School Levy to be voted on by the people this month, raising the average levy to 80.41 mills. The elimination from the tax-rolls of the Street Railways, which were valued for taxation at \$5,640,000.00 will necessitate increasing the rate on the remaining property, as referred to in the preceding paragraph; so that there is no doubt but that the levy for the coming year will be between 80 and 85 mills, a rate unprecedented in the state, and existing nowhere else in the country, so far as I am informed. Needless to say, under such a condition additional revenues should be raised if possible in some manner other than by adding to our already burdensome tax rate.

(4) The residents of Rainier Valley in paying a seven cent fare upon the Rainier Valley lines, should not be further burdened by a general tax to make up any deficit on the other Street Railway lines. They pay their own car fare, and it is unjust to ask them to pay the fares of others besides, as they would be doing if they had to pay as part of their taxes any further portion of the Municipal Railway expenses.

(5) By raising additional funds through increase of car fare will be collecting from transients and those who do not now pay any real or personal tax. In view of the unenviable rate of taxation which we will have to stand, deriving revenue from additional car fare seems to me the most logical course to pursue at this time.

Yours truly,

HUGH M. CALDWELL

MAYOR

ROSS EXPLAINS CEDAR LAKE TUNNEL PLAN

Reported by Eimon L. Wiener.

J. D. Ross, superintendent of the city lighting department advanced arguments favoring the building of an 8500 foot tunnel

under Cedar Lake in an address before the Municipal League Tuesday.

The most cogent argument in favor of the plan, stated Ross, is that it will cost nearly as much to replace the two large pipes from Cedar Lake to Masonry dam as it would to carry to completion the tunnel project. New pipes, he stated, must soon replace the old pipes which have been in use for sixteen years.

Mr. Ross estimates that the total cost of this project will be \$1,100,000, and when completed it will make effective an increase of current of from 5000 k. w. per hour to 28,000 k. w. per hour the whole year round.

"When the present dam began to leak," stated Mr. Ross, "I was enthusiastic for sealing it. But I soon discovered that sealing was ineffective; the results of the \$400,000 spent in sealing being practically nil. It would cost several million dollars to seal it properly, and then we would get MUMY."

Only half the power that we could get under the tunnel plan.

The ground through which the tunnel can be built is solid rock thus being ideally suited for tunneling.

"A conservative estimate is that it will take three years before the Skagit river plant will be in operation. In the meanwhile the department is carrying the burden of the steam plant at Lake Union, which, last year, cost us a half million dollars for fuel oil alone. This year the cost will be even higher."

Mr. Ross estimated that the project could be carried through in about six months time.

Stereoptican slides illustrated the address.

REPORT

TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE MUNICIPAL LEAGUE OF SEATTLE ON THE WORK OF THE MEMBERSHIP COMMITTEE (COME 7 COMMITTEE) COVERING THE CAMPAIGN OF TWO WEEKS. BEGINNING APRIL 25th AND ENDING MAY 8th, 1920.

Your Membership Committee in charge of the campaign for new members covering the period of April 25th to May 8th inclusive renders the following report:

1 New members secured - 60.

2 Estimate of prospective members who very probably will be secured within the near future - 40.

3 Outline of the activities of the Committee. Attached is a copy of the plan followed by the Committee in its work.

4 Reasons for continuation of the Committee.

The Membership, or Come 7 Committee, at its last meeting, Thursday, May 6th, in addition to summarizing its work during the campaign, felt that it was your intention in creating the Committee, and therefore the duty of the Committee, to consider the matter of whether or not its efforts should be continued since its life was not limited, and certain other matters appearing to be important to the Committee which have naturally arisen as a result of the Committee's efforts.

a On the first point, that of the life of the Committee, it appeared to the membership that the work which has been started should not be discontinued even though the past two weeks has been considered as the period of the campaign. Continued efforts appeared to the Committee to be advantageous for three reasons.

1 Several members of the Committee have not yet secured their full quota of seven members.

2 Some members of the Committee have not, according to the reports which have reached the Secretary, appointed their assistants and unless this is done the self-perpetuating or continuous chain idea on this matter would be lost.

3 It has been impossible to complete that part of the plan of the Committee which provided for the presentation of the cause of the Municipal League before the various business, commercial and civic organizations of the city and it is considered by the Committee to be highly important that this be continued until every organization in the city has been reached and its members given an opportunity to join the League.

Therefore the Committee recommends that it be continued, and as a result of its experience during the past two weeks presumes to offer the following brief outline of suggested activities as a supplement to the plan which

has been followed during the past two weeks, copy attached, for your consideration and the consideration of the succeeding chairman.

5 Suggested plan of future action.

a That the Chairmanship be changed every two weeks.

1 It is the judgment of the Committee that it is impossible to find a chairman of the Membership Committee who could continue at that post of duty indefinitely and give the Committee the services which it needs. Moreover it appears to the Committee that it would profit by succeeding Chairmen at brief periods. It is therefore suggested that the Chairmanship be changed every two weeks.

2 Since the present chairman was given full authority to organize, plan and direct the work during the campaign just ended he was advised by the members of the Committee that it was their judgment that he had power to appoint a chairman to succeed himself in conformity with the proposed plan. He accordingly has presumed to appoint, with the approval of the President, Mr. Howard W. Adams as the succeeding Chairman.

b It is further suggested that a Special Speakers Auxiliary to the Come 7 Committee be organized, in order that the work of presenting the cause of the Municipal League to the various organizations of the city, mentioned above, may be done in the most expeditious and efficient manner.

(Concluded next issue)

"I see you have a scarecrow in your field," said the vacationist to the old farmer. "Do you find

it effective?"

"Suttinly!" replied the farmer. "So many blamed tramps cross over to see if the clothes are worth stealin', it keeps the birds away."

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate. In the Matter of the Estate of William J. Weir, Deceased. No. 25393. Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution. Notice is hereby given that A. C. Emmons, Executor of the Estate of William J. Weir has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said A. C. Emmons; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 2nd day of July, 1920, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 1st day of June, 1920.
PERCY F. THOMAS
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. Gordon
Deputy.

First Pub. June 5. 4t. - June 26.

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FRED W. CATLETT
 Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington in and for the
 County of King.
 Investors Bond & Mortgage Co., a cor-
 poration, Plaintiff, vs. Rupert H.
 Rooke and Sven H. Nordin, Defend-
 ants No. 143497
 Summons for Publication.
 The State of Washington to the said
 Rupert H. Rooke, Defendant:
 You are hereby summoned to appear
 within sixty (60) days after the first
 publication of this summons, to-wit:
 within sixty (60) days after the 29th
 day of May, 1920, which is the date of
 the first publication of this summons,
 and defend the above entitled action in
 the above entitled court; and answer
 the complaint of the plaintiff and serve
 a copy of your answer upon the under-
 signed attorney for plaintiff, at his of-
 fice below stated; and, in case of your
 failure so to do, judgment will be ren-
 dered against you according to the de-
 mand of the complaint, which has been
 filed with the Clerk of said Court.
 Said cause of action is upon two cer-
 tain promissory notes signed by you
 and secured by a deed given by way of
 mortgage upon a certain piece of prop-
 erty, and for a foreclosure of said deed
 by way of mortgage upon said property,
 which is described as follows: East
 one-half (1/2) of Lots Forty-five to
 Forty-eight, inclusive, of Block One
 (1) of Supplemental Plat of Cumber-
 land Addition to the City of Seattle.
FRED W. CATLETT.
 Attorney for Plaintiff
 Office and P. O. Address: 613 Hoge
 Building, Seattle, King County, Wash-
 ington. 7t July 10

FRED W. CATLETT
 Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, for King County
 In Probate
 In the Matter of the Estate of Charles
 F. Schneider, Deceased, No. 27337
 Notice to Creditors.
 Notice is hereby given that the under-
 signed has been appointed and has
 qualified as Administratrix of the es-
 tate of Charles F. Schneider, Deceased;
 that all persons having claims against
 said deceased are hereby required to
 serve the same, duly verified, on said
 Belle Schneider or her attorney of rec-
 ord at the address below stated, and
 file the same with the Clerk of said
 Court, together with proof of such ser-
 vice within six months after the date
 of first publication of this notice, or
 the same will be barred.
 Date of first publication, May 29th,
 1920.
BELLE SCHNEIDER
 Administratrix of said Estate
 Address 613 Hoge Building.
FRED W. CATLETT, Attorney for Es-
 tate, 613 Hoge Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
 4t June 19.

J. L. BALDWIN
 Attorney 71 Columbia St.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, for King County
 In Probate
 In the Matter of the Estate of Nels B.
 Peterson, Deceased, No. 23668.
 Notice of hearing Final Report and Pe-
 tition for Distribution.
 Notice is hereby given that Karen
 Mary Peterson, Executrix of the Es-
 tate of Nels B. Peterson, Deceased, has
 filed in the office of the Clerk of said
 Court final Report and petition for dis-
 tribution, asking the Court to settle
 said Report, distribute the property to
 the persons thereto entitled and to dis-
 charge said Executrix; and that said
 Report and petition will be heard on
 the 30th day of June, 1920, at 9:30 A.
 M., at the Court Room of the Probate
 Department, of said Court.
 Dated this 29th day of May, 1920.
PERCY M. THOMAS,
 Clerk of said Court.
 By H. C. Gordon
 Deputy.

4t June 19.

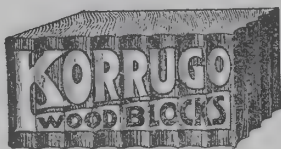
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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. IX. NO. 25.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, JUNE 19, 1920.

PRICE 10 CENTS

COMMITTEE APPROVES CAR FARE INCREASE

To the Municipal League
of Seattle:
Gentlemen:

Your special committee, to whom was referred the question of the proper rate of fare to be charged on our municipally operated street car lines, begs to report as follows:

In acquiring the lines operated by the Puget Sound Traction Light and Power Company, the city obligated itself to charge a rate of fare that would yield sufficient revenue to meet operating charges, interest, and provide a sinking fund for redemption of principle. The Traction Company burdened as it was with the obligations to pay taxes, two per cent of its gross earnings and upkeep of streets between the tracks, found it impossible to meet the increasing wage demands and cost of materials for operation and fulfill its franchise obligations and have anything for the stock-holders and it was only by concessions as respects paving between the tracks and waiving the two per cent of earnings conditions that they survived. The run down condition of the equipment is well known. In the U. S. thirteen per cent of the total electric mileage was in the receiver's hands April, 1919.

The train-men's wages, formerly from twenty-two to twenty-four cents per hour, are now from fifty-nine to sixty-five cents per hour, plus additional five cents to grip-men and four cents for the one-man car operators, which is an increase of over one hundred per cent in the wage item.

It is shown that in the years 1914-15-16 the cost of operation per car mile was fifteen cents

In accordance with the custom of the League to adjourn for the summer no meetings will be held during the rest of this month, July, and August unless otherwise announced.

WHAT BRANCHES OF CIVIC IMPROVEMENT ARE YOU INTERESTED IN?

The officers of the League are about to decide on the personnel of committees for ensuing year. They desire to appoint men who are willing and able to serve. Indicate your willingness to serve and preference, if you have one, by writing to or phoning the secretary, 510 Central Building. Phone Main 476



and at the present time twenty-eight cents or practically double. Therefore, it is patent that greater revenues must be derived if the growing deficit already apparent is to be overcome.

Investigation of results of increasing fares in other cities indicates that there is a point where the increase ceases to be productive, but operates to diminish revenues. A fare of six or seven cents, however, has been found productive of substantial increases in revenues in Baltimore, Boston, Chicago, New Orleans, and other cities, and while we do not anticipate that a two cents raise in fares will operate to yield forty per cent additional revenues, we are of the opinion that one cent extra (or six cents) would not be adequate to meet requirements.

Your committee believes that the transfer privilege now in operation should not be disturbed, nor should the rate of fare

charged school children.

We furthermore believe that no part of the operating expense should be imposed upon the tax payers other than is already indirectly assessed them through the loss of income of taxes formerly paid by the Traction Company, amounting to approximately four hundred thousand dollars, which of course will have to be made up by the general tax payer. We feel it would work an injustice to many who do not have occasion to patronize the city's lines to tax them for carrying other people and it is part of the agreement under the bond that the road itself is the sole guarantee to the bond holder, a special vote of the electorate being necessary to change the covenant. Finally, we believe that economies in operation can be effected through extension of the one man car system, having terminal systems at either end

(Continued on page 2)

CEDAR LAKE TUNNEL SHOULD BE STUDIED BY EXPERTS

(Public Utilities Committee)
The Municipal League of Seattle:

Your committee on Public Utilities to whom was referred Mr. J. D. Ross's proposal for a tunnel tapping Cedar Lake, reports as follows:

Mr. Ross, the city superintendent of lighting has reached the conclusion that Cedar River above the new dam cannot be sealed and the sealing operations should be discontinued. He believes that power from the Skagit River will not be available for use for three years; that the portion of the pipe line that lies between the new dam and Cedar Lake must soon be discarded because of age; that a tunnel from the dam to the Lake tapping it at the bottom as Mr. Ober suggested several years ago would increase our electric power supply by twenty thousand kilowatts. This would save the cost of the oil consumed in producing an equal amount of electricity at the steam plant and the sum thus saved would be practically equivalent to the cost of the tunnel.

Your committee is not convinced that the sealing operations should be discontinued. Those operations were begun on the advice of competent and practical engineers. A great deal of the expense was incurred in getting ready. A force of men is kept at Cedar Lake to operate the valves when it is necessary to change them. They could operate the hydraulic plant already installed at a relatively small outlay.

There is too much switching from one policy to another in our public business. We hastily

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

Published Weekly by the
MUNICIPAL LEAGUE OF SEATTLE
 1915 First Avenue Telephone Main 6282

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 Secretary.....Eimon L. Wiener, 510 Central Bldg., Main 476
 Treasurer.....Alexander Myers, 2nd and Union, Main 5883
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 Honorary Auditors.....Smith, Robertson & Moorehouse
 Committee Chairman and Trustees—

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 Frank P. Helsell
 Edgar J. Wright

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

adopt some plan involving large expense and then after spending thousands and ten thousands of dollars, hastily change our plan and discard what we have accomplished. The question of deriving electricity for light and power from the Cedar Lake and River is full of problems. These should be carefully studied by men who by training and experience are thoroly competent to investigate, advise and report upon these problems.

Respectfully submitted
JAMES A. HAIGHT,
 Chairman.,

PROPOSED OLIVE STREET EXTENSION PREMATURE

The Municipal League of Seattle
 Your committee on Public Utilities to whom was referred the matter of the Olive Street extension and tunnel reports that in the opinion of its members this project is part of the entire rapid transit problems of the city of Seattle.

The committee believes that any action regarding this extension or tunnel in advance of a rapid transit system duly studied, planned and adopted would be premature.

Respectfully submitted,
JAMES A. HAIGHT,
 Chairman.

Bride: That flour you sold me was tough.

Grocer: Tough, ma'am?

Bride: Yes, tough. I made a pie with, and my husband could hardly cut it.

COMMISSIONERS EXPLAIN LANDING FIELD PURCHASE

Eimon L. Wiener, Executive Secretary, Municipal League of Seattle,

Dear Sir:

We want to thank you for enclosing a report of the Municipal League in your esteemed favor of June 14th.

For the benefit of the members of the Municipal League will state that the commissioners have been making an exhaustive study of this matter for more than four months. The government has sent some of its most noted aviators here and without a dissenting voice these disinterested men who navigate the air unanimously agreed that Sand Point, on account of its location on the fresh waters of Lake Washington and its close proximity to the City, where it would never be necessary to have industrial plants, houses, telephone pole wires, etc., between this land and the Lake, was the most ideal site in the world and this statement was heartily concurred in by Mr. W. E. Boeing, who has a large plant in this city for the manufacture of air planes.

Every site submitted, and there were many of them, was, not only inspected by the commissioners but by a competent which is on file in our office, of man who made a written report every site submitted. In addition every site was also inspected by experienced aviators from

the air.

We would most respectfully invite your honorable committee to call at the office of the commissioners and examine our records and all circumstances in connection with this exchange of property, as well as speeches of government aviators and citizens who appeared at several public hearings in the commissioner's auditorium during the last three months on the subject of acquiring an aviation base.

There are two reasons why we did not condemn this property.

First: We could not have exchanged our unimproved land north of Ballard, in a condemnation proceedings.

Second: Condemnation would have necessitated immediate cash payment and we were opposed to any deal that would add One Hundred Thousand Dollars, or more to the immediate tax burden.

The deal as closed puts back on the tax roll our idle fifty five acres sold for twelve hundred and fifty dollars per acre; we acquire this splendid water front property (SAND POINT) (nearly a mile of water front) for eight hundred ninety five dollars per acre and they accept five per cent ten year bonds for the difference.

All that will be added to the tax roll the coming year for all of King County and Seattle is about six thousand dollars interest.

In other words we acquire, at once, what has been declared by people competent to judge an air and sea plane base second to none in the world, without adding to the immediate tax burden of the people.

Appreciating the interest you manifest and trusting we may always have your full cooperation in all matters for the upbuilding of this community,

We remain,

Very truly yours,
CLAUDE C. RAMSAY

COMMITTEE APPROVES CAR FARE INCREASE

(Continued from page 1)

of the city and this will soon be imperative, unless some means are found such as subway, or elevated lines, of accommodating

the increasing traffic, fast exceeding the capacity of our main (surface) thoroughfares.

The cost of all commodities and labor having increased as it has in recent years one hundred per cent or more, the traveling public must recognize that the cost of transportation, including street cars, is seriously affected, and greater revenues are absolutely necessary to meet present day conditions, and we believe that the seven cent fare proposed is not excessive under present operating conditions,

FRED W. BERT, JR.

Chairman

JACKSON SILBAUGH

RALPH D. NICHOLS

W. K. SHELDON

WALTER L. NOSSAMAN

HARRISON W. MASON

Wm. G. MANN

REPORT OF COME SEVEN COMMITTEE

(Concluded from last issue)

6 The Committee found its discussions on these matters leading naturally into what appears to it to be some very vital considerations for the future welfare of the Municipal League. Although it might seem to be super-arrogation of authority for the Committee to presume to make recommendations to the trustees of the League, the matters considered have been deemed by the Committee to be so important that notwithstanding this fact the Committee unanimously makes the following recommendation to the trustees:

a That the trustees endorse and put into operation for the ensuing year (That is after the officers and trustees are elected for the new year) the tribute idea as outlined by the Committee in its plan of action, copy attached.

This, in addition to that part of the plan which provides for constantly succeeding principals who will have become tribunes under the proposed plan, appears to the Committee to give reasonable promise of maintaining and steadily increasing the membership of the League to very considerable numbers.

b It appears to the Committee that a more satisfactory meeting place and one which would ac-

The End of a Perfect Day



IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate. In the Matter of the Estate of William J. Weir, Deceased. No. 25393. Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution. Notice is hereby given that A. C. Emmons, Executor of the Estate of William J. Weir has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said A. C. Emmons; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 2nd day of July, 1920, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 1st day of June, 1920.
PERCY F. THOMAS
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. Gordon Deputy.

First Pub. June 5. 4t. - June 26.

DEPARTMENTS OF SERVICE

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CATERPILLAR PEST DESTROYING TREES

Are all the trees of Seattle to be bare of leaves this summer? Are we going to continue to let the caterpillars pest turn all our green trees into nothing but sickly looking branches? If we're not we have got to exterminate these pests? There are millions of them in the Puget Mill company's land right above Youngstown. If the High School pupils would organize they could compel the city to take some action on getting rid of these pests. The caterpillars seem to be getting a good start on destroying these trees. Nearly every tree looking on Avlon Way has a large colony of caterpillars that are quickly eating their leaves off. If the citizens in Seattle tolerate the destruction of nature's beauty, it is time the high school pupils take some action that will awaken them. For they are asleep.—Chinook (West Seattle High School.)

A doctor who was superintendent of the Sunday school in a small village asked one of the boys this question:

"Willie, will you tell me what we must do in order to get to heaven?"

Said Willie, "We must die."

* * *

Stranger: If your rooms are all taken maybe you can tell me where to get an unoccupied bed for tonight—

Hotel clerk: You might try the furniture stores.

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112 COLUMBIA STREET

Respectfully submitted,
Claude H. Anderson,
Chairman.

FRED W. CATLETT

Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for the
County of King.

Investors Bond & Mortgage Co., a corporation, Plaintiff, vs. Rupert H. Rooke and Sven H. Nordin, Defendants
No. 143497
Summons for Publication.

The State of Washington to the said
Rupert H. Rooke, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 29th day of May, 1920, which is the date of the first publication of this summons, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court; and answer the complaint of the plaintiff and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff, at his office below stated; and, in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court.

Said cause of action is upon two certain promissory notes signed by you and secured by a deed given by way of mortgage upon a certain piece of property, and for a foreclosure of said deed by way of mortgage upon said property, which is described as follows: East one-half (½) of Lots Forty-five to Forty-eight, inclusive, of Block One (1) of Supplemental Plat of Cumberland Addition to the City of Seattle.

FRED W. CATLETT,

Attorney for Plaintiff
Office and P. O. Address: 613 Hoge Building, Seattle, King County, Washington.
7th July 10

FRED W. CATLETT

Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, for King County
In Probate

In the Matter of the Estate of Charles F. Schneider, Deceased. No. 27337
Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Administratrix of the estate of Charles F. Schneider, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Belle Schneider or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, May 29th, 1920.

BELLE SCHNEIDER

Administratrix of said Estate
Address 613 Hoge Building.

FRED W. CATLETT, Attorney for Estate, 613 Hoge Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
4th June 19.

J. L. BALDWIN

Attorney 71 Columbia St.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, for King County
In Probate

In the Matter of the Estate of Nels B. Peterson, Deceased. No. 23668.
Notice of hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Karen Mary Peterson, Executrix of the Estate of Nels B. Peterson, Deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said Executrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 30th day of June, 1920, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 29th day of May, 1920.

PERCY F. THOMAS,

Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. Gordon
Deputy.

4th June 19.

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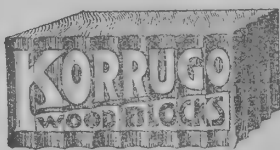
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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. IX. NO. 26.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, JUNE 26, 1920.

PRICE 10 CENTS

STATE GENERAL FUND DEFICIT

By C. A. LaGrave

A summary of the estimates upon which the Legislature in extra session based a tax levy of two mills, reads as follows:-

"If all revenues are collected and all appropriations expended, the Treasury would have the following deficit in the General Fund, March 31, 1921 \$1,907,176.89. Estimated reverting appropriations \$500,000.00. Estimated warrants outstanding, or overdraft \$1,407,176.89. Estimated uncollected taxes, March 31 \$1,133,515.09. Treasury deficit \$2,540,691.98.

The above lines show clearly the fallacy on which the estimates are based and a method of using figures in such utter contempt of two of the fundamental rules of Arithmetic that it would disgrace a Hottentot tax collector. The first few lines quoted base a so-called deficit on the appropriations in the tax levy of 1919 for the bi-ennium ending March 31, 1921. The fourth line indicates that the Bureau thinks that \$500,000 of the appropriations may lapse. The fifth line shows the size of the deficit after line four got to work. The sixth line estimates that there will be some uncollected taxes March 31, which as a matter of fact can be used only to reduce the deficit.

Here is where the Bureau "gets in its deadly work," by adding these taxes to the deficit and creating a "Treasury Deficit" of \$2,540,691.98 shown on the last line. When this amount gets in the tax rolls the State General Fund will have \$3,674,207.08 uncollected taxes to pay a deficit of only \$1,407,176.89 - Can you beat it!

There is another fatal objection

(Continued on page 3)

FIREMEN'S DAY-OFF BILL SIGNED BY HAAS

Efforts of city firemen to secure one full day off duty every eight days were finally successful Thursday when Councilman A. F. Haas, president of the city council and acting mayor in the absence of Mayor Hugh M. Caldwell affixed his signature to the ordinance authorizing the chief of the fire department to put the plan into operation beginning January 1, 1921.

The ordinance was passed by the council at its meeting last Monday. Mayor Caldwell had vetoed a similar ordinance, designed to become effective July 1, 1920, because it would have involved a deficiency appropriation of \$70,000 to pay the salary of 80 additional members of the department, authorized under the ordinance, for the rest of the year 1920. There has been much uncertainty at the city hall as to whether he would approve the new ordinance, which eliminates the deficiency appropriation objection by making the legislation effective at the beginning of the next fiscal year. Mayor Caldwell was relieved of the necessity of passing on the revised ordinance when Councilman Haas, as acting mayor, approved the measure Thursday.

Indications are that the proposed legislation may meet with some opposition in the council when the 1921 budget is prepared at least one member who voted for the ordinance having stated an intention to oppose the \$140,000 appropriation required to carry out the new system during the year 1921 in event the total budget for the next fiscal year exceeds that of the present year.

The Board of Trustees of the
(Continued on page 2)

GARBAGE ORDINANCE PASSED

An ordinance which has been the subject of much controversy, was passed by a 5 to 2 vote. It provides for the collection and sale by the city of garbage from all restaurants here.

The garbage ordinance has been strenuously opposed by hotel and restaurant men who assert that the city, in taking over the collection and sale of garbage from their places of business, will deprive them of a source of revenue aggregating \$200,000 annually. Under the present system, the owners of eating-houses sell their garbage by contract to owners of hog ranches. Advocates of the ordinance, which was introduced by Councilman Philip Tindall, declare it necessary as a public health measure in order to give the city jurisdiction, so far as sanitary measures are concerned, over hog ranches.

Under the ordinance as passed, the city of Seattle is given exclusive right, through its authorized agents, employees and contractors, to collect garbage within the limits of the city and to transport the same over public streets and to dispose of the garbage thus collected. All others are forbidden under penalty of the law from collecting garbage.

The board of public works is authorized to let a contract to the "best and highest bidder" for the collection and disposal of garbage within the city, or any portion of the city, for a period not exceeding five years, which contract may be terminated by the city upon a year's notice. The contractor is required to furnish bonds in the sum of \$25,000 conditioned upon "due and faithful performance of contract."

It is also stipulated that "only
(Continued on page 3)

ARMY OFFICER TO PLAN AIR BASE

Work on the drawing of actual plans for the municipal airplane landing field at Sand Point will begin next week, when Lieut. Leland W. Miller, of the army air service, returns to Seattle to take charge of the operations.

Lieut. Miller, who recently spent several weeks here mapping the surrounding country for aerial navigation, has been detailed for the work at the special request of Claude C. Ramsey, chairman of the board of county commissioners. Mr. Ramsey received a wire from the department air service officer at San Francisco informing him that his request had been granted and that Lieut. Miller would be here in a few days.

Plans for the field will be drawn in the county engineer's office, under the personal direction of Lieut. Miller.

The idea of requisitioning Lieut. Miller's services, Mr. Ramsey explained, was based not only on the fact that his work will save the county thousands of dollars by obviating the employment of special experts, but it is also planned to make the field an air base for war as well as peace times, which, of course, makes it absolutely essential to have a military aviator directing the plans.

While the governing purpose of the enterprise is to have an air field that will meet the commercial requirements of Seattle both now and in the future, Mr. Ramsey said, an effort will also be made to make it an important addition to the country's system of national defenses, and, with this in mind, the plans will be submitted to both the war and the navy departments before they

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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are finally adopted.

This feature, the commissioner added, will in no way detract from the field's usefulness for commercial purposes, as the ideal military base would also be the ideal commercial base.

The navy is drawn into the matter by the fact that it will not merely be an airplane base, but seaplanes will also be accommodated at the same place.

ELECTRIC LIGHT RATES GO UP

Increases ranging from 9 to 25 per cent in the rates charged for city light will be come effective July 21. The city council has passed an ordinance fixing the new rate schedule and favorably reported by its utilities committee.

Mayor Hugh M. Caldwell had previously vetoed the ordinance on the ground that it did not meet all of the requirements of J. D. Ross, superintendent of the lighting department, and also because he claimed Supt. Ross had not been consulted during the drafting of the measure. This was vigorously denied by councilmen who asserted that Mr. Ross attended meetings when the ordinance was drawn, had given his approval to the measure and had even furnished the figures which showed the necessity of the increase. Supt. Ross, when questioned after the mayor's statement regarding his reason for vetoing the measure was made

public, refused to state whether or not he had been consulted.

Councilmen William Hickman Moore, R. H. Thomson, T. H. Bolton, Philip Tindall, Robert B. Hesketh, A. T. Drake and John E. Carroll supported the committee report recommending passage of the bill over the mayor's veto. Councilman Oliver T. Erickson was absent on leave of absence and Councilman A. F. Haas, as acting mayor, was not entitled to vote.

The new schedule of light rates advances the rates charged for residence lighting from 5½ cents a kilowatt hour for the first 45 kilowatt hours and 2 cents a kilowatt hour for current in excess of that amount to 6 cents a kilowatt hour and 2½ cents a kilowatt hour, respectively. The minimum charge for residence lighting is increased from 50 cents to 75 cents.

The new ordinance also requires a charge of \$1 for each account opened by a residence customer. No such charge is made under the existing rate ordinance. Light department officials say the purpose of this charge is to meet the bookkeeping cost of opening accounts. It is designed to reach patrons who change their place of residence frequently, the number of changes of residence accounts at the light department averaging 125 daily.

Rates for business lighting purposes are increased an average of 20 per cent, while those for current used for power purposes establish advances ranging from

10 to 25 per cent.

Necessity of increasing the revenue of the light department in order to meet the advancing cost of production at the Lake Union steam plant is given by city officials as the reason for the new schedule of rates. Light department officials estimate the total annual increase under the new schedule of \$292,085 as follows: Residence lighting, \$74,343; commercial lighting, \$83,624; cooking rate, \$10,226; power rate, \$64,412; account transfer charge 32,000; increased minimum monthly charge, \$27,480.

FIREMEN'S DAY-OFF BILL SIGNED BY HAAS

(Continued from page 1)

League at its regular meeting Wednesday noon went on record as being opposed to the ordinance if it involves any additional expense to the city.

SCHOOLS CANNOT USE FILMS

Proposals to amend the fire ordinances to permit the exhibition of moving pictures in public schools were rejected by the council public safety committee at its meeting Wednesday afternoon, when representatives of the fire department had declared present restrictions cannot safely be removed.

The proposition came before the city council in the form of communications from Mrs. Clare Ketchum Tripp, director of the educational bureau of the State Chamber of Commerce, and Frank B. Cooper, city superintendent of schools. Mrs. Tripp declared that films have become of practical value in school work, and suggested the passage of an amendment to the fire ordinance authorizing exhibitions of moving pictures in rooms having a seating capacity of not to exceed 100.



Local Dealers' Advice Is Often Helpful

Your local merchants know their goods and are always glad and willing to let you profit by their knowledge when you go to them for merchandise.

When you are undecided between two articles—when you don't know which is best for your needs—your local dealer's advice may make your problem an easy one.

But when you buy by "sight unseen" methods you have no one to ask for advice. Then your experience is the only teacher, but, unfortunately, a poor adviser. Moral: Patronize the local dealers and get their advice on important purchases.

The Best Buying Policy



Superintendent Cooper's communication urged "serious consideration of the desirability of making it possible to have motion pictures in the schools as a medium of illustration and demonstration," and also stated: "Unless the picture machine can be used with little hazard from fire, their use should be prohibited, but I think it is entirely within the bounds of reason to believe that a type of machine can be found that will make the danger from fire negligible."

Agents of a company manufacturing a portable moving picture machine appeared before the committee contending that their machine is practically safe, conducting a demonstration to prove that, even though the film should catch fire, the flames would be confined to the metal box in which the apparatus is installed. Inspectors from the fire marshal's office maintained that the machine could not be safely used unless operated in a fireproof booth, as required under the present ordinance.

Members of the public safety committee, deeming the risk too great, voted unanimously to reject the petitions for an amendment of the fire ordinance.

GARBAGE ORDINANCE PASSED

(Continued from page 1)

citizens of the United States 21 years of age or over and engaged or intending to engage in good faith and their own right in the raising of hogs, poultry or other food-producing animals, or corporations, the entire stock of which is owned by citizens of the United States," shall be eligible to bid on the contract.

The board of public works is directed under the ordinance "on application by any persons or firm eligible to bid on the original contract, to designate by location or otherwise as in its judgment shall be just and practicable, a portion of such contract sufficient to meet the needs of such applicant under such terms, conditions and regulations as the board of public works shall prescribe, but at a price not to exceed the price stipulated in the original contract, the total of such sub-contracts not to exceed 25 per cent

of the amount of the original contract."

It is made unlawful "for any person, firm or corporation conducting any hotel, restaurant or public eating house to permit to be accumulated on or in such place or in any alley, street or public place, any garbage unless the same be securely kept in a tightly closed or covered metal can or vessel, separate and apart from coffee grounds, ashes, glass, tins, rubbish, soap, lye, and other substances likely to injure such garbage for the purpose of feeding it to hogs, poultry or other food-producing animals, which can or vessel must be kept within the rear premises or in the basement, area, or passage-way so as to be readily accessible for collection and shall not be kept in any street, alley or sidewalk or other public place. All such cans shall be promptly delivered to the collector when called for and returned by him to the place or places from which obtained without unreasonable delay; and no person except the duly authorized collector shall in any manner interfere with such cans or other contents thereof."

The ordinance becomes effective thirty days after its approval by the mayor.

STATE GENERAL FUND DEFICIT

(Continued from page 1)

to this levy.

The power to tax for any purpose must be specifically conferred by the State Constitution and Art. VII authorizes a levy for a real deficit in the following words

"Whenever expenses of any fiscal year shall exceed the income the Legislature may provide for levying a tax for the ensuing fiscal year sufficient with other sources of income to pay the deficiency.

The deficiency clearly defined by the Constitution is a real deficit and can be levied for only after it has become a reality.

In this case the levy is made to pay a theoretical deficit which cannot even exist at March 31, 1921, or at any other time.

The method of using estimates and figures shown herein never did and never can in any case show a true deficit. It is based on a fallacy and a lie, and in this case will cost each over-burdened tax payer of the State a two-mill

tax for a so-called deficit that does not exist and never will exist.

I respectfully suggest that the mayor or city council may see a way to relieve the tax payers of the city of an impending load of \$480,000 - by getting the opinion of the Law Department as to the validity of this levy.

FRED W. CATLETT
Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for the
County of King.

In the Matter of the Application of
Western Commissary Company, a
Corporation, for an Order Dissolving
and Disincorporating said Company.
No. 144,007. Notice.

Whereas, a petition has on this 17th day of June, 1920, been presented to Honorable Mitchell Gilliam, Judge of the Superior Court, King County, Washington, by Western Commissary Company, a corporation, incorporated under the laws of the State of Washington, to be dissolved and disincorporated, accompanied by a certificate of the president and assistant secretary of said corporation certifying that at a meeting of the stockholders called for the purpose and duly held on the 17th day of June, 1920, at the City of Seattle, King County, Washington, it was decided, by a vote of more than two-thirds of all the capital stock subscribed or issued and outstanding of said corporation and by a vote of more than two-thirds of the stockholders, to dissolve and disincorporate said corporation, which petition prayed that such notice be given of such application as is provided by law and so that an order may be entered by said judge and court declaring said corporation dissolved; and

Whereas, the said judge of said court has fixed the 16th day of August, 1920, at the hour of 9:30 o'clock A. M. at the court room of Department No. 1 of said court before the Honorable Mitchell Gilliam, judge of said court, in the King County Court House, Seattle, King County, Washington, or at the court room of any other department which may then be in session and to which this matter may be assigned;

Now, Therefore, notice is hereby given that said petition of Western Commissary Company for an order declaring said company dissolved and disincorporated is coming on to be heard before the Honorable Mitchell Gilliam, judge of the Superior Court of the State of Washington for King County, or such other judge as may be then presiding or to whom this application may be assigned, in the King County Court House in the City of Seattle, King County, Washington, on the 16th day of August, 1920, at the hour of 9:30 o'clock A. M.

Dated this 17th day of June, 1920.
PERCY F. THOMAS,
County Clerk and ex-officio Clerk of
the Superior Court, Seattle, King
County, Washington.

By A. N. OLSON, Deputy.
FRED W. CATLETT, Attorney for Petitioner, 613 Hoge Building, Seattle, Wash.

First pub June 26, 1920 8 t Aug 14

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for the County
of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of William
J. Weir, Deceased. No. 25393.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and
Petition for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that A. C.
Emmons, Executor of the Estate of
William J. Weir has filed in the office
of the Clerk of said Court his final
Report and petition for distribution, asking
the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons
thereto entitled and to discharge said
A. C. Emmons; and that said Report
and petition will be heard on the 2nd
day of July, 1920, at 9:30 A. M., at the
Court Room of the Probate Department
of said Court.

Dated this 1st day of June, 1920.
PERCY F. THOMAS
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. Gordon
Deputy.
First Pub. June 5. 4t. - June 26.

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FRED W. CATLETT
 Attorney Hoge Bldg.
NOTICE SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL
 Estate. Sheriff's Office.
 State of Washington County of King, ss
 By Virtue of an Order of Sale issued
 out of the Honorable Superior Court of
 King County, on the 19th day of June,
 A. D. 1920, by the Clerk thereof in the
 case of The Seattle Land & Improvement
 Company, a corp., Plaintiff, versus
 R. E. Russell and Mary S. Russell,
 Vulcan Manufacturing Co., a corp.,
 Brace & Hergert Mill Co., a corp., J.
 F. McNamara and Jane Doe McNamara,
 his wife, Defendants. No. 142938, and
 to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered:
 Notice is Hereby Given, That I will
 proceed to sell at public auction to the
 highest bidder for cash, within the
 hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's
 sales, to-wit: at Ten o'clock A. M., on
 the 31st day of July, 1920, before the
 Court House door of King County, Jef-
 ferson Street Entrance, in the State of
 Washington, the following described
 property, situated in King County, State
 of Washington, to-wit:
 Lot one (1), Block Thirty six (36) of
 D. T. Denny's Third Addition to North
 Seattle, together with all and singular
 the tenements, hereditaments and ap-
 purtenances thereunto belonging, levied
 on as the property of said defendants
 to satisfy a judgment of a foreclosure
 of a mortgage amounting to Three
 thousand nine hundred thirty seven
 and 46-100 (\$3937.46) Dollars, interest,
 attorney's fee of \$250.00, and the cost
 of suit, in favor of plaintiff.
 Dated this 22nd day of June, 1920.
 JOHN STRINGER, Sheriff
 By A. HUTCHESON, Deputy.

FRED W. CATLETT
 Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, for King County
 In Probate
 In the Matter of the Estate of Charles
 F. Schneider, Deceased. No. 27337
 Notice to Creditors.
 Notice is hereby given that the under-
 signed has been appointed and has
 qualified as Administratrix of the es-
 tate of Charles F. Schneider, Deceased;
 that all persons having claims against
 said deceased are hereby required to
 serve the same, duly verified, on said
 Belle Schneider or her attorney of rec-
 ord at the address below stated, and
 file the same with the Clerk of said
 Court, together with proof of such ser-
 vice within six months after the date
 of first publication of this notice, or
 the same will be barred.
 Date of first publication, May 29th,
 1920.
 BELLE SCHNEIDER
 Administratrix of said Estate
 Address 613 Hoge Building.
 FRED W. CATLETT, Attorney for Es-
 tate, 613 Hoge Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
 4t June 19.

J. L. BALDWIN
 Attorney 71 Columbia St.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, for King County
 In Probate
 In the Matter of the Estate of Nels B.
 Peterson, Deceased. No. 23668.
 Notice of hearing Final Report and Pe-
 tition for Distribution.
 Notice is hereby given that Karen
 Mary Peterson, Executrix of the Es-
 tate of Nels B. Peterson, Deceased, has
 filed in the office of the Clerk of said
 Court, final Report and petition for dis-
 tribution, asking the Court to settle
 said Report, distribute the property to
 the persons thereto entitled and to dis-
 charge said Executrix; and that said
 Report and petition will be heard on
 the 30th day of June, 1920, at 9:30 A.
 M., at the Court Room of the Probate
 Department of said Court.
 Dated this 29th day of May, 1920.
 PERCY F. THOMAS,
 Clerk of said Court.
 By H. C. Gordon
 Deputy.

4t June 19.

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. IX. NO. 27.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, JULY 3, 1920.

PRICE 10 CENTS

LACK OF FUEL OIL HITS LIGHT PLANT

Acting upon a communication from Mayor Caldwell declaring the city light plant was confronted with a serious situation because of its inability to secure fuel oil, the council utilities committee at its meeting Thursday morning instructed city officials to make every effort to obtain relief through the Standard Oil Company "even if the city has to purchase oil from said company at the company's prices."

In his communication to the council the mayor stated:

"On account of the absence from the city of the superintendent of lighting, I beg to call your attention to the very serious situation of the municipal light and power plant, due to our inability to obtain fuel oil.

"About June 10, there being only about three days' fuel oil in sight, the superintendent of lighting obtained a loan of 15,000 barrels from the Union Oil Company. Appeal has been made to the General Petroleum Company, the shipping board, and the Union Oil Company.

"According to the superintendent of lighting, the General Petroleum Company can get us a cargo of 50,000 or 60,000 barrels in San Francisco, but so far we have been unsuccessful in obtaining a tanker to transport this oil to Seattle.

"A telegram received by the superintendent of lighting from the head of the bureau of light and power of Los Angeles, indicates the condition there to be the same as here.

"I attach hereto copy of wire received by me from the director of operations of the U. S. shipping board, Washington, D. C., claiming inability to assist the

(Continued on page 3)

EVENING MEETING

The League is trying to arrange an evening meeting at which Dr. Stephen S. Wise of New York will be the principal speaker. The date and place will be announced through the press.

COUNTY UNABLE TO PAVE LESCHI DRIVE

King County, is without legal authority to aid the city in paving Lake Dell Avenue. Leschi Park, in the opinion of Prosecuting Attorney Fred C. Brown, who Monday submitted a statement to the county commissioners.

County Commissioner Thomas Dodson had requested information on the project. The proposed improvement consists of a pavement 3,400 feet long and twenty-two feet wide, along Lakeside Avenue from Yesler Way to East Alder Street; along East Alder Street to Lake Dell Avenue, and thence along Lake Dell Avenue to Thirty-second Avenue. The city had estimated the cost at \$71,000. The municipal improvement district could be taxed for only \$17,000 of this, and the city had asked the county to contribute the remaining \$54,000. The new paving would con-

(Continued on page 2)

SHORROCK ANSWERS ATTACK

Editor,
Seattle Municipal News,
Seattle.

Dear Sir:-

In your issue of June 26th, Mr. La Grave again attacks a statement made some time ago by the State Auditor, with regard to the State finances. His criticism is not entirely fair, for he ignores the point which the State Auditor was aiming to emphasize, which is that while at a certain date the actual deficit in the general fund was estimated to be \$1,907, 176, the actual cash deficit would be \$2,540, 691, because of taxes which, while an asset, would not have been collected at that date. In other words, at that date there would be warrants outstanding to the last named amount.

The question in the State Auditor's mind is whether it is good policy to have so large an amount

(Continued on page 2)

JITNEYS ORDERED TO STOP OPERATING

Whatever action the City Council may take toward entirely eliminating jitney busses from the city streets, none will be operating in Seattle after midnight Tuesday, July 6.

Maj. Carl H. Reeves, superintendent of public utilities, notified the Auto Drivers' Union that all drivers except those who have been granted permits under the existing city ordinance must cease operating their jitney busses by that time, and the records of the Council show that no such permits have been granted to date.

While the utilities committee yesterday voted to reject all the applications now on hand, and to ask that an ordinance be drawn prohibiting jitneys from operating at all, the report which will go to the Council on the matter next Tuesday has been materially changed since the meeting of the committee, in informal conferences between its members.

Change in Plan

As it stands now, Corporation Council Walter F. Meier will not be asked to draft a new ordinance forbidding jitneys to operate entirely, but simply "to prepare such ordinance as may be necessary to prohibit interurban busses from doing a local business within the city limits.

The change was made after the councilmen had consulted with Meier, who contended that no new ordinance is necessary, inasmuch as three federal judges have already ruled that the city has the right to regulate the jitneys, and may refuse to permit them to operate under the terms of the existing ordinance if it sees fit.

Council Committee Clerk L. O. Shrader drew up a new report of

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

the utilities committee to submit to the Council, embodying Mr. Meier's suggestion, and the report received the approval of all the members of the committee who favor elimination of jitneys with the exception of Chairman R. H. Thomson, who was absent from the city hall during the forenoon.

Report of Committee

The committee's report as it now stands is as follows:

Your committee on city utilities, to which was referred the matter of applications of jitney drivers for permits, and the matter of routings for jitneys, recommends that all applications heretofore made be denied, and the reports of the superintendent of public utilities thereon placed on file, and that the corporation counsel be requested to prepare such ordinance as may be necessary to prohibit interurban busses from doing a local business within the city limits.

The committee, in making the above recommendations that applications for jitney permits heretofore made be rejected, which applications were to serve sections of the city already supplied with adequate street car service, wishes it understood that bona fide applications for permits to serve districts now without street car facilities for the purpose of enabling the people of such districts to reach the cars of the Municipal Street Railway and be transported to and from their homes for a 10-cent fare, divided 50-50 between the jitneys and the

street railway, will be considered by the committee on their merits when received, having in mind tentative routes as follows:

From East 65th Street and Ravenna Avenue to connections with Cowen Park and Ravenna cars at 14th Avenue Northeast; also from 14th Avenue Northeast and East 40th Street to Laurelhurst district; also, from Beacon Avenue and Spokane Street to Beacon Avenue and 39th Avenue South; and also on Beach Drive from Orleans Street to Bruce Street.

Maj. Reeves said that his order for discontinuance of jitney operation at midnight next Tuesday is based upon the authority conferred upon city officials by the jitney regulation ordinance passed by the council two months ago. Under that ordinance, persons desiring to operate jitney busses were required to file applications for permits stating the route and schedule to be followed. The city council, acting on recommendations by the department of public utilities, is authorized to issue or refuse permits on these applications or to modify the routes and schedules proposed.

Approximately 200 applications for permits have been filed with the council under this ordinance but so far only those that specify routes serving territory not reached by the municipal car lines have been granted by the council. Pending action by the council on the applications for permits, Superintendent Reeves has been per-

mitting the jitneys to operate on the routes and schedules specified in their applications. When the council utilities committee, at its meeting, decided to withdraw this permission and to forbid jitney drivers to operate after next Tuesday unless they have permits.

Petition Action Pending

A petition for the submission to popular vote of a proposed ordinance that would permit jitney men to select their own routes and fix their own schedules, is pending before city officials. Corporation Council has furnished the city comptroller with an opinion upholding the legal requirements of the petition and the lists of signatures will be checked by the comptroller's office.

COUNTY UNABLE TO PAVE LESCHI DRIVE

(Continued from page 1)

stitute an approach to the county ferry dock.

In his opinion, Prosecuting Attorney Brown stated: "In 1915 the legislature directed that the county treasurer shall remit to the city or town treasurer 15 per cent collected for the general road and bridge fund, the moneys to be expended by the corporate authorities on roads and bridges within the city or town connected with roads leading out into the country known or designated as county roads.

"The discretionary authority conferred by the earlier laws upon the board of county commissioners has been thus withdrawn by statute. The board is now without legal power to appropriate moneys for the improvement of streets and highways within the limits of any city or town other than by bond issue funds authorized for specific streets and roads, or by any of the highway improvement laws, none of which apply in the case of Lake Dell Avenue."

SHORROCK ANSWERS ATTACK

(Continued from page 1)

of warrants outstanding, or whether a special tax should not be levied for the purpose of maintaining the State on a cash basis, even if the amount of outstanding taxes is large. This being the

case, there is no justification for Mr. La Grave's bitterness.

He is on safer ground when he raises the question whether a tax can be levied for this purpose, and whether the policy of maintaining the State on a cash basis, instead of having large amounts of warrants outstanding during a substantial part of the year, is legal. On this, I offer no comment at this time.

Yours very truly,
E. H. SHORROCK.

AIR PLANE MAIL SERVICE TO VICTORIA

Inauguration of air mail service between Seattle and Victoria the first service of its kind between an American and a foreign city, has been authorized in a communication from Otto Prager second assistant postmaster general, to the Seattle postal officials. Details are being arranged by Edward McGrath, superintendent of railway mail service for this district, who spent one day this week in Victoria conferring with Canadian postal officials.

The instructions received by the Seattle officials permit of the immediate institution of the service and the first flight probably will be made within the next two weeks the Boeing Airplane Company, which has bid for the contract of carrying the mail by hydro-airplane. The Seattle-Victoria air service route will result in the saving of a full day in the transpacific mail service.

A survey of the service is being prepared by Superintendent McGrath, Postmaster Edgar Battle and Assistant Postmaster C. M. Perkins and the information will be forwarded to Washington for approval.

Mr. McGrath has been in communication with the Victoria and Vancouver postal officials for the last month on the arranging of the delivery of mail from the Oriental steamers direct to the planes at Victoria and active co-operation has been assured the Seattle office in the handling of the mail for this service.

RELIEF REPORT MADE.

The semi-annual report of the finances of the Police Relief Association, by Inspector of Police

Hans Damm, president of the association, shows total assets of \$12,427.05 at the close of the half year, June 30. The association has liberty bonds and real estate valued at \$25,450 and cash amounting to \$16,977.05.

Disbursements of the association averaged over \$400 a month for the past year, according to Inspector Damm. Six death claims of \$150 each were paid and amounts ranging from \$1 to \$100 were paid for sickness and injuries to members.

Capt. J. T. Mason was re-elected a member of the trustees and Patrolman Frank Ducett elected to the board at the annual meeting Thursday.

OLD DESKS TO CUT COST OF SCHOOLS

The prospects of paying \$10 apiece for school desks that could be purchased for \$3 before the war caused school board members to throw up their hands in helplessness at yesterday's meeting until Director W. J. Santmeyer proposed that every dilapidated, ink-stained and hand-carved desk be brought out from school basements and attics and put in service to cut down the high cost of school supplies. The board decided to try out his plan.

The school board is not in favor of the proposed county-city merger of all municipal corporations and instructed President Winsor to cooperate with the port commission and other municipal bodies which have gone on record against the proposed move. Judge Winsor, who attended a recent conference on the subject, under the auspices of the port commission, reported to the board that in his judgment the merger would place the administration of school affairs in the hands of those not exclusively concerned in school matters and in his opinion the cost to the taxpayers would not be lessened. He said he believed local school districts prefer to govern their own affairs.

Vice Principalships Created

On account of the increased attendance in Seattle high schools, a number of vice principalships were authorized and positions as heads of various departments were created. George H. Porter, acting principal of the evening school at Broadway, was made vice principal of the new East Branch High School

under construction at East Jefferson Street and Twenty-fourth Avenue. E. H. Moore, head of the science department at the Queen Anne High School, was named vice principal at that institution. Both will receive salaries of \$3,120.

LACK OF FUEL OIL HITS LIGHT PLANT

(Continued from page 1)
city by the use of a tanker. There is also at the telegraph company's office for me a telegram from Senator Poindexter's secretary stating that the shipping board believes that the General Petroleum Company can take care of us if it so desires.

"According to the superintendent of lighting, unless fuel oil is obtained by the end of the present month, approximately 80 per cent of all customers of the city lighting plant, including street lighting, will be without electric current.

"The situation is serious and aside from fully informing your committee of the situation, it occurred to me that perhaps some source of relief may occur to you."

Mayor Caldwell, Friday morning sent a telegram to Senator Miles Poindexter asking that authority be obtained for the General Petroleum Company to use a Norwegian oil tanker to transport fuel oil to Seattle to relieve the shortage of oil confronting the City Light Department.

The mayor said in his message that the company used two Norwegian tankers during the war period but that these cannot be used under existing legislation without special authority.

"If authority to use one of these tankers can be obtained," the mayor said, "I believe the company will be able to make deliveries to Seattle."

The mayor sent the message after conference with representatives of the oil company.

FRED W. CATLETT
Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for the County of King.
Esther E. Doucett, Plaintiff, vs. Fred A. Doucett, Defendant. No. 143799. Summons.
The State of Washington to the said Fred A. Doucett, Defendant:
You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 3rd day of July, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court; and answer the complaint of the plaintiff herein and serve a copy of

your answer upon the undersigned attorney for the plaintiff at his office below stated; and, in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you in accordance with the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the Clerk of this court.

The object of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree of divorce dissolving the bonds of matrimony now existing between plaintiff and yourself, on the ground of non-support and incompatibility.

Date of first publication in the Seattle Municipal News, Seattle, July 3rd, 1920.

FRED W. CATLETT,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
613 Hoge Building, Seattle, Wash.
7t Aug 14

FRED W. CATLETT
Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for the County of King.

In the Matter of the Application of Western Commissary Company, a Corporation, for an Order Dissolving and Disincorporating said Company. No. 144,007. Notice.

Whereas, a petition has on this 17th day of June, 1920, been presented to Honorable Mitchell Gilliam, Judge of the Superior Court, King County, Washington, by Western Commissary Company, a corporation, incorporated under the laws of the State of Washington, to be dissolved and disincorporated, accompanied by a certificate of the president and assistant secretary of said corporation certifying that at a meeting of the stockholders called for the purpose and duly held on the 17th day of June, 1920, at the City of Seattle, King County, Washington, it was decided, by a vote of more than two-thirds of all the capital stock subscribed or issued and outstanding of said corporation and by a vote of more than two-thirds of the stockholders, to dissolve and disincorporate said corporation, which petition prayed that such notice be given of such application as is provided by law and so that an order may be entered by said judge and court declaring said corporation dissolved; and

Whereas, the said judge of said court has fixed the 16th day of August, 1920, at the hour of 9:30 o'clock A. M. at the court room of Department No. 1 of said court before the Honorable Mitchell Gilliam, judge of said court, in the King County Court House, Seattle, King County, Washington, or at the court room of any other department which may then be in session and to which this matter may be assigned;

Now, Therefore, notice is hereby given that said petition of Western Commissary Company for an order declaring said company dissolved and disincorporated is coming on to be heard before the Honorable Mitchell Gilliam, judge of the Superior Court of the State of Washington for King County, or such other judge as may be then presiding or to whom this application may be assigned, in the King County Court House in the City of Seattle, King County, Washington, on the 16th day of August, 1920, at the hour of 9:30 o'clock A. M.

Dated this 17th day of June, 1920.
PERCY F. THOMAS,
County Clerk and ex-officio Clerk of the Superior Court, Seattle, King County, Washington.

By A. N. OLSON, Deputy.
FRED W. CATLETT, Attorney for Petitioner, 613 Hoge Building, Seattle, Wash.

First pub June 26, 1920 8 t Aug 14

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of William J. Weir, Deceased. No. 25393. Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that A. C. Emmons, Executor of the Estate of William J. Weir has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said A. C. Emmons; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 2nd day of July, 1920, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 1st day of June, 1920.
PERCY F. THOMAS
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. Gordon Deputy.
First Pub. June 5. 4t. - June 26.

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FRED W. CATLETT
 Attorney Hoge Bldg
 NOTICE SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL
 Estate. Sheriff's Office.
 State of Washington County of King, ss
 By Virtue of an Order of Sale issued
 out of the Honorable Superior Court of
 King County, on the 19th day of June,
 A. D. 1920, by the Clerk thereof in the
 case of The Seattle Land & Improve-
 ment Company, a corp., Plaintiff, versus
 R. E. Russell and Mary S. Russell,
 Vulcan Manufacturing Co., s corp.,
 Brace & Hergert Mill Co., a corp., J.
 F. McNamara and Jane Doe McNamara,
 his wife, Defendants. No. 142938, and
 to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered:
 Notice is Hereby Given, That I will
 proceed to sell at public auction to the
 highest bidder for cash, within the
 hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's
 sales, to-wit: at Ten o'clock A. M., on
 the 31st day of July, 1920, before the
 Court House door of King County, Jeffer-
 son Street Entrance, in the State of
 Washington, the following described
 property, situated in King County, State
 of Washington, to-wit:
 Lot one (1), Block Thirty six (36) of
 D. T. Denny's Third Addition to North
 Seattle, together with all and singular
 the tenements, hereditaments and ap-
 purtenances thereunto belonging, levied
 on as the property of said defendants
 to satisfy a judgment of a foreclosure
 of a mortgage amounting to Three
 thousand nine hundred thirty seven
 and 46-100 (\$3937.46) Dollars, interest,
 attorney's fee of \$250.00, and the cost
 of suit, in favor of plaintiff.
 Dated this 22nd day of June, 1920.
 JOHN STRINGER, Sheriff
 By A. HUTCHESON, Deputy.

FRED W. CATLETT
 Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, for King County
 In Probate
 In the Matter of the Estate of Charles
 F. Schneider, Deceased. No. 27337
 Notice to Creditors.
 Notice is hereby given that the under-
 signed has been appointed and has
 qualified as Administratrix of the es-
 tate of Charles F. Schneider, Deceased;
 that all persons having claims against
 said deceased are hereby required to
 serve the same, duly verified, on said
 Belle Schneider or her attorney of rec-
 ord at the address below stated, and
 file the same with the Clerk of said
 Court, together with proof of such ser-
 vice within six months after the date
 of first publication of this notice, or
 the same will be barred.
 Date of first publication, May 29th,
 1920.
 BELLE SCHNEIDER
 Administratrix of said Estate
 Address 613 Hoge Building.
 FRED W. CATLETT, Attorney for Es-
 tate, 613 Hoge Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
 4t June 19.

J. L. BALDWIN
 Attorney 71 Columbia St.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, for King County
 In Probate
 In the Matter of the Estate of Nels B.
 Peterson, Deceased. No. 23668.
 Notice of hearing Final Report and Pe-
 tition for Distribution.
 Notice is hereby given that Karen
 Mary Peterson, Executrix of the Es-
 tate of Nels B. Peterson, Deceased, has
 filed in the office of the Clerk of said
 Court, final Report and petition for dis-
 tribution, asking the Court to settle
 said Report, distribute the property to
 the persons thereto entitled and to dis-
 charge said Executrix; and that said
 Report and petition will be heard on
 the 30th day of June, 1920, at 9:30 A.
 M., at the Court Room of the Probate
 Department of said Court.
 Dated this 29th day of May, 1920.
 PERCY F. THOMAS,
 Clerk of said Court.
 By H. C. Gordon
 Deputy.

4t June 19.

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. IX. NO. 28.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, JULY 10, 1920.

PRICE 10 CENTS

NO REFERENDUM ON CAR FARE INCREASE

City officials will refuse to submit the recently passed ordinance increasing the fare on the municipal street railway to 10 cents in cash or a 6 1-4-cent metal token to a referendum vote.

Convinced that they cannot be legally compelled to put the question up to the people, they are prepared to defend their action in court if necessary in the event a referendum petition is filed.

This became practically certain when city officials, upon conferring with Corporation Counsel Walter F. Meier, ascertained that the state law vests in "the city council or other corporate authorities" the sole right to increase or decrease the rate of fare charged on municipally-owned street railway systems and that under supreme court decisions, its action in these matters is not subject to a referendum vote.

Charter Not Mandatory

Although the city charter authorizes a referendum on all acts of the city council except in the matter of licenses, provided the required number of voters petition, Meier indicated his belief that the charter provision will not apply in cases where sole authority to legislate on the subject is conferred by state law on the city council or other corporate authorities. He also stated that in numerous cases where similar language was used the supreme court has held that the state statute controls, rather than the charter provisions.

City Treasurer Ed L. Terry issued a statement Thursday in which he declared his intention to place the city railway fund on a warrant basis June 25 if the

(Continued on page 3)

PETITION SIGNATURES MUST BE REPORTED

Declaring that City Comptroller Harry W. Carroll, in certifying to the city council the number of signatures attached to the petition for submission of the jitney regulation initiative measure, proposes to exclude the signature of those persons who are not registered voters, representatives of the jitney interests instituted legal proceedings to compel the city comptroller to report all signatures except those that are duplications or forgeries.

Upon application of E. C. Sears, an officer of the Jitney Drivers Union and one of the signers of the initiative petition, Superior Judge Boyd J. Tallman issued an alternative writ of mandate directed to City Comptroller Carroll requiring him to "report to the city council not later than July 15, transmitting therewith the initiative petition filed in his office June 25, 1920, which petition contains the signatures of 27,975 persons, and in said report show the percentage of signatures of persons who are shown to be registered on the registration books in his office and all signatures appearing on the petition except those that are duplications, fictitious, or forgeries, or the signatures of persons who are not qualified voters within the limits of the city of Seattle, or else show course in this court on July 12, 1920, at the hour of 9:30 a. m. why he has not done so."

Immediately after representatives of the jitney interests filed with the city comptroller June 25 a petition for the submission as an initiative measure of a proposed ordinance giving jitney operators the right to determine

(Continued on page 2)

COUNCIL REJECTS STREET PROJECTS

Acting on the recommendation of its streets and sewers committee, the city council rejected petitions for fifteen street improvement projects, aggregating in estimated cost \$200,000, on the ground that the expenditure in each case would exceed the legal limit of assessment on property within the improvement district created.

These projects, many of which have been pending for several months, follow: Paving and curbing West Seventy-third street from Fifteenth avenue Northwest to Twenty-fourth avenue northwest; construction of a pile bridge on West Florida street from Harbor avenue Southwest to Twenty-sixth avenue Southwest; grading Twenty-sixth avenue Northwest, Twenty-seventh avenue Northwest and Earl avenue Northwest, each from West Seventy-third street to the north line of the Loyal Heights addition; paving and water mains on East Northlake avenue from Pasadena place to First avenue Northeast; curbing on Nineteenth avenue Northwest from Sloop place to Canoe place; water mains on West Fifty-ninth street from Fourteenth avenue Northwest to Thirty-second avenue Northwest; grading and curbing on Sixteenth and Seventh avenues Northwest from West Seventy-fifth to West Eightieth street; paving on Turner Way from Twenty-third avenue North to Twenty-fourth avenue North; sewers on Sixty-second avenue south from Waters avenue to the south line of Fern Hill addition; paving Ellis avenue from Bailey street to East Marginal Way; grading and curbing Forty-second avenue South-

(Continued on page 2)

\$5,000 TO CHECK JITNEY PETITION SIGNATURES

Steps preliminary to a decision as to whether the ordinance for jitney regulation proposed in an initiative petition filed with the city comptroller recently shall be submitted to popular vote at a special election were taken by city officials when City Comptroller Harry W. Carroll, on the strength of an opinion from Corporation Counsel Walter F. Meier, began an investigation as to the sufficiency of the signatures attached to the petition and the council finance committee appropriated \$5,000 to pay the expense of checking the list of signatures.

Answering inquiries by the city comptroller, Corporation Counsel Meier held that "registration is not a necessary element in the qualification of a voter to entitle him to sign a referendum petition" and that "any person who possess all the requirements of an elector under the constitutional laws of this state is qualified to sign an initiative petition even though he may not be registered."

The corporation counsel also declared that the city comptroller determines whether a petition filed under the initiative and referendum law contains the requisite number of signatures of qualified voters and that "in determining the sufficiency of the signatures to the petition, he may proceed in any reasonable manner and may make use of the registration books or any other reliable information obtainable."

Revising a report adopted at its meeting Thursday morning, the council utilities committee unanimously approved the following recommendation to the city council:

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 Committee Chairmen and Trustees—

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"That all applications now pending be denied and that the reports of the superintendent of public utilities thereon be placed on file.

"That the corporation counsel be requested to prepare such ordinance as may be necessary to prohibit interurban busses from doing a local business within the city limits.

"The committee, in making the above recommendations that applications for jitney permits now pending be rejected, which applications were to serve sections of the city already supplied with adequate street car service, wishes it understood that bona fide applications for permits to serve districts now without street car facilities for the purpose of enabling the people of such districts to reach the cars of the municipal street railway and be transported to and from their homes for a 10-cent fare divided 50-50 between the jitneys and the street railway, will be considered by the committee on their merits when received, having in mind tentative routes as follows:

"From East Sixty-fifth Street and Ravenna Avenue, to connections with Cowen Park and Ravenna cars at Forteenth Avenue Northeast; also from Fourteenth Avenue Northeast and East Fortieth Street to the Laurelhurst district; also, from Beacon Avenue and Spokane Street to Beacon Avenue and Thirty-ninth Avenue South, and, also, on Beach Drive from Or-

leans Street to Bruce Street."

WHAT OTHER CITIES ARE DOING

OMAHA BUYS GAS PLANT BY CONDEMNATION

The city of Omaha, Nebraska, has just bought a gas plant at a price fixed by a Condemnation Court at \$4,500,000.00. Omaha is the largest of 127 cities in the United States which now operate municipal gas plants.

The question of municipal ownership of the gas plant has been under consideration since November, 1907, when a special election was called to submit to the public the question of voting bonds in the amount of \$3,500,000.00. At this election the proposition was defeated, but again in May, 1918, the proposition of acquiring the gas plant by the exercise of eminent domain through Condemnation Court was carried.

Wide Difference in Valuation

The City of Omaha and the Company had appraisals made which were submitted to the Condemnation Court. The Company had three separate appraisals made and the City had the property appraised by Burns & McDonnell. The four values placed upon the property were as follows:

Burns & McDonnell (representing city) \$3,760,000.

W. H. Taylor (representing company) \$6,281,000.

H. C. Anderson (representing

company) \$5,518,000.

Wm. A. Baehr (representing company) \$5,570,000.

The above figures represent the depreciated value of the property and include going value. Early in February, 1920, the Condemnation Court rendered a decision awarding the Gas Company \$4,500,000 as the value of the property and on March 20th, 1920, the City Commissioners voted to take over the gas works and its operation at the price of \$4,500,000. The City Commissioners further voted \$1,000,000 as working capital for improvements and extensions.

The appraisal and hearing before the Condemnation Court has required approximately one year's time, and thirteen years after the original proceedings were started the City of Omaha came into possession of the gas plant, and it will be operated by the municipality under a bi-partisan board of directors with a manager in charge of the property.

* * *

RAISE GRANTED POLICE MUST LAST FIVE YEARS

The common council of Northampton, Mass., has taken favorable action on the petition of the policemen for an increase in salary. This petition was acted on at the last meeting by the Board of Aldermen who favored the increase in salaries. The salaries of the police department according to the increase will be as follows:

Chief, \$2,372; captain, \$2,190; sergeant, \$2,007; first year men, \$1,358; second year men, \$1,642; third year men and thereafter, \$1,825—on condition that the police do not ask for another raise for five years. Captain Lyons of the police force has stated the officers would give a written agreement if desired. It was decided not to require this, but to take the word of the men.

* * *

WORKHOUSE POPULATION REDUCED BY PROHIBITION

Population statistics from the Milwaukee House of Correction show a reduction from 525 in 1918 to 273 inmates, the present daily average. Last year the number was about 400. Supt. William Mounsen, according to the Christian Science Monitor,

attributes the reduction directly to prohibition.

The fine new buildings of the institution have a capacity of 800 persons. A plan for throwing open vacant space to tenancy by the public is being considered there.

COUNCIL REJECTS STREET PROJECTS

(Continued from page 1)

west from West Puneau street to West Morgan street; grading on Seventeenth avenue. South from Corwin Place to Beacon avenue.

The council passed an ordinance for a 10-cent fare on bus lines operated in connection with the municipal street railway system, including the right of transfer to or from the car lines.

An ordinance introduced by Councilman T. H. Bolton, under which "flash lights" operating intermittently would be permitted on front of business houses in the downtown district would be permitted under the same regulations as are imposed on electric signs operating continuously, was referred to the public safety committee.

A communication from Mayor Hugh M. Caldwell calling attention to the situation confronting the city light department on account of the threatened shortage in fuel oil and stating the steps he has taken to relieve this situation was referred to the utilities committee.

A communication from the mayor accompanying his veto of the garbage ordinance was referred to the public safety committee.

PETITION SIGNATURES MUST BE REPORTED

(Continued from page 1)

their own routes and schedules City Comptroller Carroll referred the petition to Corporation Counsel Walter F. Meier for an opinion as to what signatures should be counted in determining the number of qualified electors signing.

Mr. Meier, in reply, stated that the city comptroller is vested under the city charter with the right to determine whether a petition filed under the initiative and referendum law contains the requi-

site number of signatures of qualified voters and that "in determining the sufficiency of the signatures he may proceed in any reasonable manner and may make use of the registration books or any other reliable information obtainable."

Seattle, Wash., July 9, 1920
Editor Municipal News,
Seattle,
Dear Sir:

In your issue of the 3rd inst. Mr. Shorrock claims that I was not entirely fair to the State Auditor when I ignored the purpose or policy behind the recent tax levy.

My attack was directed at the official record as it stands and at the work of the State Bureau in so twisting figures as to induce the Legislature to make an impossible tax levy. Neither the purpose, policy or opinion of the State Auditor, or any one else, affects in the slightest degree the question of the validity of the levy, and for that reason I ignored them.

Mr. Shorrock has not defended the levy and I have too high an opinion of him to even imagine that he will do so when he examines it. It seems to me he can do a real service to the taxpayers by joining in a request for an opinion from the Law Department as to the validity of this levy.

It is undeniably true that if this levy was made for a necessary purpose it should stand. If no such purpose existed it should fall and the people should be relieved from an unnecessary burden of more than two million dollars.

C. A. LaGRAVE.

NO REFERENDUM ON CAR FARE INCREASE

(Continued from page 1)

fare increase scheduled to take effect July 19, is delayed through the filing of a referendum petition.

The increased revenue from the new rates of fare is needed in order to place the street railway system on a self-supporting basis and to furnish to holders of warrants drawn on the city railway fund a guarantee that these warrants will eventually be paid,

Terry said.

The city railway fund was overdrawn \$366,000 Thursday and Terry estimates the overdraft will be approximately \$500,000 when \$150,000 street railway warrants are cashed July 10, the next pay day.

New Ordinance Can Be Passed

Until their conference with Corporation Counsel Walter F. Meier Thursday, city officials had taken it for granted that the referendum could legally be invoked against the fare increase ordinance, although the question had not been formally presented to the city legal department with a request for an opinion. In an opinion asked several weeks ago by Mayor Caldwell, that question was not presented, the mayor requesting only information as to when the ordinance would become effective if he approved the measure.

Councilmen pointed out that under Mr. Meier's opinion to the mayor there is a possibility that an ordinance increasing the fare can be passed in such form as to constitute emergency legislation within the meaning of the city charter. In that event, the ordinance would not be subject to referendum. In advising the mayor that, in his opinion, the facts stated in the council bill increasing fares were insufficient to support its enactment as an emergency measure, Mr. Meier added:

"From this conclusion however, it must not be assumed that a state of facts does not, or may not, exist upon which an emergency ordinance could be predicated. That is not a question of law, but rather one of fact, to be determined in the first instance by the legislative body of the city. The only matter determined by me in this opinion is that the bill in question, as now drawn, does not permit of its enactment as emergency legislation."

FRED W. CATLETT
Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for the County of King.
Esther E. Doucett, Plaintiff, vs. Fred A. Doucett, Defendant. No. 143799. Summons.
The State of Washington to the said Fred A. Doucett, Defendant:
You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 3rd day of July, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court; and answer the complaint of the plaintiff herein and serve a copy of

your answer upon the undersigned attorney for the plaintiff at his office below stated; and, in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you in accordance with the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the Clerk of this court.

The object of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree of divorce dissolving the bonds of matrimony now existing between plaintiff and yourself, on the ground of non-support and incompatibility.

Date of first publication in the Seattle Municipal News, Seattle, July 3rd, 1920.

FRED W. CATLETT,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
613 Hoge Building, Seattle, Wash.
7t aug 14

FRED W. CATLETT
Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for the County of King.

In the Matter of the Application of Western Commissary Company, & Corporation, for an Order Dissolving and Disincorporating said Company. No. 144,007. Notice.

Whereas, a petition has on this 17th day of June, 1920, been presented to Honorable Mitchell Gilliam, Judge of the Superior Court, King County, Washington, by Western Commissary Company, a corporation, incorporated under the laws of the State of Washington, to be dissolved and disincorporated, accompanied by a certificate of the president and assistant secretary of said corporation certifying that at a meeting of the stockholders called for the purpose and duly held on the 17th day of June, 1920, at the City of Seattle, King County, Washington, it was decided, by a vote of more than two-thirds of all the capital stock subscribed or issued and outstanding of said corporation and by a vote of more than two-thirds of the stockholders, to dissolve and disincorporate said corporation, which petition prayed that such notice be given of such application as is provided by law and so that an order may be entered by said judge and court declaring said corporation dissolved; and

Whereas, the said judge of said court has fixed the 16th day of August, 1920, at the hour of 9:30 o'clock A. M. at the court room of Department No. 1 of said court before the Honorable Mitchell Gilliam, judge of said court, in the King County Court House, Seattle, King County, Washington, or at the court room of any other department which may then be in session and to which this matter may be assigned;

Now, Therefore, notice is hereby given that said petition of Western Commissary Company for an order declaring said company dissolved and disincorporated is coming on to be heard before the Honorable Mitchell Gilliam, judge of the Superior Court of the State of Washington for King County, or such other judge as may be then presiding or to whom this application may be assigned, in the King County Court House in the City of Seattle, King County, Washington, on the 16th day of August, 1920, at the hour of 9:30 o'clock A. M.

Dated this 17th day of June, 1920.
PERCY F. THOMAS,
County Clerk and ex-officio Clerk of the Superior Court, Seattle, King County, Washington.

By A. N. OLSON, Deputy.
FRED W. CATLETT, Attorney for Petitioner, 613 Hoge Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub June 26, 1920 8 t Aug 14

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of William J. Weir, Deceased. No. 25393. Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that A. C. Emmons, Executor of the Estate of William J. Weir has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said A. C. Emmons; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 2nd day of July, 1920, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 1st day of June, 1920.

PERCY F. THOMAS

Clerk of said Court.

By H. C. Gordon

Deputy.

First Pub. June 5. 4t. - June 26.

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FRED W. CATLETT
 Attorney Hoge Bldg
NOTICE SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL
 Estate. Sheriff's Office.
 State of Washington County of King, ss
 By Virtue of an Order of Sale issued
 out of the Honorable Superior Court of
 King County, on the 19th day of June,
 A. D. 1920, by the Clerk thereof in the
 case of The Seattle Land & Improve-
 ment Company, a corp., Plaintiff, versus
 R. E. Russell and Mary S. Russell,
 Vulcan Manufacturing Co., a corp.,
 Brace & Hergert Mill Co., a corp., J.
 F. McNamara and Jane Doe McNamara,
 his wife, Defendants. No. 142938, and
 to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered:
 Notice is Hereby Given, That I will
 proceed to sell at public auction to the
 highest bidder for cash, within the
 hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's
 sales, to-wit: at Ten o'clock A. M., on
 the 31st day of July, 1920, before the
 Court House door of King County, Jeffer-
 son Street Entrance, in the State of
 Washington, the following described
 property, situated in King County, State
 of Washington, to-wit:
 Lot one (1), Block Thirty six (36) of
 D. T. Denny's Third Addition to North
 Seattle, together with all and singular
 the tenements, hereditaments and ap-
 purtenances thereunto belonging, levied
 on as the property of said defendants
 to satisfy a judgment of a foreclosure
 of a mortgage amounting to Three
 thousand nine hundred thirty seven
 and 46-100 (\$3937.46) Dollars, interest,
 attorney's fee of \$250.00, and the cost
 of suit, in favor of plaintiff.
 Dated this 22nd day of June, 1920.
 JOHN STRINGER, Sheriff
 By A. HUTCHESON, Deputy.

FRED W. CATLETT
 Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, for King County
 In Probate
 In the Matter of the Estate of Charles
 F. Schneider, Deceased. No. 27337
 Notice to Creditors.
 Notice is hereby given that the under-
 signed has been appointed and has
 qualified as Administratrix of the es-
 tate of Charles F. Schneider, Deceased;
 that all persons having claims against
 said deceased are hereby required to
 serve the same, duly verified, on said
 Belle Schneider or her attorney of rec-
 ord at the address below stated, and
 file the same with the Clerk of said
 Court, together with proof of such ser-
 vice within six months after the date
 of first publication of this notice, or
 the same will be barred.
 Date of first publication, May 29th,
 1920.
 BELLE SCHNEIDER
 Administratrix of said Estate
 Address 613 Hoge Building.
 FRED W. CATLETT, Attorney for Es-
 tate, 613 Hoge Bldg., Seattle, Wash
 4t June 19.

J. L. BALDWIN
 Attorney 71 Columbia St.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, for King County
 In Probate
 In the Matter of the Estate of Nels B.
 Peterson, Deceased. No. 23668.
 Notice of hearing Final Report and Pe-
 tition for Distribution.
 Notice is hereby given that Karen
 Mary Peterson, Executrix of the Es-
 tate of Nels B. Peterson, Deceased, has
 filed in the office of the Clerk of said
 Court, final Report and petition for dis-
 tribution, asking the Court to settle
 said Report, distribute the property to
 the persons thereto entitled and to dis-
 charge said Executrix; and that said
 Report and petition will be heard on
 the 30th day of June, 1920, at 9:30 A.
 M., at the Court Room of the Probate
 Department of said Court.
 Dated this 29th day of May, 1920.
 PERCY F. THOMAS,
 Clerk of said Court.
 By H. C. Gordon
 Deputy.

4t June 19.

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. IX. NO. 29.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, JULY 17, 1920.

PRICE 10 CENTS

COUNCIL APPROOVES STREET PROJECTS

Seattle's city council at its session Monday afternoon authorized a number of important street improvement projects, including the paving of Minor Avenue North.

Under the ordinance as passed Minor Avenue North will be paved from Mercer Street to Fairview Avenue North, Pontius Avenue from Mercer Street to Roy Street, Roy Street from Fairview Avenue North to Eastlake Avenue, Valley Street from Minor Avenue North to Eastlake Avenue, Aloha Street from Minor Avenue North to Yale Avenue North, Ward Street from Fairview Avenue North to Yale Avenue North, and Prospect Street from Yale Avenue North to Eastlake Avenue.

The improvements include the installation of sewers, water mains and concrete sidewalks. The council passed resolutions for the following improvements and set Thursday, August 2, at 2 p. m. as the date for public hearings on the proposed work: Paving King Street from Twelfth Avenue South to Rainier Avenue, grading and paving Forty-third Avenue Northeast, Forty-fifth Avenue Northeast, Forty-seventh Avenue Northeast, East Thirty-first Street and East Thirty-third Street.

An ordinance authorizing an agreement between the City of Seattle and the State of Washington for use of certain portions of the Roosevelt Highway in Whatcom County as a means of access to the Skagit River power plant was referred to the city utilities committee.

MUNICIPAL NOTES

By Fred W. Catlett

At its last session the Massachusetts legislature passed an act increasing the number of members of the Boston City Council from nine to fifteen and providing for their election in districts. For about eleven years, if our memory serves us correctly, Boston has had a council elected at large, a method which has been unsatisfactory to both of the national political organizations, although it is our impression that it has been more satisfactory than the old ward system to good-government organizations. And we note that in this instance the Good - Government Association, the Chamber of Commerce, and the Boston Charter Association urged the governor to veto the bill. He refused to do so, however, because the bill carried a referendum which comes before the voters at the election this November.

* * *

Two cities, Baltimore and St. Louis, have taken up municipal dramatics. In Baltimore, under the name of Everybody's Playhouse, a municipal community theatre has been opened on the municipal recreation pier. It is situated in the heart of a densely populated district of various nationalities, and it is expected to offer folk plays and plays which will inculcate Americanism. In St. Louis the city is producing municipal opera in the natural amphitheatre in one of the city's parks. It will be interesting to hear the results of these experiments.

* * *

In Nottingham, England, at least, a city is able to make its municipal undertakings, with the exception of the water works, pay in dollars and cents. The

profits from the tramway operations during the year amounted to over \$500,000. The average daily number of cars in service was 121 and the number of passengers carried 46 million and a half. The average fare paid per passenger was 3.14 cents. The municipal gas plant made a net profit of nearly half a million and the sewage disposal plant also showed a comfortable balance.

The City of Cleveland has established a municipal research bureau under the control of a committee of five prominent citizens. It would certainly seem as if Seattle could well afford to follow the example of these Eastern cities. We need a bureau which can have paid employees to delve into the facts of our municipal government. No citizen organization can be expected to do this essential work.

* * *

The thirty days has now expired since the passage of the ordinance giving the mayor \$10,000 with which to investigate the municipal car line purchase and that sum is now available to him. Some have believed that such an investigation was already under way, but, if so, no news concerning it has leaked out, and so far it is not known just what course the mayor intends to pursue. As we have said before, we hope the investigation will be thorough and that all of the facts will be made public.

* * *

Since we last treated of the matter of jitney regulation in these columns the city's attitude toward them has apparently changed. It will be remembered that upwards of a month or two ago an ordinance was passed for

(Continued on page 2)

CITY EMPLOYEES ASK PAY INCREASE

City Engineer A. H. Dimock submitted a request for substantial advances in the pay of employees in his department and the Council of Municipal Employees petitioned for an increase of \$30 a month in the pay of every city employee.

In nearly all estimates the departmental head asks for such increases in salaries only as go into effect automatically under the sliding scale based upon length of service. The engineering department is the only branch of the city government for which a general increase of pay is requested.

The police department estimate filed with Auditor Strouse Monday proposes an appropriation of \$118,000 for the year 1921 in order to enable the department to give each member one day off duty each week.

The Municipal Employees' Council in urging a flat increase of \$30 a month in the pay of all city employees, presented to the council a schedule of prices purporting to prove that the cost of necessities of life had increased approximately 23½ per cent since the last salary adjustment was made.

The aggregate estimate by Mr. Dimock for the city engineering department for 1921 shows a substantial reduction over that of 1920. The total asked is \$910,010, against \$1,178,312 in 1920. The salary estimate for 1920 was \$468,500 while that for 1921 is \$595,520. Appropriations for betterments and construction work in 1920 were \$673,500, while for 1921 they are only \$269,240. The following contributions to local improvement funds are listed: Rock fill on Railroad Avenue,

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

\$200,000; sewers on East Seventieth Street, \$4,800; paving Avalon Way, \$6,500; University Street viaduct, \$40,000.

The police department estimate aggregates \$1,329,092.50 against \$1,112,360 in 1921. The allowance for salaries in 1920 was \$1,010,050, while for the 1921 allowance proposed is \$1,174,087.50. In addition to the \$118,000 for the one day off in seven plan, the estimate asks an additional \$11,000 for paying street railway fare of policemen and \$20,955 for exchange of old automobiles for new machines.

The park department estimate totals \$331,102, as follows: Salaries, \$262,572; supplies, \$56,400, and betterments, \$12,130. Attached to the estimate is the following note:

"The estimate submitted here with aggregates \$331,102 or \$41,102 more than will be derived from a 1-mill tax levy, together with other departmental revenues, which allowance the board is compelled to ask for owing to salary increases and the general high cost of feed and all materials needed."

The civil service department estimates its needs at \$44,610, against \$41,610 in 1920. The library department asks \$217,915 for salaries and \$94,997.40 for supplies, a total of \$312,912.40.

Councilman A. T. Drake, chairman of the council finance committee, announced to members of the council at its meeting this week that consideration of the 1921 budget will be commenced

Tuesday afternoon, July 20, at 2 o'clock.

MANY OFFICES TO BE FILLED

Besides taking part in the state election, at which all state elective officials from governor down are to be chosen, King County will elect nine judges of the superior court, one justice of the peace, one constable, all county officers, twenty-five members of the lower house of the legislature, one member of congress from the First district (which also includes Kitsap County) and will assist in the election of a member of congress from the Second district. The registered voters of the state will also elect one United States senator.

Two members of the board of county commissioners are to be elected, the terms of Commissioner Claude C. Ramsay, chairman of the board, who represents what is known as the city district, and of Commissioner Tom Dobson from the north district, expiring. Both Ramsey and Dobson will be candidates for re-election.

Registration for the primary election is now open, and will remain so until up to twenty days preceding the primary election, which will be August 25.

The Board of Trustees of the League have gone on record as favoring the appointment of a committee to investigate the records and qualifications of candidates seeking to represent Se-

attle in the state legislature. President Lawler will announce the personnell of such a committee shortly.

OFFERS SUGGESTION ON GAS PUMPS

Suggestions that the city council prescribe by ordinance the districts in which gas tanks and pumps may be installed at curbs and the regulations under which such installations may be made was conveyed to the council public safety committee by the board of public works.

Declaring that the number of curb pumps is growing fast, the board suggested that regulatory steps have become advisable. Fire Marshal Harry W. Bringhurst, in a written statement, said that gasoline tanks placed four feet under ground are not a fire menace.

The board also recommended that in lieu of the bond now required from those to whom permits to instal curb tanks and pumps are issued, an indemnity agreement running against the property would be advisable. By fixing a rental charge equaling the cost of a bond, the city would derive \$2,500 a year revenue, it was said.

WHAT OTHER CITIES ARE DOING

The city of Scranton, Pa., retained Frank Koester, consulting engineer and city planning expert, New York City, to make an investigation and report regarding an entire new system for lighting all streets and some forty municipal buildings. Mr. Koester proposed to use the garbage and refuse (60 tons per day) as the bulk of the fuel required; the present maximum daily demand of the power plant is 500 k. w.; however, the plant is provided for twice this capacity. Some 1300 nitrogen-filled tungsten lamps are to replace arc lamps.

In addition a very extended boulevard lighting system of some 400 single lamp standards are provided for the four business sections of the city. With the exception of the underground wires in the business

sections, all other wires of the 11 circuits are to be overhead. The engineer's report shows that the city will save yearly some \$25,000 by owning this municipal lighting system instead of renewing the contract with the local light company. A similar report was made very recently by the same engineer for the city of Allentown, Pa., where the savings effected would be \$15,000 per year.

MUNICIPAL NOTE

(Continued from page 1)

their strict regulation and the power to make recommendations as to what regulations should be enforced was placed in the hands of the superintendent of public utilities. The superintendent of public utilities was reported to have made certain recommendations to the city council.

Before their adoption, however opinion seems to have changed and a decision was reached to eliminate the jitneys, except on certain short runs where they operated as feeders to the municipal street railway lines. A notice was recently served upon the jitney owners that unless they had been given a license in accordance with the ordinance they must cease operating by the night of July 6th. The jitney drivers, however, appeared in court on that day and had a temporary restraining order issued holding up the enforcement of the notice.

We have not previously expressed an opinion with reference to the principle upon which the jitney regulation should be based, but we find ourselves, for once at least, in accord with an editorial which recently appeared in the morning paper, taking the position that the proper point of view is that of the public generally. It seems quite likely that the city has in general power to eliminate the jitneys, if it desires to do so, and it is a question whether the jitneys themselves have any rights that need be considered, since their owners constitute but a small minority of the total population, and the interests of the few must frequently yield to the interests of the great majority. But the general public has shown by its continued patronage of the jitneys, even since the taking over

of the street railway properties by the city, that it prefers, or a considerable portion of it prefers, to ride in a jitney instead of in a street car. If certain people prefer that kind of service and are willing to pay the price for it, why should they not be permitted to have it and why should they be forced to ride in the street car in preference to a jitney, whether they wish to do so or not? It is hardly necessary to point out that the city refused to regulate the jitney when the street railway was in private hands. It probably should have regulated them, even then, with respect to speed, proper loading, proper lighting, regular routes and maximum fares, but we think it was justified then in refusing to eliminate the jitney competition in order to save the finances of the road. If the city was justified in taking that stand then, does the change in the ownership of the line justify it in altering its attitude? In other words, what the city is now doing is to employ its governmental powers to aid it in purely business undertakings. The city has rightly refused to exercise those governmental powers in favor of any private business; has it any better right to exercise them in favor of its business undertakings?

* * *

Press reports have indicated that petitions were being circulated for a referendum on the ordinance increasing the fares on the municipal street railway. This news speedily brought forth the contention that the referendum could not be legally applied to such an ordinance, as the law placed the matter of fixing the fares in the discretion of the city council and under decisions of our Supreme Court that exercise of discretion could not be delegated to the people by referendum. We are not aware that the corporation counsel has passed directly on this question, but it would seem that this view is correct.

Quite apart from its legality, however, any attempt to invoke a referendum on the ordinance would be most unfortunate and ought not to receive any support. In the first place, the application of the referendum to such a measure, even if the vote were against the measure would

be equivocal. The voters might oppose the present measure because they believed a larger fare should be imposed or some quite different tariff. The effect of an adverse vote would deprive the municipal street railway of funds which it very badly needs, would undoubtedly force the placing of the railway fund upon a warrant basis and subject all city employees to a discount on their wages. The city council might save the discount by pledging the resources of the general fund behind the warrants, but the legality of such a pledge would be open to serious question.

A referendum which resulted in the defeat of the present ordinance, if interpreted as a refusal of the people to permit the imposition of a fare sufficient to pay the interest and principal on the indebtedness and the maintenance and operating expenses, and as a determination on the part of the people to refuse to make any contribution to the increased expenses through larger fares, but to place the increased cost and the risk of deficits upon the general fund, would be the most serious blow ever dealt to municipal ownership in this country. If it were once demonstrated that the probable result of municipal ownership would be simply the placing of continued and arbitrary impositions upon the general fund and the general taxpayers, the other cities of this country would be extremely slow to follow the experiment being tried here. Even if such a referendum were unsuccessful, the unpleasant notoriety attached to such an attempted breach of faith with the voters of this city and such an attempt to gouge the general taxpayer would be extremely undesirable and would go far to deter further investment in this city.

In view of these objections and the legal obstacles, it is quite unlikely that a referendum will ever take place on this ordinance.

FRED W. CATLETT
Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for the
County of King.
Esther E. Doucett, Plaintiff, vs. Fred
A. Doucett, Defendant. No. 143799.
Summons.
The State of Washington to the said
Fred A. Doucett, Defendant:
You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty (60) days after the first
publication of this summons, to-wit:
within sixty (60) days after the 3rd
day of July, 1920, and defend the above
entitled action in the above entitled
court; and answer the complaint of the
plaintiff herein and serve a copy of

your answer upon the undersigned attorney for the plaintiff at his office below stated; and, in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you in accordance with the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the Clerk of this court.

The object of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree of divorce dissolving the bonds of matrimony now existing between plaintiff and yourself, on the ground of non-support and incompatibility.

Date of first publication in the Seattle Municipal News, Seattle, July 3rd, 1920.

FRED W. CATLETT,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
613 Hoge Building, Seattle, Wash.
7t Aug 14

FRED W. CATLETT
Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for the
County of King.

In the Matter of the Application of
Western Commissary Company, a
Corporation, for an Order Dissolving
and Disincorporating said Company.
No. 144,007. Notice.

Whereas, a petition has on this 17th day of June, 1920, been presented to the Honorable Mitchell Gilliam, Judge of the Superior Court, King County, Washington, by Western Commissary Company, a corporation, incorporated under the laws of the State of Washington, to be dissolved and disincorporated, accompanied by a certificate of the president and assistant secretary of said corporation certifying that at a meeting of the stockholders called for the purpose and duly held on the 17th day of June, 1920, at the City of Seattle, King County, Washington, it was decided, by a vote of more than two-thirds of all the capital stock subscribed or issued and outstanding of said corporation and by a vote of more than two-thirds of the stockholders, to dissolve and disincorporate said corporation, which petition prayed that such notice be given of such application as is provided by law and so that an order may be entered by said judge and court declaring said corporation dissolved; and

Whereas, the said judge of said court has fixed the 16th day of August, 1920, at the hour of 9:30 o'clock A. M. at the court room of Department No. 1 of said court before the Honorable Mitchell Gilliam, judge of said court, in the King County Court House, Seattle, King County, Washington, or at the court room of any other department which may then be in session and to which this matter may be assigned;

Now, Therefore, notice is hereby given that said petition of Western Commissary Company for an order declaring said company dissolved and disincorporated is coming on to be heard before the Honorable Mitchell Gilliam, judge of the Superior Court of the State of Washington for King County, or such other judge as may be then presiding or to whom this application may be assigned, in the King County Court House, in the City of Seattle, King County, Washington, on the 16th day of August, 1920, at the hour of 9:30 o'clock A. M.

Dated this 17th day of June, 1920.
PERCY F. THOMAS,
County Clerk and ex-officio Clerk of
the Superior Court, Seattle, King
County, Washington.

By A. N. OLSON, Deputy.
FRED W. CATLETT, Attorney for Petitioner, 613 Hoge Building, Seattle, Wash.

First pub June 26, 1920 8 t Aug 14

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for the County
of King. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of William
J. Weir, Deceased. No. 25393.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and
Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that A. C. Emmons, Executor of the Estate of William J. Weir has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said A. C. Emmons; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 2nd day of July, 1920, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 1st day of June, 1920.
PERCY F. THOMAS
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. Gordon
Deputy.
First Pub. June 5. 4t. - June 26.

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FRED W. CATLETT
 Attorney Hoge Bldg.
 NOTICE SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL
 Estate, Sheriff's Office.

State of Washington County of King, ss
 By Virtue of an Order of Sale issued
 out of the Honorable Superior Court of
 King County, on the 19th day of June,
 A. D. 1920, by the Clerk thereof in the
 case of The Seattle Land & Improve-
 ment Company, a corp., Plaintiff, versus
 R. E. Russell and Mary S. Russell,
 Vulcan Manufacturing Co., a corp.,
 Brace & Hergert Mill Co., a corp., J.
 F. McNamara and Jane Doe McNamara,
 his wife, Defendants. No. 142938, and
 to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered:

Notice is Hereby Given, That I will
 proceed to sell at public auction to the
 highest bidder for cash, within the
 hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's
 sales, to-wit: at Ten o'clock A. M., on
 the 31st day of July, 1920, before the
 Court House door of King County, Jef-
 ferson Street Entrance, in the State of
 Washington, the following described
 property, situated in King County, State
 of Washington, to-wit:

Lot one (1), Block Thirty six (36) of
 D. T. Denny's Third Addition to North
 Seattle, together with all and singular
 the tenements, hereditaments and ap-
 purtenances thereunto belonging, levied
 on as the property of said defendants
 to satisfy a judgment of a foreclosure
 of a mortgage amounting to Three
 thousand nine hundred thirty seven
 and 46-100 (\$3937.46) Dollars, interest,
 attorney's fee of \$250.00, and the cost
 of suit, in favor of plaintiff.

Dated this 22nd day of June, 1920.
 JOHN STRINGER, Sheriff
 By A. HUTCHESON, Deputy.

FRED W. CATLETT
 Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, for King County
 In Probate

In the Matter of the Estate of Charles
 F. Schneider, Deceased. No. 27337
 Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the under-
 signed has been appointed and has
 qualified as Administratrix of the es-
 tate of Charles F. Schneider, Deceased;
 that all persons having claims against
 said deceased are hereby required to
 serve the same, duly verified, on said
 Belle Schneider or her attorney of rec-
 ord at the address below stated, and
 file the same with the Clerk of said
 Court, together with proof of such ser-
 vice within six months after the date
 of first publication of this notice, or
 the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, May 29th,
 1920.

BELLE SCHNEIDER
 Administratrix of said Estate
 Address 613 Hoge Building.
 FRED W. CATLETT, Attorney for Es-
 tate, 613 Hoge Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
 4t June 19.

J. L. BALDWIN
 Attorney 71 Columbia St.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, for King County
 In Probate

In the Matter of the Estate of Nels B.
 Peterson, Deceased. No. 23668.
 Notice of hearing Final Report and Pe-
 tition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Karen
 Mary Peterson, Executrix of the Es-
 tate of Nels B. Peterson, Deceased, has
 filed in the office of the Clerk of said
 Court, final Report and petition for dis-
 tribution, asking the Court to settle
 said Report, distribute the property to
 the persons thereto entitled and to dis-
 charge said Executrix; and that said
 Report and petition will be heard on
 the 30th day of June, 1920, at 9:30 A.
 M., at the Court Room of the Probate
 Department of said Court.

Dated this 29th day of May, 1920.
 PERCY P. THOMAS,
 Clerk of said Court.
 By H. C. Gordon
 Deputy.

4t June 19.

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PRICE 10 CENTS

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THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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 Liljestrom, G. A., 305 Maynard
 Lilly, J. H., Green Bldg.
 Lippincott, Dr. W. D., 528 Burke
 Lippy, T. S., Lippy Bldg
 Littlefield, Geo. B., 526 N. Y. Blk
 Leo, Dr. A. O., 211 Cobb Bldg
 Loewe, A., 811 Lowman Bldg
 Lord, Albert B., 313 Seaboard B
 Losse, Edwin H., 1057 Empire B
 Loveless, Milo J., 1019 Alaska B
 Lovett, H. R., 200 Boston Blk
 Lovsted, C. M., 806 Alaska Bldg
 Luccock, Eugene C., 828 Central

Lundin, Alfred H., 817 Alaska B
 Lundquist, M. A., Green Bldg
 Lyford, C. A., 626 Henry Bldg
 Lyle, Roy C., 205 Lyon Bldg
 MacAlaster, Eugene L., 37 W.
 Lander St.
 McAllaster, Ralph C., 304 Central
 McCabe, Murray, 515 White Bld
 McCammon, H. C., 917 White B
 McCoy, C. K., Richmond Beach
 McDonald, Donald A., 327 Feder-
 al
 McDowall, J. K., 912 White Bldg
 McFee, J. G., Nor. Life Bldg
 McKee, Redick H., 327 Globe B
 McKibben, Wm. K., 309 Burke B
 Mackintosh, John H., 2023 3rd N
 MacLachlan, Dr. J. W., Pantages
 Bldg
 McLaren, W. G., 714 N. Y. Blk
 McLoughlin, Dr. G. M., 114 Boyl-
 ston
 McPherson, J. L., Ch of Com
 MacMaster, J. E. 8 Rainier Bldg
 Mann, William G., 539 Central B
 Manning, E. M., 515 Maritime B
 Manning, Wm. M., 79 Columbia
 Maris, W. H., 539 Central Bldg
 Mason, H. C., 4737 15th N. E.
 Mason, H. W., 4871 Rainier Ave.
 Matheny, Fred C., 1710 Smith B
 Matthews, Rev. J. H., 5008 16 NE
 Matthews, Rev. M. A. 1st Pres Ch
 Mathieu, George, White Bldg.
 Mattice, Dr. Albert F., 614 Cobb
 Meacham, Wm., 800½ 3rd Ave.
 Mead, W. D., 557 Stuart Bldg
 Meeker, Ezra, 812 2nd Ave.
 Mignon, O. R., 406 E. John
 Miller, A. A., 1400 Alaska Bldg
 Miller, D. M., 67 Columbia St.
 Miller, Geo. E., Lowman & Han.
 Miller, R. H., 909 Western Ave
 Miller, Winlock W., Lowman Bl
 Miller, Blake D., 561 R R Ave So
 Moeller, W., 3618 22nd SW
 Mohr, P. K., Labor Temple
 Moore, U. G., 816 3rd Ave.
 Moorehouse, E., 310 White Bldg
 Moorehouse, Chas. R., 726 Smith
 Moran, John M., 1220 1st So.
 Moran, Sherman, 727 16th No.
 Morford, Seth H., 575 Colman B
 Morgan, Bruce F., Colman Dock
 Morgan, D. B., Nor. Life Bldg
 Moriarty, C. P., 402 Burke Bldg
 Morris, Walter E., 608 Alaska B
 Morrison, C. G., 1004 3rd Ave.
 Morse, W. C., Central Bldg.
 Mosiman, Dr. R. E., 902 Boren
 Mountain, J. S., 5634 12th N. E.
 Murphy, Rev. U. G., 1104 James
 Myers, Alexander, N. W. Trust
 & S. D. Co.
 Myers, C. H., 815 White Bldg
 Myers, David J., 26 Lippy Bldg
 Myers, Octavuc C., 1012 Q. A. Av
 Neale, A., 4153 Arcade Bldg
 Neekirk, L. T., U of W
 NePage, J. F., Armour Bldg
 Nice, J. D., 121 24th So.
 Nicholas, I. A., 4751 16th N E
 Nichols, Ralph D., Jackson &
 Maynard Ave
 Nicholson, G. F. O., Bell St Dock
 Box 135
 Nordhoff, R. G. H., Bon Marche
 Nordin, Sven H., 509 3rd Ave.
 Northrop, Bert A., 322 Alaska B
 Nossaman, Walter L., 1408 Hoge
 Notbohm, L. R., 306 East Olive
 Nugent, Edward, 10 Haller Bldg
 O'Brien, E. D., 506 C-City Bldg
 Ollniger, F. E., 467 Empire Bldg
 Oakes, Prescott, 707 Securities B
 Patterson, Tom S., Smith Bldg
 Pattullo, L. G., 560 Stuart Bldg
 Pennock, Henry W., 900 Leary B
 Pelz, E. E., 237 Central Bldg
 Perkins, Wm. T., 607 Pioneer Bl
 Peterson, H. S., 539 Central Bldg
 Petley, B. H., 1616 Hoge Bldg
 Phillips, Paul B., 1603 E. 50th St
 Pierce, A. E., 1520 Westlake Ave
 Pierce, C. C., 1520 Westlake Ave
 Pittwood, Dr. W. H., 401 Pan-
 tages Bldg
 Poindexter, G. Benj., 503 White
 Polson, Perry, Col. & Western
 Pond, Wm. S., Nor. Life Bldg
 Poston, Newton, Pac. Coast Coal
 Prather, Dr. J. N., 301 Pantages
 Pratt, D. L. Sr., 71 Polson Blk
 Preston, Harold, 911 Lowman B
 Priestley, W. E., Hitt Fireworks
 Prins, R., 3211 Fuhrman St.
 Prosser, Wm. T., 655 Empire Bl
 Qualheim, C. O., 215 Boston Blk
 Quigley, A. J., 709 White Bldg
 Ramsay, Claude C., 311 N. Y. Bl
 Raser, H. A., 253 Colman Bldg
 Rawlings, F. E., 636 Burke Bldg
 Reber, E. L. P-I Bldg
 Reed, J. A., Franklin High School
 Reed, John F., 960 Empire Bldg
 Reeves, Carl H., County-City Bl
 Reid, R. T., 112 Columbia St.
 Revell, G. H., 605 N. Y. Blk
 Reynolds, C. A., 1503 Hoge Bldg
 Reynolds, James W., 301 Burke
 Richardson, Prof. O. H. U of W
 Riddell, C. F., 627 Colman Bldg
 Riley, J. E., 511 Marion Bl.
 Rion, Dr. C. L., 407 Cobb Bldg.
 Ripley, Edwin, Pier 1
 Robe, L. S., 4051 10th N E
 Robertson, James P., Henry Bld
 Ross, J. D., City-County Bldg
 Royema, Martin, 402 Hoge Bldg
 Russell, Geo. F., Alaska Bldg
 Ryan, Chas. J., 709 White Bldg
 Sandall, Robert F., 603 Alaska B
 Sargent, John H., U S Im. Sta.
 Sargent, Joseph H., 118 4th Ave.
 Saunders, Robt. C., Federal Bldg
 Schack, James H., Lippy Bldg.

Schramm, John, 919 Madison St.
Schwartz, B. I., 425 Central Bldg
Schwellenbach, L. B. 1301 Alaska
Secord, Emanuel, 400 Prefontaine
Seelye, Dr. Walter K., 806 Am.

Bank Bldg

Seil, N. H., Nat. City Bank
Semon, Frank E., 411 Lyon Bldg
Shafer, A. B., 1st & Jackson
Sheldon, W. K., 1056 Empire Bld
Shea, Warren, 400 Mehlhorn Bld
Shoemaker, W. B., 722 2nd Ave
Shorett, John B., 714 N. Y. Blk
Shorrock, E. G., Central Bldg
Shorrock, E., 2nd and Union
Silbaugh, Jackson, 625 Lyon Bld
Sinks, F. F., 2322 Nob Hill
Skeel, E. L., 1301 Alaska Bldg
Skinner, Frank, 901 Seaboard Bl
Slater, Amos, 445 Henry Bldg
Sloan, Philip D., Colman Bldg
Smith, A. Ray, 820 2nd Ave.

Steinert, Wm. J., 1009 White Bld
Smith, Carl J., 555 N. Y. Blk
Smith, Charles W., U of W Libr
Smith, Dr. Clarence A., 1011 Cobb
Smith, Ethan, Y. M. C. A.

Smith, E. Rex, 321 Occidental
Smith, Herbert E. W., 336 Henry
Smith, J. V. A., 2nd and Union
Smith, L. Howard, Seattle Hdq.
Smith, W. P., 735 Henry Bldg
Snow, W. S., Vortex Chem. Co.

Soliday, Geo. W., 3732 Highland
Steeple, C. J., 118 Cherry St.

Stimson, C. D., 512 White Bldg
Stone, Dr. D. M., 419 Lbr Ex.

Sturtevant, C. K., 311 Boston Blk
Sullivan, John J., 510 White Bldg

Summers, Lane, 609 Central Bld
Suzzalo, Dr. Henry, U of W

Taft, W. B., 1107 2nd Ave.
Tallman, Ernest W., 539 Central

Taylor, Frank G., 309 Colman
Thomas, Dr. J. W., 307 Walker B.

Thomas, Percy F., County-City
Thompson, Chas. C., 301 White

Thompson, Dr. Gordon G., 505
Cobb

Thompson, W. H., 1514 Smith.
Thompson, W. L., County-City

Thomson, Prof. David, 5501 Univ
Blvd.

Thomson, R. H., County-City Bl
Thorgrimson, O. B., 911 Lowman

Thrapp, Dr. Russell F., 2322 Har-
vard No.

Tiffany, W. C., 504 Central Bldg
Till, H. P., 544 R. R. So.

Tindall, Philip, County-City Bld
Tinney, C. M., 539 Central Bldg

Trimble, Wm. P., N. Y. Blk
Turner, H. E., 815 Western Ave

Underwood, Dr. F. R., 620 Leary
Vanderwall, R. L., 817 Cobb Bld

Van Nuys, M. H., 415 Boston Bl
Virtue, Geo. A., 309 Securities B

Vogel, Joshua H., 516 Pac. Blk

Wainright, A. D., R. R. & Broad
Walker, Geo. H., 741 Central Bl
Walker, R. S., Nat Bnk of Com.

Wardall, Ray M., 704 N. Y. Blk
Warren, W. J., 1511 4th Ave.

Wason, C. D., 907 Belmont No.
Wegner, N. C., 1052 E. Thomas

Weiss, Pierre, 3808 Ferdinand St.
Wettrick, J. J., County-City Bldg

Wettrick, S. J., 805 Arctic Bldg
Wheeler, Raymond A. 555 Central

White, R. D., 1136 Henry Bldg
White, R. G., 539 Central Bldg

White, Richard Mansfield, P. O.
Box 372

White, Russell H., 1143 Henry B
Whitcomb, David, 3049 Arcade E

Wienir, Eimon L., 510 Central B
Wiley, Clifford, 520 Central Bld

Wiker, H. W., 8 So. & Edmonds
Willard, Dudley W., 539 Central

Willard, F. E., 800 Central
Willatzen, Andrew C. P., Boston

Blk.
Williams, A. D., 318 Boston Blk

Williams, Dr. Geo. T., 1100 Cobb
Willis, Dr. Park Weed, 1256 Em-

pire Bldg
Willoughby, A. V., 408 Marion S

Wilson, Joseph W., 727 Henry B
Wilson, Worrall, 2nd & Columbia

Winkerwerder, Hugo A., U of W
Wiseman, A. H., 510 White Bldg

Woodcock, H. A., Y. M. C. A.
Woodward, Dr. W. C., 702 Cobb

Woolen, Harry, 5701 Rainier Av.
Wright, Arthur A., Mt. Pleasant

Cemetery
Wright, Edgar J., 1314 Smith Bl

Wright, Geo. E., 402 Burke Bldg
Wright, Raymond G., 641 N. Y.

Zamberlin, Geo., 217 Seneca
Zednick, Victor, 405 Maynard Bl

Young, A. M., 323 Central Bldg

OCCUPATIONAL TAX OPPOSED IN BOSTON

That the city of Boston should look about for ways of effecting better economy in the running of the municipal departments and thereby save enough money to take care of increased expenses; or that, if additional taxation be necessary, it be secured in a way that would not discourage business or increase proposals most in evidence at the cost of living, were the two

FRED W. CATLETT
Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for the
County of King.
Esther E. Doucett, Plaintiff, vs. Fred
A. Doucett, Defendant. No. 143799.
Summons.
The State of Washington to the said
Fred A. Doucett, Defendant:
You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty (60) days after the first
publication of this summons, to-wit:
within sixty (60) days after the 3rd
day of July, 1920, and defend the above
entitled action in the above entitled

court; and answer the complaint of the
plaintiff herein and serve a copy of
your answer upon the undersigned at-
torney for the plaintiff at his office be-
low stated; and, in case of your failure
so to do, judgment will be rendered
against you in accordance with the de-
mand of the complaint, which has been
filed with the Clerk of this court.

The object of the above entitled ac-
tion is to obtain a decree of divorce
dissolving the bonds of matrimony now
existing between plaintiff and yourself,
on the ground of non-support and in-
compatibility.

Date of first publication in the Seat-
tle Municipal News, Seattle, July 3rd,
1920.

FRED W. CATLETT,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
613 Hoge Building, Seattle, Wash.
7t aug 14

FRED W. CATLETT
Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for the
County of King.

In the Matter of the Application of
Western Commissary Company, a
Corporation, for an Order Dissolving
and Disincorporating said Company.
No. 144,007. Notice.

Whereas, a petition has on this 17th
day of June, 1920, been presented to
Honorable Mitchell Gilliam, Judge of
the Superior Court, King County, Wash-
ington, by Western Commissary Com-
pany, a corporation, incorporated under
the laws of the State of Washington,
to be dissolved and disincorporated, ac-
companied by a certificate of the presi-
dent and assistant secretary of said
corporation certifying that at a meet-
ing of the stockholders called for the
purpose and duly held on the 17th day
of June, 1920, at the City of Seattle,
King County, Washington, it was de-
cided, by a vote of more than two-
thirds of all the capital stock sub-
scribed or issued and outstanding of
said corporation and by a vote of more
than two-thirds of the stockholders, to
dissolve and disincorporate said cor-
poration, which petition prayed that
such notice be given of such applica-
tion as is provided by law and so that
an order may be entered by said judge
and court declaring said corporation
dissolved; and

Whereas, the said judge of said court
has fixed the 16th day of August, 1920,
at the hour of 9:30 o'clock A. M. at
the court room of Department No. 1
of said court before the Honorable
Mitchell Gilliam, judge of said court, in
the King County Court House, Seattle,
King County, Washington, or at the
court room of any other department
which may then be in session and to
which this matter may be assigned;

Now, Therefore, notice is hereby given
that said petition of Western Commis-
sary Company for an order declaring
said company dissolved and disincor-
porated is coming on to be heard before
the Honorable Mitchell Gilliam, judge
of the Superior Court of the State of
Washington for King County, or such
other judge as may be then presiding
or to whom this application may be
assigned, in the King County Court
House in the City of Seattle, King
County, Washington, on the 16th day
of August, 1920, at the hour of 9:30
o'clock A. M.

Dated this 17th day of June, 1920.
PERCY F. THOMAS,
County Clerk and ex-officio Clerk of
the Superior Court, Seattle, King
County, Washington.

By A. N. OLSON, Deputy.
FRED W. CATLETT, Attorney for Peti-
tioner, 613 Hoge Building, Seattle,
Wash.
First pub June 26, 1920 8 t Aug 14

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for the County
of King. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of William
J. Weir, Deceased. No. 25393.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and
Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that A. C.
Emmons, Executor of the Estate of
William J. Weir has filed in the office
of the Clerk of said Court his final Re-
port and petition for distribution, ask-
ing the Court to settle said Report, dis-
tribute the property to the persons
thereto entitled and to discharge said
A. C. Emmons; and that said Report
and petition will be heard on the 2nd
day of July, 1920, at 9:30 A. M., at the
Court Room of the Probate Department
of said Court.

Dated this 1st day of June, 1920.
PERCY F. THOMAS
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. Gordon
Deputy,
First Pub. June 5. 4t. - June 26.

DEPARTMENTS OF SERVICE

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ESCROWS

BONDS and
INVESTMENTS

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& SAVINGS BANK**

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112 COLUMBIA STREET

FRED W. CATLETT
Attorney Hoge Bldg.
NOTICE SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL
Estate. Sheriff's Office.

By Virtue of an Order of Sale issued
out of the Honorable Superior Court of
King County, on the 19th day of June,
A. D. 1920, by the Clerk thereof in the
case of The Seattle Land & Improve-
ment Company, a corp., Plaintiff, versus
R. E. Russell and Mary S. Russell,
Vulcan Manufacturing Co., a corp.,
Brace & Hergert Mill Co., a corp., J.
F. McNamara and Jane Doe McNamara,
his wife, Defendants. No. 142938, and
to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered:

Notice is Hereby Given, That I will
proceed to sell at public auction to the
highest bidder for cash, within the
hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's
sales, to-wit: at Ten o'clock A. M., on
the 31st day of July, 1920, before the
Court House door of King County, Jef-
ferson Street Entrance, in the State of
Washington, the following described
property, situated in King County, State
of Washington, to-wit:

Lot one (1), Block Thirty six (36) of
D. T. Denny's Third Addition to North
Seattle, together with all and singular
the tenements, hereditaments and ap-
purtenances thereunto belonging, levied
on as the property of said defendants
to satisfy a judgment of a foreclosure
of a mortgage amounting to Three
thousand nine hundred thirty seven
and 46-100 (\$3937.46) Dollars, interest,
attorney's fee of \$250.00, and the cost
of suit, in favor of plaintiff.

Dated this 22nd day of June, 1920.
JOHN STRINGER, Sheriff
By A. HUTCHESON, Deputy.

FRED W. CATLETT
Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, for King County
In Probate

In the Matter of the Estate of Charles
F. Schneider, Deceased. No. 27337
Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the under-
signed has been appointed and has
qualified as Administratrix of the es-
tate of Charles F. Schneider, Deceased;
that all persons having claims against
said deceased are hereby required to
serve the same, duly verified, on said
Belle Schneider or her attorney of rec-
ord at the address below stated, and
file the same with the Clerk of said
Court, together with proof of such ser-
vice within six months after the date
of first publication of this notice, or
the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, May 29th,
1920.

BELLE SCHNEIDER
Administratrix of said Estate
Address 613 Hoge Building.
FRED W. CATLETT, Attorney for Es-
tate, 613 Hoge Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
4th June 19.

J. L. BALDWIN
Attorney 71 Columbia St.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, for King County
In Probate

In the Matter of the Estate of Nels B.
Peterson, Deceased. No. 23668.
Notice of hearing Final Report and Pe-
tition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Karen
Mary Peterson, Executrix of the Es-
tate of Nels B. Peterson, Deceased, has
filed in the office of the Clerk of said
Court, final Report and petition for dis-
tribution, asking the Court to settle
said Report, distribute the property to
the persons thereto entitled and to dis-
charge said Executrix; and that said
Report and petition will be heard on
the 30th day of June, 1920, at 9:30 A.
M., at the Court Room of the Probate
Department of said Court.

Dated this 29th day of May, 1920.
PERCY F. THOMAS,
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. Gordon
Deputy.

4th June 19.

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Seattle, Washington

Klein's Shoe Hospital

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Established 26 Years

recent hearings of the Mayor's
Committee on New Sources of
Revenue. Protests were made
against the tentative plans of
this committee which called for
excise taxes on every purchase at
retail and upon certain occupa-
tions.

A plan urged by John S. Cod-
man in behalf of himself and
others was that sites should re-

ceive further taxation and that
improvements and buildings
should receive less. He said that
taxes on buildings check build-
ing operations but that taxes on
sites tend to bring land into the
market and to make it valuable
for industry. He also declared
that the annual ground rent of
Boston is adequate to furnish all
revenue required.

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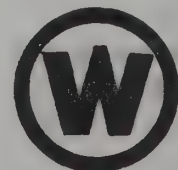
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SEATTLE, WASH.

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. IX. NO. 31.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, JULY 31, 1920

PRICE 10 CENTS

POWER AT THE LOCKS

Mr. Jas. A. Haight,
Chairman, Utilities Committee,
Municipal League,
Dear Mr. Haight:-

1 Your Committee recently referred to me, for preliminary report, the matter of possible development by the City of hydro-electric power at the Lake Washington Canal Locks, as a measure of partial relief from the very expensive power which the city must now generate at its Lake Union Steam Plant. I have not had, nor will I have, time to give the matter serious consideration and I must, therefore, report now on the basis of such study as I have thus far been able to give it.

2 I am advised that, by stipulation between the United States and shore-land owners on Salmon Bay and Lake Washington, entered into just prior to construction of the locks, the lake surface must be regulated between elevations 24 feet and 26 feet above extreme low-water of Elliott Bay. As the tidal range, referred to same datum, is 0 feet to 19 feet, the gross head available for power would vary between 5 feet and 26 feet. From records of the U. S. Engineer's office for the period June 1, 1917 to June 1, 1918, this being the only 12 month period for which data have been developed, there was a water wastage at the locks amounting to 967800 acre-feet which is equivalent to a continuous flow of 1337 cubic feet per second.

3 Although there were several months (Aug. to Nov.) of the above period when there was little or no wastage at the locks, the regulation afforded by the

(Continued on page 2)

COUNCIL PASSES BUDGET MEASURE

Appropriations aggregating \$1,316,460.50 by four departments of city government for the fiscal year 1921 were approved by the city council sitting as a budget committee.

Acting upon estimates submitted by heads of the different departments, after eliminating numerous items and reducing the appropriations proposed in others, the council fixed the following budgets: Health department, \$1,130,490; civil service department, \$44,610; city treasurer's department, \$100,580.50, and board of public works, \$40,780.

The city treasurer's estimate was approved as filed. The appropriations carried are salaries, \$84,000; supplies and expenses, \$16,580; against \$80,820 for salaries and \$17,580.50 for supplies in the 1920 budget.

An item of \$2,040 as the annual salary of an additional buyer in the city purchasing agent's office was stricken from the estimate of the board of public works, which totaled \$29,340 for salaries, \$11,440 for supplies, against \$25,740 for salaries in 1920 and \$10,580 for supplies.

In acting upon the civil service commission's estimate, the council fixed the scale of pay of civil service commissioners for the next year at \$75, \$100 and \$125, the present rates being \$75 and \$100. Hereafter members of the commission are to receive \$125, but two members of the present board will be ineligible to this increase until they complete their present terms. The budget for this department totals \$44,610, of which \$40,140 is for

(Continued on page 2)

GRANTED ONE DAY OFF IN EIGHT

Beginning January 1, 1921, Seattle policemen and firemen will be granted one full day's rest every eight days.

The city council decided without a dissenting vote, to appropriate in the 1921 budget \$35,000 to pay the salaries of twenty additional patrolmen and \$139,200 for the salaries of eighty additional firemen, with the understanding that the extra men furnished will be used to put into effect the one-day-off-in-eight plan.

Chief W. H. Searing of the police department asked an increase of sixty patrolmen and an appropriation of \$118,000 to pay their salaries, but the councilmen allowed him only twenty men and \$35,000, declaring that forty-one patrolmen added last winter as an emergency measure should be considered part of the sixty needed to enable all members of the department to have a day off once a week.

Declaring the city is not over policed with the present membership of the department, Mayor Caldwell advocated before the council compliance with Chief Searing's request for sixty men. He said that if the council granted the one day off in eight, and added only twenty men to carry out the plan, it would make necessary reduction of the number of patrolmen on duty.

The policemen had asked for one day in seven, but committees representing the different patrols told the councilmen that one day in eight would be more satisfactory. As this would correspond to the plan already approved by the council for the

CHAIRMEN NAMED

A meeting of more than twenty members of the League at the Elk's Club, Wednesday noon, resulted in the appointment of several committee chairmen. It is planned to have other such meetings during August until all committees are named. The following have signified acceptance of appointment:-

City Development J. D. Blackwell
Civil Service M. H. Van Nuys
Education Lewis Schwellenbach
Industrial Relations James A. Haight
Membership Howard A. Adams
Public Safety Jackson Silbaugh
Public Utilities O. B. Thorgrimson.

fire department, the councilmen did not hesitate to make the change.

A reduction of \$90,000 was made in the police department estimate and \$69,000 in the fire department. Items aggregating \$76,000 in the fire department estimate were postponed for future consideration.

Employees of both departments were given an increase in salary under the general plan approved by the council at the opening budget session, each employee being advanced to the next higher rating in the grade and class to which he belongs.

In the police department, eight captains are advanced from 225 to \$230 a month; eight lieutenants from \$195 to \$205 a month; twenty-seven sergeants from \$175 to \$185 a month; 243 patrolmen from \$160 to \$165 a month; forty-two second grade patrolmen from \$155 to \$160 a month; fifty-nine third-grade patrolmen from \$145 to \$155 a

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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The Board of Trustees meets at 12:15 Wednesday at Northold Inn.
Honorary Auditors..... Smith, Robertson & Moorehouse
Committee Chairmen and Trustees—

TRUSTEES

Terms Expire May, 1920
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Edgar J. Wright

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

month, and eighteen fourth-grade patrolmen are granted \$145 a month. The total increase of salary allowed members of the police department, including the special service corps, is \$164,037 over last year's budget.

At the request of Chief F. L. Stetson, five lieutenants in the fire department were advanced to the rank of captain, their places as lieutenants being left vacant. Chief Stetson reported five lieutenants in charge at station houses and declared they should be advanced to the rank of captain. The advance in each case carries an increase in salary from \$175 to \$195 a month.

As approved by the council, the fire department's budget makes the following advances in salary; two battalion chiefs from \$225 to \$230 a month; one fire marshall from \$225 to \$230 a month; forty-four captains from \$195 to \$205 a month; forty-nine lieutenants from \$175 to \$185 a month; 321 firemen from \$160 to \$165 a month; sixty firemen from \$155 to \$160 a month; thirty-five firemen from \$145 to \$155 a month, and grants twelve firemen at \$145 a month to enable the department to carry out the plan whereby each fireman is to have one day off in eight.

The harbor department's estimate for 1921 aggregating in proposed expenditures \$91,045, against \$55,620 in 1920, was cut \$30,000. A proposed appropriation of \$20,000 to purchase an additional patrol boat for service in Lake Union was stricken from

the estimate, and the appropriation for maintenance and operation reduced from \$13,000 to \$10,000. The portwarden was allowed an additional assistant at \$160 a month and one additional wireless operator at \$145 a month.

Mayor Caldwell's budget for the executive department was allowed as submitted, the total expenditure for 1921 authorized being \$14,130, an increase of \$1,980 over last year. The salary of the mayor's secretary was increased from \$230 to \$250 a month, and he was granted an additional clerk-stenographer at \$145 a month.

The city comptroller's estimate proposing expenditures aggregating \$63,407.50, against \$60,377.50 last year, and the city clerk's budget carrying \$60,260 against \$70,690 last year were approved without change.

County Treasurer William A. Gaines' departmental estimate for the year 1921, filed with the county auditor, shows a decrease in the total proposed appropriation of \$2,662 over the amount allowed in the 1920 budget.

The saving is effected by the installation of a new system whereby the office is conducted with less help, Mr. Gaines says, no salaries being reduced and some raised. The budget allowance for salaries in 1920 was \$108,100, while that proposed for 1921 aggregates \$102,080, a decrease of \$6,020.

While the appropriation for supplies and other expenses

shows decreases in many items, the total reduction is not as large as that for salaries, for the reason that it was necessary to include an appropriation of \$2,500 for steel indexes and tables in connection with a new index system recently installed, \$1,500 premium on bonds for the office force, the bonds now in effect having been issued in 1919 and running two years so that no appropriation for that purpose was necessary in 1920, and \$500 increase in postage because of an increase in the number of statements mailed.

Because of the discontinuance of delinquent tax certificates, approximately \$80,000 in interest that has heretofore gone annually to private investors is now paid into the county treasury, in accordance with an order issued by the county commissioners on the treasurer's recommendation.

Of an appropriation of \$25,000 for interest on warrants in the fiscal year 1919, \$13,000 has not been used.

COUNCIL PASSES BUDGET MEASURE

(Continued from page 1)

salaries and \$4,170 for supplies, and \$300 for betterments.

The health department estimate, proposing a total of \$1,140,490 against \$998,115 in 1920, was cut in numerous places. for medical inspectors, which is for medical inspectors, which is an increase of \$4,000 over last year, was reduced to \$18,000. An appropriation of \$3,720 for two additional sanitary inspectors was stricken from the budget, as was also an appropriation of \$1,440 to pay the salary of an additional milk sample collector.

No changes were made in the appropriations for supplies, the total allowance for this purpose being \$727,00, against \$652,400 in 1920.

POWER AT THE LOCKS

(Continued from page 1)

lake storage makes it possible to draw on the available supply uniformly throughout the year, or with such reasonable daily variation as might be required, and yet maintain a lake-surface elevation within the stipulated limits of 24 ft. to 26 ft. The lake

storage also makes it possible to select those periods of the day for releasing the water when maximum head would obtain and maximum power could be developed, i. e., the intervals between mean tide and low tide. On this basis approximately 13,000,000 kilo-watt hours of electric energy could have been developed during the year ended May 31, 1918.

4 That, however, was a year of unusually heavy run-off and the dependable normal runoff might not be more than three-fourths the amount referred to in previous paragraph. It should be noted too that whatever water wastage there may now be at the locks, available for power, its quantity is subject to progressive depletion from year to year from two sources to-wit:

a Increased diversions from Cedar River for Seattle's increasing domestic water requirements.

b Increased diversions from the canal for the increasing number of lockages.

Taking cognizance of these facts, and assuming that any power plant installed would be operated only when the head was in excess of 14 ft., I have roughly estimated that about 9,000,000 kilo-watt hours per year could be developed now at a cost of about 6-10 cents per kilo-watt hour and that 20 years hence the output will have been reduced to 4,500,000 kilo-watt hours while the cost per kilo-watt will have doubled. With a production cost at city's steam plant of one and one-third cents per kilo-watt hour, as stated recently by Mr. Ross, the apparent immediate saving from a plant at the locks, on the above basis, would be about \$66,000 per year with, however, a successive reduction at the rate of about \$3000 per year, production cost at the steam plant remaining the same as at present. At this rate of saving the initial cost of new plant would be retired in 8 years.

5 To operate the plant 12 hours per day, as above assumed, will develop far more power than to operate it 24 hours at the lesser head and lesser flow that would obtain for that period. If the plant, at 12 hour operation, can be coordinated with that of the steam plant so that continuous power would be available it

might be desirable on account of its larger output, although an installation for 24 hour operation apparently produces the cheaper power. This latter, I estimate, will yield about 4,000,000 kilo-watt hours per year at a cost of about ½ cent per kilo-watt hour and that 20 years hence the output will have been reduced to 2,000,000 kilo-watt hours with unit cost increased to about 1 cent per kilo-watt hour. This indicates a saving on steam plant production of \$33,000 per year with successive reduction at the rate of \$1350 per year which means that the initial cost of new plant would be retired in 6 years.

6 Whether or not any power development at the locks is worth while, however, depends upon several factors that cannot be appraised by me at this time for lack of data. Among these are the following:-

a That there can be co-ordination of power at the locks with that at the steam plant without loss of economy to the latter.

b That the cost of fuel oil will continue abnormally high for many years and that no cheaper power than that at the locks becomes available in the mean time.

c That the city will for many years be sufficiently behind its power demand to compel continuous daily usage of its steam plant. With Skagit and Cedar River projects under way this is not likely to be the case.

d That the cost per kilo-watt hour of power developed at the locks will be cheaper than Skagit or Cedar River power.

7 As I view the above contingencies now I think it very questionable that any power development at the locks can be justified. The most that can be said is that there is some indication that such an installation is desirable and might prove economical; that the city itself possesses, to larger extent than any other agency, the basic data necessary for an adequate study of the problem; that the matter should therefore be referred to the city for such consideration as it cares to give to it.

Very Truly Yours
JOSEPH JACOBS.

COMMISSION URGED FOR CEDAR FALLS

That the city of Seattle is losing money because a definite policy in regard to the hydro-electric development at Cedar Falls, has not been adopted was asserted by James E. Blackwell, city superintendent of buildings, in a communication to Mayor Caldwell.

Asked by the mayor his opinion of the city engineer's report on plans for Cedar Falls development, Mr. Blackwell declared that the report does not discuss the real issue in regard to the Cedar Falls dam. The mayor, he said, recommended appointment of a commission of nine disinterested and impartial persons to consider solution of the question. Mr. Dimock, he says, does not report on this plan, but "discusses, in a very few words, the scheme proposed by J. D. Ross, superintendent of light."

"When we consider that the city has in the neighborhood of \$2,000,000 invested in this dam and plant at Cedar Falls, it does seem to me that this fact warrants a very thorough study of the problem, and I believe the method of a commission to study the problem is the best that has been offered up to this time," Mr. Blackwell declares.

Mr. Blackwell's communication was transmitted to the city council and by that body referred to its utilities and finance committees. In a letter accompanying the communication Mayor Caldwell declared he has twice written the council on the subject, and that the city utilities committee has "pigeon-holed them or placed them on file." "This," the mayor declares, "leaves us exactly where we started."

He renews his recommendation for the appointment of a commission consisting of three members of the city council not committed to any particular plan to remedy the situation at Cedar Falls, a like number of members of the board of public works and three engineers not officially connected with the city government, none of whom

are committed to any plan, to investigate and report a plan of procedure.

FRED W. CATLETT
Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for the
County of King.
In the Matter of the Application of
Western Commissary Company, a
Corporation, for an Order Dissolving
and Disincorporating said Company.
No. 144,007. Notice.

Whereas, a petition has on this 17th day of June, 1920, been presented to Honorable Mitchell Gilliam, Judge of the Superior Court, King County, Washington, by Western Commissary Company, a corporation, incorporated under the laws of the State of Washington, to be dissolved and disincorporated, accompanied by a certificate of the president and assistant secretary of said corporation certifying that at a meeting of the stockholders called for the purpose and duly held on the 17th day of June, 1920, at the City of Seattle, King County, Washington, it was decided, by a vote of more than two-thirds of all the capital stock subscribed or issued and outstanding of said corporation and by a vote of more than two-thirds of the stockholders, to dissolve and disincorporate said corporation, which petition prayed that such notice be given of such application as is provided by law and so that an order may be entered by said judge and court declaring said corporation dissolved; and

Whereas, the said judge of said court has fixed the 16th day of August, 1920, at the hour of 9:30 o'clock A. M. at the court room of Department No. 1 of said court before the Honorable Mitchell Gilliam, judge of said court, in the King County Court House, Seattle, King County, Washington, or at the court room of any other department which may then be in session and to which this matter may be assigned;

Now, Therefore, notice is hereby given that said petition of Western Commissary Company for an order declaring said company dissolved and disincorporated is coming on to be heard before the Honorable Mitchell Gilliam, judge of the Superior Court of the State of Washington for King County, or such other judge as may be then presiding or to whom this application may be assigned, in the King County Court House in the City of Seattle, King County, Washington, on the 16th day of August, 1920, at the hour of 9:30 o'clock A. M.

Dated this 17th day of June, 1920.
PERCY F. THOMAS,
County Clerk and ex-officio Clerk of
the Superior Court, Seattle, King
County, Washington.

By A. N. OLSON, Deputy.
FRED W. CATLETT, Attorney for Petitioner, 613 Hoge Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub June 26, 1920 8 t Aug 14

FRED W. CATLETT
Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for the
County of King.
Esther E. Doucett, Plaintiff, vs. Fred
A. Doucett, Defendant. No. 143799.
Summons.
The State of Washington to the said
Fred A. Doucett, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 3rd day of July, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court; and answer the complaint of the plaintiff herein and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for the plaintiff at his office below stated; and, in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you in accordance with the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the Clerk of this court.

The object of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree of divorce dissolving the bonds of matrimony now existing between plaintiff and yourself, on the ground of non-support and incompatibility.

Date of first publication in the Seattle Municipal News, Seattle, July 3rd, 1920.

FRED W. CATLETT,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
613 Hoge Building, Seattle, Wash.
7t aug 14

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HIMON L. WIENIR
 Attorney 510-517 Central Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, for King County
 A. E. Peterson, Plaintiff, vs. Harry
 Cabot, Defendant. No. 144233
 Summons for Publication.
 The State of Washington to the said
 Harry Cabot, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear
 within sixty days after the date of the
 first publication of this summons, to-
 wit: Within sixty days after the 31st
 day of July, 1920, and defend the a-
 bove entitled action in the above en-
 titled court, and answer the complaint
 of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of
 your answer upon the undersigned at-
 torney for plaintiff at his office below
 stated; and in case of your failure so
 to do, judgment will be rendered a-
 gainst you according to the demand of
 the complaint, which has been filed
 with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled ac-
 tion is to obtain judgment in the sum
 of Thirty-five dollars and an order
 foreclosing the lien on the personal
 property contained in said place of
 business.

2 For an attorney's fee in the sum
 of \$50.00 for bringing this action.

3 For the appointment of a receiver
 to take charge of the assets of said
 business and to dispose of same in ac-
 cordance with the orders of court.

HIMON L. WIENIR
 Attorney for Plaintiff
 P. O. Address 510-517 Central Bldg.
 Seattle, King County, Washington.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, for King County
 A. E. Peterson, Plaintiff, vs. Harry
 Cabot, Defendant. No. 144233
 Notice

By order of said court made herein
 on the 27th day of July, 1920, notice
 is hereby given to the creditors and to
 all persons having claims against
 Harry Cabot to present the same with
 the necessary vouchers within six
 weeks from and after the date of the
 first publication of this notice, to W.
 S. Ghale as receiver of said Harry
 Cabot at 510 Central Building, Seattle,
 Washington, the place of the transac-
 tion of the business of said receiver;
 otherwise said claims will be barred.

Date of first publication July 31, 1920
W. S. GHALE
 Receiver of Harry Cabot

Klein's Shoe Hospital

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J. L. BALDWIN

Attorney 71 Columbia St.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, for King County
 In Probate

In the Matter of the Estate of Nels B.
 Peterson, Deceased. No. 23668.
 Notice of hearing Final Report and Pe-
 tition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Karen
 Mary Peterson, Executrix of the Es-
 tate of Nels B. Peterson, Deceased, has
 filed in the office of the Clerk of said
 Court final Report and petition for dis-
 tribution, asking the Court to settle
 said Report, distribute the property to
 the persons thereto entitled and to dis-
 charge said Executrix; and that said
 Report and petition will be heard on
 the 30th day of June, 1920, at 9:30 A.
 M., at the Court Room of the Probate
 Department of said Court.

Dated this 29th day of May, 1920.

PERCY F. THOMAS,
 Clerk of said Court.
 By H. C. Gordon
 Deputy.

4th June 19.

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FRED W. CATLETT
 Attorney Hoge Bldg
 NOTICE SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL
 Estate. Sheriff's Office.

State of Washington, County of King, ss

By Virtue of an Order of Sale issued
 out of the Honorable Superior Court of
 King County, on the 19th day of June,
 A. D. 1920, by the Clerk thereof in the
 case of The Seattle Land & Improve-
 ment Company, a corp., Plaintiff, versus
 R. E. Russell and Mary S. Russell,
 Vulcan Manufacturing Co., a corp.,
 Brace & Hergert Mill Co., a corp., J.
 F. McNamara and Jane Doe McNamara,
 his wife, Defendants. No. 142938, and
 to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered:

Notice is Hereby Given, That I will
 proceed to sell at public auction to the
 highest bidder for cash, within the
 hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's
 sales, to-wit: at Ten o'clock A. M., on

the 31st day of July, 1920, before the
 Court House door of King County, Jef-
 ferson Street Entrance, in the State of
 Washington, the following described
 property, situated in King County, State
 of Washington, to-wit:

Lot one (1), Block Thirty six (36) of
 D. T. Denny's Third Addition to North
 Seattle, together with all and singular
 the tenements, hereditaments and ap-
 purtenances thereunto belonging, levied
 on as the property of said defendants
 to satisfy a judgment of a foreclosure
 of a mortgage amounting to Three
 thousand nine hundred thirty seven
 and 46-100 (\$3937.46) Dollars, interest
 attorney's fee of \$250.00, and the cost
 of suit, in favor of plaintiff.

Dated this 22nd day of June, 1920.

JOHN STRINGER, Sheriff
 By A. HUTCHESON, Deputy

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AUG 17 1920

Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. IX. NO. 32.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, AUGUST 7, 1920.

PRICE 10 CENTS

MUNICIPAL NOTES

By Fred W. Catlett

One of our evening papers, which has been quite frequently inflicting us of late with editorials ending with a slogan paraphrasing our old friend, Cato, came forth on Thursday evening with a hectic assault upon our municipal light system.

This opposition to the municipal lighting plant is one of the historic policies of the paper in question. For many years it has from time to time asserted that the municipal lighting plant was running at a loss and from time to time it has endeavored to support that assertion by figures. Superintendent Ross has always maintained that the plant was not losing money and has always been prepared with figures to support his statements. League committees have at times endeavored to make investigations to determine whether there was any truth in the charges, but has generally been balked by the extent of the detailed work required to ascertain the facts. The job is really an accountant's job and would require a lengthy and burdensome examination of the books of the light department and of the city comptroller. No citizen organization can expect a citizen committee to make such an investigation. It must be made by paid employees. This is one of the services which a Bureau of Municipal Research could well perform.

The people of Seattle have not been entirely satisfied with the accounts which have been furnished it of the financial opera-

tions of its municipal undertakings. On the other hand, the majority of Seattle citizens have stood staunchly by the municipal light plant and the other municipal services and intend to support them until it is demonstrated that they are unworthy of support. We are convinced, however, that they would like to have the facts made known.

The newspaper in question makes certain definite assertions. It says that light and power are sold below cost. Of course, it is common knowledge that there are cases where this has been done and doubtless is being done, but it is justified by other considerations. The editorial apparently intends to have us understand, however, that light and power have been generally and are now being generally sold below cost. If that be so, we certainly want to know it, because most of us cling to the view that our municipal undertakings should be self-supporting.

The editorial goes on to say that the municipal lighting plant is run at a perpetual loss and that the taxpayers are forced to pay the difference between the city's rates and what it costs the city to produce. The editorial in question presents no facts to support such an assertion and we do not believe it has been true or is true, as a general proposition. Perhaps the paper has the facts and, if so, they ought to be made public for no newspaper has the right to make any such assertion unless it does have the facts to

support it.

The article charges that the municipal light plant is an extravagant municipal department; that the salaries therein are inflated; and that jobs are "twice reduplicated," which we understand to mean eight times too numerous. Instead of an asset the municipal lighting system is decried as not only a liability, but a monument to stupidity and the great American political job. Such charges, we are quite certain, cannot be substantiated by the facts.

In addition the editorial rages because the city council has voted \$600,000.00 for the development of the Skagit project. The obvious answer to any such outburst is that it is quite belated. The time for the newspapers of this city to take a stand in opposition to any proposed project is at the time its adoption is under discussion. The absolutely spineless attitude of a considerable portion of the press at the time the citizens were trying to decide whether the city should buy the street railway lines, or not, is still within our memory. In this government by public opinion the newspapers owe a duty to present all the facts to the people without willful discoloration and to endeavor to lead public opinion to the correct conclusion, and any newspaper which does not do so is thereafter stopped from criticizing the decision made. The city has therefore determined the question as to whether it would or would not enter upon

the Skagit project and the city council and the city officials are certainly not subject to criticism for following the course heretofore mapped out.

But, let us have a Bureau of Municipal Research in Seattle and for one thing settle this question of whether the lighting plant is or is not making money.

* * *

The League committee on city-county consolidation, consisting of E. S. Booth, chairman, Claude H. Anderson, Irving M. Clark, Vivian M. Carkeek, F. E. Rawlings, B. G. Owen, C. E. Bogardus, J. T. Jennings and Frank P. Helsell, has reported in favor of city-county consolidation and "of an amendment to the constitution which will not only permit the city and county to be consolidated, but other municipal corporations along with it, if the voters so elect." To the report is attached a copy of the proposed "Carkeek Constitutional Amendment," which the committee approves in its general outline.

The purpose of the Carkeek Amendment has been somewhat misunderstood. The Port Commission has gone on record against consolidation of the Port District with the city and county and has sent a communication to the school board asking it to express its opposition to the consolidation of School District No. 1, or all the school districts in King County, with the city and county. The Port Commission bases its opposition to such con-

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Secretary.....Eimon L. Wiener, 510 Central Buldg., Main 476
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Committee Chairmen and Trustees—

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consolidation upon the ground that the Port is but a business and administrative corporation and ought not to be combined with the political and governmental corporations. Perhaps the position of the Port Commission is well taken, but the question raised by it is one for future discussion. The proposed constitutional amendment is nothing more than an enabling act permitting the legislature to provide for combined city and county governments. It gives the legislature power to permit the people of the districts to determine whether any of these other corporations shall or shall not be consolidated with the city and county. We believe this is proper and we do not believe the Port ought to oppose the grant of power. When the time comes to determine whether or not the Port shall also be consolidated, the views of the Commission will be entitled to weight.

The proposed amendment, as is quite proper, does not determine how the city-county consolidation shall be carried out. Under the amendment an existing county might be divided and the portion containing the large city combined with it into a city-county corporation. Under it, also, the city's boundaries might be extended to coincide with the boundaries of the existing county. Under it, also, in case the latter plan of consolidation were adopted, the combined city-county government has the power to create taxing districts or

zones and levy varying taxes in the different districts or zones. If the second plan of consolidation suggested were adopted, this power would be essential.

Mr. Evans, the assistant corporation counsel, has recently passed an opinion upon a plan of city-county consolidation which we believe is the same one passed on by the committee. He makes certain suggestions in connection with the amendment which should be carefully considered.

As our committee report indicates, the committee is not bound to any particular constitutional amendment, but favors a general enabling act by which the city and county governments may be combined. The act applies only to cases where the city and county contain a population of 80,000 inhabitants or more.

Doubtless a careful consideration of the Carkeek Amendment will suggest some desirable changes, but, in general, it is framed along the right lines and all those who favor such consolidation can well get behind the movement to have it submitted to the legislature in 1921 and by it presented to the people for adoption or rejection.

* * *

The Port Commission has suggested another large public improvement in the way of a public waterway, approximately 300 feet wide and 20 feet deep, between Lake Washington and Bothell, which would drain more than 1200 acres of farming lands

and create several hundred acres of new industrial sites. The Port Commission would ask the legislature to grant to the Port District all the state-owned lands along the line of the waterway. The expense of the work would be borne in whole or in part by a local improvement district, which would include all the properties specially benefited by the construction of the new channel. The improvement would restore Bothell to its old position as a Lake Washington port. The expense of the proposal is placed at \$1,750,000.00.

* * *

The 1919 legislature submitted to the voters of the state a proposal to bond the state for not to exceed \$30,000,000.00 to provide for the construction of a state system of trunk-line, hard-surfaced highways. These bonds are to be paid out of a fund into which are to be paid the balance of the automobile license fees after deducting the expense of the administration of the department collecting. Opponents of the bill say that it provides for the immediate paving of 1516 miles of state highways within six years and assert that this improvement may be had without assessing a cent against real estate or personal property. It is said that taxpayers should vote for the measure because city as well as county property is taxed for road, bridge and permanent highway funds, of which millions of dollars have been spent in the past for grading, surfacing and paving on state roads. These roads must be paid for by general taxation, unless by some such means as in this present bill.

It is alleged that the bonding plan has been approved by about thirty-nine states; that Illinois in 1918 approved a bond issue of \$60,000,000.00; that Oregon voted this year to increase its constitutional limit for bonds to \$40,000,000.00; that Minnesota will vote next year on a constitutional amendment permitting the issuance of \$100,000,000.00. It is said that the vehicle owners would save in tires and gasoline in one year more than \$25,000,000.00 by the building of this system of roads.

This project which we have been discussing is known as the "Carlyon Bill" and should re-

ceive the attention of a League committee at an early date.

THE SECRETARY'S CORNER

The committee assignments for the coming Municipal League year are rapidly being filled by the President assisted by the Board of Trustees. At Wednesday's luncheon-meeting at the Elk's Club the following appointments were made: James W. Reynolds, chairman of the Program committee; Victor Zednick, chairman of Legislative committee; Malcolm Douglas, Americanization and Public Safety committees; Laurence S. Booth, chairman County-City Consolidation committee; Albro Gardner, Jr., Public Utilities committee; S. A. Keenan, Harbor Development and Program committees; Frank P. Helsell, chairman Charter Revision committee.

Mr. Jackson of the City Engineer's office addressed the members of the Board on the Zoning Commission, explaining its work and accomplishments thus far. He pointed out its need for funds to carry on its work and urged the League to back up the commission's proposed financial estimate for the ensuing year. The matter was referred to the newly appointed City Development committee, of which Robert F. Sandall is chairman.

* * *

Howard A. Adams, temporary chairman of the Membership committee is about to launch an intensive two-weeks campaign for new members. He will need the assistance and co-operation of every member of the League. Why not enroll yourself for that work, secure your quota in a limited time and be through for the year? Mr. Adams can be reached by phoning Elliott 130.

* * *

While the payment of membership dues has been going on steadily since statements were mailed on May 1st, there are still many members in arrears. Much time and expense will be saved if those who are in arrears will mail their checks at once to the office of the Secretary.

SCHOOL NOTES

(Continued from recent issue)
Want a High Rating.

Music teachers in high schools asked that they be rated as high as possible in school departments instead of special music teachers, the classification asked for carrying about \$300 a year more salary. The petition was taken under consideration.

A request from the Bethany Norwegian Lutheran Church for permission to use two rooms in the Cascade School during the summer for religious and general scholastic instruction in the English language, was refused. The members expressed the opinion that the use of school rooms may be granted in outlying districts for religious purposes where other facilities are not available. In the case of the Bethany Norwegian Lutheran Church, it was pointed out that the church has a building of its own adjoining the school grounds.

Johnson Sherrick was chosen head of the foreign language department at Lincoln High School, and Lyle Kaye was named head of the history department at the West Seattle High School, and Earl Ryan was chosen head of the

foreign language department at Ballard High School.

A proposal of the building committee to establish a school laundry in connection with the proposed new school shops and warehouse at Aloha Street and Eighth Avenue North, was taken under consideration.

On the recommendation of the buildings and grounds committee, it was decided to move the portable buildings at Franklin High School from city property onto the school's new athletic field. Annual repairs and improvements to city school buildings and grounds, to cost \$48,000 were authorized by the board.

JNO. F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County In Probate

In the Matter of the Estate of Otelia G. Rustad, Deceased. No. 27689 Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Administrator of the estate of Otelia G. Rustad, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Administrator or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such claims, within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication August 7, 1920.
H. R. RUSTAD
Administrator of said Estate.
Address 960 Empire Building.
JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate,
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
4th Aug. 28.

FRED W. CATLETT
Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for the County of King.
In the Matter of the Application of Western Commissary Company, a Corporation, for an Order Dissolving and Disincorporating said Company. No. 144,007. Notice.

Whereas, a petition has on this 17th day of June, 1920, been presented to Honorable Mitchell Gilliam, Judge of the Superior Court, King County, Washington, by Western Commissary Company, a corporation, incorporated under the laws of the State of Washington, to be dissolved and disincorporated, accompanied by a certificate of the president and assistant secretary of said corporation certifying that at a meeting of the stockholders called for the purpose and duly held on the 17th day of June, 1920, at the City of Seattle, King County, Washington, it was decided, by a vote of more than two-thirds of all the capital stock subscribed or issued and outstanding of said corporation and by a vote of more than two-thirds of the stockholders, to dissolve and disincorporate said corporation, which petition prayed that such notice be given of such application as is provided by law and so that an order may be entered by said judge and court declaring said corporation dissolved; and

Whereas, the said judge of said court has fixed the 16th day of August, 1920, at the hour of 9:30 o'clock A. M. at the court room of Department No. 1 of said court before the Honorable Mitchell Gilliam, judge of said court, in the King County Court House, Seattle, King County, Washington, or at the court room of any other department which may then be in session and to which this matter may be assigned;

Now, Therefore, notice is hereby given that said petition of Western Commissary Company for an order declaring said corporation dissolved and disincorporated is coming on to be heard before the Honorable Mitchell Gilliam, judge of the Superior Court of the State of Washington for King County, or such other judge as may be then presiding or to whom this application may be assigned, in the King County Court House in the City of Seattle, King County, Washington, on the 16th day of August, 1920, at the hour of 9:30 o'clock A. M.

Dated this 17th day of June, 1920.
PERCY F. THOMAS,
County Clerk and ex-officio Clerk of the Superior Court, Seattle, King County, Washington.

By A. N. OLSON, Deputy.
FRED W. CATLETT, Attorney for Petitioner, 613 Hoge Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub June 26, 1920 8 t Aug 14

JNO. F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County In Probate No. 27808

In the Matter of the Estate of Margaret Crichton Taylor, Deceased. Notice to Creditors
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Executor of the estate of Margaret Crichton Taylor, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Executor or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

will be barred.
Date of first publication August 7, 1920.

GEORGE TAYLOR
Executor of said Estate.
Address 960 Empire Building,
JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate,
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
4th Aug. 28th.

J. L. BALDWIN
Attorney 71 Columbia St.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County In Probate

In the Matter of the Estate of Nels B. Peterson, Deceased. No. 23668. Notice of hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Karen Mary Peterson, Executrix of the Estate of Nels B. Peterson, Deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court, final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said Executrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 30th day of June, 1920, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 29th day of May, 1920.
PERCY F. THOMAS,
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. Gordon
Deputy.

4th June 19.

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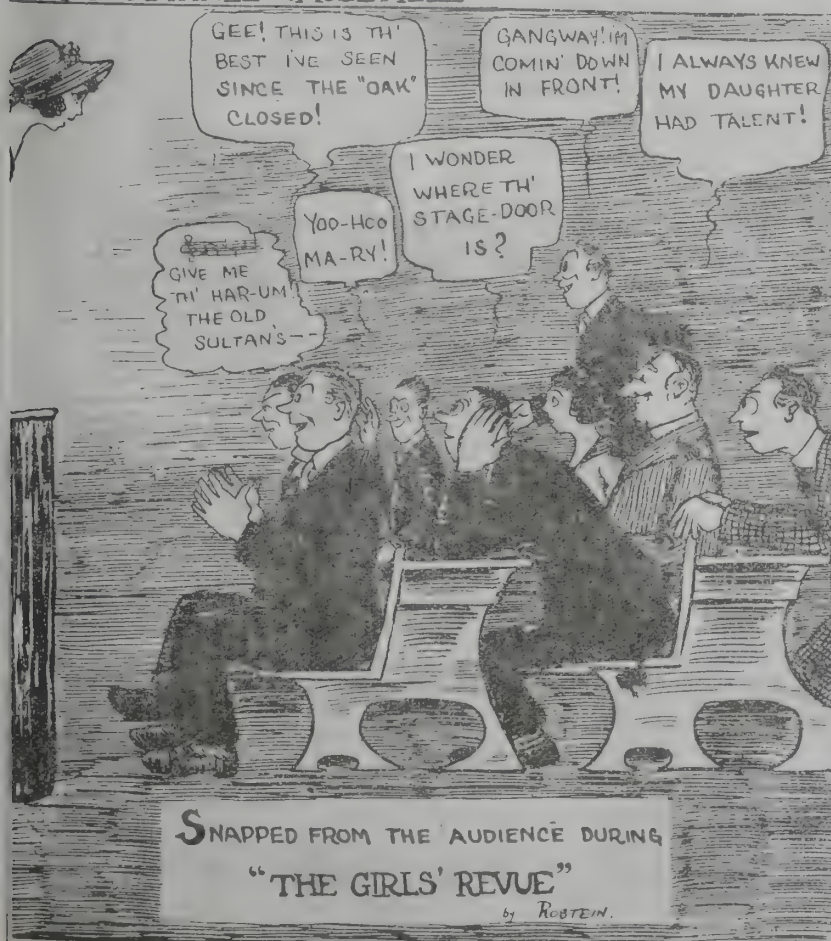
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AT THE MATINEE VAUDEVILLE



EIMON L. WIENIR
 Attorney 510-517 Central Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, for King County
 A. E. Peterson, Plaintiff, vs. Harry
 Cabot, Defendant No. 144233
 Summons for Publication.
 The State of Washington to the said
 Harry Cabot, Defendant:
 You are hereby summoned to appear
 within sixty days after the date of the
 first publication of this summons, to-
 wit: Within sixty days after the 31st
 day of July, 1920, and defend the a-
 bove entitled action in the above en-
 titled court, and answer the complaint
 of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of
 your answer upon the undersigned at-
 torney for plaintiff at his office below
 stated; and in case of your failure so
 to do, judgment will be rendered a-
 gainst you according to the demand of
 the complaint, which has been filed
 with the clerk of said court.
 The object of the above entitled ac-
 tion is to obtain judgment in the sum
 of Thirty-five dollars and an order
 foreclosing the lien on the personal
 property contained in said place of
 business.
 2 For an attorney's fee in the sum
 of \$50.00 for bringing this action.
 3 For the appointment of a receiver
 to take charge of the assets of said
 business and to dispose of same in ac-
 cordance with the orders of court.
EIMON L. WIENIR
 Attorney for Plaintiff
 P. O. Address 510-517 Central Bldg.
 Seattle, King County, Washington.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, for King County
 A. E. Peterson, Plaintiff, vs. Harry
 Cabot, Defendant No. 144233
 Notice
 By order of said court made herein
 on the 27th day of July, 1920, notice
 is hereby given to the creditors and to
 all persons having claims against
 Harry Cabot to present the same with
 the necessary vouchers within six
 weeks from and after the date of the
 first publication of this notice, to W.
 S. Ghale as receiver of said Harry
 Cabot at 510 Central Building, Seattle,
 Washington, the place of the transac-
 tion of the business of said receiver;
 otherwise said claims will be barred.
 Date of first publication July 31, 1920
W. S. GHALE
 Receiver of Harry Cabot

Klein's Shoe Hospital
 BEST BY TEST
 613 2nd Ave.
 Established 26 Years

FRED W. CATLETT
 Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington in and for the
 County of King.
 Esther E. Doucett, Plaintiff, vs. Fred
 A. Doucett, Defendant. No. 143799.
 Summons.
 The State of Washington to the said
 Fred A. Doucett, Defendant:
 You are hereby summoned to appear
 within sixty (60) days after the first
 publication of this summons, to-wit:
 within sixty (60) days after the 3rd
 day of July, 1920, and defend the above
 entitled action in the above entitled
 court; and answer the complaint of the
 plaintiff herein and serve a copy of
 your answer upon the undersigned at-
 torney for the plaintiff at his office be-
 low stated; and, in case of your failure
 so to do, judgment will be rendered
 against you in accordance with the de-
 mand of the complaint, which has been
 filed with the Clerk of this court.
 The object of the above entitled ac-
 tion is to obtain a decree of divorce
 dissolving the bonds of matrimony now
 existing between plaintiff and yourself,
 on the ground of non-support and in-
 compatibility.
 Date of first publication in the Seat-
 tle Municipal News, Seattle, July 3rd,
 1920.
FRED W. CATLETT,
 Attorney for Plaintiff.
 613 Hoge Building, Seattle, Wash.
 7th aug 14

Main 4239

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 Proprietor
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FRED W. CATLETT
 Attorney Hoge Bldg
 NOTICE SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL
 Estate. Sheriff's Office.
 State of Washington County of King, ss
 By Virtue of an Order of Sale issued
 out of the Honorable Superior Court of
 King County, on the 19th day of June,
 A. D. 1920, by the Clerk thereof in the
 case of The Seattle Land & Improve-
 ment Company, a corp., Plaintiff, versus
 R. E. Russell and Mary S. Russell,
 Vulcan Manufacturing Co., a corp.,
 Brace & Hergert Mill Co., a corp., J.
 F. McNamara and Jane Doe McNamara,
 his wife, Defendants. No. 142938, and
 to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered:
 Notice is Hereby Given, That I will
 proceed to sell at public auction to the
 highest bidder for cash, within the
 hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's
 sales, to-wit: at Ten o'clock A. M., on

the 31st day of July, 1920, before the
 Court House door of King County, Je-
 ferson Street Entrance, in the State of
 Washington, the following describe
 property, situated in King County, Stat-
 of Washington, to-wit:
 Lot one (1), Block Thirty six (36) of
 D. T. Denny's Third Addition to North
 Seattle, together with all and singular
 the tenements, hereditaments and ap-
 purtenances thereunto belonging, leve-
 on as the property of said defendant
 to satisfy a judgment of a foreclosur-
 of a mortgage amounting to Three
 thousand nine hundred thirty seven
 and 46-100 (\$3937.46) Dollars, interest
 attorney's fee of \$250.00, and the co-
 of suit, in favor of plaintiff.
 Dated this 22nd day of June, 1920.
JOHN STRINGER, Sheriff
 By **A. HUTCHESON,** Deput

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Seattle Municipal News

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VOL. IX, NO. 33.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, AUGUST 14, 1920.

PRICE 10 CENTS

BEARD POINTS WAY TO MUNICIPAL REFORMS

(By Eimon L. Wienir)

In an address recently delivered by Charles A. Beard, Director of the New York Bureau of Municipal Research, helpful suggestions are contained for the betterment of municipal government.

Mr. Beard was formerly a professor of Columbia University and is considered to-day one of the greatest if not the greatest, authority on municipal government in the United States. And it is therefore with great interest that the writer followed the address as it appeared in the bulletin issued by the Civic League of Cleveland, before which organization Mr. Beard spoke. What follows is a digest of earlier portions of the address, followed by a direct quotation of the meat of the address.

After tracing the growth of the state and the extension of the functions of the state, Mr. Beard points out the examples of the numerous things the state and municipal governments do today: "The city determines the standards for building private houses, tenements and offices, it inspects boilers, elevators, mines and factories; indeed there is not a branch of private enterprise, nor of industry, with which the government does not come into more or less direct contact."

Our safety, our health, our comfort and our commerce depend in a great measure upon the skill, the efficiency and the loyalty of those in public service, declared Mr. Beard. And "upon the conduct of our police department and our courts of justice even perhaps more than upon any branch of the government depends the views which thousands, hundreds of thousands of aliens

STOP HANSON.

(By Eimon L. Wienir)

In his address to the Association of Commerce at Chicago yesterday Ole Hanson declared that the municipal ownership of the street railways in Seattle was a failure. He insinuated that the primary reason for this was the fact that public officials were pandering to the employees and those specially "interested." Such a statement is to my mind, wholly untrue, and seems to have been made by Mr. Hanson for the sole purpose of discrediting municipal ownership and operation, and especially Mayor Caldwell, or, what is more likely the case, of boosting Mr. Hanson's own stock. Such statements will become a man who was chiefly instrumental in the purchase of the road, and one who had the opportunity to inform himself as to the actual existing conditions in Seattle. Mr. Hanson in going about the country delivering speeches has power to hurt this city greatly. Some check to such statements as Mr. Hanson made in Chicago should be made.

form as to the American ideals and American government."

"In surveying these functions of Government we find that our Government to be efficient and strong must command as employees men and women who are proficient in all known sciences, arts and crafts. A glance through the roster of employees in New York City reveals this striking matter: We start with abstract clerks at the top of the alphabetical list and run down through accountants, actuaries, alienists, apothecaries, architects, auditors, bricklayers, cement testers, chemists, draftsmen, corporation counsel, demographers, detec-

(Continued on page 2)

TENNESSEE AND OUR SECRETARY'S COLUMN MODEL CHARTER

By Augustus Raymond Hatton
I

The attempt to get the Memphis council-manager charter bill through the Tennessee legislature developed an opposition which, for deliberate and cynical misrepresentation and general political nastiness, could scarcely be surpassed. The bill was based largely on the model charter of the National Municipal League, the matter of popular control went beyond the League's recommendations. Yet in spite of the strongly democratic character of the proposal, its opponents shouted of kaiserism, autocracy and municipal despotism. Asked for specifications and met by calm argument, they merely shouted louder. The volume of sound and degree of fury were indeed impressive. One who took vehement statement for fact would have been convinced ten times over that this bill was the most vicious measure ever introduced in an American legislature.

Curiously enough—or was it to be expected—the opposition was led by newspapers and men closely connected with public utility and other great corporate interests of the state, who now emerged as the self-accredited defenders of democracy and popular rights. Add to this the fact that this session of the Tennessee legislature belongs to the public utilities interests of the state. Those interests wanted a public utility commission bill to their liking and are reputed to have spent a large amount of money to get it. The money was used to get "safe" men elected and to convince the legislators of the merits of the utility commission bill.

(Continued on page 2)

The last of the Wednesday meetings for the election of committee personell took place this week. Nearly all of the assignments have been made and the balance of the assignments will be completed the coming week. The splendid co-operation thus far given Mr. Lawler and the Board of Trustees assures the success of the years' work.

It is not too late for any member of the League who desires to do active committee work to give his name to President Lawler.

* * *

It is with regret that the Board of Trustees accepted the resignation of James W. Reynolds has the Board. Mr. Reynolds has filed for the Superior Court bench, and it was because the League's by-laws provide that any candidate for public office shall become ineligible for service on the Board, that Mr. Reynolds sent in his resignation.

* * *

To the City Development committee has been referred the proposed extension of the municipal Public Markets. To the committee on Education was referred the matter of transferring the supervision of the play fields from the Park Board to the principals of the public schools adjacent play-fields.

* * *

That the "News" is read from cover to cover is demonstrated by the fact that numerous checks were received by the Secretary in response to his appeal to members to send in back dues. It is hoped that by September 1st, all members will have been paid up. Members will, I am sure, appreciate that much time can be saved by voluntary payment.

The League's Industrial Relations committee has been appointed with Mr. Haight as chairman.

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

Published Weekly by the
MUNICIPAL LEAGUE OF SEATTLE

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James W. Reynolds, Ex-officio Trustee

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

Interesting results may be expected from this committee.

Beard Points Way to Municipal Reforms

(Continued from page 1)

tives, dietitians, electricians, engineers, mechanical, electrical and civil, fingerprint experts, firemen, franchise searchers, housekeepers, linemen, mechanics, medical examiners, pathologists, pharmacists, psychologists, real estate experts, riveters, shoemakers, statisticians, surgeons, tin-smiths, transit men, upholsterers, veterinary, X-ray men and watchmen, and I have undertaken to mention only a few of the classes of the ninety thousand people in the city of New York that the city employs to carry on its business, and, as I said to a friend this morning, it matters very little to me who is Mayor of the city if the waterworks department neglects guarding the watersheds and the department of health, is not skillful in bacteriology. The water department may readily kill me by letting bacteria through the faucets, but I have survived a number of Mayors and mayoralty elections in New York.

Mr. Beard states the question: "How are we to get in every branch of our government the skilled and efficient and trained body of servants that we need." He believes in education; but thus far, he states, no thought has been given to the question of how to train public servants and how to make careers in the pub-

lic service possible for them — though we spend millions to train lawyers and doctors to fit them for the private activities of life.

The tentative projects Mr. Beard has in mind to help solve this problem of securing adequately trained public servants, I shall give in Mr. Beard's own words:

"I think in the first place we must make provisions through our established institutions or through any modifications of them that seem necessary, for training men and women and furnishing careers for them in the great branches of public service. Our grade schools, our high schools, our technical schools and colleges ought to be geared up in their courses of instruction to the requirements of our government service, and our teachers should be able to give advice and counsel to their students on this subject as well as upon other branches of the vocational service. Then after we have provided a system of training for admission to the service, it ought to be broadly democratic, it ought to be such that there will be no barrier to any boy or any girl, no matter how circumstanced, for we don't want to build up in this country a bureaucratic aristocracy. We have found by experience that brains not only are not geographically distributed, but that they are not distributed according to the purses of the fathers and mothers.

"In the next place we should make provision for training in the service, and we see begin-

nings of that now all over the country. Fire schools, for example, are instances of it. Our great cities now have fire schools in which they train firemen after they are admitted to the service, train them all through the service. Police schools are springing up, also. Do you know that the policeman has many duties? The idea that a police force ought to be composed merely of men of big biceps is one of the most dangerous ideas that American citizens can get into their heads.

"Then, we need, after training in service, training for promotion in the service so that those who enter it may expect to rise in it from one range to another, to the highest branch of the service.

"In addition to training for admission and promotion, we need research in the field of administration. We believe in it, so far as its technical aspects are concerned. All of our great business corporations, or nearly all of them, that have technical services, now maintain laboratories of their own. Invention, like progress, has become collective not individual. The great corporations rely, as Edison relied, not upon sprouting sporadically some where some remarkable genius, but upon men of reasonable skill and training, who steadily and persistently hammer away at problems with which the corporation has to deal."

Tennessee and Our Model Charter

(Continued from page 1)

The Memphis charter bill as drafted contained adequate provision for the control of public utilities. When it went up against the legislature, it became apparent that it could not pass so long as those provisions remained in it. Everything relating to public utilities had to be eliminated.

II

A hearing was had on the bill on March 26. The chamber of the house of representatives was filled. The principal speech in opposition was made by G. T. Fitzburgh, one of the leading lawyers of Memphis, closely connected with the Memphis newspaper which represents corporate interests in west Tennessee. In his crusade against the Memphis charter he joined forces with the Nashville paper controlled by

General Luke Lea. The attack of Mr. Fitzburgh was nothing if not vigorous. Vigor was the more readily possible because the speaker discarded the restraints which knowledge of the bill and accuracy of statement would have imposed. The eagle screamed and the measure was painted in colors so black that Stygian darkness would have been fair as a lily beside it. The peroration was an especially great effort—a plea that when the boys who broke the Hindenburg line in order to destroy the absolutism in Europe returned to Tennessee it should not be to find absolutism entroned in the largest city of that great commonwealth. That peroration should have drawn tears, though it is doubtful whether it did so unless, perhaps, from the speaker himself. Even that should not be asserted. His vigor of speech had put the orator into a profuse perspiration, and at a little distance perspiration may easily be mistaken for tears.

The speaker for the bill who followed Mr. Fitzburgh confessed himself embarrassed by the mere number of the misstatements which he was called upon to correct. However, he did take up the principal charges which had been made and answered them one by one. There was one cruel stab for the orator of the opposition in this calm presentation. The section which had been singled out above all others to be viewed with alarm was that regarding eligibility to the council. The choicest words of condemnation had been reserved for the deep and daring villainy of a provision which, it was declared, made it impossible for anyone but a member of the council to be a candidate and which would thus render the council first chosen self-perpetuating. Ah, now the mask was torn from this iniquitous proposal! Here was a skillfully laid plot to steal the government from the "peepul" of Memphis and place it irrevocably in the hands of a self-perpetuating group! So ran the argument about this provision—which, as the next speaker frigidly remarked, had been a part of the old charter of Memphis for years and had been taken over verbatim into the new draft.

Members of the legislature came around with expectant

looks, and, it was firmly believed by competent observers, got from the opposition. The charter passed one house unanimously and failed in the other by two votes.

III

The above picture is not overdrawn. It indicates the kind of opposition which legislation in the public interest frequently has to encounter. Here was a bill providing a council to be nominated and elected in a manner to insure the maximum of popular control, containing the most advanced provisions for the initiative, referendum and recall yet drawn, providing for a manager to be appointed by the council and removable at any time, establishing the merit system and a well developed budget procedure—such a measure boldly attacked as a device to set up kaiserism in the largest city of Tennessee!

Why does not such an attack as that made upon the Memphis charter bill defeat itself? When they read the measures cannot legislators be counted on to react against such unfounded charges? That is to assume that members of state legislatures read the bills which come before them. Only a small fraction of them read even the general bills. (In Tennessee all bills are not even printed.) Local bills fare even worse. No one pretends to feel any responsibility for a local bill except the members from the city or district which it would affect. To other members such bills are of interest only as items of barter in the pro-

cess of getting votes for their own pet measures. Consequently, so far as local bills are concerned, an unfounded and misleading statement if made with sufficient plausibility and force has about as good a chance of acceptance by state legislature as the truth which it seeks to supplant. That this was the situation in which the proposed Memphis charter found itself. It was a local bill. Therefore, in the final struggle the merits of the measure had little to do with its passage or defeat.

Actual contact with a few such cases as the above described takes the question of constitutional municipal home rule and reform of legislative procedure out of the realm of academic discussion. They begin to assume the proportions of issues vital to the future of American institutions.

JACKSON SILBAUGH
Attorney **Lyon Bldg**
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Frederick L. Waegle, Deceased.
No. 27877. Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as administrator of the estate of Frederick L. Waegle, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administrator or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication, August 14th, 1920.

JACKSON SILBAUGH,
Administrator of said Estate.
Address, 625 Lyon Building, Seattle, Washington. 4t Sep 4

JNO. F. REED
Attorney **960 Empire Bldg.**
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Otelia G. Rustad, Deceased. No. 27689
Notice to Creditors

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Administrator of the estate of Otelia G. Rustad, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Administrator or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication August 7, 1920.

H. R. RUSTAD
Administrator of said Estate.
Address 960 Empire Building,
JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate,
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
4t Aug. 28.

FRED W. CATLETT
Attorney **613 Hoge Bldg**
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for the County of King.
In the Matter of the Application of Western Commissary Company, a Corporation, for an Order Dissolving and Disincorporating said Company. No. 144,007. Notice.

Whereas, a petition has on this 17th day of June, 1920, been presented to Honorable Mitchell Gilliam, Judge of the Superior Court, King County, Washington, by Western Commissary Company, a corporation, incorporated under the laws of the State of Washington, to be dissolved and disincorporated, accompanied by a certificate of the president and assistant secretary of said corporation certifying that at a meeting of the stockholders called for the purpose and duly held on the 17th day of June, 1920, at the City of Seattle, King County, Washington, it was decided, by a vote of more than two-thirds of all the capital stock subscribed or issued and outstanding of said corporation and by a vote of more than two-thirds of the stockholders, to dissolve and disincorporate said corporation, which petition prayed that such notice be given of such application as is provided by law and so that an order may be entered by said judge and court declaring said corporation dissolved; and

Whereas, the said judge of said court has fixed the 16th day of August, 1920, at the hour of 9:30 o'clock A. M. at the court room of Department No. 1 of said court before the Honorable Mitchell Gilliam, judge of said court, in the King County Court House, Seattle, King County, Washington, or at the court room of any other department which may then be in session and to which this matter may be assigned;

Now, Therefore, notice is hereby given that said petition of Western Commissary Company for an order declaring said company dissolved and disincorporated is coming on to be heard before the Honorable Mitchell Gilliam, judge of the Superior Court of the State of Washington for King County, or such other judge as may be then presiding or to whom this application may be assigned, in the King County Court House in the City of Seattle, King County, Washington, on the 16th day of August, 1920, at the hour of 9:30 o'clock A. M.

Dated this 17th day of June, 1920.
PERCY F. THOMAS,
County Clerk and ex-officio Clerk of the Superior Court, Seattle, King County, Washington.

By **A. N. OLSON**, Deputy
FRED W. CATLETT, Attorney for Petitioner, 613 Hoge Building, Seattle, Wash.

First pub June 26, 1920 8 t Aug 14

JNO. F. REED
Attorney **960 Empire Bldg.**
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County In Probate No. 27808
In the Matter of the Estate of Margaret Crichton Taylor, Deceased.
Notice to Creditors
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Executor of the estate of Margaret Crichton Taylor, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Executor or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication August 7, 1920.

GEORGE TAYLOR
Executor of said Estate.
Address 960 Empire Building,
JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate,
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
4t Aug. 28th.

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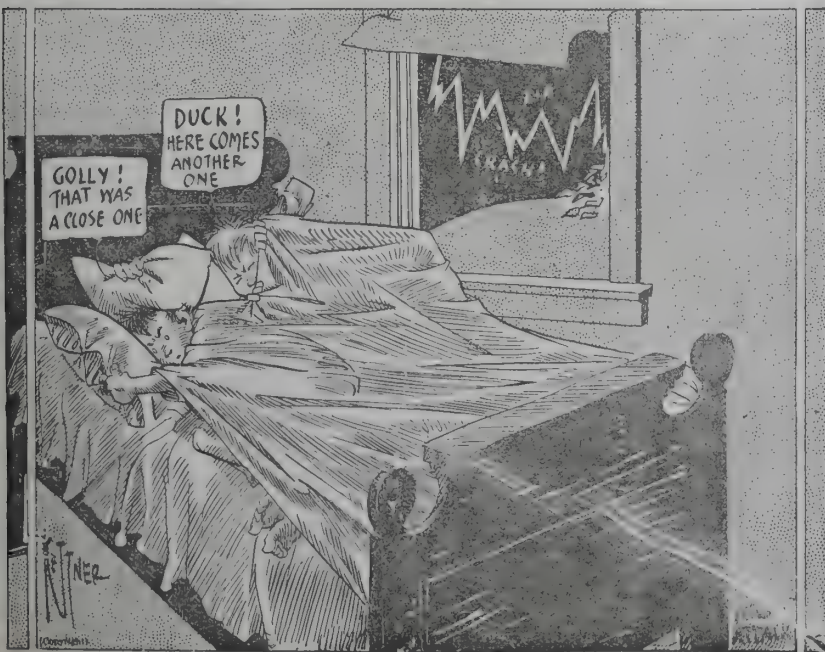
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EIMON L. WIENIR
 Attorney 510-517 Central Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, for King County
 A. E. Peterson, Plaintiff, vs. Harry
 Cabot, Defendant. No. 144233
 Summons for Publication.
 The State of Washington to the said
 Harry Cabot, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear
 within sixty days after the date of the
 first publication of this summons, to-
 wit: Within sixty days after the 31st
 day of July, 1920, and defend the a-
 bove entitled action in the above en-
 titled court, and answer the complaint
 of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of
 your answer upon the undersigned at-
 torney for plaintiff at his office below
 stated; and in case of your failure so
 to do, judgment will be rendered a-
 gainst you according to the demand of
 the complaint, which has been filed
 with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled ac-
 tion is to obtain judgment in the sum
 of Thirty-five dollars and an order
 foreclosing the lien on the personal
 property contained in said place of
 business.

2. For an attorney's fee in the sum
 of \$50.00 for bringing this action.

3. For the appointment of a receiver
 to take charge of the assets of said
 business and to dispose of same in ac-
 cordance with the orders of court.

EIMON L. WIENIR
 Attorney for Plaintiff
 P. O. Address 510-517 Central Bldg.
 Seattle, King County, Washington.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, for King County
 A. E. Peterson, Plaintiff, vs. Harry
 Cabot, Defendant. No. 144233
 Notice

By order of said court made herein
 on the 27th day of July, 1920, notice
 is hereby given to the creditors and to
 all persons having claims against
 Harry Cabot to present the same with
 the necessary vouchers within six
 weeks from and after the date of the
 first publication of this notice, to W.
 S. Ghale as receiver of said Harry
 Cabot at 510 Central Building, Seattle,
 Washington, the place of the transac-
 tion of the business of said receiver;
 otherwise said claims will be barred.

Date of first publication July 31, 1920
W. S. GHALE
 Receiver of Harry Cabot

Klein's Shoe Hospital
 BEST BY TEST
 613 2nd Ave.
 Established 26 Years

FRED W. CATLETT
 Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington in and for the
 County of King.
 Esther E. Doucett, Plaintiff, vs. Fred
 A. Doucett, Defendant. No. 143799.
 Summons.

The State of Washington to the said
 Fred A. Doucett, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear
 within sixty (60) days after the first
 publication of this summons, to-wit:
 within sixty (60) days after the 3rd
 day of July, 1920, and defend the above
 entitled action in the above entitled
 court; and answer the complaint of the
 plaintiff herein and serve a copy of
 your answer upon the undersigned at-
 torney for the plaintiff at his office be-
 low stated; and, in case of your failure
 so to do, judgment will be rendered
 against you in accordance with the de-
 mand of the complaint, which has been
 filed with the Clerk of this court.

The object of the above entitled ac-
 tion is to obtain a decree of divorce
 dissolving the bonds of matrimony now
 existing between plaintiff and yourself,
 on the ground of non-support and in-
 compatibility.

Date of first publication in the Seat-
 tle Municipal News, Seattle, July 3rd,
 1920.

FRED W. CATLETT,
 Attorney for Plaintiff.
 613 Hoge Building, Seattle, Wash.
 7t aug 14

Main 4239

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FRED W. CATLETT
 Attorney Hoge Bldg
 NOTICE SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL
 Estate. Sheriff's Office.
 State of Washington County of King, ss

By Virtue of an Order of Sale issued
 out of the Honorable Superior Court of
 King County, on the 19th day of June,
 A. D. 1920, by the Clerk thereof in the
 case of The Seattle Land & Improve-
 ment Company, a corp., Plaintiff, versus
 R. E. Russell and Mary S. Russell,
 Vulcan Manufacturing Co., a corp.,
 Brace & Hergert Mill Co., a corp., J.
 F. McNamara and Jane Doe McNamara,
 his wife, Defendants. No. 142938, and
 to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered:

Notice is Hereby Given, That I will
 proceed to sell at public auction to the
 highest bidder for cash, within the
 hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's
 sales, to-wit: at Ten o'clock A. M., on

the 31st day of July, 1920, before the
 Court House door of King County, Jef-
 ferson Street Entrance, in the State of
 Washington, the following described
 property, situated in King County, State
 of Washington, to-wit:

Lot one (1), Block Thirty six (36) of
 D. T. Denny's Third Addition to North
 Seattle, together with all and singular
 the tenements, hereditaments and ap-
 purtenances thereunto belonging, levied
 on as the property of said defendants
 to satisfy a judgment of a foreclosure
 of a mortgage amounting to Three
 thousand nine hundred thirty seven
 and 46-100 (\$3937.46) Dollars, interest
 attorney's fee of \$250.00, and the cost
 of suit, in favor of plaintiff.

Dated this 22nd day of June, 1920.

JOHN STRINGER, Sheriff
 By A. HUTCHESON, Deputy

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. IX. NO. 34.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, AUGUST 21, 1920.

PRICE 10 CENTS

La Grave Makes Statement

Seattle, Aug. 20, 1920.

A recent violent explosion in the Editorial rooms of the Seattle Times induced Mayor Caldwell to write a letter in which he said "The Times knows that the City now has a Light and Power plant of the value of approximately \$10,636,682.00 not including floating assets of several million dollars."

The word "several" is rather indefinite but assuming that it means at least three, the total assets would amount to \$13,636,682.00.

So far, so good, but when any one looks at the Comptroller's latest report, the one for 1917, he will find that the assets at January 1, 1918 were \$7,422,416.65, including masonry dam and everything.

The question arises, "how did the Light plant get assets of more than \$6,000,00 in two years?"

The Mayor also said - and it is unquestionably true "that no part of this has been paid for out of the General Fund."

A small part was no doubt paid for from the proceeds of bonds, another small part from profits of the plant, another item of \$67,500 was deducted from Expense each year and added to the book value of the "Masonry dam."

The department has a few very peculiar accounts on its books, one of which is used as a dump ground for inconvenient expense items and may have converted \$2,000,000 or \$3,000,000 of these into assets by a few strokes of a pen. Even that falls short of the desired amount.

There is however, one sure thing. The Light department has no such amount of actual assets, and relies on inflated book values. For several years after

the value of the Light plant was set up on the Comptroller's books at a valuation based on cost, less depreciation, the book value was approximately true, but for the past four years the expenses and assets have been so juggled that no one knows how much its profits have been or what its assets are, but it is safe to say that neither even approximates the amounts claimed.

There is a simple way to end all disputes - make an actual appraisal of the Light department properties and set it up on the Comptroller's books and by the way don't consider the Superintendent's opinion of the Masonry dam or the Cedar River system for fear the assets will shrink too much.

When this is done, set up the assets at their actual value, against the liabilities (which don't need any appraisal) and the difference will be the total profit to date.

In conclusion. The fundamental cause of all uncertainty as to profits and assets is the failure of the Light department to tell the truth once a month when it reports its claims to the Comptroller for payment.

If anyone will compel the department to tell the truth and stick to it - then compel the Comptroller to report the truth exactly as it appears on his books there will be no more dispute as to the finances of the Light department.

C. A. LA GRAVE.

Austin E. Griffiths is in the race for a Superior Court judgeship. His service to the League is too well known to the membership to need any comment. He was one of the founders of the League and later served as its president. Last year he was chairman of the Public Welfare committee.

SECRETARY'S COLUMN

(By Howard A. Adams)



The resignation of Maj. Malcolm Douglas as vice-president of the Municipal League was handed to President Lawler last Monday. Having filed his declaration of candidacy for the Republican nomination for prosecuting attorney, Major Douglas considered that it would not be in keeping with the spirit of the League for him to retain his position as an officer of the organization.

Maj. Douglas has been active in the work of the League for more than five years and his withdrawal from active participation in our affairs will be regretted. In his letter of resignation Maj. Douglas says, "I shall continue in the future as in the past to do whatever I can to help along the good work that the Municipal League is trying to do."

The special order of business at the meeting of the Board of Trustees Wednesday is the election of a vice-president to succeed Malcolm Douglas, resigned, and the election of two trustees.

(Continued on page 2)

A SUCCESSFUL ELECTRIC PLANT RUN BY WINNIPEG

A story of successful operation of a municipally owned hydro-electric plant is told in the 1920 report of the City of Winnipeg Canada. The report shows that last year the plant yielded total revenues of \$1,228,255.59. After paying from this sum all charges of operation, maintenance, depreciation, and sinking fund, a surplus of \$52,881.00 remained. The plant had on January 1st, 1920 over 39,000 customers. Following are extracts from the report:

"Realizing the great advantages afforded to manufacturers, power users and the householders generally, by having available an abundant supply of electric energy for power and lighting purposes, the City of Winnipeg in 1905 reached a decision to undertake an hydro-electric development as a municipal enterprise. After a careful examination of the hydraulic resources of the Winnipeg river, the engineers of the City reported in favor of the site at Point du Bois, the estimated cost of the development being \$3,250,000.00, and in June, 1906 the ratepayers expressed themselves in favor of the City expending this amount of money on municipal hydro-electric works. The designs for the works were commenced in the fall of 1906 and tenders received and contracts let for the general works in January 1909, and for machinery for equipment of the generating station in September, 1909.

"The construction and equipment of the system, including the transmission line, terminal station and a portion of the distribution lines in the City was completed on October 16, 1911. Upon completion of a thirty

(Continued on page 2)

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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.....Malcolm Douglas, Stuart Building, Elliott 1903
Secretary.....Eimon L. Wiener, 510 Central Bldg., Main 476
Treasurer.....A. F. Bailey, 922 2nd Avenue, Elliott 732
Honorary Auditors.....Smith, Robertson & Moorehouse

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A. H. Albertson
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James W. Reynolds, Ex-officio Trustee

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

FALSE ECONOMY

Secretary's Note: The editorial which follows appears in the August number of "American Forestry" and ought to be of especial interest to citizens of the Pacific Northwest. Says the Louisville Courier-Journal: The time will come of course when building with wood will be out of the question unless there is an early development of reforestation.

Among the "economies" effected during the last session of Congress was a cut of nearly \$29,000 in the regular appropriation for forest investigations in the Forest Service. It is unfortunate that Congress, in its need of retrenchment, found it necessary to cut most heavily in the appropriations for scientific work. Any one who is familiar with the splendid work done at the forest experiment stations and the great hardships and handicaps under which the enthusiastic scientific staff has been working for years in the hope of more liberal appropriations to enlarge the scope of the work and provide better facilities for it, will appreciate the serious blow which such a cut means to scientific work in forestry in this country.

The usual appropriation of \$78,728 was never adequate to maintain the eight forest experiment stations in the West, and the investigative work in the East. Several years ago it was necessary as a result of lack of funds, to shut down the experi-

ment stations in California in order to provide sufficient money to carry the rest of the experiment stations. With an appropriation of only \$50,000 for the coming fiscal year, it will be necessary to stop practically all the field work at the experiment stations and retain merely a skeleton organization consisting of a single man. The plan recently adopted for providing in each western district a technical man to act as the connecting link between the administrative force on the forests and the scientific work in the district, and to see that the results of the experiment stations are applied to every-day practice in National Forest administration, must now be abandoned. Of course, no new projects of any kind, no matter how urgent, can be undertaken and even current records on some important investigations already under way may have to be either discontinued or greatly curtailed.

The cut in the appropriation for forest research will fall especially heavily on the work in the East. With the urgent demands for exact information in the management of the Western National Forests, forest research was, until recently, largely confined to western problems with only an accidental investigation of some eastern problem. It was definitely planned that in any enlargement of the scope of forest research the East should receive greater attention. A number of forest experiment stations in the New England States, the

southern hardwoods, the southern pineries, and the Lake States, similar in scope to our western forest experiment stations, had been planned. Under present conditions, of course, nothing can be done in the way of establishing experiment stations in the Lake States, the Northeast or the South, yet the problems there, in the face of the rapidly waning supply of hardwoods and southern pine, are particularly urgent.

It is especially unfortunate that the decrease in the appropriation for forest studies should have come at a time when many organizations, Government, State and industrial, are awakened to the need of a better handling of the remaining forests and are depending on accurate knowledge for applying the different measures suggested for providing a permanent supply of raw materials for the people and industries of the country. The failure to secure this year adequate funds for forest research should not, however, discourage the efforts of those who tried to bring about a better recognition of the need of such investigations; every one who has the progress of scientific forestry at heart should double his efforts, and with renewed energy and hope, work for a better financial support by Congress of forest studies.

ELECTRIC PLANT SUCCESS

(Continued from page 1)
days' test the plant was turned over to the City for operation, and it speaks volumes for the excellence of design, construction and equipment of the works when the fact is known that from the time the electric power was first turned on there has been but one serious interruption in service.

The Plant Described

"The power house is constructed entirely of reinforced concrete; the size of the building is 250 feet long, 150 feet wide and 100 feet high, and is capable of accommodating an equipment of a rated capacity of 50,000 H. P. Provision has been made for future extension of the power house, which will give an ultimate capacity of 100,000 H. P.

"The area of the power site is 438 acres.

"Area of the flooded lands,

4,422.1 acres.

"The head is 46 feet, the alternators generating at 6,600 volts, while the transmission voltage is 65,000 volts.

"The first installation which was put into operation in October, 1911, consisted of:

"Five turbo-generators of 5600 H. P. each.

"The plant was so successful in its initial stages of operation that in 1913 plans were prepared for a large extension to the generating equipment, utilizing the full space provided by the present power house and the following additions were installed and put into service during 1914:

"Three turbo-generators of 7,000 H. P. each.

"Final tests at the stations prove that the above equipment is capable of delivering continuously 50,000 H. P.

"The transmission line is 77 miles in length, built on a private right of way 100 feet wide, with two separate lines on steel towers which are set upon concrete footings and carry the aluminum transmission circuits. A separate telephone line is erected upon the right of way for its full length, and telephone booths are located at convenient points."

SECRETARY'S COLUMN

(Continued from page 1)

tees to succeed James W. Reynolds, ex-officio trustee, and A. H. Albertson. The two former resigned because of filing for public office, while Mr. Albertson's resignation came because of a conflict of duties in connection with other organizations as well as pressing personal business.

* * *

Mr. Reynolds has the good wishes of the League Secretary.

Robert G. Cauthorn, a member of the League for some years, has filed on the Democratic ticket, for the office of prosecuting attorney. He recently served as a member of the "Come 7" membership committee and has called various matters to the attention of the Secretary and the Board of general interest to the League and the city.

Notes on Legislation Affecting Business Men

From "Commerce Monthly," a journal published by the National Bank of Commerce, New York City.

A National Budget: For the past twenty or thirty years there has been a more or less constant agitation for the adoption of a national budget system in this country, but it remained for the war and its mounting direct taxation to bring home to Congress the vital necessity of a consistent and businesslike plan of public expenditures.

The mutual independence of executive and legislature under our governmental system makes it a difficult task to secure coordination of revenue and expenditure, but the budget and accounting bill passed by Congress just before adjournment, together with the reorganization of budgetary procedure in the House, constituted a highly promising attempt at solution of the problem. The bill unfortunately incurred the executive veto because of its denial of power to the President to remove certain appointed officials; but the House repassed the bill after eliminating the objectionable features, and it is sincerely to be hoped that the measure will be finally enacted at the next session. Under proper administration and Congressional cooperation, such a bill should result in a material improvement in the degree of economy and efficiency with which our public business is conducted.

At present, estimates of expenditures presented by the various departments and offices are transmitted to Congress by the Secretary of the Treasury without revision. Only in case of an estimated deficit is provision now made for revision of departmental estimates by the executive, and for an attempt at coordination of income and expenditure before the requests for appropriations are acted on by Congress. This provision has not, however, proved effective in practice, largely for want of adequate machinery. The lack of central supervision of requests for appropriations results in much duplication of effort among

different bureaus of the same department, for the properly administrative task of planning expenditures and work and eliminating such duplications is thrown upon Congressional committees, by whom it cannot ordinarily be discharged.

The proposed bill would have centralized the preparation of budgetary estimates of each department, as well as of the entire executive branch, and would also have limited the abuse of supplemental and deficiency estimates. Estimates would have been prepared for submission to Congress by a Budget Bureau, of which the Secretary of the Treasury was to be Director, but the actual head of the bureau would have been an Assistant Director, appointed by and directly responsible to the President. The Bureau would thus be independent of all the departments, but would have the advantage of intimate association with the Treasury. The Congressional control of the purse would not have been limited by this plan, but could have been exercised more intelligently than has been possible under the existing system, whereby the uncorrelated requests of bureau chiefs and department heads are simply transmitted to Congress for such action as seems to it wise. The bill would also have limited the present free access of departmental officers to the appropriation committees, which has often operated to disturb a department's plan of expenditure.

Appropriations Committee

Although a great deal is lost, temporarily at least, by the failure of the budget bill, the revision of the House to a single appropriations committee is itself an extremely important reform of budgetary practice. The committee has been increased from 21 to 35 members, and will hereafter be in a position to report on the entire budget at one time, with the exception of such deficiency appropriation bills as may prove to be necessary. This has not been possible since 1880, when the process of splitting off appropriation bills from the jurisdiction of the committee was begun. In brief, the revised rules will do for the consideration of the budget what the proposed budget bill would have done for its preparation.

In one respect these rules do not operate to secure a degree of coordination of expenditure with income as would be desirable. The Committee on Appropriations continues to be independent of the Committee on Ways and Means, from which it was divorced in 1865. However, it may be plausibly argued that the work involved in the consideration of both revenue-raising and revenue-spending bills is too great to be laid upon any one committee. Moreover, the consideration of all appropriation bills as a unit will compel Congressmen to consider the means available before assenting to new projects of expenditure.

JNO. F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, for King County
In Probate
In the Matter of the Estate of Otelia
G. Rustad, Deceased. No. 27689
Notice to Creditors
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Administrator of the estate of Otelia G. Rustad, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Administrator or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication August 7, 1920.

H. R. RUSTAD
Administrator of said Estate.
Address 960 Empire Building,
JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate,
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
4t Aug. 28.

JACKSON SILBAUGH
Attorney Lyon Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, for King County
In Probate
In the Matter of the Estate of Frederick L. Waegle, Deceased.
No. 27877. Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as administrator of the estate of Frederick L. Waegle, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administrator or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication, August 14th, 1920.

JACKSON SILBAUGH.

Administrator of said Estate.
Address, 625 Lyon Building, Seattle, Washington.
4t Sep 4

JNO. F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, for King County
In Probate No. 27808
In the Matter of the Estate of Margaret Crichton Taylor, Deceased.
Notice to Creditors
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Executor of the estate of Margaret Crichton Taylor, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Executor or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication August 7, 1920.

GEORGE TAYLOR
Executor of said Estate.
Address 960 Empire Building,
JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate,
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
4t Aug. 28th.

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EDMON L. WIENIR
 Attorney 510-517 Central Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, for King County
 A. E. Peterson, Plaintiff, vs. Harry
 Cabot, Defendant No. 144233
 Summons for Publication.
 The State of Washington to the said
 Harry Cabot, Defendant:
 You are hereby summoned to appear
 within sixty days after the date of the
 first publication of this summons, to-
 wit: Within sixty days after the 31st
 day of July, 1920, and defend the a-
 bove entitled action in the above en-
 titled court, and answer the complaint
 of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of
 your answer upon the undersigned at-
 torney for plaintiff at his office below
 stated; and in case of your failure so
 to do, judgment will be rendered a-
 gainst you according to the demand of
 the complaint, which has been filed
 with the clerk of said court.
 The object of the above entitled ac-
 tion is to obtain judgment in the sum
 of Thirty-five dollars and an order
 foreclosing the lien on the personal
 property contained in said place of
 business.
 2 For an attorney's fee in the sum
 of \$50.00 for bringing this action.
 3 For the appointment of a receiver
 to take charge of the assets of said
 business and to dispose of same in ac-
 cordance with the orders of court.
EDMON L. WIENIR
 Attorney for Plaintiff
 P. O. Address 510-517 Central Bldg.
 Seattle, King County, Washington.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, for King County
 A. E. Peterson, Plaintiff, vs. Harry
 Cabot, Defendant No. 144233
 Notice
 By order of said court made herein
 on the 27th day of July, 1920, notice
 is hereby given to the creditors and to
 all persons having claims against
 Harry Cabot to present the same with
 the necessary vouchers within six
 weeks from and after the date of the
 first publication of this notice, to W.
 S. Ghale as receiver of said Harry
 Cabot at 510 Central Building, Seattle,
 Washington, the place of the transac-
 tion of the business of said receiver;
 otherwise said claims will be barred.
 Date of first publication July 31, 1920
W. S. GHALE
 Receiver of Harry Cabot

Klein's Shoe Hospital
 BEST BY TEST
 613 2nd Ave.
 Established 26 Years

FRED W. CATLETT
 Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington in and for the
 County of King.
 Esther E. Doucett, Plaintiff, vs. Fred
 A. Doucett, Defendant. No. 143799.
 Summons.
 The State of Washington to the said
 Fred A. Doucett, Defendant:
 You are hereby summoned to appear
 within sixty (60) days after the first
 publication of this summons, to-wit:
 within sixty (60) days after the 3rd
 day of July, 1920, and defend the above
 entitled action in the above entitled
 court; and answer the complaint of the
 plaintiff herein and serve a copy of
 your answer upon the undersigned at-
 torney for the plaintiff at his office be-
 low stated; and, in case of your failure
 so to do, judgment will be rendered
 against you in accordance with the de-
 mand of the complaint, which has been
 filed with the Clerk of this court.
 The object of the above entitled ac-
 tion is to obtain a decree of divorce
 dissolving the bonds of matrimony now
 existing between plaintiff and yourself,
 on the ground of non-support and in-
 compatibility.
 Date of first publication in the Seat-
 tle Municipal News, Seattle, July 3rd,
 1920.
FRED W. CATLETT,
 Attorney for Plaintiff.
 613 Hoge Building, Seattle, Wash.
 7t aug 14

Main 4239

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A. J. MEEVES,
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FRED W. CATLETT
 Attorney Hoge Bldg
 NOTICE SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL
 Estate. Sheriff's Office.
 State of Washington County of King, ss
 By Virtue of an Order of Sale issued
 out of the Honorable Superior Court of
 King County, on the 19th day of June,
 A. D. 1920, by the Clerk thereof in the
 case of The Seattle Land & Improve-
 ment Company, a corp., Plaintiff, versus
 R. E. Russell and Mary S. Russell,
 Vulcan Manufacturing Co., a corp.,
 Brace & Hergert Mill Co., a corp., J.
 F. McNamara and Jane Doe McNamara,
 his wife, Defendants. No. 142938, and
 to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered:
 Notice is Hereby Given, That I will
 proceed to sell at public auction to the
 highest bidder for cash, within the
 hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's
 sales, to-wit: at Ten o'clock A. M., on

the 31st day of July, 1920, before the
 Court House door of King County, Jef-
 ferson Street Entrance, in the State of
 Washington, the following described
 property, situated in King County, State
 of Washington, to-wit:
 Lot one (1), Block Thirty six (36) of
 D. T. Denny's Third Addition to North
 Seattle, together with all and singular
 the tenements, hereditaments and ap-
 purtenances thereunto belonging, levied
 on as the property of said defendants
 to satisfy a judgment of a foreclosure
 of a mortgage amounting to Three
 thousand nine hundred thirty seven
 and 46-100 (\$3937.46) Dollars, interest,
 attorney's fee of \$250.00, and the cos-
 of suit, in favor of plaintiff.
 Dated this 22nd day of June, 1920.
JOHN STRINGER, Sheriff
 By **A. HUTCHESON,** Deputy.

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. IX. NO. 35.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, AUGUST 28, 1920.

PRICE 10 CENTS

MUNICIPAL : NOTES

BY ERED W. CATLETT

The closing of the registration books for the fall primary found 111,000 names registered. This is, as was to be expected, the largest total ever reached in this city. The large increase over the figures of last year also shows the extent of the interest aroused by the present national, state and county campaigns.

* * *

Press reports from Washington bring the information that the Federal Electric Railways Commission, appointed by President Wilson in May, 1919, has submitted a report saying that the experiments in municipal street railway ownership in Seattle, San Francisco and Boston have been of insufficient length to determine their success; that there is as yet no conclusive proof that municipal ownership is a satisfactory solution of the urban transportation problem; and that the highest wage scale on the continent exists here in Seattle after the second six months of employment in street car service. The report says that for the first three months of service San Francisco pays sixty-two and one-half cents an hour and Seattle fifty-nine and three-eighths cents an hour; for the second three months the same scale continues. In the second six months the San Francisco scale remains the same, while the Seattle scale advances to sixty-five and five-eighths cents. It is said the report deals at length with the jitney problem and recommends that the jitneys be placed under

the same regulative control to which the electric railways are subject.

We are not disposed to take issue with the conclusion of the Commission that the experiment in municipal ownership here has had, as yet, an insufficient trial to determine its success or lack of success. In fact, it has been our contention all along that it is yet too early to determine whether municipal ownership of traction lines can or cannot be made a success. We confess to very considerable impatience with such statements as those ascribed to former Mayor Hanson in his speech at Chicago. No one with any practical sense imagined that a municipal street railway line could be handled free from political considerations any more than any other part of the city government, and Mr. Hanson's naive assumption that his own appointments were free from politics and made only for the good of the service, and that he in every case chose the man best qualified without regard to other considerations, makes one smile who knows the individuals and the facts. Politics will undoubtedly enter into the administration of a municipal railway system and the only question can be as to the extent to which politics will be permitted to interfere with the efficient management and control of the street railway properties.

It was also perfectly clear to anyone who had studied the matter that the city could not ex-

pect to operate the lines as cheaply as the private company, largely because of these same political considerations. It was contended, however, that this increased expense would not more than cover the difference between the cost to the company and the charges collected from the public by the company. In other words, it would not more than consume the profit made by the company. And it was urged that if the difference in cost were no greater than suggested, the public would be better satisfied with municipal control than with the private.

The innuendo in Mr. Hanson's statement that the lines were successful under the management of himself and his appointees and would have remained so on a five-cent fare is contrary to the facts. Mr. Murphine was struggling hard to preserve the five-cent fare, but even during his term a deficit of \$500,000 was accumulated, if proper allowance were made for depreciation, and, although we recall Mr. Murphine's contention that such an allowance for depreciation should not be made, we have been convinced by the arguments of our engineering and accounting friends that such an allowance for depreciation should be made.

Other expenses have gone up since Mr. Murphine left office and neither he nor anyone else could have preserved the five-cent fare and have financed the road upon a sound basis. The fact that the fare has been raised

is no argument against the efficiency of municipal ownership, as the fares have been raised all over the country under private ownership and in many cases have been raised more than in Seattle. The fact that it took so long to raise the fares here after it became apparent that they must be raised indicates one of the difficulties of municipal ownership. The city government cannot operate so efficiently or speedily as a private company.

In our discussions concerning the municipal traction system and its success we ought to bear in mind the fact that in all probabilities we have the traction system permanently on our hands to operate through our municipal government; that the time is past for any local discussion as to the advisability or lack of advisability of municipal ownership. Accepting that ownership as a fact, we ought to bend our energies toward making it a success and towards securing as much efficiency as is possible and increased efficiency from year to year in the municipal administration.

There are certainly times when the fight for greater efficiency in city government seems almost hopeless; we seem to advance so very slowly. At the same time, if we do not continue to struggle for the increased efficiency we may expect less satisfactory conditions, and after all, when the matter is looked at over a period of years, we have

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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Secretary.....Elmon L. Wiener, 510 Central Bldg., Main 476
Treasurer.....A. F. Bailey, 922 2nd Avenue, Elliott 732
Honorary Auditors.....Smith, Robertson & Moorehouse

TRUSTEES

Terms Expire May, 1921
Fred W. Catlett
Walter S. Johnson
L. D. Lewis
A. H. Albertson
Edward W. Allen
James W. Reynolds, Ex-officio Trustee

Terms Expire May 1922
Howard A. Adams
George S. Kahin
Robert F. Sandall
Jackson Silbaugh

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

accomplished and do by our efforts accomplish some noticeable improvement. We are confident that in the main our municipal governments in this country are no longer corrupt, as they were three of four decades ago, nor are they so lacking in efficiency as at that time. They are far short of one-hundred per cent efficiency yet, but, since city governments are made up of human beings and human beings average far less than one hundred per cent efficient, we should not be surprised at a lack of perfection in city government, nor the possibility of continued improvement therein.

It is the purpose of the Municipal League to keep alive this hope for better things and to assist in progress toward better, more efficient, more satisfactory, municipal self-government.

Judge John M. Wilson, of the Superior Court of Thurston County, has handed down a decision sustaining the State Public Service Commission in authorizing the Seattle Lighting Company of this city to increase its gas rates. The increase ranges from twenty to twenty-five per cent and was effective last April.

Mayor Caldwell has sent a communication to the city council recommending that the city appropriate a sufficient sum to pay the Rainier Valley line for the fares of the fifty or sixty of the police force who reside in the Rainier Valley. As the city pays the street railway department for

the fares of the policemen on the city lines, it is argued that it should act likewise in dealing with the men who happen to live upon the only remaining private line.

Mayor Caldwell has also suggested the establishment of a municipal camp on Mount Rainier, preferably upon the north side of the mountain. He suggests that the city could arrange to transport the people there periodically and collect a fee for the service and conduct of the camp sufficient to cover the expense and that in this way many people who could not otherwise visit and enjoy the beauties of Mt. Rainier would be enabled to do so. We shall be rather surprised if the proposal, however, does not meet a legal obstruction due to a lack of power in the city at the present time to engage in such enterprises.

Bureau of Statistics Issues Pamphlet

An eight page pamphlet containing a brief description of Brewster Flats and the plan agreed upon for its reclamation has just been issued through the cooperation of the State Reclamation Service and the Bureau of Statistics and Immigration.

In plain words and with no exaggerated coloring the description sets forth the location, the character of the land, the source of water supply, the estimated cost of construction, which is to

be of a permanent nature, and the process by which the lands may be acquired. It emphasizes the point that it is not for persons who must have immediate returns from the investment, since it will take several years to complete the project, although trees may be safely planted a number of years in advance of its completion. One paragraph says:

"We wish particularly to caution prospective applicants that this does not represent an opportunity for a man and family with very limited means to at once go upon the land and make a living. It is our desire and hope to develop other opportunities in the State for that class of worthy citizens. This is an opportunity for experienced horticulturists, or their sons, and for professional and salaried people, and for others similarly situated, who desire in the course of a few years, under circumstances that they know will safeguard their interests, to practice the highest type of horticulture under the best possible conditions."

The standard farm unit is 20 acres, but one may obtain 10-acre or 5-acre tracts and as low as one of two acres. Amounts larger than 20 acres may be acquired by special consent of the board.

Toledo Commission of Publicity and Efficiency Makes Report

Of interest to members of the Municipal League is the semi-annual report of Toledo's Commission of Publicity and Efficiency. It is somewhat in the nature of New York's Municipal Research Bureau, and is exactly along the line suggested for the City of Seattle by Dean Stephen I. Miller, of the University of Washington in his address to the League at its last annual dinner.

That such a commission could accomplish splendid work in Seattle there can be no question. The League should inaugurate a movement for the creation of such a body for the city.

A summary of the report follows:

With the beginning of this year, the Commission of Publi-

city and Efficiency has begun to extend its activities again, after the war-time curtailment of its work. We are able to report therefore at this mid-year period, a number of important things accomplished since January 1, 1920.

Publications.

The Toledo City Journal. During the first six months of the year the Commission published 26 issues of the City Journal, 1500 copies of each issue. The number was reduced from 1800 copies, printed during the same period last year in order to keep within the appropriation for that purpose. Curtailment of distribution was made necessary on account of higher printing costs.

An index to the 1919 issues of the Journal was published as usual soon after the close of the year, and copies distributed to all who requested them. Sufficient copies of the year's files were bound in book form together with an index, to supply city departments. This custom, followed since the Journal was established, gives the various city officials convenient access to a complete file of the City Journal, fully indexed with its wealth of material, including legislation passed by Council and other information about the city. This is only another of the advantages accruing from the publication of an official periodical by the city.

Departmental Reports.* Fewer departmental reports were published this year by the Commission than have usually been printed, owing chiefly to failure on the part of departments to prepare annual reports promptly. The Commission urges that department heads give more attention to the subject of annual reports and that they prepare their reports promptly after the close of the year. A report is valuable in inverse ratio, to the time elapsing before its publication. This Commission can supply officials with samples of department reports from other cities and will be glad to advise with them as to the form of their reports.

The Commission published the reports of the Public Library, Division of Health, Division of Water and Division of Accounts. The latter report was condensed and analyzed and graphs pre-

ered showing where the city's money came from and how it was spent. Not until the Commission took charge of the publication of the city's financial report was it ever put in a form that was brief enough to be easily read and simple enough to be understood readily by the average citizen. The Commission has tried to popularize the basis, vital facts concerning the city's finances, and has then made them available to every interested citizen of Toledo.

The Mayors Budget

With the same idea in mind the Commission this year gave wide distribution to the Mayor's Budget for 1920. Heretofore 1,000 copies of the budget have been printed as required by the Charter, but no attempt has been made to distribute them and they have simply lain idle around the City Hall, eventually to be thrown away. This year they were printed by this Commission, and copies distributed to all the libraries of the city, in addition to being placed in the Mayor's office, the Council Chamber and in the lobby of the High Pressure Station. In each place a placard was posted, inviting the public to take copies of the budget. The results was that a large percentage of the copies were distributed. The supplies placed in the libraries and in the High Pressure Station where citizens go in large numbers to pay water bills, were particularly in demand and were soon exhausted.

The Supreme Court Suit

In order to get from the Supreme Court of Ohio a decision to the city's power to pledge its credit for acquiring a public utility, the Commission became defendant in a mandamus brought by the Law Director to compel publication in the City Journal of an ordinance to issue bonds for the purpose of acquiring a transportation system. They employed Mr. U. G. Denison as their attorney and a long defense was made, on the ground that such an ordinance is invalid. The Supreme Court decided against the Commission and the ordinance was published as ordered. As a result of the decision, however, all doubt has been removed as to the city's authority to determine

for itself the purpose for which bonds may be issued, without specific authority from the Legislature. The decision was a victory for Home Rule.

The Municipal Reference Library

A start has been made toward a municipal reference library that should develop into a very useful source of information for city officials and employees and the general public. More attention will be given to this branch of the Commission's work from now on with the purpose of making it as useful as possible.

As the use of the Library grows, it will demand more and more attention and the Commission hopes eventually to add to its staff one or more assistants, trained in library work. When that time comes larger quarters will be needed. The Commission wishes to call attention now to this future need so that when plans for the new City Hall are drawn, they will include sufficient space for a well-equipped library.



JOHN F. REED

Attorney Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, in and for the
County of King.

Marion Gray, Plaintiff, vs. P. Stave, a widower; Mary Dechmann and Louis Dechmann, her husband; Dugald Campbell and James G. Campbell, as Executors of the Estate of A. J. McDonald, Deceased; Emil Burkhardt; H. L. Hanlon, doing business under the name and style of Northwestern News Bureau, and Henry Jennings & Sons, a corporation, Defendants. No.
Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to: P. Stave, a widower; Mary Dechmann and Louis Dechmann, her husband; Dugald Campbell and James G. Campbell, as Executors of the Estate of A. J. McDonald, Deceased; Emil Burkhardt; H. L. Hanlon, doing business under the name and style of Northwestern News Bureau; and Henry Jennings & Sons, a corporation, Defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 28th day of August, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of said action is to obtain a judgment on account of a promissory note given by the defendant, P. Stave, to the Northwest Trust & Safe Deposit Company, and endorsed by said Northwest Trust & Savings Bank, formerly the Northwest Trust & Safe Deposit Company to the plaintiff, in the sum of \$2,000.00, with interest thereon from the 8th day of May, 1920, at the rate of 7% per annum, and the further sum of \$175.11 paid by plaintiff on account of general taxes and assessments, with interest thereon from August 10th, 1920, at the rate of 7% per annum, together with attorney's fees and costs, and to foreclose a real estate mortgage given by said P. Stave to said Northwest Trust & Safe Deposit Company (which said note and mortgage were sold and assigned by said Northwest Trust & Safe Deposit Company, now the Northwest Trust & Savings Bank, to the plaintiff), to secure the payment of said note, upon the following described real estate situated in King County, Washington, to-wit: Commencing at the northwest corner of Tract 11 of Ballard Acre Tracts, running thence east 80 feet; thence south 100 feet; thence west 80 feet; thence north 100 feet to the point of beginning, being a tract 90 by 100 feet.

JOHN F. REED,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
Office and Post Office Address: 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.

7t Oct 9

JNO. F. REED

Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, for King County
In Probate

In the Matter of the Estate of Otelia G. Rustad, Deceased. No. 27689
Notice to Creditors

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Administrator of the estate of Otelia G. Rustad, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Administrator or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication August 7, 1920.

H. R. RUSTAD
Administrator of said Estate.
Address 960 Empire Building,
JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate,
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
4t Aug. 28.

JACKSON SILBAUGH

Attorney Lyon Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, for King County
In Probate

In the Matter of the Estate of Frederick L. Waegle, Deceased. No. 27877. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as administrator of the estate of Frederick L. Waegle, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administrator or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, August 14th, 1920.

JACKSON SILBAUGH,

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE

SEATTLE

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112 COLUMBIA STREET

Administrator of said Estate.
Address, 625 Lyon Building, Seattle, Washington.

JNO. F. REED

Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, for King County
In Probate

In the Matter of the Estate of Margaret Crichton Taylor, Deceased. No. 27808
Notice to Creditors

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Executor of the estate of Margaret Crichton Taylor, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Executor or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication August 7, 1920.

GEORGE TAYLOR
Executor of said Estate.
Address 960 Empire Building,
JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate,
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
4t Aug. 28th.

DEPARTMENTS OF SERVICE

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WASHINGTON TITLE

INSURANCE CO.

EIMON L. WIENIR
 Attorney 510-517 Central Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, for King County
 A. E. Peterson, Plaintiff, vs. Harry
 Cabot, Defendant No. 144233
 Summons for Publication.

The State of Washington to the said
 Harry Cabot, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear
 within sixty days after the date of the
 first publication of this summons, to-
 wit: Within sixty days after the 31st
 day of July, 1920, and defend the a-
 bove entitled action in the above en-
 titled court, and answer the complaint
 of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of
 your answer upon the undersigned at-
 torney for plaintiff at his office below
 stated; and in case of your failure so
 to do, judgment will be rendered a-
 gainst you according to the demand of
 the complaint, which has been filed
 with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled ac-
 tion is to obtain judgment in the sum
 of Thirty-five dollars and an order
 foreclosing the lien on the personal
 property contained in said place of
 business.

2 For an attorney's fee in the sum
 of \$50.00 for bringing this action.

3 For the appointment of a receiver
 to take charge of the assets of said
 business and to dispose of same in ac-
 cordance with the orders of court.

EIMON L. WIENIR
 Attorney for Plaintiff
 P. O. Address 510-517 Central Bldg.
 Seattle, King County, Washington.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, for King County
 A. E. Peterson, Plaintiff, vs. Harry
 Cabot, Defendant No. 144233
 Notice

By order of said court made herein
 on the 27th day of July, 1920, notice
 is hereby given to the creditors and to
 all persons having claims against
 Harry Cabot to present the same with
 the necessary vouchers within six
 weeks from and after the date of the
 first publication of this notice, to W.
 S. Ghale as receiver of said Harry
 Cabot at 510 Central Building, Seattle,
 Washington, the place of the transac-
 tion of the business of said receiver;
 otherwise said claims will be barred.

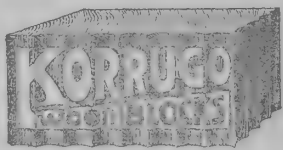
Date of first publication July 31, 1920
W. S. GHALE
 Receiver of Harry Cabot

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Northern Life Building

Seattle

FRED W. CATLETT
 Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington in and for the
 County of King.

Esther E. Doucett, Plaintiff, vs. Fred
 A. Doucett, Defendant. No. 143799.
 Summons.

The State of Washington to the said
 Fred A. Doucett, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear
 within sixty (60) days after the first
 publication of this summons, to-wit:
 within sixty (60) days after the 3rd
 day of July, 1920, and defend the above
 entitled action in the above entitled
 court; and answer the complaint of the
 plaintiff herein and serve a copy of
 your answer upon the undersigned at-
 torney for the plaintiff at his office be-
 low stated; and, in case of your failure
 so to do, judgment will be rendered
 against you in accordance with the de-
 mand of the complaint, which has been
 filed with the Clerk of this court.

The object of the above entitled ac-
 tion is to obtain a decree of divorce
 dissolving the bonds of matrimony now
 existing between plaintiff and yourself,
 on the ground of non-support and in-
 compatibility.

Date of first publication in the Seat-
 tle Municipal News, Seattle, July 3rd,
 1920.

FRED W. CATLETT,
 Attorney for Plaintiff.
 613 Hoge Building, Seattle, Wash.
 7th aug 14

Main 4239

MEVES CAFETERIA

A. J. MEEVES,
 Proprietor

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 SATISFACTORY
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2nd and Seneca

Seattle, Washington

FRED W. CATLETT
 Attorney Hoge Bldg
 NOTICE SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL
 Estate. Sheriff's Office.

State of Washington County of King, ss

By Virtue of an Order of Sale issued
 out of the Honorable Superior Court of
 King County, on the 19th day of June,
 A. D. 1920, by the Clerk thereof in the
 case of The Seattle Land & Improve-
 ment Company, a corp., Plaintiff, versus
 R. E. Russell and Mary S. Russell,
 Vulcan Manufacturing Co., a corp.,
 Brace & Hergert Mill Co., a corp., J.
 F. McNamara and Jane Doe McNamara,
 his wife, Defendants. No. 142938, and
 to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered:

Notice is Hereby Given, That I will
 proceed to sell at public auction to the
 highest bidder for cash, within the
 hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's
 sales, to-wit: at Ten o'clock A. M., on

the 31st day of July, 1920, before the
 Court House door of King County, Jef-
 ferson Street Entrance, in the State of
 Washington, the following describe
 property, situated in King County, Stat-
 of Washington, to-wit:

Lot one (1), Block Thirty six (36) of
 D. T. Denny's Third Addition to North
 Seattle, together with all and singular
 the tenements, hereditaments and ap-
 purtenances thereunto belonging, lying
 on as the property of said defendant
 to satisfy a judgment of a foreclosure
 of a mortgage amounting to Thirty
 thousand nine hundred thirty sev-
 en and 46-100 (\$3937.46) Dollars, interest
 attorney's fee of \$250.00, and the cost
 of suit, in favor of plaintiff.

Dated this 22nd day of June, 1920.

JOHN STRINGER, Sheriff
 By **A. HUTCHESON, Deputy**

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Seattle, Washington

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BUT EAT

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. IX. NO. 36.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1920.

PRICE 10 CENTS

MUNICIPAL NOTES

By Fred W. Catlett

In an address recently Claud C. Ramsey, chairman of the Board of County Commissioners, emphasized a fact which the Municipal League has for a long time endeavored to enforce. Mr. Ramsay said that "the utter indifference of businessmen to their duties in politics is one of the distressing evils which confront the government." "Our businessmen have lost sight of the fact that they owe a part of their time, thought and energy to fulfilling the sacred political obligations every citizen must exercise if we are to have continued the blessings of liberty and the right to enjoy the fruits of our own labor."

Mr. Sherman Rogers in his address before the Members' Council of the Chamber of Commerce on Friday likewise insisted that the citizens owed a duty to the community to give as much time to furthering the interests of the community in peace times as in war times. At the present time this community needs to have this truth re-uttered. With the beginning of the war the interest in municipal affairs naturally lagged, and since the war ended it has not been possible to re-awaken it to the degree it enjoyed prior to the war. Business prosperity is perhaps largely responsible for this.

* * *

President Lawler has shown very commendable energy in filling the League committees for the coming year. That task is a more difficult one than it really ought to be and the difficulty is only to be explained by the fact that many citizens have lost sight of their public duties and need such a shaking up as Mr. Ramsey and Mr. Rogers have tried

Candidates' Investigating Committee will submit its report to the League at the first meeting of the new term:

WEDNESDAY NOON, SEPTEMBER 8th

**At Meves Cafeteria, Second and Seneca
Report on Candidates for the following County
officers—Auditor, Prosecuting Attorney, Sheriff,
County Commissioners.**

to give them.

The Municipal League is a body where many citizens could do very valuable work for the city and community. We extend an invitation to all who feel such a sense of duty to the community to join us and assist us in bettering conditions.

* * *

The announcement has just been made that a resolution has been introduced in the port commission abolishing the office of executive secretary, an office now being filled by Mr. C. J. France. The resolution does not state the purpose of the proposed action and the statements of the commissioners are somewhat at variance.

* * *

Mr. Lincoln is quoted to the effect that the political affiliations of Secretary France and his extremist ideas are detrimental to his work as secretary and that he has now lost his usefulness. He also says that the commission has come to the conclusion that the office is a useless one and that it should be abolished pursuant to the commission's policy

to decrease costs.

Mr. Lippy's statement grounds his action upon the fact that the office has lost its value and should, therefore, be discontinued.

Mr. Christensen opposes the abolition of the office on the ground that it is still a valuable and necessary one and adds that the occupant of such office should be entitled to his own political views.

We hope that the commission is not acting for the purpose of punishing Mr. France for his po-

(Continued on page 3)

Sherman Rogers, industrial editor of the "Outlook," will speak under the joint auspices of the Industrial Relations Committee of the Municipal League and the Labor Relations Committee of the Chamber of Commerce at the Plymouth Church, 6th and University, Wednesday, Sept. 8, at 8 P. M. The public is cordially invited. Let every member of the League be present.

NEW COMMITTEES APPOINTED

President Lawler and Board of Trustees announce the personnel of committees for 1920-1921 as follows:

Americanization: Chairman, Carl J. Smith, Paul B. Phillips, Malcolm Douglas, J. T. Jennings, Andrew J. Balliet.

Buildings and Grounds: Chairman, Albro Gardner, Jr., Charles V. E. Dove, V. J. Hemmert, Richard Mansfield White, Edward Connor.

Charter Revision: Chairman, Frank P. Helsell, Walter S. Johnson, Edward H. Flick, Alfred H. Lundin, George B. Cole, Robert G. Cauthorn, Lee Johnston.

City and County Consolidation: Chairman, Lawrence S. Booth, J. T. Jennings, A. H. Wiseman, B. G. Owen, Vivian M. Carkeek, Walter M. Hay, Nelson R. Anderson.

City Development: Chairman, Robert F. Sandall, J. D. Blackwell, Howard Adams, Fred W. Bert, Jr., George B. Littlefield, C. V. E. Dove, Russell H. White.

Civil Service: Chairman, M. H. Van Nuys, John D. Hall, W. G. Mann, N. C. Wegner, Austin E. Griffiths.

Editorial: Chairman, Fred W. Catlett, Robert F. Sandall, James A. Haight, Glenn Hoover.

Education: Chairman, Louis B. Schwellenbach, L. T. Nickirk, A. H. Wiseman, Fred W. Catlett, Prof. David Thompson, Oliver H. Richardson and H. A. Woodcock.

Municipal Finance: Chairman, James P. Robertson, Frank Dabney, A. F. Bailey, Irving M. Clark, Walter S. Johnson, H. A. Raser, E. Moorehouse.

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

Published Weekly by the
MUNICIPAL LEAGUE OF SEATTLE
 1915 First Avenue Telephone Main 6282

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 Secretary.....Malcolm Douglas, Stuart Building, Elliott 1903
 Treasurer.....Eimon L. Wiener, 510 Central Bldg., Main 476
 Honorary Auditors.....A. F. Bailey, 922 2nd Avenue, Elliott 732
Smith, Robertson & Moorehouse

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Terms Expire May, 1921
 Fred W. Catlett
 Walter S. Johnson
 L. D. Lewis
 A. H. Albertson
 Edward W. Allen

James W. Reynolds, Ex-officio Trustee

Terms Expire May 1922
 Howard A. Adams
 George S. Kahin
 Robert F. Sandall
 Jackson Silbaugh

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

Harbor Development and Commerce: Chairman,
 S. A. Keenan, C. E. Allen, Walter L. Nossaman, S. M. Brackett, Robert S. Boyns, Albert Daub.

Industrial Relations: Chairman, James A. Haight, Ralph D. Nichols, Austin E. Griffiths, Louis Nash, F. E. Rawlings, J. M. Bowman, Mathew Hill and Frank Dabney.

Health and Sanitation: Chairman, Dr. H. Eugene Allen, Dr.

Carson, Frederick Adams, Alvin Bousfield, Charles J. Ryan, John Franklin Eddy.

Legislative Committee: Chairman, Arthur H. Hutchinson, Victor Zednick, Dan Earle, Paul K. Mohr, C. B. Fitzgerald, Fred W. Hastings, Thomas F. Murphine.

Membership: Chairman, Howard A. Adams, Edward Connor, Claude H. Anderson.

Program:

Public Safety: Chairman, Jackson Silbaugh, Malcolm Douglas,

W. E. Steinart, J. Will Jones, Harrison W. Mason, Lane Summers, Paul K. Mohr.

Public Utilities: Chairman, O. B. Thorgrimson, J. D. Blackwell, Marion Edwards, S. M. Brackett, Joseph Jacobs, Robert Howes, W. C. Morse.

Public Welfare: Chairman, Alfred H. Lundin, George Mathieu, Charles P. Moriarity, Philip Gearhart, Robert S. Boyns, J. E. Riley, Thomas Swale.

Reception and Entertainment: Chairman, A. J. Quigley, James W. Reynolds.

Reception and Entertainment: Chairman, Arthur H. Hutchinson, Alvin Bousfield, L. D. Lewis, W. K. Sheldon, H. D. Bartlett.

Revenue and Taxation: Chairman, W. V. Tanner, Edward W. Allen, F. E. Rawlings, A. R. Hilen, W. L. Nossaman, C. A. LaGrave, W. T. Butler, Harry Woolen.

Theatres and Amusements: Chairman, W. T. Butler, A. E. Pierce, J. K. McDowall, S. A. Keenan, C. G. Morrison.

Candidates Investigating Committee: Chairman, Chas. F. Ridell, Claude H. Eckart, Lawrence S. Booth, B. A. Lewis, Walter L. Nossaman, Alvin Bousfield, Horace Barnes.



JAMES W. REYNOLDS

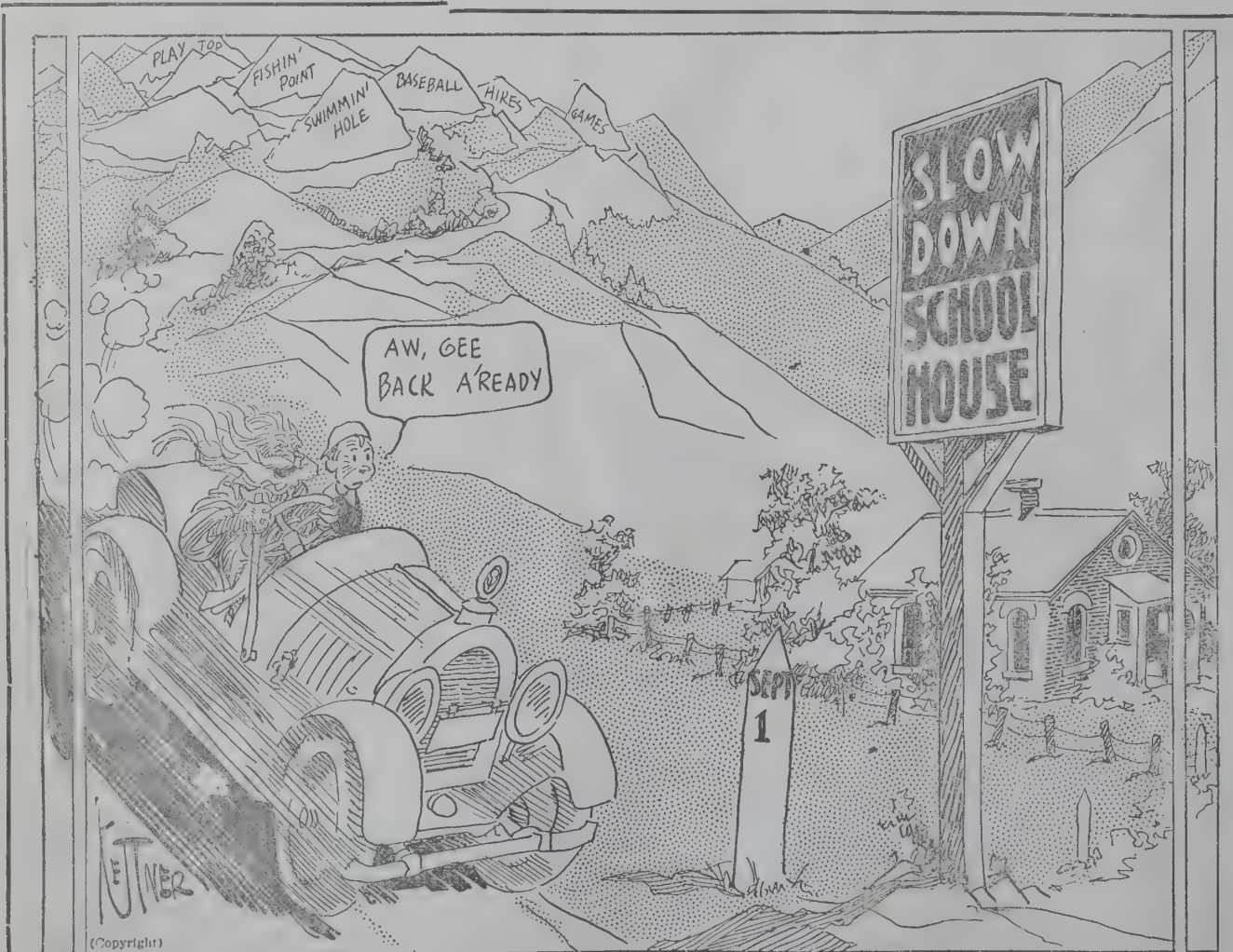
James W. Reynolds, ex-president of the Municipal League, is a candidate for the Superior Bench. He has been in the continuous practice of law for the past twenty-seven years, eleven years of that period he has practiced in Seattle, the other sixteen years he practiced in Pike County, Missouri, where he served for four terms as city attorney of the largest town in that county and was afterwards elected and served as county prosecuting attorney. He was admitted to the Bar in 1890, not being satisfied with merely a license to practice law he entered the law department of Michigan University at Ann Arbor and graduated therefrom in the class of 1892.

During the war he was especially active and is credited with being the first man in Seattle to tender his services as a Four Minute speaker for the government and the only man who remained in that service from the beginning to the end of its activities.

Candidates Being Investigated

The first meeting of the new term will take place Wednesday noon at Meves Cafeteria when the report of the League's committee investigating the qualifications of candidates for county offices will be submitted for approval. The committee has met regularly each day the past week and its report is awaited with interest by thousands of citizens who, each year look for the League for guidance.

A second meeting this week must be held to hear the committee's report on legislative candidates. Owing to the great number of such candidates and



(Copyright)

the fact that the primaries are so close at hand, the committee has deemed it necessary to divide the report and submit the portion ready as soon as possible. The time and place of the second meeting will be announced through the press.

The committee consists of the following: C. F. Riddell, chairman, Horace Barnes, Alvin Bausfield, Laurence S. Booth, Claude L. Eckhart, B. A. Lewis, Walter L. Nossaman. The League secretary is secretary to the committee.

MUNICIPAL NOTES

Political and social views. We have known Mr. France too long to believe for an instant that he is in any way unpatriotic. We know that he has for years been earnestly and sincerely striving for better social and governmental conditions, and, therefore he has taken more extremist views than we have been able to take and has affiliated with organizations with which we have not felt we could affiliate, yet, we believe in the utmost freedom of thought and expression of opinion within the bounds necessarily set by the actual safety of the state, and we have not yet seen anything from Mr. France's tongue or pen which seemed to us beyond these bounds. During war times tolerance must probably be confined within narrower limits, but in peace times we believe in a wide tolerance of political differences of opinion.

Mr. France's office is not a political office and his views on general social questions ought not to interfere with his usefulness as executive secretary. Mr. France has always been an earnest advocate of the port and of public operation of port facilities. That his heart and his energy are behind the real interests of the port is an undoubted fact.

If it is true that the position of executive secretary is no longer necessary and that the abolition of the position is simply for the purpose of greater economy and he doing away with a useless official, the question is a different one; but, if that be its real purpose, it is unfortunate that it has to be accomplished just at this time, when to too many peo-

ple it has the appearance of being an act of intolerance.

At the present time our views are based entirely upon newspaper information, which may not be correct, and we shall be glad to hear the report of a committee which is being appointed by President Lawler to investigate and report on the facts.

* * *

City Engineer Dimock has made a report in which he estimates that the total expenditure upon the Swan Lake project, including the proposed reservoir at Volunteer Park and the pipe line connecting that reservoir with Swan Lake, will reach \$5,750,000.00. At the present time \$400,000 has been spent in preliminary development. The largest items of this expense are \$287,000.00 for the acquisition by condemnation of a catchment area at Swan Lake, a reservoir site in West Seattle and the right of way for a pipe line for the supply of water to West Seattle; and \$37,000 for the clearing of 213 acres of land in the vicinity of Swan Lake, which will be flooded by the proposed project.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In the matter of the estate of Calvin Stowell, Deceased. No. 23780 Notice of Sale of Real Estate.

Please take notice that on and after the 19th day of September, 1920 the undersigned will sell at private sale, Lot six and the North twenty feet of Lot five, Block nine, Pettits University Addition to the City of Seattle, with the improvements situated thereon. Bids for the same must be in writing and submitted to the undersigned at 1117 L. C. Smith Bldg., Seattle, Washington.

EDWARD O. SISSON
NELLIE MAY SISSON
Executor and executrix of the Estate of Calvin Stowell, Deceased.
First publication Sept. 4, 1920.
2d Sept. 11.

Attorney JOHN F. REED Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and for the County of King.

Marion Gray, Plaintiff, vs. P. Stave, a widower, Mary Dechmann and Louis Dechmann, her husband; Dugald Campbell and James G. Campbell, as Executors of the Estate of A. J. McDonald, Deceased; Emil Burkhardt; H. L. Hanlon, doing business under the name and style of Northwestern News Bureau, and Henry Jennings & Sons, a corporation, Defendants. No. Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to: P. Stave, a widower; Mary Dechmann and Louis Dechmann, her husband; Dugald Campbell and James G. Campbell, as Executors of the Estate of A. J. McDonald, Deceased; Emil Burkhardt; H. L. Hanlon, doing business under the name and style of Northwestern News Bureau; and Henry Jennings & Sons, a corporation, Defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 28th day of August, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of said action is to obtain a judgment on account of a promissory note given by the defendant, P. Stave, to the Northwest Trust & Safe Deposit Company, and endorsed by said Northwest Trust & Savings Bank, formerly the Northwest Trust & Safe Deposit Company to the plaintiff, in the sum of \$2,000.00, with interest thereon from the 8th day of May, 1920, at the rate of 7% per annum, and the further sum of \$175.11 paid by plaintiff on account of general taxes and assessments, with interest thereon from August 10th, 1920, at the rate of 7% per annum, together with attorney's fees and costs, and to foreclose a real estate mortgage given by said P. Stave to said Northwest Trust & Safe Deposit Company (which said note and mortgage were sold and assigned by said Northwest Trust & Safe Deposit Company, now the Northwest Trust & Savings Bank, to the plaintiff), to secure the payment of said note, upon the following described real estate situated in King County, Washington, to-wit: Commencing at the northwest corner of Tract 11 of Ballard Acre Tracts, running thence east 80 feet; thence south 100 feet; thence west 80 feet; thence north 100 feet to the point of beginning, being a tract 90 by 100 feet.

JOHN F. REED,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
Office and Post Office Address: 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.

7th Oct 9

Attorney JNO. F. REED 960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County In Probate

In the Matter of the Estate of Otelia G. Rustad, Deceased. No. 27689 Notice to Creditors

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Administrator of the estate of Otelia G. Rustad, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Administrator or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication August 7, 1920.

H. R. RUSTAD
Administrator of said Estate.
Address 960 Empire Building,
JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate,
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
4th Aug. 28.

Attorney JACKSON SILBAUGH Lyon Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Frederick L. Waegle, Deceased. No. 27877. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as administrator of the estate of Frederick L. Waegle, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administrator or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, August 14th, 1920.

JACKSON SILBAUGH,

Administrator of said Estate.
Address, 625 Lyon Building, Seattle, Washington.
4th Sep 4

JNO. F. REED 960 Empire Bldg.
Attorney IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County In Probate No. 27803

In the Matter of the Estate of Margaret Crichton Taylor, Deceased. Notice to Creditors

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Executor of the estate of Margaret Crichton Taylor, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Executor or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication August 7, 1920.

GEORGE TAYLOR
Executor of said Estate.
Address 960 Empire Building,
JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate,
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
4th Aug. 28th.

DEPARTMENTS OF SERVICE

COMMERCIAL SAVINGS—4%

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BONDS and INVESTMENTS

NORTHWEST TRUST & SAVINGS BANK

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THE INSTANTANEOUS ALARM COMPANY

Members National Fire Protection Association
The Gamewell Auxiliary Fire Alarm Service. Central station system of night watch signals. Burglar alarms. Sprinkler Supervisory Service. Police calls. Fire despatch and notification service.
112 COLUMBIA STREET

EIMON L. WIENIR
Attorney 510-517 Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, for King County
A. E. Peterson, Plaintiff, vs. Harry
Cabot, Defendant No. 144233
Summons for Publication.

The State of Washington to the said
Harry Cabot, Defendant:
You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty days after the date of the
first publication of this summons, to-
wit: Within sixty days after the 31st
day of July, 1920, and defend the a-
bove entitled action in the above en-
titled court, and answer the complaint
of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of
your answer upon the undersigned at-
torney for plaintiff at his office below
stated; and in case of your failure so
to do, judgment will be rendered a-
gainst you according to the demand of
the complaint, which has been filed
with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled ac-
tion is to obtain judgment in the sum
of Thirty-five dollars and an order
foreclosing the lien on the personal
property contained in said place of
business.

2 For an attorney's fee in the sum
of \$50.00 for bringing this action.

3 For the appointment of a receiver
to take charge of the assets of said
business and to dispose of same in ac-
cordance with the orders of court.

EIMON L. WIENIR
Attorney for Plaintiff
P. O. Address 510-517 Central Bldg.
Seattle, King County, Washington.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, for King County
A. E. Peterson, Plaintiff, vs. Harry
Cabot, Defendant No. 144233
Notice

By order of said court made herein
on the 27th day of July, 1920, notice
is hereby given to the creditors and to
all persons having claims against
Harry Cabot to present the same with
the necessary vouchers within six
weeks from and after the date of the
first publication of this notice, to W.
S. Ghale as receiver of said Harry
Cabot at 510 Central Building, Seattle,
Washington, the place of the transac-
tion of the business of said receiver;
otherwise said claims will be barred.

Date of first publication July 31, 1920
W. S. GHALE
Receiver of Harry Cabot

Klein's Shoe Hospital

BEST BY TEST

613 2nd Ave.

Established 26 Years

FRED W. CATLETT
Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for the
County of King.
Esther E. Doucett, Plaintiff, vs. Fred
A. Doucett, Defendant. No. 143799.
Summons.

The State of Washington to the said
Fred A. Doucett, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty (60) days after the first
publication of this summons, to-wit:
within sixty (60) days after the 3rd
day of July, 1920, and defend the above
entitled action in the above entitled
court; and answer the complaint of the
plaintiff herein and serve a copy of
your answer upon the undersigned at-
torney for the plaintiff at his office be-
low stated; and, in case of your failure
so to do, judgment will be rendered
against you in accordance with the de-
mand of the complaint, which has been
filed with the Clerk of this court.

The object of the above entitled ac-
tion is to obtain a decree of divorce
dissolving the bonds of matrimony now
existing between plaintiff and yourself,
on the ground of non-support and in-
compatibility.

Date of first publication in the Seat-
tle Municipal News, Seattle, July 3rd,
1920.

FRED W. CATLETT,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
613 Hoge Building, Seattle, Wash.
7t aug 14

Main 4239

MEVES CAFETERIA

A. J. MEEVES,
Proprietor

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FRED W. CATLETT
Attorney Hoge Bldg
NOTICE SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL
Estate. Sheriff's Office.
State of Washington County of King, ss
By Virtue of an Order of Sale issued
out of the Honorable Superior Court of
King County, on the 19th day of June,
A. D. 1920, by the Clerk thereof in the
case of The Seattle Land & Improve-
ment Company, a corp., Plaintiff, versus
R. E. Russell and Mary S. Russell,
Vulcan Manufacturing Co., a corp.,
Brace & Hergert Mill Co., a corp., J.
F. McNamara and Jane Doe McNamara,
his wife, Defendants. No. 142938, and
to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered:
Notice is Hereby Given, That I will
proceed to sell at public auction to the
highest bidder for cash, within the
hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's
sales, to-wit: at Ten o'clock A. M., on

the 31st day of July, 1920, before the
Court House door of King County, Je-
ferson Street Entrance, in the State of
Washington, the following describe
property, situated in King County, Sta-
of Washington, to-wit:

Lot one (1), Block Thirty-six (36) of
D. T. Denny's Third Addition to North
Seattle, together with all and singular
the tenements, hereditaments and ap-
purtenances thereunto belonging, leve-
on as the property of said defendant
to satisfy a judgment of a foreclosure
of a mortgage amounting to Three
thousand nine hundred thirty seven
and 46-100 (\$3937.46) Dollars, interest
attorney's fee of \$250.00, and the cost
of suit, in favor of plaintiff.

Dated this 22nd day of June, 1920.

JOHN STRINGER, Sheriff
By A. HUTCHESON, Deputy

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PUGET SOUND POWER & LIGHT CO.

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Electric Building

Seattle, Washington

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houses and bridges.

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traffic. Think what that means in the con-
gested section!

Korrugo Wood Blocks, made of sturdy
western Douglas fir wear like iron and defy
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That makes them sanitary, too.

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on why so many cities are adopting this ideal
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Seattle

BONNEY - WATSON AMBULANCE CO.

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Messenger Service

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be safely entrusted to us for
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American District Telegraph Co.
112 Columbia

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COAL

818-821 White Bldg.
SEATTLE, WASH.

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BUT EAT

THE BEST

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. IX. NO. 37.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1920.

PRICE 10 CENTS

REPORT OF CANDIDATES INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE

AUDITOR, PROSECUTING ATTORNEY, SHERIFF AND COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

Municipal League of Seattle,
Seattle, Washington.

Gentlemen:

Your committee appointed to investigate qualifications of candidates for County offices at the Primary Election, Tuesday, September 14, 1920, submits the following report. The Committee has not attempted to measure qualifications between Republican Candidates and Democratic Candidates, but has compared the merits of the Republican with Republican and Democratic with Democratic candidates. To date, the report covers all of the offices upon which we were requested to report, except the candidates for the legislature.

Owing to the fact that the committee was not completed until the last week in August it has not been possible to interview all of the candidates in time to submit the full report to the League Meeting today. A supplemental report will be made upon the legislative candidates Saturday.

This report covers four offices and 19 candidates; the committee has not deemed it advisable to include the usual data in this report such as prior committees have stated concerning the life history of the various candidates. We have been forced to confine ourselves to the facts which we considered most material in order that the report should not become too lengthy.

SPLENDID PROGRAM

Candidates' Investigating Committee will submit its report to the League at the first meeting of the new term

**Tuesday Noon, September 14
At Meeves Cafeteria, Second and Seneca
Report on Candidates for the following County
officers—Auditor, Prosecuting Attorney, Sheriff,
County Commissioners.**

A Report of the Special Committee on the Port Commission Resolution abolishing the position of Executive Secretary, will be presented Tuesday noon, September 14, at Meeves Cafeteria.

Because Mr. Laurence S. Booth, of the committee is a member of the campaign committee for Malcolm Douglas, a candidate for Prosecuting Attorney, he has taken no part in the discussion or report upon any of the candidates for that office.

Mr. Riddell, a neighbor and warm personal friend of Mr. Ferguson, a candidate for County Auditor, has likewise refrained from any participation in that portion of the report which relates to the candidates for County Auditor. With these exceptions this is the unanimous report of the committee.

Investigation has disclosed that what we believe to be excessive sums of money being spent by candidates for several county offices. This has been particularly true of several candidates for Sheriff. This tendency is an unhealthy one in an office the salary of which is small and the patronage large. We believe that with possibly one exception, the candidates for Sheriff have been reasonably frank in disclosing to us the amount of their expenditures. In the main we believe that these candidates are not so much to be censured for this as is the present system.

The investigation has convinced your committee that a permanent League Committee should be appointed for the purpose of devising improvements upon our present primary law, which should tend to prevent certain outstanding evils. We refer to the scramble of the unfit for office; the attempt by various candidates to match dollars; and the undue power for evil, as well as for good, in the Public Press, which the primary law now affords.

Candidates for Sheriff

With the exception of Robert T. Hodge, a former Sheriff, all of the other candidates for this office have shown a deplorable lack of interest in the Sheriff's budget, for the ensuing year. While several candidates have made promises of improvement both in efficiency and economy, with this one exception, no other candidate has made any study of the Sheriff's budget, nor given any time to the detailed figures by which such economy might be effected.

Comparatively very little money is being spent by Mr. Hodge, Mr. Coon and Mr. Sevareyns. The campaigns of Mr. Warren, Mr. Starwich and Mr. Gordon, give evidence of the expenditure of much larger sums of money than the salary of the office would seem to justify. The committee as before stated, however, believes the present system to be

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

Published Weekly by the
MUNICIPAL LEAGUE OF SEATTLE
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	Malcolm Douglas, Stuart Building, Elliott 1903
Secretary.....	Eimon L. Wiener, 510 Central Bldg., Main 476
Treasurer.....	A. F. Bailey, 922 2nd Avenue, Elliott 732
Honorary Auditors.....	Smith, Robertson & Moorehouse

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Fred W. Catlett
Walter S. Johnson
L. D. Lewis
A. H. Albertson
Edward W. Allen

Terms Expire May 1922

Howard A. Adams
George S. Kahin
Robert F. Sandall
Jackson Silbaugh

James W. Reynolds, Ex-officio Trustee

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

largely at fault in this regard. We feel that Mr. Warren and Mr. Starwich have been reasonably frank with the committee in admitting the amounts of their expenditures, while Mr. Gordon has not admitted the expenditure of a sum which the character of his campaign affords evidence. We have found no evidence of the use of money for any purpose which could be considered improper.

While Mr. Hodge was Sheriff, his conduct of the office was only reasonably successful.

Mr. Warren was Chief of Police in Spokane for a number of terms, and more recently Chief of Police in Seattle, in which position he showed himself a good disciplinarian when delinquencies of his force came to light. Improper practices however, on the part of subordinates escaped the detection of Mr. Hodge and Mr. Warren while they were in office; practices which should have been discovered and stopped. Mr. Warren's steadiness in an emergency was demonstrated by his handling of the general strike situation two years ago.

Mr. Gordon has been a Justice of the Peace, Clerk of the Police Court, Clerk of the Justice Court and Special Investigator for the Prosecuting Attorney's office. The positions which Mr. Gordon has held have not required a display of executive ability.

Mr. Starwich evidently lacks executive ability. He has been a Deputy Sheriff for 18 years and so far as we can discover his superiors have never entrusted

him with an executive position. Mr. Starwich and Mr. Warren and Mr. Hodge have had opportunities of exhibiting qualities of personal bravery. These qualities are possessed to a high degree by all three men.

Mr. Coon has had several months' experience in the Marshal's office in Alaska, and has taught criminal law for one year. He has had considerable executive experience in various business enterprises.

Of the two democrats who are candidates for the office of sheriff, Mr. Severyns alone has appeared before the committee. He is a man thirty-two years of age; has had considerable experience in police work, having conducted criminal investigations in this state for private interests; has practiced law for a short time. His chief incentive for filing for the office is the fact that several of his friends urged him to do so.

Candidates for Prosecuting Attorney

The present incumbent, Fred C. Brown, is entitled to commendation for having surrounded himself with capable deputies. None of the other candidates has made any serious criticism of his staff. Mr. Brown has given no other evidence of the qualities of leadership. The office has not been as successful as the ability of the deputies indicates it should have been. Mr. Brown advises the committee that out of fifteen trials for homicide, his office has secured but seven convictions. The experience and training

which he has had as a lawyer have not enabled him either to lead or assist his deputies.

The Prosecuting Attorney's budget provides funds with which to employ special investigators to aid in the enforcement of the law. During the last two years' administration of Mr. Lundin, one special investigator was employed.

At the time of Mr. Brown's election, Chief Warren at his request detailed Detective Charles Phillips to operate for approximately a year out of the Prosecuting Attorney's office, this detective making no report whatever during that period to his superiors in the Police Department. In addition to the use of Mr. Phillips as special investigator, Frank C. Gordon, now candidate for Sheriff, and Mr. Sullivan, who still is a special investigator were for a portion of the time employed as such in the office. Both Mr. Gordon, former Chief Investigator, and Mr. Brown advised us that it has always been, and still is the policy of the office to make investigations of crime only after complaint having first been made to the office. They state that in no instance has an independent investigation been initiated by any investigator acting out of the Prosecuting Attorney's office during the incumbency of Mr. Brown. The committee parallels the facts that, as we are advised, the former administration with one investigator employed the investigator nine tenths of his time in making independent investigations of crime, whereas the present administration with two and sometimes three investigators has not seen fit to initiate any. The committee knows of no better form of protection to law violators than the failure to attempt to investigate infractions of the law.

Malcolm Douglas was admitted to practice in 1914, and his experience has been relatively limited. He has, however, good legal ability. He has acquitted himself well in difficult executive positions, is a young man of force, initiative and independent judgment.

Charles Crouch has adopted as his platform the prevention of divorce by advising with parties, the dissemination of knowledge of our laws among the masses, and the elimination of unfounded

charges of crime against innocent persons.

There are two candidates for the Democratic nomination. Dr. E. J. Brown, is a Dentist and Lawyer, and was formerly a member of the Socialist party and still believes in its principles. He has executive and business ability well to qualify him in these particulars. It is difficult for him to work with associates. His judgment of men is good.

Mr. Cauthorn has had some experience in the enforcement of the liquor laws. Believes he can improve prosecutions by taking a written statement of witnesses and by educating all peace officers to cooperate in detection of crime.

County Commissioner - Third
Commissioner District

The four Republican candidates for County Commissioner are Tom Dobson, present incumbent, T. N. Rhodes, State Horticulture Inspector, W. W. Beck, retired, and M. J. Carrigan, former County Commissioner from the City district.

Mr. T. N. Rhodes believes he can increase the efficiency of the work on the County roads by personal investigation of the amount of work being done, but has no other definite ideas of economies he could effect. He feels that his Horticultural work would be of benefit to the County; that by getting people out on the land and caring for the roads to keep them there, he could be of service to the community.

Mr. W. W. Beck, has lived in Seattle for thirty-four years. Is an extensive property owner. He believes in the elimination of competition between the West Seattle Ferry and the Municipal Railway, and in making the County ferries self-supporting. Would improve and keep up the feeders to our trunk highways. Mr. Beck has taken a prominent part in public affairs, but has never before been a candidate for public office. His integrity is unquestioned. He is a man of ability, but is not accustomed and probably not qualified to work with associates.

Mr. M. J. Carrigan, former County Commissioner, has a thorough knowledge of County affairs and definite ideas on the needs of the County. He favors holding all County offices strictly to the budget as provided by

law. He states that the county commissioners under the law have full control of expenditures of all county funds, except those appropriated for the judiciary, and believes the county commissioners should be held responsible for all waste in the expenditures of county funds by various departments. If elected he will vote for such rates as to make all county ferries self sustaining. He favors the abolition of the Des Moines-Portage ferry. Mr. Carrigan is adroit and able. His business judgment is good. He is capable of protecting the public interests.

Mr. Dobson has served one term as a county commissioner of this county. As such he has lacked initiative and independent judgment. He states that he believes the county ferries should be self-sustaining, but will not commit himself either to a raise in rates or to elimination of service for that purpose. He believes in reducing taxation, but his only suggestion is retrenchment by refusing to initiate new improvements. He believes all improvements which have been entered upon should be completed. Mr. Dobson has been well regarded in Renton where he has lived for many years as a successful business man.

County Auditor

All of the three candidates for County Auditor on the Republican ticket have been employees of county offices for years.

Mr. O. M. Spear has been in the County Auditor's office of King County for twelve years, serving as Index Clerk, Chief Clerk and Chief Deputy. He is energetic, competent and well qualified for the position, and believes he can cut the expense of running the office from \$8,000 to \$12,000 a year.

Mr. D. E. Ferguson has been in the County Auditor's office of this county for four and one-half years, and in the County Treasurer's office for six years. He believes he can save \$10,000 a year in the operation of the office by eliminating employees.

Mr. A. Lincoln Smith is now Assistant Superintendent of the Purchasing Department. He believes a much more efficient system of accounts could be established in the Auditor's office. He has not made a sufficient study

of the operation of the office to promise any material reduction in the expense of running it.

Various rumors have reached the committee and various charges have been made of which the committee deem it proper to advise the League. Charges of improper solicitation of campaign funds, charges concerning the purchase of the aviation field and the establishment of Drainage District No. 10 at Duval have been made to the committee. No time or opportunity to investigate these charges has been afforded. It will also be noted that we have not at this time compared the Republican candidates with the Democratic candidates.

We recommend the immediate appointment of a new League Committee to function between the primaries and the general election for the purpose of completing investigations by this committee and of making such further report as subsequent conditions may warrant.

Very respectfully submitted,
CLAUDE H. ECKHART
ALVIN BOUSFIELD,
HORACE BARNES,
B. A. LEWIS,
WALTER NOSSAMAN,
L. S. BOOTH,
C. F. RIDDELL,
 Chairman.

JOHN F. REED
 Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Rebecca Helms, Deceased. No.
 Notice to Creditors
 Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Executor of the estate of Rebecca Helms, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Executor or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
 Date of first publication Sept. 11, 1920.
JOHN F. REED,
 Executor of said Estate.
 Address 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate,
 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
 4t Oct 2

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In the matter of the estate of Calvin Stowell, Deceased. No. 23780
 Notice of Sale of Real Estate.
 Please take notice that on and after the 19th day of September, 1920 the undersigned will sell at private sale, Lot six and the North twenty feet of Lot five, Block nine, Pettits University Addition to the City of Seattle, with the improvements situated thereon. Bids for the same must be in writing and submitted to the undersigned at 1117 L. C. Smith Bldg., Seattle, Washington.
EDWARD O. Sisson
NELLIE MAY Sisson
 Executor and executrix of the Estate of Calvin Stowell, Deceased.
 First publication Sept. 4, 1920.
 2t Sept. 11.

EDGAR J. WRIGHT
 Lawyer 1117 L. C. Smith Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In the Matter of the Estate of L. A. Rynning, Deceased. Notice of Hearing Final Account and Petition for Distribution. No. 26907.
 To Whom it may concern, Please take Notice that 1:30 P. M. of October 11, 1920, at the courtroom of the Presiding Judge of the above entitled court has been fixed as the time and place for hearing the final account and petition for distribution filed by the undersigned administratrix in which the court is asked to settle such report, distribute the property of the estate to the persons or heirs entitled thereto and discharge the administratrix.
MARY A. RYNNING,
 Administratrix.
 First pub Sept. 11, 1920. 3t Sep 25

JOHN F. REED
 Attorney Empire Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and for the County of King.
 Marion Gray, Plaintiff, vs. P. Stave, a widower, Mary Dechmann and Louis Dechmann, her husband; Dugald Campbell and James G. Campbell, as Executors of the Estate of A. J. McDonald, Deceased; Emil Burkhardt; H. L. Hanlon, doing business under the name and style of Northwestern News Bureau, and Henry Jennings & Sons, a corporation, Defendants. No.
 Summons by Publication.
 The State of Washington to: P. Stave, a widower; Mary Dechmann and Louis Dechmann, her husband; Dugald Campbell and James G. Campbell, as Executors of the Estate of A. J. McDonald, Deceased; Emil Burkhardt; H. L. Hanlon, doing business under the name and style of Northwestern News Bureau; and Henry Jennings & Sons, a corporation, Defendants:
 You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 28th day of August, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of said action is to obtain a judgment on account of a promissory note given by the defendant, P. Stave, to the Northwest Trust & Safe Deposit Company, and endorsed by said Northwest Trust & Savings Bank, formerly the Northwest Trust & Safe Deposit Company to the plaintiff, in the sum of \$2,000.00, with interest thereon from the 8th day of May, 1920, at the rate of 7% per annum, and the further sum of \$175.11 paid by plaintiff on account of general taxes and assessments, with interest thereon from August 10th, 1920, at the rate of 7% per annum, together with attorney's fees and costs, and to foreclose a real estate mortgage given by said P. Stave to said Northwest Trust & Safe Deposit Company (which said note and mortgage were sold and assigned by said Northwest Trust & Safe Deposit Company, now the Northwest Trust & Savings Bank, to the plaintiff), to secure the payment of said note, upon the following described real estate situated in King County, Washington, to-wit: Com-

mencing at the northwest corner of Tract 11 of Ballard Acre Tracts, running thence east 80 feet; thence south 100 feet; thence west 80 feet; thence north 100 feet to the point of beginning, being a tract 80 by 100 feet.

JOHN F. REED,
 Attorney for Plaintiff,
 Office and Post Office Address: 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
 7t Oct 9

JACKSON SILBAUGH
 Attorney Lyon Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Frederick L. Waegle, Deceased.
 No. 27877. Notice to Creditors.
 Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as administrator of the estate of Frederick L. Waegle, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administrator or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
 Date of first publication, August 14th, 1920.
JACKSON SILBAUGH,

DEPARTMENTS OF SERVICE

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TRUSTS and
ESCROWS
BONDS and
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 112 COLUMBIA STREET

EIMON L. WIENIE
Attorney 510-517 Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, for King County
 A. E. Peterson, Plaintiff, vs. Harry
 Cabot, Defendant. No. 144233
 Summons for Publication.
 The State of Washington to the said
 Harry Cabot, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear
 within sixty days after the date of the
 first publication of this summons, to-
 wit: Within sixty days after the 31st
 day of July, 1920, and defend the a-
 bove entitled action in the above en-
 titled court, and answer the complaint
 of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of
 your answer upon the undersigned at-
 torney for plaintiff at his office below
 stated; and in case of your failure so
 to do, judgment will be rendered a-
 gainst you according to the demand of
 the complaint, which has been filed
 with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled ac-
 tion is to obtain judgment in the sum
 of Thirty-five dollars and an order
 foreclosing the lien on the personal
 property contained in said place of
 business.

2 For an attorney's fee in the sum
 of \$50.00 for bringing this action.

3 For the appointment of a receiver
 to take charge of the assets of said
 business and to dispose of same in ac-
 cordance with the orders of court.

EIMON L. WIENIE
 Attorney for Plaintiff
 P. O. Address 510-517 Central Bldg.
 Seattle, King County, Washington.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, for King County
 A. E. Peterson, Plaintiff, vs. Harry
 Cabot, Defendant. No. 144233
 Notice

By order of said court made herein
 on the 27th day of July, 1920, notice
 is hereby given to the creditors and to
 all persons having claims against
 Harry Cabot to present the same with
 the necessary vouchers within six
 weeks from and after the date of the
 first publication of this notice, to W.
 S. Ghale as receiver of said Harry
 Cabot at 510 Central Building, Seattle,
 Washington, the place of the transac-
 tion of the business of said receiver;
 otherwise said claims will be barred.

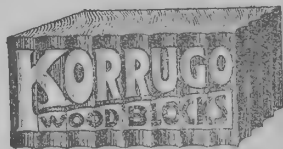
Date of first publication July 31, 1920
 W. S. GHALE
 Receiver of Harry Cabot

Klein's Shoe Hospital

BEST BY TEST

613 2nd Ave.

Established 26 Years



SHOCK ABSORBERS

That's the big idea for the remorseless
 pounding of traffic on city streets, dock ware-
 houses and bridges.

Korrugo Wood Blocks silence the heaviest
 trafuc. Think what that means in the con-
 gested section!

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 western Douglas fir wear like iron and defy
 decay because they're treated with Creosote.
 That makes them sanitary, too.

Let us send you some interesting literature
 on why so many cities are adopting this ideal
 pavement.

PACIFIC CREOSOTING CO.,

Northern Life Building

Seattle

FRED W. CATLETT
Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington in and for the
 County of King.
 Esther E. Doucett, Plaintiff, vs. Fred
 A. Doucett, Defendant. No. 143799.
 Summons.

The State of Washington to the said
 Fred A. Doucett, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear
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 within sixty (60) days after the 3rd
 day of July, 1920, and defend the above
 entitled action in the above entitled
 court; and answer the complaint of the
 plaintiff herein and serve a copy of
 your answer upon the undersigned at-
 torney for the plaintiff at his office be-
 low stated; and, in case of your failure
 so to do, judgment will be rendered
 against you in accordance with the de-
 mand of the complaint, which has been
 filed with the Clerk of this court.

The object of the above entitled ac-
 tion is to obtain a decree of divorce
 dissolving the bonds of matrimony now
 existing between plaintiff and yourself,
 on the ground of non-support and in-
 compatibility.

Date of first publication in the Seat-
 tle Municipal News, Seattle, July 3rd,
 1920.

FRED W. CATLETT,
 Attorney for Plaintiff.
 613 Hoge Building, Seattle, Wash.
 7t aug 14

Main 4239

MEVES CAFETERIA

A. J. MEEVES,
 Proprietor

THE PLACE OF
 SATISFACTORY
 DINING

Delicious Food

WITH EVERYBODY TRYING
 TO PLEASE YOU
 Perfectly Cooked
 PRICES RIGHT
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FRED W. CATLETT
Attorney Hoge Bldg
NOTICE SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL
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By Virtue of an Order of Sale issued
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 ment Company, a corp., Plaintiff, versus
 R. E. Russell and Mary S. Russell,
 Vulcan Manufacturing Co., a corp.,
 Brace & Hergert Mill Co., a corp., J.
 F. McNamara and Jane Doe McNamara,
 his wife, Defendants. No. 142938, and
 to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered:

Notice is Hereby Given, That I will
 proceed to sell at public auction to the
 highest bidder for cash, within the
 hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's
 sales, to-wit: at Ten o'clock A. M., on

the 31st day of July, 1920, before the
 Court House door of King County, Jef-
 ferson Street Entrance, in the State of
 Washington, the following described
 property, situated in King County, State
 of Washington, to-wit:

Lot one (1), Block Thirty six (36) of
 D. T. Denny's Third Addition to North
 Seattle, together with all and singular
 the tenements, hereditaments and ap-
 purtenances thereunto belonging, levied
 on as the property of said defendants
 to satisfy a judgment of a foreclosure
 of a mortgage amounting to Three
 thousand nine hundred thirty seven
 and 46-100 (\$3937.46) Dollars, interest
 attorney's fee of \$250.00, and the cost
 of suit, in favor of plaintiff.

Dated this 22nd day of June, 1920.

JOHN STRINGER, Sheriff
 By A. HUTCHESON, Deputy.

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BARTON & CO.

Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. IX. NO. 38.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1920.

PRICE 10 CENTS

ELECTION COMMITTEE REPORTS

Note: Only candidates successful in the primaries are included in this printed report. Owing to the fact that there was no contest for the Democratic nominations in several legislative districts affecting the city, the committee made no report on such candidates.

The Municipal League, Seattle, Washington. Gentlemen:

Your Committee appointed to investigate and report upon the qualifications of the various candidates for county offices and for the legislature, to be voted upon at the primary election to be held September 14th, 1920, submits the following supplemented report covering legislative candidates only:

Representatives 41st District Republican

Paul W. Houser, of Renton, Washington: Has represented the 41st district in the 1913 and 1917 legislatures. Was an aggressive champion of the legislation he favored. Believes he can render valuable services in combating attempts to socialize the state.

H. P. Rude: Has been a resident of the city many years. Was formerly a member of the City Council of Seattle, since which time he has apparently taken little interest in public affairs.

C. Will Shaffer, Tolt, Washington: Has been for nineteen years state law librarian at Olympia, and during that time has been non-partisan adviser in drafting laws for successive legislatures. Resigned 1919 and is now engaged in the shingle industry. Favors a 'blue-sky' law and the consolidation of City and County governments. Well qualified, by

(Continued on page 2)

THE LEAGUE WILL MEET

Tuesday Noon, September 21st

AT MEVES CAFETERIA—SECOND AND SENECA

Candidates for County Commissioner, 1st Dist.
Claud C. Ramsay, Joseph A. Sloan and C. S. Tripp, will speak.

An Open Letter to Chairmen of Committees

Seattle, September 17, 1920.

Dear Sir:—

I am writing to the chairman of the League Committees for the purpose of enlisting their active and hearty co-operation during the year ahead of us. I need not refer to the great good that has been accomplished by the League in the past as you are all familiar with its splendid record. If there ever was a time in the history of this city when there was need of an organization such as ours that time is the present. The League must necessarily function through committees. Problems are constantly calling for solution. In order that the solution shall advance the public interest, it is essential that each problem as it arises be thoroughly investigated by patriotic, loyal, and disinterested citizens.

While the Municipal League does not claim a monopoly of these attributes, yet we do contend that there is no other organization in the city so well equipped to represent all classes. Our objects are not only praiseworthy, but our aims and practices square with these objects. Succinctly stated, these objects are to serve the cause of good government and to present the facts to the people. Our success depends upon having all classes of citizens members of the League so that we may receive their divergent viewpoints and be able to arrive at more intelligent conclusions upon matters presented to us.

It is my fervent wish that you and the other committee chairmen enter upon the new year's work with your accustomed vigor and industry and see to it that all matters referred to your committee are promptly and thoroughly investigated, so that we may have reports from time to time at our regular meetings. This in my opinion, constitutes the real work of the League. We may have gifted speakers and entertaining tourists on our programs but if we are to reap any real benefit, and if the people of this city, particularly the tax-burdened homeowners, are to be benefited by our efforts, we must devote some time and energy to investigation, to ascertaining the facts and then fearlessly reporting the result.

Respectfully yours,

JTL:AM.

JAMES T. LAWLER.

FRANCE COMMITTEE REPORTS

REPORT OF SPECIAL COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO INVESTIGATE THE REMOVAL OF C. J. FRANCE AS EXECUTIVE SECRETARY OF THE PORT OF SEATTLE

To the Municipal League of Seattle:

Your Committee, appointed for the purpose of investigating the proposed removal of C. J. France as Executive Secretary of the Port of Seattle, reports as follows:

Mr. France advises the Committee that two of the members of the Port Commission, Messrs. Lippy and Lincoln, having publicly announced their intention to oust him from office, he realizes that, regardless of the justice of the case, and regardless of what action may hereafter be taken, his usefulness to the Port District has ended. He further informs the Committee that his name will be before the Farmer Labor Party Convention on September 14th, as a candidate for the office of United States Senator, and if nominated he would expect, in any event, to sever connections with the Port District in order to devote his entire time to his candidacy. He states that he has refused to resign upon request as a protest against the alleged injustice of being ousted on account of political views, and as a further protest against the proposed discontinuance of the office, the duties of which he regards as of extreme importance to the further development of the Port.

After a full and frank discussion with Mr. France and each of the Port Commissioners, your Committee has reached the fol-

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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Terms Expire May 1922

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George S. Kahin
Robert F. Sandall
Jackson Silbaugh

James W. Reynolds, Ex-officio Trustee

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

lowing conclusions:

First: Mr. France's services to the Port District, from the time of its organization until the present, have been of inestimable value. It is a distinct loss to the compel a severance of the relationship that circumstances

Second: We do not regard it within the province of this Committee to pass judgment upon the political views of Mr. France. The Committee denies its own authority or that of any other body, public or private, to censor the political opinions of one whose qualifications to hold a non-political office are under investigation. If the removal of Mr. France were solely on account of political views, this Committee would unhesitatingly recommend that the Municipal League disapprove such action in strong terms..

Third: We do not believe, however, that the Port Commission is to be censured for the removal of Mr. France. We are satisfied that Commissioners Lippy and Lincoln are actuated by no personal ill will toward him, and that the abolition of his office is not due merely to the fact that he holds certain political beliefs, but rather to the effect which Commissioners Lippy and Lincoln believe Mr. France's political activities have had upon the relations between the Port District and those upon whose business patronage it must rely. The Port of Seattle is a business institution. However desirable freedom of opinion is, the Port Commission is not priarily con-

cerned in enforcing that or any other abstract right. The practical problem before the Commission is to establish good will with those who are being urged to make use of the Port's facilities. If, for any reason, an executive officer of the Port becomes personally objectionable to the customers of the Port District, regardless of whether the prejudice existing against him is well founded or not, we believe it is the right of the Commission to remove him. If his duties can be performed by other members of the present Port Commission's staff, the office should be abolished. Commissioners Lippy and Lincoln advise us that they have determined to abolish the office, and do not intend to reinstate it.

Fourth: Your Committee regrets to state that much of the protest against Mr. France's connections with the Port has come from purely political sources. A political organization of the City was among the most active protestants, and although we know of no formal action taken by that body, a number of protests by various individuals contained a recommendation that one of the organization's members be appointed in Mr. France's place. So far as these protests were assumed to be based upon patriotic grounds, we question that patriotism which expresses itself in a willingness to employ the public service for political ends.

Your Committee must express regret that the present illiberal attitude manifested toward all holding political views not shared by the majority should have had

any part in bringing about the loss to the Port District of an able and efficient public servant.

Respectfully submitted,
WALTER . MOSSAMAN
S. M. BRACKETT
ALBERT DAUB

SHERMAN ROGERS ADDRESSES MEETING

A discussion of the shop representation plan for industrial harmony featured the open meeting held at the Plymouth church recently under the joint auspices of the Industrial Relations Committee of the Municipal League and the Labor Relations Committee of the Chamber of Commerce. The meeting was presided over by James A. Haight, of the Municipal League, and the speakers were Sherman Rogers industrial editor of the Outlook and former Washington lumberjack, and Clyde B. Simmons, who explained how shop representation worked on the ships and docks of the Admiral Line.

Following the speeches there was an open discussion from the floor, the majority of the questions being asked by men who came to the meeting from the Central Labor Council.

Mr. Simmons said the Pacific Steamship Company had had its share of labor troubles and that when it decided to take up shop representation it secured the service of J. C. Lindsey, industrial expert of the Bloedel-Donovan Lumber Mills. In describing the system of shop representation followed by the Admiral Line, Mr. Simmons said:

"The basis of our work is the dock committee constitution, which was written by Mr. Lindsey after many conferences with the men and the management. The basis of this constitution is the report of the President's Second Industrial Conference. Its purpose is to promote unity of interests and organized co-operation between employer and employee.

"The dock employees are divided into five groups: each group meets privately and from their number elect representatives by secret ballot, these representatives composing the dock committee. This meets once a week. They elect a President and Secretary, who with the committee consider all questions re-

garding wages, working conditions and rules, hours, suggestions for improvement in working conditions, grievances, sanitation, health, safety, and such other subjects of mutual interest to the employees and the company.

"The Dock council is composed of representatives of the company appointed by the management from the staff and all of the elected members which comprise the dock committee. This council meets once a month. The chairman and secretary are elected from members of the council. Minutes are kept of each meeting, and copies are made which are distributed among the men, thus familiarizing each workman with the subjects considered by the Council and Committee. Constructive suggestions and criticisms as to betterment of methods, for the benefit of employees and employers are invited."

In introducing Sherman Rogers, Chairman Haight said, Rogers is an able apostle spreading the gospel of shop representation.

Mr. Rogers said that in the woods strike of 1917 he was one of the men who went out for an 8-hour day and that while there he got the idea that the trouble between employer and employee was due to lack of contact and understanding and that he decided to go east and tell employers that the man to blame for the present unrest is the employer, and that both appreciated the situation the other was in.

"There are 178 different kinds of shop representation" he said. Not all kinds will work in the same plant. No one proposition will work in every man's plant, but if you have the idea, if you believe in the men and show your confidence in them, I will guarantee you that you will not have any trouble in showing him that you have confidence in them. But you cannot fool the working man; you can't spread on a lot of camouflage. Your confidence must be absolute sincere, for there is not a person on earth that can catch the ring of sincerity as quickly as the working man."

COMMITTEE REPORT

(Continued from page 1).
experience, for the office.

Democratic

Harrison, W. Mason: Has

been a resident of the city for twenty years and is the editor of the Rainier Valley Times. He is active in civic and community affairs and keenly interested in public questions. Is of progressive tendencies and well qualified for the office.

Representatives, 42nd District Republican

Thomas F. Murphine: Is a lawyer and has been a resident of the city for twenty-seven years. He served in the Legislature in 1913 and 1915, was assistant attorney-general in 1917 and superintendent of Public Utilities of Seattle in 1918-19. In the latter capacity he had charge of the Municipal Railway for one year. He states that he is the author of the Washington Logged-off Land Law and was the floor leader in the passage of the Mothers' Pension and Minimum Wage Laws. He is an advocate of municipal ownership, favors the short ballot and a reform of the election laws as to simplify the primaries and avoid minority rule. He is opposed to the practice of reorganizing the House before the Legislature convenes through obtaining pledges for Speaker; opposed to any further Legislative restrictions on free speech or free press. States that his present program is largely negative, and to prevent radical legislation.

George T. Ericksen: Is a native of Bothell and is thirty years of age. He owns considerable property and has apparently been successful in business. He is in favor of the Carlyon bill; has no definite program, except that he believes various state departments might be consolidated in the interests of economy. Though possibly deficient at the present time in age and experience, he is the type of man who might, with advantage to the public service, be induced to enter it.

Representatives 43rd District Republican

Pliny L. Allen: Was a member of the State Senate from 1907 to 1913 and a member of the House in 1919. Mr. Allen's record in the legislature has been satisfactory, his ability is recognized, and his state-wide acquaintanceship would be useful to him as a legislator.

Ralph R. Knapp: Is employed in the Scandinavian American Bank; was formerly principal of

schools and newspaper man. Is a graduate of the University of Washington. Was a member of the 1917 legislature. Committee knows of no reason why Mr. Knapp should not be re-nominated.

Representative, 44th District Republican

Frank H. Manogue: Lives at Seward Hotel. Was formerly secretary of Councilman Sawyer. Has been a member of the last two legislatures. Has shown no independence nor initiative.

A. Cheshire Mitchell: Manager of the Butler Hotel, which position he has held for a number of years. Is not known to have had any legislative experience.

George F. Meacham: Is a real estate broker and has been identified with Seattle business for over thirty years, and prominent in public affairs. He should make a good legislator.

Representatives, 45th District Republican

Cornelius E. Hughes: Is a young lawyer who left a growing practice to enter the army. He favors city county consolidation; is interested in educational matters, desiring a committeeship along these lines. He is clean and progressive and would make a good legislator.

Robert Grass: A lawyer. Resident of the city for fifteen years. Has been a member of the last four legislatures, where he generally voted with the Republican organization.

Representative, 46th District Republican

Adam Beeler: Lawyer. Has been actively in practice in Seattle for thirteen years, but has never held public office. He favors city and county amalgamation and more stringent laws regulating the traffic in narcotics.

Adolph Behrens: Real estate broker. Has lived in the city twenty-seven years; is a man of considerable property. Favors re-districting the state to properly apportion representatives. Has appeared before several previous legislatures in behalf of the Duwamish waterway, and the Port of Seattle legislation. Favors consolidation of State Commissions and investigation of the road lobby. Mr. Behrens has never before been a candidate for office but has always been active in public affairs.

Representative 47th District Republican

E. H. Guie: Lawyer. Has served five terms in the legislature, having been Speaker of the House in 1899. In the last session he led the fight in the House against the effort to locate a road through the Cedar River water shed. His record as an intelligent and constructive legislator entitles him to favorable consideration.

Robert A. Tripple: Real estate and insurance broker. Was formerly a merchant. Has had no legislative experience but his varied experience in other lines qualifies him for the office.

Very respectfully submitted,
HORACE BARNES

B. A. LEWIS

L. S. BOOTH

CLAUDE H. ECKHART

ALVIN BOUSFIELD

WALTER NOSSAMAN

C. F. RIDDELL

EDGAR J. WRIGHT
Lawyer 1117 L. C. Smith Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In the Matter of the Estate of L. A. Rynning, Deceased. Notice of Hearing Final Account and Petition for Distribution. No. 26907.
To Whom it may concern, Please take Notice that 1:30 P. M. of October 11, 1920, at the courtroom of the Presiding Judge of the above entitled court has been fixed as the time and place for hearing the final account and petition for distribution filed by the undersigned administratrix in which the court is asked to settle such report, distribute the property of the estate to the persons or heirs entitled thereto and discharge the administratrix.

MARY A. RYNNING,
Administratrix.
First pub Sept. 11, 1920. 3t Sep 25

JACKSON SILBAUGH
Attorney Lyon Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Frederick L. Waegle, Deceased. No. 27877. Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as administrator of the estate of Frederick L. Waegle, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administrator or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court,

together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, August 14th, 1920.

JACKSON SILBAUGH,

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Rebecca Helms, Deceased. No. 27965.

Notice to Creditors

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Executor of the estate of Rebecca Helms, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Executor or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication Sept. 11, 1920.
JOHN F. REED,
Executor of said Estate.
Address 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.

JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate,
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
4t Oct 2

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JOHN F. REED
Attorney Empire Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, in and for the
 County of King.

Marion Gray, Plaintiff, vs. P. Stave, a
 widower, Mary Dechmann and Louis
 Dechmann, her husband; Dugald
 Campbell and James G. Campbell, as
 Executors of the Estate of A. J. Mc-
 Donald, Deceased; Emil Burkhardt;
 H. L. Hanlon, doing business under the
 name and style of Northwestern News
 Bureau, and Henry Jennings & Sons, a
 corporation, Defendants. No.
 Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to: P. Stave,
 a widower; Mary Dechmann and Louis
 Dechmann, her husband; Dugald
 Campbell and James G. Campbell, as
 Executors of the Estate of A. J. Mc-
 Donald, Deceased; Emil Burkhardt;
 H. L. Hanlon, doing business under
 the name and style of Northwestern
 News Bureau; and Henry Jennings &
 Sons, a corporation, Defendants:
 You and each of you are hereby sum-
 moned to appear within sixty (60)
 days after the date of the first publi-
 cation of this summons, to-wit: within
 sixty (60) days after the 28th day of
 August, 1920, and defend the above en-
 titled action in the above entitled court,
 and answer the complaint of the plain-
 tiff, and serve a copy of your answer
 upon the undersigned attorney for plain-
 tiff at his office below stated; and in
 case of your failure so to do, judgment
 will be rendered against you according
 to the demand of the complaint, which
 has been filed with the clerk of said
 court.

The object of said action is to ob-
 tain a judgment on account of a prom-
 issory note given by the defendant, P.
 Stave, to the Northwest Trust & Safe
 Deposit Company, and endorsed by said
 Northwest Trust & Savings Bank, for-
 merly the Northwest Trust & Safe De-
 posit Company to the plaintiff, in the
 sum of \$2,000.00, with interest thereon
 from the 8th day of May, 1920, at the
 rate of 7% per annum, and the further
 sum of \$175.11 paid by plaintiff on ac-
 count of general taxes and assessments,
 with interest thereon from August 10th,
 1920, at the rate of 7% per annum, to-
 gether with attorney's fees and costs,
 and to foreclose a real estate mort-
 gage given by said P. Stave to said
 Northwest Trust & Safe Deposit Com-
 pany (which said note and mortgage
 were sold and assigned by said North-

west Trust & Safe Deposit Company,
 now the Northwest Trust & Savings
 Bank, to the plaintiff), to secure the
 payment of said note, upon the follow-
 ing described real estate situated in
 King County, Washington, to-wit: Com-
 mencing at the northwest corner of
 Tract 11 of Ballard Acre Tracts, run-
 ning thence east 80 feet; thence south
 100 feet; thence west 80 feet; thence
 north 100 feet to the point of begin-
 ning, being a tract 80 by 100 feet.

JOHN F. REED,
 Attorney for Plaintiff,
 Office and Post Office Address: 960 Em-
 pire Building, Seattle, Wash.
 7t Oct 9

EDMON L. WIENIR
Attorney 510-517 Central Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, for King County
 A. E. Peterson, Plaintiff, vs. Harry
 Cabot, Defendant. No. 144233
 Summons for Publication.

The State of Washington to the said
 Harry Cabot, Defendant:
 You are hereby summoned to appear
 within sixty days after the date of the
 first publication of this summons, to-
 wit: Within sixty days after the 31st
 day of July, 1920, and defend the a-
 bove entitled action in the above en-
 titled court, and answer the complaint
 of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of
 your answer upon the undersigned at-

torney for plaintiff at his office below
 stated; and in case of your failure so
 to do, judgment will be rendered a-
 gainst you according to the demand of
 the complaint, which has been filed
 with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled ac-
 tion is to obtain judgment in the sum
 of Thirty-five dollars and an order
 foreclosing the lien on the personal
 property contained in said place of
 business.

2 For an attorney's fee in the sum
 of \$50.00 for bringing this action.
 3 For the appointment of a receiver
 to take charge of the assets of said
 business and to dispose of same in ac-
 cordance with the orders of court.

EDMON L. WIENIR
 Attorney for Plaintiff
 P. O. Address 510-517 Central Bldg.
 Seattle, King County, Washington.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF TI

State of Washington, for King Coun
 A. E. Peterson, Plaintiff, vs. Har
 Cabot, Defendant. No. 1442
 Notice

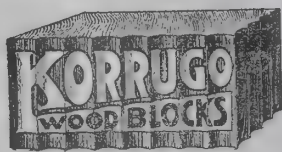
By order of said court made here
 on the 27th day of July, 1920, not
 is hereby given to the creditors and
 all persons having claims again
 Harry Cabot to present the same wi
 the necessary vouchers within
 weeks from and after the date of t
 first publication of this notice, to
 S. Ghale as receiver of said Har
 Cabot at 510 Central Building, Seat
 Washington, the place of the trans-
 tion of the business of said receiv
 otherwise said claims will be barred
 Date of first publication July 31, 19
 W. S. GHALE
 Receiver of Harry Cabot

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HAM—BACON—LARD
CIRCLE "W" LAMB
BARTON & CO.

Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. IX. NO. 39.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1920.

PRICE 10 CENTS

RAMSAY AND SLOAN ADDRESS LEAGUE

Claude C. Ramsay, chairman of the Board of County Commissioners and Republican nominee for the office and Joseph A. Sloan, Democratic nominee addressed the League Tuesday noon.

Mr. Ramsay said in part:

The utter indifference of business men to their duties in politics is one of the distressing evils that confronts this government.

So intense has the struggle for commercial supremacy become, so ardent the desire for wealth, so keen the competition in the great battle of life to succeed, that our business men have lost sight of the fact that they owe a part of their time, thought and energy to fulfilling the sacred political obligations that every citizen should and must exercise, if we are to have continued blessings of liberty and the right to enjoy the fruits of our own labor.

You business men may feel that a stroke of economy is made when you permit your great corporation of over six hundred and twenty-four millions in King County to be managed by a Board of Directors composed of three men, and where the salary of the Chairman of the Board is not as much as Schwabacher pays his head packer, and not as great as many large buildings pay their head janitor.

I met an old friend a few weeks ago and he remarked, "Ramsay, I voted for you and expected you to wipe out high taxes."

When I finished explaining to him that the City of Seattle is a taxing body; that the Port of Seattle is a taxing body; that the Seattle School Board is a taxing body; that there were also school districts, park boards, and state

THE LEAGUE WILL MEET

Tuesday Noon, September 28th

AT MEVES CAFETERIA—SECOND AND SENECA

Program to be announced in the Press

boards who were taxing boards, it dawned upon him that the county commissioners were not entirely responsible for all the high taxes.

As a matter of fact with eighty mills staring us in the face, the County of King, with its thousands of miles of roads and territory as big as the State of Massachusetts, required, during the war, a little over sixteen mills to run the county government. We hope to cut that down next year to fifteen mills. So you can readily see that as for the other sixty-five mills we have no say whatever.

If your whole county government were wiped out entirely, you still would have high taxes.

Since I have been on the board, the County Commissioners have not submitted a single bond issue. We inherited our indebtedness. We inherited our ferry system from the Port Commissioners; and also inherited the County Farm.

The people, themselves, voted most of the indebtedness.

The strongest pressure was brought to have the commissioners buy a site and erect a new jail. But, instead, we spent a few thousand dollars remodelling the old court house and today so far as air, sunshine, view and sanitary conditions are concerned, have one of the best jails in the United States and have saved the taxpayers three or four hun-

dred thousand dollars. Before I came on the board a contract was made between Pierce and King Counties to control the "flood waters" of the White, Stuck and Puyallup Rivers and over one million five hundred thousand dollars have been spent on this work. King County paid sixty per cent of all expenses. More work remains to be done, but we have refused to enter into a new contract until the legislature passes laws so King County cannot be sued for protecting property. I have insisted also that Pierce County pay at least one-half the cost.

Before I became commissioner King County had gone across Snohomish County and spent about five hundred thousand dollars trying to put a road paralleling the Great Northern Railroad over the Cascade Mountains. We found the winter rains and melting snows every spring wash out the road about as fast as we rebuild. I believe in developing our roads at home first with the result that for the first time in the history of King County you now have a drive entirely around Lake Washington.

Shortly after going on the board, the County Commissioners were bombarded with requests to sell the idle ferry "Washington," or take out the machinery and store it, as the hull was said to be rotten, leaky

(Continued on page 2)

MUNICIPAL NOTES

By Fred W. Catlett.

An impartial observer of the working of our direct primary, Sept. 14, could not fail to endorse the recommendation made by the League's Candidates Investigating Committee that a committee should be at once appointed to investigate thoroughly the primary law and its operation and to recommend changes to meet the evils found to exist.

In theory the direct primary gives the party voters a chance to express directly a choice of nominee for each office, but the privilege of making the choice is illusory, for, in the case of a lengthy ballot, such as we had on Tuesday, the 14th, the vote is in the majority of instances no real expression of choice on the part of voters generally.

With the exception of the candidates for governor, the candidates for the other state offices were largely unknown. There were no issues at stake between them and the majority of the voters had no real information upon which to base a choice. The same remark is true of most of the county ticket and of the state legislative ticket. In reality, in these latter cases the result was almost a lottery. It is not to be wondered at if we get a quality of state legislators not thoroughly satisfactory, when they are chosen in such haphazard fashion.

Some remedies are obvious. The ballot ought to be shortened. It is ridiculous to ask the voters generally to choose constables. The voters do not know the candidates for those offices and have no particular choice between them. They obviously ought to be appointed, probably by the justices. The county clerk, the county auditor and the county engineer and perhaps

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

other county officers could, without danger, be made appointive. Inferior state officers as well should be placed on the appointive list.

Then, with the shorter ballot some plan must be resorted to for getting before the voters the qualifications of candidates. The League endeavors to perform some such function. Its committee reports have always been helpful, but it has recently been difficult to get any publicity for them, owing to the fact that newspapers at the present time permit their own views and wishes to exclude from their columns everything which may in any way reflect upon their particular candidates or be helpful to the opponents of their particular candidates.

What occurred this year affords a good illustration. The League report upon the principal county candidates was prepared and given to all of the papers. Reference to the report was made in one and a portion of the report was printed in another, but in the two largest papers no mention was made of the report and no portion of the report was set out. In the one case the substance of the report reflected upon one of the candidates championed by that paper. In the other case some personal pique seems to exclude from its columns all references to the League. It has for a long time failed to carry notices of our meetings. When the supplemental report prepared by the committee dealing with the legislative candidates

was ready for publication it was also given out to the papers, but was also passed over without any reference. It was too late for the League to print the supplemental portion of the report prior to the election. If it could have been given publicity, it would have helped many voters materially in making a sensible choice between the candidates whose names were presented to them. If the newspapers of this community are not going to recognize that it is their duty to give to the public as much impartial information as possible concerning the qualifications of candidates, then we shall either have to adopt some method of enforcing that sense of responsibility, or adopt some other means of getting to the voters a statement of facts.

Upon the shoulders of the press a considerable portion of the blame for the unsatisfactory working of the direct primary must rest. It has been truly said that the columns of our daily press are now so full of propaganda that the intelligent reader has come to disbelieve and distrust almost everything he reads. The news columns are filled with syndicated articles written with bias and with a purpose and stuffed with opinion which ought to be confined to the editorial columns. In short, the direct primary has transferred to the press tremendous political power, and the press is certainly not exercising that power impartially or unselfishly.

In the third place, the amount of money being spent in our lo-

cal campaigns is increasing in disturbing fashion. It must be obvious to anyone that there was spent in the last sheriff's campaign much more money than the salary of the sheriff would warrant. The same remark could be made with reference to other offices. The truth is that it is becoming so expensive to run for office that only men with money or financial backing, or men who are willing to misuse the powers of the office when gained, can afford to seek the public service.

There is much sentiment expressed now in favor of a return to the convention system, and that sentiment has been growing in the past two or three years. It is doubtful whether the sentiment is sufficient to secure such a change at the present time, but there is clearly plenty of sentiment to back changes to remedy the evils we have suggested in the operation of the direct primary.

There is also no blinking the fact that the results of the primary, so far as the county judiciary is concerned, were not entirely satisfactory. The provision of law which permits the judge who receives more than one-eighteenth of the total vote cast for judges to be placed upon the unopposed list at the election is faulty. It discourages the expression of a reasoned judgment as to the nine candidates best fit, and encourages the plumping of votes for a single or a few candidates. This is our first experience with this portion of the law and it has been sufficiently unsatisfactory to justify a change by the coming legislature in 1921. There seems to be little sound reason for the idea of setting aside any portion of the judges in an unopposed list.

Approximately 55,000 votes were cast in the primary election out of a possible vote of 130,000. The primaries are supposed to be party affairs. It is true that in theory all parties are supposed to participate and all voters may participate in the selection of the judges, but the primaries are participated in particularly only by those who feel the stronger party allegiances, and why the more confirmed party men should be permitted by a minority vote to set aside in a preferred list and, in practical effect, to elect our judges is difficult to see. The

vote at the election will probably be nearly double the vote at the primaries and will much more nearly reflect general public opinion.

RAMSAY AND SLOAN ADDRESS LEAGUE

(Continued from page 1)

and unseaworthy. I think a deal had been nearly completed at that time to sell the boat as junk for something like five thousand dollars. We succeeded in having the old boat drydocked and examined, and it was found that augur holes had been bored, causing her to leak. We of course had her overhauled for a few thousand dollars and today that boat could not be duplicated for one hundred seventy five thousand dollars; she is one of the best boats the county owns and is doing service between Seattle and Kitsap County and did great service during the war carrying shipyard workers back and forth from Seattle to the shipyards.

We were persuaded to take over the Port Commission's transportation system, on the ground, that it was really a part of the road system.

We found in taking over the Port boats that the launches could not handle the traffic and half the time were out of order while the "Robert Bridges" could not be relied upon at all.

We discovered that the Port Commissioners had been compelled to pay out nearly six thousand dollars per year to hire private boats to keep up the runs of the undependable boats that the Port Commission had turned over to us. All this we discovered after the deal was closed. We then leased the four boats of the Anderson Steamboat Company; had them appraised by competent and reliable men; converted one of them into a small ferry to serve Mercer Island and bought all four of these splendid steamers for something like eighty thousand dollars. We then refused to build the new ferry.

If we cannot locate an industry on our immediate waterfront or tidelands, then we should try to locate some on one of the lakes, as the whole territory from Bothell to Renton is a part of Seattle. This county and city has an investment there of ten million

dollars, counting the government locks and the city bridges and we must not allow sectional or selfish interests to drive industry away from Seattle. I firmly believe if proper and united effort had been made during the war, the United States Government would have established a great army and navy warehouse base on Harbor Island. If that had been done every railroad, every public and private dock and steamship line would have profited instead of being harmed.

In New Orleans I saw, on the waterfront, the Government's new fifteen million dollar army warehouse base. In San Diego the government is spending millions developing an air and seaplane base, while right here in our neighboring City of Portland, they have three fine government buildings,—two, each covering a whole block,—and we, have only one government building, covering about three lots, notwithstanding the fact that the foreign mail business of the Seattle Post Office comes next to New York City and the post office business of Seattle is exceeded in volume by only six cities in the United States of America—and you all know the volume of business done by the Port of Seattle.

Why is it that after an intense campaign to provide here a great landing field for sea and airplanes, there seems to be no further effort and some property owners and the petty politicians are criticising the commissioners for trying to do something constructive?

Do you gentlemen realize that the commissioners personally conducted that deal, got rid of fifty-three acres of idle land north of Ballard, which the county had owned for thirty years, for twelve hundred fifty dollars an acre, in exchange for this choice waterfront on Lake Washington with railroad in the rear for only eight hundred ninety five dollars per acre?

Is there a real estate man who will say that the commissioners did not drive a good bargain? With any real estate market whatever this "Lake front" ought easily to be worth fifteen hundred dollars per acre. Do you know that every Army, Naval and Postal Commission or Board who have seen this point,—say it is

ideal? Do you know that the Secretary of the Navy said he hoped to see the great air and naval base of the United States Government for the Pacific Northwest located there,—and that this statement was warmly seconded by another Cabinet Officer—Secretary Payne of the Interior Department?

In a talk before the State Commissioners' Association in Everett last week I told them that—"there was too much divided responsibility among the many elective officials to insure either economy or efficiency in the administration of the county government; that we should elect fewer men to office and we should hold to a strict accountability those whom we do elect."

What great corporation would submit to a vote of all its stockholders the position of clerk at the heads of the various departments? If so, each one would run his department independent of any governing board; yet that is the way, under the law, our county government is run. And every elective head does pretty much as he pleases.

The County Commissioners are supposed to be the board of directors or governing body and are held responsible for other elective heads over whom they have little or no actual legal control. As it is, the County Commissioners are not even permitted to select their own clerk of the board.

In my opinion the laws for each county should allow a Board of Commissioners or Supervisors and they should be every branch of government and should appoint each head of every department with the exception of the Auditor, the Assessor and the Treasurer. These positions should be independent of anybody. The Auditor should do nothing outside of auditing and keeping a strict check on every branch of county expenditure. The Treasurer should receive direct all moneys, while the Assessor should be left free to use his free and best judgment in assessing all real and personal property. Other officers such as Prosecuting Attorney, Sheriff, and Clerk, it might be wise to have the presiding Judge or the entire bench sit with the Board and have a say in selecting men for these offices.

If some such system could be worked out we would undoubtedly have better and more efficient government.

(Continued next issue)

HORACE A. WILSON
Attorney 423-5 Lyon Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County J. I. Conrad, Plaintiff, vs. Robert E. McConaghy, Otto Beyer and Alice Beyer, his wife, Flora I. Weed, C. Clark Weed, Susie M. Weed and George Weed, Defendants. No 145385. Summons for Publication.
The State of Washington to the said Otto Beyer, Defendant:
You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: Within sixty days after the 25th day of September, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court. The object of the above entitled action is to quiet the title in plaintiff to Lot Six (6) Block Nine (9) of New Wilfred Addition to the City of Seattle, King County, Washington, to have plaintiff declared the sole and exclusive owner, and to forever debar the defendants and each of them from asserting any right, title, interest or claim to the real property aforesaid.

HORACE A. WILSON,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
P. O. Address, 423-425 Lyon Building,
Seattle, King County, Washington.
Date of first publication, Sept. 25, 1920.
7t Nov 6

EDGAR J. WEIGHT
Lawyer 1117 L. C. Smith Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In the Matter of the Estate of L. A. Rynning, Deceased. Notice of Hearing Final Account and Petition for Distribution. No. 26907.
To Whom it may concern, Please take Notice that 1:30 P. M. of October 11, 1920, at the courtroom of the Presiding Judge of the above entitled court has been fixed as the time and place for hearing the final account and petition for distribution filed by the undersigned administratrix in which the court is asked to settle such report, distribute the property of the estate to the persons or heirs entitled thereto and discharge the administratrix.
MARY A. RYNNING,
Administratrix.
First pub Sept. 11, 1920. 3t Sep 25

JACKSON SILBAUGH
Attorney Lyon Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Frederick L. Waegle, Deceased.
No. 27877. Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as administrator of the estate of Frederick L. Waegle, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administrator or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file

the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication, August 14th, 1920.

JACKSON SILBAUGH,

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Rebecca Helms, Deceased. No. 27965.
Notice to Creditors

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Executor of the estate of Rebecca Helms, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Executor or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication Sept. 11, 1920.

JOHN F. REED,
Executor of said Estate.
Address 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate,
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
4t Oct 2

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SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

JOHN F. REED
Attorney Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, in and for the
County of King.

Marion Gray, Plaintiff, vs. P. Stave, a widower, Mary Dechmann and Louis Dechmann, her husband; Dugald Campbell and James G. Campbell, as Executors of the Estate of A. J. McDonald, Deceased; Emil Burkhardt; H. L. Hanlon, doing business under the name and style of Northwestern News Bureau, and Henry Jennings & Sons, a corporation, Defendants. No.
 Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to: P. Stave, a widower; Mary Dechmann and Louis Dechmann, her husband; Dugald Campbell and James G. Campbell, as Executors of the Estate of A. J. McDonald, Deceased; Emil Burkhardt; H. L. Hanlon, doing business under the name and style of Northwestern News Bureau; and Henry Jennings & Sons, a corporation, Defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 28th day of August, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of said action is to obtain a judgment on account of a promissory note given by the defendant, P. Stave, to the Northwest Trust & Safe Deposit Company, and endorsed by said Northwest Trust & Savings Bank, formerly the Northwest Trust & Safe Deposit Company to the plaintiff, in the sum of \$2,000.00, with interest thereon from the 8th day of May, 1920, at the rate of 7% per annum, and the further sum of \$175.11 paid by plaintiff on account of general taxes and assessments, with interest thereon from August 10th, 1920, at the rate of 7% per annum, together with attorney's fees and costs, and to foreclose a real estate mortgage given by said P. Stave to said Northwest Trust & Safe Deposit Company (which said note and mortgage

were sold and assigned by said Northwest Trust & Safe Deposit Company, now the Northwest Trust & Savings Bank, to the plaintiff), to secure the payment of said note, upon the following described real estate situated in King County, Washington, to-wit: Commencing at the northwest corner of Tract 11 of Ballard Acre Tracts, running thence east 80 feet; thence south 100 feet; thence west 80 feet; thence north 100 feet to the point of beginning, being a tract 90 by 100 feet.

JOHN F. REED,
 Attorney for Plaintiff,
 Office and Post Office Address: 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
 7t Oct 9

EIMON L. WIENIR
Attorney 510-517 Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, for King County
A. E. Peterson, Plaintiff, vs. Harry
Cabot, Defendant No. 144233
 Summons for Publication.

The State of Washington to the said Harry Cabot, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: Within sixty days after the 31st day of July, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned at-

torney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is to obtain judgment in the sum of Thirty-five dollars and an order foreclosing the lien on the personal property contained in said place of business.

2 For an attorney's fee in the sum of \$50.00 for bringing this action.

3 For the appointment of a receiver to take charge of the assets of said business and to dispose of same in accordance with the orders of court.

EIMON L. WIENIR
 Attorney for Plaintiff
 P. O. Address 510-517 Central Bldg.
 Seattle, King County, Washington.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE

State of Washington, for King County
 A. E. Peterson, Plaintiff, vs. Harry
 Cabot, Defendant No. 144233
 Notice

By order of said court made herein on the 27th day of July, 1920, notice is hereby given to the creditors and to all persons having claims against Harry Cabot to present the same with the necessary vouchers within six weeks from and after the date of the first publication of this notice, to W. S. Ghale as receiver of said Harry Cabot at 510 Central Building, Seattle, Washington, the place of the transaction of the business of said receiver; otherwise said claims will be barred.

Date of first publication July 31, 1920
W. S. GHALE
 Receiver of Harry Cabot

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. IX. NO. 40.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1920.

PRICE 10 CENTS

BLAINE'S ADDRESS ON "RECLAMATION"

Mr. E. F. Blaine, chairman of the recent Reclamation and Development Congress which was held in Seattle, addressed the Municipal League Tuesday. He said in part:

"We have in the State of Washington approximately five hundred thousand acres of land which last year, produced crops totalling one hundred million dollars. We have left about three million acres of arid lands. Most of the work of reclaiming arid lands has, in the past, been done by the Federal Government. The Reclamation Act, however, is no longer functioning. By selling the remaining portion of arid lands in the United States, enough money could be raised to pay for the reclamation work necessary. One hundred twenty million dollars have already been spent in reclamation work by the government. The lands affected are estimated to be worth five hundred fifty seven million dollars; five dollars for each dollar invested by the government. The Reclamation Act provided that the money invested be considered a loan and is to be paid back to the government.

"Since the passage of the Act we have reserved large areas in the state of Washington alone. Five or six million acres of timber area have been reserved containing about ninety billion feet of lumber. If we could sell that timber, we could reclaim all the arid land in this state out of the proceeds.

"We are going to ask Congress to increase the Reclamation fund. The first Reclamation law was the result of many years of intensive work and special appeal

(Continued on page 2)

THE LEAGUE WILL MEET

Tuesday Noon, October 5th

AT MEVES CAFETERIA—SECOND AND SENECA

**MAYOR CALDWELL WILL ADDRESS
THE LEAGUE ON SOME OF
SEATTLE'S MUNICIPAL PROBLEMS**

**PORT COMMISSIONERS GRAFT IN POLITICS AND
ATTENTION! IN BUSINESS**

(By The Secretary)

The following Editorial taken from "Gulf Ports" Magazine, published in Galveston, calls attention to Portland's bid for commerce by sending permanent representatives to New York and to the far East. Why cannot Seattle do likewise?

The Editorial follows:-

"We throw our spotlight on Portland, Oregon. The joint traffic bureau of that port and the port commission of public docks have opened a permanent New York office, in charge of C. A. Lockhart, an experienced traffic man. The traffic bureau has appointed Joseph F. Buckley oriental traffic representative and has sent him on a tour of the Far East. A third appointment is that of William G. Tait, to cover the North China field.

"It requires no explanation to prove that expert traffic men, thus distributed, will bring results. Portland has taken a lead which other ports will be forced to follow, sooner or later. The plan may be varied, but the need of experienced representatives in competitive fields may well become as urgent as it is for private enterprises. Portland's initiative has created comment among the

(Continued on Page Two)

From Toledo City Journal

It is the peculiar prerogative of every citizen of a democracy to denounce the actions of government officials, point out errors in their public and private conduct and spread rumors of corruption and dishonesty. For many years there has been a feeling among Americans that appointment or election to a public office was more likely than not to lead to the moral downfall of the person appointed or elected. It is so rarely that a Daniel comes to champion the defense of the public official that a recent editorial on the subject in the New York Republic is quite refreshing. Concerning the popular contrast between the efficiency and dishonesty charged against governmental administration, the editorial says:

"A certain natural squeamishness on the subject of bribery in politics and government is much to our credit. A few thousand dollars paid under ambiguous circumstances by an unauthorized subordinate put an end to one of the most promising Presidential booms. The few isolated cases of corruption among minor government officials during the war were visited with the promptest

(Continued on Page Two)

SECRETARY'S COLUMN

Mr. Blaine's address last Tuesday was exceedingly noteworthy in several respects. He called attention to one of the most important subjects that affect the growth and prosperity of the state of Washington and of the entire Pacific Northwest, and his address gave evidence of a mastery of his subject incomparable to anything I have ever heard. That we did not have a larger attendance was undoubtedly due to the fact that the "News" did not carry the announcement as usual. This was due to the fact that the News had gone to press before we knew definitely that Mr. Blaine would speak. If members will get into the habit of coming to every Tuesday's meeting irrespective of any announcement they will find the program exceedingly worth while. Mr. James W. Reynolds, our former president, is in charge of the program work and those who know Mr. Reynolds' ability, as every League member does, will appreciate that Mr. Reynolds will have splendid programs. Every member can help by bringing some of his friends to the Tuesday's meetings, for only in this way will the League's attendance be large and the League prosper.

A. M. Young, a civil engineer associated with Messrs. Shack, Young & Myers, was elected to the Board and was present at its meeting Wednesday. We welcome Mr. Young heartily and feel confident that he will have an important part in directing the League's activities this year.

Irving M. Clark, who was elected vice-president to succeed Malcolm Douglas, has been unable to accept the appointment owing to the conflict of duties with other organizations, and the

RAMSAY AND SLOAN ADDRESS LEAGUE

(Concluded from last issue)

I could go into endless detail and show absolute want of co-operation and a lack of willingness on the part of almost every department under our present system to work together and pull together for the common good of all the people and especially the taxpayers, who have to foot the bills.

Three years ago a representative citizens' committee of heavy taxpayers appeared before the Board and earnestly insisted that they be allowed to select and we pay for the services of an efficiency expert to check up each and every branch of County government. We did this, giving him every assistance, and paid all the bills. In the highly interesting report of this efficiency expert the conclusion is reached that no permanent results for more County affairs can be had until our State Laws are so amended as to more clearly define the powers given the County Commissioners and other elective County Officials.

Allow me to suggest that you be slow to listen to the vile wagging of every slanderous character assassin's tongue and that you mingle a little more freely with your public servants and, in the right spirit, help them solve their many problems.

I, for one, while in office, will welcome such co-operation.

Mr. Sloan dwelt on his practical experience acquired by him in ship-building, road building, and other enterprises to fit him for the office. He criticized the commissioners who favored the districts from which they secured their nominations. This favoritism, in many instances, declared Mr. Sloan, is positive loss to the county as a whole.

Sloan pointed out that at the present time there is a general duplication of offices. He cited as an example the county garage where a superintendent at a salary of \$3,000 per year was employed; a head mechanic at a salary of \$2400 per year; and eight workmen.

Mr. Sloan entered into a thorough analysis of the Commission's policy of purchase and operation of the ferry system. He claimed that in many instances

the cost of repairs of the boats was out of proportion to their cost and service rendered. He cited figures, showing the losses sustained by the commission on the ferry system each year of its operation.

Sloan stated that he favors eliminating the West Seattle ferry so that it would not be in competition with the municipal railway.

CHARLES H. HARTGE

Attorney 521 Central Bldg

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for King County In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Isaac R. Spilman, Deceased. No. 19133.

Notice of Sale of Real Estate. Notice is hereby given that an order has been made by the above entitled court in the above entitled matter authorizing and directing the undersigned, as administratrix of the estate of the above named deceased, to sell at private sale the following described real property:

Lots Six (6), Seven (7), Eight (8), Nine (9), Ten (10), and Eleven (11) in Block Nine (9) of Tolt Townsite Company's Plat of Tolt, situate in the town of Carnation, formerly Tolt, King County, State of Washington; and notice is hereby given that the said sale will be made on the 20th day of October, 1920, at ten (10) o'clock A. M. of said day or thereafter. Offers or bids will be received by the undersigned for the said property at 521 Central Building, Seattle, Washington, on said 20th day of October, 1920, at 10 o'clock A. M. or at any time thereafter until sale shall be made. Terms of sale as follows: Purchaser to deposit ten per cent (10%) of his offer with bid and to pay balance of purchase price in cash on delivery of deed to be executed by administratrix after confirmation of sale by said court.

Dated at Seattle, Washington, this 25th day of September, 1920.

SOPHIA A. SPILMAN, As Administratrix of the Estate of Isaac R. Spilman, Deceased.

CHARLES H. HARTGE, Attorney for Administratrix, Office and Postoffice Address, 521 Central Building, Seattle, Washington.

First pub. Oct. 2, 1920. 3t Oct. 16

JOHN F. REED

Attorney 960 Empire Bldg

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for the County of King.

Ceena Ranta, Plaintiff, vs. Anton Ranta, Defendant. No. 146156. Summons For Publication.

The State of Washington to: Anton Ranta, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 2nd day of October, 1920, and defend the above entitled cause in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree dissolving the bonds of matrimony heretofore and now existing between plaintiff and defendant, and for such other and further relief as to the court may seem just and equitable.

JOHN F. REED,

Attorney for Plaintiff.

Office and P. O. Address: 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.

First pub. Oct. 2, 1920. 7t Nov 13

HORACE A. WILSON

Attorney 423-5 Lyon Bldg.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County

J. I. Conrad, Plaintiff, vs. Robert E. McConaghy, Otto Beyer and Alice Beyer, his wife, Flora I. Weed, C. Clark Weed, Susie M. Weed and George Weed, Defendants. No. 145385. Summons for Publication.

The State of Washington to the said Otto Beyer, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: Within sixty days after the 25th day of September, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below

stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court. The object of the above entitled action is to quiet the title in plaintiff to Lot Six (6) Block Nine (9) of New Wilfred Addition to the City of Seattle, King County, Washington, to have plaintiff declared the sole and exclusive owner, and to forever debar the defendants and each of them from asserting any right, title, interest or claim to the real property aforesaid.

HORACE A. WILSON,

Attorney for Plaintiff,

P. O. Address, 423-425 Lyon Building, Seattle, King County, Washington.

Date of first publication, Sept. 25, 1920. 7t Nov 6

JOHN F. REED

Attorney 960 Empire Bldg

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of George Shedden, Deceased. No. 28081.

Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Administratrix of the estate of George Shedden, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Administratrix or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication October 2, 1920.

MARY LULA SHEDDEN,

Administratrix of said Estate.

Address: 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Washington.

JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate,

960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.

First pub. Oct. 2, 1920 4t Oct 23

EDGAR J. WRIGHT

Lawyer 1117 L. C. Smith Bldg

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County

In the Matter of the Estate of L. A. Rynning, Deceased. Notice of Hearing Final Account and Petition for Distribution. No. 26907.

To Whom it may concern, Please take Notice that 1:30 P. M. of October 11, 1920, at the courtroom of the Presiding Judge of the above entitled court has been fixed as the time and place for hearing the final account and petition for distribution filed by the undersigned administratrix in which the court is asked to settle such report, distribute the property of the estate to the persons or heirs entitled thereto and discharge the administratrix.

MARY A. RYNNING,

Administratrix.

First pub Sept. 11, 1920. 3t Sep 25

JACKSON SILBAUGH

Attorney Lyon Bldg

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Frederick L. Waegle, Deceased.

No. 27877. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as administrator of the estate of Frederick L. Waegle, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administrator or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file

the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, August 14th, 1920.

JACKSON SILBAUGH,

JOHN F. REED

Attorney 960 Empire Bldg

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Rebecca Helms, Deceased. No. 27965.

Notice to Creditors

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Executor of the estate of Rebecca Helms, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Executor or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication Sept. 11, 1920.

JOHN F. REED,

Executor of said Estate.

Address 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.

JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate,

960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.

4t Oct 2

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SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

JOHN F. REED
Attorney Empire Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, in and for the
 County of King.

Marion Gray, Plaintiff, vs. P. Stave, a
 widower, Mary Dechmann and Louis
 Dechmann, her husband; Dugald
 Campbell and James G. Campbell, as
 Executors of the Estate of A. J. Mc-
 Donald, Deceased; Emil Burkhardt;
 H. L. Hanlon, doing business under the
 name and style of Northwestern News
 Bureau, and Henry Jennings & Sons, a
 corporation, Defendants. No.
 Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to: P. Stave,
 a widower; Mary Dechmann and Louis
 Dechmann, her husband; Dugald
 Campbell and James G. Campbell, as
 Executors of the Estate of A. J. Mc-
 Donald, Deceased; Emil Burkhardt;
 H. L. Hanlon, doing business under
 the name and style of Northwestern
 News Bureau; and Henry Jennings &
 Sons, a corporation, Defendants:

You and each of you are hereby sum-
 moned to appear within sixty (60)
 days after the date of the first publi-
 cation of this summons, to-wit: within
 sixty (60) days after the 28th day of
 August, 1920, and defend the above en-
 titled action in the above entitled court,
 and answer the complaint of the plain-
 tiff, and serve a copy of your answer
 upon the undersigned attorney for plain-
 tiff at his office below stated; and in
 case of your failure so to do, judgment
 will be rendered against you according
 to the demand of the complaint, which
 has been filed with the clerk of said
 court.

The object of said action is to ob-
 tain a judgment on account of a prom-
 issory note given by the defendant, P.
 Stave, to the Northwest Trust & Safe
 Deposit Company, and endorsed by said
 Northwest Trust & Safe Deposit Com-
 pany to the plaintiff, in the
 sum of \$2,000.00, with interest thereon
 from the 8th day of May, 1920, at the
 rate of 7% per annum, and the further
 sum of \$175.11 paid by plaintiff on ac-
 count of general taxes and assessments,
 with interest thereon from August 10th,
 1920, at the rate of 7% per annum, to-
 gether with attorney's fees and costs,
 and to foreclose a real estate mort-
 gage given by said P. Stave to said
 Northwest Trust & Safe Deposit Com-
 pany (which said note and mortgage

were sold and assigned by said North-
 west Trust & Safe Deposit Company,
 now the Northwest Trust & Savings
 Bank, to the plaintiff), to secure the
 payment of said note, upon the follow-
 ing described real estate situated in
 King County, Washington, to-wit: Com-
 mencing at the northwest corner of
 Tract 11 of Ballard Acre Tracts, run-
 ning thence east 80 feet; thence south
 100 feet; thence west 80 feet; thence
 north 100 feet to the point of begin-
 ning, being a tract 90 by 100 feet.

JOHN F. REED,
 Attorney for Plaintiff,
 Office and Post Office Address: 960 Em-
 pire Building, Seattle, Wash.
 7t Oct 9

EIMON L. WIENIR
 Attorney 510-517 Central Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, for King County
 A. E. Peterson, Plaintiff, vs. Harry
 Cabot, Defendant No. 144233
 Summons for Publication.

The State of Washington to the said
 Harry Cabot, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear
 within sixty days after the date of the
 first publication of this summons, to-
 wit: Within sixty days after the 31st
 day of July, 1920, and defend the a-
 bove entitled action in the above en-
 titled court, and answer the complaint
 of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of
 your answer upon the undersigned at-

torney for plaintiff at his office below
 stated; and in case of your failure so
 to do, judgment will be rendered a-
 gainst you according to the demand of
 the complaint, which has been filed
 with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled ac-
 tion is to obtain judgment in the sum
 of Thirty-five dollars and an order
 foreclosing the lien on the personal
 property contained in said place of
 business.

2 For an attorney's fee in the sum
 of \$50.00 for bringing this action.

3 For the appointment of a receiver
 to take charge of the assets of said
 business and to dispose of same in ac-
 cordance with the orders of court.

EIMON L. WIENIR
 Attorney for Plaintiff
 P. O. Address 510-517 Central Bldg.
 Seattle, King County, Washington.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF TH

State of Washington, for King Coun
 A. E. Peterson, Plaintiff, vs. Har
 Cabot, Defendant No. 1442
 Notice.

By order of said court made here
 on the 27th day of July, 1920, noti
 is hereby given to the creditors and
 all persons having claims again
 Harry Cabot to present the same wi
 the necessary vouchers within s
 weeks from and after the date of t
 first publication of this notice, to
 S. Ghale as receiver of said Ha
 Cabot at 510 Central Building, Seat
 Washington, the place of the transa
 tion of the business of said receive
 otherwise said claims will be barred.
 Date of first publication July 31, 19
 W. S. GHALE
 Receiver of Harry Cabot

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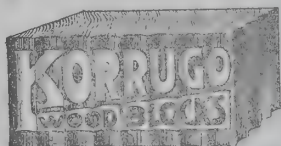
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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. IX. NO. 41.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1920.

PRICE 10 CENTS

CALDWELL DISCUSSES MUNICIPAL RAILWAY PROBLEM

The following is Mayor Hugh M. Caldwell's address to the League at its regular meeting Tuesday noon:

* * *

SOME MUNICIPAL PROBLEMS NOW CONFRONTING THE CITY

When a candidate last spring for the office of Mayor I promised the people that if elected I would see that they were given the true facts concerning their municipally owned utilities. The statement was made with particular reference to the Municipal Street Railway.

In calling your attention to the Street Railway and its condition at this time I shall avoid any reference to the wisdom of purchasing the lines or to the price paid therefor. The sole object in speaking of the railways at this time is to lay before you certain actual facts, and the problem as it appears to me. There is also a question of policy involved in regard to which I am satisfied that the whole City Council and the Mayor will not be in entire accord, and the policy should be definitely worked out within the next few months. In the solution of this matter it is probable that your organization can be of some assistance should it consider the question.

The municipality of the City of Seattle in the operation of the Municipal Street Railway is endeavoring to do something that no Public Service Commission in the United States would for a moment tolerate on the part of a privately owned utility corporation. I have reference to this: The City of Seattle has not invested one dollar of the corporate funds in the railway system. It has, however bonds outstanding for the municipal railway purchase, construction and extension, amounting to \$17,215,000, of which amount \$775,000 are general bonds, voted by the people; \$16,440,000 are utility bonds which are a lien upon and payable solely out of the receipts of the street car system. In reality then, our street railway is capitalized at \$17,215,000. Now, the City, to date, has not had to pay any of the principal due on the bond issues. It is at the present time, however, paying out of the street car revenue all operating and maintenance expenses and is paying dividends of \$72,138.19 per month on the capital valuation of \$17,215,000, which I have already referred to. These

THE LEAGUE WILL MEET

Tuesday Noon, October 12th,
AT MEVES CAFETERIA—SECOND AND SENECA
DEBATE ON CARLYON BILL

C. H. Shields, Chairman Publicity Committee Washington State Good Roads Ass'n, will uphold the affirmative.

John C. Lawrence, formerly with the Public Service Commission, will present the negative.

The meeting will begin promptly at noon; addresses begin at 12:30 and close at 1:30. Come and bring your friends.

Dividends are being paid in the form of interest on the bonds; that on the general bonds being 4½% and 4%, and all of the utility bonds except \$100,000 draw 5%; this \$100,000 issue bearing 6%.

These dividends, amounting to \$865,658 plus per annum, are certainly much greater than were paid by the Puget Sound Traction, Light & Power Company before we took over their system. In addition to the dividends we are paying operating expenses, which for the eight months ending September 1st amounted to \$3,772,255.89. Included in this amount was expense incurred in maintenance of track and structures, \$308,507.68, and in the maintenance and upkeep of equipment, \$502,105.36. In other words, the amount that was set aside and used monthly for the upkeep of track and equipment averaged the first eight months of this year \$101,326.63. The Bureau of Inspection and Supervision of Public Offices has figured that we should make a monthly depreciation charge of \$56,415.63, on the same basis of figuring that they hold a privately owned and operated utility company should charge depreciation; (as a matter of fact, however, the Puget Sound Traction, Light & Power Company never made a depreciation charge in any such amount); and no depreciation charge was made under the previous management of the street railway under city operation. As a matter of fact, the report of the State Bureau was not completed until after Mr. Henderson became the General Superintendent of Railways.

It is interesting to note that the printed biennial report of the Comptroller of the City of Seattle for 1919 just issued shows (page 130, Exhibit "J," Statement "V") city rail-

way fund net deficit for the year 1919, \$517,173.79. Some of us at least had gained a contrary impression from reading the newspaper accounts of the street railway finances last year.

Remembering now that under the contract of purchase of the Puget Sound Traction Company's lines we agreed to pay all operating expenses and charges, including interest, out of the receipts, and that moreover we agreed to pay the \$15,000,000 out of the receipts at the rate of \$833,000 a year beginning March 1, 1921, by the terms of the purchase the payment of the principal in this manner is made a first lien upon the gross receipts. We are then confronted with this situation: The depreciation charge which the State Bureau says we should make amounts to \$676,987.56 a year; the principal to be paid the bondholders for the Puget Sound Traction Company's system amounts to \$833,000, exclusive of the interest which is now \$750,000 a year, but which will, of course, decrease in proportion to the number of annual payments on the principal that we make. During the eighteen years that we will be paying this principal we will have charged as depreciation at the rate of \$56,000 a month, as recommended by the State Bureau, a total of \$12,185,776. In other words during the eighteen years in question we will have charged off the entire value of the lines and at the past and present rate will have put back into the lines in upkeep and maintenance \$21,886,552, and besides this will have retired our entire capital stock of \$15,000,000 (or \$17,215,000) and the corporation of the City of Seattle will then own and be operating a completely equipped and rehabilitated street car system and will not have

a dollar invested in it, the same having been paid for and turned over to the city by the car line patrons. In other words, the thing that we are trying to do, that no Public Service Commission would permit a privately owned utility corporation to do, is collecting from the patrons of the line enough money to pay all operating expenses, and dividends or interest on the capital invested, charge off the matter of depreciation over \$12,000,000, and during the same period return our entire capital investment of \$15,000,000 or \$17,215,000; and I have no hesitation in saying to you that it cannot be done.

The State Bureau of Accountants have charged us with depreciation of \$56,415.63 a month and they inspect our books and make their report on this basis. These figures are accepted as to depreciation and manner of arriving at the same by the City Comptroller, the official bookkeeper of the City of Seattle. In so doing, they are applying to the municipal lines a rule which they say a disinterested Public Service Commission would apply to a privately owned company, but they are ignoring the fact that under our contract of purchase we intend to retire our capital stock out of our earnings so that at the end of eighteen years we will not have a single dollar invested in the railway system. The line at that time will not belong to the patrons of the line but it will belong to the corporation of the City of Seattle and the latter will have no money invested in the proposition at all.

Consequently during the month of August, 1920, according to the last figures available, we expended in maintenance and upkeep of tracks, cars and equipment, and are charged with depreciation of track and equipment an additional \$56,415.63, with these items included, one of which is actual and the other arbitrary, our total expenses for the month of August, including interest charges, the money for which an actually not set aside amounted to \$531,321.86, and our total revenues amounted to \$504,783.36; or a net loss, during the month of August, of \$26,539.50. Excluding the arbitrary depreciation charge we made, in round numbers, \$30,000.00, and this under the increased fares of 6¼c tokens and 10c cash. This, however, does not take into consideration

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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L. D. Lewis
A. H. Albertson
Edward W. Allen
James W. Reynolds, Ex-officio Trustee

Terms Expire May 1922
Howard A. Adams
George S. Kahin
Robert F. Sandall
Jackson Silbaugh

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

the payment of the principal, for which we will have to begin setting aside a monthly installment of \$64,076.93 beginning January 1, 1921. If we have to include the \$56,000.00 for depreciation and \$64,000.00 a month to retire our capital investment we would be, on the same basis as August 1920, approximately \$90,000.00 in the Red each month. What are we going to do about it? In my own opinion we must adopt a policy of operation and bookkeeping that is either the same as that followed by privately owned utility companies or one that is adapted to the unusual and extraordinary thing that we are attempting to do, which no private company would be permitted to do, namely the retiring of our capital investment so that at the end of eighteen years we will have a street railway into which we have, in depreciation item alone, over \$12,000,000.00, to say nothing of the \$21,000,000.00 that we will have expended at the present rate in upkeep and maintenance of track and equipment.

Comparative Figures About 1920-1920
Operating costs Aug. 1919.....\$393,019.75
Operating costs Aug. 1920.....\$459,183.67
\$56,415.63 of this increase was due to depreciation charge, not made in August 1919 in any amount.

The amount expended in August 1919 for maintenance and upkeep of track, cars, etc. was \$94,550.88; and in 1920 the amount expended was \$98,799.75.

With the interest on the bonds for August 1919 added to the foregoing operating expenses we have total expense for August 1919, \$462,317.23;

With the interest on bonds of \$72,138.19 and depreciation \$56,415.63, we have total expense for August 1920, \$531,321.86.

The gross revenue for August 1919 was \$471,858.02, or a loss, were depreciation included (none being charged then) of \$48,816.35.

In August 1920 the gross revenue was \$503,599.44.

It will be seen that in making depreciation charge, \$56,415.63 we

have a loss for August 1920 of \$25,519.53

Decrease of Passenger Traffic and Increase of Expense

In August 1919 the total number of passengers carried was 11,942,263; in August 1920, 9,964,100, making 1,978,163 fewer passengers carried than for the same period last year.

The city lines are being operated this year under a general wage increase of 11.38% over August 1919, and when we consider that approximately 70% of operating costs consists of labor, it is obvious that operating costs are materially increased without any fault on the part of the management. It should also be noted that industrial insurance for August 1920 in the sum of \$3,973.52 was not included in the cost of operation in 1919 for the same period.

The employees of the Municipal Street Railway have been granted the same vacations as other Civil Service employees. Since most of them had not been with the City for a year during 1919 the expense of such vacations during that year was negligible. In the month of August 1920 the cost of vacations, exclusive of the Accounting Department which is under the Superintendent of Utilities and not under the General Superintendent of Railways, was \$16,996.10; The cost of vacations for the year 1920 will be approximately \$100,000.00.

This is an item of expense that the private management of the Railway did not have, since they did not have the Civil Service or Charter provision that all city employees are working under. Neither did the private company pay anything like 5% on the money invested.

As nearly as I can approximate it, the figures not being at hand, the private company claimed that it at no time during the last few years was able to pay more than three and a fraction per cent. on the money invested. Under the system of charging depreciation by the private company the charge was only a small amount compared to the \$56,000 al-

ready referred to, and its system was to charge a certain percentage of the revenues as to depreciation only, which all accountants and Public Service Commissions claim to be unscientific.

The decrease in passengers carried was due in large measure to the closing down of the shipyards. The cars to and from the shipyards were packed and jammed, and in comparison to the loads now being carried was a profitable business.

Notwithstanding that the number of passengers fell off approximately two million for the month, the gross revenue showed net increase in August of this year over August 1919 of \$31,741.42. Over \$16,000 of this amount was consumed in vacations, which were not a charge in 1919, and with depreciation charge of this year of over \$56,000, as against nothing for the corresponding period in 1919, it can be seen how deeply we would have been in the hole had the present management not inaugurated a number of economies of operation.

Jitneys

Much has been said by some people, and by one of the newspapers, to the effect that the jitneys must be abolished because the Municipal Railway is entitled to the nickels collected by the jitneys; that if the jitneys are abolished the street cars can be put on a paying basis without further increase of fare.

The latest available information for comparative purposes was obtained from an examination of the street car receipts for the four days in May on which no jitneys operated, on account of the taking effect of the jitney regulatory ordinance, the enforcement of which has been enjoined by the courts for the time being. The days in question were Friday, Saturday, Sunday and Monday, and comparing each of these days with the average for the three previous Fridays, Saturdays, Sundays and Mondays, we find that the fare increase for

Friday was.....	\$295.64
Saturday.....	\$223.34
Sunday, (decrease).....	\$915.56
Monday (increase).....	\$421.32

Leaving out the deficit, which was due to an abnormal condition, we have the average increase of fares for these four days, as compared with nine previous corresponding days of the week, of \$313.43, or roughly speaking, an increase in the year on this basis would be \$114,402.

The question, then, as I see it, is whether the city is to abolish the only means of rapid transportation that we have, and limit the transportation solely to the slow service of surface railways for the next 18 years until the vendors of the line receive their money out of the receipts.

If the contention is sound that the proceeds of all other forms of transportation belong to the street railway fund, to be paid to the people who sold us the line, and by the same reasoning the same people should advocate that we pass an ordinance prohibiting private car owners from

riding in their private automobile until the street cars are paid for because every time they ride in an automobile they deprive the street car line of revenue, it could with the same reasoning be urged that the ordinance make it an offence to carry one's neighbors to work or about the city, because in so doing the private automobile owner is depriving the street car system of revenue.

The contract under which the city of Seattle purchased the Stone & Webster lines was virtually written by the attorney for those interests, in language which he deemed would fully protect the vendors. There is nothing in this contract to the effect that the city is to prohibit all other forms of transportation until they get their money. The jitneys were operating when they owned and when they sold the lines to the city, and thousands of people depend upon them as the only means of rapid transportation. For my part, while I consider it important to use every endeavor to collect enough money from the residents of Seattle to pay the former owners for these lines in accordance with the agreement entered into, at least until it shall have been set aside, I also consider that the welfare of the city cannot and will not be served by stifling all other forms of transportation for the next 18 years. Unless the city can offer some form of rapid transportation in lieu of jitneys, it should not in my opinion abolish the same merely to increase the revenues of the street car lines.

Our own experience in operation of busses in connection with our street car lines is hardly such as to encourage us entering into that field. During the month of August, 1920, the two bus lines that we operated were at an

Expense of	\$2,218.72
Revenues	\$1,183.92

Deficit for August.....\$1,086.13
For the first eight months of 1920 these two bus lines were operated at a total deficit of \$6,051.86.

Estimate of Revenue Before Fare Increase

It will be remembered that on May 18th, the General Superintendent of Railways made an estimate of the amount of revenue would be received from an increase of fare, and a majority of the City Council agreed in my office to raise the fare to 7 cents. But instead of carrying out this agreed plan, a substitute bill was introduced and passed and put up to me for my signature, increasing the fare to 6 1/4 cents for tokens and 10 cents for single cash fare. The estimate of the General Superintendent of Railways showed that an increase in fare of 1 cent would probably bring in \$82,008 increase per month, or increase it to 7 cents would bring in an average monthly increase of \$164,017. The figures for the month of August, which are the only figures for a full month under the increased fare, show that passenger revenues for August increased over June \$82,781. Under the estimate made in

May as applied to a 6¼ cent fare, it should have been \$102,510. The reasons for making the comparison with June is that that is the last full month under the old rate of fare.

We have also increased the express revenues by raising the rate on bundles of newspapers, to the end that our income has been increased about \$700 a month from this source.

Beginning with April last the monthly pay roll was cut about \$15,000 a month. Other economies in operation have been put into effect. As against this, however, we have an increase of wages which went into effect October, 1919, of from 10½ to 11.7% over that previously paid. The present wages of trainmen have increased from 64 to 80% over those paid January 1, 1918, under private management. During the present year the annual vacations under civil service and the city charter are costing approximately \$100,000. \$56,415 per month is now being charged to depreciation as against nothing for 1919, and as against a relatively small amount charged by private management.

SUMMARY

Our capital investment in the railways is \$17,215,000 of which only \$775,000 are general obligation. On this capital investment we are actually paying dividends of \$72,138.19 per month, or \$865,658.28 a year.

We have actually expended in upkeep and maintenance of tracks, cars, etc. more than \$100,000 a month during the first eight months of this year, and if this is decreased to \$75,000 a month or \$900,000 a year, we will have expended in the eighteen years that we are paying the principal the sum of \$16,200,000 for upkeep and maintenance.

We are having charged off as depreciation by the city and state accountants the sum of \$56,415.63 per month, or \$676,987.56 a year, or during the 18 years we are paying the principal we will have charged off \$12,185,776.

Based on the first eight months of this year we are paying an average of \$57,984.51 a month for power, and for the 18 years at the same rate we will have paid from our receipts \$12,246,54.16 for power.

For the same period of eight months of this year our average monthly wage and miscellaneous expense, exclusive of automobile busses and not including depreciation, is \$253,602.25, or \$3,043,227 a year. During the 18 year period that we are paying the principal we will have paid out \$54,88,086 in wages and miscellaneous expense.

Now, in addition to undertaking to get all of the foregoing amounts out of the street car receipts we have agreed to pay during the 18 years \$17,215,000 our capital investment, which means that beginning the first of next January we should set aside from these receipts a sum in addition to that now being set aside or charged as depreciation, \$69,416 a month to meet the annual instalments on the principal of \$833,000 and continue to

do this for a period of 18 years.

The present scheme is to have the car riders pay all operation, upkeep, maintenance, depreciation, dividends on capital investment, and retire the entire capital investment in 18 years, at which time the car patrons will not own the lines, but they will belong to the corporation of the City of Seattle, which will at that time under the present plan not have invested a dollar therein.

Even if we concede that those who ride upon the street cars are the only ones interested therein, and that the merchants and property owners of the city find it of no financial benefit to them to have a going street car system, for which they would be willing to pay nothing, it is still a human impossibility to successfully navigate the fatuous course that we are now embarked upon. Shall we continue to raise the street car fares during the next eighteen years, until they reach a point where an insufficient number will ride on the street cars to make their operation worth while, or shall we give the Stone & Webster people a better contract than they made by asking an entrance into the general fund in order to keep the system going? Long after my incumbency as Mayor has been forgotten you will be wrestling with this problem unless the contract is rewritten, or cancelled.

CHARLES H. HARTGE
Attorney 521 Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for King County In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Isaac R. Spilman, Deceased. No. 19133.
Notice of Sale of Real Estate.
Notice is hereby given that an order has been made by the above entitled court in the above entitled matter authorizing and directing the undersigned, as administratrix of the estate of the above named deceased, to sell at private sale the following described real property:

Lots Six (6), Seven (7), Eight (8), Nine (9), Ten (10), and Eleven (11) in Block Nine (9) of Tolt Townsite Company's Plat of Tolt, situate in the town of Carnation, formerly Tolt, King County, State of Washington; and notice is hereby given that the said sale will be made on the 20th day of October, 1920, at ten (10) o'clock A. M. of said day or thereafter. Offers or bids will be received by the undersigned for the said property at 521 Central Building, Seattle, Washington, on said 20th day of October, 1920, at 10 o'clock A. M. or at any time thereafter until sale shall be made. Terms of sale as follows: Purchaser to deposit ten per cent (10%) of his offer with bid and to pay balance of purchase price in cash on delivery of deed to be executed by administratrix after confirmation of sale by said court.

Dated at Seattle, Washington, this 25th day of September, 1920.
SOPHIA A. SPILMAN,
As Administratrix of the Estate of Isaac R. Spilman, Deceased.
CHARLES H. HARTGE, Attorney for Administratrix, Office and Postoffice Address, 521 Central Building, Seattle, Washington.
First pub. Oct. 2, 1920. 3t Oct. 16

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for the County of King.
Ceena Ranta, Plaintiff, vs. Anton Ranta, Defendant. No. 146156. Summons For Publication.
The State of Washington to: Anton Ranta, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 2nd day of October, 1920, and defend the above entitled cause in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree dissolving the bonds of matrimony heretofore and now existing between plaintiff and defendant, and for such other and further relief as to the court may seem just and equitable.

JOHN F. REED,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and P. O. Address: 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Oct. 2, 1920. 7t Nov 13

HORACE A. WILSON
Attorney 423-5 Lyon Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County J. I. Conrad, Plaintiff, vs. Robert E. McConaghy, Otto Beyer and Alice Beyer, his wife, Flora I. Weed, C. Clark Weed, Susie M. Weed and George Weed, Defendants. No. 145385. Summons for Publication.

The State of Washington to the said Otto Beyer, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: Within sixty days after the 25th day of September, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court. The object of the above entitled action is to quiet the title in plaintiff to Lot Six (6) Block Nine (9) of New Wilfred Addition to the City of Seattle, King County, Washington, to have plaintiff declared the sole and exclusive owner, and to forever debar the defendants and each of them from asserting any right, title, interest or claim to the real property aforesaid.

HORACE A. WILSON,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
P. O. Address, 423-425 Lyon Building, Seattle, King County, Washington.
Date of first publication, Sept. 25, 1920. 7t Nov 6

STATEMENT OF THE OWNERSHIP, MANAGEMENT, CIRCULATION, ETC., REQUIRED BY THE ACT OF CONGRESS OF AUGUST 24, 1912, OF THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

published weekly at Seattle, Washington, for Oct. 1, 1920.

State of Washington, County of King, ss. Before me, a notary public in and for the State and county aforesaid, personally appeared

C. W. BROWN,
who having been duly sworn according to law, deposes and says that he is the Managing Editor of

The Seattle Municipal News and that the following is, to the best of his knowledge and belief, a true statement of the ownership, management, etc., of the aforesaid publication for the date shown in the above caption, required by the Act of August 24, 1912, embodied in section 443, Postal Laws and Regulations, printed on the reverse of this form, to-wit:

1. That the names and addresses of the publisher, editor, managing editor, and business managers are:

Publishers—Brown & White Corp.
Editor—Fred W. Catlett, Seattle, Wash.
Managing Editor—C. W. Brown, Seattle, Business Managers—None.

2. That the owner is:

Municipal League of Seattle (a non-profit producing corporation)

3. That the known bondholders, mortgagees, and other security holders

owning or holding 1 per cent or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages, or other securities are:

There are none.
4. That the two paragraphs next above, giving the names of the owners, stockholders, and security holders, if any, contain not only the list of stockholders and security holders as they appear upon the books of the company but also, in cases where the stockholder or security holder appears upon the books of the company as trustee or in any other fiduciary relation, the name of the person or corporation for whom such trustee is acting, is given; also that the said two paragraphs contain statements embracing affiant's full knowledge and belief as to the circumstances and conditions under which stockholders and security holders who do not appear upon the books of the company as trustees, hold stock and securities in a capacity other than that of a bona fide owner; and this affiant has no reason to believe that any other person, association, or corporation has any interest direct or indirect in the said stock, bonds, or other securities than as so stated by him.

C. W. BROWN,
Sworn to and subscribed before me this 4th day of October, 1920.

(Seal) **CARL G. NELSON,**
(My commission expires Jan. 29, 1921).

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JOHN F. REED

Attorney **Empire Bldg**
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and for the County of King. In Probate. In the Matter of the Estate of Andrew H. Taylor, Deceased. No. 26152. Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution. Notice is hereby given that Annie L. Taylor, Executrix of the Estate of Andrew H. Taylor, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons entitled thereto and to discharge the said Executrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 8th day of November, 1920, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 7th day of October, 1920.
PERCY F. THOMAS,
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. GORDON, Deputy.
First pub. Oct. 9, 1920. 4t Oct 30

JOHN F. REED

Attorney **960 Empire Bldg**
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County. In Probate. In the Matter of the Estate of George Shedden, Deceased. No. 28081. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Administratrix of the estate of George Shedden, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Administratrix or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

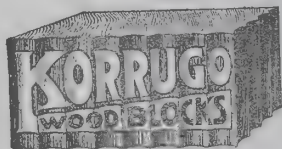
Date of first publication October 2, 1920.
MARY LULA SHEDDEN,
Administratrix of said Estate.
Address: 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Washington.
JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate,
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Oct. 2, 1920 4t Oct 23

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JOHN F. REED

Attorney **Empire Bldg**
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and for the County of King.

Marion Gray, Plaintiff, vs. P. Stave, a widow; Mary Dechmann and Louis Dechmann, her husband; Dugald Campbell and James G. Campbell, as Executors of the Estate of A. J. McDonald, Deceased; Emil Burkhardt; H. L. Hanlon, doing business under the name and style of Northwestern News Bureau, and Henry Jennings & Sons, a corporation, Defendants. No. Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to: P. Stave, a widow; Mary Dechmann and Louis Dechmann, her husband; Dugald Campbell and James G. Campbell, as Executors of the Estate of A. J. McDonald, Deceased; Emil Burkhardt; H. L. Hanlon, doing business under the name and style of Northwestern News Bureau; and Henry Jennings & Sons, a corporation, Defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 28th day of August, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of said action is to obtain a judgment on account of a promissory note given by the defendant, P. Stave, to the Northwest Trust & Safe Deposit Company, and endorsed by said Northwest Trust & Savings Bank, formerly the Northwest Trust & Safe Deposit Company to the plaintiff, in the sum of \$2,000.00, with interest thereon from the 8th day of May, 1920, at the rate of 7% per annum, and the further sum of \$175.11 paid by plaintiff on account of general taxes and assessments, with interest thereon from August 10th, 1920, at the rate of 7% per annum, together with attorney's fees and costs,

and to foreclose a real estate mortgage given by said P. Stave to said Northwest Trust & Safe Deposit Company (which said note and mortgage were sold and assigned by said Northwest Trust & Safe Deposit Company, now the Northwest Trust & Savings Bank, to the plaintiff), to secure the payment of said note, upon the following described real estate situated in King County, Washington, to-wit: Commencing at the northwest corner of Tract 11 of Ballard Acre Tracts, running thence east 80 feet; thence south 100 feet; thence west 80 feet; thence north 100 feet to the point of beginning, being a tract 80 by 100 feet.

JOHN F. REED,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
Office and Post Office Address: 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.

7t Oct 9

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Seattle Municipal News

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VOL. IX. NO. 42.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1920.

PRICE 10 CENTS

CARLYON BILL DEBATED

Reported by the Secretary

Tuesday's meeting of the Municipal League was featured by a debate on the Carlyon road bill. C. H. Shields, chairman of the Washington Good roads committee speaking in favor of the bill, and John C. Lawrence, former member of the Public Service of the State Highway Board, and at present employed by the Spokane-Spokesmen Review to work against the bill, speaking in the negative. Dr. Carlyon, author of the bill, was present to hear the arguments and made a brief address at the conclusion of the debate.

Mr. Shields pointed out that under the present system in force for more than fifteen years, \$17,000,000 has been spent by this state on roads and yet there is no through route from the northern to the southern part or from the eastern to the western part of the state. The Carlyon bill offered, he said, without one cent of taxation on property or industry to develop our highways at a rate necessary for our economic expansion. He also emphasized the effect that good roads would have on increased tourist travel in the state.

Mr. Lawrence's address yesterday was the first he has made against the bill. As an introduction he stated that he had many years of experience in road building and pointed to the fact that he had been a member of the State Highway Board during his service with the Public Service Commission. He then launched an attack against the cement manufacturers, declaring that they had pleaded guilty to a charge of being a trust in restraint of trade. "Will the bill produce more miles of good road without issuing bonds and mortgaging property of the State?" asked Mr. Law-

(Continued on page 2)

THE LEAGUE WILL MEET

Tuesday Noon, October 18th

AT MEVES CAFETERIA—SECOND AND SENECA

DR. HOWARD WOOLSTON

Professor of Sociology, U. of W., will address the League on

"The Laboratory of Municipal Statistics"

SCHOOLS' BUDGET ANALYSIS GIVEN

Analysis of the school budget and a study of the financial condition of the Seattle school district, read by A. H. Wiseman, chairman of the budget committee, was one of the interesting features of the first meeting of the Know Our Schools Club this year.

"The budget, of course, Mr. Wiseman said, "is entirely made up of figures and must be interpreted through understanding of originating causes. The classification, the amounts and the relative percentages all depend upon reasons not evident in the bare figures. Any criticism or comment, therefore, would be useless or unfair unless it took into consideration these material factors of the subject. For instance, the instruction item refers back to the abnormal change in all wage costs and is interdependent with the economic condition in all lines of human effort. This item of expense has long been under discussion, and the large increase in amount is the response to an inexorable demand.

Every item might thus, and in more detail, be analyzed, but to do so might easily involve this

report in an exhaustless study of school conditions, systems, policies and laws.

One other item, however, calls for special reference; that of interest. It is necessary, of course, to provide for the fixed charges against the bonded debt, and this is subject to fluctuation with the rate of interest and the amount of unredeemed bonds. But there is another charge for interest that is part of the yearly expense. As we know, the receipts from taxes to be levied to cover the current year's budget will not commence to flow into the treasury until April following adoption of the budget, whereas the expenses commence July 1 of the preceding year. The finances of the district for some time have been such that the money in hand has not lasted until the tax-receiving period and the practice has been to issue warrants and depend upon the banks paying the holders upon demand and charging the school district interest, as on a loan, and at a rate to be agreed to. This rate is, of course, higher than the bond rate, but the duration of the loan is comparatively short.

Warrant Usage Grows

Owing to an increasing disparity between income and outgo, the amount of warrants out-

(Continued on Page Two)

THE CITY RAILWAY

C. A. La Grave

In his recent address the mayor has used the revenue and expense accounts, as well as the cash accounts, to prove that the city railway is a financial wreck — and he is certainly right in his conclusion.

In this case the cash and warrant accounts show how much the road has earned and how much it has cost in money to earn it.

On Sept. 30th last there was due to the city treasurer for money advanced to pay warrants \$480,000 — due to others for warrants unpaid \$44,000 — and for claims and pay rolls for September, approximately \$375,000. All revenues to date had been collected and used, and there is an actual deficiency of \$900,000 with nothing in sight to pay any part of it.

Next year \$833,000 must be provided to redeem bonds.

No depreciation is included, and in fact no money has ever been set aside for a depreciation reserve either before or since we acquired the city railway. It may be side-stepped for a while longer, but unless at least \$750,000 per year is set aside for a real depreciation reserve, there will be no money to pay for the extensive replacements that are inevitable in the near future—First Avenue for instance.

The Mayor refers to the statement which appears on page 130 of the Comptroller's report for 1919, which says that the railway lost \$18,000.40 last year in real money and \$499,000 in depreciation.

If anyone believes this statement he must believe that the railway lost \$18,000 in money in nine months of 1919 and \$900,000 in nine months of 1920.

As a matter of fact, this report which agrees in amount with a joint report issued some months

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

since by the Comptroller and the one issued by Mr. Murphine, except as to depreciation, fails to include \$500,000 of money actually spent, and includes \$499,000 depreciation which had previously been charged off against the value of the road.

Both parties to this deal are in a peculiar position. They evidently made the Supreme Court believe that the road would pay a profit over and above all operating costs and payment of bonds, so the Court put the Utilities Act in the reverse, and the bonds were made a lien upon gross revenues prior to operating costs — apparently the seller was a better guesser than the buyer.

The city is bound to operate the road to get revenue to pay the bonds, but can't run it unless it pays the expenses of operation. When the city treasurer gets tired of financing a losing business, warrants will be a scrap of paper and no one will work without pay. The only way to run the road will be to place it in the hands of a receiver who will run it, collect the revenues, pay expenses and forget all about the bonds — the only recourse for the bond holders will be to take the road. — They may make it pay — the City cannot.

CARLYON BILL DEBATED

(Continued From Page One)

That we are at the peak of high prices of labor and material, and that if the contracts are let at this time we would only get 50% for the money spent,

was the statement made by the speaker. He asserted that a recent inquiry to the state highway board of the State of New York disclosed the fact that the entire \$30,000,000 bond issue would build but from 600 to 750 miles of road; the bill provides for the building of 1650 miles of road.

That state of Washington is ninth in road building among the states of the union as another assertion made by the speaker.

After Dr. Carlyon's brief address the Municipal League committee asked the speakers numerous questions dealing with interpretation of the bill. A week from Tuesday, the League committee will render its report. The committee is composed of Carl E. Croson, chairman; Ralph D. Nichols, S. A. Keenan, H. A. Woodcock, and H. L. Glenn.

SCHOOLS' BUDGET ANALYSIS GIVEN

(Continued from page one)

standing has not only greatly increased in recent years, but has commenced earlier in the year, as shown by the following table:

Warrants Begin	Total Amt.
1916-17—December 1	\$ 534,704
1917-18—November 1	758,248
1918-19—October 1	871,337
1919-20—September 1	1,598,861
1920-21—July 1 (est)	2,500,000

Such a large amount of current debt is startling, to say the least, and it is to be considered whether the schools should be in the position of borrower on demand for so large a portion of their yearly

needs.

It is true, of course, that the uncollected taxes also have increased substantially in proportion to the increase in levy; but the payments for the last half of the year's taxes are not received until many months after the close of the school year for which the budget is arranged. The increase in warrants means an increase in the interest cost, some of which is entirely justified as representing short-time loans against deferred income, whereas to the extent that the situation is reversed, there would be more money on hand collected from taxpayers and not drawing full interest value.

The interest for this item in the budget is \$45,000, and as the amount of estimated warrants is 40 per cent of the expected total revenues, this is now of such magnitude and disproportion that the public appreciates the situation and becomes reconciled to such readjustment as will bring it back to a normal basis.

This report might well go into other details of proposed expenditures, but it is to be remembered that the salary question for the current year was, and had to be, determined earlier in the year and contracts have already been entered into on the basis of the schedule thus agreed upon; and, furthermore, that considerable of the expense is based on methods and policies long since adopted. Whether they are wise or no presents another field of inquiry. A complete survey, of course, would involve a study of operation, maintenance and repairs, and including the purchase of supplies and materials, and construction costs.

Concerning general school policy, which is always an interesting factor of expenses shown in the budget, there has been compiled in Washington, D. C., by the Bureau of Education, an analysis of school expenditures in 45 cities having a population of 100,000 or over and for the year 1917-1918, this being the latest period covered. From charts available the following figures can be given, for cost per year for each pupil in average daily attendance, though the fractional figures are estimated and may be subject to slight alterations:

Table I.

Total cost per pupil as related to the average cost, \$57.83.

Ratio to average—

Seattle (1st in list).....	\$1.38
Los Angeles (2nd in list).....	\$1.33
Portland (6th in list).....	\$1.21
Spokane (8th in list).....	\$1.19
Spokane (8th in list).....	\$1.19
Minneapolis (16th in list).....	\$1.08
San Francisco (23rd in list).....	\$1.01

Table II.

Cost of instruction per pupil as related to the average cost, \$43.36:

Ratio to average—

Los Angeles (1st in list).....	\$1.40
Portland (2nd in list).....	\$1.24
Seattle (3rd in list).....	\$1.21
Oakland (4th in list).....	\$1.19
Spokane (8th in list).....	\$1.10
Minneapolis (12th in list).....	\$1.08
San Francisco (20th in list).....	\$.98

TABLE III.

Cost of high school instruction as related to the average cost, \$92.01:

Ratio to average—

Los Angeles (1st in list).....	\$1.65
Seattle (9th in list).....	\$1.02
Oakland .....	.95
Portland .....	.92
San Francisco .....	.88
Spokane .....	.82
Minneapolis .....	.82

TABLE IV.

Cost of elementary school instruction as related to the average cost, \$36.98.

Ratio to average—

Portland (2nd in list).....	\$1.20
Oakland (2nd in list).....	1.20
Los Angeles (2nd in list).....	1.20
Seattle (7th in list).....	1.15
Spokane	1.12
Minneapolis	1.06
San Francisco	1.05

TABLE V.

Cost per pupil for general control as related to the average cost, \$2.30.

Ratio to average—

Portland (2nd in list).....	\$1.85
Los Angeles	1.35
Seattle (12th in list).....	1.08
Oakland .....	.92
Minneapolis .....	.88
San Francisco .....	.78
Spokane .....	.78

TABLE VI.

Cost per pupil for fixed charges as related to the average cost, \$2.50.

Ratio to average—

Seattle (1st in list).....(plus)	\$3.10
Spokane	3.10
San Francisco	2.40
Los Angeles	1.30
Minneapolis .....	.65

Portland .....	.60
Oakland .....	.40

TABLE VII.

Cost per pupil for auxiliary agencies as related to the average cost, \$1.13.	
Ratio to average—	
Seattle (1st in list) ....(plus)\$3.00	
Oakland	1.55
Los Angeles	1.30
Spokane .....	.80
San Francisco .....	.75
Minneapolis .....	.70
Portland .....	.20

TABLE VIII.

Cost per pupil for maintenance related to the average cost, .16.	
Ratio to average—	
Seattle (9th in list)	\$1.45
Minneapolis	1.38
San Francisco	1.12
Spokane	1.08
Portland	1.00
Los Angeles .....	.89
Oakland .....	.60

TABLE IX.

Cost per pupil for operation as related to average cost, \$2.38.	
Ratio to average—	
Seattle (8th in list)	\$1.33
Minneapolis	1.32
Portland	1.28
Spokane	1.19
Los Angeles	1.09
Oakland .....	.88
San Francisco .....	.72

These tables show that Seattle has been foremost in liberality in school expenditures. The figures, however, do not tell all the story and should be used with great deal of caution. The following table shows the relative position of Seattle in each of the divisions of expenditure, together with the percentage of total division in the corresponding year 1917-1918.

	Pct. of	
	Seattle's	Total
Instruction—	Rank.	Expen.
High School	9th	17.9
Elementary	7th	50.0
Total	3rd	67.9
Auxiliaries	1st	2.9
General	12th	3.6
Maintenance	9th	4.4
Operation	8th	10.6
Fixed	1st	10.6
Total cost per pupil 1st		100.0

It will be seen from the above that although Seattle ranks seventh in the elementary school average and ninth in the high school, she ranks third in total instruction cost.

You can't judge a man's speed by the run of his socks.

EDGAR J. WRIGHT
Attorney 1117 L.C. Smith Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County. In the Matter of the Estate of Ninosuke Kobayashi, Deceased. Notice of Hearing Final Account and Petition For Distribution. No. 27343.
To Whom it May Concern: Please take notice that the administrator of the above estate has filed his final account and petition for distribution and that the above entitled court is asked to settle said account, distribute the property to the heirs and discharge said administrator and that the 12th day of November, 1920, at the hour of ten A. M., has been fixed as the time and the courtroom of the presiding judge of the above entitled court has been fixed as the place for the hearing of said matter.

Dated this 11th day of October, 1920.
F. OKAZAKI, Administrator.
First pub: Oct. 16, 1920. 3t Oct 30

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Jennie Munshaw, Deceased. No. 28234.
Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Executor of the estate of Jennie Munshaw, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Executor or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication, October 16, 1920.

CHARLES FREDERICK MUNSHAW, Executor of said Estate.
Address 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate, 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and for the County of King.

M. Thuesen and Lena Thuesen, his wife, Plaintiffs, vs. George E. Thuesen and Blanche J. Thuesen, his wife, Erick Erickson, and his unknown heirs, and all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in Lot 1, in Block 6, of Eastlake Addition to the City of Seattle, as per map recorded in Vol. 3 of Plats, Page 71, records of King County, Washington, Defendants. No. 146416. Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to: George E. Thuesen and Blanche J. Thuesen, his wife, Erick Erickson, and his unknown heirs, and all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in Lot 1, in Block 6, of Eastlake Addition to the City of Seattle, as per map recorded in Vol. 3 of Plats, Page 71, records of King County, Washington, Defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear at the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for King County, which County the plaintiffs designate as the place of trial, within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 16th day of October, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiffs, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for the plaintiffs at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the Clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is to quiet the title of the plaintiffs in and to the following described property: Lot 1, in Block 6, of Eastlake Addition to the City of Seattle, as per map recorded in Vol. 3 of Plats, Page 71, records of King County, Washington, and declaring that the defendants have not, nor has any of them, any right, title, estate or interest whatsoever in or to the land and premises or any part thereof, and that the defendants and each of them be enjoined and debarred from asserting any claim whatsoever in or to the said land and premises adverse to the plaintiffs.

JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Plaintiffs,
Office and P. O. Address: 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Oct. 16, 1920. 7t Nov 27

CHARLES H. HARTGE
Attorney 521 Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for King County In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Isaac R. Spilman, Deceased. No. 19133.
Notice of Sale of Real Estate.
Notice is hereby given that an order has been made by the above entitled court in the above entitled matter authorizing and directing the undersigned, as administratrix of the estate of the above named deceased, to sell at private sale the following described real property:

Lots Six (6), Seven (7), Eight (8), Nine (9), Ten (10), and Eleven (11) in Block Nine (9) of Tolt Townsite Company's Plat of Tolt, situate in the town of Carnation, formerly Tolt, King County, State of Washington; and notice is hereby given that the said sale will be made on the 20th day of October, 1920, at ten (10) o'clock A. M. of said day or thereafter. Offers or bids will be received by the undersigned for the said property at 521 Central Building, Seattle, Washington, on said 20th day of October, 1920, at 10 o'clock A. M. or at any time thereafter until sale shall be made. Terms of sale as follows: Purchaser to deposit ten per cent (10%) of his offer with bid and to pay balance of purchase price in cash on delivery of deed to be executed by administratrix after confirmation of sale by said court.

Dated at Seattle, Washington, this 25th day of September, 1920.
SOPHIA A. SPILMAN, As Administratrix of the Estate of Isaac R. Spilman, Deceased.
CHARLES H. HARTGE, Attorney for Administratrix, Office and Postoffice Address, 521 Central Building, Seattle, Washington.
First pub. Oct. 2, 1920. 3t Oct. 16

HORACE A. WILSON
Attorney 423-5 Lyon Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County J. I. Conrad, Plaintiff, vs. Robert E. McConaghy, Otto Beyer and Alice Beyer, his wife, Flora I. Weed, C. Clark Weed, Susie M. Weed and George Weed, Defendants. No. 145385. Summons for Publication.

The State of Washington to the said Otto Beyer, Defendant:
You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: Within sixty days after the 25th day of September, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court. The object of the above entitled action is to quiet the title in plaintiff to Lot Six (6) Block Nine (9) of New Wilfred Addition to the City of Seattle, King County, Washington, to have plaintiff declared the sole and exclusive owner, and to forever debar the defendants and each of them from asserting any right, title, interest or claim to the real property aforesaid.

HORACE A. WILSON, Attorney for Plaintiff,
P. O. Address, 423-425 Lyon Building, Seattle, King County, Washington.
Date of first publication, Sept. 25, 1920. 7t Nov 6

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for the County of King.
Ceena Ranta, Plaintiff, vs. Anton Ranta, Defendant. No. 146156. Summons For Publication.
The State of Washington to: Anton Ranta, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 2nd day of October, 1920, and defend the above entitled cause in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree dissolving the bonds of matrimony heretofore and now existing between plaintiff and defendant, and for such other and further relief as to the court may seem just and equitable.

JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and P. O. Address: 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Oct. 2, 1920. 7t Nov 13

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JOHN F. REED

Attorney Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, in and for the
County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Andrew
H. Taylor, Deceased. No. 26152.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and
Petition for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Annie L.
Taylor, Executrix of the Estate of An-
drew H. Taylor, deceased, has filed in
the office of the Clerk of said Court
her final Report and petition for distri-
bution, asking the Court to settle said
Report, distribute the property to the
persons entitled thereto and to dis-
charge the said Executrix; and that
said Report and petition will be heard
on the 8th day of November, 1920, at
9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the
Probate Department of said Court.
Dated this 7th day of October, 1920.
PERCY F. THOMAS,
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. GORDON, Deputy.
First pub. Oct. 9, 1920. 4t Oct 30

JOHN F. REED

Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County.
In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of George
Shedden, Deceased. No. 28081.
Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the un-
dersigned has been appointed and has
qualified as Administratrix of the es-
tate of George Shedden, Deceased; that
all persons having claims against said
deceased are hereby required to serve
the same, duly verified, on said Admin-
istratrix or her attorney of record at
the address below stated, and file the
same with the Clerk of said Court, to-
gether with proof of such service with-
in six months after the date of first
publication of this notice, or the same
will be barred.
Date of first publication October 2,
1920.
MARY LULA SHEDDEN,
Administratrix of said Estate.
Address: 960 Empire Building, Seattle,
Washington.
JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate,
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Oct. 2, 1920 4t Oct 23

JOHN F. REED

Attorney Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, in and for the
County of King.
Marion Gray, Plaintiff, vs. P. Stave, a
widower, Mary Dechmann and Louis
Dechmann, her husband; Dugald
Campbell and James G. Campbell, as
Executors of the Estate of A. J. Mc-
Donald, Deceased; Emil Burkhardt;
H. L. Hanlon, doing business under the
name and style of Northwestern News
Bureau, and Henry Jennings & Sons, a
corporation, Defendants. No.
Summons by Publication.
The State of Washington to: P. Stave,
a widower; Mary Dechmann and Louis
Dechmann, her husband; Dugald
Campbell and James G. Campbell, as
Executors of the Estate of A. J. Mc-
Donald, Deceased; Emil Burkhardt;
H. L. Hanlon, doing business under
the name and style of Northwestern
News Bureau; and Henry Jennings &
Sons, a corporation, Defendants:
You and each of you are hereby sum-
moned to appear within sixty (60)
days after the date of the first publi-
cation of this summons, to-wit: within
sixty (60) days after the 28th day of
August, 1920, and defend the above en-
titled action in the above entitled court,
and answer the complaint of the plain-
tiff, and serve a copy of your answer
upon the undersigned attorney for plain-

tiff at his office below stated; and in
case of your failure so to do, judgment
will be rendered against you according
to the demand of the complaint, which
has been filed with the clerk of said
court.
The object of said action is to ob-
tain a judgment on account of a prom-
issory note given by the defendant, P.
Stave, to the Northwest Trust & Safe
Deposit Company, and endorsed by said
Northwest Trust & Savings Bank, for-
merly the Northwest Trust & Safe De-
posit Company to the plaintiff, in the
sum of \$2,000.00, with interest thereon
from the 8th day of May, 1920, at the
rate of 7% per annum, and the further
sum of \$175.11 paid by plaintiff on ac-
count of general taxes and assessments,
with interest thereon from August 10th,
1920, at the rate of 7% per annum, to-
gether with attorney's fees and costs,

and to foreclose a real estate mort-
gage given by said P. Stave to said
Northwest Trust & Safe Deposit Com-
pany (which said note and mortgage
were sold and assigned by said North-
west Trust & Safe Deposit Company
now the Northwest Trust & Savings
Bank, to the plaintiff), to secure the
payment of said note, upon the follow-
ing described real estate situated in
King County, Washington, to-wit: Com-
mencing at the northwest corner of
Tract 11 of Ballard Acre Tracts, run-
ning thence east 80 feet; thence south
100 feet; thence west 80 feet; thence
north 100 feet to the point of begin-
ning, being a tract 80 by 100 feet.
JOHN F. REED,
Attorney for Plaintiff
Office and Post Office Address: 960 Em-
pire Building, Seattle, Wash.
7t Oct

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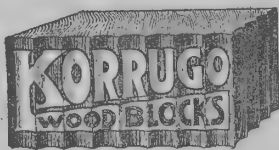
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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. IX. NO. 43.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 23, 1920.

PRICE 10 CENTS

ADDRESS BY PROF. WOOLSTON

(Reported by the Secretary)

Prof. Howard Woolston, of the sociology department University of Washington, addressed the League Tuesday on "The Laboratory of Municipal Statistics." The carrying of the "scientific method into the city hall" was the policy advocated by the speaker.

Prof. Woolston urged that various civic, social, and commercial organizations unite in bringing current as well as salient historical information regarding Seattle into the hands of newcomers and first voters.

"There is at present no regular way of keeping information regarding the municipality together and up to date. In political and municipal affairs we have a balance sheet every two or five years, instead of every day as have progressive commercial institutions.

"The University is not supposed to be interested in partisan or political interests; yet the University needs to have current problems and issues injected in its curriculum to keep its life stimulated."

Prof. Woolston urged that the League use its influence in helping to create at this university a municipal research bureau such as was created by the College of the City of New York some years ago.

At the conclusion of the address, James A. Haight emphasized the importance of the suggestion by pointing to the difficulty League committees have had in the past of securing authentic data to make comparisons between cities.

"The State University, by establishing a municipal research bureau, could save hundreds of thousands of dollars to the cities

THE LEAGUE WILL MEET
Tuesday Noon, October 26th
AT MEVES CAFETERIA—SECOND AND SENECA

HENRY DE MAN

Famous Belgian Labor Expert
will address the League on

"Industrial Democracy in Europe"

Report on Carlyon Bill by League Committee

DISAPPROVES JITNEY BILL ADOPT JITNEY ROUTES

The following committee report was passed by the League: Municipal League of Seattle:

The Public Utilities Committee of the Municipal League, to whom was submitted the ordinance relating to the operation of For-Hire Motor Vehicles commonly known as the "Jitney Initiative Bill", makes the following report:

This bill, which is being submitted to the electors of the city at the November 2nd election, provides that any person desiring to operate a jitney bus shall, upon making application therefor, stating the route over which the jitney bus is to be operated, the termini of such route, the hours and days of operation, and the rate of fare, upon making proof as to having given the surety bond required by the State law, be given a permit to operate
(Continued on page 2)

of this state. It is the only body that is permanent enough to carry on such an experiment," declared Mr. Haight.

Upon motion made from the floor it was voted to authorize President Lawler to appoint a committee to work with this object in view.

After Mayor Hugh M. Caldwell had called for a "showdown" with jitneurs who objected to regulations not of their choosing, the City Council judiciary committee adopted the jitney bus routes drafted by Supt. Carl H. Reeves of the utilities department.

After the mayor's challenge a disposition to give and take was manifested and the two factions of jitney operators left the chamber apparently willing to accept the committee's decision. As a result, the ordinance amendments and the routes were sent to the Council for action Monday.

Superintendent Reeves said that should the Council pass the amendments and adopt the routes as expected, the jitneurs must then file new applications for permits, as all but a few were refused permits by the Council after the passage of the present ordinance.

"The sooner the jitneurs file their applications," said Mr. Reeves, "the sooner we will be able to draw up the time schedules for operation. If the drivers act promptly there will be ample time to have the schedules ready before the election."

Another Big Problem Pending.
(Continued on Page Two)

OPPOSES STREET CAR TAXATION

A Recent Address Before the Municipal League.

Opposition to the proposal that they be taxed to pay off the \$15,000,000 purchase price of the municipal street car system, as suggested by Mayor Hugh M. Caldwell is expressed in a statement of the bureau of taxation of the Chamber of Commerce, adopted by the board of trustees. The statement is as follows:

"Notwithstanding the fact that the purchase of the system was approved by the voters of Seattle under the pledge of the city government that no part of the cost would be allowed to fall upon the taxpayers, the payment of the \$15,000,000 obligation through direct taxation is now being proposed in seriousness.

"Arguments advanced in justification of this project: are that the system, when paid for, will belong to the taxpayers, not to the car riders, and so should be paid for by the taxpayers; that downtown property receives the benefit from operation of the street cars and therefore should be taxed to help pay the cost of the system.

Reasons for Opposition.

"We believe that the argument that the system will belong to the taxpayers and that, therefore, they should pay for it, is no force, when applied to a utility under municipal ownership and operation, as the utility is operated for service and not for profit, and rates to patrons of the service are fixed at cost, leaving no profit to the owners, the taxpayers. Should the policy of paying for the street railway by direct taxation be followed, it would mean simply that property owners of Seattle would be forced to contribute \$15,000,000

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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Robert F. Sandall
Jackson Silbaugh

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

to the Street railway utility; that as the debt was reduced, fares would be reduced proportionally, whenever operating costs would permit. No profit would be allowed to revert to the general fund, to decrease the burden of general taxation and, in the end, the taxpayers would have contributed \$15,000,000 for the benefit of the car riders.

"The argument that downtown property be made to contribute on account of the benefits conferred by the street railway system is also specious. Such property has already paid for the benefits so conferred in their general taxes which are levied on the basis of the values created by their location and accessibility on account of transportation service. To levy an additional tax on account of the municipal ownership and operation of the street railway system would mean the collection of forced tribute to the support of the railway utility.

Private Ownership Cited.

"Under private ownership, the property owners of the city were not forced to pay any tax in support of the street railway system. Why should they be compelled to do so merely because the city has acquired the system?

"The taxpayers are already paying some \$400,000 additional taxes to make up for the revenues from the company under private ownership, forfeited, when the city took over the system and which, in strict justice, should be made up to them by a profit in operation paid into the

general fund.

"No mention is made in this proposal to pay for the system by direct taxation of the owner of a home or building lot. Under our tax laws, and tax levied for the municipal street railway system upon downtown property would fall proportionately upon the owners of all taxable property. The owner of downtown realty might recoup himself by passing on the tax in increased rent to the merchants, professional men and others, who in their turn might recover it in increased charges to their patrons, but for the owner of a home in which he lives, or the owner of a building lot on which he hopes to build a home, there would be no escape. He could not pass on the tax. He could only pay or lose his property.

Save Cents, Lose Dollars

"But above and beyond all personal considerations, is the effect which the increase in taxation involved in this proposal would have upon the community. The necessity of curbing the increase of taxation in order to protect Seattle's opportunity to grow industrially is generally recognized, yet, if this \$15,000,000 were collected from the taxpayers of Seattle in equal installments during the remaining years of the life of the contract, even if the interest on the debt were met by the utility, the annual tax rate of the city would be increased more than 15 per cent, based on present assessed valuation.

"The fact that Seattle people

paid less for street car rides than people of competing cities would have no effect in securing of new industries or other investment, when offset by an increased tax rate. While saving pennies in street car fares, we would be losing dollars in industrial development and employment of our people.

"The proposal under discussion vitally affects Seattle's future growth and prosperity and demands the attention of all who are interested in Seattle's welfare."

DISAPPROVES JITNEY BILL

(Continued From Page One)

such jitney bus. This permit cannot be revoked excepting for failure to file the surety bond required by the statute or on account of habitual neglect to operate according to the terms of the permit without sufficient excuse therefor. The bill further repeals Ordinance No. 40886, which regulated the operation of jitney buses.

A study of this initiative measure discloses the fact that there is no real regulation provided therein at all, as the applicant fixes his own hours, route, termini, and rate of fare, and there is nothing to prevent such applicant if he desires to discontinue a route or change his hours from giving up his permit and then applying for another on different terms. In other words, the ordinance authorizes no regulations excepting such as are named by the applicant himself in his application for a permit, and in addition, the adoption of this initiative measure takes away from the City Council all power of regulation, as the Supreme Court of this state in *Stetson v. Seattle*, 74 Wash. 606, has held that the Council has no power to repeal or amend an ordinance adopted by the people under either the Initiative or Referendum provisions of the City Charter.

We believe it is conceded by nearly everyone that if the jitneys are allowed to run, they should be operated under reasonable regulations, and it being apparent that this initiative measure would prevent such regulations from being put in force, your Committee recommends

that the league go on record against the adoption of this initiative measure.

Respectfully submitted,
O. B. THORGRIMSON,
Chairman.

JOSEPH JACOBS.

S. M. BRACKETT.

MARION EDWARDS.

OPPOSES STREET CAR TAXATION

(Continued from page one)

Another big problem is still pending—that of time schedule. City officials have expressed the opinion the jitneys should give efficient service, and Superintendent Reeves will have this in mind when he drafts the set of schedules.

It is anticipated that there may be more difficulty in this matter than was experienced in the matter of routes. The schedules were not taken up because of an upset of the routes by Council would have necessitated a revision of the schedules too.

The schedule drafting will be speeded, as the jitneys' stand on the jitney referendum bill to be voted on November 2 depends on whether satisfactory regulation is adopted by the city before the special election.

The conference between the Council committee, the mayor, Superintendent Reeves and representatives of the Jitney Driver's Union and the Sound Transit Company decided to permit a charge of 15 cents on long haul such as the Alki run, and a maximum charge of 25 cents after A. M.

The jitneys' protest against the regulation that no bus should carry more than two more than the seating capacity was overruled. The committee agreed to let busses having standing room take on additional passengers accordingly.

Objects to Proposed Routes.

The Transit Company has taken strenuous exception to the routes drafted by Superintendent Reeves, but that official explained they had been drawn up with the approval of the company's agent who attended the conference, but that the company's trustees repudiated their representative's action. The company found fault with all but the East Union route, but all were adopted.

ed as recommended by Reeves.

Mayor Caldwell told the conference that the jitneur's patrons are entitled to consideration, but that neither the operators nor the patrons could run the city streets as they wanted, without regard to the general interest.

Hurrying to the side of the conductor, a passenger eagerly inquired:

"Do you think that I will have time to get a soda before the train starts?"

"Oh, yes," answered the conductor.

"But, suppose," suggested the thirsty passenger, "that the train should go without me?"

"We can easily fix that," promptly replied the conductor, "I will go along and have one with you."

ALFRED H. LUNDIN
Attorney Alaska Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Mary J. Phillips, Deceased. No. 26348.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Alfred H. Lundin, Administrator with will annexed of the Estate of Mary J. Phillips has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said Administrator with will annexed; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 23rd day of November, 1920, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.
Dated this 21st day of October, 1920.
PERCY F. THOMAS,
Clerk of said Court.
By GEO. L. BERGER,
Deputy.
First pub. Oct. 23, 1920. 4t Nov 13

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of George Taylor, Deceased. No. 28270. Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Executor of the estate of George Taylor, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Executor or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication October 23rd, 1920.
LEE JOHN TAYLOR,
Executor of said Estate.
Address: 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate, 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.

EDGAR J. WRIGHT
Attorney 1117 L.C. Smith Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County. In the Matter of the Estate of Nuino-suke Kobayashi, Deceased. Notice of Hearing Final Account and Petition for Distribution. No. 27343.
To Whom It May Concern: Please take notice that the administrator of the above estate has filed his final account and petition for distribution and that the above entitled court is asked to settle said account, distribute the property to the heirs and discharge said administrator and that the 12th day of November, 1920, at the hour of ten A. M., has been fixed as the time and the courtroom of the presiding judge of the above entitled court has been fixed as the place for the hearing of said matter.
Dated this 11th day of October, 1920.
F. OKAZAKI,
Administrator.
First pub. Oct. 16, 1920. 3t Oct 30

CHARLES H. HARTGE
Attorney 521 Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for King County.
In the Matter of the Estate of Annie Henderson, Deceased. In Probate. No. 28206. Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Alice Isabel Henderson, has been appointed and has qualified as administratrix of the estate of the above named Annie Henderson, deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased or against said estate are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administratrix or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service, within six months from the 23rd day of October, 1920, the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Dated at Seattle, Washington, October 18, 1920.
ALICE ISABEL HENDERSON,
As Administratrix of said Estate.
CHARLES H. HARTGE,
Attorney for the Administratrix,
Office and Post Office Address: 521 Central Building, Seattle, Washington.
First pub. Oct. 23, 1920. 4t Nov 13

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Jennie Murshaw, Deceased. No. 28231.
Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Executor of the estate of Jennie Murshaw, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Executor or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication, October 16, 1920.

CHARLES FREDERICK MUNSHAW
Executor of said Estate.
Address 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate, 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and for the County of King.
M. Thuesen and Lena Thuesen, his wife, Plaintiffs, vs. George E. Thuesen and Blanche J. Thuesen, his wife, Erick Erickson, and his unknown heirs, and all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in Lot 1, in Block 6, of Eastlake Addition to the City of Seattle, as per map recorded in Vol. 3 of Plats, Page 71, records of King County, Washington, Defendants. No. 146416. Summons by Publication.
The State of Washington to: George E. Thuesen and Blanche J. Thuesen, his wife, Erick Erickson, and his unknown heirs, and all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in Lot 1, in Block 6, of Eastlake Addition to the City of Seattle, as per map recorded in Vol. 3 of Plats, Page 71, records of King County, Washington, Defendants:
You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear at the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for King County, which County the plaintiffs designate as the place of trial, within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 16th day of October, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiffs, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for the plaintiffs at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the Clerk of said court.
The object of the above entitled action is to quiet the title of the plaintiffs in and to the following described property: Lot 1, in Block 6, of Eastlake Addition to the City of Seattle, as per map recorded in Vol. 3 of Plats, Page 71, records of King County, Washington, and declaring that the defendants have not, nor has any of them, any right, title, estate or interest whatsoever in or to the land and premises or any part thereof, and that the defendants and each of them be enjoined and debarred from asserting any claim whatsoever in or to the said land and premises adverse to the plaintiffs.

JOHN F. REED
Attorney for Plaintiffs,
Office and P. O. Address: 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Oct. 16, 1920. 7t Nov 27

CHARLES H. HARTGE
Attorney 521 Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for King County. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Isaac R. Spilman, Deceased. No. 19133.
Notice of Sale of Real Estate.
Notice is hereby given that an order has been made by the above entitled court in the above entitled matter authorizing and directing the undersigned, as administratrix of the estate of the above named deceased, to sell at private sale the following described real property:

Lots Six (6), Seven (7), Eight (8), Nine (9), Ten (10), and Eleven (11) in Block Nine (9) of Tolt Townsite Company's Plat of Tolt, situate in the town of Carnation, formerly Tolt, King County, State of Washington; and notice is hereby given that the said sale will be made on the 20th day of October, 1920, at ten (10) o'clock A. M. of said day or thereafter. Offers or bids will be received by the undersigned for the said property at 521 Central Building, Seattle, Washington, on said 20th day of October, 1920, at 10 o'clock A. M. or at any time thereafter until sale shall be made. Terms of sale as follows: Purchaser to deposit ten per cent (10%) of his offer with bid and to pay balance of purchase price in cash on delivery of deed to be executed by administratrix after confirmation of sale by said court.
Dated at Seattle, Washington, this 25th day of September, 1920.

SOPHIA A. SPILMAN,
As Administratrix of the Estate of Isaac R. Spilman, Deceased.
CHARLES H. HARTGE, Attorney for Administratrix, Office and Postoffice Address, 521 Central Building, Seattle, Washington.
First pub. Oct. 2, 1920. 3t Oct. 16

HORACE A. WILSON
Attorney 423-5 Lyon Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County J. I. Conrad, Plaintiff, vs. Robert E. McConaghy, Otto Beyer and Alice Beyer, his wife, Flora I. Weed, C. Clark Weed, Susie M. Weed and George Weed, Defendants. No. 145385. Summons for Publication.
The State of Washington to the said Otto Beyer, Defendant:
You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: Within sixty days after the 25th day of September, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court. The object of the above entitled action is to quiet the title in plaintiff to Lot Six (6) Block Nine (9) of New Wilfred Addition to the City of Seattle, King County, Washington, to have plaintiff declared the sole and exclusive owner, and to forever debar the defendants and each of them from asserting any right, title, interest or claim to the real property aforesaid.

HORACE A. WILSON,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
P. O. Address, 423-425 Lyon Building, Seattle, King County, Washington.
Date of first publication, Sept. 25, 1920.
7t Nov 6

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for the County of King.
Ceena Ranta, Plaintiff, vs. Anton Ranta, Defendant. No. 146156. Summons for Publication.
The State of Washington to: Anton Ranta, Defendant:
You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 2nd day of October, 1920, and defend the above entitled cause in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.
The object of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree dissolving the bonds of matrimony heretofore and now existing between plaintiff and defendant, and for such other and further relief as to the court may seem just and equitable.

JOHN F. REED,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
Office and P. O. Address: 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Oct. 2, 1920. 7t Nov 13

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JOHN F. REED

Attorney Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and for the County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Andrew H. Taylor, Deceased. No. 26152.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Annie L. Taylor, Executrix of the Estate of Andrew H. Taylor, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons entitled thereto and to discharge the said Executrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 8th day of November, 1920, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.
Dated this 7th day of October, 1920.

PERCY F. THOMAS,
Clerk of said Court.

By H. C. GORDON, Deputy.
First pub. Oct. 9, 1920. 4t Oct 30

JOHN F. REED

Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of George Shedden, Deceased. No. 23081.
Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Administratrix of the estate of George Shedden, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Administratrix or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication October 2, 1920.

MARY LULA SHEDDEN,
Administratrix of said Estate.
Address: 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Washington.

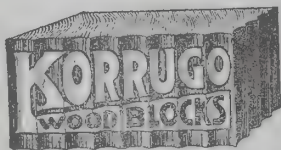
JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate,
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Oct. 2, 1920 4t Oct 23

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JOHN F. REED

Attorney Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and for the County of King.

Marion Gray, Plaintiff, vs. P. Stave, a widower, Mary Dechmann and Louis Dechmann, her husband; Dugald Campbell and James G. Campbell, as Executors of the Estate of A. J. McDonald, Deceased; Emil Burkhardt; H. L. Hanlon, doing business under the name and style of Northwestern News Bureau, and Henry Jennings & Sons, a corporation, Defendants. No.
Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to: P. Stave, a widower; Mary Dechmann and Louis Dechmann, her husband; Dugald Campbell and James G. Campbell, as Executors of the Estate of A. J. McDonald, Deceased; Emil Burkhardt; H. L. Hanlon, doing business under the name and style of Northwestern News Bureau; and Henry Jennings & Sons, a corporation, Defendants:
You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 28th day of August, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plain-

tiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of said action is to obtain a judgment on account of a promissory note given by the defendant, P. Stave, to the Northwest Trust & Safe Deposit Company, and endorsed by said Northwest Trust & Savings Bank, formerly the Northwest Trust & Safe Deposit Company to the plaintiff, in the sum of \$2,000.00, with interest thereon from the 8th day of May, 1920, at the rate of 7% per annum, and the further sum of \$175.11 paid by plaintiff on account of general taxes and assessments, with interest thereon from August 10th, 1920, at the rate of 7% per annum, together with attorney's fees and costs,

and to foreclose a real estate mortgage given by said P. Stave to said Northwest Trust & Safe Deposit Company (which said note and mortgage were sold and assigned by said Northwest Trust & Safe Deposit Company, now the Northwest Trust & Savings Bank, to the plaintiff), to secure the payment of said note, upon the following described real estate situated in King County, Washington, to-wit: Commencing at the northwest corner of Tract 11 of Ballard Acre Tracts, running thence east 80 feet; thence south 100 feet; thence west 80 feet; thence north 100 feet to the point of beginning, being a tract 50 by 100 feet.

JOHN F. REED,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
Office and Post Office Address: 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.

7t Oct 9

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. IX. NO. 45.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1920.

PRICE 10 CENTS

REPORT ON PIKE STREET MARKET EXTENSION

To the Municipal League:

We, a part of your committee appointed to investigate and report upon the proposed extension of the present Pike Street Market, beg to report as follows:

The committee met at the office of Robert F. Sandall, its president, Thursday, October 28th, at which time Russell H. White was out of the city and unable to attend, Fred Bert Jr., was absent, and George B. Littlefield, unable to attend, but approving of the following report in conversation with the chairman of the committee.

The proposed extension of the Pike Street Public Market has been before the city council for some time. It was referred to the Board of Public Works by the council, for investigation. The Board of Public Works referred the matter to the following committee:

Carl H. Reeves, Supt. Public Utilities, Chairman; Chas. R. Case, Supt. of Streets and Sewers; A. H. Dimock, City Engineer; James E. Blackwell, Supt. of Buildings.

The above committee made the following report:

Sept. 23, 1920

In re Extension of Public Market, Honorable Board of Public Works Seattle, Washington
Gentlemen:-

We, your committee, to whom was referred the matter of report on Public Market and Department Store Company and Fairlay Investment Company, beg leave to report as follows:

That if a market of this nature is to continue in this locality of Pike Street and Pike Place, the plan of such extension of the so-called Pike Place Market meets with the approval of the committee, our approval "must be based solely upon the ground of advantages to the public which would unquestionably offset its disadvantages."

You are advised that there will be no obstruction to the development of the street railway system by virtue of the extension of the market as requested.

In approving this plan your committee is not unmindful of the fact that the problem of market extension is not confined to the market alone. The problem of traffic whether it be foot or vehicular, must be considered

(Continued on page 2)

THE LEAGUE WILL MEET

Tuesday Noon, November 9

AT MEVES CAFETERIA—SECOND AND SENECA

Richard F. Scholz, of the U. of W. will speak on
"Municipal Statesmanship"

INDUSTRIAL DEMOCRACY IN EUROPE TOPIC OF LEAGUE ADDRESS

(Reported by Eimon L. Wienir)

Henry de Man, famous Belgian labor expert, who has been on two missions for his country within recent months and who returns to Belgium in December to head the National Labor College, addressed the League Tuesday on "Industrial Democracy in Europe." He said in part:

"Though we live at a time when technical means of transmitting information to the people has never been as thorough as it is at present, nevertheless the press has misdirected and misinformed the people to such an extent that we know little or nothing in this country of the industrial changes taking place in Europe."

"The industrial changes heralded in Russia are nothing in comparison with those taking place in central and western Europe. Belgium affords the best example of the newer conditions. It is really a microcosm of Europe, a mixture of Anglo-Saxon, Teutonic and Latin elements; it is the oldest industrial civilization; and on account of its small size and homogeneous population it is an excellent place to study prevailing conditions in Europe."

"Out of a population of eight millions it has one million indus-

trial factory workers. Belgium now has an eight hour day and wages commensurate with cost of living. But wages and working hours have ceased to be the important issues. A growing share in the way of what labor conditions shall be and control of industry itself are now the all important questions.

"The key to the quick recovery of Belgium lay in the ability to enlist the support of the workers in the task of re-starting industry. This was made possible by creating conditions giving labor sure means of controlling and determining conditions — industrial councils, formed through the free initiative between employers and employees organizations, and legalized after their creation by the Government.

"Prior to the war legal councils existed but these were entirely forgotten, giving way to the "free" councils. Potential strikes after the armistice, cost of living having gone up, labor having been out of employment for over four years, made it imperative to "find the way out." While the system is not ideal as yet and a violent struggle may yet come, nevertheless the destructive effect of such a struggle has been done away with. As to results: it has lessened the number of strikes; it has invested nearly 60,000 workers with some kind of responsibility in settling
(Continued on Page Two)

POWER SALES OF CITY ELECTRIC PLANT

Editor, Seattle Municipal News,
Seattle.

Dear Sir:

As one of your members it has been my privilege to attend many of the inspiring weekly meetings of the matters of public interest and welfare have been so ably presented by representative speakers for the occasion among which, Skagit Power Development, as presented by Mr. R. H. Thomson, may perhaps be considered as one of the most important and interesting. With no intention to criticize and only a desire to provide information not already given regarding this vast undertaking which involves the ultimate expenditure of an amount of money equal to four times the present total bonded debt of the City of Seattle, and which may possibly affect our future welfare and progress, your attention is directed to the following:

In accordance with a request from the City Council for information as to Skagit expenditures and probable cost for development, Engineer Uhden submitted a report, summarized as follows:

Expenditures to January 1, 1921, preliminary to plant construction, \$1,832,829.52; Estimated cost for Gorge Creek development: Plan A, high dam, daily storage, 60,000 K. V. A. installation, \$11,000,000; Plan B, low dam, no daily storage, 40,000 K. V. A. installation, \$8,000,000; Plan C, low dam, no daily storage, 40,000 K. V. A. installation, \$7,000,000; Cost per K. W. H., high tension busses, Seattle: (bear these figures in mind) Plan A. \$.0043; Plan B. \$.0052; Plan C. \$.0045. Reporting to the City Council on August 2nd, 1920, City Engineer Dimock favors the adoption of Plan C. at \$7,000,000, which involves the construction of a temporary timber diversion dam, providing no storage, to be later replaced by a high concrete impounding dam affording storage sufficient for daily regulation.

In the past the City has demonstrated a tendency to under-estimate rather than over-estimate the cost for work of this character but this fact will be here disregarded and the above figures assumed as correct. On this basis your attention is directed to the following: Gorge Creek development, Plan C, initial expenditure \$7,000,000; Annual depreciation charge @ 3½%, \$245,000; Annual bond interest @ 6%, \$420,000; Annual payment to sinking fund for amortiza-

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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George S. Kahin
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Jackson Silbaugh

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

tion, \$288,000; Annual fixed charges, Gorge Creek plant, \$953,000. Cedar River and Lake Union plants, present investment, not including 'floating assets of several million dollars,' \$10,636,682; Annual depreciation charge @3%, \$319,000; interest on \$6,913,000 outstanding bonds, \$320,000; Sinking fund for amortization, \$284,000; Annual fixed charges, present plant, \$923,000. Annual fixed charges under Skagit operation, both plants, \$1,876,000. Should the City undertake the extension of the railway to Ruby during 1922 and 1923, as contemplated in the plan for future development, the cost for the extension, estimated at \$1,500,000, must be added to the amount already involved in fixed charges making total payment for that account in excess of \$2,000,000 annually. Should the City then proceed further, as planned, to build the immense dam at Ruby that will require 3 or 4 years to complete at a cost of several millions and from which the City could derive no possible benefit before 1925, the cost of this dam must also be included in the amount involved in fixed charges which would increase the annual payment therefor to approximately \$2,500,000 with no addition up to this time in the amount of power available for sale.

The City Lighting Department reports total current sales from all sources for the year 1919 as 90,081,504 KWH and total revenues of \$.0232 per KWH, distributed as follows:

Business, 23,213,703 KWH, \$547,718.79 or \$.0235 per KWH.
Residence, 14,868,733 KWH, \$744,649.14 or \$.0501 per KWH.
Private AC, 40,029,318 KWH, \$438,475.86 or \$.0110 per KWH.
Private DC, 1,696,274 KWH, \$40,284.60 or \$.0238 per KWH.
Domestic Power, 2,045,242 KWH, \$61,650.65 or \$.0301 per KWH.
St. Railway, 2,555,990 KWH, \$25,601.90 or \$.0101.
St. Lighting, 5,672,244 KWH, \$227,564.76 or \$.0402.
Total sales, 90,081,504 KWH, \$2,-

085,945.70 or \$.0232 per KWH.

For the 8 months period from January to August inclusive, 1919:

Total current sales, 54,520,208 KWH.
Total revenues, \$1,280,390.76.
Average selling price \$.0235 per KWH.

For the corresponding period of 1920:

Total current sales, 47,413,343 KWH.
Total revenues, rebates disregarded, \$1,405,649.38.
Average selling price, \$.0296 per KWH.

Current sales, decrease in 1920, 7,106,865 KWH, equal to 13.6%.

Revenues, increase in 1920, \$125,258.62, equal to 9.7%.

Selling price, \$.0061 per KWH, equal to 26%.

For the period of July and August only, 1919:

Current sales, 14,248,107 KWH, Revenues, \$287,773.28, selling price \$.0202 per KWH.

For the period of July and August, 1920:

Current sales, 9,721,871, decrease 4,526,236 or 32%. Revenues, \$295,199.21, increase \$7,425.93 or 2.5%. Selling price, \$.0304 per KWH, increase \$.0102 or 50%.

The increase in average selling price for July and August, 1920, over 1919, amounting to 50%, was due partly to an increase in rates effective in July, and to a change in the general character of sales made, the reduction in sales for power purposes at low rates being largely replaced by an increase in sales for residence lighting, etc., at the higher rates.

Operation and maintenance costs for the year 1919 amounted to \$1,189,837.97 for current sales totaling 90,081,504 KWH, equal to \$.0132 per KWH. Should the business of the Lighting Department continue at the rate established by the months of July and August, 1920, the annual sales will approximate 60,000,000 KWH, and the cost of production under Skagit operation in 1923 would be as follows:

Operation and maintenance, as of

1919, \$.0132

Fixed charges, not including R. R. extension, \$1,876,000; \$.0313

Total cost, annual sales of 60,000,000 KWH, \$.0445.

Should circumstances arise that will enable the City to recover its lost business by 1923 the cost to the Lighting Department will be as follows:

Operation and maintenance, as of 1919, \$.0132

Fixed charges, including R. R. extension, \$2,000,000; \$.0222

Total cost, annual sales of 90,000,000 KWH, \$.0354.

If it were possible to dispose of the entire output of the Gorge Creek and Cedar River plants operating simultaneously to capacity on the present load factor increasing annual sales by 1925 to 120,000,000 KWH, the cost would be approximately as follows:

Operation and maintenance, as of 1919, \$.0132

Fixed charges, R. R. and Ruby dam included, \$2,500,000; \$.0208.

Total cost, annual sales of 120,000,000 KWH, \$.0340

Furthermore, deduction of stream-flow of Skagit River from records of the U. S. Geological Survey from 1909 to 1919 inclusive show the necessity for the operation of Cedar River and Lake Union plants as standby during the six-months period of low water in the Skagit, from October to March inclusive, when the demand for power is greatest which necessitates the employment of operators at the standby plant and a consequent increase in the cost for operation and maintenance, estimated at one-half cent per KWH, which should be added to the costs shown above.

The foregoing figures show the cost to the Lighting Department under Skagit operation to be approximately ten times the estimated cost for power delivered from the Gorge Creek plant as reported to the City Council by the Skagit Engineer. With average selling price at three cents, as of July and August, 1920, and costs ranging from four to five cents, the City will again be called upon to increase the schedule of rates of the Lighting Department in order to make up a deficiency that will exceed one million dollars annually which would otherwise invite disaster and force the Utility into bankruptcy to keep company with the Seattle Municipal Railway.

Yours very truly,

B. H. PETLEY

Civil Engineer, 1616 Hoge Building.

REPORT ON PIKE MARKET (Continued from page one)

in connection with this plan.

This however is not true of some other features of the plan. A letter from the Superintendent of Streets and Sewers is hereto attached and covers in detail the questions which arose in committee in re traffic in general. In other words, your committee wishes to impress on your Honorable Body the fact that the net increase in the traffic on Pike Place, due to an enlarged market and the opening of Elliott Avenue and streets

to the north, must be considered and provision made for such increase by sooner or later providing additional roadway and sidewalk space.

The proposed plan will remove from the roadway area all farmer's stalls, which in itself is highly desirable.

Your attention is also called to the fact that provision has been made in the redrafted traffic ordinance, now before the city council, for a thirty minute standing provision on Pike Street and Pike Place, west of 1st Ave., thereby assisting the traffic in this congested area.

We are also of the opinion that the outlook over the comfort station at Pike Place and Pike Street should not be reduced in area or otherwise curtailed.

A letter from superintendent of buildings covering building matters in general is also hereto attached.

Your committee is also of the opinion that all stalls should be rented direct from the city, rather than have some rented by the Farket Company and some by the city, owing to the fact that this would sooner or later lead to difficulty in the controlling of the farmer's stalls and the enforcement of rules governing them.

Your attention is directed to a letter from the commissioner of health, hereto attached, giving his views on this particular matter.

You will also find attached to this communication Council File No. 78459, together with other papers submitted to the Board of Public Works and this committee.

We, your committee, approve of the above report. We favor the retention of the market in its present location; of its extension to meet with the present demand, and insofar as the same can be done with respect to the widening of streets, and other necessary improvements.

We especially feel that the stalls should all be rented direct from the city, rather than have some rented from the city and some from the Market Company. If this is not done we fear that there would be difficulty in properly controlling the market by the city. Respectfully submitted

ROBERT F. SANDALI

Chairman City Development Committee.

HENRY DE MAN'S SPEECH (Continued From Page One)

industrial disputes; and it has resulted in Belgium being the first industrial nation in Europe to get on its feet again.

"The only way for Europe to recover from the effects of the war, is, in my opinion, to find machinery that will give normal expression to labor over the whole system of production. If it will try to solve its problems in the same spirit of "give and take" as did Belgium then our comparative success gives me permission to be optimistic as to results."

JAMES W. REYNOLDS

Attorney 303 Burke Building
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate No. 28334
In the Matter of the Estate of Ralph
Smailes, Deceased.
Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as the executrix of the estate of Ralph Smailes, deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified on said executrix or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the clerk of said court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice or the same will be barred.

MARY H. SMAILES
Executrix

JAMES W. REYNOLDS, Attorney for
Estate, 303 Burke Building, Seattle,
Wash.
Date of first publication, Oct. 30th,
1920. 4t Nov. 20.

AFRED H. LUNDIN

Attorney Alaska Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for the County
of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Mary J.
Phillips, Deceased. No. 26848.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and
Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Alfred H. Lundin, Administrator with will annexed of the Estate of Mary J. Phillips has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said Administrator with will annexed; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 23rd day of November, 1920, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 21st day of October, 1920.
PERCY F. THOMAS,
Clerk of said Court.
By GEO. L. BERGER, Deputy.
First pub. Oct. 23, 1920. 4t Nov 13

JOHN F. REED

Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County.
In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of George
Taylor, Deceased. No. 28270. Notice
to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Executor of the estate of George Taylor, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Executor or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication October 23rd, 1920.
LEE JOHN TAYLOR,
Executor of said Estate.
Address: 960 Empire Building, Seattle,
Wash.
JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate,
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Oct. 23, 1920. 4t Nov 13

EDGAR J. WRIGHT

Attorney 1117 L.C. Smith Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County.
In the Matter of the Estate of Nui-
suke Kobayashi, Deceased. Notice of
Hearing Final Account and Petition
For Distribution. No. 27343.

To Whom it May Concern: Please take notice that the administrator of the above estate has filed his final account and petition for distribution and that the above entitled court is asked to settle said account, distribute the property to the heirs and discharge said administrator and that the 12th day of November, 1920, at the hour of ten A. M., has been fixed as the time and the courtroom of the presiding judge of the above entitled court has been fixed as the place for the hearing of said matter.

Dated this 11th day of October, 1920.
F. OKAZAKI,
Administrator.
First pub. Oct. 16, 1920. 3t Oct 30

CHARLES H. HARTGE

Attorney 521 Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for King
County.
In the Matter of the Estate of Annie
Henderson, Deceased. In Probate. No.
28206. Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Alice Isabel Henderson, has been appointed and has qualified as administratrix of the estate of the above named Annie Henderson, deceased; that

all persons having claims against said deceased or against said estate are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administratrix or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service, within six months from the 23rd day of October, 1920, the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Dated at Seattle, Washington, October 18, 1920.

Alice Isabel Henderson,
As Administratrix of said Estate.
CHARLES H. HARTGE,
Attorney for the Administratrix,
Office and Post Office Address: 521
Central Building, Seattle, Washington.
First pub. Oct. 23, 1920. 4t Nov 13

JOHN F. REED

Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, for King County
In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Jennie
Munshaw, Deceased. No. 28234.
Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Executor of the estate of Jennie Munshaw, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Executor or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, October 16, 1920.
CHARLES FREDERICK MUNSHAW,
Executor of said Estate.
Address 960 Empire Building, Seattle,
Wash.

JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate,
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
4t Nov 6

JOHN F. REED

Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT IF THE
State of Washington, in and for the
County of King.

M. Thuesen and Lena Thuesen, his wife, Plaintiffs, vs. George E. Thuesen and Blanche J. Thuesen, his wife, Erick Erickson, and his unknown heirs, and all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in Lot 1, in Block 6, of Eastlake Addition to the City of Seattle, as per map recorded in Vol. 3 of Plats, Page 71, records of King County, Washington, Defendants. No. 146416. Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to: George E. Thuesen and Blanche J. Thuesen, his wife, Eric Erickson, and his unknown heirs, and all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in Lot 1, in Block 6, of Eastlake Addition to the City of Seattle, as per map recorded in Vol. 3 of Plats, Page 71, records of King County, Washington, Defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear at the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for King County, which County the plaintiffs designate as the place of trial, within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 16th day of October, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiffs, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for the plaintiffs at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the Clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is to quiet the title of the plaintiffs in and to the following described property: Lot 1, in Block 6, of Eastlake Addition to the City of Seattle, as per map recorded in Vol. 3 of Plats, Page 71, records of King County, Washington, and declaring that the defendants have not, nor has any of them, any right, title, estate or interest whatsoever in or to the land and premises or any part thereof, and that the defendants and each of them be enjoined and debarred from asserting any claim whatsoever in or to the said land and premises adverse to the plaintiffs.

JOHN F. REED,
Attorney for Plaintiffs,
Office and P. O. Address:
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Oct. 16, 1920. 7t Nov 27

CHAS. H. HARTGE

Attorney 521 Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for King
County.
Chase Eastman, Plaintiff, vs. Cecilie
Dannenhirsch, Alexander Brooks, Amalie
(also known as Amalie) Hirsch-
berg, Johanna Lindo (formerly Jo-
hanna Phillips), Amalia Hirschberg,
as surviving executrix of the will of
Ludwig Brooks, deceased, and Amalie

Hirschberg, as administratrix of the estate of Lena Brooks, deceased, Defendants. No. 146759. Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to the said: Alexander Brooks, Amalie (also known as Amalie) Hirschberg, Johanna Lindo (formerly Johanna Phillips), Amalia Hirschberg, as surviving executrix of the will of Ludwig Brooks, deceased, and Amalie Hirschberg, as administratrix of the estate of Lena Brooks, deceased, Defendants.

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 30th day of October, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff, at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of said action is to obtain the judgment of the above entitled court that that certain mortgage dated February 2, 1914, made by Ludwig Brooks and Lena Brooks, then husband and wife, to Bothwell & Crockett Company, a corporation, and which is now of record in the office of the auditor of King County, State of Washington, in Volume 592 of Mortgages at page 139 of the records of said King County, State of Washington, and which said mortgage has been assigned to plaintiff, is a valid first mortgage lien upon Lot Eighteen (18) in Block Three (3) of Boston Heights Addition to Seattle, situate in King County, State of Washington, and every part thereof, for security of payment of that certain promissory note and interest coupon notes described in said mortgage, and certain sums set forth in said complaint amounting to, for the principal of the said promissory note and said interest coupon notes and taxes and assessments paid, the total sum of Twenty-two Hundred Seventy-three Dollars and Eighty-eight Cents (\$2273.88), with interest on the portions of said total sum at the rate of ten per cent (10%) per annum as follows:

On \$1500.00 from February 2, 1919;
On \$25.50 from February 2, 1916;
On \$25.50 from August 2, 1916;
On \$52.50 from February 2, 1917;
On \$52.50 from August 2, 1917;
On \$52.50 from February 2, 1918;
On \$52.50 from August 2, 1918;
On \$52.50 from February 2, 1919;
On \$406.38 from June 10, 1918;

and for the further sum of Three Hundred Dollars (\$300.00) attorney's fees, and for plaintiff's costs and disbursements in said action, and to obtain judgment for the foreclosure of said mortgage and sale of the said lands and premises at foreclosure sale and the application of the proceeds of said sale to payment of the costs of such sale, and then to payment of the sums and amounts hereinbefore set forth to the plaintiff, and that defendants and each of them and all persons claiming by, through, or under them, or any of them, be by such foreclosure sale foreclosed and barred of and from all claim, right, and equity of redemption in or to said lands and premises and every part thereof, except only the statutory right of redemption for one year after such sale, and for such other, further, or different relief in the premises as shall be equitable.

CHARLES H. HARTGE,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address: 521 Central Building, Seattle, King County, Washington.
1st Pub. Oct. 30, 1920. 7t Dec 11

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JOHN F. REED

Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for the
County of King.

Ceena Ranta, Plaintiff, vs. Anton Ranta,
Defendant. No. 146156. Summons
For Publication.

The State of Washington to: Anton
Ranta, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 2nd day of October, 1920, and defend the above entitled cause in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree dissolving the bonds of matrimony heretofore and now existing between plaintiff and defendant, and for such other and further relief as to the court may seem just and equitable.

JOHN F. REED,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and P. O. Address: 960 Empire
Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Oct. 2, 1920. 7t Nov 13

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HORACE A. WILSON
Attorney 423-5 Lyon Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
J. I. Conrad, Plaintiff, vs. Robert E.
McConaghy, Otto Beyer and Alice
Beyer, his wife, Flora I. Weed, C.
Clark Weed, Susie M. Weed and
George Weed, Defendants. No 145385.
Summons for Publication.
The State of Washington to the said
Otto Beyer, Defendant:
You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty days after the date of the
first publication of this summons, to-
wit: Within sixty days after the 25th
day of September, 1920, and defend the
above entitled action in the above en-
titled court, and answer the complaint
of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of
your answer upon the undersigned at-
torney for plaintiff at his office below
stated; and in case of your failure so
to do, judgment will be rendered
against you according to the demand
of the complaint, which has been filed
with the clerk of said court. The ob-
ject of the above entitled action is to
quiet the title in plaintiff to Lot Six
(6) Block Nine (9) of New Wilfred
Addition to the City of Seattle, King
County, Washington, to have plaintiff
declared the sole and exclusive owner,
and to forever debar the defendants
and each of them from asserting any
right, title, interest or claim to the
real property aforesaid.
HORACE A. WILSON,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
P. O. Address, 423-425 Lyon Building,
Seattle, King County, Washington.
Date of first publication, Sept. 25, 1920.
7t Nov 6

CHARLES H. HARTGE
Attorney 521 Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for King
County.
Thornton Academy, a corporation,
Plaintiff, vs. Cecilie Dannenhirsch,
Alexander Brooks, Amelia (also known
as Amalie) Hirschberg, Johanna Lin-
do (formerly Johanna Phillips),
Amelia Hirschberg, as surviving exe-
cutrix of the will of Ludwig Brooks,
deceased, and Amalie Hirschberg, as
administratrix of the estate of Lena
Brooks, deceased, Defendants. No.
146760. Summons by Publication.
The State of Washington to the said:
Alexander Brooks, Amelia (also known
as Amalie) Hirschberg, Johanna Lin-
do (formerly Johanna Phillips),

Amelia Hirschberg, as surviving exe-
cutrix of the will of Ludwig Brooks,
deceased, and Amalie Hirschberg, as
administratrix of the estate of Lena
Brooks, deceased, Defendants.
You and each of you are hereby sum-
moned to appear within sixty (60) days
after the date of the first publication
of this summons, to-wit: within sixty
(60) days after the 30th day of Octo-
ber, 1920, and defend the above en-
titled action in the above entitled court,
and answer the complaint of the plain-
tiff and serve a copy of your answer
upon the undersigned attorney for
plaintiff, at his office below stated; and
in case of your failure so to do, judg-
ment will be rendered against you ac-
cording to the demand of the complaint
which has been filed with the clerk of
said court.
The object of said action is to obtain
the judgment of the above entitled court
that that certain mortgage dated Feb-
ruary 2, 1914, made by Ludwig Brooks
and Lena Brooks, then husband and
wife, to Bothwell & Crockett Company,
a corporation, and which is now of
record in the office of the auditor of
King County, State of Washington, in
Volume 592 of Mortgages at page 138
of the records of said King County,
and which said mortgage has been as-
signed to plaintiff, is a valid first mort-
gage lien upon Lot Ten (10) in Block
Seventeen (17) of Renton Hill, an ad-
dition to Seattle, according to the re-
corded plat thereof, situate in King
County, State of Washington, and ev-
ery part thereof, for security of pay-
ment of that certain promissory note

and interest coupon notes described in
said mortgage, and certain sums set
forth in said complaint, amounting to,
for the principal of the said promissory
note and said interest coupon notes
Twenty-eight Hundred Thirty Dollars
and Fifty-four Cents (\$2830.54), with
interest on the portions of said total
sums at the rate of ten per cent (10%)
per annum as follows:
On \$1800.00 from February 2, 1919;
On \$63.00 from February 2, 1916;
On \$63.00 from August 2, 1916;
On \$63.00 from February 2, 1917;
On \$63.00 from August 2, 1917;
On \$63.00 from February 2, 1918;
On \$63.00 from August 2, 1918;
On \$63.00 from February 2, 1919;
On \$589.54 from June 8, 1918;
and for the further sum of Three Hun-
dred Dollars (\$300.00) attorney's fees,
and for plaintiff's costs and disburse-
ments in said action, and to obtain
judgment for the foreclosure of said

mortgage and sale of the said lands and
premises at foreclosure sale and the
application of the proceeds of said sale
to payment of the costs of such sale,
and then to payment of the sums and
amounts hereinbefore set forth to the
plaintiff, and that defendants and each
of them and all persons claiming by,
through, or under them, or any of them,
be by such foreclosure sale foreclosed
and barred of and from all claim,
right, and equity of redemption in or
to said lands and premises and every
part thereof, except only the statutory
right of redemption for one year after
such sale, and for such other, further,
or different relief in the premises as
shall be equitable.

CHARLES H. HARTGE,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
Office and Post Office Address: 521 Cen-
tral Building, Seattle, King County,
Washington.
1st Pub. Oct. 30, 1920. 7t Dec 11

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Seattle Municipal News

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VOL. IX. NO. 46.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1920.

PRICE 10 CENTS

MUNICIPAL STATESMANSHIP

(Reported by Eimon L. Wiener)

Richard F. Scholz, Prof. University of Washington, addressed the Municipal League Tuesday on "Municipal Statesmanship." He said in part:

"Statesmanship is the constructive-ability to work our forward looking programs and to crystallize public sentiment behind them. A statesman must see things as a whole and in perspective; he must face realities --- in all facts, whatever they may be, and no matter how uncomfortable; he must have courage and vision.

"Of the three great problems facing Seattle today, the transportation problem, which is intimately connected with housing problems, is one of the most important. We must keep the transportation feature separated from the financial. If we have made a mistake, we must face it.

"The second problem facing Seattle is that of industrial peace. Not only process of production is involved. It is a matter of politics, --- the science of teaching men how to associate with the ability to cooperate, and, if necessary, to learn how to compromise. The great industrial problem today is not that of fight for distribution of wealth, but for economic power. We must know what is going on in Europe and especially in England. The old world, from the industrial standpoint, is the new world.

"The process of industrialization which began in 1890, when Western land was no longer available has the safety valve of free lands. We must adjust our political machinery to the new social and industrial conditions. We need a new attitude.

"The race question is of extreme importance to Seattle. Your

THE LEAGUE WILL MEET
Tuesday Noon, November 16, 1920
AT MEVES CAFETERIA—SECOND AND SENECA

J. C. Lindsay, Industrial Engineer will speak

Bring a friend with you to the luncheon

function is to stop exploiting the race issue for the purpose of increasing circulation of a newspaper. In exclusion is the solution of the Japanese question, let us have it, but by all means, let it be gotten by honorable methods --- diplomatic intercourse through the Federal Government.

"We ought to have a community newspaper in Seattle, one that will bring out both sides to the question. Our present troubles are largely due to the fact that the thousands of readers of one newspaper will not read the other, and learn the other side."

TOLEDO GRANTS STREET RAILWAY FRANCHISE

From "The Toledo City Journal"

Toledo's street car question has been permanently settled.

By a vote of more than two to one, Toledo's electorate approved the service-at-cost ordinance granting a franchise to the Community Traction Company, a newly incorporated company, formed to take over the street railway interests of the Toledo Railways and Light Company. By approximately the same majority they voted down the two proposed bond issues for a municipal transportation system.

The new franchise will go into effect as soon as the Toledo Railways Light Company and the

Community Traction Company have filed with the Clerk of Council their formal acceptance of the ordinance, and the transfer of the property has been effected. The date of the transfer will be the date of the taking effect of the ordinance.

Fare to Go Down

After these formalities have been completed, the first effects of the franchise upon the car-riding public will be in the lower fare that will go into operation at once. The fare will be reduced from its present level of seven cents cash fare and three tickets for 20 cents, and two cents for transfers, to the new rate of six cents cash fare, five tickets for 30 cents, and one cent for transfer. This rate will be in effect for six months, after which the fare will be determined automatically by the level of the reservoir known as the Stabilizing Fund.

Also among the first steps to be taken will be the appointment of a Board of Street Railway Control by the mayor. This board will be made up of three electors of the City of Toledo, appointed for terms of two years, four years and six years respectively. These three persons must not be in the employ of either the city or the company, nor be shareholders nor holders of bonds of the company, nor be members of the Ohio legislature. They are to be unsalaried.

(Continued on page 2)

STREET CAR FINANCES REPORT

Seattle, Washington,
November 1, 1920.

The Municipal League,
Seattle, Wash.

Gentlemen:

There was recently referred to your Utilities Committee for investigation and report the various problems now confronting the Seattle Municipal Railway system. Your committee took up the consideration of these problems with the full appreciation of the public's growing interest in the matter, and its desire to receive authentic information as to the actual status of our railroad properties, and advice as to the best methods to pursue to correct the manifest difficulties under which it is operating.

It at once became apparent, however, that so much was involved in such an investigation, that there were so many collateral issues, that no worthwhile report could be made unless more time and funds were available than the committee has at its disposal. The committee is strongly of the opinion that a report based upon insufficient investigation, with suggestions of partial or ill-considered remedies is certain to do more harm than good.

With the railroad problem are involved the following:

- The Jitneys
- Subways
- Increased fares
- Tax burdens and tax limitations.

It is believed that the League will be best, in such vital matters, to discourage the issuance of reports, unless based on thorough investigation by competent men, even though such reports may not issue more than once a year or two years.

The Committee has, however,

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 Robert F. Sandall
 Jackson Silbaugh

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

thought than an authentic statement of the actual financial operations of the property from the time of its purchase to date, would be a necessary first part of any farther investigation that might be made; that such data was obtainable within the time available to the committee and that its publication would be of interest and value to the public. The committee, therefore, renders herewith such a statement as a progress report, to be followed, from time to time as occasion permits, with further data, etc.

* * *

Obligations incurred to date and still outstanding, for securing a municipal system of street railways, and the extension and amplification of the same after secured.

Utility Bonds

\$ 100,000 first payment Jan. 1, 1920
 15,000,000 first payment Mch 1, 1922
 400,000 first payment Mch 1, 1930
 150,000 first payment Jan. 1, 1930
 790,000 first payment Sept. 1, 1930

\$16,440,000

General Bonds

\$ 300,000 mature May 1, 1933.
 125,000 mature April 1, 1935.
 350,000 mature April 1, 1938.

\$17,215,000.

I, F. G. Whaley, State Examiner, do hereby certify that the attached tables of accrued bond interest, and bond maturities, effecting the accounts of the Seattle Municipal Street Railway, are true and correct as to amount and date, and agree with the records as kept by the City of Seattle.

F. G. WHALEY,
 State Examiner.

Subscribed and sworn to before me

this 1st day of November, 1920.

(Seal) AIMEE J. GOULD,

Notary Public in and for the State of Washington, residing at Seattle.

Year to Year Obligations			
Year	Bond Accruals	Bond Interest	Total to be Provided
1921	\$ 10,000	\$858,150.00	\$ 868,150.00
1922	843,000	822,841.67	1,665,841.67
1923	843,000	780,591.66	1,623,591.66
1924	843,000	738,341.67	1,581,341.67
1925	843,000	696,091.67	1,539,091.67

1926	843,000	653,841.66	1,496,841.66
1927	843,000	611,591.67	1,454,591.67
1928	843,000	569,341.67	1,412,341.67
1929	843,000	527,091.66	1,370,091.66
1930	977,000	481,420.83	1,458,420.83
1931	967,000	433,070.83	1,400,070.83
1932	967,000	384,720.84	1,351,720.84
1933	1,267,000	327,370.83	1,594,370.83
1934	967,000	274,520.83	1,241,520.83
1935	1,092,000	221,952.09	1,313,952.09
1936	967,000	172,195.83	1,139,195.83
1937	967,000	123,845.83	1,090,845.83
1938	1,317,000	63,027.09	1,380,027.09
1939	973,000	10,270.83	983,270.83

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F. G. WHALEY,
 State Examiner.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of November, 1920.

(Seal) AIMEE J. GOULD,

Notary Public in and for the State of Washington, residing at Seattle.

* * *

During the last eight months, according to the report, the railway has been operated at a loss of \$200,000, not including any allowance for depreciation nor payment of principal or interest.

TOLEDO GRANTS STREET RAILWAY FRANCHISE

(Continued from page one)

The Street Railway Commission

When the Board of Control has been organized, they will select a Street Railway Commissioner who will then be appointed by the Mayor upon their recommendation. This Commissioner will be the paid representative of the Board of Control and the City, charged with the duty of protecting the rights of the public in the operation of the system. His salary, office rent, and supplies will be paid for by the Company. His office will be in connection with other city offices, rather than the company's offices as is the case in some other cities where similar franchises are in effect.

Another immediate job of the Board of Control is the preparation of a plan for the re-arrangement of the street railway system with the view of more efficient operation and better service. The franchise requires that this plan shall include provisions

Indications of a Mild Winter



(Copyright)

for a crosstown line. The only limitation placed on the Board in planning a re-arrangement of the system is that it shall not involve a cost of more than one million dollars, nor impair the ability of the company to meet its obligations and earn its specified return on its investment.

HORACE A. WILSON

Attorney 423-5 Lyon Bldg.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County J. I. Conrad, Plaintiff, vs. Robert E. McConaghy, Otto Beyer and Alice Beyer, his wife, Flora I. Weed, C. Clark Weed, Susie M. Weed and George Weed, Defendants. No. 145385. Summons for Publication.

The State of Washington to the said Otto Beyer, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: Within sixty days after the 25th day of September, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court. The object of the above entitled action is to quiet the title in plaintiff to Lot Six (6) Block Nine (9) of New Wilfred Addition to the City of Seattle, King County, Washington, to have plaintiff declared the sole and exclusive owner, and to forever debar the defendants and each of them from asserting any right, title, interest or claim to the real property aforesaid.

HORACE A. WILSON,

Attorney for Plaintiff,

P. O. Address, 423-425 Lyon Building, Seattle, King County, Washington. Date of first publication, Sept. 25, 1920. 7t Nov 6

JOHN F. REED

Attorney 960 Empire Bldg

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Jennie Munshaw, Deceased. No. 28234. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Executor of the estate of Jennie Munshaw, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Executor or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred. Date of first publication, October 16, 1920.

CHARLES FREDERICK MUNSHAW, Executor of said Estate, Address 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.

JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate, 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash. 4t Nov 6

EDGAR J. WRIGHT

Attorney 1117 L.C. Smith Bldg

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County. In the Matter of the Estate of Nuiosuke Kobayashi, Deceased. Notice of Hearing Final Account and Petition For Distribution. No. 27343.

To Whom it May Concern: Please take notice that the administrator of the above estate has filed his final account and petition for distribution and that the above entitled court is asked to settle said account, distribute the property to the heirs and discharge said administrator and that the 12th day of November, 1920, at the hour of ten A. M., has been fixed as the time and the courtroom of the presiding judge of the above entitled court has been fixed as the place for the hearing of said matter.

Dated this 11th day of October, 1920. F. OKAZAKI,

Administrator. First pub. Oct. 16, 1920. 3t Oct 30

JOHN F. REED

Attorney 960 Empire Bldg

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of George Taylor, Deceased. No. 28270. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Executor of the estate of George Taylor, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the

same, duly verified, on said Executor or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred. Date of first publication October 23rd, 1920.

LEE JOHN TAYLOR,

Executor of said Estate.

Address: 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.

JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate, 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.

First pub. Oct. 23, 1920. 4t Nov 13

CHARLES H. HARTGE

Attorney

521 Central Bldg

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for King County.

In the Matter of the Estate of Annie Henderson, Deceased. In Probate. No. 28206. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Alice Isabel Henderson, has been appointed and has qualified as administratrix of the estate of the above named Annie Henderson, deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased or against said estate are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administratrix or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service, within six months from the 23rd day of October, 1920, the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Dated at Seattle, Washington, October 18, 1920.

ALICE ISABEL HENDERSON,

As Administratrix of said Estate.

CHARLES H. HARTGE,

Attorney for the Administratrix,

Office and Post Office Address: 521 Central Building, Seattle, Washington.

First pub. Oct. 23, 1920. 4t Nov 13

JOHN F. REED

Attorney 960 Empire Bldg

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and for the County of King.

M. Thuesen and Lena Thuesen, his wife, Plaintiffs, vs. George E. Thuesen and Blanche J. Thuesen, his wife, Erick Erickson, and his unknown heirs, and all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in Lot 1, in Block 6, of Eastlake Addition to the City of Seattle, as per map recorded in Vol. 3 of Plats, Page 71, records of King County, Washington, Defendants. No. 146416. Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to: George E. Thuesen and Blanche J. Thuesen, his wife, Erick Erickson, and his unknown heirs, and all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in Lot 1, in Block 6, of Eastlake Addition to the City of Seattle, as per map recorded in Vol. 3 of Plats, Page 71, records of King County, Washington, Defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear at the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for King County, which County the plaintiffs designate as the place of trial, within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 16th day of October, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiffs, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for the plaintiffs at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the Clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is to quiet the title of the plaintiffs in and to the following described property: Lot 1, in Block 6, of Eastlake Addition to the City of Seattle, as per map recorded in Vol. 3 of Plats, Page 71, records of King County, Washington, and declaring that the defendants have not, nor has any of them, any right, title, estate or interest whatsoever in or to the land and premises or any part thereof, and that the defendants and each of them be enjoined and debarred from asserting any claim whatsoever in or to the said land and premises adverse to the plaintiffs.

JOHN F. REED,

Attorney for Plaintiffs,

Office and P. O. Address:

960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.

First pub. Oct. 16, 1920. 7t Nov 27

CHAS. H. HARTGE

Attorney

521 Central Bldg.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for King County.

Chase Eastman, Plaintiff, vs. Cecille Dannenhirsch, Alexander Brooks, Amelia (also known as Amalie) Hirschberg, Johanna Lindo (formerly Johanna Phillips), Amelia Hirschberg, as surviving executrix of the will of

Ludwig Brooks, deceased, and Amalie

Hirschberg, as administratrix of the estate of Lena Brooks, deceased, Defendants. No. 146759. Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to the said: Alexander Brooks, Amelia (also known as Amalie) Hirschberg, Johanna Lindo (formerly Johanna Phillips), Amelia Hirschberg, as surviving executrix of the will of Ludwig Brooks, deceased, and Amalie Hirschberg, as administratrix of the estate of Lena Brooks, deceased, Defendants.

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 30th day of October, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff, at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of said action is to obtain the judgment of the above entitled court that that certain mortgage dated February 2, 1914, made by Ludwig Brooks and Lena Brooks, then husband and wife, to Bothwell & Crockett Company, a corporation, and which is now of record in the office of the auditor of King County, State of Washington, in Volume 592 of Mortgages at page 139 of the records of said King County, State of Washington, and which said mortgage has been assigned to plaintiff, is a valid first mortgage lien upon Lot Eighteen (18) in Block Three (3) of Boston Heights Addition to Seattle, situate in King County, State of Washington, and every part thereof, for security of payment of that certain promissory note and interest coupon notes described in said mortgage, and certain sums set forth in said complaint amounting to, for the principal of the said promissory note and said interest coupon notes and taxes and assessments paid, the total sum of Twenty-two Hundred Seventy-three Dollars and Eighty-eight Cents (\$2273.88), with interest on the portions of said total sum at the rate of ten per cent (10%) per annum as follows:

On \$1500.00 from February 2, 1919;

On \$52.50 from February 2, 1916;

On \$52.50 from August 2, 1916;

On \$52.50 from February 2, 1917;

On \$52.50 from August 2, 1917;

On \$52.50 from February 2, 1918;

On \$52.50 from August 2, 1918;

On \$52.50 from February 2, 1919;

On \$406.38 from June 10, 1918;

and for the further sum of Three Hundred Dollars (\$300.00) attorney's fees, and for plaintiff's costs and disbursements in said action, and to obtain judgment for the foreclosure of said mortgage and sale of the said lands and premises at foreclosure sale and the application of the proceeds of said sale to payment of the costs of such sale, and then to payment of the sums and amounts hereinbefore set forth to the plaintiff, and that defendants and each of them and all persons claiming by, through, or under them, or any of them, be by such foreclosure sale foreclosed and barred of and from all claim, right, and equity of redemption in or to said lands and premises and every part thereof, except only the statutory right of redemption for one year after such sale, and for such other, further, or different relief in the premises as shall be equitable.

CHARLES H. HARTGE,

Attorney for Plaintiff.

Office and Post Office Address: 521 Central Building, Seattle, King County, Washington.

1st Pub. Oct. 30, 1920. 7t Dec 11

JOHN F. REED

Attorney 960 Empire Bldg

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for the County of King.

Ceena Ranta, Plaintiff, vs. Anton Ranta, Defendant. No. 146156. Summons For Publication.

The State of Washington to: Anton Ranta, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 2nd day of October, 1920, and defend the above entitled cause in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree dissolving the bonds of matrimony heretofore and now existing between plaintiff and defendant, and for such other and further relief as to the court may seem just and equitable.

JOHN F. REED,

Attorney for Plaintiff.

Office and P. O. Address: 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.

First pub. Oct. 2, 1920. 7t Nov 13

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112 COLUMBIA STREET

AFRED H. LUNDIN
 Attorney Alaska Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for the County
 of King. In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Mary J.
 Phillips, Deceased. No. 26848.
 Notice of Hearing Final Report and
 Petition for Distribution.
 Notice is hereby given that Alfred H.
 Lundin, Administrator with will an-
 nexed of the Estate of Mary J. Phillips
 has filed in the office of the Clerk of
 said Court his final Report and petition
 for distribution, asking the Court to
 settle said Report, distribute the prop-
 erty to the persons thereto entitled and
 to discharge said Administrator with
 will annexed; and that said Report and
 petition will be heard on the 23rd day
 of November, 1920, at 9:30 A. M., at
 the Court Room of the Probate Depart-
 ment of said Court.
 Dated this 21st day of October, 1920.
 PERCY F. THOMAS,
 Clerk of said Court.
 By GEO. L. BERGER, Deputy.
 First pub. Oct. 23, 1920. 4t Nov 13

JAMES W. REYNOLDS
 Attorney 303 Burke Building
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for King County
 In Probate No. 28334
 In the Matter of the Estate of Ralph
 Smailes, Deceased.
 Notice to Creditors.
 Notice is hereby given that the un-
 derigned has been appointed and has
 qualified as the executrix of the es-
 tate of Ralph Smailes, deceased; that
 all persons having claims against said
 deceased are hereby required to serve
 the same, duly verified on said execu-
 trix or her attorney of record at the
 address below stated, and file the same
 with the clerk of said court, together
 with proof of such service within six
 months after the date of first publica-
 tion of this notice or the same will be
 barred.
 MARY H. SMAILES
 Executrix
 JAMES W. REYNOLDS, Attorney for
 Estate, 303 Burke Building, Seattle,
 Wash.
 Date of first publication, Oct. 30th,
 1920. 4t Nov. 20.

ATTWOOD A. KIRBY
 Lawyer Suite 960 Empire Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, in and for the
 County of King.
 Muriel Morrison, Plaintiff, vs. Robert
 P. Morrison, Defendant. No. 147172.
 Summons by Publication.
 The State of Washington to the above
 named defendant, Robert P. Morrison:
 You are hereby summoned to appear
 within sixty (60) days after the date
 of the first publication of this sum-
 mons, to-wit: within sixty days after
 the 13th day of November, 1920, and
 defend the above entitled action in the
 above entitled court, holden in King
 County, State of Washington, and an-
 swer the complaint of the plaintiff, and
 serve a copy of your answer upon the
 undersigned attorney for plaintiff, at
 the place below stated as his office ad-
 dress, and in case of your failure so
 to do, judgment will be rendered against
 you according to the demand of the
 complaint, which has been filed with
 the Clerk of said Court.
 The object of the above entitled ac-
 tion is to obtain a decree of divorce on
 behalf of the plaintiff from said de-
 fendant, upon the grounds of cruel
 treatment of the plaintiff by said de-
 fendant, and personal indignities ren-
 dering the life of plaintiff burdensome.
 ATTWOOD A. KIRBY,
 Attorney for Plaintiff.
 Office and Post Office Address: 960 Em-
 pire Building, Seattle, Washington.
 7t Dec 28

CHARLES H. HARTGE
 Attorney 521 Central Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington in and for King
 County.
 Thornton Academy, a corporation,
 Plaintiff, vs. Cecilie Dannenhirsch,
 Alexander Brooks, Amelia (also known
 as Amalie) Hirschberg, Johanna Lin-
 do (formerly Johanna Phillips),
 Amelia Hirschberg, as surviving exe-
 cutrix of the will of Ludwig Brooks,
 deceased, and Amalie Hirschberg, as
 administratrix of the estate of Lena
 Brooks, deceased, Defendants. No.
 146760. Summons by Publication.
 The State of Washington to the said:
 Alexander Brooks, Amelia (also known
 as Amalie) Hirschberg, Johanna Lin-
 do (formerly Johanna Phillips),

Amelia Hirschberg, as surviving exe-
 cutrix of the will of Ludwig Brooks,
 deceased, and Amalie Hirschberg, as
 administratrix of the estate of Lena
 Brooks, deceased, Defendants.
 You and each of you are hereby sum-
 moned to appear within sixty (60) days
 after the date of the first publication
 of this summons, to-wit: within sixty
 (60) days after the 30th day of Octo-
 ber, 1920, and defend the above en-
 titled action in the above entitled court,
 and answer the complaint of the plain-
 tiff and serve a copy of your answer
 upon the undersigned attorney for
 plaintiff, at his office below stated; and
 in case of your failure so to do, judg-
 ment will be rendered against you ac-
 cording to the demand of the complaint
 which has been filed with the clerk of
 said court.
 The object of said action is to obtain
 the judgment of the above entitled court
 that that certain mortgage dated Feb-
 ruary 2, 1914, made by Ludwig Brooks
 and Lena Brooks, then husband and
 wife, to Bothwell & Crockett Company,
 a corporation, and which is now of
 record in the office of the auditor of
 King County, State of Washington, in
 Volume 592 of Mortgages at page 138
 of the records of said King County,
 and which said mortgage has been as-
 signed to plaintiff, is a valid first mort-
 gage lien upon Lot Ten (10) in Block
 Seventeen (17) of Renton Hill, an ad-
 dition to Seattle, according to the re-
 corded plat thereof, situate in King
 County, State of Washington, and ev-
 ery part thereof, for security of pay-
 ment of that certain promissory note

and interest coupon notes described in
 said mortgage, and certain sums set
 forth in said complaint, amounting to,
 for the principal of the said promissory
 note and said interest coupon notes
 Twenty-eight Hundred Thirty Dollars
 and Fifty-four Cents (\$2830.54), with
 interest on the portions of said total
 sums at the rate of ten per cent (10%)
 per annum as follows:
 On \$1800.00 from February 2, 1919;
 On \$63.00 from February 2, 1916;
 On \$63.00 from August 2, 1916;
 On \$63.00 from February 2, 1917;
 On \$63.00 from August 2, 1917;
 On \$63.00 from February 2, 1918;
 On \$63.00 from August 2, 1918;
 On \$63.00 from February 2, 1919;
 On \$589.54 from June 8, 1918;
 and for the further sum of Three Hun-
 dred Dollars (\$300.00) attorney's fees,
 and for plaintiff's costs and disburse-
 ments in said action, and to obtain
 judgment for the foreclosure of said

mortgage and sale of the said lands and
 premises at foreclosure sale and the
 application of the proceeds of said sale
 to payment of the costs of such sale,
 and then to payment of the sums and
 amounts hereinbefore set forth to the
 plaintiff, and that defendants and each
 of them and all persons claiming by,
 through, or under them, or any of them,
 be by such foreclosure sale foreclosed
 and barred of and from all claim,
 right, and equity of redemption in or
 to said lands and premises and every
 part thereof, except only the statutory
 right of redemption for one year after
 such sale, and for such other, further,
 or different relief in the premises as
 shall be equitable.

CHARLES H. HARTGE,
 Attorney for Plaintiff.
 Office and Post Office Address: 521 Cen-
 tral Building, Seattle, King County,
 Washington.
 1st Pub. Oct. 30, 1920. 7t Dec 11

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. IX. NO. 47.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1920.

PRICE 10 CENTS

SHOP COMMITTEE PLAN EXPLAINED

(Reported by Eimon L. Wienir)

Mr. J. C. Lindsay, Industrial Engineer, at the present employed by the Admiral Line, addressed the Municipal League Tuesday. Mr. James A. Haight, in introducing the speaker pointed out the fact that the League has had an industrial relations committee for several years past, and that it was the result, largely, of the work of the League committee in causing to be prepared and presented to the Legislature a Bill relating to industrial matters that the present labor commission was created. He introduced Mr. Lindsay as one of the "apostles in the way of bringing about harmonious and intimate relationship between employer and employee." Mr. Lindsay said in part:

"We should do something to better the reputation of Seattle throughout the country at large to overcome the misrepresentations which have been spread and which we know are absolutely untrue. Los Angeles is growing by leaps and bounds principally because it is considered to have the best industrial relations of any city on the Coast. Seattle is known to have the worst.

"While in Chicago recently attending a convention of some forty-eight hundred representatives of various industries, I was repeatedly asked the question, 'How is the revolution in Seattle?', and on numerous occasions on that trip I was asked questions which made me firmly convinced that the people of the country, as a whole, regarded Seattle as a veritable nest of revolutionary activities.

"It is, of course, to the interest of the employer to fight for the open shop as it is for the employee to fight for the closed shop, but there is a middle road

THE LEAGUE WILL MEET
Tuesday Noon, November 23rd
AT MEVES CAFETERIA—SECOND AND SENECA
Major Carl H. Reeves, Supt. of Public Utilities
will address the League on
Problems Confronting the Department

—a common ground that can be arrived at by conference, each party trying to meet the others' desires. That, in short, is the shop plan.

"The 2nd report of the Second Industrial Conference called by the President, in its report, favored the Whitley Commission Plan proposed in England. This plan, in effect, recommends the establishing of conferences of districts within a state group of states and nationally, which conferences are to be known as "Adjustment Boards" and where employer, employee and the public at large should be represented. This is carrying out the shop plan to its logical solution.

"The shop plan is to divide the plant into zones: to have the men within the zone secretly elect its own committeeman; the committeemen to meet weekly, semi-monthly or monthly, as the case may be; these meetings not to be attended by foremen or officers of the Company unless specifically invited so to do. Once a month a meeting to be held between the employees and a limited number of officers of the corporation when all matters affecting employer and employee are discussed freely.

"These conferences result in better methods of doing work and lead to harmonious relationship. Absolute sincerity and frankness on the part of each is essential. Each must have its

cards face open on the table and each side must concede to the other what it can.

"Forty per cent more efficiency has been secured in our plant by this method; and pilferage, which heretofore has been common and expensive to the company, has been reduced to a minimum.

"Through the 'production bonus' method, which we are now working out a 100% efficiency program we believe it can be secured in our plant."

MUNICIPAL RESEARCH COMMITTEE ACTIVE

The wheels have been set in motion for the establishment of a municipal research bureau in Seattle by the committee of the Municipal League which met at Blanc's Thursday afternoon. James A. Haight, chairman of the committee, called the meeting. The following members of the committee were present:

Fred Catlett

John T. Condon

W. E. Henry

Judson T. Jennings

President Lawler and Secretary Wienir, ex-officio members of the committee were also present. The other members of the committee are Lawrence S. Booth and L. D. Lewis.

Mr. Jennings presented a report to the chairman showing in the cities now supporting such a

(Continued on page 3)

CIVIL SERVICE REFORM

Mr. J. Y. C. Kellogg, member of the Civil Service Commission appeared at the meeting of the Board of Trustees Wednesday and urged appointment of a civil service committee of the League to investigate and study certain improvements in civil service rules. The following letter sent by the Secretary to the chairman of such a committee sets forth the matters suggested by Mr. Kellogg:-

Nov. 17, 1920.

Chairman Civil Service Committee,
Municipal League,
Seattle, Wash.

Dear Sir:

At the meeting of the Board of Trustees today, Mr. J. Y. C. Kellogg, at present a member of the Civil Service Commission of the City of Seattle, appeared before our body and asked our co-operation in this: that we appoint a committee to make an investigation and study with a view of recommending certain changes that would lead to the improvement and efficiency of civil service commission of the city. The Board voted that this be done and authorized the President to appoint a committee of five, of which you are the chairman.

The following are suggestions made by Mr. Kellogg: Mr. Kellogg pointed out that the present plan of standardization used by the Civil Service Commission of this city would not have come but for the help of the Municipal League. Owing to the fact that at the present time the authority and power of the Commission is somewhat limited by the overlapping authority and power of the City Council, an impartial and independent organization, such as the Municipal League, is, is needed to step in and to investigate the following matters:

1. A resolution should be pro-

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

posed that would give power to the Commission to require each Civil Service employee of the city not to engage in a general strike so long as he remains an employee of the city.

2. Within each classification made by the Commission, there exists within that classification a graduated salary scale ranging for example from \$180.00 to \$225.00 per month. The City Council indicated that it would have the Commission act as a sort of advisory committee as to salary increase within each of the classes. The council, however, has not acted officially and it may or it may not accept the recommendation of the commission. Mr. Kellogg suggested that the Commission is the proper body to have the power to determine the salary adjustment within each class.

3. The Corporation Council of this city made a decision last week whereby employees may be advanced from a lower to a higher classification by the head of his department, delegating him additional duties and without requiring the employee to take a civil service examination. If this decision is allowed to stand, the heads of the department could evade civil service rules and the commission would be powerless to stop them.

4. The salary schedule should be revised from time to time to meet the ever changing cost of living. Power could be given to the Commission to study and revise salary schedules and each

year, before the budget is made up, to make a report to the said Council, asking them to approve the new schedules.

5. The matter of the retirement of super-annuate employees (with the possibility of giving the commission the power to have an expert employment man on the job to weed out inefficient men.)
6. Civil service rules should be modernized and presented as amendments to the charter of the city.

Trusting you and your committee will give these matters your earnest consideration, I am

Yours very truly,
EIMON L. WIENIR
Secretary.

LEAGUE TO AID IN REVISING BUILDING CODE

Initial steps for revision of the city building code, readjustment of boundaries of voting precincts, and introduction of a new traffic ordinance, with important provisions, were the outstanding features of Monday's meeting of Seattle's city council.

A communication from James E. Blackwell, superintendent of the building department, was referred to the public safety committee, urging revision of the city building code. Blackwell declared the present code, adopted July 22, 1913, does not satisfactorily meet present conditions, seven year's experience having shown "some defects in the ordinance, come sections of doubtful interpretation and some of actual

conflict." It is particularly essential, Blackwell stated, to decide what buildings regulations shall be made retroactive.

Appointment of an advisory committee to assist the council in framing the new code was suggested, each of the following to have a representative on the committee: City building department, board of appeals, architects, civil engineers, Master Builders' Association, corporation counsel, school board, health department, park board, fire department, Washington surveying and rating bureau, Building Owners and Managers' Association, Chamber of Commerce, Municipal League and Manufacturers' Association.

SKAGIT PROJECT AIDED

With Councilman T. H. Bolton

casting the only negative vote the council appropriated \$175,000 to continue construction work of the Skagit power project.

TRAFFIC ORDINANCE INTRODUCED

The traffic ordinance introduced in the city council Monday was drafted by the public utilities department after conference with the different interests affected and in conjunction with the police traffic division. The ordinance, covering 100 type-written pages, reenacts most of the present code, but includes several new provisions of far-reaching effect.

The proposed ordinance extends the limits of the downtown district where parking automobiles is prohibited and

The American Red Cross



The "Greatest Mother" concept which was visualized in the famous art poster used by the American Red Cross in its second war fund campaign has had its symbolism adapted to the Red Cross work of the post-war era and will illuminate the main poster to be used in the Fourth Roll Call November 11-25. This adaption will bear the title "Still the Greatest Mother in the World." Everyone is familiar with the original "The Greatest Mother in the World," the effectiveness of which has been shown in part by the fact that it has furnished a synonym for Red Cross that has come to almost a household term. More than any other symbol, except the red cross itself, the public has made it the trademark of the American Red Cross.

standing permitted for only thirty minutes at a time. The new district includes First, Second and Third Avenues from Jefferson Street to Virginia Street, and prohibits standing in this district at any time between the hours of 8 a. m. and 10:30 a. m. and 4 and 6 p. m. except while actually loading or unloading. On side streets in the main business district where standing is now permitted without time limit, the new ordinance permits standing for only an hour at a time, between the hours of 8 a. m. and 6 p. m.

The parking and standing regulations applying to the downtown district are extended to the automobile section in the proposed ordinance, which also prohibits use of exhaust whistles and sirens and authorizes the police department to establish emergency zones in cases of danger to traffic. The ordinance was referred to the public safety committee, which has already tentatively approved the measure.

MAYOR SUGGESTS LIBEL SUIT

Declaring the City of Seattle should institute libel proceedings against the publication for alleged misrepresentation of Seattle's experience with municipal ownership of public utilities, Mayor Caldwell transmitted to the council a copy of the October issue of the Public Service Magazine, published in Chicago, in which appeared an article headed "Municipal Electric Plant Proves Burden," and purporting to give facts and figures concerning the financial status of the city's street railway and light departments.

The article alleges that "the total bonded indebtedness of Seattle is \$38,316,250, and when additional bonds already authorized are sold, it will total \$47,651,250, which is nearly 20 per cent of the 1919 assessed valuation of all taxable property in the city." "This," Mayor Caldwell asserted, "is a gross misstatement of fact, evidently designed to create the impression that our municipally-owned utilities are being contributed to by the taxpayers of the city in their annual taxes and hence that Seattle is a good place for capitalists and new residents to stay away from."

Statements by the superinten-

dent of lighting and the general superintendent of railway controverting the allegations in the article named were inclosed with the mayor's communication, which suggested that these letters and the article to which they pertain be referred to the corporation counsel for the purpose of determining whether there is sufficient basis for a libel suit against the magazine.

The matter was referred by the council to its city utilities committee without discussion.

MUNICIPAL RESEARCH COMMITTEE ACTIVE

(Continued from page 1)

bureau and giving data as to expense, costs, time of organization etc. Dean Condon who had been active for a number of years past in attempts to establish a similar bureau related his experience with one of the local organizations and the work done. The committee came to the conclusion that an active co-operation of various civic organizations and public spirited citizens would be necessary in order to make a success of such an undertaking; and the committee decided to call an evening meeting in the very near future inviting representatives of various organizations and other public spirited citizens interested. The time and place of such a meeting will be announced in these columns and through the press later.

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, in and for the
County of King.
M. Thuesen and Lena Thuesen, his
wife, Plaintiffs, vs. George E. Thue-
sen and Blanche J. Thuesen, his wife,
Eric Erickson, and his unknown
heirs, and all other persons or parties
unknown, claiming any right, title,
estate, lien or interest in Lot 1, in
Block 6, of Eastlake Addition to the
City of Seattle, as per map recorded
in Vol. 3 of Plats, Page 71, records of
King County, Washington, Defend-
ants. No. 146416. Summons by Pub-
lication.

The State of Washington to: George E. Thuesen and Blanche J. Thuesen, his wife, Eric Erickson, and his unknown heirs, and all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in Lot 1, in Block 6, of Eastlake Addition to the City of Seattle, as per map recorded in Vol. 3 of Plats, Page 71, records of King County, Washington, Defend-
ants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear at the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for King County, which County the plaintiffs designate as the place of trial, within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 16th day of October, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiffs, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for the plaintiffs at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered

against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the Clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is to quiet the title of the plaintiffs in and to the following described property: Lot 1, in Block 6, of Eastlake Addition to the City of Seattle, as per map recorded in Vol. 3 of Plats, Page 71, records of King County, Washington, and declaring that the defendants have not, nor has any of them, any right, title, estate or interest whatsoever in or to the land and premises or any part thereof, and that the defendants and each of them be enjoined and debarred from asserting any claim whatsoever in or to the said land and premises adverse to the plaintiffs.

JOHN F. REED,
Attorney for Plaintiffs,
Office and P. O. Address:
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Oct. 16, 1920. 7t Nov 27

CHAS. H. HARTGE
Attorney 521 Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for King
County.

Chase Eastman, Plaintiff, vs. Cecilie Dannenhirsch, Alexander Brooks, Amelia (also known as Amalie) Hirschberg, Johanna Lindo (formerly Johanna Phillips), Amelia Hirschberg, as surviving executrix of the will of Ludwig Brooks, deceased, and Amalie Hirschberg, as administratrix of the estate of Lena Brooks, deceased, Defendants. No. 146759. Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to the said: Alexander Brooks, Amelia (also known as Amalie) Hirschberg, Johanna Lindo (formerly Johanna Phillips), Amelia Hirschberg, as surviving executrix of the will of Ludwig Brooks, deceased, and Amalie Hirschberg, as administratrix of the estate of Lena Brooks, deceased, Defendants.

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 30th day of October, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff, at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of said action is to obtain the judgment of the above entitled court that that certain mortgage dated February 2, 1914, made by Ludwig Brooks and Lena Brooks, then husband and wife, to Bothwell & Crockett Company, a corporation, and which is now of record in the office of the auditor of King County, State of Washington, in Volume 592 of Mortgages at page 139 of the records of said King County, State of Washington, and which said mortgage has been assigned to plaintiff, is a valid first mortgage lien upon Lot Eighteen (18) in Block Three (3) of Boston Heights Addition to Seattle, situate in King County, State of Washington, and every part thereof, for security of payment of that certain promissory note and interest coupon notes described in said mortgage, and certain sums set forth in said complaint amounting to, for the principal of the said promissory note and said interest coupon notes and taxes and assessments paid, the total sum of Twenty-two Hundred Seventy-three Dollars and Eighty-eight Cents (\$2273.88), with interest on the portions of said total sum at the rate of ten per cent (10%) per annum as follows:

On \$1500.00 from February 2, 1919;
On \$52.50 from February 2, 1916;
On \$52.50 from August 2, 1916;
On \$52.50 from February 2, 1917;
On \$52.50 from August 2, 1917;
On \$52.50 from February 2, 1918;
On \$52.50 from August 2, 1918;
On \$52.50 from February 2, 1919;
On \$406.38 from June 10, 1918;

and for the further sum of Three Hundred Dollars (\$300.00) attorney's fees, and for plaintiff's costs and disbursements in said action, and to obtain judgment for the foreclosure of said mortgage and sale of the said lands and premises at foreclosure sale and the application of the proceeds of said sale to payment of the costs of such sale, and then to payment of the sums and amounts hereinbefore set forth to the plaintiff, and that defendants and each of them and all persons claiming by, through, or under them, or any of them, be by such foreclosure sale foreclosed and barred of and from all claim, right, and equity of redemption in or to said lands and premises and every part thereof, except only the statutory right of redemption for one year after such sale, and for such other, further, or different relief in the premises as shall be equitable.

CHARLES H. HARTGE,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address: 521 Central Building, Seattle, King County, Washington.
1st Pub. Oct. 30, 1920. 7t Dec 11

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WILLIAM H. GORHAM
Attorney 653 Colman Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County.
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Saidee E. Zipf, deceased, No. 28201. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Administrator of the estate of Saidee E. Zipf, deceased; and that all persons having claims against said deceased are required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administrator or his attorney or record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of the above entitled court, together with proof of such service, within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of First Publication: November 20, 1920.

A. F. ZIPF,
Administrator of said Estate.
Address: Room 653 Colman Building, Seattle, Washington.

WILLIAM H. GORHAM, Attorney for said Estate, Room 653 Colman Building, Seattle, Washington.

3t Dec. 4

JAMES W. REYNOLDS
Attorney 303 Burke Building
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate No. 28334
In the Matter of the Estate of Ralph
Smailes, Deceased.

Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as the executrix of the estate of Ralph Smailes, deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified on said executrix or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the clerk of said court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice or the same will be barred.

MARY H. SMAILES
Executrix
JAMES W. REYNOLDS, Attorney for Estate, 303 Burke Building, Seattle, Wash.
 Date of first publication, Oct. 30th, 1920. 4t Nov. 20.

ATTWOOD A. KIRBY
Lawyer Suite 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, in and for the
County of King.

Muriel Morrison, Plaintiff, vs. Robert P. Morrison, Defendant. No. 147172. Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to the above named defendant, Robert P. Morrison: You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty days after the 13th day of November, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, holden in King County, State of Washington, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff, at the place below stated as his office address, and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court.

The object of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree of divorce on behalf of the plaintiff from said defendant, upon the grounds of cruel treatment of the plaintiff by said defendant, and personal indignities rendering the life of plaintiff burdensome.

ATTWOOD A. KIRBY,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address: 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Washington.
 7t Dec 28

CHARLES H. HARTGE
Attorney 521 Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for King
County.

Thornton Academy, a corporation, Plaintiff, vs. Cecille Dannenhirsch, Alexander Brooks, Amelia (also known as Amalie) Hirschberg, Johanna Lindo (formerly Johanna Phillips), Amelia Hirschberg, as surviving executrix of the will of Ludwig Brooks, deceased, and Amalie Hirschberg, as administratrix of the estate of Lena Brooks, deceased, Defendants. No. 146760. Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to the said: Alexander Brooks, Amelia (also known as Amalie) Hirschberg, Johanna Lindo (formerly Johanna Phillips),

Amelia Hirschberg, as surviving executrix of the will of Ludwig Brooks, deceased, and Amalie Hirschberg, as administratrix of the estate of Lena Brooks, deceased, Defendants.

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 30th day of October, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff, at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of said action is to obtain the judgment of the above entitled court that that certain mortgage dated February 2, 1914, made by Ludwig Brooks and Lena Brooks, then husband and wife, to Bothwell & Crockett Company, a corporation, and which is now of record in the office of the auditor of King County, State of Washington, in Volume 592 of Mortgages at page 138 of the records of said King County, and which said mortgage has been assigned to plaintiff, is a valid first mortgage lien upon Lot Ten (10) in Block Seventeen (17) of Renton Hill, an addition to Seattle, according to the recorded plat thereof, situate in King County, State of Washington, and every part thereof, for security of payment of that certain promissory note

and interest coupon notes described in said mortgage, and certain sums set forth in said complaint, amounting to, for the principal of the said promissory note and said interest coupon notes Twenty-eight Hundred Thirty Dollars and Fifty-four Cents (\$2830.54), with interest on the portions of said total sums at the rate of ten per cent (10%) per annum as follows:

On \$1800.00 from February 2, 1919;
 On \$63.00 from February 2, 1916;
 On \$63.00 from August 2, 1916;
 On \$63.00 from February 2, 1917;
 On \$63.00 from August 2, 1917;
 On \$63.00 from February 2, 1918;
 On \$63.00 from August 2, 1918;
 On \$63.00 from February 2, 1919;
 On \$589.54 from June 8, 1918;

and for the further sum of Three Hundred Dollars (\$300.00) attorney's fees, and for plaintiff's costs and disbursements in said action, and to obtain judgment for the foreclosure of said

mortgage and sale of the said lands and premises at foreclosure sale and the application of the proceeds of said sale to payment of the costs of such sale, and then to payment of the sums and amounts hereinbefore set forth to the plaintiff, and that defendants and each of them and all persons claiming by, through, or under them, or any of them, be by such foreclosure sale foreclosed and barred of and from all claim, right, and equity of redemption in or to said lands and premises and every part thereof, except only the statutory right of redemption for one year after such sale, and for such other, further, or different relief in the premises as shall be equitable.

CHARLES H. HARTGE,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address: 521 Central Building, Seattle, King County, Washington.
 1st Pub. Oct. 30, 1920. 7t Dec 11

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VOL. IX. NO. 48.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1920.

PRICE 10 CENTS

MAJ. CARL H. REEVES ADDRESSES LEAGUE

Reported by Eimon L. Wienir

Major Carl H. Reeves, Superintendent of Public Utilities of the city addressed the Municipal League Tuesday noon on the traffic problem existing in the city. He said in part:

"Undoubtedly, one of the biggest traffic problems before the city today is that created by the building of the new stadium at the University of Washington. To my mind, it is going to force the erection of the Montlake bridge over the canal. The council will probably present the matter of a bond issue for consideration to the people next spring. This may solve, to a large part, the traffic situation existing in the northeast part of the city."

"In spite of the fact that the city has lost a great many of its workers by the closing of the ship yards, the traffic has increased materially during the past year. According to a check made in October traffic over the Fremont bridge increased five per cent; that over the University bridge increased twelve per cent; while the Ballard bridge held its own and a slight decrease was shown over the West Seattle bridge. In the nineteen hour period over which the check was made this year, one hundred eighteen thousand persons were recorded as having passed over the bridges."

Based on figures of two years ago, with some slight corrections, Major Reeves declared, the Montlake bridge would probably cost in the neighborhood of eight hundred thousand dollars.

Tuesday noon, November 30th, J. D. Ross, Superintendent of Seattle Light Department, will address the Municipal League.

THE LEAGUE WILL MEET

TUESDAY NOON, NOVEMBER 30, 1920

AT MEVES CAFETERIA—SECOND AND SENECA

**J. D. ROSS, Head of City Light Department
will speak**

**Candidates Investigating Committee will report
on School and Port Elections**

C. F. Uhden, Chief Engineer of the Skagit Project, will address the League Tuesday, December 7th, on the Skagit power development. Mr. Uhden came from Spokane where he was chief engineer of the Washington Power Company. While in that corporation he had charge of three hydro-electric projects ranging in price from three and one-fourth millions to six million dollars each. Each one of these projects is in actual operation in Eastern Washington today and furnish a large part of the power to the Milwaukee Railroad. Mr. Uhden's address is awaited with eagerness by those who want direct information of the present work of the Skagit project. A large attendance is expected Tuesday noon.

* * *

A special committee appointed by President Lawler to investigate the qualifications of candidates for school and port elections will bring in its report. Owing to the fact that the report will not be ready for publication until Tuesday noon, it is not produced in this issue. The report, however, will be given to the newspapers for publication and copies of the report may be had by calling the Secretary

Main 476. Come to the meeting Tuesday and hear it read by the chairman of the committee, John D. Hall. The other members of the special committee are A. H. Wiseman, Nelson R. Anderson, C. E. Bogardus and A. J. Balliet.

**COUNCIL IS FREE TO BAN
JITNEYS**

No legal bar exists that would prevent enactment of legislation either regulating or abolishing jitney operation within the city of Seattle, according to information conveyed to the city council by corporation Counsel Walter F. Meier in a communication giving the status of pending litigation on the jitney question.

Although restrained from enforcing the present jitney regulation ordinance until the state supreme court decides an appeal from a decision in the superior court of King County denying a permanent injunction, the city is free to pass other legislation on the jitney question, Meier points out.

"On November 17, 1920, the case of H. P. McGlothorn, plaintiff, against the city of Seattle, defendant, in which theretofore

(Continued on page 2)

MATTERS ACTED UPON BY COUNCIL

Business transacted by the council at Monday's session included the passage of an ordinance authorizing the board of public works to sign a special use permit with the United States forestry department for the use of a right-of-way 100 feet wide along the north bank of the Skagit River in connection with the city's hydro-electric development and the adoption of a bill changing the name of Fourteenth Avenue Northeast between Northlake Avenue and Ravenna Boulevard to University Way.

An appropriation of \$10,000 was voted by the council for the purpose of enabling the board of public works to make borings and soundings at the southwest shore of Cedar Lake to determine the feasibility of plans by J. D. Ross, superintendent of lighting, for construction of a tunnel between the dam and the powerhouse as a means of making possible full use for hydro-electric purposes of water stored in the lake.

For Movable Bridge

A bill appropriating \$5,000 to enable the board of public works to prepare preliminary plans and specifications for a movable span bridge, with approaches, across West Waterway at Spokane Street, was referred to the finance committee. Funds for the construction of this bridge will be derived from the sale of bonds authorized by a vote of the people at the city election last spring.

Appointment of L. B. Youngs, superintendent of the city water department, as chairman of the board of public works for the ensuing year was announced to the council by Mayor Caldwell. Mr. Youngs has held the position seven years.

The mayor also transmitted to

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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TRUSTEES

Terms Expire May, 1921

Fred W. Catlett
 Walter S. Johnson
 L. D. Lewis
 A. H. Albertson
 Edward W. Allen

Terms Expire May 1922

Howard A. Adams
 George S. Kahin
 Robert F. Sandall
 Jackson Silbaugh

James W. Reynolds, Ex-officio Trustee

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

the Chamber of Commerce suggesting construction of a bridge at Montlake Avenue over the Lake Washington canal as a means of furnishing transportation facilities to the University District, and particularly the Stadium. The mayor recommended that a proposal to issue bonds for this purpose be submitted at the city election next March. The matter was referred by the council to its streets and sewers and finance committees.

Jamaica ginger is classified with intoxicating liquors in an ordinance introduced in the council Tuesday and referred to the public safety committees for investigation. The proposed ordinance would make Jamaica ginger subject to the same city laws that apply to the sale of intoxicating liquors. The measure also revises the city liquor ordinance, bringing its provisions up to date and making them conform with state and national laws.

A request from the American Nitrogen Products Company for the right to purchase surplus power from the Skagit project for use in the air nitrate industry was referred to the utilities and finance committees. To the same committees was referred a claim by the Mandic Construction Company for sums aggregating \$8,000 alleged to constitute "payments wrongfully and unjustly withheld by the city of Seattle from the claimant" for work performed on the Skagit project.

COUNCIL IS FREE TO BAN JITNEYS

(Continued from page 1)

a temporary injunction had been issued, was finally disposed of in the superior court by the entry of a judgment denying a permanent injunction and dismissing the case." Meier states in his communication.

"Pursuant to the provisions of Section 7299, Pierce's 1919 Code, the plaintiff has given notice of appeal to the supreme court, and has filed, within the time fixed by law, a bond in the sum of \$2,200, being the amount fixed by the court to keep the temporary injunction in force pending the determination of such appeal.

"Under these circumstances, although the final judgment of the superior court was to the effect that the city was proceeding in a lawful manner in the matter of the regulation of the operation of jitneys within the city, it cannot proceed to the enforcement of the provisions of its ordinance because of the continuation in effect of the temporary injunction during the pendency of the appeal.

"If the city council desires that the unregulated operation of jitneys shall continue during the pendency of the appeal, it may permit the same by refraining from further legislation in the premises. On the other hand, if you do not desire to permit the unregulated operation of such jitneys, or their operation at all,

there is no legal impediment to the repeal of said Ordinance No. 40886 and the enactment of an ordinance containing such provisions as you might deem proper in the premises."

Adopting a recommendation by its city utilities and finance committees, Seattle's city council at its meeting Monday, formally rejected legislation designed to compromise differences between city officials and the jitney interests over enforcement of jitney regulations.

A resolution specifying a policy to be followed in fixing jitney routes and establishing the termini of these routes and an ordinance amending the existing regulation ordinance so as to permit the jitneys to charge a maximum fare of 25 cents were postponed indefinitely by the council, the vote standing six to three.

Councilman R. H. Thomson, A. T. Drake and William Hickman Moore joined in a committee report recommending indefinite postponement of the two measures while Councilmen Oliver T. Erickson, John E. Carroll and Robert B. Hesketh signed a report favoring adoption of the proposed legislation.

STREET RAILWAY CONFERENCE DUE

With the overdraft on the city railway fund to be increased to more than \$600,000 by disbursements for street railway operating expenses aggregating \$343,152.73, a conference of city officials will be held in the near future, according to plans announced Tuesday, and a proposal to increase the fare charged on the car lines will be considered.

Councilman R. H. Thomson, chairman of the council city utilities committee, said that he had been in conference with D. W. Henderson, general superintendent of railways, on the subject of street railway finances, and that data is being gathered to determine accurately the rate of fare necessary to place the street railway on a paying basis. As soon as these figures are furnished an ordinance specifying the new rates of fare will be drafted and presented to a conference of Mayor Caldwell and city councilmen, he stated.

Admitting that an 8-1-3-cent

fare is being considered, Thomson declared no definite decision has been reached as to the exact fare necessary. This cannot be determined, he asserted, until a complete statement of operating costs and other financial obligations to be discharged, together with an estimate as to revenue receipts, is available.

That a proposal to increase fare will meet with opposition in the city council is practically certain. Councilman Oliver T. Erickson has publicly declared himself as in favor of reducing fares instead of increasing them, and using the receipts to pay off bonded indebtedness, cost of operation to be defrayed from the city's general fund. Other councilmen were unwilling to indicate their views on the proposed fare increase, declaring their intention to await Superintendent Henderson's statement on the situation before determining their course.

The city railway fund was overdrawn \$324,901.81, according to the records in the city treasurer's office. Additional warrants against this fund aggregating \$343,152.73 will be issued by City Comptroller Harry W. Carroll in the regular semi-monthly disbursement of funds to meet the cost of city government. Of this \$343,152.73, the sum of \$137,075.93 will pay salaries and wages of employees of the street railway department for the first half of the month of November, while \$206,076.80 will be for supplies and materials on bills rendered Nov. 1.

Outstanding warrants against the city railway fund not presented to the city treasurer for payment, aggregating \$8,741.75. With the \$324,901.81 overdraft and the \$343,152.73 additional warrants issued Wednesday, this makes the total deficit in the railway fund \$676,796.29 against which the only offsets are the passenger and freight receipts of Tuesday and Wednesday, which will not exceed \$30,000, and other small accounts receivable, making the total deficit at least \$600,000. This deficit will be reduced day by day during the next two weeks from the revenues of the railway system, so that the overdraft on the city railway fund will be about \$330,000 by the time the next payday, Dec. 10, is reached.

MUNICIPAL NOTES

By Fred W. Catlett.

The corporation counsel's office has ruled that the city is without power to impose a wheel tax on motor vehicles using the city streets. The suggestion has been made that such a tax could be justly levied to offset the loss of revenue on the Municipal Street Railway System because of the special benefit received by the private vehicle owner. The opinion states that such a tax would be in the nature of a license and that the city is prohibited by state law from imposing a license other than an occupation license effecting vehicles for hire or such as may be engaged in intercity service.

* * *

The port commission election will take place on the 4th of December. The contest lies between Commissioner Lippy, who is seeking re-election and State Senator George B. Lamping, an unsuccessful candidate for the republican nomination for governor. We believe, and here we state an individual opinion only, as a League committee is at work investigating the candidates and will make a report on Tuesday upon which the League will take formal action, that Mr. Lippy has served the port well and faithfully, part of the time without any monetary compensation. There is, in our judgment, no reason why he should not be re-elected and many reasons why he should. Without in any way reflecting on Mr. Lamping's record or personal character, we believe he represents in this contest interests which are inimical to the welfare of the Port of Seattle.

It is perfectly clear to even the casual observer that the Farmer Labor and Triple Alliance groups, having suffered so recently a stinging defeat when fighting in the open, have decided to endeavor to accomplish the election of their candidate by supporting him under cover. Immediately after the election their local representatives announced that they would have candidates at the port and school election. They have apparently changed their plans as we have suggested.

ed. That their candidates however are Senator Lamping for the Port Commission and Judge Windsor for the School Board is plain. In addition, Senator Lamping has unpatriotic and also unwise anti-Japanese support which would certainly not tend to increase the value of his services to the board. These interests behind the candidacy of Senator Lamping are not only dangerous but powerful. They are counting upon the small vote normally cast at the port election. Under these circumstances it is clearly the duty of all citizens to make an unusual effort to vote and to get their friends to vote on Saturday, December 4th.

The school election occurs on the following Tuesday, December 7th, and presents another clean-cut issue. Mr. Shorrock who has served continuously on the board for a period of 18 years and Mr. Carl E. Croson are pitted against Judge Richard Windsor and Dr. E. J. Brown. Judge Windsor has doubtless been of service to the board but in our judgment he is now too old and infirm to be of future

service and should be replaced by a younger man. In addition to that Judge Windsor was the man who nominated Robert Bridges in the Farmer Labor convention and he is a representative of that group. More than that, whether consciously or not, Judge Windsor has represented upon the board during the past year a disorganizing element which has injured the school administration and which ought to be entirely eliminated as soon as elections permit. As for Dr. Brown, he is so well known as to need little discussion. He is the best example at present of the perennial candidate; in fact he doesn't limit his candidacy to one per year for he has just emerged from the race for prosecuting attorney.

In our judgment he has no particular qualifications for the office of School Director and some qualities which would render him an undesirable member of that board.

* * *

The street railway situation is still unsettled. It was brought to the front recently by a statement issued by James F. Leg-

horn, a member of the staff of the State Auditor. If space will permit, Mr. Leghorn's statement will appear in another column of this paper. It may not be beyond criticism but it makes clear the large facts in the problem and shows the need of haste on the part of the city in taking some action towards its solution. Mr. Leghorn, as he does not hold an elective office feels free to state frankly that the fares should be raised and that a raise to 8 cents is necessary. We did not notice that he made any allowance for a falling off in the traffic due to the raise in the fare and we fancy it will probably be necessary to place the fare at three for a quarter in order to provide for the lessened number of passengers.

Coupled with the increase of fare however, the council ought to deal with the jitney problem. We are not of those who believe that "the jitney must go" but with this raised fare it will become so serious a competition with the street railway that the city council will have to find some means to compel the jit-

(Continued on page six)

And So On and So Forth



(Copyright)

REDUCED PRICES

Get in on this drive--buy these meats--reduce the living costs of the people in your community--create a trade compelling attraction. Bring the people into your store--the offering of these guaranteed meats by you will be a wonderful trade stimulator.

LOOK AT THESE PRICES.

Effective November 15th, 1920, Prices on War Department Canned Meats Are as Follows:

CORNED BEEF:		ROAST BEEF:	
No. 1 cans.....	15c per can	No. 1 cans.....	9c per can
No. 2 cans.....	27c per can	No. 2 cans.....	18c per can
1 lb. cans.....	18c per can	1 lb. cans.....	12c per can
6 lb. cans.....	\$1.00 per can	2 lb. cans.....	24c per can
CORNED BEEF HASH:		6 lb. cans.....	70c per can
1 lb. cans.....	15c per can	BACON:	
2 lb. cans.....	30c per can	12 lb. cans.....	\$2.50 per can
SAUSAGE:			
Pork, No. 2 cans.....		25c per can	
Vienna, No. 2 cans.....		25c per can	

TABLE OF DISCOUNTS

The discounts to apply on all purchases of surplus canned meats on and after November 15th, 1920 are as follows:

\$250.00 to \$1,000.....	Net
\$1,001.00 to \$2,500.....	5%
\$2,501.00 to \$4,000.....	10%
\$4,001 and over.....	20%

On full carload lots, shipped at government expense, if value of full carload is less than \$4,001.00 then 20% discount will be allowed on the value of the carload.

CUMULATIVE PURCHASES COUNT

To stimulate purchases of carload lots and to promote sales in large quantities, further discounts as follows are authorized to customers ordering or re-ordering in carload lots, the value of all purchases of canned meats made on or after November 15th, 1920, only, to be considered in connection with the scale of discounts, as follows:

When purchases reach \$50,001.....	24% net to prevail
When purchases reach \$100,001.....	28% net to prevail
When purchases reach \$500,001.....	32% net to prevail
When purchases reach \$1,000,001 and over.....	35% net to prevail

The foregoing means that the total purchase by a customer in carload lots from time to time will be taken into consideration and the proper discount applied on the sum of all the purchases, including the first carload lot.

Send Orders to Nearest

DEPOT QUARTERMASTER

at the following addresses:

New York City, 461 8th Avenue.	Atlanta, Ga., Transportation Bldg.
Boston, Mass. Army Supply Base.	San Antonio, Tex.
Chicago, Ill., 1819 West 39th St.	San Francisco, Calif.

WAR DEPARTMENT CANNED MEATS

Buy \$250.00 worth or a carload or a trainload—the more you buy the cheaper it is, and remember it is the total of all your purchases that counts in figuring up your discounts. Order—Sell—and Re-order. Then do it all over again.

ORDER—SELL—AND RE-ORDER

CREDIT SALES:

Depot Quartermasters are authorized to sell surplus canned meats for cash, bankers' acceptance, or on not to exceed ninety (90) days straight credit in the commercial sense.

Credit will be extended only to those individuals, firms or charitable organizations which can establish a satisfactory credit rating (Dunn's, Bradstreet's or Banks), or to Municipalities having a bona fide purchasing organization. The credit risk in each case is left to the decision of the Depot Quartermaster.

FREIGHT PREPAID

Shipments of not less than carload lots will be made at government expense to any point in the United States outside a radius of 20 miles of the point of storage from which shipment is made.

The government will not be liable for any demurrage or switching charges that may accrue after goods are loaded for shipment. Prices quoted are in all cases f. o. b. storage point, with freight prepaid, as above specified on carload lots.

SAMPLES ON REQUEST

Depot Quartermaster in your district, will on receipt of price of samples wanted and postage costs, be glad to send same to prospective purchasers in their respective zones.

GUARANTEED CONDITION

The government guarantees to deliver all meats in perfect condition. The most rigid inspection will be made of each shipment before it leaves point of storage, thus insuring full protection to all purchasers.

ORDER NOW

We respectfully suggest that immediate steps be taken by interested parties to familiarize themselves not only with the superior quality of these canned meats, but that they compare the prices herein quoted with prices for the same commodities from other sources so that they may fully realize the immensity of value to be obtained by participating in the distribution of these goods.

SURPLUS PROPERTY Branch

OFFICE OF THE QUARTERMASTER GENERAL

Munitions Building.

Washington, D. C.

MUNICIPAL NOTES

By Fred W. Catlett

(Continued from page 3)

neys to increase their fares so that there may be a wider margin between the street car fare and their charge.

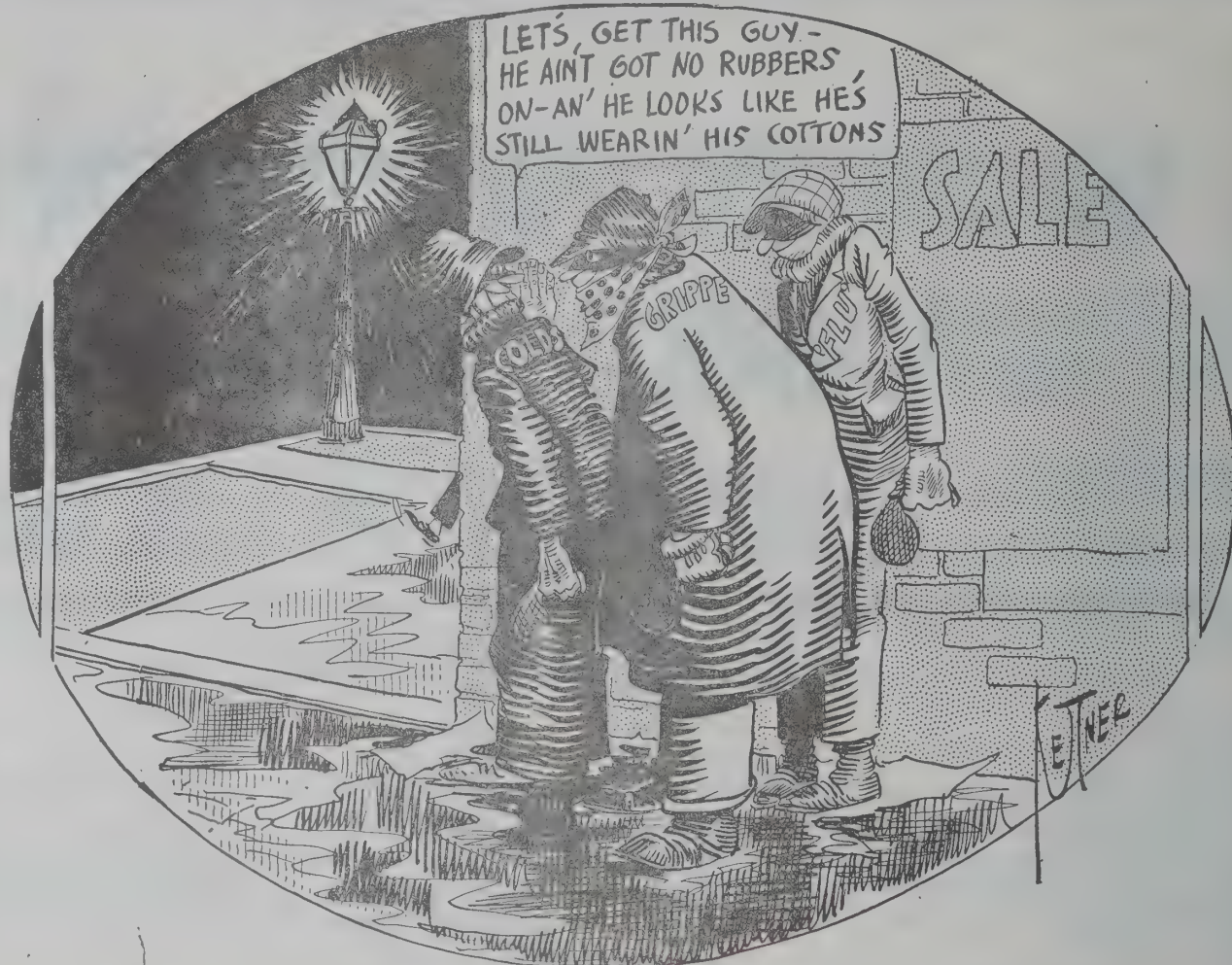
We believe that a suggestion made by the Mayor some time ago offers the correct solution. That was the jitney should be required to pay the city so much per passenger carried. We do not know just what this figure should be but suggest five cents. This would be just towards the jitneys who are making more than ordinary use of the city streets and doing more than their share as individuals in complicating our traffic problems. It would not, in our judgment, reduce the number of passengers carried by the jitneys materially if at all. On the other hand it would compensate the street railway for losses due to the jitney competition. It would still permit those who are not able to own private automobiles to have the more rapid service which many of them apparently desire. This requirement would compel the jitneys to charge at least a 15 cent fare. Those who ride on the jitneys would have no real reason to complain because the service they obtain is worth the 15 cent charge.

Whether these suggestions offer the best solution or not they offer a solution and the city council ought to take action of some sort in the very near future for the cash deficit has reached large proportions and ought not to be permitted to increase. We might say in closing that we do not take the view that this increase of fare furnishes any argument against municipal ownership. Even when the fare is raised we shall probably be paying less proportionally for our transportation than for most of the other necessities of life. An increase of 60 per cent in cost of transportation will compare favorably with the advances in food prices and clothing costs.

Ikey, Jr.: Papa, how big is a sail?

Ikey, Sr.: Vat kind, fire or bankruptcy?

An Easy Mark



JUNIOR RED CROSS HELPS IN COMMUNITY'S WORK

Through the Junior Red Cross the school children of this county have an important part in work of the local Red Cross chapter. Throughout the Northwest school children are taking a keen interest in the activities in which they are engaging as members of this organization. These activities do not interfere in any way with the regular work of the schools, but they do add zest to class room studies.

In Portland, Tacoma, and Spokane the Juniors have financed clinics, where children have been given dental and medical examinations. In numerous counties throughout Idaho, Oregon and Washington they have made provisions for first aid kits in every rural school. Besides other activities, the Juniors of Boise, Idaho, are providing flowers for the Barracks Hospital in that city where many disabled ex-service men are receiving treatment. Poor, crippled children in many towns have received badly needed attention, and the bills have been paid out of funds raised by the Junior Red Cross.

Through the Junior Red Cross thousands of children in Europe have been fed and given medical care through contributions by members of the Junior Red Cross in this country. The Juniors of the Northwest gathered large quantities of clothing for the "Wild Children of the Urals," who were recently returned to their homes by the American Red Cross after having wandered uncared for over the wastes of Siberia. And now, through the Junior Red Cross, it is being made possible for children in this country to correspond with children in other lands.



Measuring the Baby

Red Cross Aids Mothers in Directing Proper Care and Attention for Children.

D. SASTER RELIEF PROVES BEST NATIONAL INSURANCE

When the man on the street is asked for his annual Red Cross dues of \$1 during Roll Call week, November 11 to 25, he will know that half of that dollar stays in his own community. If he has done an average amount of Red Cross reading he will know that a small slice out of the other 50 cents is appropriated to "disaster relief."

But unless he is one of the exceptionally few he will not know what "disaster relief" has meant to the world during the life of the American Red Cross, nor will he realize what small slices of dollars will do if there are enough of them.

In the Northwestern Division, time after time the relief organization has met its crisis and has stood the test.

Twice in Oregon in December of 1919—at Mosier when fire left families destitute and again when the Marshfield chapter cared for survivors and recovered bodies of the dead from the wrecked schooner "Chanslor"—the test was met. In 1920 came the landslide at Juneau, Alaska, and the hotel fire at Klamath Falls, Oregon. More people learned that "disaster relief" means things in the lives of men.

In the 38 years since its incorporation up to June of 1919, the American Red Cross had participated in 180 disaster relief expeditions. It directed the expenditure of approximately \$12,500,000. Before the organization had attained its present large membership funds often were raised through popular subscription for such large disasters as the Mississippi floods and cyclones of 1882 and 1883, the Texas famine, the Armenian massacres of 1893 and 1894, the Martinique volcano eruption and many others.

A list of all the Red Cross relief work in times of fire, flood and famine would take pages. Long before the organization under the stress of war and war's results had grown into the lives of millions, disaster relief was one of its foremost activities. The Congressional Charter under which the Red Cross has operated since 1905 sets forth as one of the chief purposes of the organization: "to continue and carry on a system of * * * relief and to apply the same in mitigating the sufferings caused by pestilence, famine, fires, floods and other great national calamities."

And now, with its wonderful organization of chapters, branches and auxiliaries reaching to the farthest parts of the nation, its members instructed and ready for action when the occasion arises, Red Cross "disaster relief" has become accident insurance for the world.

SCIENTIFIC INVESTIGATOR SHOWS WHY AMERICA CANNOT ADOPT EUROPE'S POLICY IN CONTROLLING VICE AND DISEASE

Why America cannot adopt Europe's policy in dealing with prostitution and disease is set forth in "Social Hygiene Legislation," a recently published handbook of the American Social Hygiene Association. The explanation is based on an expert investigation of the European plan and is in answer to a small group of Americans who insist that Europe has a system for handling prostitution that America would do well to follow.

The principle of the European policy recommended by this group for America, the handbook explains, is that prostitution can be made safe through regulation. In a few words, prostitution is tolerated on certain conditions, mainly by subjecting it to certain rules which practically constitute a license to practice prostitution.

To investigate this method, Abraham Flexner, of the General Educational Board, was sent to Europe by the Bureau of Social Hygiene of New York City, and was given no instructions except to make a thorough and impartial examination of prostitution in Europe and to report his observations and conclusions to the Bureau. The first discovery made by Mr. Flexner was that the regulatory system prevails only in a small part of Europe and in no two places alike. It has died out in Great Britain, Holland, Denmark, Norway, and Switzerland, except in the city of Geneva, and is on its last legs in France, Belgium, Germany, Austria, Czecho-Slovakia, Sweden and Italy.

Three processes are supposed to be involved in the European regulation system if it is to be successful. Prostitutes must be segregated, they must be registered, and they must submit to medical inspection. Mr. Flexner found that there is no such thing as segregation of prostitutes in Europe, not even the small fraction that is regulated by the police. He says that the bulk of prostitution, even in regulated cities, lives where and as it pleases.

As to registering all or nearly all the prostitutes, he says, "nowhere is more than an unimportant fraction registered." He explains that it is only a small number of the helpless and stupid prostitutes that can be listed. "The majority cannot be registered. They are too cunning to be trapped. They disappear here and reappear there."

As to the medical inspection of prostitutes, Mr. Flexner has this to say: "There are several reasons why medical inspection is believed to be futile. In the first place, too few women are examined; for if, as I have said, the police never apprehend more than an unimportant fraction, medical inspection never reaches at all the bulk of those diseased. In the next place, medical inspection does not continuously protect even the registered women. The women pronounced diseased are forcibly confined to a prison hospital. Now the prostitute resents imprisonment. She learns quite early the signs of infection; discovering herself infected, she does one of two things—covers them up, a trick at which she is expert, or as the phrase is, she 'disappears'—does not report for medical examination, meanwhile plying her trade in secret. When, therefore, medical inspection is urged on the ground that in Europe it is employed to reduce disease, you may confidently reply that regulation in Europe has most completely collapsed at precisely that point."

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and for the County of King.

M. Thuesen and Lena Thuesen, his wife, Plaintiffs, vs. George E. Thuesen and Blanche J. Thuesen, his wife, Erick Erickson, and his unknown heirs, and all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in Lot 1, in Block 6, of Eastlake Addition to the City of Seattle, as per map recorded in Vol. 3 of Plats, Page 71, records of King County, Washington, Defendants. No. 146416. Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to: George E. Thuesen and Blanche J. Thuesen, his wife, Erick Erickson, and his unknown heirs, and all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in Lot 1, in Block 6, of Eastlake Addition to the City of Seattle, as per map recorded in Vol. 3 of Plats, Page 71, records of King County, Washington, Defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear at the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for King County, which County the plaintiffs designate as the place of trial, within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 16th day of October, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiffs, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for the plaintiffs at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered

against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the Clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is to quiet the title of the plaintiffs in and to the following described property: Lot 1, in Block 6, of Eastlake Addition to the City of Seattle, as per map recorded in Vol. 3 of Plats, Page 71, records of King County, Washington, and declaring that the defendants have not, nor has any of them, any right, title, estate or interest whatsoever in or to the land and premises or any part thereof, and that the defendants and each of them be enjoined and debarred from asserting any claim whatsoever in or to the said land and premises adverse to the plaintiffs.

JOHN F. REED,
Attorney for Plaintiffs,
Office and P. O. Address:
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Oct. 16, 1920. 7t Nov 27

CHAS. H. HARTGE
Attorney 521 Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for King County.

Chase Eastman, Plaintiff, vs. Cecile Dannenhirsch, Alexander Brooks, Amelia (also known as Amalie) Hirschberg, Johanna Lindo (formerly Johanna Phillips), Amelia Hirschberg, as surviving executrix of the will of Ludwig Brooks, deceased, and Amalie Hirschberg, as administratrix of the estate of Lena Brooks, deceased, Defendants. No. 146759. Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to the said: Alexander Brooks, Amelia (also known as Amalie) Hirschberg, Johanna Lindo (formerly Johanna Phillips), Amelia Hirschberg, as surviving executrix of the will of Ludwig Brooks, deceased, and Amalie Hirschberg, as administratrix of the estate of Lena Brooks, deceased, Defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 30th day of October, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff, at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of said action is to obtain the judgment of the above entitled court that that certain mortgage dated February 2, 1914, made by Ludwig Brooks and Lena Brooks, then husband and wife, to Bothwell & Crockett Company, a corporation, and which is now of record in the office of the auditor of King County, State of Washington, in Volume 592 of Mortgages at page 139 of the records of said King County, State of Washington, and which said mortgage has been assigned to plaintiff, is a valid first mortgage lien upon Lot Eighteen (18) in Block Three (3) of Boston Heights Addition to Seattle, situate in King County, State of Washington, and every part thereof, for security of payment of that certain promissory note and interest coupon notes described in said mortgage, and certain sums set forth in said complaint amounting to, for the principal of the said promissory note and said interest coupon notes and taxes and assessments paid, the total sum of Twenty-two Hundred Seventy-three Dollars and Eighty-eight Cents (\$2273.88), with interest on the portions of said total sum at the rate of ten per cent (10%) per annum as follows:

On \$1500.00 from February 2, 1919;
On \$52.50 from February 2, 1916;
On \$52.50 from August 2, 1916;
On \$52.50 from February 2, 1917;
On \$52.50 from August 2, 1917;
On \$52.50 from February 2, 1918;
On \$52.50 from August 2, 1918;
On \$52.50 from February 2, 1919;
On \$406.38 from June 10, 1918;
and for the further sum of Three Hundred Dollars (\$300.00) attorney's fees, and for plaintiff's costs and disbursements in said action, and to obtain judgment for the foreclosure of said mortgage and sale of the said lands and premises at foreclosure sale and the application of the proceeds of said sale to payment of the costs of such sale, and then to payment of the sums and amounts hereinbefore set forth to the plaintiff, and that defendants and each of them and all persons claiming by, through, or under them, or any of them, be by such foreclosure sale foreclosed and barred of and from all claim, right, and equity of redemption in or to said lands and premises and every part thereof, except only the statutory right of redemption for one year after such sale, and for such other, further, or different relief in the premises as shall be equitable.

CHARLES H. HARTGE,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address: 521 Central Building, Seattle, King County, Washington.
1st Pub. Oct. 30, 1920. 7t Dec 11

DEPARTMENTS OF SERVICE

COMMERCIAL SAVINGS—4%

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112 COLUMBIA STREET

WILLIAM H. GORHAM
Attorney 653 Colman Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, for King County.
 In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Saidee
 E. Zipf, deceased. No. 28201. Notice
 to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Administrator of the estate of Saidee E. Zipf, deceased; and that all persons having claims against said deceased are required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administrator or his attorney or record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of the above entitled court, together with proof of such service, within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of First Publication: November 20, 1920.

A. F. ZIPF,
 Administrator of said Estate.
 Address: Room 653 Colman Building,
 Seattle, Washington.
WILLIAM H. GORHAM, Attorney for
 said Estate, Room 653 Colman Building,
 Seattle, Washington. 3t Dec. 4

JAMES W. REYNOLDS
Attorney 303 Burke Building
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for King County
 In Probate No. 28334
 In the Matter of the Estate of Ralph
 Smailes, Deceased.
 Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as the executrix of the estate of Ralph Smailes, deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified on said executrix or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the clerk of said court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice or the same will be barred.

MARY H. SMAILES
 Executrix
JAMES W. REYNOLDS, Attorney for
 Estate, 303 Burke Building, Seattle,
 Wash.
 Date of first publication, Oct. 30th,
 1920. 4t Nov. 20.

ATTWOOD A. KIRBY
Lawyer Suite 960 Empire Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, in and for the
 County of King.
 Muriel Morrison, Plaintiff, vs. Robert
 P. Morrison, Defendant. No. 147172.
 Summons by Publication.
 The State of Washington to the above
 named defendant, Robert P. Morrison:
 You are hereby summoned to appear
 within sixty (60) days after the date
 of the first publication of this summons,
 to-wit: within sixty days after
 the 13th day of November, 1920, and
 defend the above entitled action in the
 above entitled court, holden in King
 County, State of Washington, and answer
 the complaint of the plaintiff, and
 serve a copy of your answer upon the
 undersigned attorney for plaintiff, at
 the place below stated as his office address,
 and in case of your failure so
 to do, judgment will be rendered against
 you according to the demand of the
 complaint, which has been filed with
 the Clerk of said Court.

The object of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree of divorce on behalf of the plaintiff from said defendant, upon the grounds of cruel treatment of the plaintiff by said defendant, and personal indignities rendering the life of plaintiff burdensome.

ATTWOOD A. KIRBY,
 Attorney for Plaintiff.
 Office and Post Office Address: 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Washington.
 7t Dec 28

CHARLES H. HARTGE
Attorney 521 Central Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington in and for King
 County.

Thornton Academy, a corporation,
 Plaintiff, vs. Cecilie Dannenhirsch,
 Alexander Brooks, Amelia (also known
 as Amalie) Hirschberg, Johanna Lindo
 (formerly Johanna Phillips),
 Amelia Hirschberg, as surviving executrix
 of the will of Ludwig Brooks,
 deceased, and Amalie Hirschberg, as
 administratrix of the estate of Lena
 Brooks, deceased, Defendants. No.
 146760. Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to the said:
 Alexander Brooks, Amalie (also known
 as Amalie) Hirschberg, Johanna Lindo
 (formerly Johanna Phillips),

Amelia Hirschberg, as surviving executrix
 of the will of Ludwig Brooks,
 deceased, and Amalie Hirschberg, as
 administratrix of the estate of Lena
 Brooks, deceased, Defendants.

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 30th day of October, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff, at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of said action is to obtain the judgment of the above entitled court that that certain mortgage dated February 2, 1914, made by Ludwig Brooks and Lena Brooks, then husband and wife, to Bothwell & Crockett Company, a corporation, and which is now of record in the office of the auditor of King County, State of Washington, in Volume 592 of Mortgages at page 138 of the records of said King County, and which said mortgage has been assigned to plaintiff, is a valid first mortgage lien upon Lot Ten (10) in Block Seventeen (17) of Renton Hill, an addition to Seattle, according to the recorded plat thereof, situate in King County, State of Washington, and every part thereof, for security of payment of that certain promissory note

and interest coupon notes described in said mortgage, and certain sums set forth in said complaint, amounting to, for the principal of the said promissory note and said interest coupon notes Twenty-eight Hundred Thirty Dollars and Fifty-four Cents (\$2830.54), with interest on the portions of said total sums at the rate of ten per cent (10%) per annum as follows:

On \$1800.00 from February 2, 1919;
 On \$63.00 from February 2, 1916;
 On \$63.00 from August 2, 1916;
 On \$63.00 from February 2, 1917;
 On \$63.00 from August 2, 1917;
 On \$63.00 from February 2, 1918;
 On \$63.00 from August 2, 1918;
 On \$63.00 from February 2, 1919;
 On \$589.54 from June 8, 1918;

and for the further sum of Three Hundred Dollars (\$300.00) attorney's fees, and for plaintiff's costs and disbursements in said action, and to obtain judgment for the foreclosure of said

mortgage and sale of the said lands and premises at foreclosure sale and the application of the proceeds of said sale to payment of the costs of such sale, and then to payment of the sums and amounts hereinbefore set forth to the plaintiff, and that defendants and each of them and all persons claiming by, through, or under them, or any of them, be by such foreclosure sale foreclosed and barred of and from all claim, right, and equity of redemption in or to said lands and premises and every part thereof, except only the statutory right of redemption for one year after such sale, and for such other, further, or different relief in the premises as shall be equitable.

CHARLES H. HARTGE,
 Attorney for Plaintiff.
 Office and Post Office Address: 521 Central Building, Seattle, King County, Washington.
 1st Pub. Oct. 30, 1920. 7t Dec 11

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. IX. NO. 49.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1920.

PRICE 10 CENTS

ADDRESS OF J. D. ROSS

Reported by Eimon L. Wienir

J. D. Ross, Superintendent of City Lighting Department, addressed the Municipal League Tuesday noon. Stereopticon slides were shown during the course of his address to illustrate the work now in progress in connection with the Skagit project and at the Cedar River dam. The largest audience of any this year attended the meeting. Mr. Ross discussed the financial situation of his department and outlined plans for increasing the capacity of the city's lighting plant. With the completion of the work now under way, including enlargement of the Cedar Falls hydro-electric plant and the Lake Union steam plant and construction of the first unit of the Skagit development, the production of electrical energy will be increased from 25,000 kilowatt hours, the present capacity of the plant, to 75,000 kilowatt hours, he asserted.

Emphasizing the advisability of increasing the amount of current generated by water power, Ross said production cost at the steam plant is 1.6 cents a kilowatt hour, and at the Cedar Falls hydroelectric plant three-quarters of a cent a kilowatt hour, while Skagit power will be produced at one-quarter cent a kilowatt hour. He said in part:

"The city lighting plant is worth today approximately ten million dollars. Last year we had an income of two million, one hundred thousand dollars. The profit in 1919 was four hundred seventy two thousand dollars; the cost of operation was two hundred two thousand dollars; Cedar River construction work sixty seven thousand dollars; Skagit project assessments amounted to ninety-six thousand dollars. The difficulty to day is

The Most Important Project Seattle has ever undertaken

that we have not enough power to sell. If we had had the power we could have made a far better showing and the department would have been a large concern today. We could have gone after the business instead of waiting until the business came to us.

"The trouble with the Cedar River plant has been that the bed is of shifting sand whereas the ideal condition requires it to be of solid rock. There is no material available there with which to seal the dam. To bring in material covering approximately one hundred fifty acres would be prohibitive in cost.

"By running a tunnel, as I have proposed, we shall get three times the power we get out of the plant at the present time.

"Heretofore there 'never has been any delay in building the new steam plant, but there is always opposition in building the hydro electric plant.

"When the first unit of Skagit is complete, we will be able to sell 75,000 k. w. instead of 25,000 k. w., as we are doing at present. We will have a plant costing 3-4 cent per k. w. instead of 1.6 cents, present cost at the steam plant."

Los Angeles, Mr. Ross stated, is getting a great deal of business from Seattle because of their ample power supply.

C. F. UHDEN

Chief Engineer of the Skagit Project

Will Address the Municipal League

TUESDAY NOON, DECEMBER 7

At Meves Cafeteria, 2nd and Seneca

Ross rapped the Electric Company for their breach in good faith in purchasing two other sites near the Skagit showing, he said, that they intended to monopolize all the power in this section of the country. "The Company, not only has no legal right to the Skagit at this time, but has no moral claim whatsoever," Ross said.

COUNTY-CITY

CONSOLIDATION

Note:—The following bill was drafted by Corporation Counsel Walter F. Meier and Vivian Carkeek. The Municipal League Committee, headed by Laurence S. Booth, will soon report on this bill to the League.

AN ACT proposing the amendment of Article XI of the Constitution of the State of Washington by the addition thereto of a new section to be known as "Section 16," which shall authorize and direct the Legislature to provide for the formation of combined city and county municipal corporations; and shall be liable for a just proportion of the existing debts and liabilities of the former county, and the manner of determining such just proportion shall be as prescribed by general law, but such division shall not affect the

(Continued on page 2)

REPORT ON CANDIDATES

(Adopted by League Tuesday)

The Municipal League:
Gentlemen:

Your Committee on Investigation of Candidates for Port Commission and School Directors begs leave to make its report as shown herewith.

CARL E. CROSON

Has been a resident of Seattle for eight years; is a graduate of Harvard University and a lawyer. He has had actual experience as a teacher, having served five years as teacher, principal of a high school and as principal of an Academy. He is chairman of the New Industries Department of the Chamber of Commerce and a member of the Labor Relations Committee. He organized the Seattle Four-Minute-Men, was a regular campaign speaker for the City and State in the Liberty Loan, Red Cross and Boy Scout drives and finally, after making special arrangements for the care of his child, volunteered (being draft exempt) for army service, and at the conclusion of the war was located at Camp Zachary Taylor at Louisville, Kentucky.

Being a man of excellent character, marked energy and of well known executive ability, the committee believes him ably qualified for the position he seeks as school director.

RICHARD WINSOR

Has served as director since 1912. Always conscientious in discharge of duties and deeply interested in the welfare of the schools. His able and faithful service is deserving of public gratitude. Recently his physical condition and health at his advanced age have prevented as active attention to the exacting duties as before.

E. SHORROCK

Has served as director continuously since 1903. Banker. His

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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 Treasurer.....A. F. Bailey, 922 2nd Avenue, Elliott 732
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TRUSTEES

Terms Expire May, 1921
 Fred W. Catlett
 Walter S. Johnson
 L. D. Lewis
 A. H. Albertson
 Edward W. Allen
 Terms Expire May 1922
 Howard A. Adams
 George S. Kahin
 Robert F. Sandall
 Jackson Silbaugh
 James W. Reynolds, Ex-officio Trustee

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

qualifications, record and interest are so well and favorably known to the public that little need be said other than his long experience and ripened judgment would render his absence from the Board a distinct loss to the community.

EDWIN J. BROWN

Lawyer and dentist; candidate for election as School Director; is the same Mr. Brown who has run for office many previous times.

T. S. LIPPY

Candidate for re-election as Port Commissioner, is a man of strong character, executive ability, a successful business man, and free from political association and influence. He practices a strictly business administration and favors managerial form of operation.

Much credit to the success of the Port's enviable record during the three years of Mr. Lippy's tenure of office has been attributed to his efforts.

By reason of the valuable experience he obtained as Port Commissioner, coupled with the favorable record he has made, the committee believes it a matter of good business to return him to office.

GEORGE B. LAMPING

State senator; late candidate for governor; in insurance business. Says he filed for Port Commissioner because he feels the business men of Seattle did not give him the support he was entitled to in his candidacy for governor. Says he has not promised, direct-

ly or indirectly, any position or favor, if elected. Has no definite plan for important changes in management or operation of Port; admits not having made sufficient study. Favors managerial form; open shop without discrimination against union labor, except that ex-service men should receive preference, efficiency being equal.

Is supported by Union Record, Longshoremen's Union and Bolo Club. Denies having sought endorsement from radical elements. Offers no particular reason for change in the office.

Respectfully submitted,

JOHN D. BALL, Chairman
 C. E. BOGARDUS
 A. J. BALLIET
 NELSON R. ANDERSON
 A. H. WISEMAN
 Committee.

COUNTY-CITY

CONSOLIDATION

(Continued from Page One)

rights of creditors. The officers of a city and county, their compensation, qualification, term of office and manner of election or appointment, shall be as provided for in its charter.

Section 2. The Secretary of State is hereby directed to cause the amendment proposed in this act to be published for at least three (3) months next preceding the said election, in some weekly newspaper in every county where a newspaper is published throughout the State.

Section 13 There shall be printed on all ballots provided

for said election the proposition to be voted upon in substantially the following words:

"For the proposed amendment to Article XI of the Constitution empowering the Legislature to provide for combined city and county municipal corporations containing a population of at least eighty thousand."

"Against - the proposed amendment to Article XI of the Constitution empowering the Legislature to provide for combined city and county municipal corporations containing a population of at least eighty thousand."

Section 4. If it shall appear from the ballots cast at the said election that a majority of the qualified voters voting upon the question of the approval and ratification of said amendment have voted in favor of the same, the Governor shall make a proclamation of that fact and the said amendment shall be held to have become adopted and to become a part of the Constitution.

TO RETURN CAR SYSTEM

The following resolution, introduced by L. D. Lewis Tuesday, was referred to the Public Utilities Committee for report:

Whereas, Experience has shown that the street railway system purchased by the City of Seattle from the Stone & Webster interests was valued far above its reasonable market value, and

Whereas, It is a matter of common knowledge that traction properties throughout the world have been, and are being, rendered less valuable by reason of the competition of motor transportation, and

Whereas, Each increase in fare renders the system less valuable to the City of Seattle, and

Whereas, These and other considerations have demonstrated the contract between the before mentioned parties impossible of fulfillment. Now be it

Resolved by the Municipal League of Seattle that it is against public policy to continue to operate the system longer than is necessary, and that on the contrary steps should be taken to return the system to its former owners at the earliest possible date.

SECRETARY'S COLUMN

The work of the League's committees the past week or two has shown more convincingly than ever that the League is alive to ever present civic problems and is helping in their solution. While some may criticize the League as being too conservative, there are others who claim it to be radical. The fact remains that the League has been holding a middle course and its expressions are an accurate gauge of the large group of citizens of the community.

The League today is confronted with the same difficulty as has confronted it before: namely finances and ever-growing necessity for greater membership. The membership committee has, thus far this year, been dormant. A reaction has set in against campaigns and "drives" but there ought to be, on the part of every member of the League, a sincere effort to bring in new members to the League from week to week. If every member of the League would bring a guest to the luncheon Tuesday, he would be rendering a service, not only to the League and to the city, but to the guest as well. Membership cards can be secured from the Secretary at any meeting, or at his office. Won't you help the League in this work?

Many members of the League are still in arrears in the payment of dues for the current year. Much unnecessary labor could be saved this office if such members would send in their checks without delay.

There has been a decided slump in the number of resolutions introduced at the Tuesday meetings during the past year. The matter of initiating investigations should not come wholly from the members of the Board. There are many matters brought to your attention which do not come to the attention of the Board or to the officers. By securing your cooperation, the League will be continually alive and helping to better civic conditions.

The League welcomes editorial contributions to this paper. The only requirements are that the articles be legible and that your name be signed to the article submitted.

PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMITTEE REPORT TO BE SUBMITTED TO LEAGUE TUESDAY NOON, DEC. 7th

To the Board of Trustees of
Municipal League of Seattle:
Gentlemen:

Since rendering its last report, your Public Utilities Committee has been giving further consideration to the street car situation and, pursuant to your request that at this time a report be made by the Committee in regard to increases in fare, herewith submits the following:

The majority of your Committee providing for the submission of such proposed amendment to the qualified electors of the State for their approval or rejection.

Be it Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Section 1. That at the general election to be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, 1922, there shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the State for their approval and ratification or rejection, a proposed amendment of Article XI of the State Constitution by the addition thereto of a new section, to be known as Section 6, reading as follows:

Section 16. The Legislature shall, by general law, provide for the formation of combined city and county municipal corporations, and for the manner of determining the territorial limits thereof, each of which shall be known as a "city and county", and, when organized, shall contain a population of at least eighty thousand inhabitants. Any such city and county shall be permitted to frame a charter for its own government, and amend the same, in the manner provided for cities by Section 10 of this article: Provided, however, that the first charter of such city and county shall be framed and adopted in a manner to be specified in the general law authorizing the formation of such corporations: Provided, further that every such charter shall designate the respective officers of such city and county who shall perform the duties imposed by law upon county officers. Every such city and county shall have and enjoy all rights, powers and privileges asserted in its charter,

And So On and So Forth



(Copyright)

not inconsistent with general laws, and in addition thereto, such rights, powers and privileges as may be granted to it, or possessed and enjoyed by cities and counties of like population separately organized. No such city and county shall become indebted for any purpose other than a strictly municipal purpose, nor shall it become indebted for such purpose, in any manner, to an amount exceeding three per centum of the value of taxable property therein, without the assent of three-fifths of the voters therein voting at an election to be held for that purpose, nor with such assent shall the total indebtedness at any time exceed ten per centum of such value, to be ascertained by the last assessment for the purpose of general taxation: Provided, that any such city and county, with such assent, may become indebted to a larger amount but not to exceed five per centum additional for supplying such city and county with water, artificial light and sewers when the works for supplying such utilities shall be owned and controlled by such city and county;

Provided further, that in the event of the consolidation of any other municipal or quasi-public corporation with such city and county pursuant to general law, such city and county, with such assent, may incur a further indebtedness in an amount equal to, but limited to the purposes of, that indebtedness which might have been incurred by such other municipal or quasi-public corporation had the same remained separately organized. The provisions of Sections 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 of this article shall not apply to any such city and county: Provided, that the salary of any officer of a city and county shall not be changed after his election or appointment or during his term of office, nor shall the term of any such officer be extended beyond the period for which he is elected or appointed. In case an existing county is divided in the formation of a city and county, such city and county is of the opinion that the street car system should be self-supporting, and assuming that there is no change in the present scheme of retiring the fifteen million dollars of utility bonds, is-

sued in payment of the system, within the time provided by such bonds, it seems to your Committee, from the financial statements attached to its last report, that it is absolutely imperative to raise the rate of fare and that the lowest fare which will bring returns sufficient to pay operating expenses, proper depreciation charges, and the interest and principal of the bonded indebtedness is from eight to eight and one-half cents, and in view of the fact that there is already pending before the City Council an ordinance providing for three fares for a quarter or ten cents straight for a single cash fare, this Committee recommends that the League go on record as favoring such increases.

In addition to raising the rate of fare, we believe that there should be a rigid regulation of the jitneys as to routes, schedules, fares, and character of service, with possibly some system of substantial license fees provided which would make some return to the municipality for the use of the streets.

(Continued on page six)

GREATER REDUCTIONS WAR DEPARTMENT

This is the second call—the second great reduction and the second great opportunity to dealers. Urged by the insistent call for more of these excellent guaranteed meats from every section of the country by dealers who suddenly found their store a new center of attraction, the Government makes this new and greater offer. **Note the New Low Prices Now Effective.**

CORNERED BEEF:

No. 1 cans.....	15c per can
No. 2 cans.....	27c per can
1 lb. cans.....	18c per can
6 lb. cans.....	\$1.00 per can

CORNERED BEEF HASH:

1 lb. cans.....	15c per can
2 lb. cans.....	30c per can

ROAST BEEF:

No. 1 cans.....	9c per can
No. 2 cans.....	18c per can
1 lb. cans.....	12c per can
2 lb. cans.....	24c per can
6 lb. cans.....	70c per can

BACON:

12 lb. cans.....	\$2.50 per can
------------------	----------------

SAUSAGE:

Pork, No. 2 cans.....	25c per can
Vienna, No. 2 cans.....	25c per can

TABLE OF DISCOUNTS

The discounts to apply on all purchases of surplus canned meats on and after November 15th, 1920, are as follows:

\$250.00 to \$1,000.....	Net
\$1,001.00 to \$2,500.....	5%
\$2,501.00 to \$4,000.....	10%
\$4,001 and over.....	20%

On full carload lots, shipped at government expense, if value of full carload is less than \$4,001.00, then 20% discount will be allowed on the value of the carload.

CUMULATIVE PURCHASES COUNT

To stimulate purchases of carload lots and to promote sales in large quantities, further discounts as follows are authorized to customers ordering or re-ordering in carload lots, the value of all purchases of canned meats made on or after November 15th, 1920, only, to be considered in connection with the scale of discounts, as follows:

When purchases reach \$50,001.....	24% net to prevail
When purchases reach \$100,001.....	28% net to prevail
When purchases reach \$500,001.....	32% net to prevail
When purchases reach \$1,000,001 and over.....	35% net to prevail

The foregoing means that the total purchase by a customer in carload lots from time to time will be taken into consideration and the proper discount applied on the sum of all the purchases, including the first carload lot.

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at the following addresses:

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Chicago, Ill., 1819 West 39th St.

Atlanta, Ga., Transportation Bldg.
San Antonio, Tex.
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Depot Quartermasters are authorized to sell surplus canned meats for cash, bankers' acceptance, or on not to exceed ninety (90) days straight credit in the commercial sense.

Credit will be extended only to those individuals, firms or charitable organizations which can establish a satisfactory credit rating (Dunn's, Bradstreet's or Banks), or to Municipalities having a bona fide purchasing organization. The credit risk in each case is left to the decision of the Depot Quartermaster.

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Shipments of not less than carload lots will be made at government expense to any point in the United States outside a radius of 20 miles of the point of storage from which shipment is made.

The government will not be liable for any demurrage or switching charges that may accrue after goods are loaded for shipment. Prices quoted are in all cases f. o. b. storage point, with freight prepaid, as above specified on carload lots.

SAMPLES ON REQUEST

Depot Quartermaster in your district, will on receipt of price of samples wanted and postage costs, be glad to send same to prospective purchasers in their respective zones.

GUARANTEED CONDITION

The government guarantees to deliver all meats in perfect condition. The most rigid inspection will be made of each shipment before it leaves point of storage, thus insuring full protection to all purchasers.

ORDER NOW

We respectfully suggest that immediate steps be taken by interested parties to familiarize themselves not only with the superior quality of these canned meats, but that they compare the prices herein quoted with prices for the same commodities from other sources so that they may fully realize the immensity of value to be obtained by participating in the distribution of these goods.

SURPLUS PROPERTY Branch

OFFICE OF THE QUARTERMASTER GENERAL

Munitions Building.

Washington, D. C.

(Continued from page three)

Respectfully submitted,
Public Utilities Committee, by
O. B. THORGRUMIN
MARION EDWARDS
ROBERT HAWES
JOSEPH JACOBS
J. M. BRACKETT

Authority to establish rate increases corresponding with those proposed for Seattle's municipal street railway is asked by the Seattle & Rainier Valley Railway Company in a new tariff filed with the state public service commission at Olympia yesterday.

The new tariff advances the price of commutation metal tokens within the City of Seattle from 6¼ to 8 1-3 cents, transfers to be issued on 10-cent fares only. It is proposed to make the new rates effective Jan. 1, 1921.

W. M. Brown, general manager of the Rainier Valley Line, said last evening that the new tariff is based on the Thomson ordinance which as originally drafted did not authorize transfers on metal token fares. He was not prepared to state what effect adoption by the council of a bill granting transfers on token fares would have on the company's pending tariff.

Friday afternoon the Council referred the proposed ordinance increasing street car fare to the Utilities Committee for report. The Utilities Committee will meet Thursday.

Decision to postpone until next Thursday final action on the Thomson ordinance establishing an 8-1-3 cent metal token fare on the municipal street railway was reached by the city council.

A political cartoon by J. Neel. In the center, a man in a suit and hat, with the word 'ECONOMY' written on his chest, is being crushed by a large, dark, hooded figure. To the left, a young boy in a cap looks on. In the background, a woman in a hooded cloak stands near a wooden fence. A large bucket filled with coins is on the left, and a box of coins is on the right. The cartoon is signed 'J. Neel' in the bottom right corner.

at a special session Thursday afternoon after a motion to pass the measure as emergency legislation had been defeated by a vote of 6 to 3.

The postponement was taken on recommendation of Mayor Caldwell, who suggested that Councilman Robert B. Hesketh, one of the three councilmen voting against the ordinance, be given more time in which to consider the matter.

Earlier in the committee session the council had amended the ordinance to provide for the transfer privilege on metal token as well as cash fares and to continue in effect the reduced rates granted disabled exservice men attending vocational training classes.

In a communication to the council Mayor Caldwell approved the proposed legislation and announced his intention to sign the ordinance when passed. In oral statements to the councilmen, in connection with discussion of Councilman Hesketh's vote against the measure, the mayor indicated his belief that the legislation should be in emergency form.

Promise that his investigation of the transaction whereby the city acquired the traction system of the Puget Sound Traction, Light and Power Company will be completed soon and a report submitted was also made by Mayor Caldwell in his letter to the council.

In opening the communication, the mayor said: "I had hoped to complete the investigation of the street car deal, authorized and directed by the council, before the matter of providing additional revenue for the street car lines had to be acted upon," and in closing he added, "so far as the investigation of the street railway purchase is concerned, this has been delayed by matters seemingly beyond my control, but I expect to have the same concluded and make a report to the city council with my recommendations some time next month."

Purchased Under Statute

In announcing his intention to approve the ordinance increasing fares, the mayor said:

"The car lines were purchased under authority of state statute and bonds issued in payment, payable from the gross receipts of

the car lines. As long as we have the car lines, and no other method of making payment is authorized by the voters of the city, I have concluded every effort should be made to increase the revenues of the street railway system. In view of the rates being charged in other cities throughout the United States, it cannot be said that we have used every reasonable effort to increase the revenues by leaving the fare at 6 1-4 cents. The increasing of the car fare at this time is particularly unfortunate, in view of the existing imminent unemployment, and will doubtless work some hardship.

"The ordinance issuing bonds for the street railway, which is still the law, obligated the city to charge a sufficient rate to meet the obligations of principal, interest and operating expenses, if it is possible to do this at least until matters should be changed by vote of the people or by court proceedings, if it should develop that the latter are possible. We have sold and are now preparing to sell other utility bonds for the development of the light and power plants, including the Skag-

it project, and enlarging the water system.

"I have therefore concluded that it is the duty of the city toward other utilities to endeavor to live up to the contract under which persons acquired bonds from the city. In other words, any change of course from that upon which we started or any relief from existing contracts should be had in some other manner than by refusing to charge a rate on the utility that will permit of our keeping our obligations insofar as it is possible for this to be done."

Must Care For Deficit

Whatever action may be taken in regard to increasing fares, city officials will be compelled to provide some means of immediately taking care of the deficit in the city railway fund. City Treasurer Ed L. Terry stated definitely recently that the fund will go on a warrant basis Dec. 25, according to announcement previously made, whether fares are increased or not. The deficit Wednesday amounted to \$583,000, he stated.

According to Supt. D. W. Henderson's estimate of revenue receipts under the new rates of fare, it will be at least six months and possibly a year before the deficit in the railway fund can be wiped out. Unless some means of replenishing the fund by Dec. 24 is worked out by city officials, payment on warrants issued for street railway expenses, including wages of employees, will be refused by the city treasurer and holders of the warrants will be forced to market the script wherever possible and probably at a discount. This will continue until operating receipts have wiped out the deficit in the railway fund.

Discussion on Taxes

Discussion of the feasibility of a resort to general taxes as a means of financing in whole or in part operation and maintenance of the car lines and payment of interest and bonded indebtedness was a feature of the council session yesterday. Councilman Philip Tindall, in referring to this subject, declared that two obstacles seemed to block the plan; the fact that no provision for an appropriation for this purpose from the city's general fund was included in the 1921 tax levy

and the possible impairment of the city's credit that would result from financing a city utility by general taxes instead of its operating revenues.

Corporation Counsel Walter F. Meier advised the council that in his judgment the council could appropriate money from the general fund in support of the street railway, or any other city utility, even though the procedure would create a deficit, provided the statutory limit of indebtedness be not exceeded.

Decision to Amend

The decision to amend the Thomson ordinance so as to provide for universal transfers was reached by the council immediately after it had convened in regular session and then resolved itself into committee of the whole to consider the fare bill. Councilman Hesketh, who made the motion to provide universal transfers, as authorized in the existing fare ordinance, declared refusal to grant transfers on metal token fares would work an unnecessary hardship on many patrons of the car lines. Councilmen Tindall and John E. Carroll, who seconded the motion indorsed Hesketh's statement.

Councilmen Drake and Thompson defended the provision limiting the transfer privilege to 10-cent cash fares, maintaining that the transfer right is abused by numerous patrons, causing heavy loss to the railway fund. This statement was confirmed by Supt. Henderson.

The Hesketh motion to provide universal transfers was adopted by a seven to two vote. Councilmen Hesketh, Carroll, Tindall, Moore, Haas, Bolton and Erickson supporting and Councilmen Drake and Thomson opposing.

Emergency Clause Left In

The council then took a recess of thirty minutes in order to give the clerk time to re-draft the bill in accordance with the amendments adopted.

In the belief that the seven votes necessary to pass the measure in that form were available, the emergency clause was left in the bill. Preparations were made to have the measure engrossed and presented to the mayor for his approval immediately after the council session, so that its

provisions could be made effective at once. After a conference between Mayor Caldwell and Superintendent Henderson, it was announced that the increased rates would be put into effect this morning if the bill passed as emergency legislation.

Lacking the seven votes required as an emergency bill, the measure was declared rejected.

CHAS. H. HARTGE
Attorney 521 Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for King
County.
Chase Eastman, Plaintiff, vs. Cecille
Dannenhirsch, Alexander Brooks, Amel-
ia (also known as Amalie) Hirsch-
berg, Johanna Lindo (formerly Jo-
hanna Phillips), Amelia Hirschberg,
as surviving executrix of the will of
Ludwig Brooks, deceased, and Amalie
Hirschberg, as administratrix of the
estate of Lena Brooks, deceased, De-
fendants. No. 146759. Summons by
Publication.

The State of Washington to the said:
Alexander Brooks, Amelie (also known
as Amalie) Hirschberg, Johanna Lin-
do (formerly Johanna Phillips),
Amelia Hirschberg, as surviving exe-
cutrix of the will of Ludwig Brooks,
deceased, and Amalie Hirschberg, as
administratrix of the estate of Lena
Brooks, deceased, Defendants.
You and each of you are hereby sum-
moned to appear within sixty (60) days
after the date of the first publication
of this summons, to-wit: within sixty
(60) days after the 30th day of Octo-
ber, 1920, and defend the above en-
titled action in the above entitled court,
and answer the complaint of the plain-
tiff and serve a copy of your answer
upon the undersigned attorney for
plaintiff, at his office below stated; and
in case of your failure so to do, judg-
ment will be rendered against you ac-
cording to the demand of the complaint
which has been filed with the clerk of
said court.

The object of said action is to obtain
the judgment of the above entitled
court that that certain mortgage dated
February 2, 1914, made by Ludwig
Brooks and Lena Brooks, then husband
and wife, to Bothwell & Crockett Com-
pany, a corporation, and which is now
of record in the office of the auditor of
King County, State of Washington, in
Volume 592 of Mortgages at page 139
of the records of said King County,
State of Washington, and which said
mortgage has been assigned to plaintiff,
is a valid first mortgage lien upon Lot
Eighteen (18) in Block Three (3) of
Boston Heights Addition to Seattle, sit-
uate in King County, State of Washing-
ton, and every part thereof, for security
of payment of that certain promissory
note and interest coupon notes described
in said mortgage, and certain sums set
forth in said complaint amounting to,
for the principal of the said promissory
note and said interest coupon notes and
taxes and assessments paid, the total
sum of Twenty-two Hundred Seventy-
three Dollars and Eighty-eight Cents
(\$2273.88), with interest on the portions
of said total sum at the rate of ten per
cent (10%) per annum as follows:

On \$1500.00 from February 2, 1919;
On \$52.50 from February 2, 1916;
On \$52.50 from August 2, 1916;
On \$52.50 from February 2, 1917;
On \$52.50 from August 2, 1917;
On \$52.50 from February 2, 1918;
On \$52.50 from August 2, 1918;
On \$52.50 from February 2, 1919;
On \$406.38 from June 10, 1918;
and for the further sum of Three Hun-
dred Dollars (\$300.00) attorney's fees,
and for plaintiff's costs and disburse-
ments in said action, and to obtain
judgment for the foreclosure of said
mortgage and sale of the said lands and
premises at foreclosure sale and the
application of the proceeds of said sale
to payment of the costs of such sale,
and then to payment of the sums and
amounts hereinbefore set forth to the
plaintiff, and that defendants and each
of them and all persons claiming by,
through, or under them, or any of them,
be by such foreclosure sale foreclosed
and barred of and from all claim,
right, and equity of redemption in or
to said lands and premises and every
part thereof, except only the statutory
right of redemption for one year after
such sale, and for such other, further,
or different relief in the premises as
shall be equitable.

CHARLES H. HARTGE,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address: 521 Cen-
tral Building, Seattle, King County,
Washington.
1st Pub. Oct. 30, 1920. 7t Dec 11

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WILLIAM H. GORHAM
Attorney 653 Colman Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County.
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Saidee E. Zipf, deceased. No. 28201. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Administrator of the estate of Saidee E. Zipf, deceased; and that all persons having claims against said deceased are required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administrator or his attorney or record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of the above entitled court, together with proof of such service, within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of First Publication: November 20, 1920.

A. F. ZIPF,
Administrator of said Estate.
Address: Room 653 Colman Building,
Seattle, Washington.

NELSON R. ANDERSON
Attorney 1723 Smith Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of John P. Brown, Deceased. No. 28438. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as administratrix of the estate of John P. Brown, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Mary Brown or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, December 4, 1920.

MARY A. BROWN,
Administratrix of said Estate.
Address, 1723 L. C. Smith Bldg., Seattle,
Wash.

NELSON R. ANDERSON,
Attorney for Estate, 1723 L. C. Smith
Bldg., Seattle, Wash. 4t Dec 25

ATTWOOD A. KIRBY
Lawyer Suite 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, in and for the
County of King.

Muriel Morrison, Plaintiff, vs. Robert P. Morrison, Defendant. No. 147172. Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to the above named defendant, Robert P. Morrison: You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty days after the 13th day of November, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, holden in King County, State of Washington, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff, at the place below stated as his office address, and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court.

The object of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree of divorce on behalf of the plaintiff from said defendant, upon the grounds of cruel treatment of the plaintiff by said defendant, and personal indignities rendering the life of plaintiff burdensome.

ATTWOOD A. KIRBY,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address: 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Washington.

7t Dec 28

CHARLES H. HARTGE
Attorney 521 Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for King County.

Thornton Academy, a corporation, Plaintiff, vs. Cecilie Dannenhirsch, Alexander Brooks, Amelia (also known as Amalie) Hirschberg, Johanna Lindo (formerly Johanna Phillips), Amelia Hirschberg, as surviving executrix of the will of Ludwig Brooks, deceased, and Amalie Hirschberg, as administratrix of the estate of Lena Brooks, deceased, Defendants. No. 146760. Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to the said: Alexander Brooks, Amalie (also known as Amalie) Hirschberg, Johanna Lindo (formerly Johanna Phillips),

Amelia Hirschberg, as surviving executrix of the will of Ludwig Brooks, deceased, and Amalie Hirschberg, as administratrix of the estate of Lena Brooks, deceased, Defendants.

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 30th day of October, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff, at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of said action is to obtain the judgment of the above entitled court that that certain mortgage dated February 2, 1914, made by Ludwig Brooks and Lena Brooks, then husband and wife, to Bothwell & Crockett Company, a corporation, and which is now of record in the office of the auditor of King County, State of Washington, in Volume 592 of Mortgages at page 138 of the records of said King County, and which said mortgage has been assigned to plaintiff, is a valid first mortgage lien upon Lot Ten (10) in Block Seventeen (17) of Renton Hill, an addition to Seattle, according to the recorded plat thereof, situate in King County, State of Washington, and every part thereof, for security of payment of that certain promissory note

and interest coupon notes described in said mortgage, and certain sums set forth in said complaint, amounting to, for the principal of the said promissory note and said interest coupon notes Twenty-eight Hundred Thirty Dollars and Fifty-four Cents (\$2830.54), with interest on the portions of said total sums at the rate of ten per cent (10%) per annum as follows:

On \$1800.00 from February 2, 1919;
On \$63.00 from February 2, 1916;
On \$63.00 from August 2, 1916;
On \$63.00 from February 2, 1917;
On \$63.00 from August 2, 1917;
On \$63.00 from February 2, 1918;
On \$63.00 from August 2, 1918;
On \$63.00 from February 2, 1919;
On \$589.54 from June 8, 1918;

and for the further sum of Three Hundred Dollars (\$300.00) attorney's fees, and for plaintiff's costs and disbursements in said action, and to obtain judgment for the foreclosure of said

mortgage and sale of the said lands and premises at foreclosure sale and the application of the proceeds of said sale to payment of the costs of such sale, and then to payment of the sums and amounts hereinbefore set forth to the plaintiff, and that defendants and each of them and all persons claiming by, through, or under them, or any of them, be by such foreclosure sale foreclosed and barred of and from all claim, right, and equity of redemption in or to said lands and premises and every part thereof, except only the statutory right of redemption for one year after such sale, and for such other, further, or different relief in the premises as shall be equitable.

CHARLES H. HARTGE,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address: 521 Central Building, Seattle, King County Washington.
1st Pub. Oct. 30, 1920. 7t Dec

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. IX. NO. 50.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 11, 1920.

PRICE 10 CENTS

A NEW METHOD OF SELLING BONDS

By B. H. Nenny
London, Ontario

Resulting in the sale of \$400,000 debentures since its inception in London, Ont., a year ago a new plan of disposing of city securities is regarded as a distinct success by both City Treasurer James S. Bell and members of the city council.

Under the new arrangement city debentures are sold directly to the citizens instead of finding their way to the public through bond houses. When authorized debentures are not available, but are expected within a short time, the city treasurer accepts money for which he issues a receipt. This is used for current expenses, reducing the amount of short term loans which it is necessary to make from the banks each year until municipal taxes have been collected. As soon as a debenture issue is authorized the money is applied to its account, the interim receipts are called in and the bonds are issued in their places. Interest is paid on the money from the moment it is accepted by the city. This policy has the effect of keeping the market for city debentures always open.

When the plan of selling debentures over the counter of the treasurer's office was adopted it was found that many sales were being lost because debentures were not always available. Citizens who came with a few hundred dollars to invest would be told to return in a few weeks when it was expected that bond issues would have been authorized. Most of these prospective investors, however, did not wish to have their money lying idle. They accordingly went elsewhere and invested in other securities.

THE SPEAKERS FOR THE MUNICIPAL LEAGUE

TUESDAY NOON, DECEMBER 14

At Meves Cafeteria, 2nd and Seneca

WILL BE

DR. JOHN NELSON

WHO WILL SPEAK ON

The Work of the Antituberculosis Society

AND

W. A. IRWIN

WHO WILL SPEAK ON

The Gravity of Washington Logged-Off Land situation

In the opinion of the city treasurer this was needless loss. Debentures to finance public improvements are always certain to be issued each year. In many cases the work is under way, but the bonds cannot be sold until it has been completed, although it is certain that they will be issued before the end of the year. The city treasurer saw no reason why money could not be accepted for these prospective bond issues. He tried out the plan and found that it was highly successful.

That was a year ago. Since January 1 of the present year, \$100,000 of debentures to finance a new reservoir; \$85,000 for extension of the water system and \$80,000 for extension of the electrical system, were sold in this manner.

Municipal debentures are found to make a strong appeal to the smaller investors. They have as much confidence in them as in the government Victory bonds. The facilities now for investing

in debentures on any business day of the year are making practically every citizen a bond holder.

London claims to be, not only the first Ontario city to adopt this plan, but also the first Ontario city to sell its debentures directly to the citizens. The policy was adopted on a large scale soon after Canada's declaration of war on Germany in 1914. It has been pursued successfully since then with one or two exceptions. On these occasions the quick sale of large issues was desired. This could not be accomplished by gradual disposal of small amounts and the whole issues were disposed of to bond houses.

Solved

"Now, Johnny," said the teacher, "suppose you wanted to build a \$1,000 house and had only \$700, what would you do?"

"I suppose I'd have to marry a girl worth \$300," answered the young financier.

"THE KING CAN DO NO WRONG"

"L'état c'est moi" said Louis XIV; and as long as that was true the king could do no legal wrong. Kings have been beheaded and governments uprooted, but the "doctrine" still lives. Divine rights and democracies seem so utterly inconsistent that it is almost impossible to conceive one within the other. Yet so thoroughly has the "divine right" doctrine been woven into American municipal law that until now it has been almost futile to attack it.

Case after case has gone to every supreme court in this country testing the responsibility of cities for the tortious acts of employees. In as many cases the "doctrine" has been a determining factor, in the decision. Formerly its application afforded complete immunity to the government from all responsibility, but the rule, as now generally recognized, attaches liability in those cases where the act complained of is in the commission of some "ministerial function."

The legal differentiation between "governmental" and "ministerial" is as ambiguous as it is curious. No attempt could be made at a classification. The definition of McQuillan is illustrative: "What are governmental powers and duties, and what are corporate ministerial duties, is not subject to precise definition further than to say this: The powers and duties of municipal corporations are of two-fold character: the one public, as regards the state at large, in so far as they are its agents in government; the other private, in so far as they provide the local necessities and conveniences for their own citizens."

Until recently driving a fire truck has been a glaring example

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

Published Weekly by the
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Jackson Silbaugh

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

of a governmental function; and an injury sustained by an individual through neglect of the driver could not legally be compensated.

The decision of Fowler vs. City of Cleveland offers the only exception. In that case a bystander was injured by the negligent driving of a fire truck. Contrary to innumerable other cases, the majority opinion held that the action of the fire department in driving a hose truck was ministerial, and that the city should be liable. To the average reader this would appear sound and progressive, but it is not progressive enough for Judge Wanamaker. "I heartily agree with the authority and soundness of this judgment. I as heartily disagree with the grounds of the judgment." The majority opinion whittles down the sphere of the governmental function to the aggrandizement of the ministerial. Judge Wanamaker would annihilate the ministerial function altogether, and hold the municipality bound to pay for all injuries in the exercise of its police powers and governmental functions. To him the immunity of a city in the exercise of a governmental function is part and a parcel of the immunity of the sovereign state. "The doctrine," he believes, "has been shot to pieces on so many battlefields that it would seem utterly folly now to resurrect it."

The niceties that may be raised by scholars of political philosophy can no longer be considered practical. The power to

compel is inherent in the people, not the sovereigns. It is based on natural not legal justice. Common councils in many of our cities, appreciating the injustices caused by adhering to the rules of law, allow claims over the objection of their legal advisers. Judges, too, must sooner or later come to the realization that their decision must be more largely governed by the mores of the day than the conviction of the community, as to what makes for general welfare.

It is interesting to note that the Georgia supreme court passed upon precisely the same set of facts as appear in the instant case with opposite results. No mention of the Fowler case was made in the opinion.

MUNICIPAL NOTES OF TIMELY INTEREST

Fred W. Catlett

The City Council, at a special meeting Thursday evening, passed a thirty day ordinance increasing the street car fare to eight and one-third cents, if tokens are purchased. The single cash fare of ten cents, and the rates to school children, together with transfer privileges, remain unchanged. The ordinance was signed by the Mayor immediately after its passage, and it will be effective on the 8th day of January.

In order to avoid speculation in tokens, new tokens of different design will be adopted. The old

tokens will not be redeemed in cash and cannot be used for fares after January 8th; but they may be exchanged for the new tokens at the rate of four of the old for three of the new. This exchange can be made only at the office of the Superintendent of Public Utilities, prior to February 1st.

It is generally held that an ordinance such as this can not be subjected to a referendum vote of the people.

The action of the City Council in increasing the fares is, in our judgment, not open to reasonable criticism. Indeed it is difficult to see how any other course could have been taken.

Leaving out of consideration the question of the propriety of a depreciation charge, the cold fact remains that a very large and increasing cash deficit exists in the street car fund. The City is in no different position from that of an individual and the private corporation, in that it cannot operate indefinitely at a loss, unless it provides for the deficit in general taxation. This the city is not at the present time willing to do; and the existence of a cash deficit means that the bills of the street railway have in the past been paid by moneys drawn from other funds. This is not proper and it was perfectly clear the sureties of some of the official bonds would sooner or later object. Quite naturally, the surety on the treasurer's bond was the first to raise the point and insist that the treasurer decline to pay further warrants on the street railway fund. This meant that the banks would take the city warrants at par, or that the persons doing business with the City Street Railway and its employees would have to accept discounts on the warrants. Any such requirement would have been unfair to them and would undoubtedly have produced labor trouble.

Temporarily, the city could provide for the payment of warrants issued on the 10th, but very soon would have to secure the cash with which to reimburse the funds employed temporarily to relieve the street railway fund. The only valid criticism, in our judgment, which can be made of the action of the city officials is that it was delayed so long.

At the same time that the ordinance increasing the fare was

passed a temporary loan was authorized from the Interest, Bond and Redemption Fund to the Street Railway fund. The Interest, Bond and Redemption Fund contains the money set aside monthly to pay the semi-annual interest on the bonds secured by the street railway, and this fund will have to be reimbursed before the semi-annual interest date, or the city may find that it has made itself generally liable for that interest, since the bonds are a first lien upon the gross earnings of the lines.

* * *

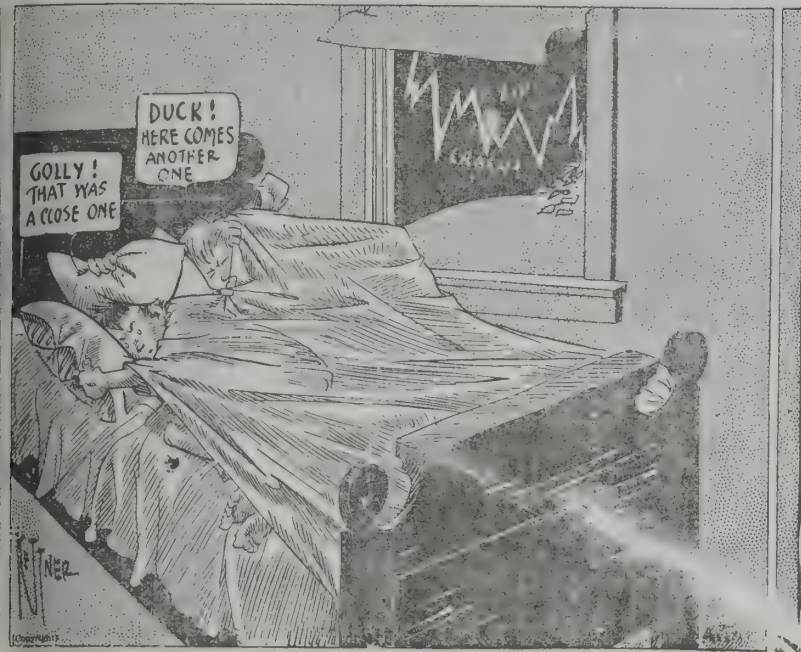
The last two meetings of the League have been highly encouraging. The attendance has been very large and the interest shown keen. The attendance and interest indicate a return to the general interest and participation which existed prior to the war.

Mr. Uhden, who addressed the League last Tuesday, is the special engineer in charge of the Skagit project. He presented a large number of figures to show, not only what had been expended to date on the Skagit project, but what the various phases of development would cost and what the power would ultimately cost when delivered in Seattle. His figures, if accurate, showed that the Skagit project in spite of the enormous cost, would produce very cheap power in large quantities and that there was a market for power in the Puget Sound country sufficient to take care of the production of the new project.

Mr. J. D. Blackwell, in remarks from the floor subsequent to the address of the day, presented seemingly inconsistent estimates of the probable expense of the project, and estimates which were constantly increasing. He argued that the City of Seattle should give careful consideration to the possibilities of the Skagit project, in the light of additional facts and figures now available before going on further with such an enormous work.

Mr. Uhden, replying to the apparent inconsistencies, explained them by saying that they were estimates for different sorts of construction, and that he was still prepared to stand behind each and every one of the estimates. Mr. Uhden thought that the City of Seattle ought to have dis-

Somewhere in the U. S. A.



ssed the question now raised, fore entering on the work; that had now gone so far that it ight not to back out, and ought t to jeopardize its present in- stment in the project by a re- sal to provide the necessary nds for continued development. It is our feeling that a thor- gh discussion of the question the present time can do no rm. If the facts should show at the City has again made a nder, further loss can perhaps avoided. We shall of course nsider the question in the view existing circumstances and th the intention of going ahead th the project unless its present ics are able to present a case ich shows quite clearly that e project is of very doubtful ccess.

She — "I dress to match my mplexion."
He — "Hand painted gowns ist be rather expensive."

Teacher — "How did you like e "Passing of Arthur"
Jessie — "What team did he y for?"

CHARLES H. HARTGE
Attorney 521 Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Chin On, Deceased. No. 28472. Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the under- signed, Lee She On, has been appointed and has qualified as executrix of the will of the above named Chin On, deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased or against said estate are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Executrix or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service, within six months from the 11th day of December, 1920, the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Dated at Seattle, Washington, December 3, 1920.

LEE SHE ON,
As Executrix of the Will of Chin On, Deceased.
Address: 521 Central Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
CHARLES H. HARTGE, Attorney for Executrix, Office and Post Office Address: 521 Central Building, Seattle, Washington.
First pub. Dec. 11, 1920. 4t Jan. 1

JAMES T. LAWLER
Attorney 907-8 White Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Dominick Beritich, Deceased. No. 25399. Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Andra Franicevich, administratrix of the estate of Dominick Beritich, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her final report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said administratrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 10th day of January, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 8th day of December, 1920.
PERCY F. THOMAS,
Clerk of said Court.
By **GEO. L. BERGER,** Deputy.
First pub. Dec. 11, 1920. 4t Jan. 1

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of James Edmonds Pinkham, Deceased. No. 28497. Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have been appointed and have qualified as Executors of the estate of James Edmonds Pinkham, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same duly verified, on said Executors or their attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication, December 11th, 1920.

ADA DAVIS PINKHAM, and NORTHWEST TRUST & SAVINGS BANK,
Executors of said Estate.
Address, 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate, 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Dec. 11, 1920. 4t Jan. 1

CHARLES H. HARTGE
Attorney 521 Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Harry Andrews, Deceased. No. 28435. Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Irene Dickson, has been appointed and has qualified as administratrix of the estate of the above named Harry Andrews, deceased; that all

persons having claims against said deceased or against said estate are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administratrix or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service, within six months from the 11th day of December, 1920, the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Dated at Seattle, Washington, December 9, 1920.

IRENE DICKSON,
As Administratrix of the Estate of Harry Andrews, Deceased.
Address: 521 Central Building, Seattle, Washington.
CHARLES H. HARTGE, Attorney for Administratrix, Office and Post Office Address: 521 Central Building, Seattle, Washington.
First pub. Dec. 11, 1920. 4t Jan. 1

CHAS. H. HARTGE
Attorney 521 Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for King County.
Chase Eastman, Plaintiff, vs. Cecille Dannenhirsch, Alexander Brooks, Amelia (also known as Amalie) Hirschberg, Johanna Lindo (formerly Johanna Phillips), Amalia Hirschberg, as surviving executrix of the will of Ludwig Brooks, deceased, and Amalie Hirschberg, as administratrix of the estate of Lena Brooks, deceased, Defendants. No. 146759. Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to the said: Alexander Brooks, Amalie (also known as Amalie) Hirschberg, Johanna Lindo (formerly Johanna Phillips), Amalia Hirschberg, as surviving executrix of the will of Ludwig Brooks, deceased, and Amalie Hirschberg, as administratrix of the estate of Lena Brooks, deceased, Defendants.
You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 30th day of October, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff, at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of said action is to obtain the judgment of the above entitled court that that certain mortgage dated February 2, 1914, made by Ludwig Brooks and Lena Brooks, then husband and wife, to Bothwell & Crockett Company, a corporation, and which is now of record in the office of the auditor of King County, State of Washington, in Volume 592 of Mortgages at page 139 of the records of said King County, State of Washington, and which said mortgage has been assigned to plaintiff, is a valid first mortgage lien upon Lot Eighteen (18) in Block Three (3) of Boston Heights Addition to Seattle, situate in King County, State of Washington, and every part thereof, for security of payment of that certain promissory note and interest coupon notes described in said mortgage, and certain sums set forth in said complaint amounting to, for the principal of the said promissory note and said interest coupon notes and taxes and assessments paid, the total sum of Twenty-two Hundred Seventy-three Dollars and Eighty-eight Cents (\$2273.88), with interest on the portions of said total sum at the rate of ten per cent (10%) per annum as follows:

On \$1500.00 from February 2, 1919;
On \$52.50 from February 2, 1916;
On \$52.50 from August 2, 1916;
On \$52.50 from February 2, 1917;
On \$52.50 from August 2, 1917;
On \$52.50 from February 2, 1918;
On \$52.50 from August 2, 1918;
On \$52.50 from February 2, 1919;
On \$406.38 from June 10, 1918;
and for the further sum of Three Hundred Dollars (\$300.00) attorney's fees, and for plaintiff's costs and disbursements in said action, and to obtain judgment for the foreclosure of said mortgage and sale of the said lands and premises at foreclosure sale and the application of the proceeds of said sale to payment of the costs of such sale, and then to payment of the sums and amounts hereinbefore set forth to the plaintiff, and that defendants and each of them and all persons claiming by, through, or under them, or any of them, be by such foreclosure sale foreclosed and barred of and from all claim, right, and equity of redemption in or to said lands and premises and every part thereof, except only the statutory right of redemption for one year after such sale, and for such other, further, or different relief in the premises as shall be equitable.

CHARLES H. HARTGE,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address: 521 Central Building, Seattle, King County, Washington.
1st Pub. Oct. 30, 1920. 7t Dec 11

DEPARTMENTS OF SERVICE

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BONDS and INVESTMENTS

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WILLIAM H. GORHAM
Attorney 653 Colman Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County.
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Saidee
E. Zipf, deceased. No. 28201. Notice
to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the under-
signed has been appointed and has
qualified as Administrator of the estate
of Saidee E. Zipf, deceased; and that all
persons having claims against said de-
ceased are required to serve the same,
duly verified, on said administrator or
his attorney or record at the address
below stated, and file the same with the
Clerk of the above entitled court, to-
gether with proof of such service, with-
in six months after the date of first
publication of this notice, or the same
will be barred.

Date of First Publication: November
20, 1920.

A. F. ZIPF,
Administrator of said Estate.
Address: Room 653 Colman Building,
Seattle, Washington.

WILLIAM H. GORHAM, Attorney for
said Estate, Room 653 Colman Build-
ing, Seattle, Washington.

3t Dec. 4

NELSON R. ANDERSON
Attorney 1723 Smith Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of John P.
Brown, Deceased. No. 28438. Notice
to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the under-
signed has been appointed and has
qualified as administratrix of the estate
of John P. Brown, Deceased; that all
persons having claims against said de-
ceased are hereby required to serve the
same, duly verified, on said Mary Brown
or her attorney of record at the address
below stated, and file the same with the
Clerk of said Court, together with proof
of such service within six months after
the date of first publication of this
notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, December 4,
1920.

MARY A. BROWN,
Administratrix of said Estate.
Address, 1723 L. C. Smith Bldg., Seattle,
Wash.

NELSON R. ANDERSON,
Attorney for Estate, 1723 L. C. Smith
Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

4t Dec 25

ATTWOOD A. KIRBY
Lawyer Suite 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington; in and for the
County of King.

Muriel Morrison, Plaintiff, vs. Robert
P. Morrison, Defendant. No. 147172.
Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to the above
named defendant, Robert P. Morrison:

You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty (60) days after the date
of the first publication of this sum-
mons, to-wit: within sixty days after
the 13th day of November, 1920, and
defend the above entitled action in the
above entitled court, holden in King
County, State of Washington, and an-
swer the complaint of the plaintiff, and
serve a copy of your answer upon the
undersigned attorney for plaintiff, at
the place below stated as his office ad-
dress, and in case of your failure so
to do, judgment will be rendered against
you according to the demand of the
complaint, which has been filed with
the Clerk of said Court.

The object of the above entitled ac-
tion is to obtain a decree of divorce on
behalf of the plaintiff from said de-
fendant, upon the grounds of cruel
treatment of the plaintiff by said de-
fendant, and personal indignities ren-
dering the life of plaintiff burdensome.

ATTWOOD A. KIRBY,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

Office and Post Office Address: 960 Em-
pire Building, Seattle, Washington.

7t Dec 28

CHARLES H. HARTGE
Attorney 521 Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for King
County.

Thornton Academy, a corporation,
Plaintiff, vs. Cecille Dannenhirsch,
Alexander Brooks, Amelia (also known
as Amalie) Hirschberg, Johanna Lin-
do (formerly Johanna Phillips),
Amelia Hirschberg, as surviving exe-
cutrix of the will of Ludwig Brooks,
deceased, and Amalie Hirschberg, as
administratrix of the estate of Lena
Brooks, deceased, Defendants. No.
146760. Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to the said:
Alexander Brooks, Amelia (also known
as Amalie) Hirschberg, Johanna Lin-
do (formerly Johanna Phillips),

Amelia Hirschberg, as surviving exe-
cutrix of the will of Ludwig Brooks,
deceased, and Amalie Hirschberg, as
administratrix of the estate of Lena
Brooks, deceased, Defendants.

You and each of you are hereby sum-
moned to appear within sixty (60) days
after the date of the first publication
of this summons, to-wit: within sixty
(60) days after the 30th day of Octo-
ber, 1920, and defend the above en-
titled action in the above entitled court,
and answer the complaint of the plain-
tiff and serve a copy of your answer
upon the undersigned attorney for
plaintiff, at his office below stated; and
in case of your failure so to do, judg-
ment will be rendered against you ac-
cording to the demand of the complaint
which has been filed with the clerk of
said court.

The object of said action is to obtain
the judgment of the above entitled court
that that certain mortgage dated Feb-
ruary 2, 1914, made by Ludwig Brooks
and Lena Brooks, then husband and
wife, to Bothwell & Crockett Company,
a corporation, and which is now of
record in the office of the auditor of
King County, State of Washington, in
Volume 592 of Mortgages at page 133
of the records of said King County,
and which said mortgage has been as-
signed to plaintiff, is a valid first mort-
gage lien upon Lot Ten (10) in Block
Seventeen (17) of Renton Hill, an ad-
dition to Seattle, according to the re-
corded plat thereof, situate in King
County, State of Washington, and ev-
ery part thereof, for security of pay-
ment of that certain promissory note

and interest coupon notes described in
said mortgage, and certain sums set
forth in said complaint, amounting to,
for the principal of the said promissory
note and said interest coupon notes
Twenty-eight Hundred Thirty Dollars
and Fifty-four Cents (\$2830.54), with
interest on the portions of said total
sums at the rate of ten per cent (10%)
per annum as follows:

On \$1800.00 from February 2, 1919;
On \$63.00 from February 2, 1916;
On \$63.00 from August 2, 1916;
On \$63.00 from February 2, 1917;
On \$63.00 from August 2, 1917;
On \$63.00 from February 2, 1918;
On \$63.00 from August 2, 1918;
On \$63.00 from February 2, 1919;
On \$589.54 from June 8, 1918;

and for the further sum of Three Hun-
dred Dollars (\$300.00) attorney's fees,
and for plaintiff's costs and disburse-
ments in said action, and to obtain
judgment for the foreclosure of said

mortgage and sale of the said lands and
premises at foreclosure sale and the
application of the proceeds of said sale
to payment of the costs of such sale
and then to payment of the sums and
amounts hereinbefore set forth to the
plaintiff, and that defendants and each
of them and all persons claiming by
through, or under them, or any of them
be by such foreclosure sale foreclosed
and barred of and from all claim
right, and equity of redemption in or
to said lands and premises and ever-
part thereof, except only the statutory
right of redemption for one year after
such sale, and for such other, further
or different relief in the premises as
shall be equitable.

CHARLES H. HARTGE,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address: 521 Cen-
tral Building, Seattle, King County
Washington.

1st Pub. Oct. 30, 1920. 7t Dec 1

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. IX. NO. 51.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1920.

PRICE 10 CENTS

"LOGGED-OFF LAND" SUBJECT ON SPEAKER

(Reported by Eimon L. Wienir)

Mr. W. A. Irvin, who recently took part in the conference on logged off lands in Seattle, addressed the Municipal League at noon Tuesday. He said in part: "It would be idle to impress upon you the value of agricultural lands. Land is the basis of all wealth. Agriculture ranks as one of the foremost industries we have in America. Legislatures have always been anxious to get land to the people so that it should become tax paying. They have, however, proceeded in a haphazard policy with the result that lands are being depleted at the expense of the people. Unless something is done to remedy this condition, it will not be more than twenty-five years before we will not be producing agricultural commodities for our own consumption.

"The lumber business has been the most important business in this state. It left us a legacy which is a liability. I refer to logged-off lands. How to change this liability into one of the best assets of our state in order to bring a vast influx of farmers into our state and, among other things, to reduce the taxation now a heavy burden upon us, is a problem.

"It has been evident that we cannot expect, in the future, help in the way of reduction of taxes from Government officials. We must increase taxable property and procure an increase in the number of tax payers.

"Capital, credit and education is the way to solve the problem of the logged-off land situation. Australia cannot subdivide its land fast enough to meet with demands as a result of similar policies adopted by it. California,

too, has adopted the same policy. The state is the proper institution to carry such a policy thru. Bonds extending over a period of from twenty-five to thirty years and not taxation is the way in which the state can do this."

Judge Austin E. Griffiths, at the conclusion of the meeting, called attention to the fact that the Act of the 1919 legislature providing for the purchase of powder by county-commissioners and re-selling them at wholesale prices to farmers has not been carried into effect. "Heretofore," Judge Griffiths said, "the County Commissioners have given us an excuse that there is not a sufficient demand for powder to purchase it." Judge Griffiths stated that were farmers to be apprised of the fact that commissioners have powder for sale at wholesale prices that large quantities could be sold at a great saving to the farmers of the county.

A resolution was introduced to the effect that a permanent body be appointed by the Government of the state to study the subject of logged-off lands and to enforce whatever legislation was passed.

MR. JOHN LAMB

Statistician of the City Water Department

Will Address the Municipal League

TUESDAY NOON, DECEMBER 21

At Meves Cafeteria, Second and Seneca

on the Subject of

"STATUS OF THE CITY WATER DEPT."

DR. F. L. LAVIOLETTE

President Bremerton Chamber of Commerce

Will Speak on

"EUROPEAN CHILDREN'S RELIEF"

SECRETARY'S NOTES

At the meeting of the Board of Trustees held at the Elk's Club December 8th, President Lawler was authorized to appoint a representative of the Municipal League to serve on the commission recently authorized by the city council to prepare a revision of the building code. J. R. Nevins, an architect recently elected to membership in the League, was appointed as the League's representative and it is understood that he has excellent qualifications for service in the capacity for which he was selected.

Four members of the revenue taxation committee were present at the board meeting, C. B. Fitzgerald was chairman of the committee, the other four members present being Messrs. La Grave, Butler, Hilen and Rawlings. The subject of taxation evoked much discussion especially in view of the coming session of the legislature. The secretary was instructed to write to various municipalities and get together all

(Continued on page 2)

SHOWS INTEREST IN RESEARCH BUREAU

Mayor Caldwell has shown his interest in a Municipal Research Bureau for Seattle and has sent the Municipal League the following letter:

MAYOR'S OFFICE

Seattle, Washington

December 13, 1920.

Seattle Municipal League,

510 Central Building,

Seattle, Washington.

Gentlemen:

I hand you herewith an article from the last issue of Printers' Ink which was forwarded to me through the courtesy of Strang & Prosser Advertising Agency of this city.

Being along the line of work which the Municipal League has advocated in the past I thought perhaps it might interest you to republish it in the Municipal News.

A Municipal Research Bureau for the City of Seattle has been urged in the past, but unfamiliarity with the subject rather caused me to be skeptical of the propriety of endeavoring to establish something of that sort here. However, observation of other places and accomplishments there has impressed me with the desirability of some such plan for Seattle. In any event publicity of the actions of the Philadelphia Bureau of Municipal Research will doubtless be of interest to Municipal League members.

I was interested to notice from the article that it takes \$75,000,000 a year to administer the affairs of the City of Philadelphia. Taking Philadelphia's population as shown by the census for the year 1920 of 1,823,779 and our own population of 315,000 and the amount levied for municipal expenses for the coming year (1921) in Seattle—

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

Published Weekly by the
MUNICIPAL LEAGUE OF SEATTLE
1915 First Avenue Telephone Main 6282

Entered as second-class matter June 14, 1912, at the Postoffice at Seattle Washington, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

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.....Malcolm Douglas, Stuart Building, Elliott 1903
Secretary.....Eimon L. Wiener, 510 Central Buldg., Main 476
Treasurer.....A. F. Bailey, 922 2nd Avenue, Elliott 732
Honorary Auditors.....Smith, Robertson & Moorehouse

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Terms Expire May 1922
Howard A. Adams
George S. Kahin
Robert F. Sandall
Jackson Silbaugh

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

\$8,016,384.41, it appears that if it is meant that it would take \$75,000,000 a year to administer purely governmental affairs of the City of Philadelphia our own cost of government is remarkably low, for on the basis of our cost and our population Philadelphia's should only be \$46,-406,851 plus.

The foregoing Seattle figures are exclusive of any of our municipally owned utilities, the estimates for which for the ensuing year are between \$10,000,000 and \$11,000,000, but it is expected that these utilities will during the coming year as during the past take care of their own expenses from their revenues. It is possible that Philadelphia may have included in this \$75,000,000 the expense of administration of its water supply system. I believe it does not possess either a light plant or a municipal railway. If this is a fact the comparison is probably not entirely fair. The obtaining of information of this sort, however, and a comparison of the expense of city government in the City of Seattle with that of other cities would in my opinion afford us some basis for combatting the unfavorable advertisement that has been given us on account of our high tax levy, the impression going out that we have an extravagant and wasteful government.

Yours truly,
HUGH M. CALDWELL,
Mayor.

Campaign for Better Citizenship

And Better City Government

Large display advertisements are appearing in Philadelphia newspapers in a campaign to interest the citizens of that city in two important subjects. First, efficiency in the management and operation of the municipal government. Second, the work of the Bureau of Municipal Research.

The Philadelphia Bureau of Municipal Research has been in existence eleven years, and during that time it has done a good job—all its activities and its accomplishments being in the interest and welfare of all the people. And yet until this new advertising campaign was launched not more than a handful of Philadelphians knew what the Bureau was doing and how the city was benefiting from its work.

The decision of the Bureau to tell its story to the people and the launching of the present advertising campaign, carries with it an important lesson to every city of any size in the country and can be profitably studied by the various groups of business and professional men and women in those cities, who realize the necessity of making their municipal governments as efficient as possible.

The remarkable growth of American cities during the last half century, and particularly during the last ten years, as shown by the 1920 census, has created problems of management and operation in connection with the functioning of municipal governments

that were undreamed of a few decades ago. Each year sees these problems growing bigger and more difficult to handle.

In many instances politics and wire-pulling have, in years past, gained the upper hand and the administration of municipal affairs in the interest of all the people has fared rather badly. Out of the politics, the exposes and the reform movements with which we are all familiar, has sprung a civic consciousness and a realization on the part of the civic, business and professional leaders of various cities, of the need for efficiency of the highest calibre in the management of municipal affairs.

In Philadelphia, as in many other cities, this realization has crystallized in the form of a Bureau of Municipal Research. These Bureaus are maintained by private contributions and are under the guidance of trained experts in various phases of municipal activities. But while they are private organizations to the extent that they are maintained by private contributions, their activities are of a public character and entirely in the public interest. And it is a genuine tribute to the political parties in many of our American municipalities that they have come to realize the quasi-public character of the Bureaus of Municipal Research and similar organizations and are glad to co-operate with them in solving the many municipal problems of the day.

The Philadelphia Bureau has been in existence for eleven years. It was organized by twenty-five citizens, who are prominent in various lines of activities and who became trustees; most of them are still associated with the Bureau. Up until a year ago the paying members totalled less than 500. To-day, the Bureau's membership numbers about 2,000.

Wider Knowledge Required of Bureau's Activities

Recently the trustees came to the definite conclusion that no matter how generous and loyal the 2,000 members might be in their support of the Bureau, the work of the organization was entirely too big and important, both in its interests and its responsibilities to be carried on by so small a group of people. So the present campaign was started —

not to raise funds but to acquaint the close to 2,000,000 people in Philadelphia with the accomplishments of the Bureau of Municipal Research and its programme for the future.

The campaign started on October 25, and will continue in practically all the big Philadelphia dailies for an indefinite period. The space used runs all the way from half pages down to three columns wide by 225 lines deep. The cost runs into thousands of dollars, probably somewhere from \$15,000 to \$20,000. One interesting phase of the campaign is that it is being paid for entirely by members of the Bureau, who not only believe in efficiency in municipal government but also in the efficacy of advertising as the best means of awakening the citizens to the work of the Bureau and interesting them in its activities and membership.

SECRETARY'S COLUMN

(Continued from page one)

the data available on recent proposals and measures on the subject of taxation. This data, when secured, will be helpful to the committee, and no doubt some policy will be formulated by that committee in the very near future.

Prof. F. J. Laube was suggested as an additional member to serve on the committee and he has been invited so to serve.

To the Municipal Finance Committee was referred a communication received from a citizen calling attention to the unwarranted action of the City Council in permitting Councilman Drake to have a leave of absence for six weeks with pay.

The Legislative Committee, of which Arthur H. Hutchinson is chairman, has now under consideration the matter of proposing a consolidation of school and port elections to the Legislature. To this committee was also referred the matter of curbing excessive campaign expenditures.

The Candidates Investigating Committee, of which Mr. C. F. Ridell was chairman, made a recommendation that the League investigate the matter of excessive expenditures by candidates with a view of checking the same. The committee's report is awaited.

with interest.

A communication was recently received from the American Public Utilities Bureau stating that this Bureau was recently organized because it was felt that such an institution was needed in the interest of coordination of effort on behalf of the public and because, as is generally recognized, this is the most critical period in the development of the public relations of all the utilities. The Bureau, which is located at 175 Fifth Avenue, New York, under William Wagner, as Executive Secretary, is intended to be a national agent, whose purpose it will be to help by counsel and expert service all cities throughout the country that want help in solving their local utility problems. It is stated that an organization of specialists has been provided to render effective service with the greatest possible economy.

In the letter from The Lakewood Engineering Company of Cleveland, the League is asked to help along this idea:

"That if road building materials were transported and stored at point of consumption during the Fall, Winter and early Spring months, the construction of highways would be greatly facilitated."

"Open top cars are more available during these months than when coal and harvest movements begin. Contractors having materials on hand when their season opens next spring, will go to production without facing expensive delays incident to the railroad congestion and car shortage."

In a communication from the National Municipal League written by R. S. Childs, Chairman of the Finance Committee, the League is asked to increase its dues as a sustaining member. The letter calls attention to the increased cost of printing used in issuing the National Municipal Review, the principal expense item of the League, and points to the fact that the present outgo of the organization is \$24,000.00, whereas the present income is but \$15,000.00.

"Observe, that with a stronger financial backing we can, for instance, put our 'Model City Charter' in the hands of Charter Commissions without charge. This will facilitate its adoption

and extend the field of our service. We have committees at work on a model state constitution, a model municipal bond law, a model public utilities law, a model statewide election law, and a model municipal pension law. Good committee work costs money, especially if we are to make the reports generally available for educational purposes. This kind of service we can hope to work toward if you help us."

Several committee chairmen have been rather tardy in the presentation of reports to the League. Many matters have been referred to our standing committees which have not, as yet, been reported on. The secretary will get in touch with such committees during this week with a view of cleaning up all matters by the first of the year.

CHARLES H. HARTGE
Attorney 521 Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County.
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Chin On, Deceased. No. 28472. Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Lee She On, has been appointed and has qualified as executrix of the will of the above named Chin On, deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased or against said estate are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Executrix or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service, within six months from the 11th day of December, 1920, the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Dated at Seattle, Washington, December 3, 1920.
LEE SHE ON,
As Executrix of the Will of Chin On, Deceased.
Address: 521 Central Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
CHARLES H. HARTGE, Attorney for Executrix, Office and Post Address: 521 Central Building, Seattle, Washington.
First pub. Dec. 11, 1920. 4t Jan. 1

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County.
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of James Edmonds Pinkham, Deceased. No. 28497. Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have been appointed and have qualified as Executors of the estate of James Edmonds Pinkham, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same duly verified, on said Executors or their attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, December 11th, 1920.
ADA DAVIS PINKHAM, and
NORTHWEST TRUST & SAVINGS BANK,
Executors of said Estate.
Address, 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate, 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Dec. 11, 1920. 4t Jan. 1

CHARLES H. HARTGE
Attorney 521 Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County.
In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Harry Andrews, Deceased. No. 28435. Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Irene Dickson, has been appointed and has qualified as administratrix of the estate of the above nam-

ed Harry Andrews, deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased or against said estate are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administratrix or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service, within six months from the 11th day of December, 1920, the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Dated at Seattle, Washington, December 9, 1920.

IRENE DICKSON,
As Administratrix of the Estate of Harry Andrews, Deceased.
Address: 521 Central Building, Seattle, Washington.

CHARLES H. HARTGE, Attorney for Administratrix. Office and Post Office Address: 521 Central Building, Seattle, Washington.
First pub. Dec. 11, 1920. 4t Jan. 1

CHAS. H. HARTGE
Attorney 521 Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for King County.

Chase Eastman, Plaintiff, vs. Cecille Dannenhirsch, Alexander Brooks, Amelia (also known as Amalie) Hirschberg, Johanna Lindo (formerly Johanna Phillips), Amelia Hirschberg, as surviving executrix of the will of Ludwig Brooks, deceased, and Amalie Hirschberg, as administratrix of the estate of Lena Brooks, deceased, Defendants. No. 146759. Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to the said: Alexander Brooks, Amalie (also known as Amalie) Hirschberg, Johanna Lindo (formerly Johanna Phillips), Amelia Hirschberg, as surviving executrix of the will of Ludwig Brooks, deceased, and Amalie Hirschberg, as administratrix of the estate of Lena Brooks, deceased, Defendants.

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 30th day of October, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff, at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of said action is to obtain the judgment of the above entitled court that that certain mortgage dated February 2, 1914, made by Ludwig Brooks and Lena Brooks, then husband and wife, to Bothwell & Crockett Company, a corporation, and which is now of record in the office of the auditor of King County, State of Washington, in Volume 592 of Mortgages at page 139 of the records of said King County, State of Washington, and which said mortgage has been assigned to plaintiff, is a valid first mortgage lien upon Lot Eighteen (18) in Block Three (3) of Boston Heights Addition to Seattle, situate in King County, State of Washington, and every part thereof, for security of payment of that certain promissory note and interest coupon notes described in said mortgage, and certain sums set forth in said complaint amounting to, for the principal of the said promissory note and said interest coupon notes and taxes and assessments paid, the total sum of Twenty-two Hundred Seventy-three Dollars and Eighty-eight Cents (\$2273.88), with interest on the portions of said total sum at the rate of ten per cent (10%) per annum as follows:

On \$1500.00 from February 2, 1919;
On \$52.50 from February 2, 1916;
On \$52.50 from August 2, 1916;
On \$52.50 from February 2, 1917;
On \$52.50 from August 2, 1917;
On \$52.50 from February 2, 1918;
On \$52.50 from August 2, 1918;
On \$52.50 from February 2, 1919;
On \$406.38 from June 10, 1918;

and for the further sum of Three Hundred Dollars (\$300.00) attorney's fees, and for plaintiff's costs and disbursements in said action, and to obtain judgment for the foreclosure of said mortgage and sale of the said lands and premises at foreclosure sale and the application of the proceeds of said sale to payment of the costs of such sale, and then to payment of the sums and amounts hereinbefore set forth to the plaintiff, and that defendants and each of them and all persons claiming by, through, or under them, or any of them, be by such foreclosure sale foreclosed and barred of and from all claim, right, and equity of redemption in or to said lands and premises and every part thereof, except only the statutory right of redemption for one year after such sale, and for such other, further, or different relief in the premises as shall be equitable.

CHARLES H. HARTGE,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address: 521 Central Building, Seattle, King County, Washington.
1st Pub. Oct. 30, 1920. 7t Dec 11

DEPARTMENTS OF SERVICE

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ESCROWS

BONDS and
INVESTMENTS

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112 COLUMBIA STREET

JAMES T. LAWLER
Attorney 907-8 White Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for the County
of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Dom-
inick Beritich, Deceased. No. 25399.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and
Petition for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Andra
Francievich, administratrix of the es-
tate of Dominick Beritich, deceased, has
filed in the office of the Clerk of said
Court her final report and petition for
distribution, asking the Court to settle
said Report, distribute the property to
the persons thereto entitled and to dis-
charge said administratrix; and that
said Report and petition will be heard
on the 10th day of January, 1921, at
9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the
Probate Department of said Court.
Dated this 8th day of December, 1920.
PERCY F. THOMAS,
Clerk of said Court.
By **GEO. L. BERGER,**
Deputy.
First pub. Dec. 11, 1920. 4t Jan. 1

NELSON E. ANDERSON
Attorney 1723 Smith Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of John P.
Brown, Deceased. No. 28438. Notice
to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the under-
signed has been appointed and has
qualified as administratrix of the estate
of John P. Brown, Deceased; that all
persons having claims against said de-
ceased are hereby required to serve the
same, duly verified, on said Mary Brown
or her attorney of record at the address
below stated, and file the same with the
Clerk of said Court, together with proof
of such service within six months after
the date of first publication of this
notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication, December 4,
1920.
MARY A. BROWN,
Administratrix of said Estate.
Address, 1723 L. C. Smith Bldg., Seattle,
Wash.
NELSON E. ANDERSON,
Attorney for Estate, 1723 L. C. Smith
Bldg., Seattle, Wash. 4t Dec 25

ATTWOOD A. KIRBY
Lawyer Suite 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, in and for the
County of King.
Muriel Morrison, Plaintiff, vs. Robert
P. Morrison, Defendant. No. 147172.
Summons by Publication.
The State of Washington to the above
named defendant, Robert P. Morrison:
You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty (60) days after the date
of the first publication of this sum-
mons, to-wit: within sixty days after
the 13th day of November, 1920, and
defend the above entitled action in the
above entitled court, holden in King
County, State of Washington, and an-
swer the complaint of the plaintiff, and
serve a copy of your answer upon the
undersigned attorney for plaintiff, at
the place below stated as his office ad-
dress, and in case of your failure so
to do, judgment will be rendered against
you according to the demand of the
complaint, which has been filed with
the Clerk of said Court.
The object of the above entitled ac-
tion is to obtain a decree of divorce on
behalf of the plaintiff from said de-
fendant, upon the grounds of cruel
treatment of the plaintiff by said de-
fendant, and personal indignities ren-
dering the life of plaintiff burdensome.
ATTWOOD A. KIRBY,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address: 960 Em-
pire Building, Seattle, Washington.
7t Dec 28

CHARLES H. HARTGE
Attorney 521 Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for King
County.
Thornton Academy, a corporation,
Plaintiff, vs. Cecilie Dannenhirsch,
Alexander Brooks, Amelia (also known
as Amalie) Hirschberg, Johanna Lin-
do (formerly Johanna Phillips),
Amelia Hirschberg, as surviving exe-
cutrix of the will of Ludwig Brooks,
deceased, and Amalie Hirschberg, as
administratrix of the estate of Lena
Brooks, deceased, Defendants. No.
146760. Summons by Publication.
The State of Washington to the said:
Alexander Brooks, Amalie (also known
as Amalie) Hirschberg, Johanna Lin-
do (formerly Johanna Phillips),

Amelia Hirschberg, as surviving exe-
cutrix of the will of Ludwig Brooks,
deceased, and Amalie Hirschberg, as
administratrix of the estate of Lena
Brooks, deceased, Defendants.
You and each of you are hereby sum-
moned to appear within sixty (60) days
after the date of the first publication
of this summons, to-wit: within sixty
(60) days after the 30th day of Octo-
ber, 1920, and defend the above en-
titled action in the above entitled court,
and answer the complaint of the plain-
tiff and serve a copy of your answer
upon the undersigned attorney for
plaintiff, at his office below stated; and
in case of your failure so to do, judg-
ment will be rendered against you ac-
cording to the demand of the complaint
which has been filed with the clerk of
said court.
The object of said action is to obtain
the judgment of the above entitled court
that that certain mortgage dated Feb-
ruary 2, 1914, made by Ludwig Brooks
and Lena Brooks, then husband and
wife, to Bothwell & Crockett Company,
a corporation, and which is now of
record in the office of the auditor of
King County, State of Washington, in
Volume 592 of Mortgages at page 138
of the records of said King County,
and which said mortgage has been as-
signed to plaintiff, is a valid first mor-
tgage lien upon Lot Ten (10) in Block
Seventeen (17) of Renton Hill, an ad-
dition to Seattle, according to the re-
corded plat thereof, situate in King
County, State of Washington, and ev-
ery part thereof, for security of pay-
ment of that certain promissory note

and interest coupon notes described in
said mortgage, and certain sums set
forth in said complaint, amounting to,
for the principal of the said promissory
note and said interest coupon notes
Twenty-eight Hundred Thirty Dollars
and Fifty-four Cents (\$2830.54), with
interest on the portions of said total
sums at the rate of ten per cent (10%)
per annum as follows:
On \$1800.00 from February 2, 1919;
On \$63.00 from February 2, 1916;
On \$63.00 from August 2, 1916;
On \$63.00 from February 2, 1917;
On \$63.00 from August 2, 1917;
On \$63.00 from February 2, 1918;
On \$63.00 from August 2, 1918;
On \$63.00 from February 2, 1919;
On \$589.54 from June 8, 1918;
and for the further sum of Three Hun-
dred Dollars (\$300.00) attorney's fees,
and for plaintiff's costs and disburse-
ments in said action, and to obtain
judgment for the foreclosure of said

mortgage and sale of the said lands and
premises at foreclosure sale and the
application of the proceeds of said sale
to payment of the costs of such sale,
and then to payment of the sums and
amounts hereinbefore set forth to the
plaintiff, and that defendants and each
of them and all persons claiming by,
through, or under them, or any of them,
be by such foreclosure sale foreclosed
and barred of and from all claim,
right, and equity of redemption in or
to said lands and premises and every
part thereof, except only the statutory
right of redemption for one year after
such sale, and for such other, further,
or different relief in the premises as
shall be equitable.
CHARLES H. HARTGE,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address: 521 Cen-
tral Building, Seattle, King County,
Washington.
1st Pub. Oct. 30, 1920. 7t Dec 11

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AND

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SEATTLE, WASH.

Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. IX. NO. 52.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 25, 1920.

PRICE 10 CENTS

COMMITTEES' NEW ASSIGNMENTS

Secretary's Letters to Committee Chairmen

Mr. Frank P. Helsell, Chairman Charter Revision Committee: This is to confirm assignment made to you yesterday at Board of Trustees' meeting.

The mayor has recommended the submission to popular vote of charter amendments making the commissioner of health a member of the board of public works and eliminating the position of general superintendent of railways from the civil service.

It has been reported that the Mayor's suggestions were based upon a communication from Dr. H. M. Read, commissioner of health, who asserted that under the present system the health department is "charged with the supervision of sanitary matters originating in and adopted by a board of men who have had no training in sanitary matters."

"I can see much of merit in the suggestion of the commissioner of health, and I believe that in event the personnel of the board of public works is changed, the commissioner of health should be made a member thereof," the mayor said in his letter to the council. "I do not believe that the suggestion of the commissioner of health or the changes contemplated by the city council, if carried out, will solve the cumbersome nature of our city government as at present constituted, but until some radical change is made I recommend that the commissioner of health's idea be given favorable consideration.

"At this time I wish also to invite your attention to the propriety of submitting to the voters at the coming spring election a charter amendment whereby the position of general superintendent

B. H. PETLEY

Civil Engineer

Will Address the Municipal League

At Meves Cafeteria, Second and Seneca

"MAKING THE CAR LINES PAY"

To be followed by a general discussion by members on that subject

Come prepared to present your views

TUESDAY NOON, DECEMBER 28

ent of railways may be eliminated from civil service. I believe the council will recognize the limitations placed upon the city's selection of a general superintendent of railways in having to confine ourselves to the eligible civil service test for this very responsible position.

"There is some question at this time as to the status of the present general superintendent of railways which will in the near future be determined by the civil service commission. The adoption of such a charter amendment would settle his status as—under civil service."

Yours very truly,
EIMON L. WIENIR
Secretary.

* * *

December 23, 1920.

Mr. O. B. Thorgrimson, Chairman Public Utilities Committee,

The Board of Trustees have referred to your committee the following matter: Councilman John E. Carroll introduced an Ordinance at the last meeting of the city council to submit at the March 8th election the proposition of levying yearly a tax of not to exceed \$1,500,000.00 to aid in paying the cost and expense of operation and maintenance of the railway, the sum levied to equal

the railway bonds interest and principal due each year.

The intent of the ordinance is to take care of the annual bond interest and original payments, which will decrease each year, by taxation, leaving the other expenses of the railway to be met with the revenues of the line.

The Board suggests that your committee study this proposed ordinance and report thereon in time to advise the voters of the League's stand thereon.

In view of the ever-growing interests in the street railway situation, would it be possible for your committee to make a supplemental report to the League at an early date.

With sincerest personal greetings, I am

Yours very truly,
EIMON L. WIENIR
Secretary.

December 23, 1920.

Mr. Jackson Silbaugh, Chairman Public Safety Committee,

At the meeting of the Board of Trustees yesterday, there was referred to your committee the matter of investigating the proposed discontinuance of the West Seattle ferry. In view of the fact that a decision may be made by the County Commissioners at an

(Continued on page 3)

STATUS OF THE WATER DEPARTMENT

By John Lamb, Ass't Supt.
Seattle Water Department

In the early days of the city nearly every spring on the western slope of the First Hill was used as a source of water supply, and in later times practically every spring on the slopes of all the hills in the city. Previous to the acquisition of the Spring Hill Water Co. by this city, two important pumping plants had been installed, the Union Water Co's plant, which pumped from Lake Union, and the Spring Hill Co.'s plant, which pumped from Lake Washington.

The city bought the Spring Hill Water Co's plant in 1890, and the Union Water Co's plant in 1891, thus establishing the municipal water plant. The purchase price of the Spring Hill Plant was \$350,000 and the Union Water Co. Plant \$28,000. In 1891 the Holly pump was installed at Lk. Washington Sta., which gave this station a capacity of about 10,000,000 gals. per day.

Owing to the rapid growth of the city a shortage began to develop in a few years, and Cedar River Water Supply No. 1 was projected. Warrants to the amount of \$1,250,000 were issued, and the system was completed and put into operation in Jan. 1901, thus giving an additional supply of 22,000,000 gals. per day. This installation consisted of the Headworks, the pipe line 28 miles long to Volunteer Park, the pipe having an inside diameter of from forty-two to forty-four inches, and Lincoln Park and Volunteer Park reservoirs. About 1 mile of this pipe was constructed of steel, the balance of wood. This, however, did not long supply the city's needs. About 1905 a shortage again began to devel-

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

Published Weekly by the
MUNICIPAL LEAGUE OF SEATTLE

1915 First Avenue

Telephone Main 6282

Entered as second-class matter June 14, 1912, at the Postoffice at Seattle, Washington, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

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.....Malcolm Douglas, Stuart Building, Hiott 1903
Secretary.....Elmon L. Wiener, 510 Central Buldg., Main 476
Treasurer.....A. F. Bailey, 922 2nd Avenue, Elliott 732
Honorary Auditors.....Smith, Robertson & Moorehouse

TRUSTEES

Terms Expire May, 1921
Fred W. Catlett
Walter S. Johnson
L. D. Lewis
A. H. Albertson
Edward W. Allen
James W. Reynolds, Ex-officio Trustee

Terms Expire May 1922
Howard A. Adams
George S. Kahin
Robert F. Sandall
Jackson Silbaugh

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

A NEW YEAR'S WISH

May the new year, 1921, bring to you and yours happiness, success and prosperity. May it revive our spirit and clear our vision so that we will be enabled to see and understand the problems confronting us in the great city in which we live; and, understanding, help in their solution. May the Municipal League of Seattle become an ever greater force of clear-minded disinterested men working for the good of the community. May its officers and members be ever alert and ever jealous of the city's good name. And may the results of the coming year's work be a blessing to Seattle.

EIMON L. WIENIR.

op, and Cedar River Water Supply No. 2 was projected. Bonds in the sum of \$2,250,000 were issued, and the system was completed and water received in the city on June 21, 1909. This second line consists of 34 miles of pipe varying from 42 to 60 inches in diameter, about 5.3 miles being steel, the balance wood. The capacity of this second line is about 44,000,000 gals. per day.

In connection with these installations the distributing mains in the city have been extended from year to year until now there are 655½ miles, which added to the 63 miles of force main from Cedar River, makes 718 miles of pipe, which represents a total length that would stretch from Seattle two-thirds the way across the State of Montana, and about half the distance to St. Paul, Minn.

We have 6 large storage reservoir in the city, and 16 standpipes having an aggregate capacity of 270,000,000 gals. The consumption of water during very

dry weather in the summer now runs in the neighborhood of 50,000,000 gals. per day; in the winter about 35,000,000.

The city is divided into 3 zones, the location of the zones being determined by the elevation. Elevations below 225 feet are in the low service zone; from 225 to 325 are in the Intermediate and all above 325 are in the high service. The elevation of the water at the intake is 553 ft. The water is delivered directly into Vol. Pk. Res. from Cedar River, which reservoir has an elevation of 420 feet, giving a fall of 115 ft. from the intake to the delivery end of the pipe.

The low service reservoirs have an elevation of 316 ft. and deliver water by gravity to the low service zone. The Int. Service Reservoirs deliver by gravity to the intermediate zone. The water for the high service zone has to be pumped, either from the low or from the Int. Serv. reservoirs.

Computations made from the year 1902 to the year 1911 indi-

cate that run-off of Cedar River at Landsburg is about 21,000,000 000 cu. ft. per year. As the city uses only about one and three-quarter billion cu. ft. per year, the quantity of water available, if it could all be impounded and used, would easily supply a population of 4,000,000 people. The watershed has an area of 142 miles, about one-half of which has been acquired by the city.

Financial: There have been 10 issues of general bonds; three issues of utility bonds, and 4 issues taken over with Ballard and Columbia, when those suburbs came into the city. The general bonds issued aggregate \$3,180,000; the Utility bonds \$3,775,000; the Columbia and Ballard bonds \$81,980,—making a total of \$6,836,980.00. Of these issues \$2,993,257 have been paid, leaving a debt on the 1st of Jan. 1920 of \$3,843,722.

The cost of the plant up to date has been \$13,947,107. We have written off for depreciation \$2,802,277., leaving a net value of \$11,144,830. To this must be added the inventory value of the department's real estate, amounting to \$1,958,204. — giving a gross value of \$13,103,033. Subtracting the outstanding bonded indebtedness we have a net value of \$9,259,311.

Revenue and Expense: The revenues for 1919 were \$1,222,630.50. The expenses were — for operation\$264,531.53 for interest\$192,444.53 for depreciation\$263,597.38 making a total of\$720,573.44 which deducted from the total revenue leaves a balance of \$502,057.06.

We do not set aside any fund for depreciation, so that if we add the depreciation to this \$502,057.06 we shall have \$765,654.44 available for use. I will not go into all the details of these expenditures, but will summarize the 3 chief items of outlay, or reserve; we paid for redemption of bonds \$283,586.40, for new construction \$209,963.29, and had a fund balance of \$211,681.21 — a total of \$705,230.90.

We increased our stock of materials and equipment and incurred several other expenses which would require too much detail to be presented.

Proposed Improvements: At the present time our water sup-

ply is in this condition: Pipe line No. 1 brings in every day only half enough to supply the city's demand; pipe line No. 2 brings in not quite enough to supply the demand each day in pairs during the last 3 years in summer. Whenever it is necessary to shut down No. 1 for summer time, we found that the reservoirs would fall in spite of the supply brought in by No. 2. No. 1 has been practically rebuilt and will not give us much trouble for some years to come, but No. 2, which has now been installed for 12 years, is showing material decay, and is likely to be shut down in the near future for repairs during long intervals. As No. 1 can not supply the demand the situation can readily be understood.

When the reservoirs are full they will furnish 5 or 6 days supply in summer time, but long before they are empty there would be a serious shortage of water, and in many cases a complete absence of it in some of the higher portions of the city.

When the bridge across Cedar River went out in 1911 the first district to suffer was that supplied by Volunteer Park — the Intermediate district, and here lies the urgent need of more storage in the heart of the city. To carry the water from Maple Leaf Res. at the North city limits down town would require from 5 to 7 miles of large pipe, which, at present prices of iron and steel, would be more expensive than the building of a reservoir.

In 1916 a joint report was made to the City Council by the City Engineer and the Supt. of the Water Dept., in which it was proposed to begin the construction of a system which would ultimately cost about \$8,000,000., and would supply the needs of 1,000,000 people during the summer months, allowing 150 gals. per capita for each inhabitant. This plan involved the following additions:

Concrete conduit from Landsburg to Swan Lake, \$573,000.; Swan Lake development, \$777,000.; Pipe Line No. 1, in steel, \$625,000.; Pipe Line No. 2, in steel, \$1,180,000.; Pipe Line No. 3, in steel, \$1,650,000.; Pipe Line No. 4, in steel, \$1,600,000.; Enlarging Volunteer Park Reservoir, \$190,000.; Enlarging Lincoln Park Reservoir, \$70,000.;

West Seattle Reservoirs, \$483,000.; Additions to the distribution system, \$1,034,000.; Total \$8,182,000.

There are 3 items of the above which are supremely urgent and should be undertaken without delay — the Volunteer Park enlargement, the Swan Lake development, and Pipe Line No. 3 from Swan Lake to the City.

In the original estimate these 3 items were figured at \$2,617,000. but the great rise in the cost of labor and material has made it necessary to authorize an issue of \$6,000,000. for this work. It is proposed to raise the water in Swan Lake from elevation 468 to elevation 488. This would give a storage which could be drawn against of from 4,000,000,000 to 6,000,000,000 gals., depending upon the depth below the surface at which the intake pipe is placed. The present pipe lines from Landsburg can empty into the lake about 80,000,000 a day. This would furnish the city with a storage basin which would supply its need from 3 to 5 months in summer and from 4 to 8 months in winter.

When the proposed reservoirs are built in the city we would have city storage as follows:

Lincoln Pk.	45,000,000 gals.
Beacon Hill	110,000,000 "
Green Lk.	110,000,000 "
Vol. Pk.	83,000,000 "
West Seattle,	
low service	25,000,000 "
West Seattle,	
high service	125,000,000 "
Total	498,000,000 gals

As none of the bonds authorized have yet been sold, loans to the bond fund for the construction of these works have been made by the Water Dept. to the amount of \$800,000.00, about half of which has already been used.

Just a word as to rates: When the city took over the Spring Hill plant the fixed rates for dwellings were \$1.50 per month and upward; the meter rates were 40 cents per hundred cu. ft., except for very large quantities. The fixed rates for private dwellings now run from 65 cents to \$1.05, and the meter rates from 4 cents to 10 cents, the bulk of the rates paid being 6 cents per hundred cu. ft.

NEW ASSIGNMENTS (Continued from page one)

early date, may I suggest that the same receive the immediate attention of the committee and that you report thereon at next Tuesday's meeting.

The Board also requests that you, at this time, investigate the matter of the operation of the Lake Washington ferries with a view of ascertaining whether the same are being operated economically and efficiently. As this matter requires some considerable study. I would suggest that your committee give the matter investigation as soon as possible.

Yours very truly,

EIMON L. WIENIR
Secretary.

"I am an American-born," said a man to a foreign-born. "You were an immigrant."

"True," said the foreign-born. "but I really have more right to be proud of my Americanism than you. You came into this country naked, and I came here with my pants on. You came here because you couldn't help it; I came because I wanted to."

* * *

SHYLOCK II

The customer picked up a knife from the counter and handed it to the butcher with a friendly smile.

"I really don't want it," he said, "but if you will cut it off I'll take it along with the rest."

"Cut what off?" demanded the butcher in blank surprise.

"Your hand," was the gentle reply. "You weighed it with the sausage, and I like to get what I pay for."

* * *

(Hunting For a Job)

"Have you an opening for me sir?"

Manager: "Yes, right behind you. Close it when you go out."

ONE DOWN — ONE UP

Captain (to lonesome figure at the rail): Are you waiting for the moon to come up?

Seasick girl: No, I only had coffee for dinner.

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, for King County.
In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Lena
Code, Deceased. No. 28583.

Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Administrator of the estate of Lena Code, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Administrator or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication December 25, 1920.

CHARLES H. CODE,
Administrator of said Estate.
Address, 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.

JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate,
Address, 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.

4t Jan 15

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County.
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of James Edmonds Pinkham, Deceased. No. 28497. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have been appointed and have qualified as Executors of the estate of James Edmonds Pinkham, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same duly verified, on said Executors or their attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, December 11th, 1920.

ADA DAVIS PINKHAM, and
NORTHWEST TRUST & SAVINGS BANK,
Executors of said Estate.

Address, 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.

JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate,
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Dec. 11, 1920. 4t Jan. 1

CHARLES H. HARTGE
Attorney 521 Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County.
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Harry Andrews, Deceased. No. 28435. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Irene Dickson, has been appointed and has qualified as administratrix of the estate of the above named Harry Andrews, deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased or against said estate are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administratrix or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service, within six months from the 11th day of December, 1920, the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Dated at Seattle, Washington, December 9, 1920.

IRENE DICKSON,
As Administratrix of the Estate of Harry Andrews, Deceased.
Address: 521 Central Building, Seattle, Washington.

CHARLES H. HARTGE, Attorney for Administratrix. Office and Post Office Address: 521 Central Building, Seattle, Washington.

First pub. Dec. 11, 1920. 4t Jan. 1

CHARLES H. HARTGE
Attorney 521 Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County.
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Chin On, Deceased. No. 28472. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Lee She On, has been appointed and has qualified as executrix of the will of the above named Chin On, deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased or against said estate are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Executrix or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service, within six months from the 11th day of December, 1920, the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Dated at Seattle, Washington, December 3, 1920.

LEE SHE ON,
As Executrix of the Will of Chin On, Deceased.

Address: 521 Central Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

CHARLES H. HARTGE, Attorney for Executrix, Office and Post Address: 521 Central Building, Seattle, Washington.

First pub. Dec. 11, 1920. 4t Jan. 1

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JAMES T. LAWLER
 Attorney 907-8 White Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for the County
 of King. In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Dom-
 inick Beritich, Deceased. No. 25399.
 Notice of Hearing Final Report and
 Petition for Distribution.
 Notice is hereby given that Andra
 Franicevich, administratrix of the es-
 tate of Dominick Beritich, deceased, has
 filed in the office of the Clerk of said
 Court her final report and petition for
 distribution, asking the Court to settle
 said Report, distribute the property to
 the persons thereto entitled and to dis-
 charge said administratrix; and that
 said Report and petition will be heard
 on the 10th day of January, 1921, at
 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the
 Probate Department of said Court.
 Dated this 8th day of December, 1920.
 PERCY F. THOMAS,
 Clerk of said Court.
 By GEO. L. BERGER,
 Deputy.
 First pub. Dec. 11, 1920. 4t Jan. 1

NELSON R. ANDERSON
 Attorney 1723 Smith Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for King County
 In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of John P.
 Brown, Deceased. No. 28438. Notice
 to Creditors.
 Notice is hereby given that the under-
 signed has been appointed and has
 qualified as administratrix of the estate
 of John P. Brown, Deceased; that all
 persons having claims against said de-
 ceased are hereby required to serve the
 same, duly verified, on said Mary Brown
 or her attorney of record at the address
 below stated, and file the same with the
 Clerk of said Court, together with proof
 of such service within six months after
 the date of first publication of this
 notice, or the same will be barred.
 Date of first publication, December 4,
 1920.
 MARY A. BROWN,
 Administratrix of said Estate.
 Address, 1723 L. C. Smith Bldg., Seattle,
 Wash.
 NELSON R. ANDERSON,
 Attorney for Estate, 1723 L. C. Smith
 Bldg., Seattle, Wash. 4t Dec 25

ATTWOOD A. KIRBY
 Lawyer Suite 960 Empire Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, in and for the
 County of King.
 Muriel Morrison, Plaintiff, vs. Robert
 P. Morrison, Defendant. No. 147172.
 Summons by Publication.
 The State of Washington to the above
 named defendant, Robert P. Morrison:
 You are hereby summoned to appear
 within sixty (60) days after the date
 of the first publication of this sum-
 mons, to-wit: within sixty days after
 the 13th day of November, 1920, and
 defend the above entitled action in the
 above entitled court, holden in King
 County, State of Washington, and an-
 swer the complaint of the plaintiff, and
 serve a copy of your answer upon the
 undersigned attorney for plaintiff, at
 the place below stated as his office ad-
 dress, and in case of your failure so
 to do, judgment will be rendered against
 you according to the demand of the
 complaint, which has been filed with
 the Clerk of said Court.
 The object of the above entitled ac-
 tion is to obtain a decree of divorce on
 behalf of the plaintiff from said de-
 fendant, upon the grounds of cruel
 treatment of the plaintiff by said de-
 fendant, and personal indignities ren-
 dering the life of plaintiff burdensome.
 ATTWOOD A. KIRBY,
 Attorney for Plaintiff.
 Office and Post Office Address: 960 Em-
 pire Building, Seattle, Washington.
 7t Dec 28

CHARLES H. HARTGE
 Attorney 521 Central Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington in and for King
 County.
 Thornton Academy, a corporation,
 Plaintiff, vs. Cecilie Dannenhirsch,
 Alexander Brooks, Amelia (also known
 as Amalie) Hirschberg, Johanna Lin-
 do (formerly Johanna Phillips),
 Amelia Hirschberg, as surviving exe-
 cutrix of the will of Ludwig Brooks,
 deceased, and Amalie Hirschberg, as
 administratrix of the estate of Lena
 Brooks, deceased, Defendants. No.
 146760. Summons by Publication.
 The State of Washington to the said:
 Alexander Brooks, Amelia (also known
 as Amalie) Hirschberg, Johanna Lin-
 do (formerly Johanna Phillips),

Amelia Hirschberg, as surviving exe-
 cutrix of the will of Ludwig Brooks,
 deceased, and Amalie Hirschberg, as
 administratrix of the estate of Lena
 Brooks, deceased, Defendants.

You and each of you are hereby sum-
 moned to appear within sixty (60) days
 after the date of the first publication
 of this summons, to-wit: within sixty
 (60) days after the 30th day of Octo-
 ber, 1920, and defend the above en-
 titled action in the above entitled court,
 and answer the complaint of the plain-
 tiff and serve a copy of your answer
 upon the undersigned attorney for
 plaintiff, at his office below stated; and
 in case of your failure so to do, judg-
 ment will be rendered against you ac-
 cording to the demand of the complaint
 which has been filed with the clerk of
 said court.

The object of said action is to obtain
 the judgment of the above entitled court
 that that certain mortgage dated Feb-
 ruary 2, 1914, made by Ludwig Brooks
 and Lena Brooks, then husband and
 wife, to Bothwell & Crockett Company,
 a corporation, and which is now of
 record in the office of the auditor of
 King County, State of Washington, in
 Volume 592 of Mortgages at page 138
 of the records of said King County,
 and which said mortgage has been as-
 signed to plaintiff, is a valid first mort-
 gage lien upon Lot Ten (10) in Block
 Seventeen (17) of Renton Hill, an ad-
 dition to Seattle, according to the re-
 corded plat thereof, situate in King
 County, State of Washington, and ev-
 ery part thereof, for security of pay-
 ment of that certain promissory note

and interest coupon notes described in
 said mortgage, and certain sums set
 forth in said complaint, amounting to,
 for the principal of the said promissory
 note and said interest coupon notes
 Twenty-eight Hundred Thirty Dollars
 and Fifty-four Cents (\$2830.54), with
 interest on the portions of said total
 sums at the rate of ten per cent (10%)
 per annum as follows:

On \$1800.00 from February 2, 1919;
 On \$63.00 from February 2, 1916;
 On \$63.00 from August 2, 1916;
 On \$63.00 from February 2, 1917;
 On \$63.00 from August 2, 1917;
 On \$63.00 from February 2, 1918;
 On \$63.00 from August 2, 1918;
 On \$63.00 from February 2, 1919;
 On \$589.54 from June 8, 1918;

and for the further sum of Three Hun-
 dred Dollars (\$300.00) attorney's fees,
 and for plaintiff's costs and disburse-
 ments in said action, and to obtain
 judgment for the foreclosure of said

mortgage and sale of the said lands and
 premises at foreclosure sale and the
 application of the proceeds of said sale
 to payment of the costs of such sale,
 and then to payment of the sums and
 amounts hereinbefore set forth to the
 plaintiff, and that defendants and each
 of them and all persons claiming by,
 through, or under them, or any of them,
 be by such foreclosure sale foreclosed
 and barred of and from all claim,
 right, and equity of redemption in or
 to said lands and premises and every
 part thereof, except only the statutory
 right of redemption for one year after
 such sale, and for such other, further,
 or different relief in the premises as
 shall be equitable.

CHARLES H. HARTGE,
 Attorney for Plaintiff.
 Office and Post Office Address: 521 Cen-
 tral Building, Seattle, King County,
 Washington.
 1st Pub. Oct. 30, 1920. 7t Dec 11

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. X. NO. 1.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, JANUARY 1, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS

NEW YEAR'S DAY

It is customary for editors to pen an appropriate editorial for New Year's Day. The writer is not an editor. Therefore, this is not an editorial. As President of the Municipal League, for the current year, he avails himself of this opportunity to extend the greetings of the season to all of the League members, and to wish that each and everyone will enjoy a plentitude of the good things of life during 1921.

It has been said that man's life is but a collection of days, written all over with thoughts and words and deeds and bounded together in a volume. Through the last twelve months, we have all been writing and we have now reached the bottom of the page. The fifty-two paragraphs are now completed and we are ready to turn the leaf. There is no use in hankering after the old pages. Whatever is written is written. Let the finished page remain turned down. Keep you pen on the fresh page so firmly that when the breezes of memory blow, they will not get under the leaf and throw again the old record, (if you have one) before your eyes.

Retrospection is often a wholesome occupation, but not so if it brings back unpleasant memories. Better not look back at all if one cannot do so without falling headlong into the dumps. An expert in the art of living tells us that he made it a practice to forget the things which were behind. Of course he meant the disagreeable things, the unpleasant memories. A retentive memory is a blessing only when it retains things worth preserving.

The old year ought to be looked at just long enough to get out of it all its instructions and admonitions. A glance backward will reveal the places where we slipped and fell, and the glance ought to be sufficiently prolonged to enable us to snatch from every blunder a wholesome lesson, to wrest from every misfortune a fairer grace and to gather up from a whole series of disappointments and losses a fresh determination never to be conquered.

For many of us the last month of a year is depressing. In December we realize how far short we have fallen of our January's resolutions. We have not done many things that we intended to do. We have done miserably things we expected to do well. What is a New Year for, if we are not going to venture farther out upon the sea? Only he is blessed who is living in an enlarging world. A horizon that is stationary cramps and suffocates the heart. Unless we do more this year than we did last year, then life for us has ceased to be progressive. In the words of the poet, "Unless above himself he can erect himself, how poor a thing is man!"

I conclude with this simple prayer:

"Low at the threshold of this white new year,
I kneel in prayer,
Lord, may it be,
A Temple unto Thee,
Wherein each rounded day may stand,
A column grand."

JAMES T. LAWLER.

JANUARY 4, 1921

At Meves Cafeteria, Second and Seneca

There will be held a social and general jollification
for members and their friends.

PETLEY HAS PLAN TO MAKE CARLINE PAY PUBLIC UTILITY REPORT BY CHAIRMAN

The following address was delivered by B. H. Petley, civil and hydraulic Engineer, before the Municipal League at its meeting Tuesday. "Making the Car Lines Pay," was his subject.

The adoption of this plan in no way interferes with the present arrangement designed to produce the necessary revenue; the new 8 and one-third cent fare ordinance and the sale of tickets to school children is contemplated in this proposal, which leaves the matter optional with the patron so far as the payment of fare goes. All of the figures here used were furnished by the Railway Department from their records and reports.

Fully 95 per cent. of the gross revenue of the Railway Department is derived from passengers who ride but once or twice daily, about 20 per cent one way and 75 per cent two way, while less than 5 per cent of the revenues derived from those riding three or more times daily. An increase in the rate of fare charged has the effect of reducing to a considerable extent the number of passengers riding, the reduction being far greater proportionally in the close-in districts, that bring in the largest and most profitable returns. The amount of de-

(Continued on page 2)

December 29, 1920.

Mr. Eimon L. Wienir,
Secretary, Municipal League.

Your two letters of December 21st and 23rd, requesting the Public Utilities Committee of the Municipal League to make further report on matters connected with the municipal street railway, received. The writer has consulted with several members of the Committee in regard to these matters and reports as follows:

As to the proposition to construct a subway, we feel that it is a matter so far in the future that it is not a live question at this time, and that therefore it is not necessary to report upon the feasibility of such a scheme. If you desire any recommendation on this matter from our Committee, it is that the whole question of constructing subways by the City be deferred to some future time.

As to the Ordinance introduced by Councilman Carroll, submitting to the people the question of levying one million and a half a year to aid in paying for the operation of the street railway, this committee has already taken the stand that the railway system should be self-supporting and of course it necessarily follows that we do not believe any amount should now be voted from the general fund to pay the cost of maintenance.

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

Published Weekly by the
MUNICIPAL LEAGUE OF SEATTLE

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

nance.
As to a further supplemental report, which you mention in your letter, the writer does not know on just what phase of the question you desire a further report. We have already recommended the raising the fare to a figure which, in our judgment, will probably take care of the maintenance and interest charges of the street railway system and eventually pay up the deficiency, and have also made a recommendation in regard to the jitney situation. If you will advise the writer just the exact questions you desire a further report on, I will be glad to take the matter up with the Committee.

Yours truly,
O. B. THORGRIMSON.

MAKE CARLINE PAY (Continued from page one)

crease in the number of passengers carried is also dependent upon the percentage of increase in the rate of fare charged and its effect is a constantly increasing one as shown by the statement of July, August and October, the increase from 5 cents to six and one-fourth cents causing a 3 per cent decrease in the number of passengers carried in August and 9.5 per cent decrease in October, after making allowance for allowance for school rides that did not occur in July. An increase to 8 and one-third cents, which is but slightly less than the fare charged by jitneys, with

the advantages they have to offer in comfort and speed, will cause a great diversion of traffic to that means of transportation. A reduction of service in street car transportation when made necessary through loss of patronage is of tremendous advantage to the jitney and, in some cases, has brought about a condition where it would be considered advisable to discontinue all street car operation on some lines. A fare of 8 and one-third cents is admittedly too high, but is made necessary by reason of the fact that an insufficient number of passengers are carried at 6 and one-fourth cents to pay for cost of operation and overhead.

During the month of November, there was an average of nearly two seats furnished for every passenger carried figuring the cars both ways. This applied to peak load as well as to off peak period, the average number of passengers carried per hour in the two periods being approximately the same. Double the number of cars are required for operation on peak as on off peak to transport approximately an equal number of passengers and, therefore, at twice the cost. No reduction has been made in the number of cars operating since July, showing that though the number of passengers carried may greatly decrease the number of cars operating and therefore the total operating cost, must remain practically constant under the

present system of operation.

Some of you will recall what the Stone and Webster people have said, that in order to make a street railway successful you must create as far as possible the habit of riding on street cars by the public, and any suggestion along this line is desirable and should be given consideration, even though it is a little out of the ordinary. The ordinary method of periodically raising the fares will not apply in the extraordinary situation. Some advocate of a plan to include the losses in the general tax levy, on the assumption that the business interests, who are the chief beneficiaries from street railway patronage, would be required to pay the bulk of the expense. Apparently this would seem to be the case, but further consideration will show that it is the home-owner or owner of vacant non-income bearing property that will ultimately foot the bill through payment of increased prices for the things he buys.

The plan here proposed includes the optional sale of monthly passes at a fixed price, individual, non-transferable, requiring no transfers. The price determined upon is the cost to the passenger of two rides at 8 and one-third cents each per day for thirty days, equal to \$5.00 per month; also the sale of passes to school children at \$2.50 per month, which will include travel to and from school and for rides that would otherwise require the payment of 8 and one-third cents. These passes are comparable to the monthly payment for telephone service at a fixed charge, the patron enjoying the privilege of unrestricted use of same but no advantage is taken to secure a greater service than is required. In the case of the street railway, by this plan, the patron may ride as much as he finds necessary or convenient, but the rides he takes over and above the regular trips to and from town on peak load must necessarily be made on off-peak load at which time there is a large surplus of equipment and therefore with no additional to the railway, relatively speaking.

The total cost for street rail-

way operation for the year 1921 will approximate \$5,758,292.00, way operation for the year 1921 amounting to \$868,150, the total cost will approximate \$6,626,442.00.

On the basis of an average of 310,00 passenger rides daily, 10,000 of which are school rides, the maximum revenue to be derived monthly on the adoption of this plan will be about as follows:

150,000 passes at	
\$5.00	-750,000.00
5,000 passes at \$2.50.....	12,500.00

Gross Revenue, per month,	\$762,500.00
Gross Revenue, per year,	\$9,150,000.00

On the basis of 100,000 adult passes and 5,000 children passes, with 25,000 passengers riding twice daily and 25,000 once daily at 8 and one-third cents fare, and 5,000 school children on 2 and one-half cents fare, the gross revenue would be as follows:

100,000 passes at	
\$5.00	\$500,000.00
25,000 patrons at 16 and two-thirds cents daily	125,000.00
25,000 patrons at 8 and one-third cents daily,	62,500.00
5,000 passes at \$2.50,	12,500.00
5,000 patrons at \$1.00 monthly,	5,000.00

Gross Revenue, per month,	\$705,000.00
Gross Revenue, per year,	\$8,460,000.00

1: The plan above outlined for putting the street railway on a paying basis may be tried out without interference with the present arrangement for single fares and at a cost equal to the cost of printing the necessary passes.

2: Under the plan the City is provided with sufficient funds at the beginning of each month to pay all operating expenses, and to meet interest and bond payments as they fall due.

3: The use of passes will cause a reduction in the time required for the loading of passengers, eliminating the handling of money and of transfers issued or received, thereby permitting a greater use of one-man cars

and a consequent decrease in the cost of operation.

4: The general use of monthly passes will permit a regulation of service consistent with the amount of traffic, the laying off of cars in no wise affecting the revenue of the system.

5: Conditions under which passes may be sold will bring about a more uniform distribution of traffic by diverting non-essential riding on peak to the off-peak period, thereby improving service, reducing cost for operation.

6: Bookkeeping will be greatly simplified; passes may be sold or redeemed at any time of the month and may be purchased by mail for every member of the family; the adoption of a color scheme will prevent interchange of passes; the use of passes will become so general and convenient as to reduce the number of private automobiles and jitneys operating thereby greatly improving traffic conditions in the business district.

7: There are numerous other advantages that will develop as operation under this plan proceeds.

Respectfully submitted,
B. H. PETLEY

Civil Engineer,
1616 Hoge Building, Seattle.

"Rastus, did your soldier son get any medals?"

"Say, dat boy was de mos' meddlesome lad in the whole regiment."—N. Y. Eve. World.

"Well, Henry, in trouble again?"

"Yas, yo Honnah, 'member you was mah lawyah las' time? Ah don't need one dis time; cause Ah's goin' to tell the truth.—St. Louis Republic.

* * *

"Sam, you ought to stay at home and keep out of trouble. Look at your eye."

"Man, you don't know what yuh is talkin' about—home am trouble's headquarters."—Louisville Journal.

* * *

Corporal: I hear they have found Christopher Columbus' bones.

Dark Private: Why, man, I didn't know they shot craps when he was alive.—American Legion Weekly.

IF RENTAL CONSIDERED FERRY PAYS

The West Seattle ferry would still be self-supporting if the offices and store-room purchased by the people when they voted to buy the ferry had been turned over to the county by the port commission, according to Jackson Silbaugh, who yesterday noon addressed the Municipal League on the subject. The buildings in question produce a monthly rental of \$700, according to Silbaugh and would in his judgment make the ferry a self-supporting institution.

Prefacing his remarks with the statement that the loss in the operation of the West Seattle ferry had resulted in a movement to discontinue the operation of the boat Silbaugh took up the complete history of the ferry's operation.

The report of J. R. Nevins, the League's representative on the Commission for revision of the building code, will be printed in an early issue.

For Rent—A house by a man freshly painted inside and out.

For Rent—A house by a lady, with six large rooms and an attic.

For Sale—A bulldog, will eat anything very fond of children.

* * *

"Liza, what for did you buy dat box of shoe blackin'?"

"Go on, Nigga'; dat's mah massage cream."—Yale Record.

* * *

Applying for a divorce, an old Georgia negro said to the judge, "It only cost me a string of fish to get married, Jedge, but I'd give a whale to git rid of her."—Philadelphia Record.

* * *

"Madam," said the conductor politely to the lady, "you must remove that suitcase from the aisle."

"Fo' re Lawd's sake, condictah, dat ain't no suitcase, dat's mah foot."—Ithaca (N. Y.) Journal.

* * *

* * *

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, for King County.
In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Lena
Code, Deceased. No. 28583.

Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Administrator of the estate of Lena Code, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Administrator or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication December 25, 1920.

CHARLES H. CODE,
Administrator of said Estate.
Address, 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate,
Address, 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.

4t Jan 15

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County.
In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of James
Edmonds Pinkham, Deceased. No.
28497. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have been appointed and have qualified as Executors of the estate of James Edmonds Pinkham, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same duly verified, on said Executors or their attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, December 11th, 1920.

ADA DAVIS PINKHAM, and
NORTHWEST TRUST & SAVINGS BANK,
Executors of said Estate.
Address, 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate,
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Dec. 11, 1920. 4t Jan. 1

CHARLES H. HARTGE
Attorney 521 Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County.
In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Harry
Andrews, Deceased. No. 28435.
Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Irene Dickson, has been appointed and has qualified as administratrix of the estate of the above named Harry Andrews, deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased or against said estate are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administratrix or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service, within six months from the 11th day of December, 1920, the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Dated at Seattle, Washington, December 9, 1920.

IRENE DICKSON,
As Administratrix of the Estate of
Harry Andrews, Deceased.
Address: 521 Central Building, Seattle, Washington.

CHARLES H. HARTGE, Attorney for
Administratrix. Office and Post Office
Address: 521 Central Building, Seattle, Washington.
First pub. Dec. 11, 1920. 4t Jan. 1

CHARLES H. HARTGE
Attorney 521 Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County.
In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Chin
On, Deceased. No. 28472. Notice to
Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Lee She On, has been appointed and has qualified as executrix of the will of the above named Chin On, deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased or against said estate are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Executrix or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service, within six months from the 11th day of December, 1920, the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Dated at Seattle, Washington, December 3, 1920.
LEE SHE ON,
As Executrix of the Will of Chin On,
Deceased.
Address: 521 Central Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

CHARLES H. HARTGE, Attorney for
Executrix, Office and Post Address:
521 Central Building, Seattle, Washington.
First pub. Dec. 11, 1920. 4t Jan. 1

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JAMES T. LAWLER
Attorney 907-8 White Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for the County
 of King. In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Dom-
 inick Beritich, Deceased. No. 25399.
 Notice of Hearing Final Report and
 Petition for Distribution.
 Notice is hereby given that Andra
 Franicevich, administratrix of the es-
 tate of Dominick Beritich, deceased, has
 filed in the office of the Clerk of said
 Court her final report and petition for
 distribution, asking the Court to settle
 said Report, distribute the property to
 the persons thereto entitled and to dis-
 charge said administratrix; and that
 said Report and petition will be heard
 on the 10th day of January, 1921, at
 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the
 Probate Department of said Court.
 Dated this 8th day of December, 1920.
PERCY F. THOMAS,
 Clerk of said Court.
 By **GEO. L. BERGER,**
 Deputy.
 First pub. Dec. 11, 1920. 4t Jan. 1

NELSON R. ANDERSON
Attorney 1723 Smith Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for King County
 In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of John P.
 Brown, Deceased. No. 28438. Notice
 to Creditors.
 Notice is hereby given that the under-
 signed has been appointed and has
 qualified as administratrix of the estate
 of John P. Brown, Deceased; that all
 persons having claims against said de-
 ceased are hereby required to serve the
 same, duly verified, on said Mary Brown
 or her attorney of record at the address
 below stated, and file the same with the
 Clerk of said Court, together with proof
 of such service within six months after
 the date of first publication of this
 notice, or the same will be barred.
 Date of first publication, December 4,
 1920.

MARY A. BROWN,
 Administratrix of said Estate.
 Address, 1723 L. C. Smith Bldg., Seattle,
 Wash.
NELSON R. ANDERSON,
 Attorney for Estate, 1723 L. C. Smith
 Bldg., Seattle, Wash. 4t Dec 25

ATTWOOD A. KIRBY
Lawyer Suite 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, in and for the
 County of King.
 Muriel Morrison, Plaintiff, vs. Robert
 P. Morrison, Defendant. No. 147172.
 Summons by Publication.
 The State of Washington to the above
 named defendant, Robert P. Morrison:
 You are hereby summoned to appear
 within sixty (60) days after the date
 of the first publication of this sum-
 mons, to-wit: within sixty days after
 the 13th day of November, 1920, and
 defend the above entitled action in the
 above entitled court, holden in King
 County, State of Washington, and an-
 swer the complaint of the plaintiff, and
 serve a copy of your answer upon the
 undersigned attorney for plaintiff, at
 the place below stated as his office ad-
 dress, and in case of your failure so
 to do, judgment will be rendered against
 you according to the demand of the
 complaint, which has been filed with
 the Clerk of said Court.

The object of the above entitled ac-
 tion is to obtain a decree of divorce on
 behalf of the plaintiff from said de-
 fendant, upon the grounds of cruel
 treatment of the plaintiff by said de-
 fendant, and personal indignities ren-
 dering the life of plaintiff burdensome.
ATTWOOD A. KIRBY,
 Attorney for Plaintiff.
 Office and Post Office Address: 960 Em-
 pire Building, Seattle, Washington.
 7t Dec 28

CHARLES H. HARTGE
Attorney 521 Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington in and for King
 County.
 Thornton Academy, a corporation,
 Plaintiff, vs. Cecilie Dannenhirsch,
 Alexander Brooks, Amelia (also known
 as Amalie) Hirschberg, Johanna Lin-
 do (formerly Johanna Phillips),
 Amelia Hirschberg, as surviving exe-
 cutrix of the will of Ludwig Brooks,
 deceased, and Amalie Hirschberg, as
 administratrix of the estate of Lena
 Brooks, deceased, Defendants. No.
 146760. Summons by Publication.
 The State of Washington to the said:
 Alexander Brooks, Amelia (also known
 as Amalie) Hirschberg, Johanna Lin-
 do (formerly Johanna Phillips),

Amelia Hirschberg, as surviving exe-
 cutrix of the will of Ludwig Brooks,
 deceased, and Amalie Hirschberg, as
 administratrix of the estate of Lena
 Brooks, deceased, Defendants.

You and each of you are hereby sum-
 moned to appear within sixty (60) days
 after the date of the first publication
 of this summons, to-wit: within sixty
 (60) days after the 30th day of Octo-
 ber, 1920, and defend the above en-
 titled action in the above entitled court,
 and answer the complaint of the plain-
 tiff and serve a copy of your answer
 upon the undersigned attorney for
 plaintiff, at his office below stated; and
 in case of your failure so to do, judg-
 ment will be rendered against you ac-
 cording to the demand of the complaint
 which has been filed with the clerk of
 said court.

The object of said action is to obtain
 the judgment of the above entitled court
 that that certain mortgage dated Feb-
 ruary 2, 1914, made by Ludwig Brooks
 and Lena Brooks, then husband and
 wife, to Bothwell & Crockett Company,
 a corporation, and which is now of
 record in the office of the auditor of
 King County, State of Washington, in
 Volume 592 of Mortgages at page 138
 of the records of said King County,
 and which said mortgage has been as-
 signed to plaintiff, is a valid first mort-
 gage lien upon Lot Ten (10) in Block
 Seventeen (17) of Renton Hill, an ad-
 dition to Seattle, according to the re-
 corded plat thereof, situate in King
 County, State of Washington, and ev-
 ery part thereof, for security of pay-
 ment of that certain promissory note

and interest coupon notes described in
 said mortgage, and certain sums set
 forth in said complaint, amounting to,
 for the principal of the said promissory
 note and said interest coupon notes
 Twenty-eight Hundred Thirty Dollars
 and Fifty-four Cents (\$2830.54), with
 interest on the portions of said total
 sums at the rate of ten per cent (10%)
 per annum as follows:

On \$1800.00 from February 2, 1919;
 On \$63.00 from February 2, 1916;
 On \$63.00 from August 2, 1916;
 On \$63.00 from February 2, 1917;
 On \$63.00 from August 2, 1917;
 On \$63.00 from February 2, 1918;
 On \$63.00 from August 2, 1918;
 On \$63.00 from February 2, 1919;
 On \$589.54 from June 8, 1918;

and for the further sum of Three Hun-
 dred Dollars (\$300.00) attorney's fees,
 and for plaintiff's costs and disburse-
 ments in said action, and to obtain
 judgment for the foreclosure of said

mortgage and sale of the said lands and
 premises at foreclosure sale and the
 application of the proceeds of said sale
 to payment of the costs of such sale,
 and then to payment of the sums and
 amounts hereinbefore set forth to the
 plaintiff, and that defendants and each
 of them and all persons claiming by,
 through, or under them, or any of them,
 be by such foreclosure sale foreclosed
 and barred of and from all claim,
 right, and equity of redemption in or
 to said lands and premises and every
 part thereof, except only the statutory
 right of redemption for one year after
 such sale, and for such other, further,
 or different relief in the premises as
 shall be equitable.

CHARLES H. HARTGE,
 Attorney for Plaintiff.
 Office and Post Office Address: 521 Cen-
 tral Building, Seattle, King County,
 Washington.
 1st Pub. Oct. 30, 1920. 7t Dec 11

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

OL. X. NO. 2. SEATTLE, SATURDAY, JANUARY 8, 1921. PRICE 10 CENTS

COMPTROLLER STARTS BUDGET REFORM

The following letter from Harry W. Carroll, City Comptroller, together with his proposed budget bill and data obtained from other cities, was referred by the board to the League's Finance committee for consideration and report.

The Municipal League,
510 Central Building,
Seattle, Wash.

Gentlemen:

I herewith submit to you a copy of a proposed Budget Bill, which, if passed by the next legislature, will embrace the City of Seattle, together with my views upon same, as expressed to Mayor Hugh M. Caldwell.

You will note, that I am ready to support this bill, inasmuch as I am certain, that same will bring about much-needed reforms in our fiscal methods. As a matter of fact, the City of Seattle does not at the present time operate under any Budget System, that is calculated to protect or control. While it is true that estimates of expenses are made up, but unless there is some guarantee to the taxpayers, that these estimates will be adhered to, the fundamental principles and benefits of the budget will not obtain.

This proposed bill will place the responsibility for the preparation of the Budget with the Mayor, who, with the advice of the Heads of the Departments, will formulate a definite program for the needs of the City for the following year.

This completed plan must then be submitted to the Council, who, after publication of the budget and public hearings upon same, may revise same by increasing or decreasing any items therein. After the final approval of the Mayor's Budget by the Coun-

R. W. JONES
Secretary of the Seattle School Board will address
THE MUNICIPAL LEAGUE
TUESDAY NOON, JANUARY 11, 1921
At Meves Cafeteria, Second and Seneca
on the subject of
"SCHOOL REVENUES"

cil, the money is appropriated and the program is turned back to the Executive and Administrative Departments for specific performance.

The Comptroller is thereafter required to open accounts with the appropriations as set up in the Budget, and he, as well as the Heads of the Departments, will be held personally responsible for any expenditures in excess of the allotted sums and these officials may be removed from the office for violating or evading these provisions.

Emergency expenses are clearly defined and limited to a one mill levy per annum (approximately \$250,000.00).

If you desire to use these data or any part of same for the information of the public, you have my permission to do so, or for any other purpose, calculated to support this measure.

Felling assured of your co-operation in any proposal for the betterment of our City, I am

Respectfully yours,
H. W. CARROLL
City Comptroller.

BUDGET DATA

From Cities With Population of Over 100,000

For the purpose of comparing the methods of preparation, ap-

propriation and administration of the budget of other cities in the United States with those of Seattle, a brief questionnaire was sent out on April 25, 1920, by the undersigned to the auditors of the first thirty-seven cities, in point of population, containing the following questions:

1. Does your city operate under an annual budget of estimated revenues and expenses?
2. If so, is same appropriated by one lump ordinance for the entire fiscal year?
3. After having been appropriated, what are the duties of the auditor or comptroller, relating specifically to the departmental and other expenditures, as set up in the budget?

If convenient, a copy of your statutory provisions relating to questions 2 and 3 will be appreciated.

On May 12, 1920, additional letters were sent to the next 31 cities, in point of population, to which there was added one more question, as follows:

4. What amounts, if any, may be expended for the prevention of epidemics, such as influenza or riots, strikes and other emergencies, the occurrence of which could not have been anticipated, and by what methods are funds provided for same?

Out of a total number of sixty-
(Continued on page 2)

COMPARATIVE COST OF GOVERNMENT

The following article was furnished the Seattle papers by the Taxation League of Seattle:

Clark R. Jackson, for seven years tax commissioner of the state of Washington, on a recent trip down the coast made, at the request of the Seattle Chamber of Commerce and Commercial club, an investigation of the comparative costs of running the various city governments. The budget estimates and the costs per capita of four departments in the various cities are as follows:

Police		
	Per capita	Total
Seattle	\$3.88	\$1,225,822
San Francisco ..	\$3.63	\$1,531,896
Los Angeles	\$2.61	\$1,502,341
Portland	\$3.35	\$865,598

Fire		
	Per capita	Total
Seattle	\$4.85	\$1,531,896
San Francisco ..	\$4.06	\$2,064,526
Los Angeles	\$3.03	\$1,749,143
Portland	\$3.72	\$962,030

Parks		
	Per capita	Total
Seattle	\$0.78	\$245,823
San Francisco ..	\$0.80	\$406,000
Los Angeles	\$0.61	\$353,160

Library		
	Per capita	Total
Seattle	\$0.86	\$270,400
San Francisco ..	\$0.28	\$145,000
Los Angeles	\$0.56	\$321,158
Portland	\$0.71	\$183,470

The comparative cost for public schools in the various cities is as follows:

	School Amount	Cost Census	Pupil
Seattle	\$4,828,000	67,319	\$71.72
Portland	3,499,750	58,780	59.54
San F.	4,509,000	76,841	58.68

While the cost per child for education in Seattle is already so much greater than in other Pacific Coast cities this will be still

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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Treasurer.....A. F. Bailey, 922 2nd Avenue, Elliott 732
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TRUSTEES

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Fred W. Catlett
Walter S. Johnson
L. D. Lewis
A. H. Albertson
Edward W. Allen
James W. Reynolds, Ex-officio Trustee

Terms Expire May 1922
Howard A. Adams
George S. Kahin
Robert F. Sandall
Jackson Silbaugh

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

largely increased the ensuing year when it will amount to \$91.15 per child.

Figures compiled by F. W. Hull, Assessor of King County, show that of every dollar collected in taxes in King County, 36½ cents goes for public schools regardless of the higher institutions of learning. This is the way every dollar of King County taxes is apportioned:

Schools36½ cents
Municipal purposes35½ cents
County purposes12 cents
Road purposes9 cents
.....7 cents

The growth of the amount of money handled by the city is shown by a comparison with two years previous. In 1918 the total disbursements of the city treasurer were \$15,669,762.53 and in 1919 they were \$27,493,818.08 as compared with \$32,661,901.99 for the year just closed, a sum totaling twice the amount expended in 1918. The receipts for the same period necessarily show a proportionate increase. In 1918 the total received was \$16,829,701.62, in 1919 it jumped to \$30,062,142.72 and in the year just closed amounted to \$36,094,930.75.

CITY COMPTROLLER INITIATES BUDGET REFORM (Continued from page one)

eight questionnaires, replies were received from fifty cities, including San Diego, which ranks number 120.

For ready reference, these replies are herein tabulated in al-

phabetical order, with the respective answers to Questions 1 and 2, and it will be noted that of the fifty cities, forty-four cities appropriate the entire budget by one lump annual ordinance, three did not answer this question, two make semi-annual readjustments and only one operates under monthly ordinances, as does Seattle. Extracts from state laws, city charters and ordinances, wherever available, have similarly been assembled in alphabetical order; these legal provisions, with proper references, are briefly quoted and the more important provisions are recited verbatim.

No tabulation was prepared to the answers to Question 3, covering the duties of the comptroller in relation to the budget; it is sufficient to state, that in every city where the budget is appropriated by one annual appropriation ordinance, the chief auditing officer of the city is the principal agent for the control of departmental and other expenditures of the city, as set up in the annual appropriation ordinance.

The outstanding feature of the information obtained is, that the City of Seattle stands practically alone among all of these cities in its budgetary procedure. Section 10, Article IX of the charter of this city, as amended in 1914, provides that "On or before the 10th day of July of each year the heads of all departments shall submit to the finance committee of the city council an estimate of the probable expenses of their several

departments for the ensuing year." After these estimates, hereby required, have been considered by the council, same are adopted by resolutions; this is a form of legislative action, which cannot be reviewed by the mayor, and the executive department is therefore, completely shut out from any and all participation in the budget. Subsequently, an ordinance is passed by the council, which must be approved by the mayor, fixing the tax levy.

The budget is not set up in this tax levy ordinance; it is simply a decree that so much money shall be raised by taxation, but does not recite the purposes for which these moneys are to be expended. The mayor invariably signs this ordinance, as there is practically no other course open to him; he has no official knowledge of the financial program and is therefore, without power to object to any item or to increase any allowance.

As stated, no other city, from which data were obtained, grants to the legislative body the exclusive authority to propose all expenditures and dispose of all public moneys; invariably the budget, with its schedules recited in detail, is passed by ordinance, which requires executive approval. As a matter of record, a majority of the municipalities are operating under a so-called executive budget, which is prepared either by the mayor alone, or by a board of estimate, consisting of the mayor, comptroller and a number of other city officials.

This budget is then submitted to the legislative body for approval; some cities permit the city council to increase or decrease the executive budget, subject to the mayor's veto, and in other cities the "city council may reduce or reject any item, but shall not increase any item for any purpose contained in said estimate."

Conclusion

The City of Seattle is operating under antiquated fiscal methods and the charter provisions and ordinances relating to finance are inadequate; the comptroller, though originally intended to "exercise general supervision of the financial affairs of the city" is without power to perform these duties; even such minor super-

vision as the assembling of annual estimates of departmental expenses, whereby he would be enabled to indicate unusual requests and to act in an advisory capacity in other respects, have been taken from him and absorbed by the council by the amendment passed in 1914.

The mayor knows practically nothing of the regular financial operations of the city; authorities in the shape of general appropriation ordinances are presented to him without detail, which ordinances must be signed on the wheels of the city government would stop.

A revision of these methods whereby the duties and responsibilities of the legislative, executive and administrative departments will be clearly defined and apportioned in accordance with well-established principles seem imperative, if this city is to take its place among the progressive municipalities of the country.

COUNCIL WILL LET STREET CONTRACT

Contracts for street improvement projects aggregating estimated cost more than \$50,000, giving employment to a large number of laborers, will be let by the board of public works in the next two weeks.

The board will open bids at its meeting today on the Fifteenth Avenue Northwest grading and curbing project, estimated to cost \$108,257, and on the grading of Eighth Avenue North and Aloha Street, estimated cost \$7,252.

On Friday, Jan. 14, the board will open bids on one of the biggest street improvements on the council calendar for the present year, the paving of Twentieth Avenue Northwest from the West Wheeler Street viaduct to the Fort Lawton entrance. This work, when completed, will provide a paved thoroughfare through the Magnolia Bluff section. It is estimated to cost \$259,857.

Bids will be opened at the Jan. 14 meeting on the following projects, whose combined cost will exceed \$100,000: Construction of sewers on Earl Avenue Northwest from West Seventh Street to Loyal Heights Addition; paving of Nicker Street from Third Avenue North

to Fifteenth Avenue West; and paving of First Avenue North.

SANTMYER RESENTS SCHOOL COMPLAINT

Charges by J. E. Blackwell, city building superintendent, that school buildings are "in a deplorable condition, few if any of them having been constructed in accordance with the law," are untrue or in themselves an indictment of the building department, under whose supervision they were conducted, according to Walter J. Santmyer, engineer member of the board. "Every school building in this town was constructed under permit from the city building superintendent to say that they do not comply with building regulations is a severe charge against his own department," said Santmyer. "That applies to portables, to which Blackwell is objecting specifically, as well as other buildings. We have put up at least twenty-five portables since Blackwell has been in office, on permits from him.

"As a matter of fact our buildings are not in a deplorable condition or anything of the sort. We have spent \$200,000 in the last two years bringing them up to normal, after letting repair work lag to a certain extent during the war due to high prices and the request of the government that public work be suspended. Building costs have not enabled us to put through our building program as rapidly as we had anticipated, and we are being forced to use some buildings longer than we had wanted to. But we are keeping these buildings in good repair, and cannot be blamed for these outside influences, such as high building costs, which have to a certain extent upset our program. What we need from the building department is less criticism, based on technicalities, and more cooperation"

SCHOOL CLINIC IS ORDERED ABOLISHED BY SUPREME COURT

Ruling of the Superior Court Reversed—Statute Does Not Provide for Expense, Is Decision

Maintenance of the free public school clinic at Seventh Avenue and Madison Street was made illegal recently by a decision of

the supreme court reversing Judge Calvin S. Hall of the superior court and denying the statutory powers of officials of a school district to equip or employ at the expense of the district, physicians, dentists or nurses for treating pupils.

The action was brought last year by O. C. McGilvra, as a tax payer of school district No. 1, who sought an injunction to restrain the officials of the district from expending funds for this purpose. Judge Hall, in denying the application, held that the good accomplished by the medical department was so great in comparison with the inconsequential expense of maintaining it that the expenditure was justifiable.

According to a dispatch from Olympia, however, the supreme court ruled that the injunction should be issued to McGilvra.

Frank B. Cooper, superintendent of schools, was unable to say whether this decision, in doing away with the free clinic, would also force the discharge of the twenty-four nurses now employed by the district. He thought that they might be retained, however, as inspectors. He expressed the hope that at the coming session of the legislature some action will be taken to make the resumption of the clinic possible.

A Municipal League Committee, headed by Lewis Schwellenbach, will report to the League Tuesday as to legislation necessary to overcome the decision of the Supreme Court.

NEW HEADLIGHT LAW SOUGHT FOR STATE

Declaring that the present state law governing automobile headlights is loosely drawn; that its provisions are such that the law is not being enforced, and that fatal accidents are resulting from faulty headlights permitted because of the present law, Prof. F. A. Osborn, head of the department of physics at the University of Washington, asked the cooperation of the Municipal League in securing the passage of a new law at the coming session of the legislature, in an address delivered before the League Tuesday noon at Meeves Cafeteria.

Prof. Osborn presented a law

drafted by the National Illuminating Engineering Society as the most desirable legislation obtainable on regulation of headlights. He stated that the law had been drafted by the society after a lengthy investigation and much experimental work, and is a scientific conclusion as to the safest method of automobile lighting. The society is made up entirely of scientists, and is not interested in any make or method of making headlights, he said.

Prof. Osborn explained that the proposed law regulates the tensiety of the light, the width from each side of the machine that it should be thrown, the tensiety of the light at each side of the car, and the height at which direct rays of light should show sixty feet in front of the car. The suggested law, which is known as the "model headlight law," has been adopted in California, New York, Massachusetts and Connecticut, says Prof. Osborn.

At Wednesday's meeting of the Board, the matter of securing necessary legislation on the subject was referred to the Public Safety Committee, of which Jackson Silbaugh is chairman.

Customer—I want the best pair of gloves in this store.

Clerk—All right, Madam. How long do you want them?

Customer—Don't get insulting, young man. I want to buy them, not rent them.

Hem—What is a cootie?

Haw—Don't know.

Hem—A flea with military training.

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, for King County.
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Lena
Code, Deceased. No. 23583.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Administrator of the estate of Lena Code, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Administrator or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication December 25, 1920.

CHARLES H. CODE,
Administrator of said Estate.
Address, 960 Empire Building, Seattle,
Wash.

JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate.
Address, 960 Empire Building, Seattle,
Wash.

4t Jan 15

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JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County.
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of James Edmonds Pinkham, Deceased. No. 28497. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have been appointed and have qualified as Executors of the estate of James Edmonds Pinkham, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same duly verified, on said Executors or their attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, December 11th, 1920.

ADA DAVIS PINKHAM, and NORTHWEST TRUST & SAVINGS BANK,

Executors of said Estate.
 Address, 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.

JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate, 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
 First pub. Dec. 11, 1920. 4t Jan. 1

CHARLES H. HARTGE
Attorney 521 Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County.
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Harry Andrews, Deceased. No. 28435. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Irene Dickson, has been appointed and has qualified as administratrix of the estate of the above named Harry Andrews, deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased or against said estate are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administratrix or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service, within six months from the 11th day of December, 1920, the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Dated at Seattle, Washington, December 9, 1920.

IRENE DICKSON,
 As Administratrix of the Estate of Harry Andrews, Deceased.
 Address: 521 Central Building, Seattle, Washington.

CHARLES H. HARTGE, Attorney for Administratrix. Office and Post Office Address: 521 Central Building, Seattle, Washington.

First pub. Dec. 11, 1920. 4t Jan. 1

CHARLES H. HARTGE
Attorney 521 Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County.
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Chin On, Deceased. No. 28472. Notice to

hereby given that the undersigned, Lee She On, has been appointed and has qualified as executrix of the estate of the above named Chin On, deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased or against said estate are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Executrix or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service, within six months from the 11th day of December, 1920, the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Dated at Seattle, Washington, December 3, 1920.

LEE SHE ON,
 As Executrix of the Will of Chin On, Deceased.

Address: 521 Central Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

CHARLES H. HARTGE, Attorney for Executrix, Office and Post Address: 521 Central Building, Seattle, Washington.

First pub. Dec. 11, 1920. 4t Jan. 1

JAMES T. LAWLER
Attorney 907-8 White Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for the County
of King. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Dominick Beritich, Deceased. No. 25399. Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Andra Franicevich, administratrix of the estate of Dominick Beritich, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her final report and petition for

distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said administratrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 10th day of January, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 8th day of December, 1920.

PERCY F. THOMAS,
 Clerk of said Court.
 By GEO. L. BERGER,
 Deputy.

First pub. Dec. 11, 1920. 4t Jan. 1

NELSON R. ANDERSON
Attorney 1723 Smith Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of John P. Brown, Deceased. No. 28438. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as administratrix of the estate of John P. Brown, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Mary Brown or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, December 4, 1920.

MARY A. BROWN,
 Administratrix of said Estate.

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NELSON R. ANDERSON,
 Attorney for Estate, 1723 L. C. Smith Bldg., Seattle, Wash. 4t Dec 25

ATTWOOD A. KIRBY
Lawyer Suite 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, in and for the
County of King.

Muriel Morrison, Plaintiff, vs. Robert P. Morrison, Defendant. No. 147172. Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to the above named defendant, Robert P. Morrison: You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty days after the 13th day of November, 1920, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, holden in King

County, State of Washington, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff, at the place below stated as his office address, and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court.

The object of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree of divorce on behalf of the plaintiff from said defendant, upon the grounds of cruel treatment of the plaintiff by said defendant, and personal indignities rendering the life of plaintiff burdensome.

ATTWOOD A. KIRBY,
 Attorney for Plaintiff.

Office and Post Office Address: 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Washington.
 7t Dec 28

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. X. NO. 3.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, JANUARY 15, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS

The League will meet at **BLANC'S CAFE** (opposite new County-City Building) Tuesday noon, January 18, 1921. Mrs. Josephine Preston, state superintendent of public schools, will address the League on the subject of the public school administrative code commission bill. By special arrangement, a **FIFTY-CENT LUNCHEON** will be served. Bring as many of your friends as possible to this meeting.

MRS. PRESTON TO SPEAK AT BLANC'S CAFE

The first meeting to be held in the League's new meeting place, Blanc's Cafe, will be featured by an address of Mrs. Josephine Corliss Preston, state superintendent of public instruction, who will speak on the proposed public school administrative code commission bill against which measure she is waging a vigorous fight. It has been stated that a controversy over this measure bids fair to be one of the memorable struggles of this session of the Legislature, affecting as it does every school teacher and child in the state.

The purpose of the bill is to change the administration of the public school system through the reorganization of the State Department of Education, the establishment of the county school district with adequate supervision of all schools with financial support justly assessed and equitably distributed. The bill contains eight new sections, amends 64 sections of the present code and repeals 94 sections.

The first eight sections, on which Mrs. Preston is making a particularly strong fight, reorganize the Department of Education. They provide for an ap-

(Continued on page 3)

THE ANNUAL BUDGET MUST PAY OWN WAY

When the City Council adopts the annual estimates, it fixes a maximum limit of expenditures for the purposes named thereon and when it passes the tax levy ordinance it provides revenue which can legally be used for the payment of the items specified in the budget and for no other purpose. When the Council appropriates money for a purpose not named in the budget it provides that the amount thereof shall be included in the tax levy for the succeeding year. Then when the Comptroller pays such item by warrant, he pays it from the revenue for the current year. This practice helps to create the confusion and contention which has probably induced the Comptroller to support the new budget bill.

This bill may do some good by conferring the veto power upon the Mayor, but when it authorizes a levy of \$250,000 for the payment of emergencies which may never exist, it will create a fund which will be a constant temptation. The shifting of responsibility for preparing and administering the budget is of little importance, as the power of the City Council to increase or decrease the amount of any item can only be affected by the veto. The worst feature of the bill is the attempt to

(Continued from page 3)

Mayor Caldwell's letter, showing his opposition to going into the public treasury to finance the car lines was addressed to Geo. A. Leibes, accountant in the city comptroller's office. The mayor, after thanking Mr. Leibes for his suggestions "for relief of the financial embarrassment of the municipal street railway," says:

"The plan suggested by you is the same principle as that recommended by the Federal Railway Commission of Electric Railways, appointed by the President, and of which Mayor Baker of Portland was a member. That committee recommended that extensions be made under the local improvement plan.

Mayor States Position

"My position on this matter, however, is that the city is under neither a legal nor moral obligation to raise funds from any other source than the car line receipts to pay the principal and interest, operating and maintenance expenses; that since Stone & Webster made the contract and agreed to look to this source alone for their money, they should continue to look for it, and if the contract is not capable of performance according to its terms, modification thereof must be made by consent of the parties, or a decree of the courts should

(Continued on Page 2)

JONES TELLS OF SCHOOL REVENUES

Reported by Eimon L. Wienir

Reuben W. Jones, Secretary of the Seattle School Board for the past eighteen years, addressed the Municipal League at noon Tuesday on the subject of school revenues. After outlining the early history of revenue measures passed by Washington legislatures, Mr. Jones emphasized the fact that the state at an early day, passed laws supplementing school revenues derived from grants of the Federal Government. This was first on the basis of \$6 per child, later \$8, and again amended to \$10, continuing at the latter amount for over twenty years.

The state imposes a tax based on the number of persons between the ages of 4 and 21 years residing in the state. At the special session of the legislature last March, the amount per child was advanced to \$20, leaving the county at \$10, this advancing the tax levy for 1920 from 1.8353 mills to 1.2592 mills, and now, at the present session, the Code Commission proposes another \$10 advance, or \$30 per child, which will advance the state tax to about 7 mills. Mr. Jones opposes this advance for many reasons, especially at this time of extreme stress for tax payers, and

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"This is bad business from whatever angle it is viewed. It works against the company's own interest, multiplying the popular grievances and adding to the sum of public dissatisfaction against the day of reckoning that surely will come soon or late. The New Orleans Company, merrily collecting its straight 8 cents per ride, ought in fairness to its patrons to make some return in terms of

etter service. We do not know what the trouble is, but we are convinced that the peak hour service at least can be improved. If the will to improve it exists, we think that the company has to secure the services of traffic experts who can find the way."

The arraignment of the street car management has a strictly familiar sound, and, judged by the criticism of our own street railway management and the suggestion that an expert be employed, we would assume that some inexperienced street railway man is responsible for their trouble. However, none other than our former townsman and lifelong street railway man, A. L. Kempster, left Seattle and went to New Orleans with the management of the street railway system there. The question naturally arises, then, would a change of management or hiring of experts solve our troubles? Or are they so fatal that no matter how heroic the treatment the business cannot be revived under the present contract?

From a compilation made by Bow, Jones Co. of public service bonds in default, we are informed that 56 street railway companies have defaulted in their bonds, with an aggregate face value of bonds defaulted of \$486,350,000; that it is the largest amount of public utility bonds ever in default at one time in the United States.

Companies in Receivers' Hands

From the report of the American Electric Railway Association it appears that 77 electric railways went into the hands of receivers in the two years 1918 and 1919 with outstanding capital of \$13,389,742, and securities and bonds outstanding \$476,172,206, an enormous total of stocks and bonds involved in receivership proceedings of \$789,561,948. In 1920 and prior to August 15, 1920, an additional line went into the hands of receivers with total capital stock and bonded debt of \$24,029,200, or a total involved in receiverships in two years and a half of over \$800,000,000. These were followed in August, 1920, by the following lines going into the hands of receivers, one in August, one in September, and two in December, namely: Ash-Abula Rapid Transit Company,

Kansas City Railways, Barre & Mount Pelier Traction & Power Company, and the Denver (Colorado) Tramway Company.

What Happened in Seattle

But what happened in Seattle is that instead of permitting this system to follow the other companies into receivership, these lines were turned over to the city at an original cost valuation, without any depreciation, and the city fondly imagined that it could do what the private company could not do, namely, meet all of its obligations and retire the entire original capital investment from the receipts from the car lines. And this, it should be remembered, is the sole obligation of the city, as expressed in its ordinances — to pay these amounts, including principal, solely from the receipts of the car lines.

It is interesting in this connection to notice how the city of San Francisco has acted. San Francisco several times voted down proposals to purchase existing street railways. They were owned and operated by the San Francisco United Railroads Company. According to reports, the United Railroads Company, in its last published report to the California State Railway Commission, had \$42,948,000 of capital stock, \$36,648,000 of bonds, and \$6,702,161 of current liabilities outstanding.

Unable to Pay Interest.

The company was unable to pay any interest whatever on its capital stock in 1918. It failed to pay interest on its entire bond issue also. Of \$1,645,220, which fell due in that year, the company paid only \$656,735.25, the remainder being left to add to \$2,378,350 of interest accrued in previous years and unpaid. It is reported that very recently the company has reorganized on a basis of capitalization of \$47,500,000, which means that \$38,798,761 of water was extracted at one squeeze.

Getting back to our Seattle situation, we will recall that nothing was struck or squeezed from the company's valuation, nor had anything been deducted, for depreciation during the years of operation.

Under the foregoing circumstances, are we really justified in slurring the present management of the street railway system,

which is in the hands of a man of 18 years' experience at this business?

"I will ask you now, are we?"

Applying for a divorce, an old Georgia negro said to the judge, "It only cost me a string of fish to get married, Judge, but I'd give a whale to git rid of her." — Philadelphia Record.

THE BUDGET

(Continued from page one) tighten the grip of the political bureau which in January 1918 installed for the city Comptroller a system of accounting which has for three years past made it impossible for him to show either on his books or official statements the truth as to the operations or conditions of the general or any utility fund. No additional law is needed to cure this case. There is a section in the criminal code of 1909 which covers such statements.

C. A. LAGRAVE.

MRS. PRESTON TO SPEAK AT BLANC'S CAFE.

(Continued from page one) appointive board of education of seven lay members named by the governor for terms of seven years who are given wide constructive powers. An amendment to the constitution is proposed to provide for an appointive executive head of the state school systems with salary, qualifications and tenure to be determined by the board.

The office of county superintendent of schools is discontinued after September 3, 1923 according to the provision of this bill. The meeting place has been changed from Meves Cafeteria,

where it has been held for the past two or more years, to Blanc's Cafe, immediately opposite the new County-City building. A beautiful room with seating capacity for one hundred fifty is provided for, and a special fifty cent lunch will be served members of the Municipal League and their guests. It is hoped that the new meeting place will be attended by all of the active members of the League and will draw to it many who have not been in regular attendance.

EIMON L. WIENIR.

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FRED W. CATLETT
Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for the
County of King.

In the Matter of the Application of
Moler Company, a domestic corporation,
for an Order Dissolving and
Disincorporating said Corporation.
No. 148460. Notice.

Whereas, a petition has on this 10th
day of January 1921 been presented to
the presiding judge of the Superior
Court of King County, Washington,
by Moler Company, a corporation, duly
incorporated under the laws of the
State of Washington, to be dissolved
and disincorporated, accompanied by a
certificate of the president and secretary
of said corporation, certifying that
at a meeting of the stock holders
called for the purpose and duly held
on the 3d day of January 1921, at the
City of Seattle, King County, Wash-
ington, it was decided by a unanimous
vote of all the capital stock subscribed
and issued of said corporation to dis-
solve and disincorporate said corpora-
tion, which petition prayed that such
notice to be given of such application
as is provided by law and so that an
order may be entered by said court,
declaring said corporation dissolved;
and

Whereas, the presiding judge of
said court has fixed the 14th day of
March 1921, at the hour of 9:30 o'clock
A. M. at the court room of Depart-
ment No. 1, of said court in the King
County Court House, Seattle, King
County, Washington, or at the court
room of any other department which
may then be in session and to which
this matter may be assigned;

Now, Therefore, notice is hereby given
that said petition of Moler Com-
pany for an order declaring said com-
pany dissolved and disincorporated is
coming on to be heard before the pre-
siding judge of the Superior Court of
the State of Washington for the County
of King or before such other judge as
this application may be assigned to in
the King County Court House in the
City of Seattle, King County, Washing-
ton on the 14th day of March, 1921,
at the hour of 9:30 A. M.

Dated this 10th day of January 1921.
GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk

By R. W. FLEMING,
Deputy

FRED W. CATLETT, Attorney for Pe-
titioner, 613 Hoge Building, Seattle
Washington.

First Pub. Jan. 15, 1921. 8t Mar 5

LUNDIN & BARTO
Attorneys 817-23 Alaska Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, for King County
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Louisa
W. Martell, Deceased. No. 28638.
Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the un-
dersigned has been appointed and has
qualified as Executrix of the estate
of Louisa W. Martell, Deceased; that
all persons having claims against said
deceased are hereby required to serve
the same, duly verified, on said Execu-
trix or her attorneys of record at the
address below stated, and file the same
with the Clerk of said Court, together
with proof of such service within six
months after the date of first publica-
tion of this notice, or the same will be
barred.

Date of first publication January
15th, 1921.

LOUISA W. MARTELL,
Executrix of said Estate.
Address 817-23 Alaska Bldg., Seattle.
LUNDIN & BARTO, Attorneys for Es-
tate, 817-23 Alaska Bldg., Seattle,
Wash.

4t Feb. 5

JAMES T. LAWLER
Attorney 908 White Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County.
Belle Meagher, Plaintiff, vs. Philip
Meagher, Defendant. No. 148543.
Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to the said
Philip Meagher, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty days after the date of
first publication of this summons, to-
wit: within sixty days after the 15th
day of January, 1921, and defend the
above entitled action in the above en-
titled court, and answer the complaint
of the plaintiff and serve a copy of
your answer upon the undersigned at-

torney for plaintiff at his office below
stated; and in case of your failure so
to do, judgment will be rendered
against you according to the demand
of the complaint, which has been filed
with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled ac-
tion is to secure a decree of divorce
on the grounds of abandonment for
more than one year and non-support.

JAMES T. LAWLER,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

P. O. Address 908 White Bldg., Seattle,
King County, Wash.
First pub. Jan. 15, 1921. 7t Feb 26

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, for King County.
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Lena
Code, Deceased. No. 28583.
Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the un-
dersigned has been appointed and has
qualified as Administrator of the es-
tate of Lena Code, Deceased; that all
persons having claims against said de-
ceased are hereby required to serve the
same, duly verified, on said Administra-
tor or his attorney of record at the
address below stated, and file the same
with the Clerk of said Court together
with proof of such service within six
months after the date of first publica-
tion of this notice, or the same will
be barred.

Date of first publication December
25, 1920.

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SEATTLE, WASH.

CHARLES H. CODE,
Administrator of said Estate.
Address, 960 Empire Building, Seattle,
Wash.

JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate,
Address, 960 Empire Building, Seattle,
Wash. 4t Jan 15

ATTWOOD A. KIRBY
Lawyer Suite 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, in and for the
County of King.

Muriel Morrison, Plaintiff, vs. Robert
P. Morrison, Defendant. No. 147172.
Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to the above
named defendant, Robert P. Morrison:
You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty (60) days after the date
of the first publication of this sum-
mons, to-wit: within sixty days after
the 13th day of November, 1920, and
defend the above entitled action in the

above entitled court, holden in Kin-
County, State of Washington, and an-
swer the complaint of the plaintiff, and
serve a copy of your answer upon the
undersigned attorney for plaintiff, at
the place below stated as his office ad-
dress, and in case of your failure to
do, judgment will be rendered against
you according to the demand of the
complaint, which has been filed with
the Clerk of said Court.

The object of the above entitled ac-
tion is to obtain a decree of divorce on
behalf of the plaintiff from said de-
fendant, upon the grounds of crue
treatment of the plaintiff by said de-
fendant, and personal indignities ren-
dering the life of plaintiff burdensome.

ATTWOOD A. KIRBY,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

Office and Post Office Address: 960 Em-
pire Building, Seattle, Washington
7t Dec 21

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FEB 1 1921

Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. X. NO. 6.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS

LEAGUE ADOPTS REPORT ON SCHOOL CODE

Without a dissenting vote the report of the League's special committee on the school administrative code was adopted as read. In pursuance of a motion made from the floor the report was mailed to the committee on Education of the State Legislature. The report follows:

Your special committee on Senate Bill No. 10 relating to the Revision of the Common School Code of the State of Washington reports as follows:

It is apparent on even such a brief study of the measure as your committee has been able to give in the few days since its appointment that much earnest and conscientious study has been given the subject by the commission. Unquestionably many of the proposals made are wisely conceived and cannot fail to result in real improvement of our educational system.

At the same time some of the changes proposed represent a radical departure from our present system in directions in which there is wide divergence of opinion on the part of thoughtful people.

It is, therefore, the belief of your committee that the measure should be so amended as to afford relief from conditions which now seriously handicap educational progress without committing us to policies concerning which there is considerable uncertainty. In other words, we would suggest that changes be so limited as to correct the all too evident abuses without involving us in experiments, the result of which is more or less uncertain.

The Bill provides radical changes in our educational system along three lines:-

First, The State Board of Edu-

Councilmanic Candidates will address the League

Tuesday Noon, February 8th, 1920

at BLANC'S CAFE (opposite County City Bldg)

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cation is to be completely reorganized.

Second, our present system of administration of the rural schools in small districts is to be merged into a county unit.

Third, the method of financing schools is to be changed by levying a very much greater tax instead of supplementing a moderate state tax with school district levy.

First, as to the State Board of Education, the commission proposes that it be "partially reorganized" thru the appointment by the Governor of a State Board by the governor, of a State board for terms of seven years—with broad constructive powers looking toward the upbuilding of a strong effectual state department of education with professional experts dealing with the important fields of educational endeavor. An amendment to the Constitution "is to be proposed" to provide for an appointive educational head of the state school system with salary, qualifications, and tenure determined by the "State Board of Education".

It is the evident intention of the commission to create an Administrative board free from political influence and with power to employ such technical experts as may be required to place the state system on a high plane of efficiency. Your committee believes that the substitution of an appointive superintendent for an

elective official is a wise move and calculated to secure and maintain a higher level of professional efficiency than the present system.

Believing as we do that our educational system should be as completely removed from political influence as is possible, we feel that the State Board of Education, as now constituted, is too valuable to be discarded. Its membership consists of the president of the University of Washington, the president of the Washington State College, and the following named by the governor: the principal of one state normal school and three professional educators holding life diplomas in this state, one of which must be the superintendent of a first class school district, one a county superintendent of schools, and one a principal of a four year accredited high school. To this we feel should be added three lay members appointed by the governor for terms of six years, one being named every two years. That section of the proposed code which provides that members can be removed only for stated cause should be eliminated.

Second, County consolidation as proposed provides a greatly needed reform. With executive authority placed in the hands of technical experts, leaving to the elective county board the deter-

(Continued on page 3)

LEAGUE TO VOTE ON COMMITTEE REPORT

The following report, submitted by the Civil Service Committee of the League, will be voted upon at the next meeting of the League. The report follows:
To the Municipal League:
Gentlemen:

The following matters were referred by the League to us for investigation and report.

1. A resolution should be proposed that would give power to the Commission to require each Civil Service employee of the city not to engage in a general strike so long as he remains an employee of the city.

2. Within each classification made by the Commission, there exists within that classification a graduated salary scale ranging for example from \$180.00 to \$225.00 per month. The City Council indicated that it would have the Commission act as a sort of an advisory committee as to salary increase within each of the classes. The council, however, has not acted officially and it may not accept the recommendation of the commission. Mr. Kellogg suggested that the Commission is the proper body to have the power to determine the salary adjustment within each class.

3. The Corporation Counsel of this city made a decision last week whereby employees may be advanced from a lower to a higher classification by the head of his department, delegating to him additional duties and without requiring the employee to take a civil service examination. If this decision is allowed to stand, the heads of the departments could evade civil service rules and the Commission would be powerless to stop them.

4. The salary schedule should

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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Jackson Silbaugh

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be revised from time to time to meet the ever-changing cost of living. Power could be given to the Commission to study and revise salary schedules and each year, before the budget is made up, to make a report to the said Council, asking them to approve the new schedules.

5. The matter of the retirement of super-annuated employees (with the possibility of giving the Commission the power to have an expert employment man on the job to weed out inefficient men).

6. Civil service rules should be modernized and presented as amendments to the charter of the city.

Our work extended through December and January. Two of our meetings were devoted to consulting two experts on Civil Service and municipal government. We selected and studied what in our judgment were the best available reports and statistics on those reforms in civil services and city government that have succeeded in practice. Inasmuch as all of the above matters to be reported on, except the sixth one, relate to minor details for improving the Civil Service, we decided that before the Civil Service of Seattle or of any other city can be improved to any great extent, it first becomes necessary to remove from politics the offices of those who select and superintend the Civil Service employees. Accordingly our first recommendation is:

That city Civil Service commis-

sioners, the heads of the city departments and their deputies, be included under Civil Service.

Our reasons for this recommendation are as follows:

The logical reason for electing or appointing a public official is that his office involves the duty of determining policies. Civil Service commissioners, the heads of the city departments and their determine: their duty is honesty and efficiency in performing their prescribed work. Technical knowledge for such offices can be fairly tested by written examinations and particularly by past experience. Personality can be fairly accredited by allowing the appointing power to select one of the three or more applicants that have passed the highest examinations.

Further, we were gradually and finally led to the conclusion that Civil Service in its nature is supplementary, and that before it can operate as intended, the system which it supplements must be reformed. Accordingly, our second recommendation is:

That a law be passed by our state legislature authorizing all cities to adopt the City-Manager form of government.

Our reasons for this recommendation are as follows:

Under the present system there is:-

(1) A lack of centralized and direct responsibility. This is illustrated by, a tendency on the part of the heads of departments, to tolerate an over-supply of employees, to retain inefficient

and broken-down employees, to tolerate employees performing their work languidly, and to recommend salary promotions and increased salaries in general.

(2) The short term of offices, particularly of elective executive offices, tempts heads of departments to organize a political following and to exploit their offices. It also discourages successful and high-minded business and professional men from seeking office.

We find that the city manager form of government to a considerable degree remedies these defects, as follows:

(1) Any inefficiency or abuse in the legislation or in the management of the city falls back on the city commissioners who are held solely responsible to the citizens who elect them. Any inefficiency or abuse in the administration is referred back by the city commissioners to the city-manager, who is directly responsible to these commissioners who appoint him, discharge him at will, and dictate the policy he must follow. Any inefficiency or abuse on the part of subordinates is referred back by the city-manager to the heads of the departments, who are held directly responsible to the city manager who selects and discharges them, subject to civil service rules.

(2) The only elected officials are the city commissioners, usually five in the larger cities. This short ballot enables the citizens to elect these commissioners without being confused by a multitude of candidates or misled by a slate prepared by politicians and newspapers. Further, the direct responsibility above outlined stimulates efficiency and places credit where it belongs, all down the line. Finally, with Civil Service including heads of departments and deputies, a superior class of citizens would be induced to seek administrative offices, knowing that only the better fitted are eligible and that their term is secure during efficient and honest service.

Respectfully submitted,
M. H. VAN NUYS
Chairman.
JOHN D. HALL
WM. G. MANN
N. C. WAGNER

RESOLUTION TO BE VOTED UPON TUESDAY

A resolution was introduced at the last meeting that the League go on record as being opposed to the holding of school and police elections with the general or city elections. A vote on this resolution will be taken Tuesday.

Digest of Investigator's Report on Street Railway Lines

Charges of constructive if not actual fraud on the part of the Stone-Webster interests with reference to the value of the street car lines turned over to Seattle in the \$15,000,000 purchase; recommendations that the City Council return the property taken on a contract which is impossible of performance and as the return of the bonds, and recommendation, in event the Council is unwilling to take such action, that the taxpayers themselves initiate proper legal proceedings to relieve themselves from the unjust burden, as made by attorney Wilmon Tucker as special investigator for Mayor Hugh M. Caldwell city's street car purchase report to the mayor.

No evidence was found as result of the investigation that any city officials profited financially by the transaction.

The property as of purchase date represents a value not to exceed \$7,843,000.

No valuation was made of the result of the investigation that on behalf of the city of Seattle prior to the sale of the lines to the city. The only valuation that was ever made was one made on behalf of the comparison through engineers in its employment.

Total actual loss to the general fund for the year and three quarters that we have actual been operating the railway line \$1,250,491.65; and total estimate for the present year, 1921, an additional \$722,854.

The expenditures from the general fund above referred to were for additional expense of the various city departments.

The losses to the general fund from the street railway acquisition were loss of taxes within the city limits; loss of gross revenue, and bridges.

After these months of ownership

ship and operation it is now practically certain that this street railway system cannot be paid for according to the plan adopted in the ordinances.

They parted with nothing of value on account of the transfer of the lines that cannot and will not be restored to them in the event that it is legally determined that the contract should be cancelled or if it is impossible of performance by the parties hereto.

It has never been held in this state that the general fund of the city can be held liable for a deficit created in the operation of a public utility purchased according to such plan as that adopted under the ordinances referred to. To so hold would permit the City Council to do by indirection what it is expressly prohibited from doing.

From my investigation of the facts and the law I have reached the following conclusions: First, that the company was guilty of constructive if not actual fraud in reference to the value of the property, by which the city was induced to agree to pay more than twice its real value.

Second, the contract is impossible of performance according to its terms, and the city is under no obligation to enhance the value of the bonds by furnishing additional funds or security in an endeavor to carry out the contract.

LEAGUE ADOPTS REPORT ON SCHOOL CODE

(Continued from page 1)

mination of general policies, this plan represents the best solution yet devised for the problem. We would suggest, however, that this section be amended in such a manner as to provide that the present school directors of local district (the sub-district under the proposed plan) be retained. We make this recommendation because of the conviction that every local community can wisely be entrusted with a certain amount of control over its school affairs. This should, however, be limited to the right to nominate teachers subject to the approval of the superintendent of the county district and to the administration of the school plants in the interest of the local affairs, subject, however, to the

final authority of the county board. To retain these directors as elective officials instead of having them appointed by the directors of the county board as is proposed in the bill under consideration will, we believe, make for greater local interest in school matters.

Third: As to finances, it is the conviction of your committee that the proposal making it mandatory that the state raise a fund of \$30.00 per census child be eliminated. It is only a year since the state fund was raised from \$10.00 per census child to \$20.00 per census child. The amount raised by state wide taxation was doubled to meet an educational emergency. This we believe has been done. Nothing in the present situation seems to call for further increase at the present time. With the county school district as a unit for local taxation, present unepualities can, we are satisfied, be largely eliminated. To go further in state wide taxation will, we feel, open the way, in some sections at least, for a wasteful use of school funds simply because they are available.

We are satisfied too that the proposed method of dividing state funds among districts is unwise. Where half the fund is distributed on the basis of teachers employed and only half on school attendance too large a premium is placed on the small class unit. We, therefore, feel that the present system of distribution of state funds should be continued at least until conditions become more settled.

It has been pointed out to this committee that the proposed changes would cost the Seattle district in excess of two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000) increased taxes per year, while leaving the total taxation for King County substantially unchanged. In making the above recommendations, however, we have endeavored to view the question in the light of the best interests of education—not in the light of sectional advantages or disadvantages. If it were clear that such an increase in city taxation were in the best interest of education broadly viewed, we should feel that this added burden should be cheerfully assumed.

We are not, however, satisfied that this is the case, as we understand that King County schools can continue to pay greatly increased salaries and otherwise maintain a highly efficient system of schools on the present financial basis. What is true of King County must be measurably true, at least, of the state at large.

In this report we have endeavored to deal only with large outstanding principles of the bill. Because, however, of the importance of the whole subject we would suggest that the commission be continued. Sections of the bill concerning which there is much difference of opinion could profitably be given added study and the bill more carefully drawn. It might also be submitted for study and endorsement to boards and individuals interested in the cause of education. When finally adopted in its entirety it would then have intelligent backing.

Respectfully submitted,
L. D. Lewis,
NELSON R. ANDERSON,
L. B. Schwellenbach,
A. H. Woodcock, Chairman.

Johnny had a dog named Ginger—

He spent his time in doggish naps.

"Will he bite me?" asked a stranger.

John said, "No sir; Ginger snaps."

"Kill 'Em"

Teacher: Where was the Magna Charter signed?

Bright Pupil: At the bottom.

FRED W. CATLETT
Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for the County
of King. In Probate. No. 27337.
In the Matter of the Estate of Charles
F. Schneider, Deceased.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and
Petition For Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Belle
Schneider, Administratrix of the Estate
of Charles F. Schneider, has filed in
the office of the Clerk of said Court
her final Report and petition for dis-
tribution, asking the Court to settle
said Report, distribute the property to
the persons thereto entitled and to dis-
charge said administratrix; and that
said Report, and petition will be heard
on the 4th day of March, 1921, at 9:30
A. M., at the Court Room of the Pro-
bate Department of said Court.
Dated this 31st day of January, 1921.
PERCY F. THOMAS,
Clerk of said Court.
By **H. C. GORDON,**
Deputy.
First pub. Feb. 5, 1921. 4t Feb 26

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FRED W. CATLETT
Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for the
County of King.

In the Matter of the Application of
Moler Company, a domestic corporation,
for an Order Dissolving and
Disincorporating said Company.
No. 148460. Notice.

Whereas, a petition has on this 10th
day of January 1921 been presented to
the presiding judge of the Superior
Court of King County, Washington,
by Moler Company, a corporation, duly
incorporated under the laws of the
State of Washington, to be dissolved
and disincorporated, accompanied by a
certificate of the president and secretary
of said corporation, certifying
that at a meeting of the stock holders
called for the purpose and duly held
on the 3d day of January 1921, at the
City of Seattle, King County, Wash-
ington, it was decided by a unanimous
vote of all the capital stock subscribed
and issued of said corporation to dis-
solve and disincorporate said corpora-
tion, which petition prayed that such
notice be given of such application
as is provided by law and so that an
order may be entered by said court,
declaring said corporation dissolved;
and

Whereas, the presiding judge of
said court has fixed the 14th day of
March 1921, at the hour of 9:30 o'clock
A. M. at the court room of Depart-
ment No. 1, of said court in the King
County Court House, Seattle, King
County, Washington, or at the court
room of any other department which
may then be in session and to which
this matter may be assigned;

Now, Therefore, notice is hereby given
that said petition of Moler Com-
pany for an order declaring said com-
pany dissolved and disincorporated is
coming on to be heard before the pre-
siding judge of the Superior Court of
the State of Washington for the County
of King or before such other judge as
this application may be assigned to in
the King County Court House in the
City of Seattle, King County, Wash-
ington on the 14th day of March, 1921,
at the hour of 9:30 A. M.

Dated this 10th day of January 1921
GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk
By R. W. FLEMING,
Deputy
FRED W. CATLETT, Attorney for Pet-
itioner, 613 Hoge Building, Seattle
Washington.
First Pub. Jan. 15, 1921. 8t Mar 5

LUNDIN & BARTO
Attorneys 817-23 Alaska Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, for King County
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Louisa
W. Martell, Deceased. No. 28638.
Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the un-
dersigned has been appointed and has
qualified as Executrix of the estate
of Louisa W. Martell, Deceased; that
all persons having claims against said
deceased are hereby required to serve
the same, duly verified, on said Execu-
trix or her attorneys of record at the
address below stated, and file the same
with the Clerk of said Court, together
with proof of such service within six
months after the date of first publica-
tion of this notice, or the same will be
barred.

Date of first publication January
15th, 1921.
LOUISA W. MARTELL,
Executrix of said Estate.
Address 817-23 Alaska Bldg., Seattle.
LUNDIN & BARTO, Attorneys for Es-
tate, 817-23 Alaska Bldg., Seattle,
Wash.
4t Feb. 5

JAMES T. LAWLER
Attorney 908 White Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County.
Belle Meagher, Plaintiff, vs. Philip
Meagher, Defendant. No. 148543.
Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to the said
Philip Meagher, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty days after the date of
first publication of this summons, to-
wit: within sixty days after the 15th
day of January, 1921, and defend the
above entitled action in the above en-
titled court, and answer the complaint
of the plaintiff and serve a copy of
your answer upon the undersigned at-

torney for plaintiff at his office below
stated; and in case of your failure so
to do, judgment will be rendered
against you according to the demand
of the complaint, which has been filed
with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled ac-
tion is to secure a decree of divorce
on the grounds of abandonment for
more than one year and non-support.

JAMES T. LAWLER,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
P. O. Address 908 White Bldg., Seattle,
King County, Wash.
First pub. Jan. 15, 1921. 7t Feb 26

JACKSON SILBAUGH
Attorney 625 Lyon Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for the County
of King. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Belle
W. Cassidy, Deceased.
No. 13105.

Notice of Hearing Final Report and
Petition For Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that William
Cassidy, administrator of the Estate
of Belle W. Cassidy has filed in the
office of the Clerk of said Court his
final Report and petition for distribu-
tion, asking the Court to settle said
Report, distribute the property to the
persons thereto entitled and to dis-
charge said administrator and that said
Report and petition will be heard on
the 28th day of February, 1921, at
9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the
Probate Department of said Court.

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SEATTLE, WASH.**

Dated this 26th day of Jan., 1921.
GEO. A. GRANT,
Clerk of Said Court
By GEO. L. BERGER,
Deputy
First pub Jan 29 1921 7t Feb 19

EIMON L. WIENER
Attorney 510 Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County.
J. Gromet, Plaintiff, vs. Anna Miller
and E. C. Miller, her husband, De-
fendants. No. 148478. Summons for
Publication.

The State of Washington to the said
Anna Miller and E. C. Miller, her
husband, Defendants:

You and each of you are hereby
summoned to appear within sixty days
after the date of the first publication of
this summons, to-wit: Within sixty
days after the 5th day of February,

1921, and defend the above entitled
action in the above entitled court, and
answer the complaint of the plaintiff
and serve a copy of your answer upon
the undersigned attorney for plaintiff
at his office below stated; and in case
of your failure so to do, judgment will
be rendered against you according to
the demand of the complaint, which has
been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled ac-
tion is to recover the possession of
certain personal property described as
One Ford Automobile, Model 1917, Fac-
tory No. 1480249 together with costs
and disbursements incurred.

EIMON L. WIENER,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
P. O. Address 510-517 Central Bldg.,
Seattle, King County, Washington.
First pub. Feb. 5, 1920 7t Mar 19

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. X. NO. 7.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS

Committee Report on Councilmanic Candidates

Statements by candidates for the city council of their views on city taxes, the Skagit project and the municipal railway are emphasized in a report submitted to the Municipal League at its meeting yesterday noon and approved by an unanimous vote.

The report was prepared by a special committee consisting of Robert Howes, chairman; Paul V. Dick, J. L. Baldwin, H. C. Force and Charles J. Ryan, appointed for the purpose of conducting an investigation of the fourteen candidates for the three councilmanic positions to be filled at the city election March 8. All the candidates appeared before the committee and each was given half an hour to state his position and answer questions. In addition, each candidate filled out a questionnaire. The report in full follows:

T. H. Bolton.

City councilman 1914 to date; age forty-eight; born in Canada; resident Seattle nineteen years. Believes street railway system is on paying basis and will be in clear by June 1, 1921; favors 5 cent fare from residence to business and industrial districts, no transfers otherwise; believes 8 and one-third cents fare loses cream of business; system should stand on its own resources; would eliminate jitney competition; favors Skagit project; considers Uhden's estimates satisfactory; budget can and should be adhered to under normal conditions. Would reduce wages proportionally when living costs fall. No definite plan to reduce taxation.

Committee believes he has made a fairly good councilman; is representative of a class, union la-

bor, rather than of public as a whole.

John Bushell

Age seventy-two; born in England; lived in Seattle thirty-one years; until recently in the auction business; now retired; believes in retrenchment of expenses in all city departments, particularly by eliminating dead timber; that 5-cent carfare between the center and circumference of the city and no transfer with other economies, would produce sufficient to operate, maintain and pay for the system; no general taxation for street car system; favor every honorable and legal means to void the purchase contract.

Committee believes his heart is right, but a younger man with more experience in large business affairs is needed at the present time.

John E. Carroll.

Councilman for one and a half years; age forty-four; justice of the peace of Seattle for ten years; served with the A. E. F. as major of infantry; believes the municipal railway should be

self-supporting. Against paying the railway deficit out of the general fund; supports grand jury and investigator's view on modification or rescission of purchase contract; against reduction of city employees' wages; does not see how taxes can be reduced.

The committee believes that while Mr. Carroll has a commendable record as justice of the peace, his business experience has not been broad enough to enable him to grasp sufficiently the important affairs of the city, and that he has not shown able leadership in the council.

A. Lou Cohen.

Cigar merchant; age fifty-six; resident of Seattle thirty-five years; heavy taxpayer; believes the city made a poor bargain in purchasing the car system, and thinks it should be tested in court; favors 5-cent fare with a 2-cent charge for transfers, but will support continuation of a 8 and one-third cent fare so long as necessary to make the road self-supporting; will not vote one cent of general taxation to help pay for the car system or its opera-

tion unless the supreme court says it must be done.

Has not given much consideration to the Skagit River project, but would favor its investigation by a competent board before going on with it, and is disposed to follow their recommendation; believes in making a budget and sticking to it; would vote for a deficiency appropriation only in case of a real emergency.

The committee considers him a conservative and successful business man with knowledge of the city's affairs.

George F. Cotterell.

Age fifty-five; born in England; resident Seattle thirty-six years; prominent political speaker; mayor of Seattle 1912-1914; supported building Division "A" of the street railway system and constructing Cedar River dam against engineering report; wants 5-cent fare and small transfer charge.

Charles W. Doyle.

Born in Iowa; aged forty-nine; resident of state thirty-three years; grammar and high school education; occupation, painter; business representative of the Central Labor Council; has never held public office.

Believes in municipal ownership of public utilities; in favor of reducing the car fare immediately to 5 cents or less and paying the deficiency by taxation; is not in favor of returning the lines, even if it were possible, nor of cutting wages, but states that he will vote for the latter as soon as living costs decrease sufficiently to warrant and he would then be in favor of a proportional city believes that public utility should be run for the benefit of the people and not necessarily

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

Published Weekly by the
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self-supporting and gives it as his opinion that every one pays taxes, either directly or indirectly, and that his method of paying the deficit would therefore be equitable; is in favor of going ahead with the Skagit project and would not be in favor of incurring any further expenditure to obtain further information through the means of a board of competent independent engineers; believes in the budget system, but thinks that emergencies will arise where deficits would have to be voted.

Mr. Doyle plainly has the support of the Union Record and the Central Labor Council.

Robert E. Dwyer.

Age 33; lawyer, engaged in insurance and bonding business; resident Seattle ten years; captain in A. E. F.; member 1917 legislature; candidate at Republican primaries for insurance last year; believes in rescinding street railway contract; against reduction of city employees, wages; has not given much consideration to Skagit project; opposed to radicalism.

Committee believes Mr. Dwyer is a man of good educational qualifications, but that he has not given enough study to the city's problems to have a grasp of the situation.

A. F. Haas.

Age 75 years; born in Michigan; resident Seattle thirty years; common school education; city councilman for ten years; not particularly aggressive, but has

good record as conservative member; opposed purchase street railway system, and thinks operating expense, maintenance, depreciation, interest and bond retirement should all be paid out of earnings of all municipally owned public utilities; and that they should be run in the same manner as a conservative board of directors would run a private enterprise; believes city should now go ahead with Skagit project, but favored less expensive program, developing smaller projects when the subjects was first considered and thinks city wages may be cut, but that 15 per cent would be too much at present; believes budget should be lived up to except in extreme emergencies, and that each department should keep within its own budget.

Committee believes his past record best indication of his qualifications.

C. B. Fitzgerald.

Age 40; born in Wisconsin; city councilman 1914-1919; mayor 1919-1920; at present in real estates business; believes all public utilities should be self-supporting and no other funds should be used in their support; that service should be held at a price that will provide operating expenses, interest and bond obligations; that retirement of the street railway bonds as provided in bond agreement, is a proper substitute for depreciation charges; considers that a depreciation charge in addition to bond

retirement out of earnings a double charge, would not reduce the rate from present rate until system could show a surplus, believes repudiation untenable; that there are no grounds for a suit to rescind; believes an expert impartial commission should investigate the Skagit project as a check on city employees' estimates, and their conclusion followed even though it meant abandonment of the Skagit in favor of a more desirable project; favors operating within the budget as far as possible; was chairman of finance committee and largely instrumental in the purchase of the street railway system and acquirement of the Skagit.

Committee believes that he has a comprehensive understanding of the city's financial problems and thinks that as chairman of the finance committee of the council at the time of the advisory referendum on the purchase of the street railway system he should have more fully advised the public as to the value and earning capacity of the system in protection of the city's interest.

J. A. Johnson.

Age sixty, resident Seattle twenty-two years; superintendent of buildings 1917; appointed by Ole Hanson; building contractor of considerable experience; believes that neither the most rigid economy nor raising of fares will enable the city to meet the railway problem, and is in favor of taking legal steps to reduce the burden; believes that public utilities should be self supporting, and that taxation should not be resorted to; is in favor of going ahead with the Skagit project; and believes in the budget system; believes that the pay rolls in the various departments can be greatly reduced; states that while building superintendent he increased efficiency and reduced expenses of his department, and that the council can do the same for the whole city.

Committee believes that he does not measure up to the qualifications for the council.

C. A. LaGrave.

Born in Wisconsin; age seventy-one; Seattle nineteen years; common school education; accountant of twenty years' experience in public offices; believes

street railway should meet maintenance, operation, interest, retirement of bonds and depreciation; that city council "went outside of contract in appropriating money from the general fund," and states that he would not under any circumstance vote to do so; is convinced that an impossibility to carry out contract; gave no definite idea of what he would do when the crisis comes; believes in the budget system and in adhering strictly to it; favors lower taxes and states that he knows of numerous places where economies can be effected.

While your committee considers Mr. La Grave a capable accountant and a man of good character, we believe he lacks other desirable qualifications for an efficient councilman.

Edw. W. Melse.

Age 38, born in California; resident of Seattle for 40 years; now employed as license inspector of City of Seattle; was chief deputy in City Comptroller's office for six years; opposed to general taxation for municipal railway; in favor of either reducing the purchase price or returning same to former owners; believes in reduction of fares as soon as possible; has not formed any definite ideas on the Skagit proposition; believes in the budget system and in living up to it; has some definite ideas towards decreasing taxes; says he will conduct affairs of the city without favor or political influences. In the committee's opinion shows familiarity with city's affairs and possesses average ability.

S. S. Slaughter.

Age 36; born in Indiana; resident of Seattle twelve years; carpenter and builder; says he represents no special group or body of men, being merely solicited by his friends to run; favors repudiation of municipal railway contract; favors reducing the fare to 5 cents immediately; not familiar with the Skagit project but in favor of going ahead with it; believes in budget system; has had no experience in matters of city government, and has rather vague ideas of how affairs should be conducted he seems quite satisfied that he could accomplish

many things. In the opinion of the committee does not measure up to the requirements.

William Phelps Cotton.

Age 28; born in Michigan; resident of Seattle seventeen years; lieutenant in World War; in favor of modifying the street railway contract or rescinding same, and from a legal point of view thinks it can be done; not very conversant with the Skagit project, but is in favor of going ahead with it, carrying it on in a business like manner as if it were under private management; in favor of a city budget and of living up to it when made.

Impresses the committee as being quite sincere in his ideas and ambitious, but rather young and inexperienced in matters of city government.

THE CITY MANAGER AND CIVIL SERVICE

Concluded from last week)
Standard Charter Details

The city-manager plan, (or council-manager, or commission-manager plan,) provides for a single elective governing board of popular representatives usually called a "council." No other elective officers. The title of Mayor is often given to the chairman of the council, but he has no veto or separate administrative powers. The council receives nominal salaries or none, and the members give only their spare time to municipal work, and thus are left free to continue their private careers without interruption.

Their functions are to hire and supervise an appointive chief administrator, the city manager, who holds office at their pleasure; also to pass ordinances and to contribute to the city government the amateur and representative element.

The city manager, as chief executive, appoints, directs and can remove the rest of the administrative staff, subject to the usual civil service restrictions. He is not necessarily or usually a local resident. Supposedly he is an expert in matters of municipal administration. In small cities he is frequently a practical civil engineer, thereby making a separate city engineer unneces-

sary. In large cities broad executive experience is, of course, a major requirement. The city manager's salary is the largest in the city's service.

A logical exception to the appointive power of the city manager is a civil service commission appointive directly by the council.

Non-partisan Ballot

All nominations are made by petition and appear on the ballot at the primary election in alphabetical order or in an order determined by lot or by rotation, without party labels. The highest names in the primary election go on the ballot at a final election two or three weeks later. If a political party endorses a candidate, the action is apt to be denounced as contrary to the spirit and intent of the charter as adopted by the people and the partisan endorsement becomes an unwelcome handicap to the candidate. Under both the old commission plan and the manager plan, the non-partisan election feature works exceedingly well.

Several cities combine the two elections into one by various methods of which the Hare plan of proportional representation used in Ashtabula, O., and Sacramento, Cal., is considered the most promising.

Initiative, Referendum and Recall

Nearly all the city-manager charters include these much-discussed features, but as yet they have been little used in any of these cities. In cities, at least, these devices do not seem to have proved to be a important as their supporters assert nor so dangerous as their opponents fear. The city-manager government is so promptly responsive to public opinion that "the gun behind the door" stays there.

A small boy came hurriedly down the street, and halted breathlessly in front of a stranger going in the same direction.

"Have you lost half a dollar?" he asked with his hand in his pocket.

"Y-es, yes, I believe I have!" said the stranger feeling in his pockets. "Have you found one?"

"Oh, no," said the small boy. "I just want to see how many have been lost today. Yours makes fifty-four!"

A Lesson

Teacher: What does the reign of King Charles I. teach us?"

Tommy: "Please, sir, not to lose our heads in moments of excitement."

"He seems very narrow-minded in an argument."

"Not at all. He admits that there are two sides to every question—his side and the wrong side."

LUNDIN & BARTO
Attorneys 317 Alaska Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, For King County. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Rena Elizabeth Walters Deceased. No. 27077. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as administratrix of the estate of Rena Elizabeth Walters, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administratrix or her attorneys of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, February 19th, 1921.

MARY J. WALTERS,
Administratrix of said Estate.
Address 317-23 Alaska Bldg.
LUNDIN & BARTO, Attorneys for Estate, 317-23 Alaska Bldg., Seattle, Wash. 4t Mar 12

WILLIAM H. GORHAM
Attorney 652 Colman Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF STATE of Washington in and for King County.

In the Matter of the Estate of Florence K. Wintermute, deceased. No. 28755. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned has been appointed and has duly qualified as administrator of the estate of Florence K. Wintermute, deceased; and that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administrator or his attorney of record in the above entitled Matter, at the address below stated and file the same with the Clerk of the above entitled court, together with proof of such service, within six months after the date of the first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, February 19, 1921.

HENRY STIMSON WINTERMUTE,
Administrator of the Estate of Florence K. Wintermute, deceased. Address: Room 652 Colman Building, Seattle, Washington.

WILLIAM H. GORHAM, Attorney for said Administrator. Address: Room 652 Colman Building, Seattle, Washington.

3 t Feb. 19-26 Mar 5

WILLIAM H. GORHAM
Attorney 652 Colman Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Rebecca P. Morrison, deceased. No. 28688. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Administratrix of the estate of Rebecca P. Morrison, deceased, with the will annexed; and that all persons having claims against said deceased are required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administratrix or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file same with the Clerk of the above entitled court, together with proof of such service, within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication: February 19th 1921.

ALICE P. SNOW,
Administratrix of Estate of Rebecca P. Morrison, deceased. Address: Room 652 Colman Building, Seattle, Washington.

WILLIAM H. GORHAM,
Attorney for said Administratrix. Address: Room 652 Colman Building, Seattle, Washington. 3t Mar 5

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FRED W. CATLETT
Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for the
County of King.

In the Matter of the Application of
Moler Company, a domestic corporation,
for an Order Dissolving and
Disincorporating said Company.
No. 148460. Notice.

Whereas, a petition has on this 10th
day of January 1921 been presented to
the presiding judge of the Superior
Court of King County, Washington,
by Moler Company, a corporation, duly
incorporated under the laws of the
State of Washington, to be dissolved
and disincorporated, accompanied by a
certificate of the president and secre-
tary of said corporation, certifying
that at a meeting of the stock holders
called for the purpose and duly held
on the 3d day of January 1921, at the
City of Seattle, King County, Wash-
ington, it was decided by a unanimous
vote of all the capital stock subscribed
and issued of said corporation to dis-
solve and disincorporate said corpora-
tion, which petition prayed that such
notice to be given of such application
as is provided by law and so that an
order may be entered by said court,
declaring said corporation dissolved;
and

Whereas, the presiding judge of
said court has fixed the 14th day of
March 1921, at the hour of 9:30 o'clock
A. M. at the court room of Depart-
ment No. 1, of said court in the King
County Court House, Seattle, King
County, Washington, or at the court
room of any other department which
may then be in session and to which
this matter may be assigned;

Now, Therefore, notice is hereby giv-
en that said petition of Moler Com-
pany for an order declaring said com-
pany dissolved and disincorporated is
coming on to be heard before the pre-
siding judge of the Superior Court of
the State of Washington for the County
of King or before such other judge as
this application may be assigned to in
the King County Court House in the
City of Seattle, King County, Washing-
ton on the 14th day of March, 1921,
at the hour of 9:30 A. M.

Dated this 10th day of January 1921.
GEORGE A. GRANT, Clerk

By R. W. FLEMING, Deputy
Attorney for Plaintiff.
FRED W. CATLETT, Attorney for Pe-
titioner, 613 Hoge Building, Seattle
Washington.
First Pub. Jan. 15, 1921. 8t Mar 5

FRED W. CATLETT
Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for the County
of King. In Probate. No. 27337.

In the Matter of the Estate of Charles
F. Schneider, Deceased.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and
Petition For Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Belle
Schneider, Administratrix of the Estate
of Charles F. Schneider, has filed in
the office of the Clerk of said Court
her final Report and petition for dis-
tribution, asking the Court to settle
said Report, distribute the property to
the persons thereto entitled and to dis-
charge said administratrix; and that
said Report and petition will be heard
on the 4th day of March, 1921, at 9:30
A. M., at the Court Room of the Pro-
bate Department of said Court.

Dated this 31st day of January, 1921.
PERCY F. THOMAS, Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. GORDON, Deputy.
First pub. Feb. 5, 1921. 4t Feb 26

JAMES T. LAWLER
Attorney 908 White Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County.
Belle Meagher, Plaintiff, vs. Philip
Meagher, Defendant. No. 148543.
Summons by Publication.
The State of Washington to the said
Philip Meagher, Defendant:
You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty days after the date of
first publication of this summons, to-
wit: within sixty days after the 15th
day of January, 1921, and defend the
above entitled action in the above en-
titled court, and answer the complaint
of the plaintiff and serve a copy of
your answer upon the undersigned at-

torney for plaintiff at his office below
stated; and in case of your failure so
to do, judgment will be rendered
against you according to the demand
of the complaint, which has been filed
with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled ac-
tion is to secure a decree of divorce
on the grounds of abandonment for
more than one year and non-support.

JAMES T. LAWLER,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
P. O. Address 908 White Bldg., Seattle,
King County, Wash.
First pub. Jan. 15, 1921. 7t Feb 26

JACKSON SILBAUGH
Attorney 625 Lyon Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for the County
of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Belle
W. Cassidy, Deceased.
No. 13105.

Notice of Hearing Final Report and
Petition For Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that William
Cassidy, administrator of the Estate
of Belle W. Cassidy has filed in the
office of the Clerk of said Court his
final Report and petition for distribu-
tion, asking the Court to settle said
Report, distribute the property to the
persons thereto entitled and to dis-
charge said administrator and that said
Report and petition will be heard on
the 28th day of February, 1921, at
9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the
Probate Department of said Court.

Main 4239

MEVES CAFETERIA

A. J. MEEVES,
Proprietor

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COAL

818-821 White Bldg.
SEATTLE, WASH.

Dated this 26th day of Jan., 1921.
GEO. A. GRANT,
Clerk of Said Court

By GEO. L. BERGER, Deputy
First pub Jan 29 1921 4t Feb 19

EIMON L. WIENER
Attorney 510 Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County.
J. Gromet, Plaintiff, vs. Anna Miller
and E. C. Miller, her husband, De-
fendants. No. 148478. Summons for
Publication.

The State of Washington to the said
Anna Miller and E. C. Miller, her
husband, Defendants:

You and each of you are hereby
summoned to appear within sixty days
after the date of the first publication of
this summons, to-wit: Within sixty
days after the 5th day of February,

1921, and defend the above entitled
action in the above entitled court, and
answer the complaint of the plaintiff
and serve a copy of your answer upon
the undersigned attorney for plaintiff
at his office below stated; and in case
of your failure so to do, judgment will
be rendered against you according to
the demand of the complaint, which has
been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled ac-
tion is to recover the possession of
certain personal property described as
One Ford Automobile, Model 1917, Fac-
tory No. 1480249 together with costs
and disbursements incurred.

EIMON L. WIENER
Attorney for Plaintiff
P. O. Address 510-517 Central Bldg.,
Seattle, King County, Washington.
First pub. Feb. 5, 1920 7t Mar 19

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Established 26 Years

MAR 15 1921

Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. X. NO. 10.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, MARCH 5, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS

OPPOSES BOND ISSUES

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDS
VOTE OF "YES" ON CHARTER
AMENDMENTS NOS. 1, 4, and
5, AND "NO" ON OTHER
AMENDMENTS AND THE
TWO BOND ISSUES

The report which was voted upon
separately was adopted in full. It is
as follows:-

To the Municipal League of Seattle:
Your committee on the proposed
charter amendments and bond issues
to be voted on at the next city elec-
tion respectfully reports as follows:
Amendment No. 1 provides that
the superintendent of railways, the
Board of Appeals and the non-com-
pensated officers be exempt from
civil service examinations.

The Board of Appeals is a board
of three citizens who decide appeals
from decisions of the Superintendent
of Buildings under the Building Code.
Neither these officers nor the non-
compensated officers such as mem-
bers of the library and park boards
have been required to take civil ser-
vice examinations. If the superin-
tendent of railways is allowed to re-
main subject to civil service rules, he
cannot be removed except for cause.
It would seem that this office is so
important and responsible that it
should be filled as the pleasure of the
executive. We, therefore, hold that
the offices mentioned be exempted
from civil service rules and that the
vote of "yes" be cast on this amend-
ment.

Amendment No. 2 provides that
the present maximum tax levy for
the park fund of one mill on each
dollar of the assessed valuation of
the taxable property in the city be
repealed and that the limit be fixed
by the city council.

It is to be noticed that there is no
proposal to amend the minimum limit
of the tax to be levied for park pur-
poses. Obviously the amendment is
proposed in the hope that a more
liberal tax will be imposed for the
park board, while no matter how
great the necessity may be for reduc-
ing the tax below the present three-
fourths of a mill minimum, no oppor-
tunity for making such reduction is
afforded. All this notwithstanding
the fact that the present revenues of
the park board is upwards of \$290,-
000 and the interest on the bonds
issued in payment for park purchases
is paid from the general fund.

In considering the question, what

HENRY R. KING

Member of the Seattle School Board
will address the Municipal League on

"Your Schools What do you know about them"

Tuesday Noon, March 8, 1921,
at BLANC'S CAFE (opposite County City Bldg)
A Fifty Cent Lunch Will be Served

is the maximum limit of municipal
taxation, manifestly taxation that is
so high that it seriously or entirely
stops a city's growth is above that
maximum. Clearly Seattle's taxation
is away beyond that limit.

With the American Can Company
abandoning its reinforced concrete
building, four or five stories high and
covering an entire block because we
charge them \$78,000 for manufactur-
ing cans in this city, when Seattle is
the gateway to their Seattle market
and is also the point where they can
most cheaply assemble their raw ma-
terials, the blindest spender of Se-
attle's public moneys must be able to
read the handwriting on the wall.

The Seattle Chamber of Commerce
has for several months been conduct-
ing an expensive advertising cam-
paign for Seattle with an ability and
intelligence that has received praise
all over the country, but with little if
any tangible results. The would-be
establisher of a manufacturing plant
is warned away by the heavy taxa-
tion that awaits him and he will stay
away until he can afford to come.
There must be a sense of proportion
in all things. Seattle's park system
is the most beautiful in the United
States, but its unique beauty is in its
views of water and mountains and it
will not be less beautiful if it is econ-
omically maintained.

But first of all the people of Seattle
must secure productive employment
for her citizens. No man haunted by
the dread of unemployment can en-
joy our parks no matter how attract-
ive they may be.

Clearly then if at any time a broad
enlargement of our park program is
justified, this is not that time. Let
us rather do away with every un-
necessary expense until our growth

again becomes strong and full and
we are within reach of the 500,000
population that we would now have
if prudence of the same kind had gov-
erned our financial affairs in the last
decade that prevailed fifteen of twenty
years ago.

We, therefore, recommend that
amendment 2 be rejected, and that the
vote of "no" be cast thereon.

Amendment No. 3 proposes to in-
crease the salary of the Corporation
Counsel from \$4,800 to \$6,000.

Your committee have a very high
opinion of the ability and loyalty of
the service to the city of Mr. Walter
Meier, the present incumbent. We
also believe that it is sound economy
to pay a high salary to an official who
as Mr. Meier is doing, competently
fills an office entailing great respon-
sibility and require exceptional abil-
ity. But as we have before said this
is not time to increase city expenses
and we do not believe that the city of
Seattle can raise and lower its city ex-
penses at the same time.

We, therefore, recommend that
Amendment No. 3, be rejected and
the vote of "no" be cast thereon.

Amendment No. 4, proposes that
city elections be held on the first
Tuesday after the first Monday of
May instead of the first Monday of
March.

The change will enable the elec-
tion and the preceding campaign to
be conducted under more favorable
weather conditions and will afford a
reasonable time for the registration
of voters. At present the time dur-
ing which the poll books are closed
to registration prior to election leaves
too short a time after January first
for the voter to have a reasonable op-
portunity to register. We, therefore,

(Continued on page 2)

OPPOSED TO H. B. 174

After adopting the oral report of
the special committee, headed by
James A. Haight, the officers of the
League sent the following telegram to
Fred W. Hastings, who is in charge
of the fight to kill the bill:
Fred W. Hastings,
Olympia, Washington.

The Municipal League at its meet-
ing today adopted a resolution that
House Bill One hundred seventy
four would impair and destroy city's
light and power projects and tend to
the monopolization of the state's
water power resources.

James T. Lawler, President
Eimon L. Wiener, Sec.

MAYOR OPPOSED TO H. B. 174

February, 26, 1921.

Hon. Fred W. Hastings,
State Senator, Olympia, Wn.

Dear Senator:

My attention has been invited to
House Bill 174, which I understand
has passed the house and will there-
fore doubtless come up shortly in
the senate.

This bill as I understand it, con-
tains a provision which would require
the City of Seattle to obtain a certi-
ficate of necessity from the Public
Service Commission for the exten-
sion of its municipally owned util-
ities under certain circumstances
therein set forth. I also understand
the bill repeals Section 105 of the
Public Service Commission law, and
if passed and approved will put the
municipally owned utilities under the
Public Service Commission.

As Mayor of the city, I feel it my
duty to file a protest against the pas-
sage of this measure, as I am satis-
fied it would work an injustice upon
the people of this city. Under exist-
ing laws the people of this city are
permitted to acquire public utilities,
and to operate and manage the same.
After permitting the cities to get in-
to the utilities business, this proposed
measure would now take away from
the cities the full management of the
same, and would require the people of
the cities to go to Olympia to have
the matters of their rates and service
and extensions passed upon by a per-
son or body far removed from the lo-
cation of the utilities.

For instance, this city has acquired
and is successfully operating its
light and power system, and is en-
gaged in making extensions thereof.
The present plan will handicap the

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James W. Reynolds, Ex-officio Trustee

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

management and extension of the municipally owned utilities, and the effect will be to greatly benefit the privately owned utility.

To illustrate, Stone and Webster interests have turned over to the city the unprofitable end of their business in the northwest. I do not know what the final outcome of this matter will be—for instance, whether the contract as made will stand, and if so whether the people of the city of Seattle, finding that they have to carry this burden, will decide by vote of the people to distribute the burden in some manner different from that specified in the ordinance under which the lines were turned over to the city. If the public service commission is given jurisdiction in the matter, it will be no longer possible for the people of the city to determine this matter for themselves, as to how they desire to carry the burden. As to the part of the business which Stone and Webster is still operating, namely, the light and power, they could, through the public service commission prevent the city from extending its lines into districts now served by the private company, and could take away the rate making power of the city on its own utilities.

As mayor of the city and as a private citizen, I consider that no more vicious form of legislation has ever been introduced in the legislature than the present one. As a member of the Republican Party I would very much dislike to see that party responsible for such a bill, as we will in my opinion get some decidedly bad effects from it in the future.

Yours truly,
HUGH M. CALDWELL,
Mayor.

INCOME TAX EXPERT ADDRESSES LEAGUE

William T. Beeks, head of Internal Revenue Bureau for Northwestern Washington and Alaska, addressed the Municipal League last Tuesday on the subject of income tax "problems." His address was noted with

careful interest. Although dealing largely in interpreting the technicalities of the law, many humorous points were brought out by the speaker.

One of the features of Mr. Beek's address was his explanation of how depreciation off-sets for the Municipal Railway could be claimed under the law. Issuing a certificate to the patrons of the carlines purchasing each dollar's worth of tickets, at the end of the year the patrons could claim, being part owners of the railroad, the proper amount for depreciation, stated Mr. Beeks.

It was noted that many members took advantage of the income tax blanks brought by the speaker.

SECRETARY'S COMMENT

It was gratifying, indeed, to see the report of the special committee reporting on the five charter amendments and the two bond issues which are to be submitted to the voters on March 8th, given such prominence in the daily newspapers. The P. I. reprinted in full and the evening papers gave a digest of the report.

It is disclosing no secret to state that the League is solicitous in securing publicity for its reports and its activities. The very nature of the League's object is to disseminate information to the citizens and residents of the city as a whole. This, it cannot effectively do alone through its meetings and the publication of its own paper which reaches its members only. The daily newspaper, it is needless to say, is the great factor in public as well as commercial life of the city. It is equally true that it is a great factor in the life and development of a civic organization.

The committee was headed by James A. Haight as chairman, and consisted of H. A. Raser, Irving M. Clark, Russell H. White and C. E. Bogardus. It received a sincere vote of thanks from the Board of Trustees for their thorough and efficient report.

OPPOSES BOND ISSUES

(Continued from page one)

recommend that Amendment 4 be adopted and that the vote of "Yes" be cast thereon.

Amendment No. 5. proposes that a civil service employee appointed to a position not under civil service rules shall at retirement resume his former position. The amendment guards against any doubling of positions through the resumption of his former position by the employee. It says, "The last appointee to the position in the classified civil service from which such officer or employee was appointed and the last appointees in position subordinate, thereto, shall resume their former relative positions respectively in the classified civil service." The procedure secured by this amendment now prevails in the police and fire departments. It permits a subordinate to receive the appointment of chief in his department and upon retirement to resume his former rank or position. It relieves him and the city from being penalized for his ability that led to his promotion and for his wider experience in the higher position. We, therefore, recommend that Amendment 5 be adopted and that the vote of "yes" be cast thereon.

Proposition A. submits to the voters an issue of \$200,000 of general obligation bonds bearing interest not to exceed 6 per cent per annum and running from eleven to twenty years, for the acquisition and improvements of playfields and playgrounds and the resurfacing of park boulevards and parkways.

We can not close our eyes to the financial situation of the city. These bonds are not like utility bonds whose interest is paid and whole principal is gradually extinguished from the revenues of the utility. The vice of ordinary bond issues is that they entail a permanent burden in the form of interest that no amount of economy can remove.

Your committee is not unmindful of the value of playgrounds and of the needs of durable and suitable hard surface on some of its boulevards. We believe that by a policy of retrenchment in operating expense and the distribution of new acquisitions and permanent improvements over a longer time, the ordinary revenues of the park board will take care of both.

We, therefore, recommend that proposition A be rejected and that the vote "no" be cast thereon.

Proposition B. submits to the voters an issue of \$750,000 of general obligation bonds bearing interest not to exceed six per cent per annum and maturing in from eleven to twenty years for the construction of a bridge across Lake Washington Canal at Montlake Boulevard. This bridge when constructed will be situated south of the University Campus, not far from the Stadium and main highway to Laurelhurst, and about a mile east of the University Bridge.

What we have already said applies

to this proposition. Retrenchment in city expenses is the word of the hour. The people need steady employment and plenty of it and we can't get it unless we cut our taxation down to the point that will let industries in. Once we are a basis that will give industry a fair chance, once our people are again steadily employed at good wages, the various conveniences that we want to enjoy will be within our reach. But industry and pay roll come first at this time.

We, therefore, recommend that Proposition B be rejected and that the vote of "no" be cast thereon.

Respectfully submitted,
JAMES A. HAIGHT,
Chairman
IRVING M. CLARK,
H. A. RASER,
C. E. BOGARDUS,
RUSSELL H. WHITE

EX-MAYOR HANSON CRITICIZES OPERATION OF STREET RAILWAYS

(Continued from last issue)

"I would say that somewhere in this great land of ours there are some street car men or engineers who are worth \$15,000 per year, and it is my belief that the mayor of this city and the citizens cannot condemn the street car lines or the transportation lines of this city as a municipal failure until a fair trial is had. There is no business man in this community who will agree that after you have spent \$1,200,000 in maintaining the street car lines that they have depreciated in addition thereto \$673,000 plus \$236,000. The fact is that money has been spent for maintenance and charged to maintenance which should have been charged as a capital investment and not as maintenance of the old property pure and simple. The fact is, there has been inefficiency; the fact is, there has been a slowing up of the cars; the fact is, there has been poorer service; the fact is, that everything has been done that could be done to employ as many men as possible in the operating department. All anyone has to do to come to this conclusion is to compare the number of car miles run in 1920 with the number of car hours it took to run these car miles in. When the street car lines were taken over, the traction company had already devised a plan to install one-man cars; they had, however, only installed twenty-eight one-man cars and

were operating the balance as two-man cars in 1918. The percentage of electric car hours operated by one-man cars for the last three months of 1918 was exactly 7 per cent. The traction company, as well as other traction companies in the United States, decided that the one-man cars could be used on most of the lines and in most of the cities to a great advantage. In Everett and Bellingham they were to be used 100 per cent; in Tacoma, 75 per cent., and in the City of Seattle at least 50 per cent of the total car hours could, according to their report, be operated by one-man cars. Everett and Bellingham all are now one-man cars; Spokane are all one-man cars; Tacoma has not quite reached 75 per cent, but the City of Seattle in 1920 only operated 14 per cent of their electric car hours with one-man cars.

"I find on careful computation, that by operation 50 per cent of the car hours run in the City of Seattle with one-man cars the street railway department of the City of Seattle would have saved in wages alone approximately \$450,000 for the year.

\$18,197.66 a Day.

"Despite all the disasters that have overtaken the street car system, despite its mismanagement, despite the unsympathetic attitude taken by the present operators of the Seattle street car system, I find that upon the increase to 8 1-3 cent fare that the receipts for the first forty days were \$727,906.67, or an average of \$18,197.66 per day. It may be that you say, 'well, this is a good time of the year.' As a matter of fact, the records show that these forty days are a little under the average, so these forty days can be taken as an average forty days. From the best information that I can secure from the fact of the enormous amount of money spent in maintenance last year, from the fact that \$236,000 were charged off absolutely for obsolescence, in my judgement, the street car lines of the City of Seattle can be operated, maintained and all interest charges paid on approximately \$15,000 per day. This leaves \$3,000 plus per day for the retirement of the bonds as

they fall due. It is my belief that with the inauguration of the 50 per cent of the car hours run by one-man cars that we gain another \$450,000. This will of course, shorten and reduce the pay roll, but it will in time not only reduce the obligation faster but reduce the fare to the car rider of the City of Seattle.

"I hold no brief for the traction company; I hold no brief for the city officials of the past, but as a citizen of the City of Seattle, I propose, first, that not one single dollar shall hereafter be taken from the general fund in order to carry on any public utility. Second, that one of the best and most experienced transportation experts in the United States be secured by the present city government, and told to make good on the present car line. Thirdly, I propose that immediately the city street railway department shall put into effect the economy of the one-man cars. Fourth, that the public utilities be removed from politics.

"I think that with these four things accepted that our troubles are at an end.

"If what I have stated is true, there is but one road for the people of the City of Seattle to travel and that is to demand of the present city government the employment of a transportation expert and not until then will we know what kind of a deal the city secured when they purchased the street car lines from the Puget Sound Traction, Light and Power Company."

Think ahead and you will get ahead and keep ahead.

LUNDIN & BARTO
Lawyers 817 Alaska Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County.
In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Octave
Lussier, Deceased. No. 28795.
Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Executrix of the estate of Octave Lussier, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same duly verified, on said Executrix or her attorneys of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication, March 5, 1921.

ROSALIE LUSSIER,
Executrix of said Estate.
Address 817 Alaska Building, Seattle, Washington.
LUNDIN & BARTO
Attorneys for Estate, 817 Alaska Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub March 5, 1921 It March 26

JAMES T. LAWLER
Attorney 512-14 White Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, for King County

In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of George W. Meagher, Deceased. No. 28579.
Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as administratrix of the estate of George W. Meagher, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified on said administratrix or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication, February 26, 1921.

BELLE MEAGHER,
Administratrix of said Estate.
JAMES T. LAWLER, Attorney for Estate, 512-14 White Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Feb. 26, 1921. 4t Mch 19

LUNDIN & BARTO
Attorneys 817 Alaska Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, For King County. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Rena Elizabeth Walters Deceased. No. 27977. Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as administratrix of the estate of Rena Elizabeth Walters, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administratrix or her attorneys of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication, February 26, 1921.

MARY J. WALTERS,
Administratrix of said Estate.
Address 817-23 Alaska Bldg.
LUNDIN & BARTO, Attorneys for Estate, 817-23 Alaska Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
4t Mar 12

WILLIAM H. GORHAM
Attorney 652 Colman Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF STATE
of Washington in and for King County.
In the Matter of the Estate of Florence K. Wintermute, deceased. No. 28755.
Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned has been appointed and has duly qualified as administrator of the estate of Florence K. Wintermute, deceased; and that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administrator or his attorney of record in the above entitled Matter, at the address below stated and file the same with the Clerk of the above entitled court, together with proof of such service, within six months after the date of the first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication, February 19, 1921.
HENRY STIMSON WINTERMUTE,
Administrator of the Estate of Florence K. Wintermute, deceased. Address: Room 652 Colman Building, Seattle, Washington.
WILLIAM H. GORHAM, Attorney for said Administrator. Address: Room 652 Colman Building, Seattle, Washington.
3 t Feb. 19-26 Mar 5

WILLIAM H. GORHAM
Attorney 652 Colman Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Rebecca P. Morrison, deceased. No. 28688.
Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Administratrix of the estate of Rebecca P. Morrison, deceased, with the will annexed; and that all persons having claims against said deceased are required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administratrix or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file same with the Clerk of the above entitled court, together with proof of such service, within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication: February 19th 1921.

ALICE P. SNOW,
Administratrix of Estate of Rebecca P. Morrison, deceased. Address: Room 652 Colman Building, Seattle, Washington.

WILLIAM H. GORHAM,
Attorney for said Administratrix. Address: Room 652 Colman Building, Seattle, Washington. 3t Mar 5

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FRED W. CATLETT
Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for the
County of King.

In the Matter of the Application of
Moler Company, a domestic corpora-
tion, for an Order Dissolving and
Disincorporating said Company.
No. 148460. Notice.

Whereas, a petition has on this 10th
day of January 1921 been presented to
the presiding judge of the Superior
Court of King County, Washington,
by Moler Company, a corporation, duly
incorporated under the laws of the
State of Washington, to be dissolved
and disincorporated, accompanied by a
certificate of the president and secre-
tary of said corporation, certifying
that at a meeting of the stock holders
called for the purpose and duly held
on the 3d day of January 1921, at the
City of Seattle, King County, Wash-
ington, it was decided by a unanimous
vote of all the capital stock subscribed
and issued of said corporation to dis-
solve and disincorporate said corpora-
tion, which petition prayed that such
notice to be given of such application
as is provided by law and so that an
order may be entered by said court,
declaring said corporation dissolved;
and

Whereas, the presiding judge of
said court has fixed the 14th day of
March 1921, at the hour of 9:30 o'clock
A. M. at the court room of Depart-
ment No. 1, of said court in the King
County Court House, Seattle, King
County, Washington, or at the court
room of any other department which
may then be in session and to which
this matter may be assigned;

Now, Therefore, notice is hereby given
that said petition of Moler Com-
pany for an order declaring said com-
pany dissolved and disincorporated is
coming on to be heard before the pre-
siding judge of the Superior Court of
the State of Washington for the County
of King or before such other judge as
this application may be assigned to in
the King County Court House in the
City of Seattle, King County, Washing-
ton on the 14th day of March, 1921,
at the hour of 9:30 A. M.

Dated this 10th day of January 1921.
GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk

By R. W. FLEMING,
Deputy
FRED W. CATLETT, Attorney for Pe-
titioner, 613 Hoge Building, Seattle
Washington.
First Pub. Jan. 15, 1921. 8t Mar 5

FRED W. CATLETT
Attorney 613 Hoge Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for the County
of King. In Probate. No. 27337.
In the Matter of the Estate of Charles
F. Schneider, Deceased.

Notice of Hearing Final Report and
Petition For Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Belle
Schneider, Administratrix of the Estate
of Charles F. Schneider, has filed in
the office of the Clerk of said Court
her final Report and petition for dis-
tribution, asking the Court to settle
said Report, distribute the property to
the persons thereto entitled and to dis-
charge said administratrix; and that
said Report and petition will be heard
on the 4th day of March, 1921, at 9:30
A. M., at the Court Room of the Pro-
bate Department of said Court.

Dated this 31st day of January, 1921.
PERCY F. THOMAS,
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. GORDON,
Deputy.
First pub. Feb. 5, 1921. 4t Feb 26

JAMES T. LAWLER
Attorney 908 White Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County.
Belle Meagher, Plaintiff, vs. Philip
Meagher, Defendant. No. 148543.
Summons by Publication.
The State of Washington to the said
Philip Meagher, Defendant:
You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty days after the date of
first publication of this summons, to-
wit: within sixty days after the 15th
day of January, 1921, and defend the
above entitled action in the above en-
titled court, and answer the complaint
of the plaintiff and serve a copy of
your answer upon the undersigned at-

torney for plaintiff at his office below
stated; and in case of your failure so
to do, judgment will be rendered
against you according to the demand
of the complaint, which has been filed
with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled ac-
tion is to secure a decree of divorce
on the grounds of abandonment for
more than one year and non-support.

JAMES T. LAWLER,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
P. O. Address 908 White Bldg., Seattle,
King County, Wash.
First pub. Jan. 15, 1921. 7t Feb 26

JOHN P. REED
Lawyer Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, in and For
the County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Mike
Ruklich, Deceased. No. 14053.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and
Petition For Distribution.

Notice is Hereby Given that Sophia
Plute (formerly Sophia Ruklich), Ad-
ministratrix of the Estate of Mike
Ruklich, deceased, has filed in the of-
fice of the Clerk of said Court her
Final Report and petition for distribu-
tion asking the Court to settle said
Report, distribute the property to the
persons thereto entitled, and to dis-
charge said Administratrix; and that
said Report and petition will be heard
on the 29th day of March, 1921, at
9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the
Probate Department of said Court.

Main 4239

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Proprietor
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SEATTLE, WASH.

Dated this 24th day of February,
1921.

GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. GORDON, Deputy.
First pub. Feb. 26, 1921. 4t Mch 19

EIMON L. WIENER
Attorney 510 Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County.
J. Gromet, Plaintiff, vs. Anna Miller
and E. C. Miller, her husband, De-
fendants. No. 148478. Summons for
Publication.

The State of Washington to the said
Anna Miller and E. C. Miller, her
husband, Defendants:

You and each of you are hereby
summoned to appear within sixty days
after the date of the first publication of
this summons, to-wit: Within sixty
days after the 5th day of February,

1921, and defend the above entitled
action in the above entitled court, and
answer the complaint of the plaintiff
and serve a copy of your answer upon
the undersigned attorney for plaintiff
at his office below stated; and in case
of your failure so to do, judgment will
be rendered against you according to
the demand of the complaint, which has
been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled ac-
tion is to recover the possession of
certain personal property described as
One Ford Automobile, Model 1917, Fac-
tory No. 1480249 together with costs
and disbursements incurred.

EIMON L. WIENER
Attorney for Plaintiff.
P. O. Address 510-517 Central Bldg.,
Seattle, King County, Washington.
First pub. Feb. 5, 1920 7t Mar 19

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AND
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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. X. NO. 11.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, MARCH 12, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS

KING ADDRESSES LEAGUE

Reported by Eimon L. Wienir

Henry R. King, a prominent Seattle business man and member of Seattle School Board, addressed the Municipal League last Tuesday on the subject of "Your Schools, What do you now about them?". The speaker was introduced by Vice-president, Frank P. Hell as "one of the most loyal and efficient of Seattle's citizens." Mr. King said in part:

"I know that I speak for the School Board and for the executives of our school system when I say that we welcome the operation and the constructive criticism of the Municipal League, further, we welcome any investigation the League might make of any phase of the school system.

"I am against any proposition which would tend to make my present position a paying job. There are too many men unqualified for such a position who would find it desirable to run for office if there were a salary attached to it.

"I have been reliably informed by one of the officers of the National Schools Association that our present superintendent of schools, Mr. Cooper, ranks among the first twelve superintendents of schools in the United States and first on the Pacific coast.

"The budget of Los Angeles for the year 1921 calls for an expenditure of over eleven million dollars, an increase of over three million for last year. Chicago is planning to build four high schools at a cost of three million dollars each and even elementary schools at even hundred fifty thousand dollars each. I give these fig-

DR. J. E. CROWTHER
will address the Municipal League on
"THE WAYFARER"

And the Mayor of Yakima will also speak
Tuesday Noon, March 15, 1921
at BLANC'S CAFE (opposite County City Bldg)
A Fifty Cent Lunch Will be Served

ures to show that not only are the schools costing vastly more than they did, but that in addition to rise in cost, improvements in the facilities are being made generally throughout the country.

"In a survey of school expenditures we find that 70 per cent of the total budget goes for salaries of the teaching force," King said. "This being the principle item of expense, there is little chance of reducing school costs without lowering the compensation of teachers, which is not to be thought of. Seattle teachers are well paid, and in my opinion rightly so. I will say frankly that I don't believe the teachers have ever been adequately compensated in dollars and cents.

"The contention has been made that supervisors be eliminated. This would be an exceedingly unwise step, for these supervisors perform an important service in the schools. No private corporation would hire a large number of workmen without supervisors to direct their activities. Even if supervisors were eliminated, the saving would be insignificant, as the expenditure for this purpose amounts to only 1 per cent of the total budget.

"The only fault in our present

system of compensating teachers—a fault that will have to be corrected sooner or later—lies in the fact that we set up a stone wall and say to the teachers 'This far you can go but no farther.' We have no right to say to our elementary grade teachers that the greatest compensation they may expect is \$2,100 a year, or limit high school teachers to \$2,400 no matter how long they may have taught or how efficient they may have become."

King also declared himself opposed to a reduction in the number of teachers, asserting that impairment of efficiency will result, if instead of one teacher for thirty pupils as at present, each instructor be assigned forty-five pupils.

Mr. King then pointed out some of the unusual features of Seattle's school system; namely, the Boys' Parental School at Mercer Island. Mr. King said that very few boys are returning to this school when they leave. As high a type of work is being done at this school as any in America.

The Girl's Parental School at Brighton Beach, headed by Miss Allen, was also highly commended by Mr. King.

One of the reasons why our schools cost us much more than

(Continued on page 2)

BOND ISSUES ARE DEFEATED

John E. Carroll, A. Lou Cohen and Cecil B. Fitzgerald were elected to the city council, and charter amendments and propositions, with the exception of the change in election dates from March to May, were defeated in Tuesday's election.

The councilmanic candidate finished in the order named. Carroll and Cohen won by large margins, but Fitzgerald wrested third place from T. H. Bolton by a scant 1,200 votes. George F. Cotterill was only 300 votes behind Bolton. Charles W. Doyle was sixth, with less than half as many votes as Carroll.

The complete returns from the councilmanic election follows:

Carroll	31,282
Cohen	24,943
Fitzgerald	20,316
Bolton	19,073
Cotterill	18,881
Doyle	15,017

The returns on the five charter amendments and the two propositions follow:

Charter Amendments—		
	Yes	No.
No. 1	12,148	19,333
No. 2	7,842	23,793
No. 3	6,231	26,667
No. 4	16,610	15,148
No. 5	11,682	18,012
Propositions—		
A	13,514	20,969
A	13,514	20,969
B	17,090	21,069

Interest in the election was intense in the University District, where there was considerable sentiment in favor of the Montlake Bridge proposition—which was defeated. Yet the vote as a whole was light, only about 44,000 votes being cast in all. Many voters registered their choice for only one or two candidates, and less than 75 per cent of them paid any attention

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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MUNICIPAL LEAGUE OF SEATTLE
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Robert F. Sandall
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James W. Reynolds, Ex-officio Trustee

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

to the amendments and propositions.

H. B. 174 KILLED

House Bill, 174, which was reported on by a special committee headed by James A. Haight, has been vetoed by Governor Hart. The committee's report as adopted stated that if this bill became law it would impair, if not actually destroy, the city's light and power projects and tend to the monopolization of the state's water power resources. The dispatch from Olympia follows:

Municipally owned utilities will not be subject to the provisions of House Bill 174, requiring that a certificate of necessity and convenience must be issued by the director of public works before a public service company may extend its services into a territory already served by a similar utility, due to the action of the house this afternoon in sustaining the governor's veto of Section 2 of the bill.

This repealed Section 105 of Chapter 117 of the session laws of 1911 which exempted municipally-owned utilities from the jurisdiction of the public service commission, which will be superseded by the director of public works when the new civil code becomes effective.

The vote to sustain the governor's veto was 78 to 1. Representative Grass of King casting the single vote to retain the objectionable section in the bill.

The probabilities are that the house members been aware of the significance of this section of the bill it would have been stricken before the measure was passed. The section concealed its purpose by exempting publicly owned utilities from the jurisdiction of the public service commission by mere reference to the section of the law without quoting its specific provision.

Having overridden a veto of the governor's in the morning session, the house balanced its account with the chief executive by sustaining his veto of Section 2 of House Bill 174 this afternoon.

CIVIC OFFICIALS ARE MUCH PLEASED AT VETO OF SECTION

City officials yesterday expressed hearty approval of Gov. Louis F. Hart's action in vetoing section 2 of House Bill 174, the certificate of necessity and public conveyance act.

Elimination of this feature of the bill will permit municipalities owning and operating utilities to retain control of these utilities as to rates, service and extensions.

Under instructions from the city council, the special legislative committee of that body opposed passage of the bill, especially if section 2 should be retained. Corporation Counsel Walter F. Meier represented the city government at a hearing before Gov. Hart in Olympia last

Monday, voicing vigorous protest. Councilmen William Hickman Moore and Philip Tindall joined in the protest on behalf of the city.

FIRE LOSSES IN AMERICA

According to the supervisor, surveying department, National Board of Underwriters, the loss from fire in buildings and the maintenance of fire department and water-supply service cost the United States more than \$2,000,000 a day. Last year 15,210 persons were burned to death in the United States, while 17,641 were seriously injured in fires. Ninety-two per cent of the fires were caused by carelessness or neglect. Although one-fourth of the population of the country is living in temporary quarters, 889 homes are burned up every day. Sixty five per cent of the fires in this country occur in dwellings.

MUNICIPAL LIGHT PLANTS

The last report of the United States census showed that there are now 2,318 electric light and power plants municipally owned and operated in this country. In 1902 there were 815 municipally owned plants and 2,508 privately owned and operated. From 1902 to 1917 the number of privately owned plants increased 80 per cent, while during the same period municipally owned plants increased 180 per cent.

HOW INDIANAPOLIS REGULATES DANCES

Following are the chief features of the Indianapolis Dance Regulation:

1. Public dance halls are prohibited entirely.
2. Dancing schools are permitted to hold dances for their pupils, but such dances must not be thrown open to the public, and no admission fee may be charged.
3. Individuals, firms, clubs and associations may give dances after getting a permit from the city, for each dance. A fee of two dollars is charged for this permit.
4. When application is made for a permit, (now presented to the Superintendent of Policewomen), the applicant agrees to em-

ploy a matron, who must be approved by the police. The matron has complete control over the dress and conduct of persons attending the dance.

5. The city's own policewomen keep further watch over the conduct of dances, by dropping in at irregular intervals and quietly observing the gathering.

6. It is required also that a special policeman must be secure to attend each dance to maintain order, and, if necessary, to carry out the orders of the matron.

A public dance hall is defined as a place to which the public is invited promiscuously to attend upon the payment of a fee or otherwise. Prohibiting the public dance hall make is unnecessary to provide for an annual license such as many cities have. Since dances may be given only for particular groups at particular times, a separate permit is required for each dance so held.

It will be noted that no license is required for dancing school. This might leave a loop-hole by which the ordinance could be evaded. Perhaps a license should be provided for such schools and supervision given them.

The Chief of Police of Indianapolis reports that the provision requiring a matron at each dance who has been approved by the police has worked out satisfactorily. This involves no additional expense to the city, and permits each society or club to select their own matrons, so long as her record is good.

KING ADDRESSES LEAGUE

(Continued from page one)
schools of other cities of like size was shown by Mr. King. Seattle is working on a 30 limit of pupils to one room whereas Minneapolis is working on a basis of 45 to one room; as showing the efficiency of Seattle schools. Mr. King quoted the fact that 21 per cent of the graduates of the elementary schools go into Seattle's high schools.

Mr. King urged the establishment of an intermediate school such as is now in existence at Rochester, New York to bridge the gap between the elementary schools and high school, whatever the financial status would permit.

"In supporting the practice

and vocational training, we must not overlook the cultural education of the child. We have a recreation period of eight hours. We must prepare the child to use this recreation period in the highest way. This, the old or cultural education can do."

At the conclusion of the meeting, it was moved and seconded that the President appoint a committee of five to visit the Boys' Parental School at Mercer Island, the Girls' Parental School at Brighton Beach and the Childrens' Laboratory Work conducted by Miss Goohue. The committee consists of Edward W. Allen, Frank P. Helsell, Edward C. Kilbourne, Richard M. White and Prof. L. T. Neikirk.

CLEVELAND TO OPERATE ON PAY-AS-YOU-GO BASIS

Beginning with 1921, the city of Cleveland, purports to be operating on a pay-as-you-go basis, so far as its ordinary running expense is concerned, states Civic Affairs, the bulletin published by the Civic League of Cleveland.

The article says in part:

"The practice of funding operating deficiencies started in a small way; grew worse during the war, and developed to alarming proportions in 1920. At the close of 1919 the city had issued \$7,000,000 in bonds to pay its deficits; in July, 1920, again, it issued \$5,750,000 for a like purpose, and that proved insufficient by over \$800,000 at the end of the year.

"There was no defense of this practice, except as the restricted tax laws made it necessary. It was not disputed that the legal revenues were insufficient to meet the minimum needs of the city and it would have been difficult to say how much of the large deficits of the last two years could have been reduced without going below this minimum."

The article ends with the following significant statement as a conclusion:

"If ultimate financial disaster is to be avoided, the city must conduct its activities within the revenues authorized, and officials must curb expenses to that end. The deficit which is piling up will be utterly indefensible. The present city administration was in power last year when the campaign to put the city on the pay-as-you-go basis was under way;

it participated in that campaign; its spokesmen declared that with the increase in the tax rate which is now in effect they could run the city upon its revenues, and they pledged themselves to do so. If they incur a deficit they will have done it with their eyes wide open, and cannot shift the responsibility. It is up to them immediately to begin adjusting the city's expenditures to its income. If they run until near the end of the year and then try to retrench they will disastrously cripple the service; if they economize and cut wisely now they can save heavily without curtailing anything essential. If they do neither the deficit is certain.

WOULD PROHIBIT SHINGLE ROOFS TO PREVENT FIRES

Civic organizations of Terre Haute, Indiana, have been urging passage of an ordinance prohibiting shingle roofs throughout the city.

The proposed ordinance was designed to cut down the fire loss in that city. It is pointed out that many fires start on shingled roofs, from sparks coming from chimneys. With a roof of some non-combustible material all of these fires would be eliminated, it is argued.

LOWER TAX ON BUILDINGS TO STIMULATE HOUSING

As a means of encouraging home building and thereby relieving the housing shortage in Pennsylvania cities, the Allied Boards of Trade of Allegheny County, are urging a reduction in the tax rate on buildings, improvements, live stock and machinery. They have petitioned the state legislature which meets in January, to pass three bills, namely:

First: A bill or amendment to what is known as the "Pittsburgh Graded Tax Law" which will immediately reduce the tax on all buildings or improvements on land to one per cent of the amount levied on land.

Second: A bill or amendment which will give counties the immediate or future right to vote on land.

Third: A bill or amendment which will give school districts the immediate or future right to vote on the proposition of reduc-

ing the tax on all buildings or improvements on land, live stock or machinery to one per cent of the amount levied on land.

Already Tried in Pittsburgh

Pittsburgh already has a lower tax on buildings than on land, the present tax being 32 mills on land and 26.3 mills on buildings. The proposed amendment would make the difference much greater. We quote from a letter sent out to the organizations of Pennsylvania:

"We must meet the present housing and taxation crisis with some very definite proposals. Our people are in desperate need of homes at proper rentals. This means continued unrest. Prompt action is needed.

"Increasing cost of public affairs means increasing taxation. Result will be still higher rents and an increasing burden on our productive capacity.

"Tax burden on homes will make demand for taxing personal property and machinery, which will increase our present troubles, add materially to living costs and to manufacturing and distributing costs. Like all burdens taxes, must be well adjusted to be carried with comfort."

"We need houses of all kinds, and UNTAXING them will stimulate building on the vacant land which is of no real value to the community so long as it remains vacant."

FIVE CENTS FOR POUND OF ICE AT OMAHA PLANT

Omaha makes, sells and delivers ice to its citizens. The municipal plant has a capacity of 112 tons per day. During 1919 the amount of ice made and sold

equaled about one ton to each family. There are 19 distributing stations at which 17 pounds of ice is sold for a nickel.

JACKSON SILBAUGH

Attorney 625 Lyon Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for the County
of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Frederick L. Waegle, Deceased.
No. 27877. Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Jackson Silbaugh, Administrator of the Estate of Frederick L. Waegle, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said administrator; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 13th day of April, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 12th day of March, 1921.
GEO. A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. GORDON, Deputy.

First pub. March 12 1921

4t Apr2

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JACKSON SILBAUGH
 Attorney 625 Lyon Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for King County
 Elisha J. Davis, Plaintiff, vs. Minnie E.
 Davis, Defendant. No.
 Summons By Publication.
 The State of Washington: To the said
 Minnie E. Davis, Defendant:
 You are hereby summoned to appear
 within sixty days after the date of the
 first publication of this summons, to-
 wit: within sixty days after the 12th
 day of March, 1921, and defend the
 above entitled action in the above en-
 titled court and answer the complaint
 of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of
 your answer upon the undersigned at-
 torney for plaintiff at his office below
 stated; and in case of your failure so
 to do, judgment will be rendered against
 you according to the demand of the
 complaint, which has been filed with
 the clerk of said court.
 The object of the above entitled ac-
 tion is to procure a divorce on the
 grounds of cruelty, incompatibility of
 temperament and voluntary living sep-
 arate and apart for more than eight
 years.

JACKSON SILBAUGH,
 Attorney for Plaintiff.
 P. O. Address: 625 Lyon Bldg., Seattle,
 King County, Wash.
 First pub. March 12, 1921. 7t Apr 23

LUNDIN & BARTO
 Attorneys 817 Alaska Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, For King
 County. In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Rena
 Elizabeth Walters Deceased. No.
 27077. Notice to Creditors.
 Notice is hereby given that the un-
 dersigned has been appointed and has
 qualified as administratrix of the es-
 tate of Rena Elizabeth Walters, De-
 ceased; that all persons having claims
 against said deceased are hereby re-
 quired to serve the same, duly verified,
 on said administratrix or her attorneys
 of record at the address below stated,
 and file the same with the Clerk of said
 Court, together with proof of such
 service within six months after the
 date of first publication of this notice
 or the same will be barred.
 Date of first publication, February
 19th, 1921.

MARY J. WALTERS,
 Administratrix of said Estate.
 Address 817-23 Alaska Bldg.
LUNDIN & BARTO, Attorneys for Es-
 tate, 817-23 Alaska Bldg., Seattle,
 Wash. 4t Mar 12

JAMES T. LAWLER
 Attorney 512-14 White Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, for King County
 In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of George
 W. Meagher, Deceased. No. 28579.
 Notice to Creditors.
 Notice is hereby given that the un-
 dersigned has been appointed and has
 qualified as administratrix of the estate
 of George W. Meagher, Deceased; that
 all persons having claims against said
 deceased are hereby required to serve
 the same, duly verified on said admin-
 istratrix or her attorney of record at
 the address below stated, and file the
 same with the Clerk of said Court, to-
 gether with proof of such service with-
 in six months after the date of first
 publication of this notice, or the same
 will be barred.
 Date of first publication, February
 26, 1921.

BELLE MEAGHER,
 Administratrix of said Estate.
JAMES T. LAWLER, Attorney for Es-
 tate, 512-14 White Bldg., Seattle,
 Wash.
 First pub. Feb. 26, 1921. 4t Mch 19

LUNDIN & BARTO
 Lawyers 817 Alaska Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for King County.
 In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Octave
 Lussier, Deceased. No. 28795.
 Notice to Creditors.
 Notice is hereby given that the un-
 dersigned has been appointed and has
 qualified as Executrix of the estate of
 Octave Lussier, Deceased; that all per-
 sons having claims against said de-
 ceased are hereby required to serve the
 same duly verified, on said Executrix
 or her attorneys of record at the ad-
 dress below stated, and file the same

Klein's Shoe Hospital
 BEST BY TEST
 613 2nd Ave.
 Established 26 Years

with the Clerk of said Court, together
 with proof of such service within six
 months after the date of first publica-
 tion of this notice, or the same will be
 barred.

Date of first publication, March 5,
 1921.

ROSALIE LUSSIER,
 Executrix of said Estate.
 Address 817 Alaska Building, Seattle,
 Washington.
LUNDIN & BARTO
 Attorneys for Estate, 817 Alaska
 Building, Seattle, Wash.
 First pub March 5, 1921 4t March 26

JOHN F. REED
 Lawyer Empire Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, in and For
 the County of King. In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Mike
 Ruklich, Deceased. No. 14053.
 Notice of Hearing Final Report and
 Petition For Distribution.
 Notice is Hereby Given that Sophia
 Plute (formerly Sophia Ruklich), Ad-
 ministratrix of the Estate of Mike
 Ruklich, deceased, has filed in the of-
 fice of the Clerk of said Court her
 Final Report and petition for distribu-
 tion asking the Court to settle said
 Report, distribute the property to the
 persons thereto entitled, and to dis-
 charge said Administratrix; and that
 said Report and petition will be heard
 on the 29th day of March, 1921, at
 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the
 Probate Department of said Court.

Main 4239
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The Roslyn Fuel Co.
COAL
 818-821 White Bldg.
 SEATTLE, WASH.

Dated this 24th day of February,
 1921.

GEORGE A. GRANT,
 Clerk of said Court.
 By **H. C. GORDON,** Deputy.
 First pub. Feb. 26, 1921. 4t Mch 19

EDMON L. WIENER
 Attorney 510 Central Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for King County.
 J. Gromet, Plaintiff, vs. Anna Miller
 and E. C. Miller, her husband, De-
 fendants. No. 148478. Summons for
 Publication.
 The State of Washington to the said
 Anna Miller and E. C. Miller, her
 husband, Defendants:
 You and each of you are hereby
 summoned to appear within sixty days
 after the date of the first publication of
 this summons, to-wit: Within sixty
 days after the 5th day of February,

1921, and defend the above entitled
 action in the above entitled court, and
 answer the complaint of the plaintiff
 and serve a copy of your answer upon
 the undersigned attorney for plaintiff
 at his office below stated; and in case
 of your failure so to do, judgment will
 be rendered against you according to
 the demand of the complaint, which has
 been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled ac-
 tion is to recover the possession of
 certain personal property described as
 One Ford Automobile, Model 1917, Fac-
 tory No. 1480249 together with costs
 and disbursements incurred.

EDMON L. WIENER,
 Attorney for Plaintiff.
 P. O. Address 510-517 Central Bldg.,
 Seattle, King County, Washington.
 First pub. Feb. 5, 1920 7t Mar 19

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 General Sales Manager Electric Building
 Seattle, Washington

TO ALL LEAGUE MEMBERS

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C. F. BAASCH

DELICATESSEN and LUNCH ROOM

911-13-15 Third Avenue, Seattle

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BUT EAT
THE BEST

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HAM—BACON—LARD

CIRCLE "W" LAMB

BARTON & CO.

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MAR 23 1921

Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

OL. X. NO. 12.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, MARCH 19, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS

WHAT OTHER CITIES ARE DOING

EFFICIENCY BOND ISSUE WINS IN CHICAGO

Chicago voters approved an \$8,000,000 deficiency bond issue at an election held on February 22nd. The Chicago Bureau of Public Efficiency, in a report issued prior to the election, urged that the bond issue be defeated on the grounds that the issuance of bonds for the payment of debts incurred for operating expenses was wrong in principle. The bonds had run over 20 years the payment of the deficit of one year.

The Chicago Tribune, which had opposed the issue, says concerning the vote:

"The real reason for the result may be traced back to the fact that approximately 535,000 registered voters failed to go to the polls. Of the average 401 eligible to vote in each precinct only an average of 156 availed themselves of the privilege.

"The other 350,000 voters decided the bond issue; and the Lindin-Thompson organization was sufficiently strong to control a majority of them. In the primary last fall the leaders of the city hall organization claimed that they demonstrated that they could deliver 100,000 votes in a primary or election, and that number is usually large enough to turn the tide of an election when the full vote does not go to the polls.

"In its organization, the city hall claims to have 22,000 active workers—men and women who will turn out on any day and at any hour and can be relied upon to deliver the maximum results. This means almost ten workers to each precinct and each of these ten apparently gathered in and voted like other persons yesterday, according to the returns.

**STATE SENATOR T. D. ROCKWELL
will address the Municipal League on
THE LEGISLATIVE SESSION OF 1921
Tuesday Noon, March 22,
at BLANC'S CAFE (opposite County City Bldg)
A Fifty Cent Lunch Will be Served**

Machine Changes Tactics.

"A new method was adopted by the Lindin-Thompson organization to gain its bond victory. In all of its previous fights there have been banners and bands and red fire, speeches, and much hip, hip, hurrah. This time it was different. The mayor did not make one speech. There was not a pamphlet, letter, or card circulated in favor of the bond issue until six days before the polls were opened.

"To the uninitiated citizen it looked on the surface like no campaign whatever on the bonds. This apparently was part of the program to keep the opposition voters uninterested in the subject, and it proved highly successful."

The Bureau of Public Efficiency points out that approval of the \$8,000,000 bond issue would exhaust the city's bonding power. "If the city were to sell at once all the bonds already authorized its bonded debt would be within about \$4,400,000 of the limit of its bonding power. The proposed bonds if voted cannot, therefore, all be issued except as the present debt is reduced by bond redemptions, or as the sale

of bonds heretofore authorized are postponed. If possible the city should always have a reserve of borrowing power to meet urgent needs which cannot be foreseen. For this reason alone it is bad policy and bad financing to authorize the bonds now proposed and thereby to exhaust the present and to incumber the future bonding power."

A new source of revenue is proposed by Philadelphia. An ordinance providing for taxation of all railroad sidings, bridges and conduits, crossing or encroaching upon the streets of the city has been drafted. A charge of 70 cents per square foot per year for bridges and 50 cents per square foot for all ground within the street lines occupied by railroad sidings is to be made. It is expected that \$500,000 revenue may be received each year.

Detroit Department of Public Works has established an employment bureau through which employment on public work in the various city departments is being provided. 11,204 have registered to date, and 3,857 of this number have been given work.

CITY-PLANNING NOTES

One of the newest cities to start city-planning work is Poughkeepsie, where the president of the Chamber of Commerce has appointed a city-plan committee.

In Indiana the movement for city planning is practically statewide. In Indianapolis, Terre Haute, South Bend, Elkhart, Fort Wayne, Muncie, Marion, Anderson, Mishawaka, there is definite city-planning interest manifested. In Marion and Elkhart a city plan, or at least some phases of it are being prepared. In Indianapolis and Terre Haute there is a city-plan committee, and in most of the other cities there is a city-plan committee of the Chamber of Commerce. All this interest is now being crystallized in an effort to pass a city-planning and zoning bill at the planning and zoning bill at the Indianapolis committee is known as the Committee of One Hundred, and was appointed by the president of the Chamber of Commerce.

St. Paul, Minnesota, will continue the city-planning program under way. The work is now well started, and Messrs. Bennett and Parsons, Consultant City Planners, will make their preliminary plan report on a general street plan the first of the year. The city council has appropriated for work in 1921—\$23,000, and a balance of \$10,500 in the present year's funds has been re-appropriated, \$8500 for a zoning survey and \$2,000 for a survey of street railway facilities, and a report on rerouting.

Mr. George H. Herold, Secretary of the Plat Commission, is also managing director and engineer for the St. Paul City-Plan-

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

ning Board, thus making possible to correlate the work of these two bodies and control the development in the entire county area surrounding the city.

The waterworks of Providence, R. I., according to the Auditor's report in 1920, had a net profit of \$285,000 after paying all interest and setting aside \$140,000 for depreciation.

Kansas City has organized a "Commission on Ventilation for Greater Kansas City." It will investigate air conditions in schools theatres and other public buildings.

Memphis, Tenn., is beginning the construction of a municipal auditorium and market-house combined. The auditorium will have a seating capacity of 12,500.

SECRETARY'S COMMENTS

The Board of Trustees of the League has joined the City officials and other civic organizations in welcoming the delegation of Chicago city councilmen. While this is being written the plans for the entertainment for the delegation to spend Saturday in Seattle provide for a short street car ride in the early forenoon; a visit to the County-City Building for the purpose of inspecting the records in connection with the transportation matters; an automobile drive to the various dock facilities, proceeding first south then north to the Bell Street dock where a luncheon will be furnished under the

auspices of the Port Commission. Those representing the Municipal League are: Pres. James T. Lawler, Sec. Eimon L. Wiener, Fred W. Catlett, Frank P. Helsell, Edward W. Allen, Jackson Silbaugh.

The visiting councilmen are members of the committee on local transportation of Chicago's city council and their visit to Seattle is primarily for the purpose of acquiring first-hand information about the municipally owned and operated street railway system. A delegation of Chicago newspaper men make up the rest of the party.

Every opportunity will be afforded the visitors to inspect fully the municipal car lines and city officials expect to submit to rigorous questioning as to the city's experience in municipal operation of its transportation system.

Of interest to the membership is the work of the original civil service committee, which in its recent report recommended that the City of Seattle adopt the manager form of government. This committee meets on the average of thrice a week with the object of perfecting a thorough report. It will endeavor, it is understood, to follow clearly the necessity for the adoption of this form of government and will endeavor to secure the co-operation of all civic organizations in this enterprise.

To the special committee which had reported on the bond issues at the recent election, the committee being headed by James

A. Haight, has been referred further consideration of the House Bill. H. B. 174. The Board of Trustees have appointed out that Section 1 of that bill, as passed by the legislature, will tend to the monopolization of the State's hydro-electric power in the hands of the now existing power companies. The committee is urged to report at the next meeting so that the Governor will have the benefit of its considerations.

The poll tax law was referred to a committee headed by Jackson Silbaugh. The committee drafted its report prior to the announcement of the Governor that he had signed the bill. The report will be read irrespective of that at the next meeting.

The boosters' committee have perfected an unique plan, which its committee is holding secret, but which will be presented to the membership in the very near future.

Prof. Frank T. Laube of the Political Science Department of the University of Washington has accepted the League's invitation for March 29. He will speak on taxation, a subject on which he is an authority.

Dean Magnuson of the University of Washington will address the League shortly on hydro-electric power development.

While the attendance at the League meetings has been on the whole fair, nevertheless the officers of the League are dissatisfied. With the splendid programmes that have been given the last few weeks, the delightful meeting place and the consequent impression of the esprit de corps, the attendance should soar beyond the one hundred-fifty mark. Many members of the League have, during the war, broken their habit of regular attendance. These members, who we know desire to encourage the League's work, should attend more frequently. Those who have attended have derived genuine pleasure as well as important information.

Put a little mark in your calendar for Tuesday noon and get into the habit! The luncheons are fifty cents.

"Conscience is man's infallible dictator. The oracle in the heart of a human, called the conscience, is the great theater of right. It is the chamber of justice and the highest human tribunal."

THE WAYFARER PRESENTED TO THE LEAGUE

Reported By
Eimon L. Weinir

Dr. James E. Crowther, author of the Wayfarer, gave one of the most notable addresses given the League this year, when he presented the "Wayfarer".

It is impossible for me to adequately report Dr. Crowther's address; for the writer was carried away by the description of the stupendous production. No one, but the author himself, could do justice to the theme.

Seattle is to be the home of the "Wayfarer". It will be presented annually at the Stadium, the proceeds derived for the first three years will be given to the completing of that beautiful structure. A board of trustees, consisting of 27 representative Seattle men has charge of the administering of the fund.

Following is a synopsis of the "Wayfarer" as prepared by Dr. Crowther:-

PREFACE

This Passion-Pageant is not a commercial enterprise. The author has made it a condition that neither he nor anyone associated with it shall be the recipient of personal profit. By the articles of Incorporation and the By-Laws, the Board of Trustees is required to devote all profits to public welfare interests of the community, choosing.

The supreme mission of "The Wayfarer," is a spiritual one. This Passion-Pageant shall guide pilgrims of the night to Him who is the Light of the World, whose mission will have been accomplished. The writer is humbly grateful to the Divine Authority that "The Wayfarer" has inspired tens of thousands of discouraged hearts. "It may be itself in weakness like in mine, itself in weakness, like in mine"

J. E. CROWTHER

THE WAYFARER

Theme:

Much that has been authoritative in the past is being questioned and challenged in the present hour. The foundations of the industrial and social order are being shaken. The whole world is in turmoil and in process of reconstruction. Many devoted people are bewildered, discouraged, dismayed.

The Wayfarer belongs to this despairing class. He is guided back to faith and service by a divine messenger called Understanding. She unfolds to him the presence of God through all the ages, triumphant over every foe. One word will state the central theme of this Passion-Pageant,—“Emmanuel”,—God with us”.

PROLOGUE, THE GOD OF WAR. Herein is depicted the crash of the world war which is the occasion of the Wayfarer's despair. From this scene Understanding leads him through the ages, and shows him that moral victory is the aftermath of seeming defeat; that the crown is won by way of the cross.

EPISODE 1, THE BABYLONIAN CAPTIVITY. The Hebrew Captives in Babylon illustrate the imperishable hope of the triumph of God's Kingdom. Except for a Faithful Remnant, all have adopted the pagan customs of their captors. The Faithful have assembled for worship by the rivers of Babylon. They voice their despair. An angel renews the assurance that they shall become a great people. Their Messiah is at hand. Gloom is now transformed to gladness. In spite of all outward appearances, they are not forsaken of God.

EPISODE II, THE BIRTH OF CHRIST. This episode unfolds to the Wayfarer, God's mystic ways in the world. God starts his world empire with a helpless babe. “Strange that God should come as a babe, and not as a nipotence fulfills itself in weakness. It may be that God's omnipotence fulfills itself in weakness, like to mine.”

EPISODE III, THE TRIUMPHAL ENTRY. This scene is after the Wayfarer's own heart. Everywhere there is music, laughter, sunshine, flowers, victory. But he has still to learn that Christ's Kingdom is founded, not upon the palm branches of popular acclaim, but upon the imperishable rock of truth.

EPISODE IV, THE CRUCIFIXION. The Wayfarer is confronted with an incredible reverse, and bewildered by the greatest of all mysteries. The Christ becomes a prisoner. The Prince of Life dies as a felon on

a Roman cross. “How can the triumphant Christ become the victim of a Roman spear? How can God be defeated in his own world? All hopes of Christ's triumph and reign are shattered.

EPISODE V, THE RESURRECTION. This is the turning point in the Wayfarer's spiritual experience. Christ has triumphed over the last enemy—Death. “No foe, not even sable Death can stay the forward marching of the King.” Hitherto the Wayfarer has known only a historical Christ. Now he possesses a living, personal, unconquerable Christ, who is the “Ruler of the Kings of the Earth.” In the long run there can be no defeat for those who side with God.

EPILOGUE: THE GOLDEN AGE. The Wayfarer beholds a great host who have triumphed in the ages past. He looks upon the America of today with her mighty world task, and joins the ranks of the crusaders for truth and right. Amid his toil he sees the vision of the Golden Age that is to be, culminating in the triumphal procession of the nations on Emmanuel's Coronation Day. “The Kingdom of this World is become the Kingdom of our Lord and of his Christ.”

HEROISM SHOWN BY AMERICAN WORKERS OF NEAR EAST RELIEF

Cables Reveal Appalling Armenian Need—Hundreds of Thousands Starving.

By CHARLES V. VICKREY
General Secretary, Near East Relief



Charles V. Vickrey

Approximately 500 American men and women are standing loyally and heroically at their posts in Armenia, Turkey and the Near East. Many of them during the long winter of isolation are undergoing what we in America call “hardship.” But these, our fellow citizens in the Near East, are volunteers serving with a high purpose, and they do not recognize hardship when they meet it.

They have had their opportunity to withdraw with honor from the field of famine and desolation. They have refused to leave, because they know that

their departure would mean death for tens of thousands of women and children whom their efforts have kept alive and whom they are determined to save for a better future.

A dozen cables are on my desk from various centers in Armenia, Anatolia, Cilicia and Syria pleading piteously for the lives of hundreds of thousands who are homeless: “Sixty-five thousand refugees Constantinople alone;” “Refugees flocking into Aleppo;” “Twenty thousand refugees at Ismid;” “One hundred thousand people at Alexandropol will starve unless relief is provided;” “Refugees arriving from Caucasus, escaping persecution, naked, destitute! Urgent need to save most of them from death;” “Two hundred thousand starving between Kars and Alexandropol! Severe winter adding to distress.”

Above all towers the mute appeal of the more than 100,000 little children, orphaned, homeless, whom these American relief workers have saved and whom we here at home must sustain not only through the winter and spring, but through the summer and autumn as well. If we do not provide, they perish! And with them dies the hope of a New Near East.

The Easter season is here—the season that commemorates the Great Sacrifice for mankind. America is known as a Christian nation. She is also the wealthiest nation that history has ever known.

Can we really enjoy our wealth and claim the name of Christian if we turn a deaf ear to the appeal which General Leonard Wood, in behalf of the Near East Relief, has sent forth broadcast for a Lenten Sacrifice Offering to save these little children in Bible Lands?

Brown: Just got fired.
White: What for?
Brown: For good.

JAMES T. LAWLER
Attorney 512-14 White Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of William Reid Hooker, Deceased. No. 25478.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition For Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Edwin T. Hooker, administrator, of the Estate of William Reid Hooker, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said administrator; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 22nd day of April, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

bate Department of said Court.
Dated this 18th day of March, 1921.
PERCY F. THOMAS,
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. GORDON, Deputy.
JAMES T. LAWLER, Attorney for Estate, 512-14 White Bldg., Seattle, Wn.
First pub. March 19, 1921. 4t Apr. 9

JACKSON SILBAUGH
Attorney 625 Lyon Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Frederick L. Waegle, Deceased.
No. 27877. Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Jackson Silbaugh, Administrator of the Estate of Frederick L. Waegle, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said administrator; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 18th day of April, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.
Dated this 12th day of March, 1921.
GEO. A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. GORDON, Deputy.
First pub. March 12 1921 4t Apr 2

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JACKSON SILBAUGH
 Attorney 625 Lyon Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for King County
 Elisha J. Davis, Plaintiff, vs. Minnie E.
 Davis, Defendant. No.
 Summons By Publication.
 The State of Washington: To the said
 Minnie E. Davis, Defendant:
 You are hereby summoned to appear
 within sixty days after the date of the
 first publication of this summons, to-
 wit: within sixty days after the 12th
 day of March, 1921, and defend the
 above entitled action in the above en-
 titled court and answer the complaint
 of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of
 your answer upon the undersigned at-
 torney for plaintiff at his office below
 stated; and in case of your failure so
 to do, judgment will be rendered against
 you according to the demand of the
 complaint, which has been filed with
 the clerk of said court.
 The object of the above entitled ac-
 tion is to procure a divorce on the
 grounds of cruelty, incompatibility of
 temperament and voluntary living sepa-
 rate and apart for more than eight
 years.

JACKSON SILBAUGH,
 Attorney for Plaintiff.
 P. O. Address: 625 Lyon Bldg., Seattle,
 King County, Wash.
 First pub. March 12, 1921. 7t Apr 23

LUNDIN & BARTO
 Attorneys 817 Alaska Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, For King
 County. In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Rena
 Elizabeth Walters Deceased. No.
 27077. Notice to Creditors.
 Notice is hereby given that the un-
 dersigned has been appointed and has
 qualified as administratrix of the es-
 tate of Rena Elizabeth Walters, De-
 ceased; that all persons having claims
 against said deceased are hereby re-
 quired to serve the same, duly verified,
 on said administratrix or her attorneys
 of record at the address below stated,
 and file the same with the Clerk of said
 Court, together with proof of such
 service within six months after the
 date of first publication of this notice
 or the same will be barred.
 Date of first publication, February
 19th, 1921.

MARY J. WALTERS,
 Administratrix of said Estate.
 Address 817-23 Alaska Bldg.
LUNDIN & BARTO, Attorneys for Es-
 tate, 817-23 Alaska Bldg., Seattle,
 Wash. 4t Mar 12

JAMES T. LAWLER
 Attorney 512-14 White Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, for King County
 In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of George
 W. Meagher, Deceased. No. 28579.
 Notice to Creditors.
 Notice is hereby given that the un-
 dersigned has been appointed and has
 qualified as administratrix of the estate
 of George W. Meagher, Deceased; that
 all persons having claims against said
 deceased are hereby required to serve
 the same, duly verified on said admin-
 istratrix or her attorney of record at
 the address below stated, and file the
 same with the Clerk of said Court, to-
 gether with proof of such service with-
 in six months after the date of first
 publication of this notice, or the same
 will be barred.
 Date of first publication, February
 26, 1921.

BELLE MEAGHER,
 Administratrix of said Estate.
JAMES T. LAWLER, Attorney for Es-
 tate, 512-14 White Bldg., Seattle,
 Wash.
 First pub. Feb. 26, 1921. 4t Mch 19

LUNDIN & BARTO
 Lawyers 817 Alaska Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for King County.
 In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Octave
 Lussier, Deceased. No. 28795.
 Notice to Creditors.
 Notice is hereby given that the un-
 dersigned has been appointed and has
 qualified as Executrix of the estate of
 Octave Lussier, Deceased; that all per-
 sons having claims against said de-
 ceased are hereby required to serve the
 same duly verified, on said Executrix
 or her attorneys of record at the ad-
 dress below stated, and file the same

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with the Clerk of said Court, together
 with proof of such service within six
 months after the date of first publica-
 tion of this notice, or the same will be
 barred.

Date of first publication, March 5,
 1921.

ROSALIE LUSSIER,
 Executrix of said Estate.
 Address 817 Alaska Building, Seattle,
 Washington.
LUNDIN & BARTO
 Attorneys for Estate, 817 Alaska
 Building, Seattle, Wash.
 First pub March 5, 1921 4t March 26

JOHN F. REED
 Lawyer Empire Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, in and For
 the County of King. In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Mike
 Ruklich, Deceased. No. 14053.
 Notice of Hearing Final Report and
 Petition For Distribution.
 Notice is Hereby Given that Sophia
 Plute (formerly Sophia Ruklich), Ad-
 ministratrix of the Estate of Mike
 Ruklich, deceased, has filed in the of-
 fice of the Clerk of said Court her
 Final Report and petition for distribu-
 tion asking the Court to settle said
 Report, distribute the property to the
 persons thereto entitled, and to dis-
 charge said Administratrix; and that
 said Report and petition will be heard
 on the 29th day of March, 1921, at
 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the
 Probate Department of said Court.

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 SEATTLE, WASH.

Dated this 24th day of February,
 1921.

GEORGE A. GRANT,
 Clerk of said Court.
 By **H. C. GORDON,** Deputy.
 First pub. Feb. 26, 1921. 4t Mch 19

EIMON L. WIENER
 Attorney 510 Central Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for King County.
 J. Gromet, Plaintiff, vs. Anna Miller
 and E. C. Miller, her husband, De-
 fendants. No. 148478. Summons for
 Publication.

The State of Washington to the said
 Anna Miller and E. C. Miller, her
 husband, Defendants:

You and each of you are hereby
 summoned to appear within sixty days
 after the date of the first publication of
 this summons, to-wit: Within sixty
 days after the 5th day of February,

1921, and defend the above entitled
 action in the above entitled court, and
 answer the complaint of the plaintiff
 and serve a copy of your answer upon
 the undersigned attorney for plaintiff
 at his office below stated; and in case
 of your failure so to do, judgment will
 be rendered against you according to
 the demand of the complaint, which has
 been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled ac-
 tion is to recover the possession of
 certain personal property described as
 One Ford Automobile, Model 1917, Fac-
 tory No. 1480249 together with costs
 and disbursements incurred.

EIMON L. WIENER,
 Attorney for Plaintiff.
 P. O. Address 510-517 Central Bldg.,
 Seattle, King County, Washington.
 First pub. Feb. 5, 1920 7t Mar 19

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

OL. X. NO. 13.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, MARCH 26, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS

ROCKWELL TALKS ON 1921 LEGISLATURE

Senator T. D. Rockwell, a member of the legislature, in reviewing the record of the recent session in a speech before the league Tuesday, declared that while he opposes the poll tax on principle, except in emergencies, it is unjust and unequal, its adoption was made advisable in this case by the necessity of raising funds with which to pay the soldiers' bonus.

"We will collect approximately \$2,500,000 a year from the poll tax," Rockwell said. "This means we will have revenue sufficient to pay off the soldiers' bonus bonds in five years, which will obviate the necessity of levying of a one-mill tax over a period of years on the already overburdened property of the state. "The claim has been made that the poll tax works a hardship on the laboring man. In this connection it might be well to emphasize that fact that it will also reach some of the wealthiest men in the community who under the present system escape the payment of taxes. It serves a purpose also in bringing to the people the direct realization of the fact that they must pay for the bonds which they vote at the polls.

Characterizing the administrative code as the "longest step in the right direction ever taken by the state government," the senator declared that it centers full authority over the state's business in the governor, giving him power to appoint administrative officers, fix their salaries, and remove them at any time he deems best without going to any court or other tribunal.

In this connection the speaker alluded to the payment of tribute to Gov. Hart, expressing confidence that he will properly use the powers

(Continued on Page 2)

PROF. FRANK J. LAUBE
Of the Political Science Department
of the University of Washington
will address the Municipal League on
"TAXATION"

Tuesday Noon, March 29th
at BLANC'S CAFE (opposite County City Bldg)
Bring a prospective member with you to the luncheon

MUNICIPAL LEAGUE PLANS REFERENDUM ON HOUSE BILL NO. 174

The Municipal League, in adopting the report of the special committee headed by James A. Haight which reported that House Bill No. 174, the "Certificate of Necessity" Measure passed by the state legislature at its recent session would tend to get a monopoly of all the hydro electric power of the state of the now existing powers, went on record as favoring a referendum on the measure.

The original committee which consisted of James A. Haight as chairman, Irving M. Clark, C. E. Bogardus and Russell H. White has been supplemented by the following: George E. Wright, Fred W. Bert, Jr., and Lawrence S. Booth. As this is being written, a plan is being formulated by the committee to organize an executive committee composed of representatives of various civic organizations for the purpose of making the referendum a success.

Concurring with the resolutions adopted by the City of Spokane, the Seattle City Council went on record at a special session Thursday afternoon as favoring submission to a referendum of House Bill 174. It is un-

derstood that the larger cities of the state will be asked to give their support to the referendum.

Adopting a resolution drafted by Corporation Counsel Walter F. Meier at the request of the council utilities committee, the council requested the mayor, corporation counsel, and the chairman of the council judiciary and city utilities committees to "render all assistance possible in support of the movement to refer the bill to the people of the state".

The following is the report of the committee:
To the Municipal League, Seattle.

Your committee on House Bill No. 174 passed at the last session of the legislature and approved by the Governor, reports as follows:

This act provides that "No public service company or prospective public service company shall hereafter construct, extend or thereafter maintain or operate any part of its plant, system or facilities for the purpose of rendering service in a locality where similar service is then being rendered

(Continued on page two)

LEAGUE BACKS POLL TAX BILL

To the Municipal League:

Your Special Committee to whom was referred Senate Bill No. 170, passed by the last legislature, and known as the poll tax bill, has duly considered the matter and submits herewith the following report: "

This bill provides that all persons over 21 years of age and under 50 years of age, except idiots, insane persons, and persons supported by and at public expense, shall pay annually as a poll tax the sum of five dollars.

It makes it the duty of the County Assessor, at the time of listing personal property, to prepare a list of all inhabitants of the county, who are liable for the payment of a poll tax.

It makes it the duty of the industrial department of the state to furnish the County Treasurer, on or before April 30th of each year, a list of all employers within such county.

It is then made the duty of all employers of labor after the 1st day of May in each year, before making to any employee a payment of wages or salary, to require from such employee satisfactory proof that the poll tax has been paid, and if such proof is not furnished, to deduct the amount from such wages or salary. In case such employer omits to perform this duty, he himself becomes liable for the amount of the tax.

A like duty is imposed upon the Auditor and County Clerk to see to the collection of the tax from those serving as witnesses or jurors.

It shall be the duty of the County Treasurer, on the 1st of June of each year to certify to the Sheriff a list of the persons liable to such tax who have not paid the same.

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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Walter S. Johnson
L. D. Lewis
A. H. Albertson
Edward W. Allen

Terms Expire May 1922

Howard A. Adams
George S. Kahin
Robert F. Sandall
Jackson Silbaugh

James W. Reynolds, Ex-officio Trustee

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

The sheriff is required to make collection in the same manner as now provided for the collection of delinquent personal tax. This operates as a lien upon all real or personal property and nothing is exempt from levy in the enforcement of its collection.

County officials are not to be allowed any extra compensation for the labor performed in the collection of this tax.

One fourth of the tax goes to the counties.

The bonus law appropriates eleven million dollars to take care of the compensation allowed soldiers of the late war. The money is raised from the sale of bonds drawing interest at a rate per cent not exceeding 6 per cent. A levy of one mill on all taxable property is set apart to take care of the bonds and interest. In case this levy is not sufficient to take care of the principle and interest on the bonds, the remainder is to be taken care of from the GENERAL FUNDS.

The poll tax law protects all general funds under the bonus law by providing that the legislature appropriate moneys from the general fund to cover any deficiency after the one mill tax has been exhausted but such amount shall not be "in excess of the moneys transmitted to the general fund under this act".

Your committee fully appreciates the seriousness of the situation confronting the last legislature in the matter of taxation. We have never faced a situation so discouraging to the small home owner as now. It is to this class more than any other that

the poll tax promises some measure of relief.

Your committee believes that the present plan is the best that could be devised to take care of the present emergency. A large part of this tax will be paid by persons who have heretofore paid nothing to the support of the Government. We believe also that the law is well drawn and with proper encouragement instead of hostility on the part of public officials and others, it will yield a large income with but little extra expense in its enforcement.

Your committee recommends that the law as passed by the legislature and signed by the Governor, be approved, and the League lend its influence in the proper understanding of the law and a cheerful acquiescence in its enforcement.

Respectfully

JACKSON SILBAUGH.
M. L. BAKER.
ROBERT F. SANDALL
H. C. GLEVIN.
HOWARD A. ADAMS.

Working Plan Sought

Methods of administering the new poll tax were practically decided at a conference between County Commissioners Claude C. Ramsay and Lou C. Smith, County Assessor Frank W. Hull, County Treasurer William A. Gaines, Arthur Schramm Jr. of the prosecuting attorney's office, and Fred Chestnut and Chad Hughes, state accountants.

The principal item of discussion was the question of how the added expense of collecting the new tax should be borne, the

legislature having specified no way and the county departments having adopted budgets contemplating no such burden. Those present, however, decided that the poll tax could be collected by creating a new fund. This fund, it was agreed, must be accumulated gradually from the collections of the tax itself. It probably will be known as the poll tax fund, and will be based on the \$1 out of each \$5 to which the county is entitled under the act.

Hull Sees Deficit

"Undoubtedly," said County Assessor Hull, following the conference, "it will be necessary to run "in the red" for the first year, but by borrowing sums to start with we can eventually repay this expense money. A certain amount of the collections can be credited to the fund."

County Assessor Hull also issued an appeal to the employers of the county. This appeal is as follows:

"All employers are requested to furnish the assessors with a list of the names, ages and addresses of all their employees between the ages of twenty-one and fifty. All government, county and city officials are requested to furnish the names, ages and addresses of all their employees between the ages of twenty-one and fifty. This will save a great deal of expense on the part of this office in calling on same. However, if the lists are not furnished, each and every one will be listed personally by a deputy."

SENATOR ROCKWELL REVIEWS RECORD OF 1921 LEGISLATURE

(Continued from page one)

conferred upon him and administer the state's business successfully.

Governor Is Praised

"The governor has demonstrated that he is not a 'rubber stamp' official and that he does not lack nerve," the senator stated. "His veto of the appropriations for charitable institutions which, though performing useful and commendable service, are nevertheless not properly a part of the state's business and therefore not entitled to support from state taxes, proved his courage."

The most important piece of legislation before the session, so far as the City of Seattle is concerned, was the budget bill, Senator Rockwell said.

"This measure was so drawn as to be applicable only to the City of Seattle. It would have given the city a real budget system instead of the pretended system now in use. It would have enabled the mayor to have a part in the preparation of the budget and would have provided \$250,000 for emergencies, which would seem to be sufficient leeway. The bill was strangled by a King County senator, for reasons as to which I am not informed."

PLANS REFERENDUM

(Continued from Page One)

ordered by any other public Service Company in this State, without first applying for and obtaining the certificate of public Necessity and convenience from the Director of Public Works as here provided. Upon the filing of an application for such certificate the director of public works shall give reasonable notice in writing to the public service companies then furnishing such service in such locality or vicinity of the time and place when such application will be heard and after hearing and investigation, if the director of Public Works finds from the evidence that the Public Necessity and Convenience required that such service be furnished by the Public Service Company applying for such certificate, the Director of Public Works shall grant such certificate of Public Necessity and Convenience."

The act contains the following proviso "Provided, however that this certificate shall not be construed as requiring such application or certificate for the extension by any public Service Company, whether privately or municipally owned or operated of physical property or service within the locality in which such Public Company may now be furnishing similar service to the public or as requiring such application or certificate for the construction of additional plants or extensions of existing plants outside of the limits of such locality for making such service within such locality."

It will be noted that this proviso enables the existing water power companies of this state to thwart the efforts of any proposed water power company to develop any of the water power of this state with a view to the public distribution of said power.

The new company can find a market for the power it develops only by procuring a certificate of Necessity and Convenience. The hearing on the application for this certificate can be had only after notice to any existing company furnishing such service in such locality or vicinity. During the time allowed for the notice of hearing the existing company can extend its facilities so that at the time of the application it can make a showing of such abundance of capacity for service and such an absolute want of necessity or convenience to be subserved by the new company that the director of work will be forced to deny the application. If the new company has made any expenditures of money in order to provide the facilities it has sought through its application for a certificate of public necessity and convenience to market, it will find that it has a property on which it can obtain no return and it will be forced to sell to one of the existing water power companies of the State, at the price that may be fixed by said water power company.

One experiment of this sort would be enough to deter all other persons attracted to this state by the prospect of developing its water power from making a similar attempt. In fact, an inspection of the act would be deemed by any man or group of men desiring to develop hydro-electric power as a cordial and emphatic invitation to go elsewhere, than to the state of Washington.

We have been boasting of our water power. We have taken a great deal of pleasure in emphasizing the fact that this state of Washington had in its upwards of 9 millions of horse power of water power a natural supply of water power far in excess of that of any other state in the Union and unexcelled by only one or two countries in the industrial world. By this act we give notice that the enterprise of the world is not sought in the development of this power and that we wish it to be developed by our present water power companies in such amount and at such times as they think best for us to receive the benefit of it.

The undeveloped water power of this state is estimated at upwards of 9,100,000 horse power.

The power projects that Seattle and Tacoma are aiming to develop will cover upwards of 550,000 of this horse power leaving 8,500,000 to be developed by the existing water power companies of this state.

As compared with steam production of electric power, hydro-electric power is worth \$40 per horse power per year. Therefore, with a monopoly power of the existing power companies of this so thoroughly guarded by the act under consideration, these companies will under the necessity of furnishing power at a rate not lower than will be just sufficient to exclude the development of power by steam. Thus by this act we preserve a potential monopoly revenue for our water power companies of 40 times 8,500,000 or 340,000,000 dollars a year. It is quite obvious how strong the incentive was that secured the preparation of the bill and the passage and adoption of the act.

The excuse for this act is that it prevents the unnecessary duplication of public utilities. It is doubtful whether there is any calling in which there is not some duplication of human effort that some one and especially those already engaged in that calling of business, would not regard as unnecessary. If when the territory of Washington was organized, a certificate of Necessity had been required of any body seeking to engage in any business or follow any lawful calling, probably the population of this State would not now be greatly in excess of what it was when the territory was formed and what is now the State of Washington would serve as a great national park. The truth is all ability and progress are developed by competition and emulation and the fruits of progress are worth several hundred fold the so-called waste that they cost. The great use of the water power of the State of Washington will be in furnishing power for industrial use. The main expense is in developing the power, the cost of its distribution is relatively small. The so-called waste from duplication will be insignificant in comparison with the benefits to the people from competition among those who have power for sale and from relieving the industry of Washington from monopoly control.

Respectfully submitted.
JAMES A. HAIGHT
Chairman.

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, for King County.
In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Jessie C. Gunter, Deceased.
No. 28953. Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Executor of the estate of Jessie C. Gunter, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Executor or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication, March 26th 1921.

GEORGE T. GUNTER,
Executor of said Estate.
Address 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
JOHN F. REED,
Attorney for Estate, 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Mar 26, 1921. 4t Apr 16

CHARLES H. HARTGE
Attorney 521 Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County.
In the Matter of the Estate of Annie M. Marshall, Deceased. In Probate.
No. 29001. Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Harvey Martin Marshall, has been appointed and has qualified as administrator with will annexed of the estate of the above named Annie M. Marshall, deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased or against said estate are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administrator or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service, within six months from the 26th day of March, 1921, the date of first publication of this notice or the same will be barred.

HARVEY MARTIN MARSHALL,
As Administrator with will annexed of said Estate.
CHARLES H. HARTGE,
Attorney for Administrator with Will Annexed.
Office and Post Office Address: 521 Central Building, Seattle, Washington.
First pub. Mar 26, 1921. 4t Apr 16

JAMES T. LAWLER
Attorney 512-14 White Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of William Reid Hooker, Deceased. No. 25478.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition For Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Edwin T. Hooker, administrator, of the Estate of William Reid Hooker, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said administrator; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 22nd day of April, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

bate Department of said Court.
Dated this 18th day of March, 1921.
PERCY F. THOMAS,
Clerk of said Court,
By **H. C. GORDON, Deputy.**
JAMES T. LAWLER, Attorney for Estate, 512-14 White Bldg., Seattle, Wn.
First pub. March 19, 1921. 4t Apr. 9

JACKSON SILBAUGH
Attorney 625 Lyon Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Frederick L. Waegle, Deceased.
No. 27877. Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Jackson Silbaugh, Administrator of the Estate of Frederick L. Waegle, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said administrator; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 13th day of April, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.
Dated this 12th day of March, 1921.
GEO. A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By **H. C. GORDON, Deputy.**
First pub. March 12 1921 4t Apr 2

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JACKSON SILBAUGH
 Attorney 625 Lyon Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, for King County.
 In Probate.
 No. 29074. Notice to Creditors.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Florence
 Alexander, Deceased.
 Notice is hereby given that the under-
 signed has been appointed and has
 qualified as administrator of the estate
 of Florence Alexander, Deceased; that
 all persons having claims against said
 deceased are hereby required to serve
 the same, duly verified, on said admin-
 istrator or his attorney of record at
 the address below stated, and file the
 same with the Clerk of said Court, to-
 gether with proof of such service with-
 in six months after the date of first
 publication of this notice, or the same
 will be barred.
 Date of first publication March 26th,
 1921.

LOUIS ALEXANDER,
 Administrator of said Estate.
 Address, 625 Lyon Building, Seattle,
 Wash.
JACKSON SILBAUGH,
 Attorney for Estate.
 First pub. Mar 26, 1921. 4t Apr 16

JOHN F. REED
 Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, in and For the
 County of King.
 R. H. Lee and Ruby Lee, husband and
 wife, Plaintiffs, vs. Northwest Trust
 & Savings Bank, a corporation, and
 Dora C. Young, a widow, George W.
 Lee and Anna Lee, his wife, M. C.
 Robbins, a spinster, D. H. Lee, a
 widower, H. C. Stuart and Jane Doe
 Stuart (whose given name is to de-
 fendant Northwest Trust & Savings
 Bank unknown), his wife, James E.
 McGrew, C. Van Horn, John C. Mich-
 aels and Mayme M. Michaels, The
 Mercantile National Bank, a corpora-
 tion, American Investment & Im-
 provement Company, a corporation,
 and B. A. Lee, Defendants.
 No. 134838. Summons by Publication.
 The State of Washington to: Dora C.
 Young, a widow, George W. Lee
 and Anna Lee, his wife, M. C.
 Robbins, a spinster, D. H. Lee,
 a widower, H. C. Stuart and Jane
 Doe Stuart (whose given name is to
 defendant Northwest Trust & Sav-
 ings Bank unknown) his wife, James
 E. McGrew, C. Van Horn, John C.
 Michaels and Mayme M. Michaels,
 The Mercantile National Bank, a cor-
 poration, American Investment & Im-
 provement Company, a corporation,
 and B. A. Lee, Defendants.

You and each of you are hereby sum-
 moned to appear within sixty (60) days
 after the date of the first publication
 of this summons, to-wit: within sixty
 (60) days after the 26th day of March,
 1921, and defend the above entitled
 action in the above entitled court, and
 answer the cross-complaint of the de-
 fendant and cross-complainant, North-
 west Trust & Savings Bank a corpora-
 tion and serve a copy of your answer
 the undersigned attorney for said
 complainant, Northwest Trust &
 Savings Bank, a corporation, at his
 office below stated; and in case of your
 failure so to do, judgment will be ren-
 dered against you according to the de-
 mand of the cross-complaint, which
 has been filed with the clerk of said
 court.

The objects of said action are to ob-
 tain a judgment on account of a prom-
 issory note given by defendants George
 W. Lee and Anna Lee, M. C. Robbins
 and D. H. Lee to Irving T. Cole, in
 the sum of \$700.00, with interest there-
 on from February 6th, 1914, at the rate
 of 8% per annum, together with at-
 torney's fees and costs, and to foreclose
 a real estate mortgage given by the
 said defendants Dora C. Young, George
 W. Lee and Anna Lee, his wife, M. C.
 Robbins and D. H. Lee to the said
 Irving T. Cole to secure the payment
 of said note, upon the following de-
 scribed real estate situated in King
 County, Washington, to-wit: Lots 16,
 17 and 18, and Lots 21 to 34, both in-
 clusive, all in Block 21 of University
 Lake Shore Addition, in Division No. 3
 thereof, to the City of Seattle, King
 County, Washington, and to obtain a
 judgment of \$548.15, together with in-
 terest thereon at the rate of 6% per
 annum from April 22nd, 1916, against
 Dora C. Young, M. C. Robbins, George
 W. Lee and Anna Lee, his wife, and
 D. H. Lee, and to foreclose as a mort-
 gage a certain deed executed by the
 said Dora C. Young, M. C. Robbins,
 George W. Lee and Anna Lee, his wife,
 and D. H. Lee to Irving T. Cole, to the
 following described property situated
 in Seattle, King County, Washington,
 to-wit: Lots 10 and 11 in Block 25, all
 in Division 3, and Lots 9 to 14 inclu-
 sive in Block 26, of Division 4, all in
 University Lake Shore Addition to the
 City of Seattle, which said deed was
 given to secure the payment of the
 said indebtedness; and to determine the
 ownership of two certain contracts one
 executed by the American Investment
 & Improvement Company, a corpora-
 tion, as vendor, to M. C. Robbins, as
 vendee, dated February 4, 1910, cover-

ing Lot 36, in Block 14, Division 1, of
 University Lake Shore Addition to the
 City of Seattle, King County, Washing-
 ton, endorsed upon which said contract
 is an assignment thereof executed by
 M. C. Robbins May 26, 1910, to B. A.
 Lee, and also one executed by the
 American Investment & Improvement
 Company, a corporation as vendor, to
 B. A. Lee, as vendee, dated March 25,
 1910, covering Lots 24 and 25 in Block
 1, of the University Lake Shore Addi-
 tion to the City of Seattle, Division
 Number One, according to the recorded
 plat thereof; upon which said contract
 is endorsed an assignment thereof dated
 Feb. . . ., 1914, executed by B. A. Lee,
 B. A. George and W. H. George, the
 assignee's name being left in blank;
 and that the claims of each and all of
 said defendants in and to the property
 above described be adjudged to be
 second and subordinate to the lien of
 the defendant and cross-complainant,
 Northwest Trust & Savings Bank, as
 executor of the estate of Irving T. Cole,
 deceased, and that the said property be
 sold according to law to satisfy the
 judgment of defendant and cross-com-
 plainant, Northwest Trust & Savings
 Bank as herein set forth and that the
 proceeds of such sale be applied to the
 payment of said judgment.

JOHN F. REED,
 Attorney for Cross-Complainant, North-
 west Trust & Savings Bank,
 Office and Post Office Address:
 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
 First pub. March 26, 1921. 7t May 7

JACKSON SILBAUGH
 Attorney 625 Lyon Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for King County
 Elisha J. Davis, Plaintiff, vs. Minnie E.
 Davis, Defendant. No.
 Summons By Publication.
 The State of Washington: To the said
 Minnie E. Davis, Defendant:
 You are hereby summoned to appear
 within sixty days after the date of the
 first publication of this summons, to-
 wit: within sixty days after the 12th
 day of March, 1921, and defend the
 above entitled action in the above en-
 titled court and answer the complaint
 of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of
 your answer upon the undersigned at-
 torney for plaintiff at his office below
 stated; and in case of your failure so
 to do, judgment will be rendered against
 you according to the demand of the

complaint, which has been filed with
 the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled ac-
 tion is to procure a divorce on the
 grounds of cruelty, incompatibility of
 temperament and voluntary living sep-
 arate and apart for more than eight
 years.

JACKSON SILBAUGH,
 Attorney for Plaintiff.
 P. O. Address: 625 Lyon Bldg., Seattle,
 King County, Wash.
 First pub. March 12, 1921. 7t Apr 23

LUNDIN & BARTO
 Lawyers 817 Alaska Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for King County.
 In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Octave
 Lussier, Deceased. No. 28795.
 Notice to Creditors.
 Notice is hereby given that the under-

signed has been appointed and has
 qualified as Executrix of the estate of
 Octave Lussier, Deceased; that all per-
 sons having claims against said de-
 ceased are hereby required to serve the
 same duly verified, on said Executrix
 or her attorneys of record at the ad-
 dress below stated, and file the same
 with the Clerk of said Court, together
 with proof of such service within six
 months after the date of first publica-
 tion of this notice, or the same will be
 barred.

Date of first publication, March 5,
 1921.

ROSALIE LUSSIER,
 Executrix of said Estate.
 Address 817 Alaska Building, Seattle,
 Washington.
LUNDIN & BARTO
 Attorneys for Estate, 817 Alaska
 Building, Seattle, Wash.
 First pub March 5, 1921 4t March 26

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SEATTLE, WASH.

Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. X. NO. 14.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, APRIL 2, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS

REFERENDUM OF HOUSE BILL 174 LAUNCHED

With representatives of civic, labor and commercial organizations meeting Thursday noon, James A. Haight, chairman of the referendum committee announced that plans were virtually complete for the movement to obtain a referendum on H. B. 174, the certificate of necessity measure passed by the last session of the legislature. It is expected that petitions will be printed and distributed within a few days, and actual work begun. The committee plans to rent suitable headquarters in the downtown section and will employ an executive secretary and such other persons necessary to carry on the important work.

That the act is obnoxious to the people of the State is indicated by the following resolution, passed by the City Council of Seattle last week:

RESOLUTION NO. 6758

WHEREAS, there has been transmitted to the City Council a resolution heretofore adopted by the City Council of the City of Spokane in support of the movement to refer to the people of the State of Washington House Bill No. 174, passed by the 1921 Legislature, which said resolution in its words and figures as follows, to-wit:

WHEREAS, House Bill, No. 174, the so-called certificate of necessity law, passed by the legislature just closed would, if permitted to stand unchallenged, create a virtual monopoly of the vast undeveloped water power resources of the State of Washington in the relatively few private corporations now in this field. Washington stands first among the states in the extent of its potential undeveloped water power, and while the state is third in the extent of its developed power, yet the amount developed is relatively small as

compared to the whole, and this developed power is substantially controlled by two or three great hydro-electric organizations. The undeveloped water power of the state must, under the practical operation of this law, await for its utilization the pleasure and convenience of these organizations of private capital; and,

"WHEREAS, the avowed purpose to be accomplished by this law is in violation of the constitution of the State of Washington, which provides that no monopolies or trusts shall ever be allowed in this state, and that no law shall be passed granting to any citizen, class of citizens, or corporations other than municipal, privileges or immunities which upon the same terms shall not equally belong to all citizens or corporations; and,

"WHEREAS, this act not only violates the constitutional limitations imposed by human law, but as well contravenes the divine ordinances of God, who has set apart for the use of our people and the generations who are to come and make their home here 'a good land, a land of brooks of water, of fountains and depths that spring out of valleys and hills'. The certificate of

necessity law ordains that these waters shall, except at the pleasure of a few privileged corporations, continue to pour their floods unharnessed to the sea; and,

"WHEREAS, this law is particularly and especially objectionable in its relations to the municipalities of the state in that it forbids their use of their own streets, except as they get consent thereunto from the director of public works residing in Olympia, and,

"WHEREAS, the veto of the Governor of section 2 of this act, which provided for the control by the director of public works of the municipally owned utilities of the state, in no way modifies or mitigates the vicious provisions of Section 1, embodying the certificate of necessity and convenience provisions; and,

"WHEREAS, a law of like import was decisively beaten at the polls in 1916, and we are advised that a movement is now under way to subject this law to a referendum in the exercise of the people to veto obnoxious legislation. Now, Therefore,

"BE IT RESOLVED that the city council of the City of Spokane hereby expresses its hearty

approval of the movement to refer this act to the people of the State of Washington at the next election, and pledges itself to do everything that it may lawfully do to further this movement, and it urges the other cities and towns of the state, as well as all private organizations of citizens concerned in the public welfare, to likewise enlist in this campaign.

"RESOLVED FURTHER that copies of this resolution be sent by the clerk to the city councils of the principal cities of the state.

"Adopted by a unanimous vote of the whole city council this 18th day of March, 1921.

"F. W. KELLAM.

"City Clerk."

And WHEREAS, the provisions of Section 1 of said House Bill No. 174 affect the City of Seattle in the operation of its public utilities to an extent equal to, if not greater than, any other city in the State of Washington; and,

WHEREAS, the City Council of the City of Seattle believes that said House Bill No. 174 should not only be referred to the people of said State, but also defeated by them, Now, Therefore,

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF SEATTLE as follows:

That the City Council of said City of Seattle does hereby concur in the said resolution heretofore adopted by the City Council of the City of Spokane.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Chairman of the Judiciary and City Utilities Committees of the City Council, the Mayor, and the Corporation Counsel be, and are hereby, requested to render all assistance legally possible in support of the movement to refer said bill to the people of the State of Wash-

MR. JOHN A. LAPP

Former Director of the Indiana State Bureau of Legislative and Administrative Information, Author and Lecturer of Note

will address the Municipal League on
Tuesday Noon, April 5, 1921,
at BLANC'S CAFE (opposite County City Bldg)
on "Important Phases of Municipal Government"
A large attendance is desired

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

Published Weekly by the
MUNICIPAL LEAGUE OF SEATTLE
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James W. Reynolds, Ex-officio Trustee

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

ington.

Passed the City Council the 24 day of March, 1921, and signed by me in open session in authentication of its passage, this 24 day of March, 1921.

ROBT. B. HESKETH

President of the City Council.

Filed the 24 day of March 1921.

H. W. CARROLL

City Comptroller and ex-officio City Clerk.

By E. M. STREET
Deputy.

SECRETARY'S COMMENTS

Election of officers of the Municipal League will be held the fourth Monday in May. The by-laws of the League provide that the Board of Trustees shall provide, sixty days before the annual election, a nomination committee of five members for the nomination of officers. The nominating committee must make known its nominees, which shall be of not less than two names for each office to be filled, to the members of the League at least twenty-five days before the date of the annual election. Any member of the League may be named for office upon the written petition of ten members of the League sent to the Secretary at least fifteen days before the date of the annual election.

The offices to be filled this year include that of President, Second vice-president, Treasurer and five members of the Board of Trustees, the retiring members being Fred W. Catlett, Walter S. Johnson, L. D. Lewis, Andrew W. Allen and M. L. Baker.

Just to show how easy it is to get members when a personal solicitation is made, the president and secretary in a two-hour period, secured eight new applications for membership, the same being C. J. Smith, 623 Lyon Bldg. Russel A. Farrell, 1406 E. Greenlake Way, Morris A. Robbins, 442 New York Block, A. E. Flagg, 1119 Yakima, W. E. Lovejoy, 4535, 8th Avenue Northeast, H. A. Owen, Jr., 239 County-City Building, Torfi Segurdsson, County-Auditor's office, M. G. Reugenberg, 1220 Post street and D. E. Ferguson, County Auditor's office, Local 96.

The committee on education headed by Lewis Schwellenbach, is meeting frequently and expects to report to the League in the very near future on the financial status of the Seattle School system.

The committee of the League which attended the luncheon given by the Port Commission in honor of the visiting Chicago councilmen enjoyed it immensely. There was some very plain speaking by the chairman of the delegation, Alderman U. S. Schwartz, and by one or two other members. The real objective of the trip, explained Schwartz, was to study the transportation problems of San Francisco and Seattle. In the former city municipal ownership was reported as having been successful, while in Seattle it was generally considered a failure. That if it were a failure in Seattle it was not due to improper management seemed to be the conclu-

sion reached by the delegation.

How to insure the security of interest and principal of the investors in railway utilities, and how to secure better service for patrons were the problems of present day public utilities, stated Alderman Schwartz, Chicago, he said, was contemplating purchasing its street railways; and it was with the hope that a study of the situation as it exists in other cities that the trip was undertaken.

The visitors were highly pleased with the reception accorded them here and were especially appreciative of the frank way in which Seattle's public officials discussed with them the railway situation.

TAX EXPERT ADDRESSES LEAGUE

That the system of general property taxation in the United States is the most discredited in the world; that the United States is farthest behind of any country in taxation reform; and that the State of Washington is farthest behind of any state in the Union —was the statement made by Prof. F. J. Laube of the political science department of the University of Washington in his address to the Municipal League at its meeting Tuesday noon.

"Sections 2 and 3 of Article VII of the State constitution, a relic of the eighteenth century when everyone lived on the land, provides for a uniform and equal rate of assessment and taxation on all property in the state. This provision is the most serious obstacle in the way of taxation reforms; in fact the constitution must be amended to secure reform," declared Prof. Laube.

"84 4-10 per cent of the burden of taxation in Washington is being born by real estate and 13 4-10 per cent by personal property, thus showing that personal property, comprising great wealth of the state, escapes its due share of taxation. Our present system puts an invitation upon perjury," further declared Laube. "Business will not bear more than a tax of from three to six mills, while under present law, taxing personal property on a 50 per cent basis at 72 mills, means on the average a tax of 29 per cent of the income. This is

not equitable."

Laube stated that experience has shown that retrenchment amount of taxation never cures; we shall spend more and more in the future, the problem being how to get new sources of revenue.

Prof. Laube expressed the hope that the commission working for a reformation of the problem would achieve success.

MUNICIPAL RAILWAY FOR 1920

Revenue receipts of the municipal street railway showed a gain of \$567,249.05 over operating expenses during 1920, despite the fact that the system was operated under a 5-cent fare several months of the year, and a 6-cent fare the remaining five months, according to figures prepared by Supt. D. W. Henderson, approved by the city controller's office, and incorporated by Maj. Carl H. Reeves, superintendent of public utilities, in his annual report to the mayor and city council.

Notwithstanding this excess of receipts over operating expenses, a net loss of \$986,327.67 on the year's business is shown by the statement, the revenues amounting to \$5,451,174.64, against which are shown expenses, allowances and charges aggregating \$6,437,502.31 listed as follows: Operating expenses, \$1,883,925.59; interest on general bonds, \$35,750; interest on utility bonds, \$823,000; miscellaneous interest, \$2.06; discount on utility bonds, \$6,908.15; depreciation, \$699,178.65; loss on auto operation, \$10,737.86.

Including accrued losses of \$3,559.92 and delayed losses from previous years of \$256,670.20 the income and loss statement for the year shows a total deficit of \$236,283.60.

Reviewing the new construction completed during the year, the report declares several districts of the city are in need of street railway service and calls attention to a list of proposed extensions recommended to the city council last fall.

"No action has been taken in regard to these extensions for the reason that it has been rated

difficult to provide the necessary amount of money to purchase rails and other material for these extensions. Our recommendation is that as soon as possible some provision should be made whereby these extensions can be completed. We believe it would be for the best interests of the city in general that these be taken care of at an early date," the report states.

In referring to the jitney situation, the report recommends that "some action be taken whereby the jitneys may be regulated and compelled to live up to such regulation," and adds:

Would Bar Jitneys

"Jitneys should not be allowed to operate on the same streets in which car lines are located as we have sufficient amount of equipment in the railway department to take care of all traffic on any line which we operate, without assistance from the jitneys.

"There are a few outlying districts which at this time are not served by the municipal railway and such locations as these the jitneys could legitimately operate in, provided they are compelled to pay a certain amount of their earnings to the city for the right to operate over the streets, as they are operating for the purpose of making money and are not in the same class as the privately-owned machines."

Substantial decrease in the number of accidents on the car lines during 1920, as compared with the previous year, is shown by the report the total number in 1920 being 6,511, against 7,291 in 1919. The number of collisions with cars was 246; collisions with vehicles, 2,076; collisions with pedestrians, 205; injuries on cars, 317; step accidents, standing cars, 403; derailments, 231, and miscellaneous, 680. There were 106 ejections of passengers for which damage claims were filed, and six fatalities among passengers and trainmen, against 9 in 1919.

Damage Suits Filed

Suits for damages filed in the courts against the city as the result of accidents on the car lines totaled 100, the aggregate amount sued or being \$701,771.69. Other claims for damages filed against the city for railway accidents numbered 662, the aggregate damages claimed being \$1,038,-

552. Suits to the number of 35 were adjudicated in the courts, the total damages allowed being \$43,652 while 308 other claims, aggregating \$76,314.41 were settled out of court.

Trainmen in the employ of the department Dec. 31, 1920, numbered 1,344, of which 1,197 were regular and 147 temporary employees. There were in regular service 562 motormen, 586 conductors and 49 gripmen. Regular employees to the number of 147 left the service during the year, while 60 entered the service.

Since Oct. 1, 1919, the wage scale or trainment has been \$4.75 a day for the first three months of employment and \$5.25 a day thereafter. The employees' pay has been increased twice since the city took over the car lines.

City's Growth Indicated

Summaries of the year's work in other divisions of the public utilities department contained in Reeves' report are featured by statistics showing the total number of telephones in Seattle on Dec. 31, 1920, to have been 74,897, an increase of 8.3 per cent over the previous year. This, the report declares, indicates that Seattle is "maintaining a rate of growth presaging an assured future."

JAMES T. LAWLER
Attorney 512-14 White Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington For King County Delia Merkle, Plaintiff, vs. Ernest Merkle, Defendant, No.
Summons by Publication.
The State of Washington: to Ernest Merkle, Defendant:
You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 2nd day of April, 1921, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court and answer the complaint of plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff, at his office below stated and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court.

The object of the above entitled action is to procure a divorce on the grounds of abandonment for more than one year and for neglect to make suitable provisions for the support of plaintiff and family.

JAMES T. LAWLER,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address: 512-14 White Building, Seattle, King County, Washington.
First pub. April 2, 1921 7t May 14

CHARLES H. HARTGE
Attorney 521 Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington For King County. In the Matter of the Estate of Annie M. Marshall, Deceased. In Probate. No. 29001. Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Harvey Martin Marshall, has been appointed and has qualified as administrator with will annexed of the estate of the above named Annie M. Marshall, deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased or against said estate are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administrator or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service,

within six months from the 26th day of March, 1921, the date of first publication of this notice or the same will be barred.

HARVEY MARTIN MARSHALL,
As Administrator with will annexed of said Estate.
CHARLES H. HARTGE,
Attorney for Administrator with Will Annexed.
Office and Post Office Address: 521 Central Building, Seattle, Washington.
First pub. Mar 26, 1921. 4t Apr 16

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Jessie C. Gunter, Deceased.
No. 28953. Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Executor of the estate of Jessie C. Gunter, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Executor or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication, March 26th 1921.

GEORGE T. GUNTER,
Executor of said Estate.
Address 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
JOHN F. REED,
Attorney for Estate, 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Mar 26, 1921. 4t Apr 16

JOHN F. REED
Attorney Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and for the County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Otella G. Rustad, Deceased. No. 27689.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition For Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that H. R. Rustad, Administrator of the Estate of Otella G. Rustad deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons entitled thereto and discharge said Administrator; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 29th day of April, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.
Dated this 31st day of March, 1921.
GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By **GEO. L. BERGER,**
Deputy.
First pub April 2, 1921 4t Apr 23

JAMES T. LAWLER
Attorney 512-14 White Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of William Reid Hooker, Deceased. No. 25478.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition For Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Edwin T. Hooker, administrator, of the Estate of William Reid Hooker, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said administrator; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 22nd day of April, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Pro-

bate Department of said Court.
Dated this 18th day of March, 1921.
GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By **H. C. GORDON,** Deputy.
JAMES T. LAWLER, Attorney for Estate, 512-14 White Bldg., Seattle, Wn.
First pub. March 19, 1921. 4t Apr. 9

JACKSON SILBAUGH
Attorney 625 Lyon Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Frederick L. Waegle, Deceased.
No. 27877. Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Jackson Silbaugh, Administrator of the Estate of Frederick L. Waegle, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said administrator; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 13th day of April, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.
Dated this 12th day of March, 1921.
GEO. A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By **H. C. GORDON,** Deputy.
First pub. March 12 1921 4t Apr 2

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JACKSON SILBAUGH
 Attorney 625 Lyon Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, for King County.
 No. 29074. Notice to Creditors.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Florence
 Alexander, Deceased.
 Notice is hereby given that the un-
 dersigned has been appointed and has
 qualified as administrator of the estate
 of Florence Alexander, Deceased; that
 all persons having claims against said
 deceased are hereby required to serve
 the same, duly verified, on said admin-
 istrator or his attorney of record at
 the address below stated, and file the
 same with the Clerk of said Court, to-
 gether with proof of such service with-
 in six months after the date of first
 publication of this notice, or the same
 will be barred.
 Date of first publication March 26th,
 1921.

LOUIS ALEXANDER,
 Administrator of said Estate.
 Address, 625 Lyon Building, Seattle,
 Wash.
JACKSON SILBAUGH,
 Attorney for Estate.
 First pub. Mar 26, 1921. 4t Apr 16

JOHN F. REED
 Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, in and For the
 County of King.
 R. H. Lee and Ruby Lee, husband and
 wife, Plaintiffs, vs. Northwest Trust
 & Savings Bank, a corporation, and
 Dora C. Young, a widow, George W.
 Lee and Anna Lee, his wife, M. C.
 Robbins, a spinster, D. H. Lee, a
 widower, H. C. Stuart and Jane Doe
 Stuart (whose given name is to de-
 fendant Northwest Trust & Savings
 Bank unknown), his wife, James E.
 McGrew, C. Van Horn, John C. Mich-
 aels and Mayme M. Michaels, The
 Mercantile National Bank, a corpora-
 tion, American Investment & Im-
 provement Company, a corporation,
 and B. A. Lee, Defendants.
 No. 134838. Summons by Publication.
 The State of Washington to: Dora C.
 Young, a widow, George W. Lee
 and Anna Lee, his wife, M. C.
 Robbins, a spinster, D. H. Lee,
 a widower, H. C. Stuart and Jane
 Doe Stuart (whose given name is to
 defendant Northwest Trust & Sav-
 ings Bank unknown) his wife, James
 E. McGrew, C. Van Horn, John C.
 Michaels and Mayme M. Michaels,
 The Mercantile National Bank, a cor-
 poration, American Investment & Im-
 provement Company, a corporation,
 and B. A. Lee, Defendants.

You and each of you are hereby sum-
 moned to appear within sixty (60) days
 after the date of the first publication
 of this summons, to-wit: within sixty
 (60) days after the 26th day of March,
 1921, and defend the above entitled
 action in the above entitled court, and
 answer the cross-complaint of the de-
 fendand and cross-complainant, North-
 west Trust & Savings Bank a corpora-
 tion, and serve a copy of your answer
 upon the undersigned attorney for said
 cross-complainant, Northwest Trust &
 Savings Bank, a corporation, at his
 office below stated; and in case of your
 failure so to do, judgment will be ren-
 dered against you according to the de-
 mand of the cross-complaint, which
 has been filed with the clerk of said
 court.

The objects of said action are to ob-
 tain a judgment on account of a prom-
 issory note given by defendants George
 W. Lee and Anna Lee, M. C. Robbins
 and D. H. Lee to Irving T. Cole, in
 the sum of \$700.00, with interest there-
 on from February 6th, 1914, at the rate
 of 8% per annum, together with at-
 torney's fees and costs, and to foreclose
 a real estate mortgage given by the
 said defendants Dora C. Young, George
 W. Lee and Anna Lee, his wife, M. C.
 Robbins and D. H. Lee to the said
 Irving T. Cole to secure the payment
 of said note, upon the following de-
 scribed real estate situated in King
 County, Washington, to-wit: Lots 16,
 17 and 18, and Lots 21 to 34, both in-
 clusive, all in Block 21 of University
 Lake Shore Addition, in Division No. 3
 thereof, to the City of Seattle, King
 County, Washington, and to obtain a
 judgment of \$548.15, together with in-
 terest thereon at the rate of 6% per
 annum from April 22nd, 1916, against
 Dora C. Young, M. C. Robbins, George
 W. Lee and Anna Lee, his wife, and
 D. H. Lee, and to foreclose as a mort-
 gage a certain deed executed by the
 said Dora C. Young, M. C. Robbins,
 George W. Lee and Anna Lee, his wife,
 and D. H. Lee to Irving T. Cole, to the
 following described property situated
 in Seattle, King County, Washington,
 to-wit: Lots 10 and 11 in Block 25, all
 in Division 3, and Lots 9 to 14 inclu-
 sive in Block 26, of Division 4, all in
 University Lake Shore Addition to the
 City of Seattle, which said deed was
 given to secure the payment of the
 said indebtedness; and to determine the
 ownership of two certain contracts one
 executed by the American Investment
 & Improvement Company, a corpora-
 tion, as vendor, to M. C. Robbins, as
 vendee, dated February 4, 1910, cover-

ing Lot 36, in Block 14, Division 1, of
 University Lake Shore Addition to the
 City of Seattle, King County, Washing-
 ton, endorsed upon which said contract
 is an assignment thereof executed by
 M. C. Robbins May 26, 1910, to B. A.
 Lee, and also one executed by the
 American Investment & Improvement
 Company, a corporation as vendor, to
 B. A. Lee, as vendee, dated March 25,
 1910, covering Lots 24 and 25 in Block
 1, of the University Lake Shore Addi-
 tion to the City of Seattle, Division
 Number One, according to the recorded
 plat thereof; upon which said contract
 is endorsed an assignment thereof dated
 Feb., 1914, executed by B. A. Lee,
 B. A. George and W. H. George, the
 assignee's name being left in blank;
 and that the claims of each and all of
 said defendants in and to the property
 above described be adjudged to be
 second and subordinate to the lien of
 the defendant and cross-complainant,
 Northwest Trust & Savings Bank, as
 executor of the estate of Irving T. Cole,
 deceased, and that the said property be
 sold according to law to satisfy the
 judgment of defendant and cross-com-
 plainant, Northwest Trust & Savings
 Bank as herein set forth and that the
 proceeds of such sale be applied to the
 payment of said judgment.

JOHN F. REED,
 Attorney for Cross-Complainant, North-
 west Trust & Savings Bank,
 Office and Post Office Address:
 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
 First pub. March 26, 1921. 7t May 7

JACKSON SILBAUGH
 Attorney 625 Lyon Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for King County
 Elisha J. Davis, Plaintiff, vs. Minnie E.
 Davis, Defendant. No.
 Summons By Publication.
 The State of Washington: To the said
 Minnie E. Davis, Defendant:
 You are hereby summoned to appear
 within sixty days after the date of the
 first publication of this summons, to-
 wit: within sixty days after the 12th
 day of March, 1921, and defend the
 above entitled action in the above en-
 titled court and answer the complaint
 of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of
 your answer upon the undersigned at-
 torney for plaintiff at his office below
 stated; and in case of your failure so
 to do, judgment will be rendered against
 you according to the demand of the

complaint, which has been filed with
 the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled ac-
 tion is to procure a divorce on the
 grounds of cruelty, incompatibility of
 temperament and voluntary living sep-
 arate and apart for more than eight
 years.

JACKSON SILBAUGH,
 Attorney for Plaintiff.
 P. O. Address: 625 Lyon Bldg., Seattle,
 King County, Wash.
 First pub. March 12, 1921. 7t Apr 23

LUNDIN & BARTO
 Lawyers 817 Alaska Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for King County.
 In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Octave
 Lussier, Deceased. No. 28795.
 Notice to Creditors.
 Notice is hereby given that the under-

signed has been appointed and has
 qualified as Executrix of the estate of
 Octave Lussier, Deceased; that all per-
 sons having claims against said de-
 ceased are hereby required to serve the
 same duly verified, on said Executrix
 or her attorneys of record at the ad-
 dress below stated, and file the same
 with the Clerk of said Court, together
 with proof of such service within six
 months after the date of first publica-
 tion of this notice, or the same will be
 barred.

Date of first publication, March 5,
 1921.

ROSALIE LUSSIER,
 Executrix of said Estate.
 Address 817 Alaska Building, Seattle,
 Washington.
LUNDIN & BARTO
 Attorneys for Estate, 817 Alaska
 Building, Seattle, Wash.
 First pub March 5, 1921 4t March 26

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. X, NO. 15.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, APRIL 9, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS

REFERENDUM PETITIONS READY FOR SIGNERS

By James A. Haight.

"House Bill No. 174 Referendum Committee" is the official name of the committee that is organized to bring about the referendum of the certificate of necessity measure. Headquarters have been established at 428 Railway Exchange Building; phone Elliott 4564, with Carl Brannin in charge of the office as executive secretary. An appeal for funds has been issued by Mr. C. E. Bogardus, treasurer of the committee. "It will cost at least one thousand dollars, and possibly more, for the committee to effect this referendum," stated Mr. Bogardus. "May I urge every member of the Municipal League to contribute as much as he possibly can to this splendid work. The League has made a contribution of at least fifty dollars, of which twenty-five dollars has already been paid. It is hoped that the Municipal League, which organization really initiated this measure, will contribute several times the amount that is subscribed."

President James T. Lawler of the League urges every member to contribute his mite. Checks may be sent to the secretary of the Municipal League at 510 Central Building as contributions by organizations save a good deal of bookkeeping by the referendum committee.

The petitions bear upon their face the following:

"Petition For Referendum"

To the Honorable J. Frank Hinkle, Secretary of State of the State of Washington:

We, the undersigned citizens of the State of Washington and legal voters of the respective precincts set opposite our names, respectfully order and direct that REFERENDUM MEASURE election to be held on the 7th day

DR. OLIVER H. RICHARDSON

Professor of History, University of Washington,
will address the Municipal League on
Tuesday Noon, April 12th

at BLANC'S CAFE (Opposite County-City Bldg)
ON

"New Official Light for Immediate Cause of the
World War"

100% ATTENDANCE THIS TIME!

of November, A. D., 1922; and each of us for himself says, I have personally signed this petition; I am a legal voter of the State of Washington, in the precinct, city (or town), and county written after my name, and my residence address is correctly stated." On the back of the petition is stated in full the act as it now stands. To the circulators of the petitions has been and will be issued a bulletin of instruction which contains the following information:

1. Payment for circulating these petitions is prohibited by law.

2. Get signatures of none but legal voters.

3. See that all signers are registered voters, no others will be counted.

4. Names on the petition must be written the same as on the registration books. Mrs. Mary E. Jones not Mrs. John J. Jones

6. A signer residing in a city or town must sign a petition for the City or town in which he resides.

7. A signer residing outside of a city or town must sign a petition for the precinct in which he resides.

8. After securing all the signatures you can, either return the signatures to your local committee, if you have one, who will have them properly certified; or

take them yourself to the registration officer for certification NO. 12 entitled "An act providing for the issuance of certificate of necessity and convenience by the director of public works to public service companies in cases where similar service is being rendered the localities to be served by other public service companies," being a part of a bill passed by the 17th legislature of the State of Washington at the last regular session of said legislature, shall be referred to the people of the state for their approval or rejection at the regular and return them to State Headquarters, 428 Railway Exchange Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

9. Be sure that the registration officer writes his initials opposite each name of a registered voter on each petition and that he fills out the blanks at the bottom and signs his name and affixes his seal, if he have a seal.

10. Do not tear off copy of bill.

11. Further information cheerfully given upon request.

12. Signed petitions require first class postage.

13. Send in your signed and certified petitions on or before
MAY 20, 1921

with your name and address on the package to House Bill No. 174 Referendum Committee, 428

(Continued on page two)

MUNICIPAL NOTES BY THE SECRETARY

To the Public Safety Committee, headed by Jackson Silbaugh, has been referred the following communication addressed to the League by Mr. Silbaugh:

"Municipal League:
From late issues of the Times, it appears, that through the activities of certain business men's organizations, it has been learned that notwithstanding the pressing need of economy in public affairs, public officials have permitted the purchase of expensive automobiles (not needed for public use) to be used, and were used exclusively by employees and their families and maintained with tax payers' money.

The efforts to stop this misuse of public funds deserved the thanks of every tax payer and a committee of the League should investigate the matter and report at some future meeting.

JACKSON SILBAUGH".

The committee is expected to bring in its report at a meeting in the near future.

* * *

A special committee of five will be appointed by President Lawler to consider the matter of securing a uniform switching charge in Seattle. The matter was called to the League's attention by Mr. James A. Haight whose letter here follows:

"Let me call attention to the fact that the Seattle Merchants Exchange, through Manager Frank R. Hanlon is endeavoring to secure a uniform switching charge in Seattle.

"This is a matter that the Municipal League has long been endeavoring to help secure. I suggest that our committee on Harbor Development be instructed to co-operate with Mr. Hanlon and the Seattle Merchants' Exchange and make such reports

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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.....Malcolm Douglas, Stuart Building, Elliott 1903
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Treasurer.....A. F. Bailey, 922 2nd Avenue, Elliott 732
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Edward W. Allen
Terms Expire May 1922
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Robert F. Sandall
Jackson Silbaugh

James W. Reynolds, Ex-officio Trustee

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

from time to time as will keep the League informed as to the situation.

JAMES A. HAIGHT."

* * *

Mr. Arthur H. Hutchinson has been selected to act as chairman of the nominating committee of the League instead of Mr. Haight whose activities in connection with the referendum of House Bill No. 174 has been so extensive as not to permit any additional time for a matter of so much importance as that of chairman of the nominating committee. The other members of committee are: James W. Reynolds, S. M. Brackett, Claude H. Anderson and James A. Haight.

* * *

The president and secretary will be the official representatives of the Municipal League at a meeting which will be held in the near future under the auspices of the Chamber of Commerce for the purpose of establishing the "community chest" in Seattle.

* * *

The following applications for memberships were acted upon favorably by the Board of Trustees at Wednesday's meeting:

Charles A. Newhall—6303, 21st Ave. N. E. City.
Frank A. Steele—431 Lyon Bldg. City.
John A. Soule—431 Lyon Bldg.
James C. L. McKnight—205-6 Crary Bldg.
John S. McRobbie—563 R. R. Ave. So.
Chas. S. Todd—1113—3rd. Ave.
W. D. Lambuth—Lyon Bldg.
John U. Evans—715, 3rd. Ave.

C. A. K. Anderson—435 Henry Bldg.

E. E. Shields—Lyon Bldg.

John R. Nevins—Hoge Bldg.

Jacob Dobrin—Northern Life Bldg.

* * *

To Prof. L. I. Neikirk, a professor of the University of Washington and a staunch member of the League, has been referred the matter of re-apportionment of the state, a matter in which Prof. Neikirk has been interested for a long period of time. An additional personnel of four committeemen will be selected by the President to act in co-operation with Prof. Neikirk in this important task.

* * *

The plans are already being initiated for the annual meeting which is to be held the last Tuesday in May, the meeting this year falling on May 31st. At this meeting the election of officers will take place. A program of unusual excellence is being planned by Mr. James Reynolds, chairman of the program committee. It is hoped that Dean Stephen I. Miller of the School of Business Administration will accept the invitation to address the League at that time. The Board suggested that the subject of "A municipal Research Bureau" be the main topic of Mr. Miller's address. This is particularly appropriate in view of the fact that the League now has a committee at work on that matter, and in view of the fact that Dean Miller has taken an active interest in such a movement. It is planned to hold an

evening meeting and to secure the largest possible attendance of League members and their wives. Just where the meeting will be held this year is undecided, but in view of the success of last year's meeting which was held at the Washington Annex, it is more than probable that a meeting will be held at the same place. The present meeting place of the League, it is feared, will be too small to accommodate those desiring to attend. Further announcement will be made in the next number of the "News".

* * *

President Lawler hopes that a large class of candidates will be "initiated" at the annual meeting. President Lawler has been working hard, he, himself, has brought in something like fifteen members thus far. "Every member of the League is urged to bring at least one member so that the record of the League will be strengthened and the League placed on a sound financial foundation at the time when my term of office expires", stated Mr. Lawler. The members of the League certainly should support Mr. Lawler for he has given his untiring services in the interests of the League, sacrificing his own interest for this work. One applicant is easy enough to get. Let every member show his loyalty to the president and to the organization by doing his part in this work.

* * *

Next Tuesday's meeting will be given up to Prof. Oliver H. Richardson of the History Department of the University of Washington who will talk on "Immediate Causes of the World War". "Documents published recently by the Governments of Europe have revealed the immediate causes of the war", stated Prof. Richardson. "We probably know all the causes of the origin of the War—probably all that we shall ever know—stated Prof. Richardson. His address is awaited with keen interest. The week following, April 19th, Dean C. E. Magnusson of the University of Washington Engineering School will speak on "Hydro Electric Development in the State of Washington". It is expected that this address from an authority like Dean Magnusson will shed new light on the Skagit and other hydro-electric developments in the state.

REFERENDUM PETITIONS READY FOR SIGNERS

(Continued from page one)

Railway Exchange Building, Seattle, Wash.

A brief statement as to what House Bill No. 174 is contained on the reverse side of this bulletin of instruction and it states as follows:

This act in effect prohibits every new public service company from operating unless it gets from the State a "Certificate of public necessity and convenience." The existing companies of the State are expressly permitted to extend their plants without being required to get a certificate. While the new Company is getting ready for business and applying for the certificate and notice of the hearing is being given, the existing company can make its extensions and by the time the hearing comes on will be in position to make such a showing of capacity to serve all the wants of the locality in which the new company seeks to operate that the State will be obliged to refuse the certificate.

The water power of this State is estimated at 9,500,000 horse power, the largest possessed by any of the United States and larger than that of any industrial nation of the world except Norway and Canada. Of this water power 369,000 horse power have been developed, and Seattle and Tacoma are planning to develop 600,000 more, leaving 8,500,000 horse power which this act warns all except the existing water power companies operating in the State not to touch. In other words this act bids the people of the State of Washington to refrain from developing their own water power unless they first get the permission of their water power companies. The monopoly value of this water power is \$40 per year per horse power as developed or potentially \$340,000,000 a year, quite a reward for securing this legislation. Also a sum worth keeping by the people to aid the industrial development of their State.

In 1915 a "Certificate of Necessity and Convenience" act was passed in this state. A referendum was ordered and in the election of November, 1916, the people vetoed the act by a vote

over 200,000 against and less than 47,000 for it.

Our municipal utilities have not been subjected to the difficulties presented by this act.

Article 12, Sec. 22, of the Washington Constitution declares "Monopolies and trusts shall never be allowed in this state." Should not all good citizens help enforce their Constitution?

Petitions may be obtained by League members from the referendum headquarters or from the secretary of the League.

DIMMOCK MAKES REPORT

PLANS FOR GORGE CREEK UNIT REVIEWED

City Light Revenue Will Pay Skagit Development Interest Engineer Declares

Revenues of the City Light Department will be sufficient to carry the interest charges on the Skagit hydro-electric development, City Engineer A. H. Dimmock says in his annual report to the mayor and City Council, submitted late yesterday.

The report reviews the plans for development of the Gorge Creek unit at a cost of \$9,700,000, including an interest charge of \$50,000, and says:

"Taxpayers need have no fear at the building of the Skagit power plant, large though it may be, will overload the light plant and add to the burden of general taxation."

The engineer, predicting the light Department will earn a surplus of \$1,162,000 in 1921, and at the surplus earnings in 1930 will be \$2,645,000, says: "If we now \$500,000 a year for depreciation, there will be a cash surplus of \$600,000 this year, which may be used for extension of the system or for retiring bonds."

"The ability of the system to carry the Skagit system is unquestionable. In fact, completion of the first unit of Skagit power will increase the cash surplus by \$400,000 by eliminating the high cost of power developed from steam at the Lake

Union plant."

The report also recommends starting construction this year on a third pipeline for the city's water supply, as contemplated in the Swan Lake reservoir plans, declaring, "It is extremely unwise to delay longer the enlargement and safeguarding of our water supply."

Local improvement work has been hampered by the low price obtainable for some local improvement district bonds, says the engineer, but \$3,519,552.91 worth of work was completed in 1920, and \$1,606,751.05 more is under contract.

CHARLES H. HARTGE
Attorney 521 Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Henry Price, Deceased. No. 29054. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Tilly Green, has been appointed and has qualified as administratrix of the estate of the above named Henry Price, deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased or against said estate are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administratrix or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court together with proof of such service, within six months from the 9th day of April, 1921, the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

TILLY GREEN,
As Administratrix of said Estate.
CHARLES H. HARTGE,
Attorney for Administratrix.
Office and Post Office Address:
521 Central Building, Seattle, Washington.
First pub Apr 9, 1921. 31 Apr 23

STATEMENT OF THE OWNERSHIP, MANAGEMENT, CIRCULATION, ETC., REQUIRED BY THE ACT OF CONGRESS OF AUGUST 24, 1912, OF THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

published weekly at Seattle, Washington, for April 1, 1921.

Before me, a notary public in and for the State and county aforesaid, personally appeared

C. W. BROWN,
who having been duly sworn according to law, deposes and says that he is the Managing Editor of

The Seattle Municipal News and that the following is, to the best of his knowledge and belief, a true statement of the ownership, management, etc., of the aforesaid publication for the date shown in the above caption, required by the Act of August 24, 1912, embodied in section 443, Postal Laws and Regulations, printed on the reverse of this form, to-wit:

1. That the names and addresses of the publisher, editor, managing editor, and business managers are:

Publishers—Brown & White Corp.
Editor—Fred W. Catlett, Seattle, Wash.
Managing Editor—C. W. Brown, Seattle.
Business Managers—None

2. That the owner is: Municipal League of Seattle (a non-profit producing corporation)

3. That the known bondholders, mortgagees, and other security holders owning or holding 1 per cent or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages, or other securities are:

There are none.

4. That the two paragraphs next above, giving the names of the owners, stockholders, and security holders, if any, contain not only the list of stockholders and security holders as they appear upon the books of the company but also, in cases where the stockholder or security holder appears upon the books of the company as trustee or in any other fiduciary relation, the name of the person or corporation for whom such trustee is acting, is given; also that the said two paragraphs contain statements embracing affiant's full knowledge and belief as to the circumstances and conditions under which stockholders and security holders who do not appear upon the books of the company as trustees, hold stock and securities in a capacity other than that of a bona fide owner; and this affiant has no reason to believe that any other person, association, or corporation has any interest direct or indirect in the

said stock, bonds, or other securities than as so stated by him.

C. W. BROWN,
Sworn to and subscribed before me this 8th day of April, 1921.
(Seal) **CARL G. NELSON.**
(My Commission expires Jan. 29, 1925)

CHARLES H. HARTGE
Attorney 521 Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County. In the Matter of the Estate of Annie M. Marshall, Deceased. In Probate. No. 29001. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Harvey Martin Marshall, has been appointed and has qualified as administrator with will annexed of the estate of the above named Annie M. Marshall, deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased or against said estate are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administrator or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service, within six months from the 26th day of March, 1921, the date of first publication of this notice or the same will be barred.

HARVEY MARTIN MARSHALL,
As Administrator with will annexed of said Estate.

CHARLES H. HARTGE,
Attorney for Administrator with Will Annexed.
Office and Post Office Address: 521 Central Building, Seattle, Washington.
First pub. Mar 26, 1921. 4t Apr 16

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Jessie C. Gunter, Deceased.

No. 28953. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Executor of the estate of Jessie C. Gunter, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Executor or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, March 26th 1921.

GEORGE T. GUNTER,
Executor of said Estate.
Address 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.

JOHN F. REED,
Attorney for Estate, 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Mar 26, 1921. 4t Apr 16

JOHN F. REED
Attorney Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and for the County of King. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Otelia G. Rustad, Deceased. No. 27689.

Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition For Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that H. R. Rustad, Administrator of the Estate of Otelia G. Rustad deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons entitled thereto and discharge said Administrator; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 29th day of April, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 31st day of March, 1921.

GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.

By **GEO. L. BERGER,**
Deputy.
First pub April 2, 1921 4t Apr 23

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and For the County of King.

R. H. Lee and Ruby Lee, husband and wife, Plaintiffs, vs. Northwest Trust & Savings Bank, a corporation, and Dora C. Young, a widow, George W. Lee and Anna Lee, his wife, M. C. Robbins, a spinster, D. H. Lee, a widower, H. C. Stuart and Jane Doe Stuart (whose given name is to defendant Northwest Trust & Savings Bank unknown), his wife, James E. McGrew, C. Van Horn, John C. Michaels and Mayme M. Michaels, The Mercantile National Bank, a corporation, American Investment & Improvement Company, a corporation, and B. A. Lee, Defendants.

provement Company, a corporation, and B. A. Lee, Defendants.
No. 134838. Summons by Publication.
The State of Washington to: Dora C. Young, a widow, George W. Lee and Anna Lee, his wife, M. C. Robbins, a spinster, D. H. Lee, a widower, H. C. Stuart and Jane Doe Stuart (whose given name is to defendant Northwest Trust & Savings Bank unknown) his wife, James E. McGrew, C. Van Horn, John C. Michaels and Mayme M. Michaels, The Mercantile National Bank, a corporation, American Investment & Improvement Company, a corporation, and B. A. Lee, Defendants.

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 26th day of March, 1921, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the cross-complaint of the defendant and cross-complainant, Northwest Trust & Savings Bank, a corporation, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for said cross-complainant, Northwest Trust & Savings Bank, a corporation, at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the cross-complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The objects of said action are to obtain a judgment on account of a promissory note given by defendants George W. Lee and Anna Lee, M. C. Robbins and D. H. Lee to Irving T. Cole, in the sum of \$700.00, with interest thereon from February 6th, 1914, at the rate of 8% per annum, together with attorney's fees and costs, and to foreclose a real estate mortgage given by the said defendants Dora C. Young, George W. Lee and Anna Lee, his wife, M. C. Robbins and D. H. Lee to the said Irving T. Cole to secure the payment of said note, upon the following described real estate situated in King County, Washington, to-wit: Lots 16, 17 and 18, and Lots 21 to 34, both inclusive, all in Block 21 of University Lake Shore Addition, in Division No. 3 thereof, to the City of Seattle, King County, Washington, and to obtain a judgment of \$548.15, together with interest thereon at the rate of 6% per annum from April 22nd, 1916, against Dora C. Young, M. C. Robbins, George W. Lee and Anna Lee, his wife, and D. H. Lee, and to foreclose as a mortgage a certain deed executed by the said Dora C. Young, M. C. Robbins, George W. Lee and Anna Lee, his wife, and D. H. Lee to Irving T. Cole, to the following described property situated in Seattle, King County, Washington, to-wit: Lots 10 and 11 in Block 25, all in Division 3, and Lots 9 to 14 inclusive in Block 26, of Division 4, all in University Lake Shore Addition to the City of Seattle, which said deed was given to secure the payment of the said indebtedness; and to determine the ownership of two certain contracts one executed by the American Investment & Improvement Company, a corporation, as vendor, to M. C. Robbins, as vendee, dated February 4, 1910, covering Lot 36, in Block 14, Division 1, of University Lake Shore Addition to the City of Seattle, King County, Washington, endorsed upon which said contract is an assignment thereof executed by M. C. Robbins May 26, 1910, to B. A. Lee, and also one executed by the American Investment & Improvement Company, a corporation as vendor, to B. A. Lee, as vendee, dated March 25, 1910, covering Lots 24 and 25 in Block 1, of the University Lake Shore Addition to the City of Seattle, Division Number One, according to the recorded plat thereof; upon which said contract is endorsed an assignment thereof dated Feb., 1914, executed by B. A. Lee, B. A. George and W. H. George, the assignee's name being left in blank; and that the claims of each and all of said defendants in and to the property above described be adjudged to be second and subordinate to the lien of the defendant and cross-complainant, Northwest Trust & Savings Bank, as executor of the estate of Irving T. Cole, deceased; and that the said property be sold according to law to satisfy the judgment of defendant and cross-complainant, Northwest Trust & Savings Bank as herein set forth and that the proceeds of such sale be applied to the payment of said judgment.

JOHN F. REED,
Attorney for Cross-Complainant, Northwest Trust & Savings Bank.
Office and Post Office Address:
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. March 26, 1921. 7t May 7

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SEATTLE, WASH.

JACKSON SILBAUGH
Attorney 625 Lyon Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, for King County.
No. 29074. Notice to Creditors.
In the Matter of the Estate of Florence
Alexander, Deceased.
Notice is hereby given that the un-
dersigned has been appointed and has
qualified as administrator of the estate
of Florence Alexander, Deceased; that
all persons having claims against said
deceased are hereby required to serve
the same, duly verified, on said admin-
istrator or his attorney of record at
the address below stated, and file the
same with the Clerk of said Court, to-
gether with proof of such service with-
in six months after the date of first
publication of this notice, or the same
will be barred.
Date of first publication March 26th,
1921.

LOUIS ALEXANDER,
Administrator of said Estate.
Address, 625 Lyon Building, Seattle,
Wash.
JACKSON SILBAUGH,
Attorney for Estate.
First pub. Mar 26, 1921. 4t Apr 16

JAMES T. LAWLER
Attorney 512-14 White Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for the County
of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of William
Reid Hooker, Deceased. No. 25478.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and
Petition For Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Edwin
T. Hooker, administrator, of the Estate
of William Reid Hooker, deceased, has
filed in the office of the Clerk of said
Court his final Report and petition for
distribution, asking the Court to settle
said Report distribute the property to
the persons thereto entitled and to dis-
charge said administrator; and that
said Report and petition will be heard
on the 22nd day of April, 1921, at 9:30
A. M., at the Court Room of the Pro-
bate Department of said Court.
Dated this 18th day of March, 1921.
GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court,
By H. C. GORDON, Deputy.
JAMES T. LAWLER, Attorney for Es-
tate, 512-14 White Bldg., Seattle, Wn.
First pub. March 19, 1921. 4t Apr. 9

JACKSON SILBAUGH
Attorney 625 Lyon Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
Elisha J. Davis, Plaintiff, vs. Minnie E.
Davis, Defendant. No.
Summons By Publication.
The State of Washington: To the said
Minnie E. Davis, Defendant:
You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty days after the date of the
first publication of this summons, to-
wit: within sixty days after the 12th
day of March, 1921, and defend the
above entitled action in the above en-
titled court and answer the complaint
of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of
your answer upon the undersigned at-
torney for plaintiff at his office below
stated; and in case of your failure so
to do, judgment will be rendered against
you according to the demand of the
complaint, which has been filed with
the clerk of said court.
The object of the above entitled ac-
tion is to procure a divorce on the
grounds of cruelty, incompatibility of
temperament and voluntary living sep-
arate and apart for more than eight
years.

JACKSON SILBAUGH,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
P. O. Address: 625 Lyon Bldg., Seattle,
King County, Wash.
First pub. March 12, 1921. 7t Apr 23

JAMES T. LAWLER
Attorney 512-14 White Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington For King County
Delia Merkle, Plaintiff, vs. Ernest
Merkle, Defendant. No.
Summons by Publication.
The State of Washington: to Ernest
Merkle, Defendant:
You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty (60) days after the date
of the first publication of this summons,
to-wit: within sixty (60) days after
the 2nd day of April, 1921, and defend
the above entitled action in the above
entitled court and answer the complaint
of plaintiff, and serve a copy of your
answer upon the undersigned attorney
for plaintiff, at his office below stated
and in case of your failure so to do
judgment will be rendered against you
according to the demand of the com-
plaint, which has been filed with the
Clerk of said Court.
The object of the above entitled ac-
tion is to procure a divorce on the
grounds of abandonment for more than
one year and for neglect to make suit-
able provisions for the support of plain-
tiff and family.

JAMES T. LAWLER,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address: 512-14
White Building, Seattle, King County,
Washington.
First pub. April 2, 1921 7t May 14

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VOL. X. NO. 16.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, APRIL 16, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS

DECLARE CITY LIBRARY MANAGEMENT NOT THE BEST

The Board of Trustees, at its meeting, authorized President Lawler to appoint a committee of five to investigate charges of mis-management preferred by an organization headed by Mrs. C. E. Bogardus, president, and Mrs. R. F. Weeks, secretary.

"Misuse of power over appointments, methods and the directing of money expenditures" by the present management is the alleged charge of the organization heads. The other charges, as alleged, are the failure to grant increase of salaries to subordinate employees; that the salary of the present librarian is disproportionately high; that he is allowed thirty dollars a month for upkeep of his private automobile, together with the use of a garage on the library grounds; that employees of the library staff have been discriminated against in the matter of promotion. A statement was issued Thursday by J. W. Efaw, president of the library board declaring that the charges alleged were untrue and misleading and that the library commissioners court investigation of their acts by any board of inquiry.

President Efaw also explained the allowance for the librarian's automobile saying that "The allowance made to the librarian for the use of his private automobile when used for library purposes was in lieu of the purchase of an automobile at the expense of the taxpayers, the arrangement being considered as much less expensive to the city than the owning of their own machine."

Mayor Caldwell's statement declared the complaint against the library management "evidently the result of the dismissal of a

(Continued on Page Two)

DEAN CARL E. MAGNUSSON
of the Engineering School of the University of Washington
will address the Municipal League on
Tuesday Noon, April 19, 1921
at BLANC'S CAFE (Opposite County-City Bldg)
on the subject of
"Trunk Transportation Lines and Water Power Development in Puget Sound"

Dean Magnusson's address is awaited with interest.
The meeting will be called to order sharply at 12:15

LEAGUE REPRESENTED MANY SIGNATURES ARE AT COMMUNITY FUND SECURED BY THE MEETING COMMITTEE

President James T. Lawler and Secretary Eimon L. Wienir were present at the meeting which was held at the Chamber of Commerce Assembly Hall Thursday evening at eight o'clock. Representatives of numerous charitable, philanthropic and civic organizations were present.

The chairman of the meeting, Dr. Park Weed Willis, directed the meeting to the tentative consideration of the constitution and by-laws which had been prepared by a committee headed by Rabbi Samuel Koch. L. S. Booth, also a member of the drafting committee, urged the representatives to discuss the provisions of the constitution freely, for the purpose of giving the committee more complete knowledge of the desire of the members. The meeting was marked by enthusiasm for the idea and plans outlined. Another meeting will be called in the very near future to lay before the rep-

(Continued on page 2)

Carl Brannin, executive secretary of "House Bill No. 174 Referendum Committee" reported this morning that signatures on the referendum petitions are coming in at the rate of five hundred per day.

Mayor Charles Fleming and J. M. Garrity, Corporation Counsel of Spokane, are at the head of the movement in that city. A large mass meeting, it is reported, was held last Tuesday evening and great enthusiasm aroused.

Word has also been received from Mayor Ben Hill of Walla Walla that the committee might depend upon Walla Walla to do its part in furthering the referendum. Requests have been received from various counties of the state for petitions and the promise has been made to have them circulated.

The financing of the committee is still the most serious obstacle to its success. Thus far, but few organizations have pledged them-

(Continued on page 2)

COUNCIL TO CUT CITY EXPENSES

Chairman Fitzgerald of Finance Committee Announces He Will Reduce Taxes

MILLER TO INVESTIGATE

University Professor After Exhaustive Inquiry Will Recommend Changes in Budget

With preparation of the 1922 budget scheduled to begin in July, prevision of the departmental expenditures have been taken by council finance committee.

Councilman C. B. Fitzgerald, chairman of the committee, announced that Prof. Stephen I. Miller, head of the college of business administration of the University of Washington, has consented to conduct, with the assistance of subordinates, an exhaustive investigation of the various branches of the city government for the purpose of recommending to the committee reforms that will reduce the cost of city government without diminishing its efficiency.

During the next three months each department will be examined carefully with a view to determining where duplications of work can be eliminated, consolidations effected, and other changes made tending to reduce cost and promote efficiency. The results of the investigation will be furnished the council budget committee when it commences its sessions next fall.

Has Done Good Work

Prof. Miller has already rendered the city service in connection with the administration of its government. He made an investigation of municipal government in forty of the leading cities of the country in 1918 and drafted the system of classification upon which the salary allowances of city employees are based. In his new work, Prof.

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

Miller and his assistants will serve without compensation, having volunteered to perform the service.

Indications at the city hall forecast the adoption of far-reaching measures in the direction of economy in the preparation of the 1922 budget. Departmental estimates, which under the city charter must be filed with the council not later than July 10 will be subjected to extensive overhauling and careful pruning.

For Tax Reduction

Fitzgerald has taken a pronounced stand in favor of reducing the burden of taxation for city purposes, as far as possible without impairing efficiency. In this attitude he has the support of the council. Already steps have been taken to keep down the budget by restricting deficiency appropriations that would make necessary the inserting of items in next year's levy to cover the deficits created. Only two efficiency ordinances have received the approval of the finance committee, one an appropriation of \$3,000 to enable the street department to provide work for the unemployed, and the other an appropriation of \$2000 to the park board for the same purpose.

DECLARE CITY LIBRARY
MANAGEMENT NOT
THE BEST

(Continued from page one)

135 employee, who for years has maintained an indifferent attitude, indicating a belief that his friends could keep him in his position.

sition.

"The Seattle Public Library stands second among the thirty largest cities of the United States in annual per capita circulation and it has attained this rank under the present librarian who has a national reputation as a librarian. He has been maintained in this position by successive library boards. While he has enemies, I do not believe that they can so influence the board as to destroy the confidence which they have in him.

"Concerning the building of a garage for the librarian and the allowance for the use and upkeep of the librarian's automobile in lieu of purchasing a city machine to perform library services, this is a matter that is up to the seven members of the library board. So also is the matter of salaries of the employees and I consider a disinterested board of seven members as well qualified to pass on these questions as any other individual or association.

"I shall ask those who filed the complaint to furnish some evidence or the names of witnesses who will substantiate the charge made and when such evidence is received I shall forward the same to the library board for its consideration."

It is expected that the Municipal League committee will bring in a report shortly.

REFERENDUM COMMITTEE
SECURES MANY
SIGNATURES

(Continued from page one)
selves for contributions. Jackson

Silbaugh, who is the vice-chairman of the finance committee, is presenting the matter to all civic organizations in Seattle and it is hoped will secure favorable response from them. The Municipal League members who have pledged sums to the committee and who have not, thus far paid, will please send their checks to the Secretary of the League. Other members of the League who desire to contribute to this important work may do likewise.

LEAGUE REPRESENTED AT
COMMUNITY FUND
MEETING

(Continued from page one)

representatives the final constitution for adoption. A digest of the constitution will be published in the News in an early issue.

DR. RICHARDSON ADDRESSES
LEAGUE ON CAUSES
OF WORLD WAR
Reported by Eimon I. Fienir.

Dr. Oliver H. Richardson of the History Department of the University of Washington addressed the Municipal League Tuesday on "New and Official Documents Disclosing the Responsibility for the Immediate Cause of the World War."

"The results of these documents," declared Dr. Richardson, "show that Count Berchdolt, the Austrian Minister for Foreign Affairs, is the greatest arch-conspirator the world has ever known and the person most to be blamed for the world catastrophe."

Under the head of Austrian Policy and relation to Germany between the murder at Serajero on June 28, 1914 and the reply of Serbia to the Austrian ultimatum June 28, 1914, Dr. Richardson said, among other things, "Austria's recuperation was vitally necessary for both Austria and the German Empire; the Greater Servian Movement, enhanced by the Balkan Wars of 1912 and 1913, was threatening Austria's dissolution."

On the 5th of July, 1914 Count Hoyes, bosom friend of Count Berchtolt, and the personal representative of Francis Joseph, arrived in Berlin and delivered to the Kaiser an autographed letter from his Emperor, the substance of which was "that the aim of

my Government must henceforth lie in the isolation and diminution of Serbia." At a luncheon which took place on July 5th, the Kaiser assured Count Hoyes that the Vienna Government "might also in this event count on Germany's fullest support." On the evening of July 5th and morning of July 6th a series of conferences with Chancellor Zimmerman began. Action against Serbia was agreed upon, the Kaiser stipulating speedy action. Roumania and Italy were not to be informed.

"In other words," stated Dr. Richardson, "Germany at this early date signed a blank check and placed it in the hands of the worst character in Europe, Count Berchdolt, to fill in this check in any amount he chose. The knot of the drama was tied in the short space of five hours on July 5, 1914."

The key to Berchdolt's policy from first to last was the determination to crush Serbia by military, not by diplomatic means. The entire Government, with the exception of Count Tieza, was agreed that diplomatic victory would be practically useless.

Count Berchdolt deliberately suppressed information, concealing it from his own Emperor; from Count Tieza, his own colleagues, and from the German Government. He proceeded to formulate impossible demands. He allowed Europe no chance to investigate the docket to ascertain the charges against Serbia until after the Austria-Servian war had broken out. This justly aroused the anger of the Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs, and gave full scope to the intrigues of the Russian military party.

Berchdolt blocked all the proposals of Sir Edward Grey and all the pressure by the German Civil Government between July 29th and July 31st and until he had thrown the powers of Europe into the abyss of the War.

To summarize these documents:

1. They ignored Great Britain who proved the sincerest of some Eastern Crowns working for peace.

2. They exhibited the invasion of Belgium in its original and true light.

3. The Crown Council at Potsdam, July 5th is almost certainly a myth. The absence of leading personalities is now definitely

ved. Germany was put at Austria's mercy and Austria was free to act in full assurance of many's support.

Berchdolt meant, by an impossible ultimatum, to force the stro-Serbian War.

These documents therefore place Austria in a far more unfavorable light than formerly and aid to clear the civilian Government of Germany, at least in so far as the charge is concerned that it deliberately plotted the

all of this does not relieve Germany from the cloud and burden of full responsibility for: Germany gave a free hand to Austria and failed to assert control until it was too late. The Kaiser's responsibility is especially heavy. The completeness of Germany's deception is well illustrated by a dispatch of Von Moltke, chief of the German General Staff of Foreign Affairs under date of August 5th, wherein it is said: "The sentiment of America is friendly toward Germany. American public is indignant over the shameful way in which we have been attacked. It is important to make the most out of this sentiment. The influential persons of the Germany Colony must be urged to keep on influencing the press in our favor. Perhaps the U. S. can be induced to undertake a naval action against England with Canada as a prize of victory."

WASH. INDUSTRIAL SHOW OPENS TUESDAY

"Made in Washington" week, which will bring together in the arena the largest display of Washington-made products ever assembled, will be an eye-opener to thousands who will visit the show which opens at 4:00 p. m. next Tuesday afternoon to run a week, closing at 11:00 p. m. Saturday night. Every space offered in the big Arena by the Seattle Federation of Women's Clubs, under whose auspices the exhibit is being held, has been taken.

Hundreds of club women for weeks have been studying the industries of the city. Never before have the manufacturers of this state had such an army of willing and enthusiastic workers back of a buy-at-home movement. The Pacific Northwest

products committee is giving hearty support to the work of the club women, who are being directed by Mrs. Clare Ketchum Tripp, director of the educational department of the State Chamber of Commerce, Mrs. Henry Landes, president of the Seattle Federation of Women's Clubs, and her volunteer assistants.

Viewing this exhibit will make every Washingtonian not only prouder of his state but more familiar with the industrial progress made in recent years.

The week of May 9, has been designated as Merchants' Week in Seattle. At this time all the club women will ask for these products feeling that the retailer will have had time to stock them in order to care for the demand created by the exhibition at the Arena. Members of the Retail Trade Bureau should be prepared to care for the demand that will unquestionably be stimulated by the combined efforts of all the club women in Seattle.

The Pacific Northwest Products committee urges that an effort be made to get all employees to attend the show at the Arena, so that they may familiarize themselves with Washington made goods. Tuesday evening will be "Food Products" evening, Thursday "Home Furnishing," and Saturday "Wearing Apparel." No Admission Will Be Charged.

CHARLES H. HARTGE
Attorney 521 Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Henry Price, Deceased. No. 29054.
Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Tilly Green, has been appointed and has qualified as administratrix of the estate of the above named Henry Price, deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased or against said estate are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administratrix or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court together with proof of such service, within six months from the 9th day of April, 1921, the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

TILLY GREEN,
As Administratrix of said Estate.
CHARLES H. HARTGE,
Attorney for Administratrix.
Office and Post Office Address:
521 Central Building, Seattle, Washington.
First pub Apr 9, 1921. 3t Apr 23

CHARLES H. HARTGE
Attorney 521 Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County. In the Matter of the Estate of Annie M. Marshall, Deceased. In Probate. No. 29001. Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Harvey Martin Marshall, has been appointed and has qualified as administrator with will annexed of the estate of the above named Annie M. Marshall, deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased or against said estate are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administrator or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service,

within six months from the 26th day of March, 1921, the date of first publication of this notice or the same will be barred.

HARVEY MARTIN MARSHALL,
As Administrator with will annexed of said Estate.
CHARLES H. HARTGE,
Attorney for Administrator with Will Annexed.
Office and Post Office Address: 521 Central Building, Seattle, Washington.
First pub. Mar 26, 1921. 4t Apr 16

LUNDIN & BARTO
Lawyers 817 Alaska Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Mary M. Tenney, Deceased. No. 26431.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition For Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Elmer S. Tenney, Executor of the Estate of Mary M. Tenney, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said executor; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 13th day of May, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.
Dated this 14th day of April, 1921.

GEO. A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By **H. C. GORDON,**
Deputy.
First pub. Apr. 16, 1921. 4t May 7

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Jessie C. Gunter, Deceased.
No. 28953. Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Executor of the estate of Jessie C. Gunter, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Executor or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication, March 26th 1921.

GEORGE T. GUNTER,
Executor of said Estate.
Address 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
JOHN F. REED,
Attorney for Estate, 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Mar 26, 1921. 4t Apr 16

JOHN F. REED
Attorney Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and for the County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Otella G. Rustad, Deceased. No. 27689
Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition For Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that H. R. Rustad, Administrator of the Estate of Otella G. Rustad deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons entitled thereto and discharge said Administrator; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 29th day of April, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.
Dated this 31st day of March, 1921.

GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By **GEO. L. BERGER,**
Deputy.
First pub April 2, 1921 4t Apr 23

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and For the County of King.
R. H. Lee and Ruby Lee, husband and wife, Plaintiffs, vs. Northwest Trust & Savings Bank, a corporation, and Dora C. Young, a widow, George W. Lee and Anna Lee, his wife, M. C. Robbins, a spinster, D. H. Lee, a widower, H. C. Stuart and Jane Doe Stuart (whose given name is to defendant Northwest Trust & Savings Bank unknown), his wife, James E. McGrew, C. Van Horn, John C. Michaels and Mayme M. Michaels, The Mercantile National Bank, a corporation, American Investment & Im-

provement Company, a corporation, and B. A. Lee, Defendants.
No. 134838. Summons by Publication.
The State of Washington to: Dora C. Young, a widow, George W. Lee and Anna Lee, his wife, M. C. Robbins, a spinster, D. H. Lee, a widower, H. C. Stuart and Jane Doe Stuart (whose given name is to defendant Northwest Trust & Savings Bank unknown) his wife, James E. McGrew, C. Van Horn, John C. Michaels and Mayme M. Michaels, The Mercantile National Bank, a corporation, American Investment & Improvement Company, a corporation, and B. A. Lee, Defendants.

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 26th day of March, 1921, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the cross-complaint of the defendant and cross-complainant, Northwest Trust & Savings Bank, a corporation, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for said cross-complainant, Northwest Trust & Savings Bank, a corporation, at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the cross-complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The objects of said action are to obtain a judgment on account of a promissory note given by defendants George W. Lee and Anna Lee, M. C. Robbins and D. H. Lee to Irving T. Cole, in the sum of \$700.00, with interest thereon from February 6th, 1914, at the rate of 8% per annum, together with attorney's fees and costs, and to foreclose a real estate mortgage given by the said defendants Dora C. Young, George W. Lee and Anna Lee, his wife, M. C. Robbins and D. H. Lee to the said Irving T. Cole to secure the payment of said note, upon the following described real estate situated in King County, Washington, to-wit: Lots 16, 17 and 18, and Lots 21 to 34, both inclusive, all in Block 21 of University Lake Shore Addition, in Division No. 3 thereof, to the City of Seattle, King County, Washington, and to obtain a judgment of \$548.15, together with interest thereon at the rate of 6% per annum from April 22nd, 1916, against Dora C. Young, M. C. Robbins, George W. Lee and Anna Lee, his wife, and D. H. Lee, and to foreclose as a mortgage a certain deed executed by the said Dora C. Young, M. C. Robbins, George W. Lee and Anna Lee, his wife, and D. H. Lee to Irving T. Cole, to the following described property situated in Seattle, King County, Washington, to-wit: Lots 10 and 11 in Block 25, all in Division 3, and Lots 9 to 14 inclusive in Block 26, of Division 4, all in University Lake Shore Addition to the City of Seattle, which said deed was given to secure the payment of the said indebtedness; and to determine the ownership of two certain contracts one executed by the American Investment & Improvement Company, a corporation, as vendor, to M. C. Robbins, as vendee, dated February 4, 1910, covering Lot 36, in Block 14, Division 1, of University Lake Shore Addition to the City of Seattle, King County, Washington, endorsed upon which said contract is an assignment thereof executed by M. C. Robbins May 26, 1910, to B. A. Lee, and also one executed by the American Investment & Improvement Company, a corporation as vendor, to B. A. Lee, as vendee, dated March 25, 1910, covering Lots 24 and 25 in Block 1, of the University Lake Shore Addition to the City of Seattle, Division Number One, according to the recorded plat thereof; upon which said contract is endorsed an assignment thereof dated Feb. 1, 1914, executed by B. A. Lee, B. A. George and W. H. George, the assignee's name being left in blank; and that the claims of each and all of said defendants in and to the property above described be adjudged to be second and subordinate to the lien of the defendant and cross-complainant, Northwest Trust & Savings Bank, as executor of the estate of Irving T. Cole, deceased, and that the said property be sold according to law to satisfy the judgment of defendant and cross-complainant, Northwest Trust & Savings Bank as herein set forth and that the proceeds of such sale be applied to the payment of said judgment.

JOHN F. REED,
Attorney for Cross-Complainant, Northwest Trust & Savings Bank.
Office and Post Office Address:
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. March 26, 1921. 7t May 7

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JACKSON SILBAUGH

Attorney 625 Lyon Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, for King County.
In Probate.
No. 29074. Notice to Creditors.

In the Matter of the Estate of Florence
Alexander, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as administrator of the estate of Florence Alexander, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administrator or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication March 26th, 1921.

LOUIS ALEXANDER,
Administrator of said Estate.
Address, 625 Lyon Building, Seattle, Wash.

JACKSON SILBAUGH,
Attorney for Estate.
First pub. Mar 26, 1921. 4t Apr 16

JAMES T. LAWLER

Attorney 512-14 White Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for the County
of King. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of William
Reid Hooker, Deceased. No. 25478.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and
Petition For Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Edwin T. Hooker, administrator, of the Estate of William Reid Hooker, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said administrator; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 22nd day of April, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 18th day of March, 1921.

GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. GORDON, Deputy.
JAMES T. LAWLER, Attorney for Estate, 512-14 White Bldg., Seattle, Wn.
First pub. March 19, 1921. 4t Apr. 9

JACKSON SILBAUGH

Attorney 625 Lyon Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
Elisha J. Davis, Plaintiff, vs. Minnie E.
Davis, Defendant. No.
Summons By Publication.

The State of Washington: To the said
Minnie E. Davis, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty days after the 12th day of March, 1921, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is to procure a divorce on the grounds of cruelty, incompatibility of temperament and voluntary living separate and apart for more than eight years.

JACKSON SILBAUGH,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
P. O. Address: 625 Lyon Bldg., Seattle, King County, Wash.
First pub. March 12, 1921. 7t Apr 23

JAMES T. LAWLER

Attorney 512-14 White Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington For King County
Delia Merkle, Plaintiff, vs. Ernest
Merkle, Defendant. No.
Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington: to Ernest
Merkle, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 2nd day of April, 1921, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court and answer the complaint of plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff, at his office below stated, and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court.

The object of the above entitled action is to procure a divorce on the grounds of abandonment for more than one year and for neglect to make suitable provisions for the support of plaintiff and family.

JAMES T. LAWLER,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address: 512-14
White Building, Seattle, King County,
Washington.
First pub. April 2, 1921 7t May 14

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Seattle Municipal News

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VOL. X. NO. 17.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, APRIL 23, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS

Roosevelt High School Report to be Voted upon by the League Tuesday

ROOSEVELT HIGH SCHOOL REPORT TO BE VOTED UPON TUESDAY

The following report was read before the League last Tuesday by Lewis Schwellenbach, chairman of the League's committee, and will be voted upon by the membership at the meeting coming Tuesday. The report was prepared by a joint committee of the Municipal League and the Chamber of Commerce.

The report follows:

9500 students have been enrolled in the High Schools of Seattle during the school year of 1920-21. The normal capacity of the six permanent buildings devoted to High School purposes is 7500. The 2000 students in excess of that number should be accommodated in these schools. Adequate provision has been provided for by the construction of portable and temporary one-story frame structures.

A survey shows that most of the lack of permanent space is to be found in the north end of the city. At Lincoln High there are 7 rooms in temporary structures, and at Ballard, 7. At Lincoln 36 percent of the students are accommodated by portables. September 1st, there will be 27 temporary rooms at Lincoln and 13 at Ballard, while all of the High Schools of the city have 62 such rooms now and will have a total of 88 in September. By September, 1922, if no permanent structure should be erected, 120 temporary rooms will be necessary.

Much has been said that the condition in the grade schools is worse than in the High Schools. The fact is, however, that 20 percent of the High Schools are accommodated by temporary buildings and only 12 per cent of the

grade pupils are so cared for. Furthermore, grade pupils can be cared for in temporary or portable buildings with some degree of efficiency. These pupils do not pass from one room to another for different classes as is the case with High School pupils: they do not require laboratories, shops, gymnasiums and libraries; they do not require separate lunch rooms or common meeting places to the same extent as High School students, because grade school pupils generally go home to meals, the distance from home being much less than is the average for High School boys and girls. In this connection it is worthy of note that the Board has a building program for the grades that will provide for four new structures and four additions to existing buildings all to be completed by October, 1922, at cost of approaching \$1,000,000 and providing for 3240 more grade children. Thus it will be seen that the board is not neglecting the grades.

The need for a permanent High School building, particularly in the north end of the city, seems manifest. The School Board proposes to meet this need by erecting the Roosevelt School at 15th Ave. N. E. and East 66th

St., on a plot comprising four blocks. The building is designed to house 1500 students and care for the overflow of Ballard and Lincoln High Schools. The estimated cost as announced is \$1,240,000. We find that this cost includes a completely furnished building and finished grounds. The grounds alone will cost about \$100,000, including grading, surfacing, and building of retaining walls. The fixtures, shades, desks, seats, etc., will cost approximately \$150,000. The cost of the building alone will be less per cubic foot than any of the last three fireproof buildings constructed at the University. Any comparison with High School buildings previously constructed should take into consideration the following facts:

Only two of the other buildings are completely fireproof: Franklin and Lincoln could not be erected under the provisions of the present building code; the other High Schools were built during periods of low construction cost; present costs are 125 per cent above pre-war costs; adjustments made for difference in character of construction, in capacity, and in completeness and efficiency of equipment readily

(Continued on Page 2)

POWER DEVELOPMENT

Address Delivered Before Municipal League Tuesday by Dean Carl E. Magnusson, of the U. of W.

Much valuable experience has lately been gained in the operation of extensive high tension electric transmission system. Due in part to new construction, but in most cases to electrical interconnection of two or three previously independent companies, the mileage of several transmission systems operating in synchronism have been greatly increased. In the past, independent long lines, connecting a hydro-electric power plant to some city or industrial load, formed the mile posts of progress. Thus the construction of the Big Creek line transmitting electric energy to Los Angeles, a distance of 242 miles, made both new high voltage and long distance records and was replete with new features of design. Lately the advance has been chiefly in the large mileage of high tension wires operating in synchronism, connected in a network spread over a great area or a chain of lines having a number of power plants and widely separated loads. Thus the Montana Power Co., in connection with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R. R. operates over a thousand miles of 100,000 volt transmission lines. In California war time conditions forced several of the companies to interconnect and operate in synchronism. The recently completed 110,000 volt transmission line constructed by the Inter-Mountain Power Co. in connection with the electrification of the Othello-Tacoma division of the

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

C. M. & St. P. R. R., formed a connecting link between the Washington Water Power Co. in Eastern Washington and the P. S. T. L. & P. Co. on Puget Sound. In August, 1919, when the interconnection was completed, the transmission lines of these companies and of the Pacific Light and Power Co. were merged into a single synchronously operated system having approximately 1500 miles of transmission lines.

As an illustration of one of the advantages gained by intercommunicating systems, it may be mentioned that in the fall of 1919, during the low water period on the Puget Sound, approximately 10,000 kilowatts were taken from the surplus water power of the Spokane River and transmitted 262 miles to supply the deficiency in Seattle.

The experience gained in operating these extensive combined systems in synchronism is of great value. The evidence is fairly conclusive that the operation of huge transmission systems presents no insurmountable difficulties; in fact, the increased mileage seems to more of an asset than a liability for securing satisfactory operation.

That transmission systems having an even larger mileage of high tension lines operating in synchronism will be in general use in the future is certain. With the completion of the electrification of the Western division of the C. M. & St. P. R. R.,—that is, by closing the gap between Othello, Washington and Avery, Idaho—all the transmission lines

from eastern Montana to the Puget Sound may possibly be operated in synchronism, as one electric unit. Similar extensions may also be made north and south along the Pacific Coast. By the construction of a few comparatively short sections of high tension lines all the large Columbia, Washington, Oregon, companies operating in British California, Utah and Montana, at present totaling over 12,000 miles of transmission lines and over 2,000,000 horse power generator capacity, could be electrically united for synchronous operation as one system.

However, the mere tying together of two or more systems that were designed and constructed to operate as independent units, can bring only a small part of the advantages that would be gained if the final scope of the system had formed the basis of the original design. The present interconnecting practice is mere patchwork, a temporary makeshift by which comparatively small advantage may be gained. Interconnection in transmission systems is chiefly important as a mile post of progress in that it shows that we are on the eve of a new era in power transmission.

While the social and industrial unrest which naturally followed in the wake of the World War has temporarily delayed progress, it seems certain that in the near future the United States will enter on an unprecedented industrial development and intense industrial activity, which predicates a great increase in the electric power supply. Under

the spur of international competition the production of each industrial workman must increase if American standards of living shall be maintained. The demand for power will be greater than the increase in the number of workers, for the assumptions seem to be justified that the output per worker is approximately in direct proportion to the power used, and that an increase in the use of power benefits both the workers and the employer. With a rapid increase in the demand for power it becomes increasingly important that national economy be exercised in the conservation of the available power resources. By an extended use of electric power transmission very great economies could be effected.

In the creation of a Super-power system for any extensive region, as the Atlantic Seaboard or the Pacific Coast, it may be found advisable to form new cleavage on the basis of the kind or service rendered, to limit the activity of each organization to a single business. Under present conditions, many electric power companies have a "Three in One" form of business organization—three distinct fields of industrial activity: manufacturing, transportation, and retailing of electric energy, are covered by the same company.

Electric transmission lines are analogous to railroads in that "the service rendered is strictly distributive and of a public service order," although electric systems transport only a single commodity, electric energy. With extensive transmission systems covering several states, the transportation of electric energy may well come under laws of essentially the same characteristics as obtain for the railroads. Thus it may be found advisable to apply "common carrier principles" to trunk transmission lines transporting electric energy to market. Several years ago it was found necessary to limit the activities of the railroads to the transportation field. With power developments on a comprehensive scale, based on natural geographic divisions, it may be advantageous to make the transportation of electric energy an independent business, separate and distinct from the generation and distribution divisions.

ROOSEVELT HIGH REPORT

(Continued from page 1)

explain the apparent marked difference in cost.

Your committee has inspected the plans for this building and discussed them with the school architect and with other reputable architects. They are unanimously agreed that the plans are not extravagant.

Assuming that the courses of study now offered in our High Schools are to be provided for, it is difficult to point out any modifications that will greatly reduce the estimate cost of construction. The only way to reduce the cost substantially would be to cut out the shops, laboratories and gymnasiums—in short to curtail scientific and mechanical construction. Your committee does not presume to pass judgment at this point, but merely wishes to observe that the educational plan involved in the construction of Roosevelt High School are well within the safety zone of educational program in similar cities elsewhere.

It has been suggested that the main assembly room or auditorium now provided for in the center of the building be eliminated by adopting the unit type of construction, and erecting at the time only the units including recitation rooms, laboratories, and heating plant. After questioning successful architects and builders on the subject of original construction costs and maintenance costs, we are convinced that the unit type will be more expensive in the end. Because the assembly room is located in the center of the proposed building, it cannot be eliminated without destroying completely the present plan. We therefore recommend the erection of the building as designed.

There are so many statements made regarding the proposed building that do not appear to be supported by evidence, that your committee feels that some points should be cleared up:

1. It has been said that level ground should have been bought so as to save the expense of grading. The Board took the best available unimproved tract of sufficient size to be found in the section north of Cowen Park. Level ground is not to be found in that general section. To have bought some tract slightly more nearly level but improved would

have cost much more. This criticism of ownership and construction therefore does not seem well founded.

2. It is said that the building is equipped with two study rooms and therefore the assembly room is unnecessary. These study rooms, one seating 125 and the other 175, are little more than large classrooms and in no way suited for general student gatherings. The assembly room is needed as a place for general student gatherings. The assembly room is needed as a place in which all the students attending the school can be brought together for regular school exercises during the day and for evening gatherings. Your committee does not know of a reputable high school anywhere without such an assembly room, and it is the opinion of those who should know that the general morale and discipline of a school would suffer seriously in a building without such common meeting place.

3. The stage of this assembly room has been criticised. We find the stage not so deep as that at Ballard and not as wide in the proscenium arch, and designed only to make possible the seating of the ordinary graduating class in such a school.

4. The lighting of the stage has been criticised. We find that the stage footlights are equipped with dimmers as at Lincoln and in other modern school auditoriums, but there is nothing fancy about the lights.

5. There will be an asbestos curtain as required by law, but the architect says it will cost \$1100 and not \$4000 as stated in public estimates.

6: We find that no blueprint machine has been ordered and probably will not be. The manual training director had in mind one that would cost \$400.00 and not \$3000 as charged.

7. It has been said that a \$4,000 ice plant is to be installed in connection with the lunch room. We find that this item is still undecided, but Mr. Eckhart says that if an iceplant is installed it will not cost over \$1500. He installed one recently in the Hotel Olympian of a larger type for \$2100. As a matter of fact the Board has not reached a decision on any of the mechanical equipment.

3. It has been said that too small a portion of the building

is to be devoted to educational purposes. Leaving out of account what is meant by "educational" we find that the percentage of space devoted to direct instruction, not including gymnasium instruction, is larger than in any of the other high schools except Broadway.

9. It has been suggested that fireproof construction is not needed; that mill construction of slow burning quality would suffice. All the best architects are agreed that such construction would save only 5 per cent on such a job and greatly reduce the life of the structure. Where wood is brought in contact with masonry, at least 5 per cent must be charged off annually to depreciation. We find that the experience of the University on this point is conclusive as to the economy of permanent construction.

10. It has been said that the site is remote and difficult to reach. When the Pacific Telephone and Telegraph Co. selected a site for a northside or Kenwood exchange, they built within 300 feet of the inside corner of the proposed school grounds. One of the street car extensions recently agreed on is to pass by the grounds on 15th Ave. N. E. and will probably be finished as soon as the school building.

11. It has been said that many of the items called for in the specifications are of an expensive character. Because of the limited time, it has not been possible for your committee to go over the specifications item by item, and it is possible that there may be some saving that can be made in this way. Mr. Eckhart of the School Board indicated to the committee, however, that he is looking over these items with due consideration for all possible savings.

The most serious objection to the present erection of the building is the argument presented that building costs may be reduced in the near future. In considering this argument there are three points; In the first place, the reduction is problematic; in the second place, there would be the added cost of temporary structures; in the third place, the educational disadvantages which will necessarily ensue from the delay must be considered.

Your committee after considering every alternative proposal

recommends approval of the permanent fireproof building, as designed.

However, in the light of the present high taxes and the possible reduction in building costs in the near future, we urge the School Board to consider postponing such parts of the construction of the High School as may be done without seriously injuring the educational interests of the pupils. We refer particularly to the general grading of the grounds, construction of the athletic field, and interior finishing and furnishing of the auditorium.

Respectfully submitted.

LEWIS SCHWELLENBACH

FRED W. CATLETT.

A. H. WISEMAN

H. A. WOODCOCK

PROF. L. T. NEIKIRK.

LUNDIN & BARTO
Lawyers 817 Alaska Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for the County
of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Mary
M. Tenney, Deceased. No. 26431.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and
Petition For Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Elmer S.
Tenney, Executor of the Estate of Mary
M. Tenney, has filed in the office of the
Clerk of said Court his final Report and
petition for distribution, asking the
Court to settle said Report, distribute
the property to the persons thereto en-
titled and to discharge said executor;
and that said Report and petition will
be heard on the 13th day of May, 1921,
at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of
the Probate Department of said Court.
Dated this 14th day of April, 1921.
GEO. A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. GORDON,
Deputy.
First pub. Apr. 16, 1921. 4t May 7

JOHN F. REED
Attorney Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington. In and for the
County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Otella
G. Rustad, Deceased. No. 27689
Notice of Hearing Final Report and
Petition For Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that H. R.
Rustad, Administrator of the Estate of
Otella G. Rustad deceased, has filed in
the office of the Clerk of said Court
his final report and petition for distri-
bution, asking the Court to settle said
Report, distribute the property to the
persons entitled thereto and discharge
said Administrator; and that said Re-
port and petition will be heard on the
29th day of April, 1921, at 9:30 A. M.,
at the Court Room of the Probate De-
partment of said Court.
Dated this 31st day of March, 1921.
GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By GEO. L. BERGER,
Deputy.
First pub April 2, 1921 4t Apr 23

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington. In and For the
County of King.
R. H. Lee and Ruby Lee, husband and
wife, Plaintiffs, vs. Northwest Trust
& Savings Bank, a corporation, and
Dora C. Young, a widow, George W.
Lee and Anna Lee, his wife, M. C.
Robbins, a spinster, D. H. Lee, a
widower, H. C. Stuart and Jane Doe
Stuart (whose given name is to de-
fendant Northwest Trust & Savings
Bank unknown), his wife, James E.
McGrew, C. Van Horn, John C. Mich-
aels and Mayme M. Michaels, The
Mercantile National Bank, a corpora-
tion, American Investment & Im-

provement Company, a corporation,
and B. A. Lee, Defendants.
No. 134838. Summons by Publication.
The State of Washington to: Dora C.
Young, a widow, George W. Lee
and Anna Lee, his wife, M. C.
Robbins, a spinster, D. H. Lee,
a widower, H. C. Stuart and Jane
Doe Stuart (whose given name is to
defendant Northwest Trust & Sav-
ings Bank unknown) his wife, James
E. McGrew, C. Van Horn, John C.
Michaels and Mayme M. Michaels,
The Mercantile National Bank, a cor-
poration, American Investment & Im-
provement Company, a corporation,
and B. A. Lee, Defendants.

You and each of you are hereby sum-
moned to appear within sixty (60) days
after the date of the first publication
of this summons, to-wit: within sixty
(60) days after the 26th day of March,
1921, and defend the above entitled
action in the above entitled court, and
answer the cross-complaint of the de-
fendant and cross-complainant, North-
west Trust & Savings Bank a corpora-
tion, and serve a copy of your answer
upon the undersigned attorney for said
cross-complainant, Northwest Trust &
Savings Bank, a corporation, at his
office below stated; and in case of your
failure so to do judgment will be ren-
dered against you according to the de-
mand of the cross-complaint, which
has been filed with the clerk of said
court.

The objects of said action are to ob-
tain a judgment on account of a promis-
sory note given by defendants George
W. Lee and Anna Lee, M. C. Robbins
and D. H. Lee to Irving T. Cole, in
the sum of \$700.00, with interest there-
on from February 6th, 1914, at the rate
of 8% per annum, together with at-
torney's fees and costs, and to foreclose
a real estate mortgage given by the
said defendants Dora C. Young, George
W. Lee and Anna Lee, his wife, M. C.
Robbins and D. H. Lee to the said
Irving T. Cole to secure the payment
of said note, upon the following de-
scribed real estate situated in King
County, Washington, to-wit: Lots 16,
17 and 18 and Lots 21 to 34, both in-
clusive, all in Block 21 of University
Lake Shore Addition, in Division No. 3
thereof, to the City of Seattle, King
County, Washington, and to obtain a
judgment of \$548.15, together with in-
terest thereon at the rate of 6% per
annum from April 22nd, 1916, against
Dora C. Young, M. C. Robbins, George
W. Lee and Anna Lee, his wife, and
D. H. Lee, and to foreclose as a mort-
gage a certain deed executed by the
said Dora C. Young, M. C. Robbins,
George W. Lee and Anna Lee, his wife,
and D. H. Lee to Irving T. Cole, to the
following described property situated
in Seattle, King County, Washington,
to-wit: Lots 10 and 11 in Block 25, all
in Division 3, and Lots 9 to 14 inclu-
sive in Block 26, of Division 4, all in
University Lake Shore Addition to the
City of Seattle, which said deed was
given to secure the payment of the
said indebtedness; and to determine the
ownership of two certain contracts one
executed by the American Investment
& Improvement Company, a corpora-
tion, as vendor, to M. C. Robbins, as
vendee, dated February 4, 1910, cover-
ing Lot 36, in Block 14, Division 1, of
University Lake Shore Addition to the
City of Seattle, King County, Washing-
ton, endorsed upon which said contract
is an assignment thereof executed by
M. C. Robbins May 26, 1910, to B. A.
Lee, and also one executed by the
American Investment & Improvement
Company, a corporation as vendor, to
B. A. Lee as vendee, dated March 25,
1910, covering Lots 24 and 25 in Block
1, of the University Lake Shore Addi-
tion to the City of Seattle, Division
Number One, according to the recorded
plat thereof upon which said contract
is endorsed an assignment thereof dated
Feb. 1, 1914, executed by B. A. Lee,
B. A. George and W. H. George, the
assignee's name being left in blank;
and that the claims of each and all of
said defendants in and to the property
above described be adjudged to be
second and subordinate to the lien of
the defendant and cross-complainant,
Northwest Trust & Savings Bank, as
executor of the estate of Irving T. Cole,
deceased, and that the said property be
sold according to law to satisfy the
judgment of defendant and cross-com-
plainant, Northwest Trust & Savings
Bank as herein set forth and that the
proceeds of such sale be applied to the
payment of said judgment.

JOHN F. REED,
Attorney for Cross-Complainant, North-
west Trust & Savings Bank,
Office and Post Office Address:
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. March 26, 1921. 7t May 7

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CHARLES H. HARTGE
Attorney 521 Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County.
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Henry
Price, Deceased. No. 29054.
Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the un-
dersigned, Tilly Green, has been ap-
pointed and has qualified as administra-
trix of the estate of the above named
Henry Price, deceased; that all persons
having claims against said deceased or
against said estate are hereby required
to serve the same, duly verified, on
said administratrix or her attorney of
record at the address below stated, and
file the same with the Clerk of said
Court together with proof of such
service, within six months from the 9th
day of April, 1921, the date of first
publication of this notice, or the same
will be barred.

TILLY GREEN,
As Administratrix of said Estate.
CHARLES H. HARTGE,
Attorney for Administratrix.
Office and Post Office Address:
521 Central Building, Seattle, Wash-
ington.
First pub. Apr. 9, 1921. 3t Apr 23

JAMES T. LAWLER
Attorney 512-14 White Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for the County
of King. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of William
Reid Hooker, Deceased. No. 25478.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and
Petition For Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Edwin
T. Hooker, administrator, of the Estate
of William Reid Hooker, deceased, has
filed in the office of the Clerk of said
Court his final Report and petition for
distribution, asking the Court to settle
said report distribute the property to
the persons thereto entitled and to dis-
charge said administrator; and that
said report and petition will be heard
on the 22nd day of April, 1921, at 9:30
A. M., at the Court Room of the Pro-
bate Department of said Court.

Dated this 18th day of March, 1921.
GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By **H. C. GORDON,** Deputy.
JAMES T. LAWLER, Attorney for Es-
tate, 512-14 White Bldg., Seattle, Wn.
First pub. March 19, 1921. 4t Apr. 9

JACKSON SILBAUGH
Attorney 625 Lyon Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
Elisha J. Davis, Plaintiff, vs. Minnie E.
Davis, Defendant. No.
Summons By Publication.

The State of Washington: To the said
Minnie E. Davis, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty days after the date of the
first publication of this summons, to-
wit: within sixty days after the 12th
day of March, 1921, and defend the
above entitled action in the above en-
titled court and answer the complaint
of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of
your answer upon the undersigned at-
torney for plaintiff at his office below
stated; and in case of your failure so
to do, judgment will be rendered against
you according to the demand of the
complaint, which has been filed with
the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled ac-
tion is to procure a divorce on the
grounds of cruelty, incompatibility of
temperament and voluntary living sepa-
rate and apart for more than eight
years.

JACKSON SILBAUGH,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
P. O. Address: 625 Lyon Bldg., Seattle,
King County, Wash.
First pub. March 12, 1921. 7t Apr 23

JAMES T. LAWLER
Attorney 512-14 White Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington For King County
Della Merkle, Plaintiff, vs. Ernest
Merkle, Defendant. No.
Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington: to Ernest
Merkle, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty (60) days after the date
of the first publication of this summons,
to-wit: within sixty (60) days after
the 2nd day of April, 1921, and defend
the above entitled action in the above
entitled court and answer the complaint
of plaintiff, and serve a copy of your
answer upon the undersigned attorney
for plaintiff, at his office below stated
and in case of your failure so to do
judgment will be rendered against you
according to the demand of the com-
plaint, which has been filed with the
Clerk of said Court.

The object of the above entitled ac-
tion is to procure a divorce on the
grounds of abandonment for more than
one year and for neglect to make suit-
able provisions for the support of plain-
tiff and family.

JAMES T. LAWLER,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address: 512-14
White Building, Seattle, King County,
Washington.
First pub. April 2, 1921 7t May 14

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. XI, NO. 18.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, APRIL 30, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS

League Committee Investigates Library Charges

Investigation of complaints against the administration of the public library will be transferred from the city council to the board of library directors.

Agreement to this method of procedure for settling the library dispute was reached by all parties to the controversy at the meeting Tuesday afternoon of the council judiciary and department of efficiency committee, called for the purpose of a public hearing on the charges against the library management.

Vivian Carkeek, who said he represented the civic betterment committee—the organization filing the library charges—stated to the library board in accordance with a suggestion made by Mayor Caldwell at the same time declaring an intention to carry the case further if necessary to get the results sought.

Upon motion of Councilman C. B. Fitzgerald, the council committee then ordered placed on file all communications bearing on the subject, after which Councilman Philip Tindall, as a member of the committee, expressed the hope that the library board would be able to settle its own differences and restore peace and harmony.

The three members of the library board, Mrs. O. B. Simmons, Mrs. Donna E. Baker and Mrs. W. S. Griswold, were in attendance upon yesterday's meeting although they took no part in the proceedings. Their participation in a public hearing by the same committee last week led to the issuance Monday by Mayor Caldwell of a letter to members of the library board warning them not to attend any more hearings on the library matter until the library board has investigated the charges and reported.

Asked To Attend Meeting

Carkeek asked the committee from the Municipal League, present for the purpose of hearing the testimony and forming a report to the league, to attend the hearing before the library board. He also declared that the complainants have certain testimony that "the witnesses would hesitate to present to the library board, but would be willing to offer to the Municipal League's investigating committee." He did not indicate the character of this evidence.

"PROHIBITION ENFORCEMENT"

The address which was to have been given last week by

DONALD A. MC DONALD

Federal Prohibition Director, will be delivered

Tuesday Noon, May 2nd, 1921

at **BLANC'S CAFE** (Opposite County-City Bldg)

BRING A GUEST WITH YOU!

Civil Service Committee Reports to League

The following report will be submitted to the League, May 9th.

To the Seattle Municipal League Gentlemen:-

Last December the League referred to this committee six propositions relating to the city Civil Service, for investigation and a report. We herein respectfully submit such report.

We shall consider each of these propositions separately.

First Proposition: "A resolution should be proposed that would give power to the Commission to require each Civil Service employee of the city not to engage in a general strike so long as he remains an employee of the city."

We recommend that any city Civil Service who strikes be discharged, and also barred from becoming eligible for any Civil Service position in the city.

Our reasons: In a private industry, other things being equal, the less the wages and the longer the hours, the greater the profits to the employers, and vice versa. In public employment this is not true; it is to the political interests of the employers (the executive heads

and City Council) to increase the pay of Civil Service employees and otherwise favor them. Our city Civil Service employees receive fair compensation, are not required to work an unreasonable number of hours, and are secure in their employment during good behavior. The real employers, the real employers, the tax-payers, are so unorganized and so divided in their opinions and preferences, that in these days they are more exploited than exploiters. Again, in private industry the two classes, employers and employees, are so numerous, so well organized, and society so permeated with their ideas and influence, that it is difficult to find a judge or commissioner that can decide their disputes impartially; and if public opinion is not in sympathy with the decision, such decision cannot be enforced effectively. Whereas in public service, there is no struggle between classes; and legal machinery can be found to settle disputes impartially, and to enforce them effectively.

Second Proposition: "Within each classification made by the Commission, there exists within that classification a graduated

(Continued on Page 2)

Roosevelt High School Report

The Municipal League went on record at its meeting Tuesday as favoring the postponement of the construction of the Roosevelt High School for at least one year.

Recommendations to this effect to the School Board were adopted on motion of James A. Haight after the report of the educational committee, which investigated the High School project, failed of passage by a vote of 19 to 19.

The committee's report approved in a general way the school board's plan for the proposed high school, suggesting a few minor changes, but recommended "postponement of such parts of the work as may be done without seriously jeopardizing the educational interests of the pupils—particularly the general grading of the grounds, construction of the athletic field and furnishing of the auditorium."

Unnecessary Features, Charged

The decision to recommend postponement of the entire project was reached by the league after different speakers had charged that the plans propose unnecessary features and involve extravagant appropriations, and had declared that under the circumstances the least that could be done would be to defer the work for one or two years in the hope that building costs will be reduced.

Louis Schwellenback, as chairman of the special committee submitting the report, urged the league to signify its approval of the high school building planned by the school board, declaring that even if the organization should decide that the work ought to be postponed, the school board's views as to the type of building to be erected and the features to be provided should be indorsed. This, however, the league refused by a tie vote to do.

James A. Haight said in part: "A false issue has been raised over this issue. Those opposed to the construction of the school at this time are not opposed to the cause of education. There is a craze for extravagant expenditures of public money," he said. People like Seattle but high taxes deter its being built up as it have in Seattle but we cannot afford quoting figures compiled by a recent investigator, Mr. Jackson, says that "while it costs Seattle \$91.15 per

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

pupil, Portland's cost per pupil is \$59.00 and San Francisco's cost is \$58.00." Mr. Silbaugh said "there are a lot of things we would like to have in Seattle but we cannot afford them."

Other speakers were W. T. Butler, R. M. White, H. A. P. Willitsen and Fred W. Catlett. Mr. Catlett defended the report of the committee but stated that he was not opposed to Mr. Haight's motion urging the School Board to postpone the construction for at least one year.

A motion was made by W. T. Butler asking the Board of Trustees to refer to the proper authorities the entire study of the school district's building program for exhaustive study and report. This was done by the Board.

In pursuance of the action taken by the League, President James T. Lawler appointed James A. Haight as representative of the League to appear before the School Board and advise them of the action taken by the League.

CIVIL SERVICE REPORT

(Continued from page 1)

salary scale ranging for example from \$180.00 to \$225.00 per month. The City Council indicated that it would have the Commission act as a sort of an advisory committee as to salary increase within each of the classes. The council, however, has not acted officially and it may not accept the recommendation of the Commission. Mr. Kellogg suggested that the Commission is the proper body to have the power to determine the salary adjustment within each class."

Under the present system, the City Council acts upon recommendation from the heads of

the departments only. In recommending higher salaries for particular subordinates, the heads of the departments are largely influenced, consciously or unconsciously, by the political strength and friendship of these employees. Thus the City Council in passing upon salary increase recommendations, acts blindly. Above all, the City Council is unprepared to meet intelligently the organized pressure of Civil Service employees for higher pay. This evil can be largely rectified by requiring the recommendations of the heads of the departments to be transmitted to the Civil Service Commission before being transmitted to the City Council.

We therefore recommend: That recommendations from the heads of the departments for salary increases be first referred to the Civil Service Commission for approval, and when endorsed by the approval of the Civil Service Commission, be then referred to the City Council; that in case of disapproval by the Commission, the matter be referred back to the head of the department, who may or may not then refer the same to the City Council. In this connection, we further recommend that the Commission be required to keep efficiency records, and that in passing upon the recommendations of the heads of the departments, it act upon the basis of these efficiency records and also competitive promotion tests, with due consideration to seniority.

Third Proposition: "The Corporation Council of this city made a decision last week whereby employees may be advanced from lower to a higher classification by the head of his department, delegating to him additional duties and without requiring the employee to take a civil service examination. If this decision is allowed to stand, the heads of the departments could evade the Civil Service rules and the Commission would be powerless to stop them."

This ruling of the Corporation Counsel, if adopted, would undermine the foundation of Civil Service. The effect of such a ruling can best be illustrated by considering the case of a clerk in the City Engineer's office being promoted, without examination, to Deputy City Engineer. We therefore recommend: That promotions be granted only upon competitive Civil Service examinations, taking into consideration, however, the applicant's previous service with the city, and giving Civil Service employees preference over applicants not under Civil Service when other qualifications are equal.

Fourth Proposition: "The salary schedule should be revised from time to time to meet the ever-changing cost of living. Power could be given to the Commission to study and revise salary schedules, and each year, before the budget is made up, to make a report to the said Council, asking them to approve the new schedules."

The Civil Service Commission is better able to obtain facts regarding the cost of living, and better able to devote the time for such investigation than is the City Council or any other organization of the city. We therefore recommend: That the Commission be authorized to investigate living conditions and make recommendations regarding salary schedules to the City Council.

Fifth Proposition: "The matter of the retirement of the superannuated employees (the possibility of giving the Commission the power to have an expert employment man on the job to weed out inefficient men)."

Let us first consider the effect of a retirement age without a

pension. A man knowing that he is to die at a certain date is apt to be less hopeful or ambitious than one knowing he will die sometime. Similarly, a Civil Service employee knowing he is to be retired, with a pension, as soon as he reaches a certain age, is apt to become indifferent and inefficient. Further if all employees had to be retired upon reaching a certain age, it would work an injustice to those who were still efficient and would deprive the city of some of its most valuable employees.

Let us now consider the effect of retiring Civil Service employees with pensions.

As to the plea for pensions on the ground of humanity. The average industrious citizen in private business or employment is as useful and as much a part of his government as the average Civil Service employee. Therefore, to pension the latter on the ground of humanity would be class favoritism. Logically, if there is to be any old age pension, it should be made universal for all citizens.

As to the plea of inadequate pay. The following pay of Seattle Civil Service employees is presented to illustrate that the city Civil Service wages and salaries are fair.

Common labor, Street car conductors and Motormen—\$4.75 to \$5.25 a day.

Plumbers—\$7.25 to \$8.00 a day.

Machinist—\$7.50 a day.

Carpenters—\$6.50 a day.

Typists—\$100 to \$135 a month

Clerk-stenographers, Law-stenographers, Clerks, Registration clerks—\$140 to \$165 a month.

Bookkeepers—\$170 to \$190 a month.

Furthermore, the earnings of Civil Service employees are not depleted by periods of unemployment, overhead expenses and competition. Their employment is secure during good behavior. There appears to be no necessity for giving pensions to our city Civil Service employees than to our well paid school teachers.

As to the plea of pension stimulating efficiency. Most of the large railroads and a number of the largest corporations in the United States have retirement and pension systems for their

employees. Their object is to create good will, essential for efficiency, and to induce permanent service. Experience shows that they largely succeed in their object. However, let us analyze. The business of these corporations is to create wealth; it is but fair to distribute a portion of the profits to the employees, whether in the form of wages or pensions. There is concentrated responsibility from the manager down to the foreman; all inefficient men are weeded out early. Let us apply these two points to municipal government.

First: The business of a municipal corporation is to serve the public, not to make profits. Even in such departments as Water and Light, there is no attempt to make profits. Furthermore, every Civil Service employee, high and low, who aspires to the same rewards as in private business and professions could realize that he must pay the price, viz., enterprise, venture, risks, losses, unemployment, competition, struggle—things that are unknown in Civil Service.

Second: Under our present system of government, responsibility is divided and scattered; inefficient men are not weeded out. Pensions were granted to our Civil Service employees under the present system, efficiency could be increased only slightly; taxes would be increased considerably. As to the plea that in the absence of pensions, heads of departments do evade and postpone retiring many subannuated employees, particularly those who are in need. Our recommendations are aimed largely to meet this difficulty. On the other hand if there were a pension system, heads of departments would evade and postpone discharging many inefficient men until they reach the pension age.

A certain per cent might be withheld out of each month's wages or salary, and this fund turned over to the employee when he is retired, either in a lump sum or in installments. Such a plan of compulsory savings would, theoretically, cost the tax-payers nothing and would be beneficial. But we do

not believe it would work in practice. For although at first the budget makers would not increase salaries or wages, yet when the time came for changing or increasing them, the budget makers would naturally base the net salary or wage upon the proper cost of living, taking into consideration the rank of the employee, and simply add the extra amount to be withheld.

We recommend: That no one over 45 years of age be employed in the city Civil Service. That upon a Civil Service employee reaching 65 years of age he be retired, unless both the head of his department and the Civil Service Commissioners decide to retain him. And if he is retained, that at the end of each year thereafter he be retired unless both the head of his department and the Civil Service Commissioners decide to retain him for the ensuing year. That voluntary savings or insurance on the part of every Civil Service employee, regardless of age, shall constitute a substantial credit in the efficiency rating and reports.

As to the proposition of giving "the Civil Service Commission the power to have an expert employment man on the job to weed out inefficient men." Experience has shown that under our present system the heads of the departments retain too many inefficient Civil Service employees. Removals must be made easier. However, to employ an expert for this purpose would in our judgment lessen the responsibility of the heads of the departments, and would create friction between them and such expert and distrust on the part of the employees. This would result in the Civil Service employees and the heads of the departments co-operating in concealing any inefficiencies. We recommend that the Civil Service Commissioners in addition to and independent of the heads of the departments, be authorized to remove any Civil Service employee for cause and upon Civil Service procedure. The Civil Service Commissioners are not under the personal relationship that exists between the head of a department and his subordinates, for which reason they are freer to exercise this power. This pro-

posed remedy was adopted by the National Municipal League, and is incorporated in its model charter.

Sixth Proposition: "Civil Service rules should be modernized and presented as amendments to the charter of the city."

It is the opinion of the Committee that Civil Service Rules should be modernized and presented as amendments to the Charter of the city.

Under the present system a mayor appoints and can, if so inclined, force appointments or discharges by the fact of his power to remove any of the members of the Commission disregarding his recommendations.

In modernizing the rules we suggest that the Civil Service Commission itself be placed under Civil Service. Removals from the Commission should be made by a majority vote of the Council upon charges being preferred in accordance with Civil Service rules. Appointments should be made by the City Council from a list of eligibles obtained by competitive examinations framed by the Commission with the approval of the Council.

We have no further specific recommendations to make. We hope that the foregoing recommendations, if adopted, may rectify some of the evils existing under the present system. We are of the opinion, however, that these recommendations can rectify but a small part of these evils. In our former report we pointed out that Civil Service in its nature is supplementary, and we still adhere to the belief, that in that report we recommend, and the only effective plan for checking the looseness and inefficiency now existing not only under the Civil Service system of our city, but throughout the entire municipal government, would be the City Manager plan.

Respectfully submitted,

JOHN D. HALL,

N. C. WEGNER,

M. H. VAN NUYS,

Chairman.

I, the undersigned member of

the committee, concur in the foregoing report, except that I favor pensions for Civil Service employees on principle; and I would recommend a pension-system for Seattle Civil Service employees providing the city adopt a City Manager form of government.

WILLIAM G. MANN

CHAS. H. HARTGE

Attorney 510 Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Annie Henderson, Deceased. No. 28206. Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition For Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Alice Isabel Henderson, as administratrix of the Estate of said Annie Henderson, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said administratrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 27th day of May, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 26th day of April, 1921.

GEORGE A. GRANT,

Clerk of said Court.

By GEO. L. BERGER,

Deputy.

First Pub. April 30, 1921 4t May 21

LUNDIN & BARTO

Lawyers 817 Alaska Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Mary M. Tenney, Deceased. No. 26431. Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition For Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Elmer S. Tenney, Executor of the Estate of Mary M. Tenney, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said executor; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 13th day of May, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 14th day of April, 1921.

GEO. A. GRANT,

Clerk of said Court.

By H. C. GORDON,

Deputy.

First pub. Apr. 16, 1921. 4t May 7

JOHN F. REED

Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and For the County of King.

R. H. Lee and Ruby Lee, husband and wife, Plaintiffs, vs. Northwest Trust & Savings Bank, a corporation, and Dora C. Young, a widow, George W. Lee and Anna Lee, his wife, M. C. Robbins, a spinster, D. H. Lee, a widower, H. C. Stuart and Jane Doe Stuart (whose given name is to defendant Northwest Trust & Savings Bank unknown), his wife, James E. McGrew, C. Van Horn, John C. Michaels and Mayme M. Michaels, The Mercantile National Bank, a corporation, American Investment & Improvement Company, a corporation, and B. A. Lee, Defendants.

No. 134838. Summons by Publication. The State of Washington to: Dora C. Young, a widow, George W. Lee and Anna Lee, his wife, M. C. Robbins, a spinster, D. H. Lee, a widower, H. C. Stuart and Jane Doe Stuart (whose given name is to defendant Northwest Trust & Savings Bank unknown) his wife, James E. McGrew, C. Van Horn, John C. Michaels and Mayme M. Michaels, The Mercantile National Bank, a corporation, American Investment & Improvement Company, a corporation, and B. A. Lee, Defendants.

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 26th day of March, 1921, and defend the above entitled

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action in the above entitled court, and answer the cross-complaint of the defendant and cross-complainant, Northwest Trust & Savings Bank a corporation, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for said cross-complainant, Northwest Trust & Savings Bank, a corporation, at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the cross-complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The objects of said action are to obtain a judgment on account of a promissory note given by defendants George W. Lee and Anna Lee, M. C. Robbins and D. H. Lee to Irving T. Cole, in the sum of \$700.00, with interest thereon from February 6th, 1914, at the rate of 8% per annum, together with attorney's fees and costs, and to foreclose a real estate mortgage given by the said defendants Dora C. Young, George W. Lee and Anna Lee, his wife, M. C. Robbins and D. H. Lee to the said Irving T. Cole to secure the payment of said note, upon the following described real estate situated in King County, Washington, to-wit: Lots 16, 17 and 18, and Lots 21 to 34, both inclusive, all in Block 21 of University Lake Shore Addition, in Division No. 3 thereof, to the City of Seattle, King County, Washington, and to obtain a judgment of \$548.15, together with interest thereon at the rate of 6% per annum from April 22nd, 1916, against Dora C. Young, M. C. Robbins, George W. Lee and Anna Lee, his wife, and D. H. Lee, and to foreclose as a mortgage a certain deed executed by the said Dora C. Young, M. C. Robbins, George W. Lee and Anna Lee, his wife, and D. H. Lee to Irving T. Cole, to the following described property situated in Seattle, King County, Washington, to-wit: Lots 10 and 11 in Block 25, all in Division 3, and Lots 9 to 14 inclusive in Block 26, of Division 4, all in University Lake Shore Addition to the City of Seattle, which said deed was given to secure the payment of the said indebtedness; and to determine the ownership of two certain contracts one executed by the American Investment & Improvement Company, a corporation, as vendor, to M. C. Robbins, as vendee, dated February 4, 1910, covering Lot 36, in Block 14, Division 1, of University Lake Shore Addition to the City of Seattle, King County, Washington, endorsed upon which said contract is an assignment thereof executed by M. C. Robbins May 26, 1910, to B. A. Lee, and also one executed by the American Investment & Improvement Company, a corporation as vendor, to B. A. Lee, as vendee, dated March 25, 1910, covering Lots 24 and 25 in Block 1, of the University Lake Shore Addition to the City of Seattle, Division Number One, according to the recorded plat thereof; upon which said contract is endorsed an assignment thereof dated Feb. . . . , 1914, executed by B. A. Lee, B. A. George and W. H. George, the assignee's name being left in blank; and that the claims of each and all of said defendants in and to the property above described be adjudged to be second and subordinate to the lien of the defendant and cross-complainant, Northwest Trust & Savings Bank, as executor of the estate of Irving T. Cole, deceased, and that the said property be sold according to law to satisfy the judgment of defendant and cross-complainant, Northwest Trust & Savings Bank as herein set forth and that the proceeds of such sale be applied to the payment of said judgment.

JOHN F. REED,

Attorney for Cross-Complainant, Northwest Trust & Savings Bank.
Office and Post Office Address:
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. March 26, 1921. 7t May 7

JAMES T. LAWLER

Attorney 512-14 White Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington For King County
Della Merkle, Plaintiff, vs. Ernest
Merkle, Defendant. No.
Summons by Publication.
The State of Washington: to Ernest
Merkle, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 2nd day of April, 1921, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court and answer the complaint of plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff, at his office below stated and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court.

The object of the above entitled action is to procure a divorce on the grounds of abandonment for more than one year and for neglect to make suitable provisions for the support of plaintiff and family.

JAMES T. LAWLER,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address: 512-14
White Building, Seattle, King County,
Washington.
First pub. April 2, 1921 7t May 14

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MAY 14 1921

Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

OL. XI. NO. 19.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, MAY 7, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS

COLLEGE OF FORESTRY AND LUMBERING

The College of Forestry and Lumbering opened with an enrollment of 150 students, representing eight countries of the world and practically every state of the Union. Among the recent additions to the student body of the school is Mr. A. M. Koroloff, representing the Bureau of Forestry and several forestry associations of Russian Siberia. Mr. Koroloff is a graduate of the Petrograd Imperial Forest Institute. Thorsten Streyffett, a graduate of the College of Forestry and College of Commerce of Stockholm, Sweden, has lately entered the College of Forestry here to study American methods of forest practice and management.

The Forestry Department of the Province of Queensland, Australia, has sent Mr. C. J. Paterson, a graduate of the University of Queensland, to the University of Washington for the purpose of investigating and learning new logging methods to be adopted in Australia. Official representatives of private forest interests and forestry departments of Chile, Canada, England, and the Philippines are also availing themselves of the opportunities offered at the University of Washington for advanced study of logging engineering, forest management, milling, and for research along the lines of forest products.

Dean Winkenwerder has spent considerable time during the last month in conference with the State Fire Warden and the Commissioner on the subject of the purchase by the state of logged-off lands. A bill was drafted, to be put before the legislature now in session, pro-

(Continued on page 3)

VANDEVEER CUSTIS

of the School of Business Administration of the University of Washington will address the Municipal League

Tuesday Noon, May 10, 1921
on the subject of the "Banking Situation"
at BLANC'S CAFE (Opposite County-City Bldg)
BRING A GUEST WITH YOU!

*** * * * * * * * * * *

REPORT OF NOMINATING COMMITTEE

To the Municipal League of Seattle:

Your committee, appointed in accordance with the by-laws to nominate members of the League for the various offices to be filled, reports as follows:

FOR PRESIDENT:	Dan Earl
(Vote for 1)	Dr. E. C. Kilbourne
H. L. Glenn	Albert B. Lord
Frank P. Helsell	
FOR VICE-PRESIDENTS	FOR TRUSTEES (term 1923)
(Vote for 2)	(Vote for 5)
Claude H. Anderson	M. L. Baker
J. L. Baldwin	Vivian Carkeek
Robert Howes	Fred Catlett
Joseph Jacobs	Robert H. Evans
FOR TREASURER:	H. C. Force
(Vote for 1)	D. D. Johnson
C. E. Bogardus	William G. Mann
W. E. Henry	James W. Reynolds
FOR TRUSTEES (term 1922)	L. B. Schweilenbach
(Vote for 2)	H. A. Woodcock
Edward W. Allen	
Respectfully submitted,	
ARTHUR H. HUTCHINSON,	
Chairman	
JAMES A. HAIGHT,	
CLAUDE H. ANDERSON,	
S. M. BRACKETT.	

The annual meeting and election of officers will be held at Blanc's Cafe, Tuesday, May 31st, 6:30 P. M. In accordance with section three of the by-laws, "any member of the League may be nominated for membership on the board of trustees, or to fill any other office, upon the written application of ten members of the League sent to the Secretary ten days before the date of the annual election. If there are such nominations in addition to the report of the nominating committee then the Secretary shall print a ballot containing all nominations which shall be voted upon at the annual election."

PROHIBITION ENFORCEMENT TOPIC OF ADDRESS TO LEAGUE

Reported by Eimon L. Wienir

Donald A. McDonald, Prohibition Director for Washington and Alaska, addressed the Municipal League Tuesday noon on "Prohibition Enforcement". He was introduced by President James T. Lawler who described his work as "blazing a new trail in the administrative functions of government".

That public sentiment is after all the chief element in the enforcement of prohibition was the statement made by McDonald. "This fact has been evidenced in this state. In eastern Washington where the sentiment is strongly in favor of enforcement of the law, the officers have co-operated to a far greater extent than in Western Washington and it is virtually dry. Not only a majority but an overwhelming majority must be in favor of enforcement. There is still need for a campaign of education along this line. There is no violate the fundamental laws more excuse for the rich to violate the liquor laws than there is for the I. W. W. to violate the fundamental laws of the land. Both are in the same class.

"Another obstacle to the enforcement of the law is the fact that Canada is wet. During the war, in Canada, an order of Council was made forbidding the importation into Canada for a period of three years. Thus, in 1920, when the law began to be enforced in the United States, the Canadian stocks were greatly depleted and, consequently, liquor was selling in Seattle as high as twenty-five dollars a quart at that time. Since then Canada has had a Government

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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Secretary.....Eimon L. Wiener, 510 Central Bldg., Main 476
Treasurer.....A. F. Bailey, 922 2nd Avenue, Elliott 732
Honorary Auditors.....Smith, Robertson & Moorehouse

TRUSTEES

Terms Expire May, 1921

Fred W. Catlett
Walter S. Johnson
L. D. Lewis
A. H. Albertson
Edward W. Allen

Terms Expire May 1922

Howard A. Adams
George S. Kabin
Robert F. Sandall
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James W. Reynolds, Ex-officio Trustee

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dispensary system; according to their law, exportation of liquor into the United States is not a crime. When it is borne in mind that there are fifty-two automobile roads along the Canadian border, the difficulty of enforcing the prohibition law will be appreciated. Unless the Government is prepared to spend more money for men and boats, the stopping of illegal traffic of liquor will be difficult if not impossible. Of course, when Canada goes dry, the problem will be simplified.

Mr. McDonald cleverly disposed of the "moon shine" drinkers when he said "Let moon shine do its work!"

Mr. McDonald believes that a law consolidating certain phases of the work of the prohibition director with that of the Collector of Internal Revenue will be passed. That is, the license and permissive features of the law will be merged with the Collector's office; and enforcement feature will be merged with that of the Department of Justice. "We shall get more co-operation with the District Attorney's office when the merger takes place," declared McDonald.

Entering into the history of the prohibition, McDonald pointed out that the Continental Congress recognized the evil, and that Washington, in one of his addresses, declared that, "strong drink is the ruination of one-half of the working men of America". In 1830 Congress passed a law forbidding the sale of intoxicating liquor to the Indians.

The W. C. T. U. the organization which perhaps helped the most in accomplishing the reform, was founded in 1876. In 1893 the strong Anti-Saloon League was organized and in 1907 a movement began in the southern states with Alabama, practically making the whole southern section dry.

In 1915 there were only three states that did not have some form of prohibitory legislation. "The war hastened prohibition but it did not cause it entirely", stated McDonald.

In the fall of 1917 Congress submitted the eighteenth amendment to the Constitution. This amendment is peculiar in that it gave concurrent power of the Federal and State Government to legislate on the subject. Within two years three-fourths of the states had ratified the amendment and it became in force on January 16th, 1920.

The Voldsted law, passed in pursuance to the amendment is divided into three parts:

1. The war time prohibition which provided for the gap between the war time regulation and the pending of the going into force of the Eighteenth Amendment.

2. National or constitutional prohibition.

3. The use of liquor for commercial purposes. (In a bone-dry state like Washington, a Federal Government cannot issue permits to druggists for the use of intoxicating or liquor beverages, while in states like Illinois and California, under the

Federal law, prescriptions, when obtained from physicians, can be filled by druggists.)

As a whole the Federal Act is not as drastic as our state law.

CHARTER REVISIONS FOR NEW YORK CITY

From National Municipal Review.

Measures are being taken in three different quarters (one of them of official character) which have as their object the radical revision of the Greater New York charter.

Senator Meyer has introduced a resolution in the state legislature authorizing the appointment of a legislative committee to consist of five assemblymen and four senators, which shall inquire into the defects of the present charter and report back its recommendations and remedies before February 1, 1922. A non-partisan citizens' committee, composed of unofficial representatives of various civic organizations, is being formed with the intention of making a de novo inquiry into the administrative organization of the city, and of attempting to remove from the body of the charter those sections which properly should be incorporated in an administrative code. The Real Estate Board of New York already has initiated a detailed examination of the charter and announces its intention of making a determined effort for the virtual abolition of the county governments in so far as this can be accomplished without constitutional change. It also proposes to deprive the five borough presidents of their places in the board of estimates and apportionment, and to substitute in their stead the chamberlain and collector of revenue. Both of last named are at present appointive officers, but would become elective if the board's plan were carried out.

The creation, abolition and consolidation of various city departments and bureaus is contemplated. The most far-reaching proposal of this character is that a department of public works be created, which shall take over all public work, including docks and bridges and the construction of school buildings. This would involve

the abolition of the department of plants and structures together with the public works departments of the five boroughs.

The situation thus presented is featured both by unusual opportunities and serious hazards in about equal proportions. There are few who will defend the present organization of the New York city government. On the other hand the several plans for relief which have been put forward are widely divergent. It is in this that the chief danger to early charter revision lies. With two voluntary groups at work, and the prospect of a legislative committee entering the lists at an early date, there is a possibility, too real to be taken lightly, that the great body of popular support, which readily could be enlisted in behalf of a single plan of revision, will be hopelessly divided against itself in sponsoring the adverse claims of three or more bodies.

BOARD EXTENDS WELCOME TO PERRY

By the Secretary

The Board of Trustees of the League extend to John H. Perry, the new publisher of the Post Intelligencer, a hearty welcome. There is a great need for a live newspaper in Seattle; one that will treat public questions without fear or favor. The new slogan of the Post-Intelligencer "Service, Accuracy, Sincerity and Justice" is certainly appealing. It is to be hoped that the P. I. will live up to these ideals for these four words express the aims and the ideals of a newspaper serving so great a city as Seattle.

Mr. Perry, in a recent address stated that the people own the P.-I. This certainly is true in sentiment, if not in fact. A newspaper can no longer be a private enterprise subject to the whims and call of one man. The public has a proprietary interest which should be respected. The Municipal League has, at various times in the past, suffered at the hands of local newspapers in that they have not given the League the publicity that it deserves both as to its committee reports and the reporting or addresses made before its membership. While such a condition has not prevailed to a great

tent in the last year or so, vertheless more publicity for auge reports is always desirable. It adds strength to the league and it brings the needed information to the citizens of attle.

TRACTS FROM REPORT OF BUILDING DEPART- MENT — 1920.

Estimated value of permits issued, \$13,760,090.00.
Cost of City buildings erected, \$9,905.98
Expenditures of the Department, \$216,533.10.
Fire loss for the year, \$655,258.
Permits issued: Building, 10,565; Electrical, 9,247.
Permits approved: Building, 3,377; Electrical, 10,180.
Total number of inspections, 5,500.
Cost of work, Architect's Division, \$759,905.98.
Expenditures, salaries, etc., Architect's Division, \$18,803.83.
Boiler Division, Inspections, \$26.
Boiler Division, Cost of Operation, \$6,702.00.
Boiler Division, Receipts for inspections, \$5,163.15.
Expenditures for Fire Stations, \$49,934.75.
Expenditures for Firlands Sanatorium, \$129,228.61.
Expenditures for Miscellaneous Buildings, \$38,312.88.
Receipts from rentals, \$18,076.
Receipts from sundry sources, \$30.88.
Receipts from sale of buildings under condemnation, \$2,729.64.
Receipts from sale of other buildings, \$16,212.50.
Credits for work done for other departments, \$21,066.50.
Total revenues received from sources, \$63,828.75.
Number of building lots owned by the City and for sale, 600.
Acreage owned by the City for sale, 327 acres.

VIEWS AND REVIEWS

om National Municipal Review for April.

Mr. Hughes has resigned as president of the National Municipal League. He felt that the assumption of official duties at Washington would prevent his giving the necessary attention to League affairs and that he

must therefore withdraw from its active headship. While the League loses a president the country gains a secretary of state, and the sincere good wishes of our officers and members go with him. He has been good enough to say that it has been a great pleasure to be associated with us and that he leaves our work with reluctance.

Mr. Hughes really believes in the League. His good humor, practical judgment and scientific attitude to governmental affairs will be sorely missed from our counsels.

• • •

Disinterested observers usually agree that county government superimposed upon a city of any considerable size is a useless extravagance. Political prodigality reaches its lowest level when numerous administration commissions, and elective boards with taxing powers are set up in the territory already under city and county governments. Multnomah county, Oregon, has eighty taxing authorities. At each regular election a voter of Portland is confronted by a ballot containing 87 separate public offices. The present legislature is considering a constitutional amendment consolidating most of the 80 taxing authorities into the city and

county of Portland.

While Portland may be an extreme example, other cities are troubled in the same manner. Chicago, for example, or Seattle, St. Louis, Philadelphia or Cleveland. In Philadelphia, as was shown in the February Review, a number of independent agencies finance themselves out of city funds. If the council has not seen fit to appropriate money for some service, the corresponding agency, perhaps the county commissioners, secure a mandamus against the city treasurer ordering him to pay over the funds.

But whenever some exasperated citizens move to abolish the network of governmental units, politicians talk as if there were such a thing as a vested interest in the present disorganization. Access to the spoils of the existing system becomes hallowed by time, and interference is resented as an infringement upon a sacred right.

COLLEGE OF FORESTRY

(Continued from page 1)
viding for the purchase by the

BOYS. LOOK AT HIM!



Every boy at some time or other has cherished an ambition to be a drum major. Here is the gorgeous drum major of the Welsh Guards band, attached to the court of King George of England. He is shown in his picturesque state dress uniform.

SCULPTURE HIS HOBBY



William Willoughby, twelve-year-old sculptor of Washington, had an interesting display of models at the "hobby show" in the Y. M. C. A., a yearly event when boys of all ages bring their particular hobbies to display.

state of logged-over lands. This bill is the entering wedge for a definite state forest policy and it will undoubtedly serve as an effective means of meeting the increasingly serious problem of disposing of logged-over lands. All indications are that the bill will pass the legislature.

CHAS. H. HARTGE

Attorney 510 Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Annie Henderson, Deceased, No. 28206.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition For Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Alice Isabel Henderson, as administratrix of the Estate of said Annie Henderson, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said administratrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 27th day of May, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 26th day of April, 1921.

GEORGE A. GRANT,

Clerk of said Court.

By GEO. L. BERGER,

Deputy.

First Pub. April 30, 1921 4t May 21

LUNDIN & BARTO

Lawyers 817 Alaska Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Mary M. Tenney, Deceased, No. 26431.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition For Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Elmer S. Tenney, Executor of the Estate of Mary M. Tenney, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said executor; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 13th day of May, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 14th day of April, 1921.

GEO. A. GRANT,

Clerk of said Court.

By H. C. GORDON,

Deputy.

First pub. Apr. 16, 1921. 4t May 7

JOHN F. REED

Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and For the County of King.

R. H. Lee and Ruby Lee, husband and wife, Plaintiffs, vs. Northwest Trust & Savings Bank, a corporation, and Dora C. Young, a widow, George W. Lee and Anna Lee, his wife, M. C. Robbins, a spinster, D. H. Lee, a widower, H. C. Stuart and Jane Doe Stuart (whose given name is to defendant Northwest Trust & Savings Bank unknown), his wife, James E. McGrew, C. Van Horn, John C. Michaels and Mayme M. Michaels, The Mercantile National Bank, a corporation, American Investment & Improvement Company, a corporation, and B. A. Lee, Defendants.

No. 134838. Summons by Publication. The State of Washington to: Dora C. Young, a widow, George W. Lee and Anna Lee, his wife, M. C. Robbins, a spinster, D. H. Lee, a widower, H. C. Stuart and Jane Doe Stuart (whose given name is to defendant Northwest Trust & Savings Bank unknown) his wife, James E. McGrew, C. Van Horn, John C. Michaels and Mayme M. Michaels, The Mercantile National Bank, a corporation, American Investment & Improvement Company, a corporation, and B. A. Lee, Defendants.

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 26th day of March, 1921, and defend the above entitled

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action in the above entitled court, and answer the cross-complaint of the defendant and cross-complainant, Northwest Trust & Savings Bank a corporation, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for said cross-complainant, Northwest Trust & Savings Bank, a corporation, at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the cross-complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The objects of said action are to obtain a judgment on account of a promissory note given by defendants George W. Lee and Anna Lee, M. C. Robbins and D. H. Lee to Irving T. Cole, in the sum of \$700.00, with interest thereon from February 6th, 1914, at the rate of 8% per annum, together with attorney's fees and costs, and to foreclose a real estate mortgage given by the said defendants Dora C. Young, George W. Lee and Anna Lee, his wife, M. C. Robbins and D. H. Lee to the said Irving T. Cole to secure the payment of said note, upon the following described real estate situated in King County, Washington, to-wit: Lots 16, 17 and 18, and Lots 21 to 34, both inclusive, all in Block 21 of University Lake Shore Addition, in Division No. 3 thereof, to the City of Seattle, King County, Washington, and to obtain a judgment of \$548.15, together with interest thereon at the rate of 6% per annum from April 22nd, 1916, against Dora C. Young, M. C. Robbins, George W. Lee and Anna Lee, his wife, and D. H. Lee, and to foreclose as a mortgage a certain deed executed by the said Dora C. Young, M. C. Robbins, George W. Lee and Anna Lee, his wife, and D. H. Lee to Irving T. Cole, to the following described property situated in Seattle, King County, Washington, to-wit: Lots 10 and 11 in Block 25, all in Division 3, and Lots 9 to 14 inclusive in Block 26, of Division 4, all in University Lake Shore Addition to the City of Seattle, which said deed was given to secure the payment of the said indebtedness; and to determine the ownership of two certain contracts one executed by the American Investment & Improvement Company, a corporation, as vendor, to M. C. Robbins, as vendee, dated February 4, 1910, covering Lot 36, in Block 14, Division 1, of University Lake Shore Addition to the City of Seattle, King County, Washington, endorsed upon which said contract is an assignment thereof executed by M. C. Robbins May 26, 1910, to B. A. Lee, and also one executed by the American Investment & Improvement Company, a corporation as vendor, to B. A. Lee, as vendee, dated March 25, 1910, covering Lots 24 and 25 in Block 1, of the University Lake Shore Addition to the City of Seattle, Division Number One, according to the recorded plat thereof; upon which said contract is endorsed an assignment thereof dated Feb., 1914, executed by B. A. Lee, B. A. George and W. H. George, the assignee's name being left in blank; and that the claims of each and all of said defendants in and to the property above described be adjudged to be second and subordinate to the lien of the defendant and cross-complainant, Northwest Trust & Savings Bank, as executor of the estate of Irving T. Cole, deceased, and that the said property be sold according to law to satisfy the judgment of defendant and cross-complainant, Northwest Trust & Savings Bank as herein set forth and that the proceeds of such sale be applied to the payment of said judgment.

JOHN F. REED,
Attorney for Cross-Complainant, Northwest Trust & Savings Bank,
Office and Post Office Address:
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. March 26, 1921. 7t May 7

JAMES T. LAWLER
Attorney 512-14 White Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington For King County
Della Merkle, Plaintiff, vs. Ernest
Merkle, Defendant. No.
Summons by Publication.
The State of Washington: to Ernest
Merkle, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 2nd day of April, 1921, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court and answer the complaint of plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff, at his office below stated and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court.

The object of the above entitled action is to procure a divorce on the grounds of abandonment for more than one year and for neglect to make suitable provisions for the support of plaintiff and family.

JAMES T. LAWLER,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
Office and Post Office Address: 512-14
White Building, Seattle, King County,
Washington.
First pub, April 2, 1921 7t May 14

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

L. XI. NO. 20.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, MAY 14, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS

PERT TALKS ON THE BANKING SITUATION

Reported by Eimon L. Wiener. Prof. Vandever Custis of the School of Business Administration of the University of Washington addressed the League Tuesday noon on the subject of "The Banking Situation" touching particularly on the expansion of credit and the inflation of money. "Business today is in a condition of 'the morning after the night before'", stated Prof. Custis.

"During the first year of the war a billion dollars in gold was sent to the United States. This went into the bank reserves; as banks were able to loan more money and the increase stimulated business. After we got into the war, we imported less gold. It is my belief that the federal reserve system, as established, made for further increase of loans. In July of 1914, the per capita circulation in the United States was \$34.64; in January, 1921, \$59.12. In January 1914 the individual deposits in national banks amounted over six billion dollars. In July 1920, deposits totalled thirteen billions. It is evident that the amount of wealth produced between 1914 and 1920 could not have increased in the same proportion as is indicated in the per capita circulation and in the deposits in National banks.

"The contraction of credit was necessary after the war. The reserve ratio had decreased to such an extent that the Federal Reserve Banks said 'stop, put a check on loans.' This was simply 'advice' given by the Federal Reserve Bank to the National banks. It cautioned the National banks to loan only to the most essential industries but its words

(Continued on page 3)

CIVIL SERVICE COMMITTEE REPORT

will be discussed and voted upon

Tuesday Noon, May 17, 1921

at BLANC'S CAFE (Opposite County-City Bldg)

BRING A GUEST WITH YOU!

PLEASE PAY YOUR DUES AT ONCE

The Secretary must make his annual report to the League on May 31st of this year. He is anxious to have the books in shape on or before May 20th when a certified accountant examines them. All remittances for dues should be in hand by that time. Naturally, the Secretary desires to make as good a showing as possible as to the financial standing of the League and your check will materially aid in making such showing. Checks should be mailed to the Municipal League, 510 Central Building, Seattle.

Capital Home of Secretary Weeks



The residence at Sixteenth and V streets, Washington, which has been leased by John W. Weeks, secretary of war.

TO VOTE ON REPORT TUESDAY

The report of the Civil Service Committee, which was published in full in the "News" two weeks ago, will be brought up for discussion and vote at Tuesday's meeting. The report, one of the most exhaustive written on the subject, was to have been voted upon at the last meeting but owing to the fact that Dr. Wilbur F. Craft of Washington was placed on the program at the last minute in addition to the speaker of the day, Prof. Curtis, the report could not be read in full. There promises to be a lively argument over certain sections of the report, the committee, itself, being divided in one or two instances over certain sections. If you are unable to find the issue of the "News" containing this report, a copy may be procured from the Brown-White Printing Company, publishers of the "News" at 1924 1st Avenue.

* * *

The annual drive for the increase of members will be made this coming week. The League always loses a number of members at this time of the year when the annual statement of dues are sent out and in order to show as good a record as that of last year, it is necessary to get many new members. It is hoped that every member of the League will aid the officers in getting at least one member. Whether you have an application card or not, if you will give the name of the prospective member to the Secretary a regular form of application will be sent him and some member of the League will be asked to see him.

Frank P. Helsell, the Vice president of the League, who

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Robert F. Sandall
Jackson Silbaugh

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was nominated for the presidency, has written to the Board of trustees a letter asking to have his name stricken from the list.

Mr. Helsell feels that other duties have a prior claim upon his time and that he would not be able to render such service, as President of the League, as is necessary. The letter has been referred to the nominating committee and the committee will fill the vacancy caused by Mr. Helsell's declining the nomination.

Mr. Fred W. Catlett, who has been nominated for trustee, has also declined to serve on the ground that his seven years of service as an officer of the League entitles him to a rest. "Some new blood in the organization," is needed, stated Mr. Catlett, "and it is my opinion that the League would be served better by having a new man in my Tuesday noon on the subject of place."

REFORMER URGES LEAGUE TO FAVOR ANTI-NARCOTIC LEGISLATION

Dr. Wilbur F. Crafts of the International Reform Bureau, Washington, D. C. addressed the League briefly Tuesday on the subject of "The Narcotic Bill" recently introduced in Congress by Senator Wesley L. Jones and Congressman John F. Miller. Dr. Craft pointed out the relationship between the morality and good business. "Seventeen nations have written in prohibition in the heart of the territory of Africa not because they desire to improve the morality of these nations, but because it was good business. So we should do likewise in China with reference to the exportation of narcotics. Last year the United States shipped more morphine into Japan for consumption in China than would be needed by the whole world for medicinal purposes for the period of one hundred years. A serious unfavorable impression has been left in China against the American trade for this reason."

The narcotic law, as introduced by Senator Jones and known as the "Seattle Bill", in substance, provides that exports of morphine, as well as other narcotics, can be sent only to authorized persons on proof that the narcotics will be used for medicinal purposes only and will not be exported.

On the conclusion of his address, a motion was made by Claude H. Anderson and seconded by James W. Reynolds to have the matter referred to the proper committee.

SEATTLE LIBRARY ISSUES ANNUAL REPORT FOR 1920

The Annual Report of the Seattle Public Library for the year 1920 shows substantial increase in all activities. There were circulated 1,828,496 volumes, an increase over 1919 of 202,363, being a per capita circulation of 5.79. The total registered borrowers Dec. 31, 1920, was 80,481, a gain over 1919 of 7,014.

This is the thirtieth report of the library and the fourteenth under the present librarian. The year 1920 therefore marked the close of the third decade in the library's history. Because of this fact the report draws some comparisons between the records for 1910 and the work of the library in 1920. A survey of a ten-year period is enlightening.

The following table and chart show in condensed form the progress made:

	1910	1920	% of Inc.
Volumes in library	128,309	335,509	161
Annual circulation	649,611	1,828,496	181
Circulation per capita	2.74	5.79	111
Number of borrowers	41,963	80,481	92
Population	237,194	315,652	33
Receipts from city	\$146,538	\$277,676	90
Salaries	\$ 62,275	\$192,740	209
Number of employees	94	158	68

The figures in the table and the chart which show the most striking contrast are those of circulation and appropriation. The circulation of books shows an increase of 181 per cent, while the receipts from the city have increased 90 per cent. This same contrast is shown in another way by that fact that the staff has increased in number 68 per cent as compared with 181 per cent increase in circulation.

In 1910 the library had six branches. It now has nine. Ten years ago only four of its branches were housed in permanent buildings belonging to the city. At the present time seven of the nine branches occupy their own buildings and a building for the eighth branch is under construction. The remaining branch occupies quarters in the old Georgetown City Hall, so that as soon as the Fremont Branch building is completed, all of the nine branches will be housed in buildings belonging to the city. The cost to the city for these buildings has been very slight as most of the funds were provided by Andrew Carnegie.

Since 1910 the following departments or features of work have been organized or greatly developed in order to promote the library's idea of service:

Municipal Reference division aids city officials and civic organizations in all questions of municipal legislation and administration.

Technology division supplies books and gives expert help to engineers, chemists, mechanics,

and business men.

Schools division provides the best professional literature to teachers and puts class-room libraries in schools for the children.

High school libraries are supported and administered by the School Board, but the public library has aided in their reorganization and now maintains close co-operation with them.

Foreign-born residents are supplied with books in their own languages, with easy English readers, and with books which will inculcate in them the spirit of the true Americanism. The head of this work is familiar with a number of the languages.

Club women are given aid in preparing programs and papers.

Reports of heads of departments are printed in part giving in an interesting way a view of the work of this library as it is carried on from day to day.

NAVAL RESERVE CRUISE TO BE HELD SUNDAY

The First Naval Reserve Cruise which will last one day will leave the port commission dock at the foot of Bell street Sunday morning May 11 at 8:30 and will return that evening. The cruise will be on Eagle Boat No 57. All Naval Reserve men are expected to be on hand according to the officer in charge.

A little bird sat on a tree
And hopped from limb to limb
And kept his beady eye on me
The while I looked at him,
I stood and watched him—much amused
Until a thought occurred
That it was very possible that
I amused the bird.

* * *

To shave your face and brush
your hair,
And then your Sunday clothes
to wear,
That's preparation.
And then upon the car to ride,
A mile or two to walk besides
That's transportation.
And then before the door to smile
And think you'll stay a good
long while,
That's expectation.
And then to find her not at home
That's thunderation.

"Did prohibition surprise you?"
"Why, my dear, it took away
my breath"

ANNUAL DINNER PLANS BEING COMPLETED

Tickets are now available for the annual dinner which is to be held May 31st at 6:30 at Blanc's Cafe. The price is one dollar per plate. Blanc's have promised to furnish an excellent dinner. The program committee, headed by James W. Reynolds, is promising an unusually attractive program and this, together with the election of officers which is to take place that night, should form one of the most interesting meetings ever held by the League.

Dean Stephen I. Miller who was to have given the address of the meeting has written that he will be unable to attend. The program committee has in mind, however, other notables for the program and will undoubtedly be able to announce a speaker of unusual merit for that evening. The Board of Trustees passed a ruling that members only shall be permitted to attend this meeting. Space at Blanc's is restricted to one hundred fifty guests and, consequently, there is no room for outsiders. Reservations for the dinner may be made by phoning the Secretary "Main 476" or by writing to the office. Each member of the Board of Trustees is responsible for the sale of five tickets; and it is expected that at least one hundred fifty tickets will be sold. Please make your reservations as early as possible.

EXPERT TALKS ON THE BANKING SITUATION

(Continued from page one)
of caution were not heeded. The Federal Reserve banks then raised the rates of discount and the Federal Reserve ratio began raising until now it has reached 59 per cent, a fairly conservative ratio.

"The deflation movement caused wholesale prices to be reduced first. Agricultural prices fell from the first. Banks found that they could not get their loans paid because the persons affected did not have the money to pay.

"I doubt as to whether there really was a buyers' strike. I believe that it was inability more

than unwillingness to buy that created a situation called the 'buyers' strike'.

"The mere lending of money by banks to individuals is not necessarily the cause of rise in prices. If, however the Banks lend to individuals who employ the money for purposes of speculation and for purposes of bidding against each other, rise in prices is bound to result. The Federal Reserve has averted a panic of as great import as those of 1873, 1883 and 1907. By means of the Federal Reserve, we were able to stand the strain better. It has served as an organized agency to put a check on expansion of credit before it becomes of too serious a nature."

Touching on the labor question Dr. Custis said, "The attitude of labor must be taken into account in the present situation. The real complaint made is not that labor wants more pay but that it won't do the work."

ECONOMY PLEDGE MADE

Pledging economy in governmental costs, representatives of the city, county, port and school board, after conferring this week in the County Commissioners' office on ways to reduce taxation decided to create a committee to study tax reduction thoroughly.

Members of the School Board expressed the hope that a 4-mill reduction would be effected in that levy this year, and city councilmen held out hope for a possible reduction in the city's levy. County officials declared their intention to reduce expenses wherever possible, but members of the Port Commission said it might be necessary to levy a tax for the port for the first time in three years.

Dr. W. T. Christensen of the Port Commission was chosen chairman of the committee to study ways of reducing taxes in all four branches of government, and it was recommended that each of the bodies represented delegate one or more representatives as members of the committee.

HORACE A. WILSON
Attorney 425 Lyon Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, for King County
In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Eliza

E. Fleehart, Deceased. No. 29367.

Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Executor of the estate of Eliza E. Fleehart, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Executor or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, May 14, 1921.
CREIGHTON FLEEHAART,
Executor of said Estate.
Address, 425 Lyon Building, Seattle, Wash.
HORACE A. WILSON, Attorney for Estate, 425 Lyon Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. May 14, 1921. 4t June 4

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
NOTICE
SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE
State of Washington, County of King, ss. Sheriff's Office.
By Virtue of an Order of Sale issued out of the Honorable Superior Court of King County, on the 11th day of May, A. D. 1921, by the Clerk thereof in the case of Marion Gray, Plaintiff, versus P. Stave, a widower, Mary Dechmann and Louis Dechmann, her husband; Ducaid Campbell and James G. Campbell, as executors of the Estate of A. J. McDonald, deceased; Emil Burkhardt, H. L. Hanlon, doing business under the name and style of Northwestern News Bureau, Henry Jennings & Sons, a corporation, and Frank P. Helsell, Defendants. No. 145243, and to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered:

Notice is hereby given, That I will proceed to sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, within the hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's sales, to-wit: at ten o'clock A. M., on the 18th day of June, 1921, before the Court House door of King County, Jefferson Street Entrance, in the State of Washington, the following described property, situated in King County, State of Washington, to-wit:
Commencing at the northwest corner of tract numbered eleven (11) of Ballard's Acre Tracts, and running thence east eighty feet, thence south one hundred feet, thence west eighty feet, thence north one hundred feet to the place of beginning all being a part of said tract eleven in said Ballard Acre Tracts, according to the plat thereof in the office of the County Auditor of King County, Washington.

levied on as the property of said defendants to satisfy a judgment of a foreclosure of a first and second mortgage amounting to Ten thousand two hundred fifty-two and 29-100 (\$10,252.29) Dollars, interest, and the cost of suit, in favor of plaintiff.

Dated this 12th day of May, 1921.
MATT STARWICH, Sheriff.
By **A. HUTCHESON**, Deputy.
First pub. May 14, 1921. 5t June 11

JAMES T. LAWLER
Attorney 512-14 White Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
Horace R. Martin, Plaintiff, vs. Alameda M. Martin, Defendant. No. 151030.
Summons For Publication.
The State of Washington: to Alameda M. Martin, Defendant.
You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty days after the 14th day of May, 1921, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court and answer the complaint of plaintiff and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff, at his office below stated, and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint which has been filed with the Clerk of said court. The object of the above entitled action is to procure a divorce on the grounds of cruelty and incompatibility rendering further cohabitation impossible, and personal indignities rendering life burdensome.

JAMES T. LAWLER,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address:
512-14 White Building, Seattle, King County, Washington.
First pub. May 14, 1921 7t June 25

Teacher (grabbing a boy who had been misbehaving): Young man, I believe the devil has a hold of you.

Pupil: I know he has.

* * *

Teacher (to student): "You're not fit for decent company Come up here with me."

CHAS. H. HARTGE
Attorney 510 Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Annie Henderson, Deceased. No. 28206.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition For Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Alice Isabel Henderson, as administratrix of the Estate of said Annie Henderson, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her final report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said administratrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 27th day of May, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 26th day of April, 1921.
GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By **GEO. L. BERGER**,
Deputy.
First Pub. April 30, 1921 4t May 21

LUNDIN & BARTO
Lawyers 817 Alaska Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Mary M. Tenney, Deceased. No. 26431.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition For Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Elmer S. Tenney, Executor of the Estate of Mary M. Tenney, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said executor; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 13th day of May, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 14th day of April, 1921.
GEO. A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By **H. C. GORDON**,
Deputy.
First pub. Apr. 16, 1921. 4t May 7

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, in and For the County of King.
R. H. Lee and Ruby Lee, husband and wife, Plaintiffs, vs. Northwest Trust & Savings Bank, a corporation, and Dora C. Young, a widow, George W. Lee and Anna Lee, his wife, M. C. Robbins, a spinster, D. H. Lee, a widower, H. C. Stuart and Jane Doe Stuart (whose given name is to defendant Northwest Trust & Savings Bank unknown), his wife, James E. McGrew, C. Van Horn, John C. Michaels and Mayme M. Michaels, The Mercantile National Bank, a corporation, American Investment & Improvement Company, a corporation, and B. A. Lee, Defendants.
No. 131838. Summons by Publication.
The State of Washington to: Dora C. Young, a widow, George W. Lee and Anna Lee, his wife, M. C. Robbins, a spinster, D. H. Lee, a widower, H. C. Stuart and Jane Doe Stuart (whose given name is to defendant Northwest Trust & Savings Bank unknown) his wife, James E. McGrew, C. Van Horn, John C. Michaels and Mayme M. Michaels, The Mercantile National Bank, a corporation, American Investment & Improvement Company, a corporation, and B. A. Lee, Defendants.
You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 26th day of March, 1921, and defend the above entitled

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action in the above entitled court, and answer the cross-complaint of the defendant and cross-complainant, Northwest Trust & Savings Bank a corporation, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for said cross-complainant, Northwest Trust & Savings Bank, a corporation, at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the cross-complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The objects of said action are to obtain a judgment on account of a promissory note given by defendants George W. Lee and Anna Lee, M. C. Robbins and D. H. Lee to Irving T. Cole, in the sum of \$700.00, with interest thereon from February 6th, 1914, at the rate of 8% per annum, together with attorney's fees and costs, and to foreclose a real estate mortgage given by the said defendants Dora C. Young, George W. Lee and Anna Lee, his wife, M. C. Robbins and D. H. Lee to the said Irving T. Cole to secure the payment of said note, upon the following described real estate situated in King County, Washington, to-wit: Lots 16, 17 and 18, and Lots 21 to 31, both inclusive, all in Block 21 of University Lake Shore Addition, in Division No. 3 thereof, to the City of Seattle, King County, Washington, and to obtain a judgment of \$548.15, together with interest thereon at the rate of 6% per annum from April 22nd, 1916, against Dora C. Young, M. C. Robbins, George W. Lee and Anna Lee, his wife, and D. H. Lee, and to foreclose as a mortgage a certain deed executed by the said Dora C. Young, M. C. Robbins, George W. Lee and Anna Lee, his wife, and D. H. Lee to Irving T. Cole, to the following described property situated in Seattle, King County, Washington, to-wit: Lots 10 and 11 in Block 25, all in Division 3, and Lots 9 to 14 inclusive in Block 26, of Division 4, all in University Lake Shore Addition to the City of Seattle, which said deed was given to secure the payment of the said indebtedness; and to determine the ownership of two certain contracts one executed by the American Investment & Improvement Company, a corporation, as vendor, to M. C. Robbins, as vendee, dated February 4, 1910, covering Lot 36, in Block 14, Division 1, of University Lake Shore Addition to the City of Seattle, King County, Washington, endorsed upon which said contract is an assignment thereof executed by M. C. Robbins May 26, 1910, to B. A. Lee, and also one executed by the American Investment & Improvement Company, a corporation as vendor, to B. A. Lee, as vendee, dated March 25, 1910, covering Lots 24 and 25 in Block 1, of the University Lake Shore Addition to the City of Seattle, Division Number One, according to the recorded plat thereof; upon which said contract is endorsed an assignment thereof dated Feb. 1914, executed by B. A. Lee, B. A. George and W. H. George, the assignee's name being left in blank; and that the claims of each and all of said defendants in and to the property above described be adjudged to be second and subordinate to the lien of the defendant and cross-complainant, Northwest Trust & Savings Bank, as executor of the estate of Irving T. Cole, deceased, and that the said property be sold according to law to satisfy the judgment of defendant and cross-complainant, Northwest Trust & Savings Bank as herein set forth and that the proceeds of such sale be applied to the payment of said judgment.

JOHN F. REED,
Attorney for Cross-Complainant, Northwest Trust & Savings Bank,
Office and Post Office Address:
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. March 26, 1921. 7t May 7

JAMES T. LAWLER
Attorney 512-14 White Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington For King County
Della Merkle, Plaintiff, vs. Ernest
Merkle, Defendant. No.
Summons by Publication.
The State of Washington: to Ernest
Merkle, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 2nd day of April, 1921, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court and answer the complaint of plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff, at his office below stated, and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court.

The object of the above entitled action is to procure a divorce on the grounds of abandonment for more than one year and for neglect to make suitable provisions for the support of plaintiff and family.

JAMES T. LAWLER,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
Office and Post Office Address: 512-14
White Building, Seattle, King County,
Washington.
First pub. April 2, 1921. 7t May 14

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JUN 11 1921

Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. XI. NO. 21.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, MAY 21, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS

WHAT HAS THE LEAGUE DONE?

Many members of the League who have been inactive during the past year but who sympathize with the League activities have made inquiry concerning the work of the League during the current year. A summary of the work will be given by the President at the annual dinner which will be held at Blanc's Cafe, May 31st at 6:30 P. M., but a busy resume will be given to satisfy those making the inquiry. First of all, there were the reports of the Candidates' Investigating Committee upon city, county and school candidates for office. The members compromising this committee gave all their time unselfishly during the greater portion of the week, questioning the candidates and formulating the report. If the League has not accomplished anything besides this during the year--which it has--it would be a sufficient excuse for its existence and would justify the support given to it by the citizens of Seattle; for these reports, rendered by disinterested persons and published in the daily newspapers of the City, have given information to the citizenry which is concededly invaluable.

The street railway situation has received the earnest study of the public utilities committee, headed by O. B. Thorgrimson; and various matters affecting the transportation problem have been touched upon in its reports. Mayor Caldwell favored the League with a thoroughly prepared report on this subject.

The financial status of the schools, the State School Code Bill as proposed, the construction of Roosevelt High School Building and the general school situation has received a great deal of

(Continued on page 3)

VOTE ON THE CIVIL SERVICE COMMITTEE REPORT

Tuesday Noon, May 24, 1921

at BLANC'S CAFE (Opposite County-City Bldg)



BRING A GUEST WITH YOU!

PLEASE PAY YOUR DUES AT ONCE

The Secretary must make his annual report to the League on May 31st of this year. He is anxious to have the books in shape on or before May 20th when a certified accountant examines them. All remittances for dues should be in hand by that time. Naturally, the Secretary desires to make as good a showing as possible as to the financial standing of the League and your check will materially aid in making such showing. Checks should be mailed to the Municipal League, 510 Central Building, Seattle.

MEIER TO BE SPEAKER AT ANNUAL DINNER

"Walter F. Meier, corporation counsel, will be the principal speaker at the annual dinner which will be held May 31st at 6:30 P. M. at Blanc's Cafe", announced James W. Reynolds, chairman of the League's program committee. Mr. Meier will take as his subject "Seattle's Greatest Needs". Besides the annual election of officers, the annual reports of the President and Secretary and the Treasurer, there will be a "session of the City Council". The import of this session as well as its novelty is being held secret by the chairman of the program committee.

He announced, however, that it would form one of the most novel program stunts that has ever been given by the League. A number of the younger men of the League have the stunt in charge. Though they are holding the details of the plans secret, promise has been given that it will be extremely interesting as well as entertaining.

The Secretary has issued an appeal to the membership urging it to take reservations for the annual dinner without further delay. The tickets are only one dollar per plate, the reservation being limited to one hundred fifty. Those desiring to attend the banquet should phone the Secretary at the earliest moment possible.

COMMISSIONER TALKS ON CIVIL SERVICE REPORT

Reported by Eimon L. Wienir.

The report of the Civil Service Committee of the Municipal League was the chief topic of discussion at the League's meeting Tuesday noon. After a reading of the report by the chairman of the Committee, M. H. Van Nuys, President Lawler called upon J. Y. C. Kellogg, one of the Civil Service Commissioners, to address the League on the report.

Mr. Kellogg said in part: "As to one of the report in effect prohibiting city employees to engage in a general strike, I believe in the conclusions arrived at by the Committee; an amendment to city charter is the way to get it."

As to the second part of the report: "It is not the desire of the Commission to have too much supervision of the employees. At present increase of salaries is granted only upon length of service. Increase of salaries should, however, be determined upon merit and efficiency as well as upon length of service. Efficiency dating does not mean very much at the present time. It can mean something, however, if there is more co-operation between the heads of departments and the Commission. The Commission has a new plan of efficiency rating but we desire a body like the Municipal League to aid in the preparation of such a plan and enforce its working out with the City Council. At present the relation between the Commission and the City Council is amicable. There may come a time, however when such friendliness will not exist and then an impartial body like the League will be needed more than ever.

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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Terms Expire May 1922

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Robert F. Sandall
Jackson Silbaugh

James W. Reynolds, Ex-officio Trustee

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

"As to the third part of the report which deals with the ruling of the Corporation Counsel with respect to the head of departments being able to promote any employee without such employee taking Civil service examination. I may say that there has been a disposition between the heads of departments not to violate the city charter; so that for the present at least, the situation is not serious.

The Municipal League has accomplished from fifty to seventy five per cent of the civil service reforms of Seattle and it is therefore fitting that this body should recommend, as its Committee has recommended in the fourth part of the report, revision of salary schedules from time to time. Salary schedules once adopted should not stand for all time but should be modified from year to year. If the City Council does not want the Commission to make such revision, then some other expert body should do it; for, on the whole, it is necessary, it being apparent that living costs vary from time to time.

"As to the fifth part of the report, namely the retirement of super-annuated employees, the Commission now has the power to reurn super-annuated employees to their jobs. The Commission, however, has not exercised its power thus far. I believe, however, it is a good thing for the Municipal League committee to continue studying the question and, in thus doing, help the Commission to determine the age limit, etc. As to the plan of volun-

tary saving recommended by the Committee. I can say that the real test of that plan is: if the employees want that kind of "pension" system, they are entitled to it.

"Undoubtedly there is at present over-lapping in the work of the various city departments. Efficiency engineers could cut down the cost of Government greatly but an efficiency survey should not be made only every ten years but every year. The Commission can make such a survey if the people want it to do so.

"As to the next recommendation of the Committee that the city charter should be modernized with respect to its civil service provisions: I thoroughly believe in the recommendation of the Committee. Amendments to the City Charter should not be made piecemeal but should be revised as a whole. Many new amendments are needed and many old provisions in the Charter are out of date and should be eliminated."

Mr. James A. Haight, who followed Mr. Kellogg, attacked the first provision of the report by saying that penalty for engaging in a general strike is too severe. The penalty as recommended by the Committee is discharge from service of the city and from that time on becoming ineligible to any Civil Service position. Mr. Haight urged that instead of that provision that suspensory power be exercised by the Commission and that a man thus engaged in a general strike be suspended for such period of time as may be de-

termined upon by the Commission.

Mr. Haight also attacked that provision of the report which fixed the age limit at forty-five when an employee could enter the City Government. "As city employment does not, as a rule, call for initiative as it does in private life, I believe the age limit should be increased to sixty. Many of the employees in the Civil Service to day of the age of sixty or over, are rendering their greatest service to the community for, by reason of their age and experience, such employees have become valuable indeed to the Department."

Mr. Haight further stated that he would discourage any young man from entering the Civil Service for, as a rule, such young men lose their initiative and their enthusiasm for a private career after being in the city service for a while.

R. M. White also directed an attack on the entire report on the ground that it restricts the number of employees to strike at will. "This is un-American," he declared.

NOMINATING COMMITTEE PRESENTS ITS SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT

In view of the fact that both nominees for office of President of the Municipal League have declined to accept the nomination, we, the undersigned committee, do hereby bring in a supplemental report and do nominate for the office of President the following:

Claude H. Anderson.

John D. Hall.

Respectfully submitted

ARTHUR H. HUTCHINSON

Chairman

JAMES W. REYNOLDS

JAMES A. HAIGHT

S. M. BRACKETT

* * *

Claude H. Anderson who was nominated by the Board of Trustees for President is at present the head of the Federal Board for Vocational Training, Thirteenth District, with headquarters at Seattle. He has been a resident of Seattle for four years and has been actively identified with the work of the League for the past two years. Last year Mr. Anderson was the chairman of the

membership committee and was responsible for bringing in the

sixty-five new members to the League. He is 35 years of age.

John D. Hall is engaged in the real estate and insurance business with offices in the Arctic Building. He was chairman of the committee investigating into the Port Commission Resolution abolishing the executive secretaryship at the time that C. France was the holder of that office. He has been a faithful and conscientious supporter of the League.

HOUSE BILL NO. 174 PETITIONS MUST BE IN AT ONCE

An urgent appeal is directed to the members of the Municipal League who are circulating referendum petitions House Bill No. 174. "All petitions should have been in on or before May 20th," stated Carl F. Brannin. An extension of time, however, has been granted to Municipal League members and such petitions must be in by Thursday noon of May 26th. The members of the Municipal League are urged to heed the appeal of the secretary of the referendum committee to turn in petitions by that time.

When it is recalled that the Act, in effect, prohibits every new public service company from operating unless it obtains from the State a "Certificate of public necessity and convenience", it will be appreciated how great a need there is for this petition to succeed, stated Mr. Brannin. The headquarters of the referendum committee is located at 428 Railway Exchange Building, Phone Elliott 4564.

LEAGUE TO VOTE ON CIVIL SERVICE REPORT TUESDAY

The League will vote on the report of its civil service committee Tuesday noon. The meeting Tuesday will be devoted to discussion of the report and a final vote will be taken at the conclusion of the meeting. The League membership is urged to read the report of the committee that was printed in the issue of the "News" on May 7th and come prepared to discuss and vote intelligently upon it. In another

column of this paper is published the statement made Tuesday on the floor of the League by J. Y. C. Kellogg, a member of the Civil Service Commission. The report is one of the best that has ever been presented to the League on that subject and should receive attention of the members. Every League member should be present at Tuesday's meeting to participate in the discussion and to vote upon the report.

WHAT HAS THE LEAGUE DONE?

(Continued from page 1)

attention from the membership and from specially appointed committees.

The tax problems of our citizens have also received considerable study and a League committee is now at work in an effort to devise ways and means of lowering the tax rate.

At each meeting of the League interesting and timely speakers have appeared before the League at its Tuesday meetings and a variety of information concerning the affairs of the city, county and state has been given to the members.

We trust that the foregoing will give some idea of the activities of the League even though it is a hurriedly prepared statement.

(Sgd.) EIMON L. WIENIR
Secretary.

Modest Suggestion

We suggest that the Loose Leaf Corporation try this well meant ad:

"Adam and Eve used the Loose Leaf system from necessity.

You--Mr. Dealer, should use it from choice." That'd sell 'em.

* * *

I went to the show in the morning

I took a front seat in the back
I fell through a pit in the gallery
And broke my breast bone in my back. — Ex.

* * *

Helen S.: When I look in your eyes I know you are going to be a teacher.

Florence: How can you tell?

Helen: I can see the pupils there.

* * *

Such Disrespect

Someone called Shakespeare a "clever wag" because he made Much Ado About Nothing.

A Spring Tonic

Shakespeare was of the opinion that A Midsummer Night's dream was a great aid to shattered nerves.

Evidently he had never heard of Tanlac.

* * *

He by whom many things must be done, must express himself in a few words.

CHAS. H. HARTGE

Attorney 510 Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Annie Henderson, Deceased. No. 28206. Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition For Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Alice Isabel Henderson, as administratrix of the Estate of said Annie Henderson, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her final report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said administratrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 27th day of May, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 26th day of April, 1921.

GEORGE A. GRANT,

Clerk of said Court.

By GEO. L. BERGER,

Deputy.

First Pub. April 30, 1921 4t May 21

LUNDIN & BARTO

Lawyers 817 Alaska Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Mary M. Tenney, Deceased. No. 26431. Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition For Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Elmer S. Tenney, Executor of the Estate of Mary M. Tenney, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said executor; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 13th day of May, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 14th day of April, 1921.

GEO. A. GRANT,

Clerk of said Court.

By H. C. GORDON,

Deputy.

First pub. Apr. 16, 1921. 4t May 7

JAMES T. LAWLER

Attorney 512-14 White Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County Horace R. Martin, Plaintiff, vs. Alameda M. Martin, Defendant. No. 151030. Summons For Publication.

The State of Washington: to Alameda M. Martin, Defendant.

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty days after the 14th day of May, 1921, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court and answer the complaint of plaintiff and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff, at his office below stated, and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint which has been filed with the Clerk of said court. The object of the above entitled action is to procure a divorce on the grounds of cruelty and incompatibility rendering further co-habitation impossible, and personal indignities rendering life burdensome.

JAMES T. LAWLER,

Attorney for Plaintiff.

Office and Post Office Address:

512-14 White Building, Seattle, King County, Washington.

First pub. May 14, 1921 7t June 25

JOHN F. REED

Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.

NOTICE

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE State of Washington, County of King, ss. Sheriff's Office.

By Virtue of an Order of Sale issued out of the Honorable Superior Court of King County, on the 11th day of May, A. D. 1921, by the Clerk thereof in the case of Marion Gray, Plaintiff, versus P. Slave, a widower, Mary Dechmann and Louis Dechmann, her husband; Du-gald Campbell and James G. Campbell, as executors of the Estate of A. J. McDonald, deceased; Emil Burkhardt, H. L. Hanlon, doing business under the name and style of Northwestern News Bureau, Henry Jennings & Sons, a corporation, and Frank P. Helsell, Defendants. No. 145243, and to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered:

Notice is Hereby Given, That I will proceed to sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, within the hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's sales, to-wit: at ten o'clock A. M., on the 18th day of June, 1921, before the Court House door of King County, Jefferson Street Entrance, in the State of Washington, the following described property, situated in King County, State of Washington, to-wit:

Commencing at the northwest corner of tract numbered eleven (11) of Ballard's Acre Tracts, and running thence east eighty feet, thence south one hundred feet, thence west eighty feet, thence north one hundred feet to the place of beginning all being a part of said tract eleven in said

Ballard Acre Tracts, according to the plat thereof in the office of the County Auditor of King County, Washington.

levied on as the property of said defendants to satisfy a judgment of a foreclosure of a first and second mortgage amounting to Ten thousand two hundred fifty-two and 29-100 (\$10,252.29) Dollars, interest, and the cost of suit, in favor of plaintiff.

Dated this 12th day of May, 1921.

MATT STARWICH, Sheriff.

By A. HUTCHESON, Deputy.

First pub. May 14, 1921. 5t June 11

HORACE A. WILSON

Attorney 425 Lyon Bldg.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Eliza E. Fleehart, Deceased. No. 29367. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Executor of the estate of Eliza E. Fleehart, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Executor or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, May 14, 1921.

CREIGHTON FLEEHART,

Executor of said Estate.

Address, 425 Lyon Building, Seattle, Wash.

HORACE A. WILSON, Attorney for Estate, 425 Lyon Building, Seattle, Wash.

First pub. May 14, 1921. 4t June 4

JOHN F. REED

Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and For the County of King.

R. H. Lee and Ruby Lee, husband and wife, Plaintiffs, vs. Northwest Trust & Savings Bank, a corporation, and Dora C. Young, a widow, George W. Lee and Anna Lee, his wife, M. C. Robbins, a spinster, D. H. Lee, a widower, H. C. Stuart and Jane Doe Stuart (whose given name is to defendant Northwest Trust & Savings Bank unknown), his wife, James E. McGrew, C. Van Horn, John C. Michaels and Mayme M. Michaels, The Mercantile National Bank, a corporation, American Investment & Improvement Company, a corporation, and B. A. Lee, Defendants.

No. 134838. Summons by Publication. The State of Washington to: Dora C. Young, a widow, George W. Lee and Anna Lee, his wife, M. C. Robbins, a spinster, D. H. Lee, a widower, H. C. Stuart and Jane Doe Stuart (whose given name is to defendant Northwest Trust & Savings Bank unknown) his wife, James E. McGrew, C. Van Horn, John C. Michaels and Mayme M. Michaels, The Mercantile National Bank, a corporation, American Investment & Improvement Company, a corporation, and B. A. Lee, Defendants.

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 26th day of March, 1921, and defend the above entitled

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action in the above entitled court, and answer the cross-complaint of the defendant and cross-complainant, Northwest Trust & Savings Bank a corporation, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for said cross-complainant, Northwest Trust & Savings Bank, a corporation, at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the cross-complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The objects of said action are to obtain a judgment on account of a promissory note given by defendants George W. Lee and Anna Lee, M. C. Robbins and D. H. Lee to Irving T. Cole, in the sum of \$700.00, with interest thereon from February 6th, 1914, at the rate of 8% per annum, together with attorney's fees and costs, and to foreclose a real estate mortgage given by the said defendants Dora C. Young, George W. Lee and Anna Lee, his wife, M. C. Robbins and D. H. Lee to the said Irving T. Cole to secure the payment of said note, upon the following described real estate situated in King County, Washington, to-wit: Lots 16, 17 and 18, and Lots 21 to 34, both inclusive, all in Block 21 of University Lake Shore Addition, in Division No. 3 thereof, to the City of Seattle, King County, Washington, and to obtain a judgment of \$548.15, together with interest thereon at the rate of 6% per annum from April 22nd, 1916, against Dora C. Young, M. C. Robbins, George W. Lee and Anna Lee, his wife, and D. H. Lee, and to foreclose as a mortgage a certain deed executed by the said Dora C. Young, M. C. Robbins, George W. Lee and Anna Lee, his wife, and D. H. Lee to Irving T. Cole, to the following described property situated in Seattle, King County, Washington, to-wit: Lots 10 and 11 in Block 25, all in Division 3, and Lots 9 to 14 inclusive in Block 26, of Division 4, all in University Lake Shore Addition to the City of Seattle, which said deed was given to secure the payment of the said indebtedness; and to determine the ownership of two certain contracts one executed by the American Investment & Improvement Company, a corporation, as vendor, to M. C. Robbins, as vendee, dated February 4, 1910, covering Lot 36, in Block 14, Division 1, of University Lake Shore Addition to the City of Seattle, King County, Washington, endorsed upon which said contract is an assignment thereof executed by M. C. Robbins May 26, 1910, to B. A. Lee, and also one executed by the American Investment & Improvement Company, a corporation as vendor, to B. A. Lee, as vendee, dated March 25, 1910, covering Lots 24 and 25 in Block 1, of the University Lake Shore Addition to the City of Seattle, Division Number One, according to the recorded plat thereof; upon which said contract is endorsed an assignment thereof dated Feb., 1914, executed by B. A. Lee, B. A. George and W. H. George, the assignee's name being left in blank; and that the claims of each and all of said defendants in and to the property above described be adjudged to be second and subordinate to the lien of the defendant and cross-complainant, Northwest Trust & Savings Bank, as executor of the estate of Irving T. Cole, deceased, and that the said property be sold according to law to satisfy the judgment of defendant and cross-complainant, Northwest Trust & Savings Bank as herein set forth and that the proceeds of such sale be applied to the payment of said judgment.

JOHN F. REED,
Attorney for Cross-Complainant, North-
First pub. March 26, 1921. 7t May 7
west Trust & Savings Bank,
Office and Post Office Address:
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.

JAMES T. LAWLER

Attorney 512-14 White Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington For King County
Della Merkle, Plaintiff, vs. Ernest
Merkle, Defendant. No.
Summons by Publication.
The State of Washington: to Ernest
Merkle, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty (60) days after the date
of the first publication of this summons,
to-wit: within sixty (60) days after
the 2nd day of April, 1921, and defend
the above entitled action in the above
entitled court and answer the complaint
of plaintiff, and serve a copy of your
answer upon the undersigned attorney
for plaintiff, at his office below stated,
and in case of your failure so to do
judgment will be rendered against you
according to the demand of the com-
plaint, which has been filed with the
Clerk of said Court.

The object of the above entitled ac-
tion is to procure a divorce on the
grounds of abandonment for more than
one year and for neglect to make suit-
able provisions for the support of plain-
tiff and family.

JAMES T. LAWLER,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address: 512-14
White Building, Seattle, King County,
Washington.
First pub. April 2, 1921 7t May 14

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

Vol. 11. NO. 22.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, MAY 28, 1921.

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544 N. Y. Block
mstrong, Allen H. Main 0748
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ustin, W. C. Main 3655
653 Empire Bldg.
on, Cecil H. Main 0393
Lander and Whatcom
iley, A. F. Main 2560
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urnes, Horace Main 3657
1710 L. C. Smith Bldg.
urnes, Pierre Main 5750
1213 Hoge Bldg.
artlett, H. D. Main 1054
320 Occidental Ave.
attle, Edgar Main 7080
Post Office (Artic Club-
ousfield, Alvin Main 1306
617 Western Ave.
eals, Walter B. Main 3653
51 Haller Bldg.
an H. L. Main 4936
408 Marion St.
ebb, Chas. H. Ell. 0819
1005 Securities Bldg.
ebb, William B. Garfield 4223
2717 W. Galer
echer, H. W. Main 1496
1915 Smith Bldg
ell, Eugene W. Main 3230
749 N. Y. Bldg.
elt, H. C. Main 0480
1005 Alaska Bldg.
entley, Dr. Frederick Main 2587
404 Cobb Bldg.
erendes, F. G. Main 4182
226 Burke Bldg.
ert Fred. W. Jr. Ell. 0143
Colman Bldg.

ANNUAL DINNER AND ELECTION OF OFFICERS

Tuesday, May 31, 1921, 6.30 P. M.

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Bissett, C. P. E. 2705
Central Bldg.
Black, C. H. Sr. Main 7020
Seattle Hdw. Co.
Black, J. C. Main 2756
165 Jackson St.
Blackwell, Jas. E. Cap. 2754
County City Bldg.
Blackwell, J. D. Ell. 5848
1610 Hoge Bldg.
Blake, J. Fred. Main 6518
408 Pike St.
Bogardus, C. E. Main 0680
114 Marion St.
Boldt, Jas. R. Ell. 2064
1414, 3 Ave.
Booth, Dr. F. A. Main 0145
611 Cobb Bldg.
Booth, Lawrence S. Main 1534
816, 2 Ave.
Bordeaux, Thomas Main 4982
1214 Alaska
Bothwell, James Main 0400
310 Leary Bldg.
Bowman, J. W. Ell. 2783
2103 E. 52.
Boyns, Robt. S. Ell. 1202
4103 Arcade Bldg.
Brain, Marvin W. Ell. 4238
539 Central Bldg.
Brackett, S. M. Main 1734
627 Colman Bldg.
Bringhurst, Harry W. Ell. 0012
3 So. and Main.
Broderick, Henry Main 4350
Hoge Building
Brown, Edwin Jas. Main 1189
1608 Smith Bldg.
Bruskevitch, Harry Main 5710
316 Maynard Ave.
Buie, J. C. Kenwood 3029
418 Pacific Block
Buchanan, Victor N. 1801
1911 N 37th
Burke, John H. Main 0265
210 Rialto Bldg.
Burke, Judge Thomas Ell. 0033
Burke Building
Burwell, E. B. Main 7020
Seattle Hdw. Co.
Bush, John K. Main 3496
317 Lbr. Ex. Bldg.
Butler, W. T. Ell. 5670
527 Central Building
Caldwell, Hugh M. Main 6000
County City Bldg.
Carkeek, Vivian M. Ell. 0080
1164 Empire Bldg.
Carney, Dr. Earl M. Main 1540
317 Lbr. Ex. Bldg.
Carrigan, M. J. Ell. 3938
2123 Smith Bldg.
Carroll, Emmett R. Ell. 2783
5119 Arcade Bldg.
Carroll, Harry W. Main 6000
City Hall
Case, Chas R. Main 6000
City Hall
Cathcart J. A. Main 0745
209 Colman Bldg.
Catlett, Fred W. Main 2320
613 Hoge Bldg.
Cauthorn, Robert G. Ell. 1056
336 N. Y. Block
Celian H. G. Main 4235
416 Union St.
Chatterton, H. I. Main 1730
435 Burke Bldg.
Chestnutt, H. D. Ell. 1175
605 Central Bldg.
Churchill, Dr. F. A. Main 1768
524 Burke Bldg.
Champney, E. F. Ell. 0021
537 Henry Bldg.
Clark, Irving M. Main 2294
401 Burke Bldg.
Coe, Dr. Herbert E. Ell. 3063
Stuart Bldg.
Colby, W. R. Jr. Ell. 1555
210 Hinkley Bldg.
Cole, Geo. B. Ell. 1056
336-340 N. Y. Block
Collins, A. A. East 0199
911 East Pike
Collins, J. F. Main 5616
Pier No. 5.
Compton, Chas. H. Main 2466
Public Library
Compton, H. F. Main 0370
1428 Western Ave.
Cone, Wm. B. Kenw. 1587
Retired
Condon, Herbert T. N. 2950
U. of W.
Connor, Edward Ell. 4507
1004 White Bldg.

Cooper, Frank B. Ell. 4160
8 Central Bldg.
Cooper, Isaac Main 0182
501 Hinkley Bldg.
Copp, Frank H. Main 6000
City Eng'r office
Coryell, Geo. K. Jr. Ell. 0080
1164 Empire Bldg.
Cox, Edw. G. Ell. 2783
5119 Arcade Bldg.
Crickton, Dr. J. E. Main 0400
315 University St.
Crockett, O. W. Ell. 1782
310 Leary Bldg.
Crowther, Dr. J. E. Ell. 0082
72 W. University St.
Croson, Carl E. Main 0091
900 Leary Bldg.
Curtis, Frank Main 0144
555 Colman Bldg.
Custis, Vanderveer North 2950
U. of W.
Dabney, Frank Main 5000
P. S. T. L. & P. Co.
Daub, Albert Ell. 2740
Colman Bldg.
Davidson, Dr. H. J. Main 2127
755 Empire Bldg.
Dean, Dr. J. Forster Main 1310
1522 Yesler.
Dick, Paul V. Ell. 5252
Marion Bldg.
Dimock, A. H. Main 6000
City Hall
Dobrin, Jacob Main 2795
No. Life Bldg.
Donworth, Geo. Main 0055
1009 Hoge Bldg.
Douglas, J. F. Main 4984
Cobb, 1301, 4 Ave.
Douglas, Malcolm Main 4236
County City Bldg.
Dove, Chas. V. E. Main 3152
220 Marion Bldg.
Dovey, J. Thomas Main 2989
1328 Seneca St.
Dyer, R. M. Ell. 4195
811 Central Bldg.
Dwyer, Dr. M. F. Ell. 0395
1101 Terry.
Eagleson, Dr. J. B. Main 0894
902 Boren Ave.
Earle, Dan Main 0078
1009 White Bldg.
Eastwood, E. O. N. 2950
U. of W.
Eckart, Claude H. Main 5682
1614, 3rd Ave.
Edgerton, R. S. Main 2187
Securities.
Eddy, H. M. Ell. 2783
5119 Arcade Bldg.
Edwards, Marion Main 0388
546 N. Y. Bldg
Edwards, John R. Ell. 0388
Smith Bldg.
Ellis, A. M. Hall Garfield 1647
1434 Warren
Elvide, Ford Q. Ell. 4400
307 Lowman Bldg.
English, E. G. East 6385
1161, 21st Ave. N
Erikson, John Ell. 0387
Erickson Bldg.
Evans, John U. Main 4543
715, 3 Ave.

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

Published Weekly by the
MUNICIPAL LEAGUE OF SEATTLE

1924 - 1st Ave.

Telephone Main 6282

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Edward W. Allen

Terms Expire May 1922

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Jackson Silbaugh

James W. Reynolds, Ex-officio Trustee

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

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817 Alaska Bldg.		3300 Whatcom Ave.		University Library		918 Green Bldg.	
Farrell, Russell A.	Ell. 0288	Greenway, W. E.	Main 1719	Heussy, Dr. Wm. C.	Main 0894	Leonard, A. W.	Main 5000
6406 E. Gr. Lake Way.		325 Lumber Exch.		902 Boren Ave.		860 Stuart Bldg.	
Ferguson, D. E.	Main 5900	Greenwell, Joseph Luther,	Main 3147	Herr, Willis B.	Main 0091	Lewis, B. A.	Main 3518
King County Auditor		254-261 Empire Bldg.		900 Leary Bldg.		231 Lbr. Ex. Bldg.	
Local 96		Greenstreet, Dr. A. G.	Main 3165	Hilen, A. R.	Ell. 0015	Lewis, Clancey M.	Ell. 4140
Field, G. C.	Ell. 4601	408 Cobb Bldg.		402 Burke Bldg.		10th Floor Arctic Bldg.	
727 Henry Bldg.		Griffiths, Austin E.	Main 5900	Hill, Matthew	Main 1534	Lewis, L. D.	Ell. 4584
Findley, Howard M.	Ell. 0004	County City Bldg.		816, 2 Ave.		Securities Bldg.	
527 Colman Bldg.		Grout, M. M.	Main 7020	Hill, Sterling B.	Ell. 2492	Lilly, J. H.	Ell. 5326
Fischer, A. H.	Main 4606	Seattle Hdw. Co.		Smith Bldg.		Green Bldg.	
411 Lyon Bldg.		Greenbaum, Otto S.	Ell. 3096	Hogue, S. G.	Ken. 3182	Lippincott, Dr. W. C.	Main 1639
Fisher, Will P.	Main 4430	416 Pike St.		4727, 16th N. E.		528 Burke Bldg.	
Harbor Island		Gutmann, M.	Main 1346	Hoidale, A. M.	North 1997	Lippy, T. S.	Ell. 2358
Fisken, A. K.	Ell. 0274	819, 1st Ave.		4023 Meridian Ave.		Lippy Bldg.	
802 Hoge Bldg.		Guy, G. O.	Main 0658	Hone, Hugh R.	Main 1352	Loc, Dr. A. O.	Main 3515
Fitzgerald, C. B.	Main 6000	2 and Yesler		718 1-2. 3rd.		211 Cobb Bldg.	
City Hall.		Haas, A. F.	Beacon 2295	Hoover, Glenn	Ell. 2783	Lovejoy, W. E.	North 0765
Flagg, A. E.	Beacon 0191	2903 Yesler Way		5134 Arcade Bldg.		4535, 8 N. E.	
1119 Yakima		Haight, G. P.	Main 0480	Horton, J. E.	Main 4523	Loewe, A.	Main 1791
Flick, Edwin H.	Ell. 0380	1002 Alaska Bldg.		508 White Bldg.		811 Lowman Bldg.	
913 Hoge.		Haight, James A.	Main 2729	Howes, Robert	Ell. 4675	Lord, Albert B.	Main 1981
Foisie, F. P.	Main 5618	702 Haight Bldg.		1039 Henry Bldg.		321 Leary Bldg.	
1220 Post Street.		Hain, R. F. Dr.	Ell. 3024	Hoyt, John P.	Beacon 2055R	Loveless, Milo J.	Main 0441
Forse, H. C.	Main 4981	Green Bldg.		2505, 14th So.		1019 Alaska Bldg.	
Hoge Bldg.		Hamstrom, Dr. R. M.	Ell. 2434	Hultin, Chas. A.	Ell. 0803	Lovett, H. R.	Ell. 0327
Ford, W. J.	Ell. 3042	304-5 Pantages Bldg.		West & Wheeler		817 American Bank Bldg.	
Central Bldg.		Hainsworth, Wm. H.	West 0083	Hunt, Jno. T.	Ell. 1867	Lovsted, C. M.	Ell. 2945
Poster, Ralph H.	Main 1534	2657-37th S. W.		925 Alaska Bldg.		316, 1st Avenue South.	
816 2d Ave		Hall, Dr. D. C.	North 2950	Hutchinson, Arthur H.	Main 0476	Lundin, Alfred H.	Main 0007
Forrest, John	Ell. 1715	U of W.	Local 44	510 Central Bldg.		817, Alaska Bldg.	
4 Ferry Dock Ft. Marion		Hall, John D.	North 2928	Hutchinson, C. J.	Beacon 1068	Lundquist, M. A.	Ell. 5320
Franklin, J. E.	Cap. 3630	Arctic Bldg.		1256 Main St.		Green Bldg.	
2813 Broadway North		Hall, John L.	Main 1682	Ingraham, E. S.	East 3790 R	Lyford, C. A.	Ell. 1156
Fraser, A. G. M.	Main 7100	Stuart Bldg.		1914 E. Republican		626 Henry Bldg.	
Fraser Patterson Co.		Hansen, Albert	Ell. 1446	Jacobs, Joseph	Ell. 5120	Lyle, Roy C.	Main 0098
Frederick, D. E.	Ell. 5500	1510 Second Ave.		615 Thompson Bldg.		205 Lyon Bldg.	
5th and Pine.		Hartson, Nelson T.	Main 6000	Jacox, L. A.	Main 4523	McAllaster, Eugene L.	Ell. 3950
Froude, Wm. E.	Main 0007	County City Bldg.		508 White Bldg.		37 W. Lander	
817-23 Alaska Bldg.		Harroun, Geo.	Ell. 1141	Jennings, Judson T.	Main 2466	McAllaster, Ralph C.	Ell. 3862
Fryer, David E.	Main 3141	1308 Alaska Bldg.		Public Library		Am. Bank Bldg.	
304 Lbr. Ex. Bldg.		Harrison, W. K.	Main 4400	Johnson, Walter S.	Garfield 4343	McCabel, Murray	Ell. 2923
Gardner, Alb. Jr.	Main 4606	215 Maritime Bldg.		1255 Westlake No.		1905, 5th Ave.	
411 Lyon Bldg.		Harter, J. H. Dr.	Ell. 2454	Johnston, Lee	Main 6511	McCoy, C. K.	
Gates, Cassius E.	Main 0230	817 Summit Ave.		1320 Alaska Bldg.		Richmond Beach, Wash.	
1209 Smith		Hastings, Fred W.	Ell. 5125	Johnson, D. D.	Ell. 2783	McDonald, Donald A.	Ell. 0080
Gates, Dr. Ira N.	Main 1528	325 N. Y. Block		5134 Arcade Bldg.		Empire Bldg.	
702 Cobb Bldg.		Hastings, H. H. A.	Main 0888	Jones, J. Will	Main 3054	McDowall, J. K.	Ell. 6059
Gearhart, Philip	Main 3720	64 Haller Bldg.		805 White Bldg.		912 White Bldg.	
802 Securities Bldg.		Hatch, C. C.	Main 4242	Johnson, J. S.	Main 6000	McKee, Redick H.	Ell. 0343
Glenn, H. L.	Main 0613	1319, 8th Ave.		505 County City Bldg.	Local 4	328 Globe Bldg.	
U. S. Assay office		Hay, Walter M.	Ell. 3862	Josenhaus, T.	Main 6000	McFee, J. H.	Main 1934
Goodwin, E. S.	Main 4357	Am. Bank Bldg.		City Hall.		Nor. Life Bldg.	
Leary Bldg.		Heard, P. R.	Ell. 3790	Kahin Geo. S.	Ell. 0130	McKibben, Wm. K.	Main 5490
Gordon, Elden M.	Ell. 4391	83 Atlantic St.		559 Central Bldg.		309 Burke Bldg.	
Hotel Fairfield		Hedges, S. H.	Ell. 4195	Keenan, S. A.	Main 4506	McKnight, James C. L.	Main 6901
Gorham, Wm. H.	Main 1609	811-21 Central Bldg.		458 Empire Bldg.		205-6 Crary Bldg.	
653 Colman Bldg.		Helsell, Frank P.	Main 0230	Kelton, Dr. Walter	Main 1285	MacLachlan, Dr. J. W.	Main 3528
Gould, Carl F.	Ell. 0819	1209 Summit Ave.		Empire		Pantages Bldg.	
710 Hoge Bldg.		Hemmert, V. J.	Sunset 0409	Kemp, G. Ward	Main 3493	McLaren, W. G.	Ell. 3399
Gould, James E.	Main 2443	2245 Market St.		432 Burke Bldg.		714, N. Y. Bldg.	
1803 Smith		Henderson, D. W.	Main 6000	Kilbourne, Edward C.	Ell. 0607	McLaughlin, Dr. G. N.	East 0022
Grant, Geo. A.	Main 5900	County City Bldg.	Local 242	306 Epler Building		1114 Boylston Ave.	
328 County City Bldg	Local 35	Hendron, Carroll	Main 3411	Seaboard Bldg.	Main 3514	McPherson, J. L.	Main 5060
Grant, L. M.	Sunset 0646	701 N. Y. Bldg.		413 Melhorn Bldg.		Chamber of Commerce	
Cor. 14 Ave. N. W. & W. 46th.				Kummer, Ernest	Ell. 2481	Macmaster, J. E.	Ell. 1712
				2 Central Bldg.		Room 8, Rainier Bldg.	
				Kyer, Henry A.	Main 6800	McRobbie, John S.	Main 5080
				815, First Ave.		563 R. R. Ave. So.	
				La Grave, C. A.	Ell. 4287	Mackintosh, John J.	Garfield 4026
				Central Bldg.		311 W. Crockett	
				Lambuth, W. D.	Main 2579	Mann, William G.	Ell. 2783
				Lyon Bldg.		5119 Arcade Bldg.	
				Landes, Henry	N. 2950	Manning, E. M.	Main 3876
				U. of W.		15 Maritime Bldg.	
				Langdon, A. H.	Ell. 0051	Manning, Wm. M.	Ell. 5483
				901 Seaboard Bldg.		77 Columbia St.	
				Lawler, James T.	Main 0089	Martin, Hubert H.	Ell. 3540
				512 White Bldg.		703 Central Bldg.	
				Layton, F. W.	Main 7254	Maris, W. Homer	Ell. 2783
				15 Haller Bldg.		5119 Arcade Bldg.	
				Lee, V. O.	Ell. 2783	Mason, H. C.	Kenwood 0584
				5110 Arcade Bldg.		4737, 15th N. E.	
				Lehmann, M. J.	Ell. 0971	Mason, H. W.	Rainier 0024
				Uni. St. and Western Ave.		4071 Rainier Ave.	
						Matheny, Fred C.	Beacon 0781
						1710 Smith Bldg.	
						Matchews, Dr. M. A.	Main 4177
						1st Presbyterian Church.	
						Mathieu, George	Ell. 4170
						Federal Building.	
						Mattice, Albert F. Dr.	Ell. 0450
						614 Cobb Bldg.	
						Meacham, Wm.	Main 2212
						800 1-3 3rd Ave.	
						Meadd, W. D.	Ell. 0758
						557-9 Stuart Bldg.	
						Mellen, E. B.	Main 3549
						306 Alaska Bldg.	

Lignon, O. R.	Cap. 1176	1616 Hoge Bldg.		Shorrock, E. G.	Main 2061	Trimble, Wm. P.	Main 0369
406 East John St.		Phillips, Paul B.	Ken. 0391	Shorrock, E.	Main 5883	N. Y. Block	
Miller, A. A.	Main 0808	1806 E--55th		2nd and Madison.		Turner, H. E.	Main 1783
1400 Alaska Bldg.		Pierce, A. E.	Main 4125	Sigurdsson, Trofi	Main 5900	815 Western Ave.	
Miller, D. M.	Ell. 2968	1520 Westlake Ave.		County Auditor's office.		Underwood, Dr. F. R.	Main 0090
67 Columbia St.		Pond, Wm. S.	Main 2795	Silbaugh, Jackson	Main 4241	620 Leary Bldg.	
Miller, Geo. E.	Main 7181	No. life Bldg.		615 Lyon Bldg.		Van Nuy, M. H.	Main 4328
Lowman & Hanford		Prather, J. N. Dr.	Main 3332	Sinks, F. F.	Gar. 2682	411 Halier Bldg.	
Miller, R. R.	Ell. 3796	201 Pantages Bldg.		2320 Nob Hill.		Virtue, Geo. A.	Main 1858
909 Western Ave.		Pratt, D. L. Sr.	Ell. 4715	Skalabrin, Anthony	West 1396	Empire Bldg.	
Miller, Winlock, W.	Ell. 2272	71 Poison Block.		4101, 28th Ave. S. W.		Vogel, John H.	Main 6100
Lowman Bldg.		Preston, Harold	Ell. 0127	Skeel, E. L.	Main 0396	516 Pacific Block	
Miller, Blake D.	Ell. 0093	911 Lowman Bldg.		1301, Alaska Bldg.		Wainwright, A. D.	Ell. 1218
561 R. R. Ave. So.		Priestley W. E.	Rai. 0569R	Skinner, Frank	Ell. 0051	R. R. Ave.	
Joeller, W.	W. 0277W	Fireworks R. 5		901 Seaboard Bldg		Walker, Geo. H.	Main 4231
R. 2 Box 501		Prins R.	Main 1194	Smith, A. Ray	Ell. 5470	741 Central Bldg.	
Joers, Ben C.	Main 0608	957 Stuart Bldg		820 2nd Ave.		Walker, R. S.	Ell. 1501
204 County City Bldg.	Local 192	Prowser, Wm. T.	Main 7069	Smith, C. J.	Main 4241	Nat'l. Bk. of Commerce	
Joore, U. G.	Ell. 2998	655 Empire Bldg.		623 Lyon Bldg.		Wardall, Ray M.	Main 7465
816, 3 Ave.		Qualheim, C. O.	Main 0645	Smith, Carl J.	Main 1325	704 N. Y. Bk.	
Joorehouse Chas. R.	Ell. 3867	N. Y. Bldg.		555 N. Y. Block.		Warren, C. D.	Main 6400
1010 Securities		Quigley, A. J.	Main 0289	Smith, Charles W.	North 2950	1418 2d Ave.	
Joran, John M	Main 7120	709 White Bldg.		U of W Library		Wason, C. D.	Cap. 0599
2763, 1st Ave. So.		Ramsay, Claude C.	Main 1090	Smith, Chauncey	Main 1046	907 Belmont N.	
Joran, Sherman	East 1012	311 New York Block		Mutual Life Bldg.		Wartelle, C. G.	Main 6000. L 20
727, 16th Ave. North		Raser, H. A.	Main 0226	Smith, Dr. Clarence A.	Ell. 0379	City Engr's Office	
Jorford, Seth H.	Main 3855	533 Colman Bldg.		1011 Cobb Bldg.		Wegner N. C.	Cap. 3859
575 Colman Bldg.		Rawlings, F. E.	Main 4494	Smith, Ethan	Main 5208	1052 East Thomas	
Jorgan, Bruce F.	Main 3993	636 Burke Bldg.		Y. M. C. A.		Weiss, Pierre	Main 0056
Colman Dock.		Reber, F. I.	Main 6302	Smith, E. Rex	Ell. 0346	3808 Ferdinand St.	
Jorgan D. B.	Main 2795	P. I. Bldg.		321 Occidental		Wettrick, J. J.	Main 5900
No. Life Bldg.		Reed J. A.	Beacon 2825	Smith Herbert, E. W.	Main 5610	507 Count City Bldg.	
Joriarty, Chas. P.	Ell. 0101	Franklin High School		336 Henry Bldg.		Wettrick, S. G.	Ell. 0040
11121 Smith Bldg.		Reed John F.	Main 1998	Smith, J. V. A.	Main 5883	805 Arctic Bldg.	
Jobbins, Morris A.	Main 2689	960 Empire Bldg.		2nd and Madison		Wheeler, Raymond A.	Ell. 5875
442 New York Block.		Reeves, Carl H.	Main 6000	Smith, L. Howard	Main 7026	555 Central Bldg.	
Jorse W. C.	Ell. 4195.x	County City Bldg.		Seattle Hdw. Co.		White R. D.	Main 1505
Puget Sound Bridge & Dredge		Reid, R. T.	Main 0234	Smith, Winfield W.	Main 2428	1136 Henry Bldg.	
Co. Central Bldg.		112 Columbia St.		Seattle Transfer Co.		White, R. G.	Ell. 2783
Josman, Roscoe E.	Main 0894	Reynolds, C. A.	Main 2254	Smith, W. P.	Main 0272	Arade Bldg	
902 Boren Ave.		553 Hoge Bldg		735 Henry Bldg.		White, Richard Mansfield	811 Yesler
Jountain, John S.	Ken. 0941	Reynolds, James W.	Main 0799	Snow, W. S.		P. O. Box 372	
5634, 12th Ave. N. E		301-3 Burke Bldg.		Vortex Cem. Co.		White, Russell H.	Ell. 1836
Jurphy, U. G.	Main 4710	Richardson, Prof. Oliver	North 2950	Soliday, Geg. W.	East 6742	1143 Henry Bldg.	
1104 James Street.		U. of W.		Steele, Frank A.	Main 5803	Whitcomb, David	Ell. 1301
Jyers C. H.	Ell. 2276	Riddell, C. F.	Main 1734	431 Lyon Bldg.		3049 Arcade Bldg.	
815 White Bldg.		627 Colman Bldg.		Stimson, C. D.	Main 0802	Wienir, Eimon L.	Main 0476
Keale, A.	Ell. 1438	Revelle, C. H.	Main 4409	512 White Bldg.		510 Central Bldg.	
4153 Arcade Bldg.		605 New York Block		Stone, Dr. D. M.	Main 6343	Wiley, Clifford	Main 1334
Kirk, L. T.	North 2950	Riley J. E.	Main 5710	419 Lbr. Exch. Bldg.		521 Central Bldg.	
U. of W.		511 Marion Bldg.		Soule, John A.	Main 5803	Wilker, H. W.	Sid. 0470
KePage, J. F.	Main 1553	Ringenberg, M. G.	Main 5618	431 Lyon Bldg.		8th So. and Edmonds	
Armour Bldg.		1220 Post St.		Sturtevant, C. K.	Main 3907	Willard Dudley W.	Ell. 2783
KeVins, John R.	Ell. 5151	Rion, C. L. Dr.	Ell. 5844	317 Marion Bldg.		Arade Bldg.	
Hoge Bldg.		407 Cobb Bldg.		Sullivan, Wm. A.	Ell. 4434	Willard, F. E.	Ell. 4160
Kewhall, Chas. A.	Ken. 2599	Ripley, Edwin	Ell. 3723	101 Yesler Way.		800 Central Bldg.	
6303, 21st N. E.		Robe, L. S.	Ell. 5875	Summers, Lane	Main 0570	Wiliatzen, Andrew C. P.	Main 3110
Kewell, A. B.	Main 0087	203 W. Comstock		609 Central Bldg.		208 Columbia St.	
120 Spring St.		Robertson, James P.	Main 4121	Taft W. B.	Main 0502	Williams, A. D.	Ell. 3781
Nice, J. D.	Bea. 3303	Henry Bldg.		1107 2nd Ave.		318 Alaska Bldg.	
121, 24th South.		Ross, J. D.	Main 6000	Tallman, Ernest W.	Ell. 2783	Williams, Dr. Geo. T.	Main 5787
Nichols, I. A.	Ken. 0470	City Hall.		5119 Arcade Bldg		1100 Cobb Bldg.	
4751, 16th N. E.		Rozema, Martin	Ell. 1070	Taylor, Frank B.	Ell. 0215	Willis, Dr. Park Weed	Ell. 0001
Nichols, Ralph D.	Rai. 0613	1158--16th No.		309 Colman Bldg.		1256 Empire Bldg	
9134 Rainier Ave.		Russell, Geo. F.	Ell. 0299	Thomas, Albert	4750 Brooklyn Ave.	Willoughby, A. V.	Main 4936
Nicholson, G. F. O.	Main 0124	Alaska Bldg.		Thomas, Dr. J. W.	Ell. 1203	408 Marion St.	
Bell St. Dock Box 135.		Ryan, Chas J.	Main 0289	Thompson, Chas. C.	Main 3191	Wilson, Worral	Main 2560
Nordhoff, R. G. H.	Ell. 1400	709 White Bldg.		301 White Bldg.		2nd and Columbia	
Bon.		Sandall, Robert F.	Main 0441	Thompson, Gordon G. Dr	Main 1053	U. of W.	
Nordin, Sven H.	Ell. 0947	603 Alaska Bldg.		505 Cobb Bldg.		Wiseman, A. H.	Main 0907
509 3rd Ave.		Sargent, John H.	Ell. 0705	Thompson, W. H.	Ell. 0812	510 White Bldg.	
Northrop, Bert A.	Main 0841	U. S. Immigration St.		1514 Smith Bldg		Woodcock, H. A.	Main 5208
322 Alaska Bldg.		Sargent, Joseph H.	Main 2795	Thompson W. L.	Main 6000	Y. M. C. A.	
Nossaman, Walter L.	Main 0816	1118, 4th Ave.		City Hall		Woodman, E. E.	Ell. 5243
1408 Hoge Bldg.		Saunders Robt. C.	Ell. 4170	Thomson, Prof. David	North 2950	459 Stuart Bldg.	
Nugent, Edward	Gar. 1957	Federal Bldg.		U. of W.		Woodward, Dr. W. C.	Main 1528
1415 Orange Place.		Schram, John	Main 1715	Thomson, R. H.	Ell. 2160	702 Cobb Bldg.	
Nakes, Prescott	Main 1817	768 Bellevue No.		Alaska Bldg.		Wollen, Harry	Rai. 0091
707 Securities Bldg.		Schwartz, B. I.	Main 0912	Thorgrimson, O. B.	Ell. 0127	5701 Rainier Ave.	
O'Brien, E. D.	Main 6000	Schwellenbach, L. B.	Main 0365	911 Lowman Bldg.		Wright, Arthur A.	Gar. 0885
506 County City Bldg.		Seelye, Dr. Walter K.	Main 0044	Thrapp, Rev. Dr. R. F.	Ell. 0487	Mt. Pleasant Cemetery	
Ollingen, F. E.	Ell. 1651	806 Am. Bank Bldg.		Till, H. P.	Main 0598	Wright, Edgar J.	Ell. 0539
467 Empire Bldg.		Seil, N. H.	Ell. 5470	544 R. R. Ave. So.		Detroit Wn.	
Owen H. A. Jr.	Main 6000	822, 2nd Ave.		Tindall, Philip	Main 6000	Wright, Geo. E.	Ell. 0015
239 County City Bldg		Shafer, A. B.	Main 7123	County City Bldg.		402 Burke Bldg.	
Pardee, Otway	Main 6000	1st and Jackson		Todd, Chas. S.	Ell. 3846	Wright, Raymond G.	Main 2490
530 County City Bldg.		Shea Warren	Ken. 1257	1113 3 Ave.		641 N. Y. Bk.	
Patterson, Tom S.	Ell. 0391	4331, 14th N. E.				Young, A. M.	Ell. 4080
Smith Bldg.		Sheldon, W. K.	Main 2374			323 Central Bldg.	
Pattulo, L. G.	Ell. 1464	1056 Empire Bldg.					
560 Stuart Bldg.		Shields, E. E.	Ell. 5627				
Pelza, E. E.	Main 2277	Lyon Bldg.					
237 Central Bldg.		Shoemaker, W. B.	Main 2560				
Pennock, Henry W.	Main 0093	722, Second Ave.					
900 Leary Bldg.		Shorett, John B.	Ell. 3399				
Perkins, Wm. T.	Ell. 8123	714 N. Y. Block.					
2907 Franklin Ave.							
Peterson, Helmer S.	Ell. 2783						
5119 Arcade Bldg.							
Petley, B. H.	Ell. 5848						

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217 Seneca St.
Zednick, Victor Main 2960
405 Maynard Bldg.
Zorn, F. J. Main 3563
1214 3rd Ave.

JAMES T. LAWLER
Attorney 512-14 White Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
Horace R. Martin, Plaintiff, vs. Alemeda
M. Martin, Defendant. No. 151030.
Summons For Publication.
The State of Washington: to Alemeda
M. Martin, Defendant.
You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty (60) days after the date
of the first publication of this sum-
mons, to-wit: within sixty days after
the 14th day of May, 1921, and defend
the above entitled action in the above
entitled court and answer the com-
plaint of plaintiff and serve a copy of
your answer upon the undersigned at-
torney for plaintiff, at his office below
stated, and in case of your failure so
to do judgment will be rendered against
you according to the demand of the
complaint which has been filed with
the Clerk of said court. The object of
the above entitled action is to procure
a divorce on the grounds of cruelty
and incompatibility rendering further
co-habitation impossible, and personal
indignities rendering life burdensome.
JAMES T. LAWLER,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address:
512-14 White Building, Seattle, King
County, Washington.
First pub. May 14, 1921 7t June 25

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
NOTICE
SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE
State of Washington, County of King, ss.
Sheriff's Office.
By Virtue of an Order of Sale issued
out of the Honorable Superior Court of
King County, on the 11th day of May,
A. D. 1921, by the Clerk thereof in the
case of Marion Gray, Plaintiff, versus
P. Stave, a widower, Mary Dechmann
and Louis Dechmann, her husband; Du-
gald Campbell and James G. Campbell,
as executors of the Estate of A. J.
McDonald, deceased; Emil Burkhardt,
H. L. Hanlon, doing business under the
name and style of Northwestern News
Bureau, Henry Jennings & Sons, a cor-
poration, and Frank P. Helsell, Defend-
ants. No. 145243, and to me, as Sher-
iff, directed and delivered:
Notice is Hereby Given, That I will
proceed to sell at public auction to the
highest bidder for cash, within the
hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's
sales, to-wit: at ten o'clock A. M., on
the 18th day of June, 1921, before the
Court House door of King County, Jef-
ferson Street Entrance, in the State
of Washington, the following described
property, situated in King County,
State of Washington, to-wit:

Commencing at the northwest cor-
ner of tract numbered eleven (11) of
Ballard's Acre Tracts, and running
thence east eighty feet, thence south
one hundred feet, thence west eighty
feet, thence north one hundred feet
to the place of beginning all being
a part of said tract eleven in said
Ballard Acre Tracts, according to the
plat thereof in the office of the
County Auditor of King County,
Washington.
levied on as the property of said de-
fendants to satisfy a judgment of a
foreclosure of a first and second mor-
gage amounting to Ten thousand two
hundred fifty-two and 29-100 (\$10,-
252.29) Dollars, interest, and the cost
of suit, in favor of plaintiff.
Dated this 12th day of May, 1921.
MATT STARWICH, Sheriff.
By A. HUTCHESON, Deputy.
First pub. May 14, 1921. 5t June 11

HORACE A. WILSON
Attorney 425 Lyon Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, for King County
In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Eliza
E. Fleehart, Deceased. No. 29367.
Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the un-
dersigned has been appointed and has
qualified as Executor of the estate of
Eliza E. Fleehart, Deceased; that all
persons having claims against said de-
ceased are hereby required to serve the
same, duly verified, on said Executor or
his attorney of record at the address
below stated, and file the same with the
Clerk of said Court, together with proof
of such service within six months after
the date of first publication of this
notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication, May 14, 1921.
CREIGHTON FLEECHART,
Executor of said Estate.
Address, 425 Lyon Building, Seattle,
Wash.
HORACE A. WILSON, Attorney for
Estate, 425 Lyon Building, Seattle,
Wash.
First pub. May 14, 1921. 4t June 4

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A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. XI. NO. 23.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, JUNE 4, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS

REPORT OF AUDITORS TO MUNICIPAL LEAGUE

May 27, 1921.

To the Board of Trustees,
Municipal League of Seattle,
Gentlemen:

We have examined the books and records of the Municipal League of Seattle for the fiscal year ended April 30, 1921, and we present annexed hereto statement of receipts and disbursements for the period showing a balance on hand as at April 30th of \$101.73.

Since the date of this report there has been received in respect to membership fees the sum of \$426.59 and \$42.00 from miscellaneous sources, making total receipts from May 1, 1921, to May 6, 1921 of \$468.59. Against this there was paid, in respect of indebtedness accrued to April 30, 1921, the sum of \$350.00. The finances of the League at the time of making up this report are as follows:

Cash on hand and in Bank	
May 1, 1921	\$101.73
Receipts from May 1, 1921	
to May 26, 1921	\$468.59
	<hr/>
	\$570.32
Dis. May 1 to 26, 1921	350.00
Donation Referendum	
Committee	50.00
E. L. Wienir on account	
Salary	\$200.00
Brown-White Corporation on account print- and publishing Municipal News	\$100.00
	<hr/>

Leaving Balance on hand \$220.32
There are outstanding membership subscriptions due as of April 30, 1921, amounting in total to \$498.00, all of which in the opinion of your secretary are good and collectible. We have checked the record of cash receipts and found that all cash recorded has been properly deposited to the credit of the League in the bank, the item of \$59.00 ap-

The Regents' Side of the Hotel Proposition

will be told by

DEAN JOHN T. CONDON

Tuesday Noon, June 7, 1921

at BLANC'S CAFE (Opposite County-City Bldg)

pearing in the statement as cash on hand having since been deposited according to the books of the League.

Our examination embraced a verification of the bank transactions with the Northwest Trust & State Bank and the balance shown by the records as being on deposit in the bank as at April 30, 1921, is in agreement with the balance shown on the bank statement, and we have received written confirmation thereof from the depository.

We are informed that the outstanding accounts payable as at the close of business April 30, 1921, were as follows:

E. L. Weinir, salary	\$725.00
Postage	\$ 10.00
Brown & White Corp.	\$206.30
	<hr/>
Total	\$941.30

An item of \$240.00 due Mr. Wienir, Secretary of the League, as at April 30th, for office rent, has been, we are informed, waived by him, and he informs us that to the best of his knowledge the accounts set out above constitute the whole of the indebtedness of the League as at April 30, 1921, which has been decreased by the sum of \$350.00 as already stated.

Respectfully submitted,
SMITH, ROBERTSON CO.
Certified Public Accountants.

(Continued On Page 2)

OFFICERS ELECTED AT DINNER

The following officers were elected at the annual meeting of the Municipal League held at Blanc's Cafe May 31st, 1921: For President, Claude H. Anderson; vice-presidents: J. L. Baldwin and Robert Howes; for treasurer: W. E. Henry; trustees: Dan Earl and Dr. E. C. Kilbourne for term ending May 1, 1922; M. L. Baker, Vivian Carkeek, William G. Mann, Jas. W. Reynolds, L. B. Schwellenbach and H. A. Woodcock for term ending May 1, 1923.

At the meeting of the Board of Trustees held at the Elks' Club last Wednesday noon, Eimon L. Wienir was re-elected executive secretary for the ensuing year.

* * *

Claude H. Anderson, the newly elected President of the Municipal League, is a native of the state of New Jersey where, for a number of years, he was acting as executive secretary of a municipal research bureau for the federated cities in New Jersey. Immediately prior to the war President Anderson served with distinction as chairman of the National Council of Defense of the State of New Jersey and shortly after the signing of the Armistice came to Seattle as the

(Continued on page 2)

CORPORATION COUNSEL ADDRESSES LEAGUE ON CITY'S NEEDS

Necessity of team thought and action for the development of the community as a whole was emphasized by Corporation Counsel Walter F. Meier in an address on "Seattle's Greatest Needs" before the Municipal League at its annual dinner and election last Tuesday evening.

Meier declared a great city cannot be built on natural resources and advantages only, but by "inventiveness, a progressive spirit and team-thinking on the part of the inhabitants of the community."

Unselfish Community Spirit

"Individual gain is many times a community loss and we can never appreciate the result that may be accomplished in our community until we see the product of an unselfish community spirit having for its aim the development of the whole, knowing that when the entire community progresses there must of necessity be a corresponding individual benefit or advantage," Meier said.

Referring to needs of municipal government, Meier declared the elimination of politics essential.

"When a municipal corporation such as our city has become engaged in the conduct of great proprietary businesses, every tendency to exploit municipal enterprises for political purposes should be effectually crushed," he said. "Unless this attitude becomes a settled conviction on the part of our inhabitants, we may expect the public to suffer for want of proper service or to pay more for the service rendered than it is worth.

Need Constructive Criticism

"In order to permanently establish and maintain business methods in connection with mu-

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

Published Weekly by the
MUNICIPAL LEAGUE OF SEATTLE

1924 - 1st Ave.

Telephone Main 6282

Entered as second-class matter June 14, 1912, at the Postoffice at Seattle Washington, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

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Vice Presidents.....Frank P. Helsell, L. C. Smith Building, Main 230
.....Malcolm Douglas, Stuart Building, Elliott 1903
Secretary.....Eimon L. Wiener, 510 Central Bldg., Main 476
Treasurer.....A. F. Bailey, 922 2nd Avenue, Elliott 732
Honorary Auditors.....Smith, Robertson & Moorehouse

TRUSTEES

Terms Expire May, 1921

Fred W. Catlett
Walter S. Johnson
L. D. Lewis
A. H. Albertson
Edward W. Allen

Terms Expire May 1922

Howard A. Adams
George S. Kahin
Robert F. Sandall
Jackson Silbaugh

James W. Reynolds, Ex-officio Trustee

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

municipal government there must be an enlargement of constructive criticism and a minimizing of destructive condemnation. Destructive criticism is the meat upon which political Caesars feed. Our local government as constituted at present is particularly free from what is ordinarily denominated politics, yet it is for us to look to the future in order to protect our municipal football of politics.

"I trust that this organization may ever use its influence toward the end that constructive policies may be adhered to in order to ban effectually from public life the demagogue or 'glory grabber.'"

Discussing the necessity for retrenchment in public expenditure Meier urged the advisability of consolidating county and city governments. He pointed out the duplication of work under the present system and the saving that could be effected by combining county and city offices performing similar work.

Tells of Budget

Councilman C. B. Fitzgerald, called upon for a speech, outlined briefly the procedure under which the budget for the city government is prepared and declared that the amount raised for this purpose last year to have been approximately \$7,000,000. This year, he said, it is hoped to reduce this amount ten per cent.

James T. Lawler, in his speech as retiring president, reviewed the league's work during the past year and emphasized the service rendered by the organi-

zation to the community, while Eimon L. Wiener, the league's secretary, pointed out the need of a larger membership.

The Municipal League exists to represent the citizens' interest in improving and extending the services rendered all of us by our city government," Lawler declared. "The organization informs itself on questions of importance through carefully prepared committee reports and then places before the public the information thus secured.

"Public opinion on civic matters can become crystallized for the public weal only after a thorough discussion of all phases of a question and for the purpose of facilitating such discussion the league functions through some twenty committees and able speakers upon subjects in their respective lines in addresses at the league's weekly luncheons."

Reports submitted at the meeting showed the last year one of the most successful in the league's history, with a membership of approximately 600.

REPORT OF AUDITORS TO MUNICIPAL LEAGUE

(Continued from page one)

Statement of Cash Receipts and Disbursements, May 1, 1920, to April 30, 1921.

Cash on Hand May 1, '20 \$44.32
Bank, \$38.32; Office \$6
Receipts\$1,678.16
Membership fees, \$1, 559.66; Active, \$1,138.66; Contributing, \$221; Sustaining, \$150; Sup-

porting, \$50. Special Contributions: J. A. Haight, \$63.50; F. P. Helsell, \$10, J. W. Reynolds, \$10; Sale of Typewriter \$35

Disbursements\$1,620.75

General Expense, \$1,-
TWO MUNY STATEMENT

307.25; Salaries, \$950; Rent, \$120; Printing, \$69.75; Postage and Telegrams, \$50.33; Donation Referendum Committee, \$50; Stenographic Services, \$35.05; Dues and Subscriptions, \$22; Lecture Expense, \$7.50; Miscellaneous, \$2.62. Special Expense, \$63.50; Lecture Industrial Relations Committee Rent of Hall, \$50; Printing, \$13.50.

Printing and Publishing Seattle Municipal News, \$250.00.

Balance on hand April

30, 1921\$101.73
N. W. Trust & State Bank \$42.73
Cash in Office \$59.00.

OFFICERS ELECTED AT DINNER

(Continued from page 1)

head of the Federal Board for Vocational Training of the Thirteenth District.

Mr. Anderson, as President of the League, comes fully equipped with knowledge of Municipal affairs and problems, and the League is indeed to be congratulated on securing so capable leadership for the coming year.

The other officers of the League have been active in its work for many years.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMITTEE REPORT APPROVAL

Owing to the fact that last week's issue of the Municipal News was given up to the printing of the roster of membership, no announcement was carried of the fact that at the meeting of Tuesday, May 23rd, the report of the Civil Service committee of the League, which was published in full in a prior issue, was adopted in full with only one modification, the word "general" appearing before the word "strike" being eliminated.

THE ANNUAL DINNER AND MEETING A SUCCESS

It is indeed gratifying to announce that the annual dinner held at Blanc's last Tuesday evening was a complete success from every standpoint. The excellence of the food was generally commented upon while Blanc's String Orchestra rendered three excellent selections, and the Sigma Nu Quartette supplied very pleasing numbers. Mr. Meier's address, a report of which is given in another column of this paper, was one of the most forceful and inspiring ever given to the League.

PRESIDENT'S LETTER

By James T. Lawler.

To the Members of the Municipal League:

Herewith is my report as President of the League for the year about to expire. At the outset I wish to impress upon this gathering, and upon all of the League members the purposes of the League and in doing so I shall merely quote Article II of the League's constitution, as follows:

"The purposes of the League shall be to induce citizens to take an active part in municipal affairs; to secure the choice of competent officials and the faithful performance by them of their duties, to further wholesome legislation for and to disseminate information concerning the City of Seattle, to promote municipal improvements and to make living conditions clean, healthful and attractive."

The Municipal League exists to represent the citizens' interest in improving and extending the services rendered all of us by our City Government. Government comes close to all of us every day--in our homes, on the street, in our professions, in business. It makes a real difference to every one of us whether it is well or poorly run.

The Municipal League has a membership of about six hundred men. It is the only organization in the City that is devoting its entire energies to improving conditions thru better City government. It is clean cut, non political, non-sectarian. It listens to any of its members; in fact it is a clearing house of

municipal information--also a leaning house; it gives practically every member a chance to serve on the committee that best suits his qualifications and enables him to furnish real citizenship service.

Service is rendered to the community--first, by the membership of the League informing itself on questions of importance thru carefully prepared committee reports; and second, by placing before the public at large the information thus secured.

Public opinion on civic matters can become crystallized for the public weal only after a thorough discussion of all phases of a question, and for the purpose of facilitating such education the League functions, thru some twenty-odd committees and thru able speakers, upon subjects in their respective lines, in addresses delivered at the League's weekly luncheons.

Seattle Municipal News

The League publishes the Seattle Municipal News, a weekly publication, devoted solely to the betterment of Seattle. The News contains weekly an accurate account of local happenings of civic interest, especially those dealing with our City Government. The paper also serves as the vehicle for the publication of the committee reports of the League. There are over twenty standing committees of the League, which investigate and report on practically all matters of public importance.

Who Should Subscribe To The Municipal News?

First, every taxpayer in King County should receive this paper. True, its circulation is practically confined to the membership of the League, but this membership should be greatly increased when the League's purposes are considered.

Second, everyone who is interested in the civic development of the community.

Third, those who merely want accurate information concerning what transpires in our city and county government.

To the taxpayer as well as to any other person interested in Municipal matters, the reports of the League committees which are published in the News from time to time are invaluable. Especially noteworthy are the reports of the committees upon the

various propositions that are submitted to the voters and the reports of the investigating committees upon the candidates for municipal office. Every citizen ought to be interested in reading these non-partisan reports.

The League has in the past and is at present doing everything in its power to hold down the cost of government and it can be truthfully said that directly, thru the League's action, hundreds of thousands of dollars have been saved for the taxpayers of King County. The accomplishments of the League have been done without any flare of trumpets or brass band accompaniment, but in a cool, dispassionate, businesslike manner, often permitting someone else to receive the credit for the good work accomplished.

I have already stated that the League is not in any sense a political organization and never has been. When the League was organized in 1910, with our present mayor, Hugh M. Caldwell, as its first president, it was foreseen that attempts might be made to secure control of the organization for political purposes, and consequently it was provided in the by-laws that the "President shall be elected for one year and may not succeed himself in office." It has also been the policy not to re-elect members of the Board of Trustees. This body, which has the general supervision of the work of the League, is composed of the officers who are elected annually, and ten other members, five of whom are elected annually for a term of two years each. It will thus be seen that the majority of the Board of Trustees change each year. This same policy is followed out in a general way in the appointment of committees. It is further provided in the constitution that whenever an officer or trustee becomes a candidate for public office, he thereupon automatically ceases to hold such office in the League. In the League's efforts to assist the voter in selecting good men to municipal office, records of the candidates are given in full and in some cases recommendations are made. It is a fact that these recommendations have been made with absolute impartiality without fear or favor. Members

of the Municipal League have run for office and yet have failed to secure the endorsement in the published report.

Brief Summary of the League's Activities During Current Year

Too much time would be required to review all of the League's activities during the year. Only the most important will be mentioned. It is customary to mention first of all the work of the candidates investigating committee upon city, county and school candidates for office. As our Secretary so well stated in a recent issue of the News, "The members comprising this committee gave all their time unselfishly during the greater portion of the week, questioning the candidates and formulating the report." **Second**, the report of the special committee on the school administrative code. This was senate bill No. 10, relating to the revision of the Common School Code of the State of Washington. **Third**, the report of the Special Committee (not yet complete), which is investigating charges of mismanagement against the present administration of the Seattle Public Library. **Fourth**, the comprehensive report of the Civil Service Committee on six propositions submitted to it for investigation and report. This report was perhaps the most complete and exhaustive ever presented to the League on the subject. Discussion and debate following a reading of the report consumed the time of three meetings. **Fifth**, Report of the special committee on the proposed construction of the Roosevelt high school building. **Sixth**, the matter now pending before the committee on public welfare, concerning the investigation of charges that our public officials are using the City automobiles for their private use and that public officials have permitted the purchase of expensive automobiles (not needed for public use) to be used by employees and their families and maintained with taxpayers money. **Seventh**, referendum on House Bill No. 174.

This matter was first brought to the League's attention thru the vigilance of one of our most active members, James A. Haight. Interest in the matter became at once widespread and resulted in an organized effort under the title "H. B. 174 Referendum Committee" to bring about the referendum of this Bill, known as the certificate of necessity measure. **Eighth**, other matters of importance include the street railway situation, which received the earnest study of the Public Utilities Committee. Mayor Caldwell favored the League with a thoroughly prepared report on this subject. A special committee of which Jas. A. Haight was chairman investigated and reported on five proposed amendments to the City charter and on two proposed bond issues, one submitting to the voters an issue of two hundred thousand dollars of general obligation bonds for the acquisition and improvements of play fields and play grounds and the re-surfacing of Park Boulevards and parkways. A special committee was also appointed to study the plan of establishing a bureau of Municipal Research. Mayor Caldwell during the year went on record as favoring such a bureau, stating that, "Observation of other places and accomplishments there, has impressed me with the desirability of some such plan for Seattle."

(Continued in next issue)

Great quantities of oil have been found in Mackenzie River, Canada.

JOHN F. REED

Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, in and for the
County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Laura
Ruhl, Deceased. No. 26556.
Notice of Hearing final report and petition for distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Fred W. Jiencke, Administrator of the Estate of Laura Ruhl, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his Final Report and Petition for Distribution, asking the court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons entitled thereto and to discharge said Administrator; and that said Report and Petition will be heard on the 30th day of June, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.
Dated this 3rd day of June, 1921.
GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By GEORGE L. BERGER, Deputy
First pub. June 4, 1921. June 25.

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SEATTLE, WASH.

JAMES T. LAWLER
Attorney 512-14 White Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
Horace R. Martin, Plaintiff, vs. Alemeda
M. Martin, Defendant. No. 151030.
Summons For Publication.
The State of Washington: to Alemeda
M. Martin, Defendant.
You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty (60) days after the date
of the first publication of this sum-
mons, to-wit: within sixty days after
the 14th day of May, 1921, and defend
the above entitled action in the above
entitled court and answer the com-
plaint of plaintiff and serve a copy of
your answer upon the undersigned at-
torney for plaintiff, at his office below
stated, and in case of your failure so
to do judgment will be rendered against
you according to the demand of the
complaint which has been filed with
the Clerk of said court. The object of
the above entitled action is to procure
a divorce on the grounds of cruelty
and incompatibility rendering further
co-habitation impossible, and personal
indignities rendering life burdensome.
JAMES T. LAWLER,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address:
512-14 White Building, Seattle, King
County, Washington.
First pub. May 14, 1921 7t June 25

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
NOTICE
SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE
State of Washington, County of King, ss.
Sheriff's Office.
By Virtue of an Order of Sale issued
out of the Honorable Superior Court of
King County, on the 11th day of May,
A. D. 1921, by the Clerk thereof in the
case of Marion Gray, Plaintiff, versus
P. Stave, a widower, Mary Dechmann
and Louis Dechmann, her husband; Du-
gald Campbell and James G. Campbell,
as executors of the Estate of A. J.
McDonald, deceased; Emil Burkhardt,
H. L. Hanlon, doing business under the
name and style of Northwestern News
Bureau, Henry Jennings & Sons, a cor-
poration, and Frank P. Helsell, Defend-
ants. No. 145243, and to me, as Sher-
iff, directed and delivered:
Notice is Hereby Given, That I will
proceed to sell at public auction to the
highest bidder for cash, within the
hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's
sales, to-wit: at ten o'clock A. M., on
the 18th day of June, 1921, before the
Court House door of King County, Jef-
ferson Street Entrance, in the State
of Washington, the following described
property, situated in King County,
State of Washington, to-wit:

Commencing at the northwest cor-
ner of tract numbered eleven (11) of
Ballard's Acre Tracts, and running
thence east eighty feet, thence south
one hundred feet, thence west eighty
feet, thence north one hundred feet
to the place of beginning all being
a part of said tract eleven in said
Ballard Acre Tracts, according to the
plat thereof in the office of the
County Auditor of King County,
Washington.
levied on as the property of said de-
fendants to satisfy a judgment of a
foreclosure of a first and second mort-
gage amounting to Ten thousand two
hundred fifty-two and 29-100 (\$10,-
252.29) Dollars, interest, and the cost
of suit, in favor of plaintiff.

Dated this 12th day of May, 1921.
MATT STARWICH, Sheriff.
By **A. HUTCHESON, Deputy.**
First pub. May 14, 1921. 5t June 11

HORACE A. WILSON
Attorney 425 Lyon Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, for King County
In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Eliza
E. Fleeht, Deceased. No. 29367.
Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the un-
dersigned has been appointed and has
qualified as Executor of the estate of
Eliza E. Fleeht, Deceased; that all
persons having claims against said de-
ceased are hereby required to serve the
same, duly verified, on said Executor or
his attorney of record at the address
below stated, and file the same with the
Clerk of said Court, together with proof
of such service within six months after
the date of first publication of this
notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication, May 14, 1921.
CREIGHTON FLEEHT
Executor of said Estate.
Address, 425 Lyon Building, Seattle,
Wash.
HORACE A. WILSON, Attorney for
Estate, 425 Lyon Building, Seattle,
Wash.
First pub. May 14, 1921. 4t June 4

Most astronomers think the
moon is not inhabited.

* * *

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cally driven battleship from us.

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. XI, NO. 24.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, JUNE 11, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS

LEAGUE REPRESENTATIVE HEADS TAX REDUCTION BODY

Seattle's campaign for tax retrenchment was aggressively launched when thirty-eight citizens, representing as many city-wide fraternal and civic organizations, formed a tax reduction council at a representative meeting held last night in the Masonic Club rooms in the Arcade Building. J. T. Lawler, representing the Municipal League, was selected permanent president.

With organization details completed and officers and committees selected, the new tax reduction council is ready to embark on a tax retrenchment campaign, as launched by the Post-Intelligencer. Investigations of public expenditures and the perusal of reports alleging lavish use of public funds is the first task confronting the council; then follows the work of making conclusions and submitting insistent recommendations to tax-making bodies.

"This organization typifies the fact that the people of Seattle are masters—not servants" declared Lawler, after his election as president of the council. "We must put up a fighting front and storm the fort. If we don't get lower taxes, we'll control sufficient votes to drive those officials responsible out of public office."

Other officers elected were: P. C. Stoess, representing Voter's Information League, vice president, and Homer M. Hill, Taxpayers' League, secretary.

Comprising the executive committee are George C. Condon, Seattle Yacht Club; Frank C. Kean, Ballard Commercial Club; Charles A. Lunan, Seattle Lodge No. 10, Knights of Pythias; Arthur Gerbel, Master Builders' Association and Associated In-

PRESIDENT CLAUDE H. ANDERSON

Will have something very important to say to every Municipal League Member and to every taxpayer of Seattle and King County

Tuesday Noon, June 14, 1921

at BLANC'S CAFE (Opposite County-City Bldg)

The meeting next week should be the largest of the year. President Claude H. Anderson will be installed into office and will have an important message to deliver to the membership. He urges the members not to fail him in his attempt to build up the League into the most important factor for good government in the city. If you haven't been in the habit of coming to the meetings now, with the coming of the new administration, is a good time to begin. League meetings are not only a duty they are a genuine pleasure as some sixty to seventy faithful attendants will testify. You have the roster of the membership. Call up a friend or two and ask him to join you at Blanc's for lunch Tuesday. Should you desire an extra copy of the roster phone the Secretary at Main 0476 and he will get it over to you. Let's have a little pep!

THE SECRETARY.

dustries, and Mrs. E. E. Stewart. This committee will also have charge of financing the campaign.

The first step of the meeting was the adoption of an organization plan, presented by Stoess. "Its objects and efforts are to be confined for the immediate present to determining in each department of city, county, school and Port of Seattle where expenditures can be cut down without injuring or materially affecting the public service of such departments." It was stated this organization in its work will regard the conduct of public affairs and the spending of public money solely as a business matter.

The findings of the council are to be submitted to tax-levying bodies in their budgets for the

1921-1922 levy. Two issues—that of a budget law for Seattle and halting construction of the Roosevelt school—were submitted last night and will be considered by the executive committee for the next meeting, to be called in a few days.

Members of the tax reduction council and the organizations they represent are as follows:

Taxpayers' League, George F. Meacham; Seattle Retail Grocers' Association, F. Kainair; Voters' Information League, P. C. Stoess; Seattle Automobile Club John W. Roberts; Building Owners and Managers' Association, J. T. Curran; Seattle Chapter American Association Engineers, R. R. Montell; Danish Brotherhood, R. Rasmussen; Knights of Khorassan.

(Continued on page 2)

DEAN CONDON ADDRESSES LEAGUE ON HOTEL PROPOSITION

Reported By Eimon L. Wienir.

John T. Condon, Dean of the University of Washington Law School, addressed the Municipal League last Tuesday on the matter of the construction of a hotel on the University site as proposed by the Metropolitan Building Company of this city. Condon was introduced by President Claude H. Anderson.

Condon, at first, discussed the original lease entered into between the Metropolitan Building Company and the University Regents, he exhibited a map of the land included in the lease; he pointed out that the original lease expires on November 1st, 1954; that the Company was to pay forty thousand dollars per year from 1912 to 1922; from 1923 to 1932 it was to pay eighty thousand dollars; from 1932 to 1942, one hundred thousand dollars and from 1942 to 1954, one hundred forty thousand dollars.

Condon further stated that the University had recently sustained a damage loss of two million dollars, 40½ per cent of the Olympic tract being wiped out by the storm that swept through that section of the country, and that the University was principally concerned with the Seattle property because it was one of the chief endowments of the University, out of which it is hoped the University may be supported.

"When the Metropolitan Building Company was organized in 1907, its stock was not paid for; the lease had been assigned by James A. Moore to the Metropolitan Building Company who issued bonds and gave one share of common stock as a bonus for each bond sold; so that present holders of the common stock have paid nothing for

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

Published Weekly by the
MUNICIPAL LEAGUE OF SEATTLE

1924 - 1st Ave.

Telephone Main 6282

Entered as second-class matter June 14, 1912, at the Postoffice at Seattle, Washington, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

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Vice Presidents.....Frank P. Helsell, L. C. Smith Building, Main 230
.....Malcolm Douglas, Stuart Building, Elliott 1903
Secretary.....Eimon L. Wiener, 510 Central Bldg., Main 476
Treasurer.....A. F. Bailey, 922 2nd Avenue, Elliott 732
Honorary Auditors.....Smith, Robertson & Moorehouse

TRUSTEES

Terms Expire May, 1921

Fred W. Catlett
Walter S. Johnson
L. D. Lewis
A. H. Albertson
Edward W. Allen

Terms Expire May 1922

Howard A. Adams
George S. Kahnin
Robert F. Sandall
Jackson Silbaugh

James W. Reynolds, Ex-officio Trustee

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

their stock.

"Modifications of the original lease have been asked for repeatedly by the Company. The University Regents, for example modified the lease in so far as it effected temporary structures on Fourth Avenue on the West side between Union and University Streets by granting the company an extension for a period of ten years, practically giving a gift to the company of \$500,000. This privilege enabled the company to build the Stewart Building without any cost to it."

Condon attacked the report of the Hotel Committee of the Chamber of Commerce, declaring that the committee did not notify University officials of their investigation nor invite University representatives to confer with the committee. "The report had been drafted, had been approved by the Trustees of the Chamber of Commerce, and was in the hands of the newspapers when the University was applied to for a special meeting of the Board of Regents to consider the offer. An immediate answer to the proposal was demanded. The company got it, and now they don't like it."

Condon pointed out that there were about two blocks involved in the requested extension, the Company asking for a nineteen-year extension on the property which the proposed hotel site includes, the Arena, the Metropolitan Theater, the block west on Fourth Avenue between University and Seneca. The latter extension is asked for on the

ground that this area, some 34,000 square feet, is necessary for construction of a heating plant. The heating plant of the University of Washington covers four thousand square feet. Condon denied that more than eight times the space was necessary for the hotel heating plant than is necessary for the University's heating plant. He also ridiculed the idea of the Metropolitan Theater and the Arena being an integral part of the hotel, saying that even if the extension were needed for the property on which the hotel is to be erected, there certainly is no necessity for extending the lease on the Metropolitan Theater or on the Arena.

Further commenting on the Company's demand for the block west of the proposed hotel site, Condon said "The Company claims they must have the block across from the proposed site for the construction of a heating plant; that the hotel must have an alley way and that there is none such in existence or can be in existence according to the plans. But I want to call their attention to the fact that in leasing the Metropolitan Theater to Klaw & Erlanger for a period of thirty-two years, they contracted to maintain an alley way on the identical property they now propose for a hotel site; so that, to my mind, their argument that this large tract of ground is necessary for the proposed heating plant has no merit in it whatsoever."

Condon admitted that a hotel, such as proposed, would enhance the district but pointed out that under the proposal the University would be getting ground rent only on the entire area for the extended nineteen year period only. Condon made a comparison between the lease extended by C. D. Stimson to the Greater Theaters Company on the property located at Fifth and Pike with that extended to the Metropolitan Theater Co. Stimson leased two lots for a period of twenty-five years. For this he was to receive a consideration of \$36,000.00 a year, the lessee paying all of the taxes, and at the end of the twenty-five year period the building erected by the Theater Company, at an expense of one quarter of a million dollars reverts to the lessor. "The Metropolitan Building Company does not pay enough rent to pay the taxes on the property today and they do not have to pay any taxes because the property is University property. What taxes they do pay is on the leasehold value and this is a comparatively trivial amount, \$15,000."

"They say that it is necessary to have this nineteen-year extension because the hotel cannot be financed under fifty years. I want to quote Straus & Company who have financed hotels of character for many years. This Company finances all propositions on a fifteen to eighteen year basis for that, according to statistics, is the life of a first-class hotel; in other words the hotel must pay for itself within fifteen or twenty years, otherwise it is not a good financial proposition. And the reason for this is that first-class hotels within that period of time go out of date and become second rate." Condon pointed out that in the City of New York many of the largest hotels built but fifteen years ago are today being remodeled into office buildings, and in nearly every instance are no longer used for their original purpose.

"On January 31st, 1918 the Metropolitan Building Company, by its own statements, showed that it made a \$213,000 profit that year, after amortising the bonds and paying bond interest. Since the bonds have still seventeen years to run from that date the Company will have

earned at least, at the end of that time, approximately three million dollars.

"I believe that they will have made, at the expiration of the lease, a far greater sum than that, but grant that it will only be three million dollars, it seems to me that not the University should take the chance in the building of this hotel but the Metropolitan Building Company."

Lawyers Who Are Members of the League—Attention!

The publishers of the News, Brown-White Co., have offered to print the "News" without charge to the League if enough legals are obtained from the lawyers to cover the expense of publication. An average of eight legals a week are necessary. No greater charge is made by the "News" for publishing legals than is made by any other news paper. You can help the League by calling Main 6282 or mailing them to 1924 1st Avenue.

By a resolution adopted at the last meeting of the Board of Trustees the meeting day has been changed from Wednesday to Monday noon. The newly elected president expects every member of the Board to attend regularly each meeting. The board will continue to meet at the Elk's Club.

It is hoped that the member will save last week's issue of the "News" containing the complete roster of membership. This list will come in frequent use during the coming League year. Please save it.

LEAGUE REPRESENTATIVE HEADS TAX REDUCTION BODY

(Continued from page one)

James A. Caughey; Ballard L. O.F., L. N. Lunderwill; Federated Improvement Clubs, H. I. Buchanan; Maccabees, Jule Jaspersen; Knights of Pythias; Charles A. Lunan; Adele M. Fielde; Parliamentary Club, Dr. Annie K. Russell; Women's Democratic Club, Mrs. Emma A. Hausman; Lower Cost of Government League, J. Thomas Modern Woodmen of America; Harry J. Kuen; Sons of Hermann, F. A. Austman; Ladies

Eschi Heights Improvement Club, Miss Retta Martin; Womens' Wilson League, Mrs. F. Hartwell; Duwamish Commercial Club, C. L. Wilson; Womens' Civic Club, Mrs. Clemente C. Pearson; Womens' Commercial Club, Miss Bessie Redman; King County Democratic Club, R. L. Proctor; G. A. R., E. Mumford; Theosophical Society, J. T. Heglund; Kings Cross Club, R. M. White; Public Ownership League, R. J. Wilson.

Womens' Civic Club, Mrs. E. Stewart; Queen City Yacht Club, G. E. Richardson; Municipal League, J. T. Lawler; Union of Names of Civil War, Mrs. William Phillips; West Side Womens' Improvement Club, Mrs. George A. Smith; Ballard Commercial Club, F. C. Kean; Seattle Yacht Club, George C. Congdon; Ross Improvement Club, Reuben D. Hill; Apartment House Owners, B. Ranson.

THE PRESIDENT'S LETTER (Continued from last issue)

List of Subjects at the League's Meetings for the Current Year

Sept. 8, 1920, Report of Candidates Investigating Committee.

Sept. 21, 1920, Addresses by candidates for County Commissioner.

Sept. 28, 1920, E. F. Blaine, chairman of Reclamation and Development Congress, addressed the League, on Reclamation.

Oct. 5, 1920, Mayor Hugh M. Aldwell, "Some of Seattle's problems."

Oct. 12, 1920, Debate on Arlyon Road Bill.

Oct. 19, 1920, Dr. Howard Woolston, "The Laboratory of Municipal statistics."

Oct. 26, 1920, Henry DeMan, Belgian Labor Leader.

Nov. 2, 1920, Public Utilities Committee report of financial condition of railways. Mr. Porter also talked on education.

Nov. 9, 1920, Dr. Richard Scholtz, "Municipal State-manship."

Nov. 16, 1920, J. C. Lindsey, Industrial Engineer, on "Shop Plan."

Nov. 23, 1920, Maj. Carl H. Reeves, "Problems of the Public Utilities Department."

Nov. 30, 1920, J. D. Ross, Supt. of City Lighting Dept. discussed problems connected with

his department.

Dec. 7, 1920, C. F. Uhden, discussed engineering problems connected with the Skagit Power Plant.

Dec. 14, 1920, W. A. Irwin, Gravity or Logged Off Land Situation in Washington.

Dec. 21, 1920, John Lamb of the City Water Dept. spoke on "Status of the City Water Department."

Dec. 28, 1920, B. H. Petley, a local civil engineer outlined a plan to make our car lines pay.

Jan. 4, 1920, Prof. Osborn on Headlight Law.

Jan. 11, 1921, Reuben W. Jones, on school finances.

Jan. 18, 1921, Mrs. Josephine Corliss Preston, State Supt. of schools, The school administrative code bill.

Jan. 25, 1921, A. S. Burrows, King County Supt. Schools, on the administrative school code bill.

Feb. 1, 1921, School code report submitted and voted upon by the League.

Feb. 8, 1921, Councilmanic Candidates address the League.

Feb. 15, 1921, Report on Councilmanic candidates.

Feb. 22, Ole Hansen, on street railway situation.

Mar. 1, 1921, William T. Beeks, "Income Tax Problems."

Mar. 8, 1921, Henry R. King, "Your Schools--What do you know about them?"

Mar. 15, 1921, Dr. J. E. Crowder, "The Wayfarer."

Mar. 22, 1921, State Senator T. D. Rockwell, "The Legislative Session of 1921."

Mar. 29, 1921, Prof. Frank J. Laube, "Taxation."

April 5, 1921, John A. Lapp, "Important phases of Municipal government."

April 12, 1921, Dr. Oliver H. Richardson, "New and Official Documents Disclosing the Responsibility for the Immediate Cause of the World War."

April 19, 1921, Dean Carl E. Magnuson, "Trunk Transportation Lines and Water Power Developments in Puget Sound."

April 26, 1921, Consideration and discussion of the report of the Education Committee on the construction of Roosevelt High School Building.

May 3, 1921, Donald A. McDonald, "Prohibition Enforcement."

May 10, 1921, Dr. Vander-

vere Custis, "The Banking Situation."

May 17, 1921, Discussion of Civil Service Committee Report.

May 24, 1921, Further discussion of said report and its adoption by the League with an minor change.

Outlook And Suggestions For The Coming Year

The outlook for the coming year is bright. We have passed thru a period of apparent apathy and indifference on the part of many of our citizens in civic affairs. The League has stood by its guns all thru this period without wavering in the least from the high purposes for which it was organized. Members have dropped out, others have filled their places. The League is essentially a young men's organization. Older members will still continue to work and cooperate but if the League is to flourish and reach its full fruition the young men of this Community must take hold with vim and vigor and enthusiasm. My first suggestion therefore is that new blood be injected into the League by interesting in its affairs the young, sterling business and professional men in this community. Second, I believe that every trustee should assume the chairmanship of a committee. The trustees have the responsibility of directing the League's affairs and they are in closer touch with its needs. They meet weekly on Wednesday noons in addition to attending the regular meetings of the League. I would also suggest that they be given authority to select the members of their committee. Much more could be said but time will not permit.

In conclusion I wish to express my gratitude to all those loyal members who assisted and cooperated with me to make my administration a success. Without their aid and assistance I could not have succeeded and my work would have been in vain. Particularly do I express thanks to the chairman of our program committee, James W.

Reynolds, for it was thru his untiring efforts that we were permitted to listen to such splendid addresses during the year. Also to our worthy Secretary, Eimon L. Wienir, who so ably and efficiently performed the duties of his office. I wish also to thank the press of this City for the splendid publicity and particularly the Post Intelligencer for delegating one of its live wires in the person of Mr. Carl L. Cooper to attend and report the doings of our weekly meetings.

Respectfully submitted,

JAMES T. LAWLER

President.

LEAGUE TO PARTICIPATE IN TAX REDUCTION PROGRAM

That the League will take part in the tax reduction program which has consolidated a number of organizations as an agency for that purpose was decided last Tuesday when President Claude H. Anderson called the matter up for discussion and vote. Former president James T. Lawler was appointed by the chair to represent the League.

President Anderson, James Lawler, William Mann and Secretary E. L. Wienir attended the meeting held under the auspices of the Knights of Pythias last Friday evening. While these delegates spoke from the floor upon some of the questions which arose they did not officially represent the views of the League. A heated controversy arose over a resolution introduced by Jay Thomas calling upon the school board to cancel certain contracts let on the Roosevelt High school. One of the League delegates spoke against the passage of the resolution on the ground "that the matter had not received the study of any committee and that consequently there was danger of going off half-cocked on the proposition." Thomas finally withdrew his resolution.

It is expected that the League will be able, through its representative, propose some definite ways of reducing taxation. The League will avail itself of all

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existence, and it is probable that and independent League committee will be at work this summer to point out additional ways and means of effecting the object.

JOHN F. REED

Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, in and for the
County of King, in Probate,
In the Matter of the Estate of Laura
Ruhl, Deceased, No. 26556.
Notice of Hearing final report and pe-
tition for distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Fred W.
Jenecke, Administrator of the Estate
of Laura Ruhl, deceased, has filed in
the office of the Clerk of said Court his
Final Report and Petition for Distribu-
tion, asking the court to settle said
Report, distribute the property to the
persons entitled thereto and to dis-
charge said Administrator; and that
said Report and Petition will be heard
A. M., at the Court Room of the Pro-
bate Department of said Court.

Dated this 3rd day of June, 1921.

GEORGE A. GRANT,

Clerk of said Court

By GEORGE L. BERGER, Deputy
First pub. June 4, 1921. 4 June 25.

JAMES T. LAWLER

Attorney 512-14 White Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, for King County
Horace R. Martin, Plaintiff, vs. Alameda
M. Martin, Defendant, No. 151030.
Summons For Publication.

The State of Washington, to Alameda
M. Martin, Defendant.

You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty (60) days after the date
of the first publication of this sum-
mons, to-wit: within sixty days after
the 14th day of May, 1921, and defend
the above entitled action in the above
entitled court and answer the com-
plaint of plaintiff and serve a copy of
your answer upon the undersigned at-
torney for plaintiff, at his office below
stated, and in case of your failure so
to do judgment will be rendered against
you according to the demand of the
complaint which has been filed with
the Clerk of said court. The object of
the above entitled action is to procure
a divorce on the grounds of cruelty
and incompatibility rendering further
cohabitation impossible, and personal
indignities rendering life burdensome.
JAMES T. LAWLER,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

Office and Post Office Address:

512-14 White Building, Seattle, King
County, Washington.

First pub. May 14, 1921 7 June 25

JOHN F. REED

Attorney 960 Empire Bldg

NOTICE

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE
State of Washington, County of King, ss.
Sheriff's Office.

By Virtue of an Order of Sale issued
out of the Honorable Superior Court of
King County, on the 11th day of May,
A. D. 1921, by the Clerk thereof in the
case of Marion Gray, Plaintiff, versus
C. Stave, a widower, Mary Dechmann
and Louis Dechmann, her husband; Du-
rard Campbell and James G. Campbell,
as executors of the Estate of A. J.
McDonald, deceased; Emil Burkhardt,
H. L. Hanlon, doing business under the
name and style of Northwestern News
Bureau, Henry Jennings & Sons, a cor-
poration, and Frank P. Hessel, Defen-
dants, No. 145243, and to me, as Sher-
iff, directed and delivered:

Notice is Hereby Given, That I will
proceed to sell at public auction to the
highest bidder for cash, within the
four days prescribed by law for Sheriff's
sales, to-wit: at ten o'clock A. M., on
the 18th day of June, 1921, before the
Court House door of King County, Jef-
ferson Street Entrance, in the State
of Washington, the following described
property, situated in King County,
State of Washington, to-wit:

Commencing at the northwest cor-
ner of tract numbered eleven (11) of
Ballard's Acre Tracts, and running
thence east eighty feet, thence south
one hundred feet, thence west eighty
feet, thence north one hundred feet
to the place of beginning all being
a part of said tract eleven in said
Ballard Acre Tracts, according to the
plat thereof in the office of the
County Auditor of King County,
Washington.

levied on as the property of said de-
fendants to satisfy a judgment of a
foreclosure of a first and second mort-
gage amounting to Ten thousand two
hundred fifty-two and 29-100 (\$10,-
252.29) Dollars, interest, and the cost
of suit, in favor of plaintiff.

Dated this 12th day of May, 1921.

MATT STARWICH, Sheriff.

By A. HUTCHESON, Deputy.

First pub. May 14, 1921. 5 June 11

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

OL. XI, NO. 25.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, JUNE 18, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS

Municipal League Executive Outlines Program For Next Year

Reported by Eimon L. Wienir

Claude H. Anderson, Director of the Federal Board of Vocational Training for this district and president of the Municipal League, addressed the membership of the Municipal League Tuesday noon, outlining the program of the League for the ensuing year. Mr. Anderson said in part:

"It is true that the Municipal League is not as strong in numbers as it should be. We ought to have three or four times the membership that we have today, but on the other hand, what type of similar size in the United States has better organization than the Municipal League of Seattle? The ideals of our organization are high; it has no axe to grind; it is interested solely in better civic government; and, I believe, it is comparable with any organization of its kind in any city in America.

"There are three classes of citizens: First, that class of interested citizens which possess strong group consciousness and are alive to civic problems of all sorts: Second, that class of citizens which we shall call "concerned" citizens---concerned only with government when a governmental agency touches them; for example---taxation. This second group is a very much larger group than the first. And third, the disinterested citizen group against which a League of this kind must always struggle, must always labor to inspire and to take a proper interest in governmental affairs. By far the largest proportion of citizens belong to this third class."

Drawing a comparison between the Municipal League of Seattle and the National Municipal League, President Anderson said: "The National League

The Report on the LIBRARY INVESTIGATION and the REPORT OF SPECIAL COMMITTEE

Investigation use of publicly owned automobiles for private purposes will be presented for discussion and vote

Tuesday Noon, June 21, 1921
at BLANC'S CAFE (Opposite County-City Bldg)

was organized about twenty-five years ago. The organization was brought about largely by the fact that the public consciousness was aroused. James Bryce, the noted English writer, commenting on American institutions, said: "The one conspicuous failure of American government lies in the failure of its city government." Lincoln Steffens about that time wrote his famous book, "The Shame of the Cities," and other writers called the attention of the American people to the utter corruption and inefficiency of municipal government. The National Municipal League has contributed the only scientific and scholarly studies to the improvement of city government, excepting that contributed by the universities. Although it is only a small group, interested unofficially, the government of the cities of America today would not be what it is today excepting for the work of the National Municipal League. We must take to heart the lesson which that organization has taught us and make our own organization comparable with it in effectiveness here in Seattle.

"The complexity of modern life and the vastness of corporate business that is being conducted, makes it necessary for organizations like ours to exist; for we cannot depend alone on our official representatives. We are members of a gigantic corporation and it is neither right nor proper nor good business to leave out officials alone after once having organized the "corporation". We must ever be on watch to help solve the problems of our city life."

President Anderson made a plea that more of the public officials of the city be in attendance at the League meetings. He also urged the women of the city to take an interest in civic affairs and invited their interest and cooperation in civic problems. President Anderson in urging the establishment of a bureau of municipal research on Seattle, said:

"It is a disinterested, unofficial agency supported by the public having as its chief aim that of securing correct information concerning city matters. There are at least seventeen large cities of America to my personal knowledge who have such research bureaus and who

can testify to their estimable value to their city. Such a bureau should consist of a director, an accountant, an engineer, a lawyer, an educationist and two or more secretaries. Its cost would be approximately forty thousand dollars a year. With such a bureau in existence in this city such questions as the reduction of taxation, consolidation of county-city government, the Skagit project, city zoning and numerous other problems that confront us would be studied, reported on with a degree of efficiency and an expertness that could not be questioned; and moreover, an organization like the Municipal League would not be lessening its own value. The League would be stronger because of it, in fact; for the League is an agency through which citizens express themselves.

President Anderson made a plea for electing public servants with a "public viewpoint"—that is a viewpoint that favors the public as a whole. "We must not only have honest men as servants; we must not only have men of special ability, but we must have men with a public viewpoint as against men with a private or private corporate viewpoint, for ultimately the policies of the city are affected, directly or indirectly, by men who have or have not the viewpoint that only that which is good for the city is the thing to be aimed at.

Jackson Silbaugh called the League's attention to the fact that the day, June 14th, was Flag Day. Silbaugh paid a beautiful tribute to the flag and at the conclusion of his address, the membership rose, saluted, and repeated its pledge to the flag.

James W. Reynolds, Chair-

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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Honorary Auditors.....Smith, Robertson & Moorehouse

TRUSTEES

Terms Expire May, 1922.

Howard A. Adams, Ell. 0130
George S. Kahin, Ell. 0130
Robert F. Sandall, Main 0441
Jackson Silbaugh, Main 4241
Dan Earle, Main 0078
E. C. Kilbourne, Ell. 0607
J. T. Lawler, Main 6059, Ex-Officio Trustee

Terms Expire May, 1923

M. L. Baker, Main 2795
Vivian Carkeek, Ell. 0080
William G. Mann, Ell. 2783
James W. Reynolds, Main 0799
L. B. Schwellenbach, Main 0363
H. A. Woodcock, Main 5208

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

man of the Program Committee, announced that at the next meeting the League would hear its committee's report on the Library Investigation and also its committee's report on the use of publicly owned automobiles for private purposes. It is hoped that the attendance will be equal as large next Tuesday.

ASKS LEAGUE FOR FUNDS

Mr. James T. Lawler,
Dear Sir:

Your organization has joined with some forty-nine other Societies to make a determined stand for tax reduction. The delegates from these organizations have perfected a plan for energetic work by selecting a governing body, of which the officers named on the heading of this paper are the executives.

It is our desire to make this entirely a democratic body. We do not wish to ask people to contribute any great amount, but we do wish to have help from every one. All must have equal rights, privileges and opportunities, and this condition can only be attained by assistance from all.

Our organization met Saturday, and after a full discussion, a committee consisting of Mrs. E. E. Stewart, Frank C. Kean, and myself was selected as a Finance Committee. We have calculated that it will cost not less than \$2,000.00 to get the information we desire, and this is only for stationery, stenographic work, and preparations of petitions, etc.,—but remember, that

the more we obtain the better and more satisfactory our results will be. The principal part of our work will be done entirely by volunteers.

Will you kindly take this matter up with your organization, and suggest such sum as they may think best to contribute, and immediately forward the same to the undersigned? If the By-laws of your organization are such that a contribution of this nature is not permitted, will you kindly raise this amount by individual subscription from your members? We have limited the amount to be subscribed at from ten to one hundred dollars. For your Club we leave the amount to be paid to fixed at your discretion.

A meeting of the delegates will be called within the next two weeks, when a full report will be submitted.

Kindly give this your immediate attention, as most of our work must be accomplished within the next thirty days.

Very truly yours,
GEORGE C. CONGDON
Chairman.

The officers and trustees of the Ruth School for Girls ask your co-operation in bringing before the various congregations on Sunday, June 19th, the announcement of the opening of the Ruth School on July 1st, in the building formerly occupied by the Girls' Parental School, 3404 East 68th Street. Also they would ask that you kindly emphasize, and urge attendance

at, the Ruth School Mass Meeting to be held on Tuesday evening, June 21st, at 8 P.M. in the First Presbyterian Church. Judge Dykeman and the downtown pastor will speak, and Professor Isaac will lead the singing.

The object of the school is to provide a custodial institution for the care of girls who are beyond the control of their parents or guardians. It is to be strictly a Protestant institution and has been organized under the auspices of the Protestant Evangelical churches of this community. Its officers and Board of Trustees are composed of representatives of the various Protestant churches.

The institution is in no sense a competitor of the Y. W. C. A., the Rosemary club, or any other institution of the city or State that is endeavoring to care for dependent children and girls. As stated above, the object of this institution is and will be to save the group of girls who are progressive in their social misconduct. Training along educational, and religious lines is the ultimate aim of the School.

At the present time there are upwards of thirty one girls on the Industrial side of the House of the Good Shephard, who have been committed there by the Seattle Juvenile Court, nearly all of who are Protestant faith. This does not include the many Protestant girls who have been taken there by their parents, without Court action, and are there because of the absence of any Protestant institution in the community that is in a position to solve the social problems of the particular girls.

At its opening, the Ruth School will be equipped to care for thirty-five girls. The aim of the Board of Trustees is to secure, through the various church bodies and other organizations, TWO THOUSAND annual memberships in the corporation at Five Dollars each, and the amount thus raised will finance the School for the coming year. Groups of five, at One Dollar each, may take out one membership with the privilege of one voting member to represent the group. All clergy of the Protestant churches of Seattle are ex officio members of the corporation.

Will you kindly appoint a

person from each of your memberships to receive subscription cards which will be forwarded to you. Arrangements can be made through that person to receive membership cards upon payment of subscriptions.

Very Truly yours,
REV. ABRAHAM VERIEDE
MRS. M. M. NULL.

Religious Committee.

FOURTH OF JULY OUTING Skagit Power Development

Saturday to Monday, July 2, 3
and 4, 1921.

Special Outing No. 50. Local Walks Committee, leaders. An especially attractive outing has been arranged over the holiday with a trip through the wonderfully picturesque Skagit Canyon. In addition a climb will be made, probably of Sauk Mountain. This peak towers about 5000 ft. above the valley. Its top with alpine meadows and jewel lakes is reached by an old forest service trail and is said to afford a view of unusual scope of valleys and canyons and peaks and ranges clear up to the Canadian border. Breaking all precedents for this holiday the Great Northern Railway will furnish us with a special train.

George E. Wright says:

"The Mountaineers cannot afford to remain unacquainted with the Skagit River, the largest and in many respects the most important, in Western Washington. In this region the City of Seattle is constructing what is destined to become one of the largest hydraulic power developments in the country. Through a branch range of the Cascades the river has cut a deep valley extending to the national boundary on the north and rivaling in magnitude the Grand Canyon of the Colorado. From the depths of the valley rise impressively massed rock ridges and far reaching timbered slopes broken at intervals by tributary streams whose canyons open vistas of snow-capped peaks, rugged and towering. It is truly a most wonderful country."

The special train will leave King Street Station at 1:00 p.m. Saturday, July 2, making a stop at Everett at about 2:00 p.m., arriving at its destination in time

or dinner. Returning will arrive in Seattle about 10:00 p.m., Monday evening.

On either Sunday or Monday more leisurely trips may be made than the somewhat strenuous ones planned.

Bring sleeping bag or blankets, fly or tent, bug-net, plate, reuse dish, cup, knife, fork and spoon. All to be arranged to carry less than a half mile. Opportunity to change into outing clothes on the train. The cost of the trip will be \$11.50 from Seattle, and \$10.25 from Everett. Deposit of \$8.50 from Seattle and Tacoma and \$7.25 from Everett will be received up to June 25. Mail checks to Mrs. J. T. Hazard, Box 234, Seattle, and before date mentioned as is possible.

Our facilities will permit of taking a limited number of guests but only such as are equipped to keep out of doors and to take care of themselves as do Mountaineers.

For additional information, Harry Myers, Q. A. 3082 (only).

THE SPIRIT OF AMERICA by Albert B. Lord

It is a wonderful spirit, this broad, long-suffering, kind and freedom-loving Spirit of America; a spirit never breathed before by any nation in the history of the world.

It is not a cut-and-dried spirit prescribed by a paternal government, but a spirit born and reborn daily as our men and women in these wholesome surroundings and atmosphere are creating it.

Thousands of foreign-born citizens who have lived on this soil for years, who have earned American fortunes, have raised American children, can not, for some reason, realize it, and enter into this "Spirit of America."

Here and there unscrupulous traders and tricky bargain drivers or mislead workers are putting a dent into it, but as a whole this Spirit is created by a nation giving and demanding nothing but a square deal and a people who are thoroughly imbued with the principle of "give and take."

In short "fair play" is the best definition for the "Spirit of America."

—Reprint from "Roycroft Magazine.

The Port of Missing Men



HART NAMES TAX COMMISSION

Will Report 6 Months Before
Legislature Meets

OLYMPIA—The personnel of the committee appointed by Gov. Hart to investigate the subject of taxation under authority of the new 1921 state laws was announced by the governor's office.

Members of the committee are: W. Twohy, banker, Spokane; Alex Polson, lumberman, Aberdeen; George M. Elliott, real estate, Tacoma; Nathan Eckstein, wholesaler, Seattle; Frank D. Oakley, attorney, Tacoma; Robert H. Harlin, president of the State Federation of Miners, Seattle; Col. W. W. Robertson, publisher, Yakima; Peter McGregor, stockman and farmer, Hooper, and Dr. S. B. L. Penrose, president of Whitman college, Walla Walla.

A report of the committee is to be made at least six months before the next session of the

legislature. They are to study the system of taxation here and make recommendations for revision as they deem advisable.

Government is now playing a more important part in daily life than at any time in our national history. The functions of government are broader, the work of administration more complex. The success of government in performing the increasingly diversified services now required depends upon the extent to which the day-to-day work of government is entrusted to men and women trained in the art and science of public administration.

As a nation we are on the threshold of a new idea in government. The demand for "more business in government" and the spread of the city manager idea forerun the general

recognition of the place of administration in government and the development of a new profession—the trained public administrator.

From the Pamphlet of National Institute of Public Administration.

In 1820 there came to America 8,383 immigrants. Fairly regular increases brought the figure to 427,833 in 1854—a record that stood until 1873, when 452,803 arrived. The half million mark was passed in 1881, and the million mark in 1905. The record year of our immigration history was 1907, when over a million and a quarter newcomers arrived. There was heavy yearly immigration until the outbreak of the war. Then the figures decreased rapidly until in 1918 only 110,618 arrived, the lowest number since 1862. Since the end of the war immigration has been increasing rapidly.

Stories of adventure in the West are the class of literature most in demand by soldiers serving in our army in Germany. Next comes translations of "Caesar's Gallic Wars," which were fought partly in the territory occupied by our men. Legends of the Rhine are also popular.

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SEATTLE, WASH.

Takes all sorts of trades to make up the population of a great industrial city. The new London directory gives the names of two pedigree searchers; two baby-pacifier makers; two cots-of-arms carvers; two pearl stringers; and seven daylight-reflector manufacturers.

JOHN F. REED

Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, in and for the
County of King. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Laura
Ruhl, Deceased. No. 26556.

Notice of Hearing final report and pe-
tition for distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Fred W.
Jiencke, Administrator of the Estate
of Laura Ruhl, deceased, has filed in
the office of the Clerk of said Court his
Final Report and Petition for Distribu-
tion, asking the court to settle said
Report, distribute the property to the
persons entitled thereto and to dis-
charge said Administrator; and that
said Report and Petition will be heard
on the 30th day of June, 1921, at 9:30
A. M. at the Court Room of the Pro-
bate Department of said Court.

Dated this 3rd day of June, 1921.

GEORGE A. GRANT,

Clerk of said Court.

By GEORGE L. BERGER, Deputy
First pub. June 4, 1921. 4 June 25.

JAMES T. LAWLER

Attorney 512-14 White Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
Horace R. Martin, Plaintiff, vs. Alemeda
M. Martin, Defendant. No. 151030.

Summons For Publication.
The State of Washington: to Alemeda
M. Martin, Defendant.

You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty (60) days after the date
of the first publication of this sum-
mons, to-wit: within sixty days after
the 14th day of May, 1921, and defend
the above entitled action in the above
entitled court and answer the com-
plaint of plaintiff and serve a copy of
your answer upon the undersigned at-
torney for plaintiff, at his office below
stated, and in case of your failure so
to do judgment will be rendered against
you according to the demand of the
complaint which has been filed with
the Clerk of said court. The object of
the above entitled action is to procure
a divorce on the grounds of cruelty
and incompatibility rendering further
co-habitation impossible, and personal
indignities rendering life burdensome.

JAMES T. LAWLER,

Attorney for Plaintiff.

Office and Post Office Address:

512-14 White Building, Seattle, King
County, Washington.

First pub. May 14, 1921 7t June 25

JOHN F. REED

Attorney 960 Empire Bldg

NOTICE

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE
State of Washington, County of King, ss.
Sheriff's Office.

By Virtue of an Order of Sale issued
out of the Honorable Superior Court of
King County, on the 11th day of May,
A. D. 1921, by the Clerk thereof in the
case of Marion Gray, Plaintiff, versus
P. Stave, a widower, Mary Dechmann
and Louis Dechmann, her husband; Du-
gald Campbell and James G. Campbell,
as executors of the Estate of A. J.
McDonald, deceased; Emil Burkhardt,
H. L. Hanlon, doing business under the
name and style of Northwestern News
Bureau, Henry Jennings & Sons, a cor-
poration, and Frank P. Helsell, Defend-
ants. No. 145243, and to me, as Sher-
iff, directed and delivered:

Notice is Hereby Given, That I will
proceed to sell at public auction to the
highest bidder for cash, within the
hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's
sales, to-wit: at ten o'clock A. M., on
the 18th day of June, 1921, before the
Court House door of King County, Jef-
ferson Street Entrance, in the State
of Washington, the following described
property, situated in King County,
State of Washington, to-wit:

Commencing at the northwest cor-
ner of tract numbered eleven (11) of
Ballard's Acre Tracts, and running
thence east eighty feet, thence south
one hundred feet, thence west eighty
feet, thence north one hundred feet
to the place of beginning all being
a part of said tract eleven in said
Ballard Acre Tracts, according to the
plat thereof in the office of the
County Auditor of King County,
Washington.

levied on as the property of said de-
fendants to satisfy a judgment of a
foreclosure of a first and second mort-
gage amounting to Ten thousand two
hundred fifty-two and 29-100 (\$10,-
252.29) Dollars, interest, and the cost
of suit, in favor of plaintiff.

Dated this 12th day of May, 1921.

MATT STARWICH, Sheriff.

By A. HUTCHESON, Deputy.
First pub. May 14, 1921. 5t June 11

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JUL 7 1921

Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. XI. NO. 26.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, JUNE 25, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS

REPORT ON LIBRARY

LEAGUE COMMITTEE REPORT CLEARS LIBRARY BOARD

Report Adopted by Membership
To the Municipal League:

The undersigned, your special committee appointed to investigate the charges made against the Library Board at the instance of the so-called Civic Betterment League, begs leave to report.

CHARGES

The Civic Betterment League or committee, as it was alternately referred to, made certain charges many of which it later dropped or announced that they considered unimportant. The formal charges which were addressed to the Mayor sought to bring to his and public attention what the committee considered the "misadministration of the affairs of the public Library under the present management to the disadvantage of the tax paying and supporting public," and petitioned the Mayor to have it changed and the institution placed under civil service.

That it was the practice of the Board to remove employees upon charges made by the chief librarian without giving them a chance to be heard.

That the Board had not adopted a system of competition or examination under which all appointments except that of the chief librarian shall be made, as provided by statute, and under which system the chief librarian shall have power by and with the consent of the Board to appoint all subordinate employees, prescribe rules for their conduct and remove them from office. And the general charge or inference that the library was in fact a one-man autocratic institution which maintained a system of espionage and at whose best secret star chamber proceedings or meetings were held and employees disposed of.

They asserted that the librarian's salary of \$6500 and an allowance of \$30.00 per month for the upkeep of his automobile was disproportionate to his usefulness.

That at his suggestion, three garages had been built at the Central Library for the use of his private car and that of the engineer, at a time when the cost of construction was at its highest.

That the University Library was discriminated against, in that grad-

C. F. UHDEN

Engineer in charge of the Skagit Project, will
answer charges made against the project

Tuesday Noon, June 28, 1921

at BLANC'S CAFE (Opposite County-City Bldg)

uates from Eastern Library Schools were given the preference when positions were to be filled.

The Civic Betterment League was represented by Mrs. C. E. Bogardus, its President, and Mrs. R. F. Weeks, its Secretary, women of the highest standing in the City and community, each of them leaders in Women's Clubs and always keenly interested in civic affairs and social betterment work.

The fact that they signed the formal charges should accord them a careful hearing and investigation and this your committee feels that it has given the matter before presuming to present this report.

They reported that the statement of charges had been adopted at a regular meeting of their committee, but of whom the committee consisted or of how many, they declined to state, the only information which they were willing to give about the league being that it had been organized about two months ago by members of various women's clubs for the purpose of presenting these charges. (St. of adjourned meeting before Board P. 4)

Aside from whatever view one may take as to the policy of the Library Board, we believe it must be conceded that the personnel of this Board is very high and all the members stand well in the estimation of the community.

We have tried in this report to avoid mentioning any individual but the whole matter, in our opinion, is so closely intertwined and involved around one Mr. Dubois Mitchell formerly an employee, that we are compelled to say considerable about him.

While it is undoubtedly a fact that for years many of the library employees have felt that their pay was too small, just as those in many other city department have, yet we have had no convincing evidence of other general dissatisfaction.

Mr. Mitchell was already on the library staff when the present librarian was employed in 1907, and according to Mr. Mitchell's own statement to us, he assisted him in familiarizing himself in his new duties and in the years that followed always felt free to offer his advice and to suggest to the librarian that this should be done, or that should be changed and frequently advised him as to what his conduct should be toward the employees. We have gained the impression, and we believe we had to reach that conclusion, that Mr. Mitchell gradually presumed so far in trying to have the library run according to his own ideas that his attentions, however well meant, finally became unwelcome.

However, there has been no evidence that Mr. Jennings asked for Mr. Mitchell's resignation. The facts are that the salary budget for 1921 was made up and Mr. Mitchell was listed by the librarian, among other employees, for an increase in salary.

After discussion, the budget was referred to the administration committee composed of Rabbi Koch, Mr. Swalwell, Mrs. Dona Baker and Mr. Efaw. This committee, with Mrs. Baker dissenting, reported that Mr. Mitchell's salary be not increased, but that his resignation be asked for and then the report came before the Board as a whole, and the four men

(Continued on Page 2)

USE OF PUBLIC AUTOS

COMMITTEE INVESTIGATING MISUSE OF PUBLIC AUTO- MOBILES FAVORS CENTRAL GARAGE

To the Municipal League:

We your committee on Public Safety to whom was referred the question of the use of publicly owned automobiles by employees of the city and county, would respectfully report:

The question is an old one and difficult of solution. Councilmen A. J. Goddard first called attention to the matter of the misuse of public automobiles and performed a real service by securing the passage of an ordinance requiring that all city owned automobiles be lettered.

This helped but the enforcement of the ordinance has not been what it should be and ways have been found to use the cars for private purposes even though lettered.

Last year Mayor Caldwell brought the matter up again and went on record favoring a central garage where all cars owned by the city could be stored and kept in repair. The heads of the departments of city government were asked for a detailed report of all cars and the place where each car was kept. This report has been made and with the exception of Comptroller Carroll, the heads of departments have gone on record against a central garage. Each head of a department is assigned a car for his personal use, but your committee have no means of determining how much if any these cars have been in private use. Perhaps an exception should be made in case of Mr. Carroll. The car assigned to his department, is used almost exclusively by the license department. Also it should be mentioned that the law department has no car.

A majority of the cars owned by the city are assigned to the employees requiring their use and are kept at the homes of those using them.

The cars assigned to the street department are nearly all kept at the district headquarters and the same is largely true of the engineering department.

The county has 42 automobiles and about the same number of trucks.

The system in use in checking the cost and caring for cars is most elaborate and up-to-date and your committee feels that the county has a

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

most efficient man in Henry W. Odom who has charge of this department. The sheriff's office and County Engineer's offices are necessarily the heaviest users of cars. Both offices, however, have practiced a great saving over their predecessors and have inaugurated a system of checking in their own offices that is bound to make not only a saving in maintenance but will result in better care and longer life for the cars.

Ramsay, Hull and Corson own their own cars, other county officers have public cars. Your committee feels that more small cars might be profitably used and make a saving in maintenance as well as in the original cost. The comparison is interesting.

Commissioner Smith's Buick cost for January was direct \$67.67 and for direct and over head \$80.12. Commissioner Dobson's Franklin purchased the beginning of this year at \$3,098, cost for January direct \$90.38 and overhead and direct \$107.01.

A Ford used in the engineering department for January was direct \$38.53 and direct and overhead \$45.62.

Data collected and published by the Seattle Times a short time ago shows conclusively that cars are continually being used by employees both in the city and county, for other than public use. The necessity for rigid economy in government at the present time, requires that some way should be found to stop this. No lettering or any other system will eradicate this evil except to stop it. The heads of departments know or should know when employees are using cars for private purposes. If they are not willing to stop it, the voters or appointing power should take it in hand. We believe that there is no more reason for furnishing an automobile to a public official for his own private use, than there would be to pay his house rent or street car fare.

An exception should be made in case of the Mayor, however. He is

the head of the city and officially is required to meet and entertain visitors and should have a car for that purpose.

Your committee believes that as long as cars are taken home, they will be improperly used. We are, therefore, in favor of a central garage. We believe it would result in a saving in the maintenance, the number of cars needed for public use, and cars would be kept in better condition and last much longer. This of course could not apply to the police and fire departments. They should have their own garage close at hand where cars are available for instant use.

Your committee would particularly recommend that before the people's

money is used for the purchase of high priced cars, that the purchasing power ascertain beyond question that the car is needed for a public use.

Respectively submitted,
JACKSON SILBAUGH,
H. W. MASON,
J. WILL JONES.

REPORT ON LIBRARY

(Continued from page 1)

voted to adopt it and the three women members to reject. The minority at that time, announced that they would appeal to the club women of the City.

It developed that an unfavorable written report in regard to Mr. Mitchell had been in the hands of the Board for over a year and that a further report to the same effect had been presented about that time, each by the department head over Mitchell.

This was in part the basis of the Board's action.

We believe as a general proposition that it would lead to better feeling and increased loyalty in the library for a hearing to be granted by the Board to anyone against whom charges had been made and would urge that this policy be followed without deviation in the future, but we think that no hearing was necessary in this case.

Upon Mr. Mitchell's own statement he had been disloyal to his superiors, insubordinate, guilty of attempted political manipulation in the board, of the opinion that the Librarian was unfit for the position he held and he did all he could to force his own ideas of how the library should be run. (St. last meeting 100 to 110.)

Mr. Mitchell felt that in a part of the library administration, Mr. Jennings represented certain ideals which he did not approve of. He said "My purpose was to secure certain reforms here in the library and I believed then, and I still believe that it can be accomplished if we can get a board here which is more critical of his action than the present," and that it was his purpose to do away with the present order of management.

He believed there were three members on the board who thought as he did and who would come to him for advice and who were in favor of bringing about the reforms he advocated and of introducing his principles of library management, so he set about in a very practical way to pick out a new member for the board and thus secure a working majority and told the man of his choice just why he wanted him. (St. adjourned meeting P. 108.)

The present board knew his record and at least the majority of it must have fully appreciated the whole situation.

There could be no working harmony with the chief under this state of things. As a matter of fact, Mr. Mitchell said they had been far apart and completely divorced for some time. It was an impossible condition that should have ended long ago in the interests of the library, and in our opinion, no purpose would have been served by giving him a hearing as either he or Mr. Jennings had to be removed.

As we have said before, we feel that as a rule it is better to accord an employee a hearing if there is prima facie reason for his discharge as he may be able to offer something in justification, or be brought to a comprehension of a weakness and

Terrific Explosion in the Ghetto of Chicago



Scene at Halsted and Barber streets in the Chicago Ghetto just after the terrific explosion in a warehouse which killed at least eight persons, injured fifty and did immense damage. The blast is supposed to have been caused by the explosion of vast quantities of fireworks, stored there contrary to law.

given a chance to overcome it. The women members of the Board mostly believed Mr. Mitchell had been wronged and voted as a unit in his dismissal. It seems evident to us that Mr. Mitchell is very successful in impressing his grievances upon these women. As a matter of fact, he had for years lived at door to one of the minority members and the testimony shows that their respective families were very intimate and that he often discussed library matters with her and in affair in particular. Immediately after the division of the board on this matter, The Civic Betterment League made up of Seattle Club women, came into existence or began to function and these charges were entered in full sincerity by the league.

Our opinion is that they were overruled by Mr. Mitchell and that on cool reflection over the testimony given at the various hearings, they will feel that they have been misled upon.

The librarian's salary is 13th in the among American Cities and not proportionate to other heads of departments. We do not know whether the present librarian is worth that money or not.

If he is the right man, we feel that the salary is not too high, but if he is not, any salary would be too high. The Board we believe is qualified to judge.

If the librarian uses his automobile for library purposes to any extent, and he says he does, \$30.00 is a moderate allowance. It is very much cheaper than for the Board to own the car.

We understand that the objection to the garage has been dropped. However we might say that it cost \$100.00 and is large enough to accommodate three cars—the chief's, the engineer's and a truck the Board is out to buy.

At the last hearing before the board, Mr. Henry, Dean of the University Library School, was called and examined as to whether or not students from that school were fairly treated and considered by the City Library.

He said that the relations between the library and the school had been most cordial in every respect; that it had graduated its first class in 1903.

He said that it was not expected that its graduates should be given positions as heads of departments in the beginning but only after several years of experience.

It would seem that the head of the Library School would know pretty well about how the graduates were being treated; that it would be quite natural for any one of them to report to him if he felt that the city library was discriminating against University students, yet Mr. Henry reports that he is quite satisfied. We heard no other evidence.

Prior to 1909, the library was under Civil Service but it was removed from by the Legislature in that year.

The ladies who presented these charges insisted that the library statute makes it mandatory upon the Board and Head Librarian to choose employees and promote others in the service after subjecting applicants to a written competitive test.

It is enough to say that we do not so read the statute.

We believe the Board is complying with the law in the plan it now follows. The law nowhere says that written examinations must be given. It simply says that the Board shall adopt a system of competition or examination under which all appointments shall be made and that so far as possible all appointments shall be made for demonstrated fitness. The whole method is left to the Board and we do not believe any provision in it is mandatory.

Many of the applicants in later years are graduates from our University Library School and have demonstrated their fitness for a diploma. Others are from Eastern Library Schools with several years of service in addition. When there is a vacancy, the applications on hand are looked over by the librarian with the head of that department in which the vacancy exists. Full information is on file as to each applicant.

When there is a vacancy some one in the service is promoted if one can be found ready for the advancement. This is determined by bi-annual reports from the heads of each department. These reports are on file with the librarian.

The only near evidence of espionage we heard was the system of efficiency reports made by the heads of departments to the Chief. They are supposed to be secret and for the use of the Librarian and the Administration Committee of the Board.

One matter was raised at various times during the hearing, but never became one of the formal charges, and that is that the minutes of the Board meetings should show how each member voted.

We have no hesitancy in saying this should be done. They are public records and the people should be able at any time to see how each member voted. This method is followed by the School Board, the Port Commission, the Legislature and the City Council, and we believe by all public bodies but has not always been followed by the library board before the present trouble arose. This may have been, because until now the Board voted as a unit. Wherever there is a division the public is entitled to know how each voted.

This committee entered into this hearing with the feeling that there was considerable justification for a number of the charges made. In fact,

we were embarrassed in going into the matter as we felt biased and that it would take considerable evidence to change us, but we now feel that the charges were almost wholly advanced through the subtle influence of an aggrieved and discharged employee who found sympathetic ears in influential quarters.

Regardless of the findings of this committee or of the final conclusion of this League upon this report, whatever it may be, we believe the city should feel a sense of appreciation that there is a body of such representative women as interested themselves in this library question, who have the good of the community so at heart, as to so whole heartedly use their time and influence to right what they were led to believe was a growing injustice and a misadministration of a great public service.

It is only when there is such apathy on the part of the public that no protests are ever registered, that public institutions can go wrong for very long.

Respectfully submitted,
J. WILL JONES
H. A. RAUR
HOWARD A. ADAMS

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CHARLES H. HARTGE
Attorney 521 Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and For King
County.

In the Matter of the Estate of George
Dyer, Deceased, and Annie Dyer, his
wife, Deceased. In Probate.
No. 29515. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the un-
dersigned, Maude Dyer, has been ap-
pointed and has qualified as administra-
trix of the estate of the above named
George Dyer, deceased, and of the es-
tate of the above named Annie Dyer,
deceased, and that all persons having
claims against said deceased or either
of them or against the estate of either
or against the community estate of
said deceased are hereby required to
serve same duly verified on said admin-
istratrix or on her attorney of record
at the address below stated and file
same with the clerk of said Court to-
gether with proof of such service with-
in six months from the 25th day of
June, 1921, the date of the first pub-
lication of this notice, or same will be
barred.

Dated at Seattle, Washington, this
20th day of June, 1921.

MAUDE DYER,
As Administratrix as Aforesaid.
CHARLES H. HARTGE,
Attorney for Administratrix.
Office and Post Office Address: 521
Central Building, Seattle, Washington.
First pub. June 25, 1921, 4t July 16

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SEATTLE, WASH.

JOHN F. REED

Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, in and for the
County of King. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Laura
Ruhl, Deceased. No. 26556.

Notice of Hearing final report and pe-
tition for distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Fred W.
Jiencke, Administrator of the Estate
of Laura Ruhl, deceased, has filed in
the office of the Clerk of said Court his
Final Report and Petition for Distribu-
tion, asking the court to settle said
Report, distribute the property to the
persons entitled thereto and to dis-
charge said Administrator; and that
said Report and Petition will be heard
on the 30th day of June, 1921, at 9:30
A. M., at the Court Room of the Pro-
bate Department of said Court.

Dated this 3rd day of June, 1921.

GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.

By **GEORGE L. BERGER**, Deputy
First pub. June 4, 1921. 4t June 25.

JAMES T. LAWLER

Attorney 512-14 White Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
Horace R. Martin, Plaintiff, vs. Alameda
M. Martin, Defendant. No. 151030.
Summons For Publication.

The State of Washington: to Alameda
M. Martin, Defendant.

You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty (60) days after the date
of the first publication of this sum-
mons, to-wit: within sixty days after
the 14th day of May, 1921, and defend
the above entitled action in the above
entitled court and answer the com-
plaint of plaintiff and serve a copy of
your answer upon the undersigned at-
torney for plaintiff, at his office below
stated, and in case of your failure so
to do judgment will be rendered against
you according to the demand of the
complaint which has been filed with
the Clerk of said court. The object of
the above entitled action is to procure
a divorce on the grounds of cruelty
and incompatibility rendering further
cohabitation impossible, and personal
indignities rendering life burdensome.

JAMES T. LAWLER,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

Office and Post Office Address:
512-14 White Building, Seattle, King
County, Washington.
First pub. May 14, 1921. 7t June 25

JOHN F. REED

Attorney 960 Empire Bldg

NOTICE

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE
State of Washington, County of King, ss.
Sheriff's Office.

By Virtue of an Order of Sale issued
out of the Honorable Superior Court of
King County, on the 11th day of May,
A. D. 1921, by the Clerk thereof in the
case of Marion Gray, Plaintiff, versus
P. Stave, a widower, Mary Dechmann
and Louis Dechmann, her husband; Du-
cald Campbell and James G. Campbell,
as executors of the Estate of A. J.
McDonald, deceased; Emil Burkhardt,
H. L. Hanlon, doing business under the
name and style of Northwestern News
Bureau, Henry Jennings & Sons, a cor-
poration, and Frank P. Helsell, Defend-
ants. No. 145243, and to me, as Sher-
iff, directed and delivered:

Notice is Hereby Given, That I will
proceed to sell at public auction to the
highest bidder for cash, within the
hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's
sales, to-wit: at ten o'clock A. M., on
the 18th day of June, 1921, before the
Court House door of King County, Jef-
ferson Street Entrance, in the State
of Washington, the following described
property, situated in King County,
State of Washington, to-wit:

Commencing at the northwest cor-
ner of tract numbered eleven (11) of
Ballard's Acre Tracts, and running
thence east eighty feet, thence south
one hundred feet, thence west eighty
feet, thence north one hundred feet
to the place of beginning all being
a part of said tract eleven in said
Ballard Acre Tracts, according to the
plat thereof in the office of the
County Auditor of King County,
Washington.

Invited on as the property of said de-
fendants to satisfy a judgment of a
foreclosure of a first and second mort-
gage amounting to Ten thousand two
hundred fifty-two and 29-100 (\$10,-
252.29) Dollars, interest, and the cost
of suit, in favor of plaintiff.

Dated this 12th day of May, 1921.

MATT STARWICH, Sheriff.

By **A. HUTCHESON**, Deputy.
First pub. May 14, 1921. 5t June 11

"Madam," said the conductor
politely to the lady, "you must
remove that suitcase from the
aisle."

"Fo' re Lawd's sake, conduc-
tah, dat ain't no suitcase, dat's
mah foot." — Ithaca (N. Y.)

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JUL 14 1921

Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. XI. NO. 28.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, JULY 9, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS

SECRETARY'S CORNER

The proposed trip to the Skagit Project is drawing considerable interest among the members of the League. Thus far there have been received several inquiries, and the following have signified their intention of going: Prof. F. D. Hayden, of the University of Washington, A. H. Wiseman, Gertrude Morehouse, as well as several officers and members of the Board of Trustees. From the information available, it is understood that the trip will not only be valuable from the standpoint of interest in securing first-hand knowledge of the Skagit development, but will be very enjoyable from the scenic standpoint--some of the best views of the State of Washington are to be seen. The trip, to many, will be in the nature of a holiday or recreation, as well as educational. The expense is so trivial, approximately \$10, that at least one hundred members should make it. The matter will be brought up at the next meeting Tuesday, and as many as possible should then signify when it would be most convenient to make it, and begin to formulate plans accordingly. Reservations may be made by telephoning or writing to the Secretary.

* * *

Whether the League will go on record as favoring the City Manager form of government or not, will depend upon the vote to be taken at next Tuesday's meeting. It is gratifying that the League is led in the movement. More than four months ago, the special Civil Service Committee appointed by the League brought in a report favoring a change in government to the City Manager form. The League at that time felt that the committee had exceeded its province in view of the fact that it had been asked to re-

Shall we favor City Manager form of Government?
The Report on City Manager Form of Government
will be presented and voted upon.

Tuesday Noon, July 12, 1921

at BLANC'S CAFE (Opposite County-City Bldg)

port on certain specific charges in Civil Service. It was felt that its report advocating the City Manager form of government should be reported upon at greater length, and as much time had been given to the study of its advantages and disadvantages. The report which was published in last week's "News" should be read by every one interested in good government, and members should be prepared to express themselves for or against the change next Tuesday.

* * *

Lawyers who are members of the League have been solicited to place their legals with "The News." It is needless to point out again that the charge made for publication of such legals is not greater than that made by other weeklies; and that by patronizing "The News" a direct benefit will be conferred upon the League. If enough legals are printed our "News" will pay

for itself. In view of the present financial situation of the League it would be a decided boom for it to have its paper published without cost to it. Legals may be sent to the office of the Secretary at 405 Leary Bldg., or directly to the publisher, 1924 First Avenue, at any time before Friday, 5 P. M.

* * *

The estimates of the cost of operating city departments for the ensuing year must be submitted to the Mayor no later than next Monday. It is expected that the new finance committee of the Municipal League will be ready to scrutinize the budget and will make such suggestions and recommendations as the case may warrant. It is of course difficult, if not impossible, for any committee of businessmen, no matter how willing and able to help, to make constructive criticism without first making a complete survey of the department.

(Continued On Page 2)

CITY MANAGER PLAN PROPOSED FOR TOLEDO

Discussion was renewed this week concerning the proposal made by the Public Research Bureau of the Chamber of Commerce that Toledo adopt the commission-manager plan.

There is no question that the present tendency in city government in this country is toward the commission-manager plan. Adopted at first only by small cities, larger and larger municipalities have been adopting the plan or are seriously considering its adoption. It has even been suggested for Chicago, and it came near being embodied in the new charter of Detroit. The charter finally agreed upon in Detroit is similar to the commission-manager plan in many ways, the chief difference being that the mayor is elected by the people instead of being appointed by the council. Now Cleveland is in the midst of a campaign in which the commission-manager plan is the issue. Akron, with 208,000, is the largest city having this plan.

It is true, however, that most of the cities that have adopted this plan of government have been cities that were suffering from the old, decentralized, many-headed organization so common to American cities a few decades ago. Toledo got rid of this old system when its new charter went into effect, January, 1916. Authorities on American city government consider Toledo's present charter as the most advanced form of the Mayor-Council plan of organization. Toledo has centralized responsibility, in an elected Mayor instead of an appointed City Manager. It has a single-chambered Council, of medium size, elected by wards instead of at large, as

LEAGUE OFFICE MOVED TO LEARY BLDG.

On July 1st, the office of the Municipal League was moved to 405 Leary Bldg. The new telephone number is Main 0791. Members will please take note of the new address and telephone number.

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

Published Weekly by the

MUNICIPAL LEAGUE OF SEATTLE

1924 - 1st Ave.

Telephone Main 6282

Entered as second-class matter June 14, 1912, at the Postoffice at Seattle, Washington, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

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Secretary.....Elmon L. Wiener, 405 Leary Bldg., Main 0791
Treasurer.....W. E. Henry, U. or W., North 2950
Honorary Auditors.....Smith, Robertson & Moorehouse

TRUSTEES

Terms Expire May, 1922.
Howard A. Adams, Ell. 0130
George S. Kahin, Ell. 0130
Robert F. Sandall, Main 0441
Jackson Silbaugh, Main 4241
Dan Earle, Main 0078
E. C. Kilbourne, Ell. 0607
J. T. Lawler, Main 6059, Ex-Officio Trustee

Terms Expire May, 1923
M. L. Baker, Main 2795
Vivian Carkeek, Ell. 0080
William G. Mann, Ell. 2783
James W. Reynolds, Main 0799
L. B. Schwellenbach, Main 0363
H. A. Woodcock, Main 5208

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

in the typical commission-manager form. Increase of its membership, however, to twenty instead of sixteen will make it a more cumbersome body. It has been found that a small legislative body is more responsive to the public will than a large Council, since it is easier to place responsibility.

There seems to be some confusion of the commission plan with the commission-manager or city manager plan of government. The former plan has long been discredited and is no longer in vogue. The commission-manager plan is fundamentally different, and has none of the weakness of the commission plan.

Much has been made of the fact that Kalamazoo, Michigan, recently voted to abandon its commission-manager charter. The fact is that this action was caused by a deep-laid conspiracy of some of the old line politicians of that city, who saw their opportunities go a-glimmering when the city-manager plan became effective. A similar attempt is being made in Dayton, Ohio. It has been universally true that the bitterest opponents of the commission-manager plan have been those persons whose only hope of power lay in a continuance of the old un-businesslike system.—Toledo City Journal.

"Rastus, did your soldier son get any medals?"

"Say, dat boy was de mos' meddlesome lad in the whole regiment."—N. Y. Eve. World.

SECRETARY'S CORNER

(Continued from page 1)

ments. And this requires a great deal of time. However, such a committee can insist that the budget be trimmed here and there and in general insist upon reduction. It seems that under the present system, the council is completely befuddled when it comes to the budget. It really doesn't know what is going on in the various departments, and therefor cannot directly say to a department-head that this item or that item should be eliminated. As was said by a councilman at a Trustee meeting recently, "The burden of proof is upon the council to prove a reduction or cut in a budget item necessary. The department-head is supposed to know the needs of his department; the councilman does not; consequently with no first-hand information we must accept the department-head's figures." The City Manager form of government may be a solution of this perplexing problem or it may be that by a more systematic division of the departments of government among the present councilmen, that in due course of time a councilman would know his department as well as the head of it--that that seems to be nearly impossible. One thing we do know, and that is that the entire budget procedure must be changed. The Mayor, and the comptroller must have a voice in its make-up and must be partly

responsible for it.

There have been so many requests for the by-laws of the League that the Secretary has deemed it expedient to have them published in the League issue of the News. It is hoped that members will keep this issue on their files.

* * *

BY-LAWS OF MUNICIPAL LEAGUE OF SEATTLE

ARTICLE I

MEMBERSHIP

Section 1. Any man residing in or near the City of Seattle may become a member if approved by the Board of Trustees, upon subscribing to the purpose of the League as stated in "Agreement of association for the purpose of forming a social corporation under the name of "Municipal League of Seattle."

Members elect upon payment of dues for the current year shall be enrolled as members. Any member elect who shall fail to pay his dues within two months after being notified of the acceptance of his application shall forfeit his election unless the Board of Trustees shall extend the time of payment of his dues.

Section 2. There shall be four (4) classes of members: Sustaining, Supporting, Contributing, and Active. Sustaining members shall be those who shall contribute annually FIFTY DOLLARS (\$50.00) to the support of the League; Supporting members shall be those who shall contribute annually TWENTY FIVE (\$25.00) DOLLARS to the support of the League; Contributing members shall be those who contribute annually TEN DOLLARS (\$10.00) to the support of the League and Active members shall be those who shall contribute annually TWO DOLLARS (\$2.00) to the support of the League. All members shall have the same rights and privileges.

Section 3. Membership dues for the ensuing year shall be payable on the first of the month following the election to membership.

The fiscal year of the League shall begin May first and end April thirtieth of each calendar year.

A member becoming twelve months in arrears in dues shall be dropped as a member of the

League.

Section 4. When a membership ceases from any cause whatever, all rights and interest thereunder revert to the Municipal League of Seattle.

Section 5. All persons now members in good standing of that certain unincorporated association having its principal place of business in Seattle, Washington and known as the Municipal League of Seattle are hereby by adoption of these by-laws constituted members of this corporation, each of said persons to belong to the respective class of members of this corporation to which he belonged in said unincorporated association. The dues of all persons now members of the said unincorporated association known as the Municipal League of Seattle shall expire at the time they would expire as members of the said unincorporated association known as the Municipal League of Seattle.

Section 6. A membership may be terminated for any cause which the Board of Trustees shall deem sufficient, under the following procedure: The Board may, by a three-fourths vote of those present at any regular Board meeting, ask for the resignation of a member. If such resignation is not received within thirty days thereafter, said member may be dropped by three-fourths vote of the Trustees present at any regular Board meeting, provided said three-fourths shall in no case be less than a majority of the whole Board.

Any member so dropped may at the next regular meeting of the League, give notice that he will appeal from the action of the Board, to a vote of the membership to be taken at the regular League meeting next succeeding. At such meeting said member shall have a right to be heard and to demand a referendum vote. Such shall be by written ballot and the action of the Board shall be reversed if two-thirds of those present so vote.

ARTICLE II. GOVERNMENT

The entire management and government of this corporation except as otherwise expressly provided herein, shall be vested in a Board of fourteen (14) Trustees, four (4) of whom

shall be respectively the president, secretary, treasurer and the member who has served as president of this League for the preceding year.

ARTICLE III.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Section 1. The Board of Trustees shall be composed of fourteen (14) members of the League, four of whom shall be respectively the president, secretary, treasurer and the member who has served as president of the League for the preceding year. The other ten (10) trustees shall be divided into two (2) groups of five (5) each, the term of one group to expire each year. Five trustees shall be elected annually to serve a term of two years or until their successors are elected.

Section 2. The Board of Trustees shall meet at such times as it may decide upon, but at least once each month. Seven members shall constitute a quorum.

Section 3. The Trustees shall manage the affairs of the corporation, subject to the Articles of Incorporation, and By-Laws. No debts shall be incurred or funds appropriated except as directed by the Board of Trustees, unless otherwise ordered by a two-thirds vote of the members of the League in good standing at the time of such vote.

Section 4. The Board of Trustees shall have the power to fill all vacancies, the appointees serving until the next annual meeting, at which time his successor shall be elected.

Section 5. The first Board of Trustees shall consist of the following named subscribers to the agreement of association of this corporation, to be elected by the subscribers to said agreement at the organization meeting, to wit: Frank S. Bayley, Hugh M. Caldwell, Irving M. Clark, James A. Haight, A. H. Hutchinson and W. R. B. Wilcox, who shall serve until the annual election in May, 1915 and E. L. Blaine, William M. Calhoun, C. W. Corliss, Joseph K. Hart, O. B. Thorgrimson, Clifford Wiley, Raymond C. Wright and C. G. Morrison, who shall serve until May 25th, 1914, at which time an election shall be held for the purpose of electing for the ensuing year five trustees and the president, two vice-presidents, and treasurer.

ARTICLE IV.

ELECTIONS

Section 1. The annual election of officers shall be held on the fourth Monday in May of each year.

Section 2. The Board of Trustees shall appoint, sixty days before the annual election, a nominating committee of five members for the nomination of members for the election of President, two Vice-Presidents, Treasurer, and necessary trustees. Such nominating committee shall make known its nominations, which shall be of not less than two names for each office to be filled, to the members of the League at least twenty-five days before the date of the annual election. Unless other nominations are made as provided for in the following section, only the candidates so nominated shall be voted upon at the annual election.

Section 3. Any member of the League may be nominated for membership on the Board of Trustees or to fill any other office upon the written petition of ten members of the League sent to the Secretary at least fifteen days before the date of the annual election. If there are such nominations in addition to the report of the nominating committee, then the Secretary shall print a ballot containing all nominations which shall be voted upon at the annual election.

ARTICLE V.

OFFICERS

Section 1. The officers of the League shall be a President, two Vice-Presidents, Treasurer, and Secretary.

Section 2. It shall be the duty of the President to preside at all meetings of the League and of the Board of Trustees; to have general supervision of all business and sign all orders upon the Treasurer, and he shall be elected by ballot at the annual meeting of the League. The President shall not be eligible to succeed himself. The President shall be ex-officio a member of every standing committee, with power to call and attend committee meetings, but no power to vote (Amend Jan. 8, 1918).

Section 3. In the absence of the President, he or the Board of Trustees shall designate one of the Vice-Presidents to act in his

stead. The two Vice-Presidents shall be elected at the annual election to serve for one year. The Vice Presidents shall be entitled to vote upon the Board of Trustees. (Amend March 26, 1918).

Section 4. The Secretary shall be the executive officer of the League acting under the direction of the Board of Trustees. He shall attend all meetings of the League and of the Board of Trustees, and shall keep a record of all proceedings of those bodies; he shall conduct all correspondence of the League, keep a roll of the members, and perform such other duties as shall be required of him by the Board of Trustees. The Secretary shall be appointed by the Board of Trustees for a period not to exceed one year.

Section 5. The Treasurer shall be the custodian of all funds belonging to the League and shall disburse the same only upon vouchers approved by the President of acting President. He shall make monthly reports to the Board of Trustees and at the annual meeting he shall make full report for the year. His accounts shall be audited as directed by the Board of Trustees. The Treasurer shall be entitled to vote upon the Board of Trustees (Amend. March 26, 1918).

Section 6. The officers of the League, except the Secretary shall hold office until their successors shall have been chosen and shall have qualified.

ARTICLE VI.

MEETINGS

Section 1. The annual meeting for the election of officers and reports of committees shall be held in the city of Seattle on the fourth Monday in May each year.

Section 2. Fifty members of the League shall constitute a quorum at any meeting, except when some question which the Board of Trustees by resolution declares to be of first importance is to be voted upon, when it shall require fifteen per cent of the

members in good standing, as shown by the records of the League, to constitute a quorum for the vote upon such questions.

Section 3. The Board of Trustees shall from time to time determine the time and place of holding the meetings of the League and the hour of adjournment thereof, which meetings shall be held at least once a month, excepting during the months of July and August; the hour of adjournment for any meeting may be changed by a two-thirds vote of such meeting.

Section 4. In any matter which the Board of Trustees shall by resolution declare to be of first importance, a sixty per cent vote of those voting, unless by mail ballot, shall be required for action, and in the absence of such sixty per cent vote, or mail ballot, the League shall not be considered as taking action.

Section 5. Before the consideration at any meeting of the League of a matter which the Board of Trustees by resolution has declared to be of first importance, the Board may provide how the vote upon the same is to be taken, whether by the vote of the members in attendance at the meeting or by mail ballot of the entire membership, or by both; provided, however, that a mail ballot may at any time be required by majority vote at any meeting of the League.

Section 6. At any meeting of the League no member shall speak more than once to the same question or longer than three minutes at one time without consent given by a two-thirds vote; provided that the mover of a resolution of a member reporting a measure from a committee may speak twice.

Section 7. No resolution introduced at a League meeting, unless by the consent of ninety per cent of the members present and voting shall be acted upon earlier than the next subsequent regular meeting.

Section 8. All committee reports shall be made to the Board of Trustees, who shall be empowered to release the same for

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publication at their discretion, except, however, that no report on candidates for public office shall be released for publication prior to the action of the League thereon.

By resolution duly adopted at any League meeting any committee report may be brought before such meeting in which case, unless by the consent of ninety per cent of the members present and voting, it shall be acted upon earlier than the next subsequent regular meeting.

(Continued in next issue)

JOHN F. REED

Attorney 960 Empire Bldg

NOTICE

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE
State of Washington, County of King, ss.
Sheriff's Office.

By Virtue of an Order of Sale issued out of the Honorable Superior Court of King County, on the 11th day of May, A. D. 1921, by the Clerk thereof in the case of Marion Gray, Plaintiff, versus P. Stave, a widower, Mary Dechmann and Louis Dechmann, her husband; Dugald Campbell and James G. Campbell, as executors of the Estate of A. J. McDonald, deceased; Emil Burkhardt, H. L. Hanlon, doing business under the name and style of Northwestern News Bureau, Henry Jennings & Sons, a corporation, and Frank P. Helsell, Defendants. No. 145243, and to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered:

Notice is Hereby Given, That I will proceed to sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, within the hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's sales, to-wit: at ten o'clock A. M., on the 18th day of June, 1921, before the Court House door of King County, Jefferson Street Entrance, in the State of Washington, the following described property, situated in King County, State of Washington, to-wit:

Commencing at the northwest corner of tract numbered eleven (11) of Ballard's Acre Tracts, and running thence east eighty feet, thence south one hundred feet, thence west eighty feet, thence north one hundred feet to the place of, beginning all being a part of said tract eleven in said Ballard Acre Tracts, according to the plat thereof in the office of the County Auditor of King County, Washington.

levied on as the property of said defendants to satisfy a judgment of a foreclosure of a first and second mortgage amounting to Ten thousand two hundred fifty-two and 29-100 (\$10,252.29) Dollars, interest, and the cost of suit, in favor of plaintiff.

Dated this 12th day of May, 1921.

MATT STARWICH, Sheriff.

By A. HUTCHESON, Deputy.

First pub. May 14, 1921. 5t June 11

Messenger Service

Valuable papers, parcels, etc., may be safely entrusted to us for delivery

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THE MODERN WAY

WASHINGTON TITLE
INSURANCE CO.

The Roslyn Fuel Co.

COAL

818-821 White Bldg.
SEATTLE, WASH.

CHARLES H. HARTGE

Attorney 521 Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and For King
County.

In the Matter of the Estate of George
Dyer, Deceased, and Annie Dyer, his
wife, Deceased. In Probate.
No. 29515. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Maude Dyer, has been appointed and has qualified as administratrix of the estate of the above named George Dyer, deceased, and of the estate of the above named Annie Dyer, deceased, and that all persons having claims against said deceased or either of them or against the estate of either or against the community estate of said deceased are hereby required to serve same duly verified on said administratrix or on her attorney of record at the address below stated and file same with the clerk of said Court together with proof of such service within six months from the 25th day of June, 1921, the date of the first publication of this notice, or same will be barred.

Dated at Seattle, Washington, this 20th day of June, 1921.

MAUDE DYER,

As Administratrix as Aforesaid.

CHARLES H. HARTGE,
Attorney for Administratrix.
Office and Post Office Address: 521
Central Building, Seattle, Washington.
First pub. June 25, 1921, 4t July 16

NELSON R. ANDERSON

Attorney 1723 Smith Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of John
P. Brown, Deceased. No. 28438.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and
Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Mary A. Brown, administratrix of the Estate of John P. Brown has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said Administratrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 10th day of Aug. 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court, and that at said time and place the petition of Mary A. Brown for Homestead of East half of Tract 21 North Side Garden Tract according to the recorded plat thereof in the Auditor's office, King County, Wash., will be heard.

Dated this 1st day of July, 1921.

GEORGE A. GRANT,

Clerk of said Court.

By H. C. Gordon,

Deputy.

First pub. July 2, 1921, 4t July 23,

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. XI. NO. 29.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, JULY 16, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS

ATTORNEY DEFENDS SUPERVISED STUDY

Lundin Protests Against Publishing Taxation Reduction Council Report On Schools In "Municipal News."

Defending the system of "supervised study" and the efficiency of the Seattle schools in general, Alfred H. Lundin, an attorney, addressed a letter to the Municipal League of Seattle. The letter was a protest against publishing in the Municipal News the report of a sub-committee of the Citizens' Tax Reduction Council.

This sub-committee recently presented to all its member organizations, of which the Municipal League is one, a report of its survey of the executive staff and supervisory staff of the Seattle schools.

In the report, the recommendation was made that a "young, virile superintendent" replace Frank B. Cooper as head of the Seattle schools, the Roosevelt school was characterized as a "colossal blunder," the abolition of forty-eight heads of departments in Seattle schools was urged, and the "supervised study plan" was condemned. A portion of the letter follows:

* * *

To The Municipal League of Seattle:

As a member of the Municipal League, I want to object to the publishing in the Municipal News of reports of committees of any organization other than the League, unless authorized by a committee of the League or the trustees, after an investigation of the report. The immediate occasion for this objection is the publication of a political report under the guise of a report on tax reduction by a sub-committee of the Tax Reduction Council,

NO MORE LEAGUE MEETINGS IN JULY AND AUGUST

In accord with its usual custom the League meetings for the summer have been suspended. The next regular meeting will take place Tuesday September 6th.

attacking our most efficient Superintendent of Schools, Mr. Frank B. Cooper, and our able School Board.

The reports of committees of the League are made after a fair and impartial investigation. No person has ever been attacked by a committee of this League without being given the opportunity to be heard. No committee has made findings without having both sides to the controversy. This course was not pursued by the said sub-committee. The committees of the League are appointed and consist of fair and impartial persons, as a rule. This sub-committee volunteered, and a reading of their report clearly shows their bias and prejudice. They have a political purpose in volunteering, or they have been influenced by political supporters of defeated candidates for the school board. They have an axe to grind, or have been the tools of those who have had an axe to grind. Under the guise of tax reduction, a great injustice has

been done Mr. Cooper and the School Board by the publishing of the conclusions of this sub-committee's malicious and false report in the Municipal News. The so-called sub-committee did not interview the Superintendent whom they attempt to crucify, not any assistant superintendent. Out of an organization of 1600 teachers there are some who are disgruntled, peeved and sore. This sub-committee must have listened to them. The report starts out by recommending the selection of a younger, cheaper man for superintendent of schools. "Mr. Cooper is entitled to credit for all that is good in the system," yet they want a younger, cheaper man, with less assistants and fewer helpers. They object to the cost of supervision and administration.

* * *

Taking up the charge of the sub-committee, in its survey, that under the "supervised study plan" scholarship has dropped

(Continued On Page 2)

LAWYERS OF THE LEAGUE!

Do you know that by sending your legals to The "News," the official organ of the Municipal League, you can help the League? Only eight legals a week and the "News" is self-supporting. It costs no more to have them published in your paper than it does elsewhere.

LEAGUE POSTPONES CITY MANAGER VOTE

ACTION ON REPORT FAVORING CHANGE OF CITY GOVERNMENT PUT OFF UNTIL NEXT FALL

Reported by the Secretary.

The report of the Civil Service committee of the League favoring a change of the present form of municipal government to the City Manager form as advocated by the National Municipal League was presented to the League at Tuesday's Meeting. Voting on the report was postponed until the first meeting of the League in September.

Fred W. Catlett's motion that the reference to the need of a constitutional provision made in the report be eliminated was accepted by the committee. The reference was objected to on the ground that it might tend to confuse the issue, Catlett arguing that the need for constitutional modification might be brought up after the League approved the change advocated by the committee.

Councilman Fitzgerald opposed the report stating among other reasons that changes could be made in the present city charter giving such additional power to the mayor as the people wanted to. "The man who gets the votes is the man who has the power. He can get the things put over that he wants to. A city manager not being an elected official would meet with difficulties all along the line," declared Fitzgerald.

James A. Haight pointed out that while the city-manager would not be a popular idol he would have the time to devote to his business and would be helpful to the body politic. Such a man would necessarily be re-

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

lieved of a lot of mere formal work such as a mayor under our present system is subjected to.

It is more than probable that the committee will re-draft its report during the summer and will present it in better shape in the fall.

ATTORNEY DEFENDS SUPERVISED STUDY (Continued from page 1)

and "the percentage of failures is greater than ever before," Mr. Lundin offered the following figures on Broadway high school:

	Percentage or Failure.
1914.....	8.1
1915.....	8.2
1916.....	6.9
1920.....	8.02

Mr. Lundin said that the "supervised study plan" had been put in during the year of 1915, 1916 being its first full year, and he declared that the dropping to 6.9 per cent of failures in 1916 was due to the new plan. He explained the rise of failure percentage in 1920 to an epidemic of the "flu."

He classed as "absolutely untrue" the sub-committee's claim that "supervised study" had resulted in a demoralization of the work in mathematics and languages, and possibly in science. He took the University of Washington's report showing the percentage of A, B, C and F grades in different subjects made by freshmen attending for the year 1919-1920.

"In four of the five different standard subjects," Mr. Lundin's

letter reads, "the Seattle high school pupils were above the University average. The University percentage of failures for all subjects was 8.9, compared with 6.0 for Seattle."

He declared that comparisons of Seattle's high schools with San Francisco recorded in the sub-committee's report were greatly in error, in claiming that San Francisco "with 60 per cent more pupils than Seattle, ran its schools in 1920 for much less than Seattle."

He said that San Francisco, with a population of 506,000 last year, enrolled in its high schools only 6,704, while Seattle with a population of 315,000, had enrolled in its high schools 8,766.

"Would the sub-committee want Seattle to have the same record as San Francisco?" asks the Lundin letter. "If they do, their report shows the way, but if the present high standard of our public schools is to be maintained, our efficient superintendent should remain on the job. Of course he will, because he has been recently employed on a three-year contract."

His letter closed with a declaration that the school board was practicing and putting into effect reductions in costs and economy, and that the board "ought not to be harassed and annoyed in their constructive work by such malicious, untrue, destructive statements as those made by this so-called sub-committee."

Note: The Board of Trustees will take note of the protest at its next regular meeting.

LEAGUE TO AGAIN INVESTIGATE SKAGIT PROJECT

By Eimon L. Wienir.

A special meeting of the Board of Trustees was called by President Claude H. Anderson Friday noon for the purpose of deciding whether the League should at this time again investigate the advisability of going ahead with the development of the Skagit project. The action of the Board was favorable and it voted authorizing President Anderson to appoint a committee of five. James A. Haight was named chairman of the committee, the names of the other members will be announced later.

The calling of the special meeting was the result of the insistence on the part of the newspapers as well as of many representative citizens and civic organizations that the work on the Skagit should be halted. It was felt that it would be of considerable benefit to the citizens of Seattle for an impartial committee to make an analysis of the situation and report at an as early a date as possible.

At the suggestion of Councilman Erickson of the Public Utilities committee the meeting between that committee and the Finance committee of the council which was to have taken place last Friday was postponed for one week. This was due to the fact that two or more councilmen who were members of these committees were out of the city. Councilman Fitzgerald, who is chairman of the Finance committee stated today that if the joint committees were not ready to report next Friday they would of course ask the council for more time. So that it is more than likely that the League committee will have time to make known its report to the joint committees of the council at its next meeting, and in any event before final action is taken by the Council as a whole.

The pith of such plants as the sun-flower, rush or elder is advocated by a scientific writer as a good material for cleaning the lenses of scientific instruments.

SECRETARY'S CORNER

There will be no meetings of the League during the months of July and August. The first meeting of the fall will take place the first Tuesday in September, September 8th. Should the Board decide to call a special meeting, as it is not unlikely it will do, due notice will be given in the public press and in the "News."

* * *

The League's trip to the Skagit is crystalizing. Thus far the following have signified their desire to go, if the time set is agreeable: President Claude H. Anderson, Jackson Silbaugh, Dan Earle, William G. Mann, J. Eddy Franklin, Chas. J. Ryan, Prof. F. D. Hayden, A. H. Wiseman, and the Secretary. Unless the officers of the League are informed within the next few days that others desire to make the trip, plans will be made by those who have signified their intention. As stated in a prior issue, the trip will take about two days, and will cost not much over ten dollars per person. It ought to be very interesting and enjoyable from every standpoint. Chief engineer Uhden has promised to guide the party and to provide accommodations for it at the Skagit.

* * *

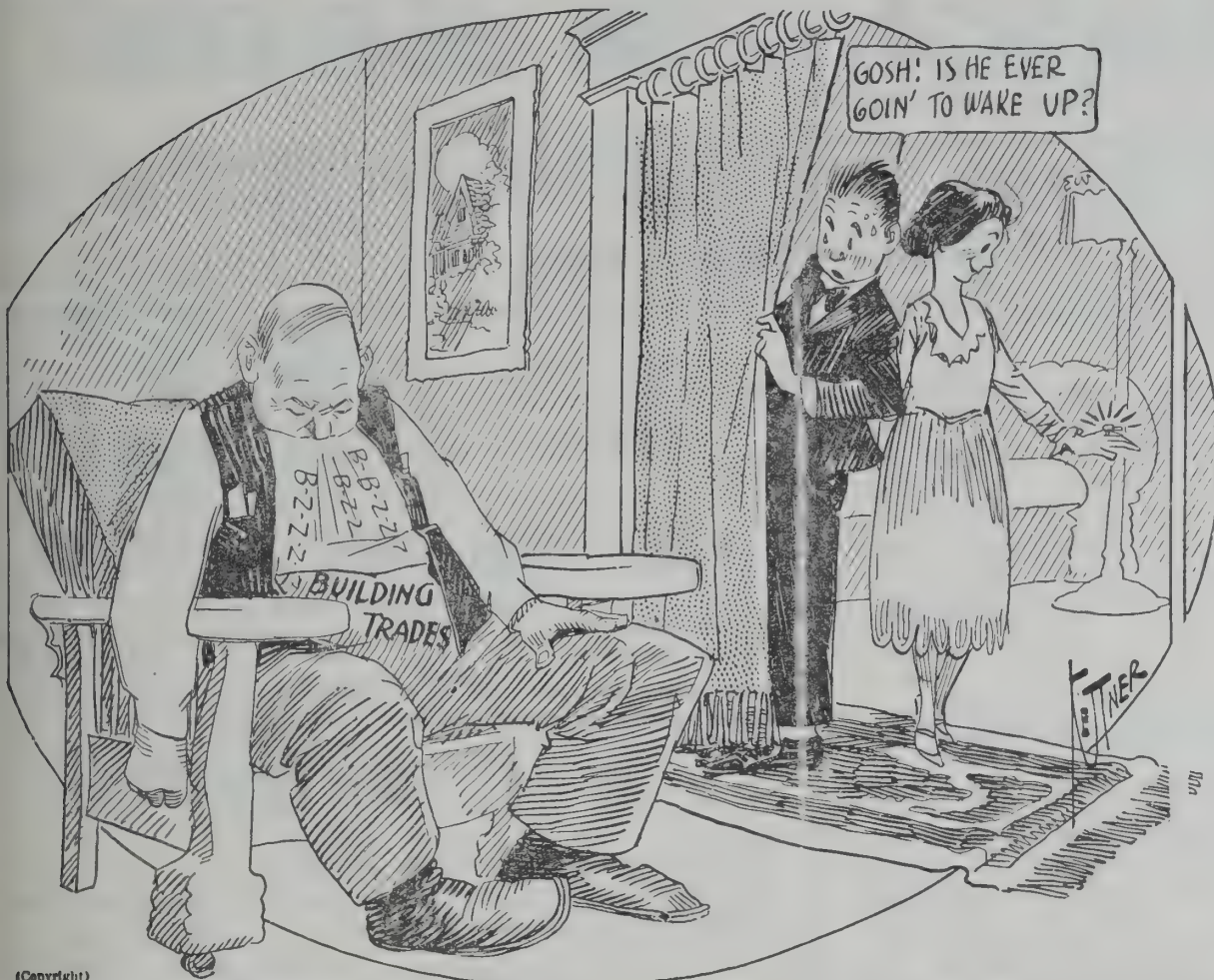
Members in arrear in payment of dues will confer a favor upon the Secretary by mailing in their checks as soon as possible. It will save much needed time for his office and will save the embarrassment of calling upon such members.

PRESIDENT TELLS WHY LEAGUE FAILS TO TAKE PART IN CONFERENCE

League Does Not Participate in Chamber Conference on the Skagit

The League did not participate in the conference called by the Chamber of Commerce to consider its report on the Skagit for reasons which will appear in the letter of President Anderson. The correspondence as set out gives the invitation of the Chamber and the President's reply:

Her Father's Consent Necessary



(Copyright)

Seattle Chamber of Commerce
and Commercial Club, Seattle
July 11, 1921.

Mr. C. H. Anderson, President,
Municipal League,
15119 Arcade Building,
Seattle, Wash.

Dear Mr. Anderson:

The Board of Trustees of the
Chamber of Commerce requests
that you appoint a committee of
three from your association to
meet at the Assembly Room of
the Chamber Thursday, July 14,
at 4 p. m.

The object of the meeting is
to obtain the views of the differ-
ent civic organizations on a re-
port on the Skagit Power Pro-
ject submitted to the Board of
Trustees by a committee of the
Civic Bureau of the Chamber.

Yours very truly,
ARTHUR R. PRIEST,
Assistant Secretary.

* * *

July 13th, 1921.

Mr. Arthur R. Priest,
Assistant Secretary, Seattle
Chamber of Commerce and
Commercial Club, Seattle,
Dear Mr. Priest:

Yours of the 11th inst., inviting
the Municipal League to appoint

a committee of three to meet at
the Chamber of Commerce July
14th, has been received and con-
sidered.

Mr. Oles of the Civic Bureau
of the Chamber called me about
the matter Monday morning and
I presented it to the trustees at
our regular meeting Monday
noon, July 11th. The action of
the trustees was a decision to
not send the committee. I re-
gret that we cannot do so but
you must surely agree that it is
impossible when you consider the
difficulties in the situation, as it
has unfortunately developed. You
state:

"The object of the meeting
is to obtain the views of the
different civic organizations on
a report on the Skagit Power
Project submitted to the Board
of Trustees by a committee of
the Civic Bureau of the Cham-
ber."

In order to co-operate with the
Chamber, as we would like to do
in all such matters, the Chamber
should have submitted the report
to the League in time for the
trustees, and probably the mem-
bership of the League, to take
action, by proper parliamentary

process, in expressing and re-
cording its judgment on the re-
port. Since Mr. Oles tells me
that the report was approved by
the Civic Bureau of the Cham-
ber last Friday, July 8th, this
could have been done if it had
been transmitted to us at that
time or within a day or two
thereafter. The trustees of the
Municipal League hold their reg-
ular weekly meetings on Mon-
days and could have passed upon
the report Monday of this week,
July 11th, and, if considered ad-
visable to submit it to the mem-
bership of the League, this could
have been done at our regular
weekly meeting yesterday, July
12th. This was the last meeting
of the League until the first
Tuesday in September.

Mr. Oles today called me on
the phone again and said he could
submit a copy of the report to a
committee this morning. Even
if a committee were appointed I
could not with proper regard for
regular procedure and the de-
sires of the members of the
League, empower it to express
the views of the League on the
report, a copy of which had not
been before either the trustees or

the members of the League.

I feel that you will share with
me, as Mr. Oles has said he does,
a special regret at this aspect of
the situation for two reasons:

FIRST:—The Skagit Project is
a matter of such importance that
it would be highly desirable to
have an accurate expression of
the will of the different civic or-
ganizations of the city based up-
on accurate and unbiased infor-
mation.

SECOND:—Co-operation by
the Municipal League and the
Chamber of Commerce would be
a decided advantage to both, and
to the city as a whole, on any
and all such matters.

Very truly yours,
CLAUDE H. ANDERSON,
President.

BY-LAWS OF MUNICIPAL LEAGUE OF SEATTLE

Concluded from last Issue

ARTICLE VII.

COMMITTEES

Section 1. The Board of
Trustees shall have the power
to create and appoint such com-
mittees as it deems proper. The
members of the League at any
meeting shall have the power to
provide for other committees.

* * *

ARTICLE VIII.

AMENDMENTS

Section 1. These By-Laws
may be amended at any regular
meeting by a vote of two thirds
of the members present and vo-
ting, provided, however, that no-
tice of such proposed amend-
ment shall have been given at the
meeting of the League held at
least two weeks previously.

* * *

ARTICLE IX.

PUBLIC OFFICERS

Section 1. No public officer
or public employee, or candidate
for office, shall be eligible to el-
ection as an officer or trustee,
and should any officer or trustee
of this League become a public
officer or employee, or candidate
for public office, he shall there-
upon cease to be an officer or
trustee of this League.

* * *

ARTICLE X

RULES OR ORDER

Section 1. Roberts' Rules of
Order shall govern all proceed-

ings of all meetings of the League, of the Board of Trustees and of committees, insofar as they do not conflict or are not inconsistent with the provisions of these By-Laws.

ARTICLE XI.

The League shall have full power and authority to render the Federal Government any and all assistance during the period of the war.

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FRED W. CATLETT

Attorney Hoge Bldg
NOTICE SHERIFF'S SALE OF
REAL ESTATE.

State of Washington, County of King, ss. Sheriff's Office.
By Virtue of an Order of Sale issued out of the Honorable Superior Court of King County, on the 13th day of July, 1921, by the Clerk thereof in the case of Investors Bond & Mortgage Co., a corp., Plaintiff, versus Rupert H. Rooke, et al, Defendants. No. 143497, and to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered: Notice is Hereby Given, That I will proceed to sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, within the hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's sales, to-wit: at ten o'clock A. M., on the 20th day of August, 1921, before the Court House door of King County, Jefferson Street Entrance, in the State of Washington, the following described property, situated in King County, State of Washington, to-wit:

The East half of Lots Forty-five to Forty-eight, inclusive, of Block One of Supplemental Plat to Cumberland Addition to the City of Seattle, together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances hereunto belonging, or so much thereof as may be necessary, levied on as the property of said defendants Rupert H. Rooke and Sven H. Nordin and each of them, to satisfy a judgment of a foreclosure of a mortgage amounting to Six hundred one and 93-100 (\$601.93) Dollars, interest, attorney's fee of \$75.00, and the cost of suit, in favor of plaintiff.

Dated this 14th day of July, 1921.

MATT STARWICH, Sheriff

By A. HUTCHESON,

Deputy.

First pub. July 16, 1921.

5t Aug 13

CHARLES H. HARTGE

Attorney 521 Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and For King
County.

In the Matter of the Estate of George Dyer, Deceased, and Annie Dyer, his wife, Deceased. In Probate.

No. 29515. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Maude Dyer, has been appointed and has qualified as administratrix of the estate of the above named George Dyer, deceased, and of the estate of the above named Annie Dyer, deceased, and that all persons having claims against said deceased or either of them or against the estate of either or against the community estate of said deceased are hereby required to serve same duly verified on said administratrix or on her attorney of record at the address below stated and file same with the clerk of said Court together with proof of such service within six months from the 25th day of June, 1921, the date of the first publication of this notice, or same will be barred.

Dated at Seattle, Washington, this 20th day of June, 1921.

MAUDE DYER,

As Administratrix as Aforesaid.

CHARLES H. HARTGE,

Attorney for Administratrix.

Office and Post Office Address: 521

Central Building, Seattle, Washington.

First pub. June 25, 1921, 4t July 16

NELSON E. ANDERSON

Attorney 1723 Smith Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of John P. Brown, Deceased. No. 28438.

Notice of Hearing Final Report and

Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Mary A. Brown, administratrix of the Estate of John P. Brown has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said Administratrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 10th day of Aug. 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court, and that at said time and place the petition of Mary A. Brown for Homestead of East half of Tract 21 North Side Garden Tract according to the recorded plat thereof in the Auditor's office, King County, Wash., will be heard.

Dated this 1st day of July, 1921.

GEORGE A. GRANT,

Clerk of said Court.

By H. C. Gordon,

Deputy.

First pub. July 2, 1921.

4t. July 23.

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AUG 5 1921

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VOL. XI. NO. 30.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, JULY 23, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS

ENGINEERS FOR EARLY SKAGIT DEVELOPMENT

The American Association of Engineers, Seattle Chapter, of which Albra Gardner, Jr., is president, at its last meeting July 15th, passed the following resolution relative to the Skagit: Be it resolved:-

That we, the members of Seattle Chapter American Association of Engineers (A. A. E.), a National organization representing all branches of the engineering profession, and speaking for the great majority of the professional engineer residents in Seattle, do hereby urge the Municipal authorities to complete, at the earliest possible date, the development of the Gorge Creek unit of the Skagit Power Project.

We are convinced that the immediate development of this first unit is a sound engineering and business undertaking. The development of this unit has been approved by engineers in whom we have the fullest confidence; namely: A. P. Davis, Chief Engineer of the United States Reclamation Service, under whose direction some of the greatest dam building and power development in America have been brought to a successful completion; D. C. Henry, a consulting Engineer of nation-wide reputation, and M. M. O'Shaunessey, City Engineer of San Francisco and Chief of the great Hetch Hetchy water and power project. The professional achievement of these men give us the assurance

You lawyers who desire legals to be published need only phone the Secretary, Main 0791, and someone will call for it. Help the "News" and the League by giving your legals to us.

NO MORE LEAGUE MEETINGS IN JULY AND AUGUST

In accord with its usual custom the League meetings for the summer have been suspended. The next regular meeting will take place Tuesday September 6th.

to state that any project on which they have made a favorable report is worthy of full public confidence.

As a business proposition, we believe the development of the Gorge Creek unit is fully warranted for the reason set forth in the statement issued by Mr. R. H. Thompson and published in a recent issue of the Seattle Times (June 19th, 1921). This statement which has been confirmed shows that a market for the bulk of the power developed in this first Gorge Creek unit is assured.

We further believe that a very desirable market for electric energy will be furnished by electro metallurgical and electro chemical industries, that are certain to locate here if a plentiful supply of electric energy is assured.

At Niagara Falls alone, such industries have developed within the past twenty years and now turn out products annually worth over \$75,000,000.00 and have a pay roll of over \$15,000,000.00.

Abundance of power has lead within the last five years to a great electro-chemical development in the San Francisco Bay region.

If the City as well as other great business organizations whose credit is practically unlimited were to stop all constructive work in periods of general business depression, it is evident that general economic disaster would follow.

Therefor, it is good engineering, good business and good policy for the City to continue with the immediate development of the first or Gorge Creek unit of the Skagit Project.

Be it further Resolved:-

That in view of the very great size of the complete Skagit Project and the lack of information on the part of the citizens covering the engineering and business features involved in the complete project; therefor, we, the members of Seattle Chapter, A. A. E.,

(Continued on page 3)

LET'S GO SEE THE SKAGIT

According to a tentative plan, the Municipal League trip to the Skagit Project will be made Saturday and Sunday, July 30th and 31st. The party will leave Seattle at 8 o'clock in the morning and will return Sunday evening. The expense of the entire trip will be in the neighborhood of \$10. There is still time to signify your intention of going, by phoning the Secretary, Main 0791.

SECRETARY'S COLUMN

As announced in the News last week, a committee was appointed by President Claude H. Anderson, to investigate the Skagit with special emphasis as to whether work should proceed or temporarily stopped to enable a survey to be made of it by a board of business men and experts. James A. Haight is chairman of the committee, and the remaining members are: J. L. Baldwin, Dr. E. C. Kilbourne, James W. Reynolds, and Clifford Wiley. This committee has met several times since its appointment a week ago Friday with public officials and various business men, and has given profound and serious study to the question. At this writing, it is not unlikely that the report of the committee will be presented before the joint meeting of the Public Utilities and Finance Committee of the Council. It is hoped that the report will be published in full in the next number of the "News."

* * *

Committees for the ensuing year have been tentively selected by President Claude H. Anderson, and the Board of Trustees. A letter is soon to go forth from the President's office to those selected, notifying them of their position, and in the name of "Public Service" inviting them to accept appointment. Members may rest assured that a good deal of thought and conscientious effort was put into the matter of the selection of committees: for committees are the life blood of the League; whether they function or not, and how well they function determines to a large measure the success of the League's work. The officers and the Board hope that those who receive the call to service, will heed it, and sig-

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Treasurer.....Eimon L. Wienir, 405 Leary Bldg., Main 0791
Honorary Auditors.....W. E. Henry, U. or W., North 2950
.....Smith, Robertson & Moorehouse

TRUSTEES

Terms Expire May, 1922.
Howard A. Adams, Ell. 0130
George S. Kahin, Ell. 0130
Robert F. Sandall, Main 0441
Jackson Silbaugh, Main 4241
Dan Earle, Main 0078
E. C. Kilbourne, Ell. 0607
J. T. Lawler, Main 6059, Ex-Officio Trustee

Terms Expire May, 1923
M. L. Baker, Main 2795
Vivian Carkeek, Ell. 0080
William G. Mann, Ell. 2783
James W. Reynolds, Main 0799
L. B. Schwellenbach, Main 0363
H. A. Woodcock, Main 5208

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

nify, immediately, their acceptance. The budget committee will organize this week, announced its chairman, J. L. Baldwin. A plan of attacking the problem is being devised by the chairman, and it is expected that at this year's hearing of the budget the Municipal League will have a definite and constructive plan to urge upon the council. Other committees will begin to organize during the summer, so as to have their work well under way at the time the League meetings begin in the Fall.

* * *

The matter of a suitable meeting place is again one of the problems for the officers of the League. There are four or five places available: Blanc's Cafe, opposite the County-City Building, the present meeting place of the League; the new 42-story L. C. Smith Building Restaurant, which will be ready the latter part of August; Masonic Club Rooms; and Meves Cafeteria. A committee is investigating the best available meeting place and will have its report ready before very long. In the meantime, the officers of the League invite suggestions from the members. The preference of the majority of the members will of course control the action of the officers.

* * *

One of the things which the League should accomplish this year is the bringing together of the various good-government organizations of the state. Other commonwealths have long ago

discovered the value of such state-wide organization. Washington needs such inter-communication even more than other states do, because its municipalities do not have complete home rule. They are constantly subject to the danger of legislative interference. A strong and united organization of municipalities can arouse public opinion and resent such interference. Then again, to a large extent, the problems of the three large cities of the state are in many respects, similar. The solution of these problems could more easily be effected by counsel and interchange of ideas between them. To the Legislative Committee will be referred this matter.

* * *

The work of the Tax Reduction Council of Seattle has undoubtedly received nation-wide attention. A letter was recently received by J. T. Lawler from the Institute for Public Service, in New York, stating that Mr. Lawler's statement had appeared in the Duluth City Journal of June 25. The letter goes on to say that the Institute could be of quick and extensive use to Seattle, as its representatives are qualified to make a survey of the City Government.

* * *

The Toledo (Ohio) City Journal of July 16th contains a column digest of the League's committee report on the City Manager Plan of Government.

AUTHORIZED OFFICIAL STATEMENT

By James T. Lawler

The Tax Reduction Council represents fifty-three civic and fraternal bodies organized for the purpose of conducting a campaign for tax retrenchment. It represents approximately thirty thousand citizens and tax payers. The movement was the result of conditions in our body politic, which were rapidly becoming unendurable and intolerable. Those who conceived the idea of arousing public sentiment to the imminent danger which threatened us from a continuance of our ever increasing tax burden had in mind only our present necessities, knowing full well that once the work was started public spirited citizens would put it on a permanent basis.

Its objects and efforts therefor are confined for the immediate present to determining in each department of city, county, school and Port of Seattle where expenditures can be cut down without injuring or materially affecting the public service of such departments. The Tax Reduction Council has from its inception regarded and will continue to regard the conduct of public affairs and the spending of public money solely as a business matter. Every member of the Council wants good government and good educational facilities but does not want to pay more than they are worth. They believe that the people are paying inordinately high prices for such service as the various branches of government are providing.

With this thought in mind and believing that they could render a valuable service to this community they volunteered their services during the entire budget making period, and have secured a large list of names of volunteer workers to investigate the different departments of our tax levying bodies.

A wrong impression exists in some quarters that this organization is not constructive in its purposes, but that it exists for the sole purpose of harassing our public officials. If these misguided individuals would attend one of the regular meetings of

the Council, they would quickly reverse their opinion. It requires no argument to prove the business throughout the country has had to do without a number of things it earnestly desired. Business men have been compelled to keep their expenditures within their income. This same rule must be adopted in connection with our Government in all its departments. We believe that the people represented by the Tax Reduction Council will insist upon the most effective handling of public business with the least outlay of public funds. Unless this is done these same people will at the proper time elect men to office who will consider public interest as well as the own.

It has been well said that a discussion of high taxes and high living costs begins and ends with the existing determination on the part of elective public officials to hang on to top heavy organizations and pile up expenses instead of reducing. It has also been truly said that someone in authority must determine the smallest amount with which departments, --- State, County, City, and School --- can get along during the coming year. If those who are to expend the money cannot lop off as much as taxpayers insist is necessary, budget officials must.

Gratifying news appears from day to day in our local papers showing that our public officials are beginning to realize the necessity for real retrenchment. This is what the people demand. They will not be satisfied with "camouflage retrenchment." They will not be satisfied with merely shifting the burden, but only with lifting the burden.

The total taxes levied for State purposes in 1920 for 1921 was \$72,665,820.00. Of this sum \$21,736,007.26 was levied upon the tax payers of Seattle and King County. This represents the total of taxation from every source, local as well as State.

It may not be out of place to briefly explain the method of procedure adopted by the Tax Reduction Council. In the first place the number of departments to be investigated was determined upon and then followed the important matter of selecting suitable committees to do the work. The attitude assumed

Upset



these committees was that absolute impartiality and a zealous endeavor to bring to public's attention the actual concerning the conduct and of the respective departments of our tax levying with special emphasis upon the expenditures of public. The men and women who up the various sub-committees do not consider themselves but they are selected reference to their fitness for particular work undertaken. Tax Reduction Council believes that the "outside point of" is always beneficial and there are in private life just capable men and women to be in all lines of endeavor as our public servants. There is no intention or desire to bring obloquy upon any of our public officials. Of course, they are satisfied that an office is no longer fit for the position he holds or does not measure up to his responsibility they not hesitate to recommend removal, but the dominant behind the whole movement to cooperate with those offi-

cials who want to do what is right, who are in a position to know what should be done and who will do it if backed by the people.

Some objection has been raised that the sub-committees have taken snap judgment in that they did not give those they were investigating an opportunity to be heard before the findings were published. The answer to this is simple. The Tax Reduction Council is an independent body making an investigation on its own initiative into the different departments of our local government. They receive their information from the only sources available. It is true that all of their findings and recommendations may not be exactly correct. If not it is easy to point out any discrepancies or to indicate wherein the same is based upon mis-information. If only a portion of the findings is correct, let this be admitted; the rest can easily be changed or altered to meet the actual facts. As the Chinese proverb goes, "If a log is bad at one end don't throw away the whole log." "The big idea" to be kept in mind in any

discussion of the merits or demerits attaching to any particular report is that the particular committee which prepared the report was doing a work for the community without pay and without any hope of reward except to take pleasure in the good thought, that "SOMEONE MUST DO IT." It is this thought and this sentiment, kept fresh in the memories of those public spirited citizens who are connected with the Tax Reduction movement, which causes them to neglect their own affairs for the public good.

Tax Reduction Council of Seattle
By JAMES T. LAWLER,
President.

ENGINEERS FOR EARLY
SKAGIT DEVELOPMENT

(Continued from page 1)

hereby instruct our President to appoint a committee of three, no one to be in the employ of the municipality or of private power enterprises. This committee is to cooperate with the City Authorities and with like committees from other civic organizations appointed for the purpose

of employing expert advice and securing and making public all information in regard to the complete Skagit Project.

In order to meet our share of the expense of securing and making public this information we hereby authorize our Executive Board to appropriate ten per cent of the Chapter income for this purpose, provided that civic bodies appropriate a like percentage, it being manifestly unfair to call on the city authorities to appropriate money for these additional investigations.

FISHING REPORTS

Published by Courtesy of Ballard Hardware Co.

Every day brings us news that the high water in the mountain streams stories of good catches being made are more frequent. The early fall run of steelheads (Rainbows) has commenced. News filtering in to Piper & Taft's of "big boys" ranging from five, eight and eleven pounds being landed on the Duckabush; and the north fork of the Stillaguamish yielding from five to eight and a half. It is well worth a long journey to engage in a tussle with these matchless fighters.

Good fly fishing has been successfully enjoyed within the last week in the Cedar River, Raging River, Middle Fork Snoqualmie, Pilchuck, Miller and Skykomish Rivers.

Bass fishing continues to give excellent sport. Good catches reported made at Lake Sammamish, Otter Lake, Echo Lake, Lake Wilderness, Big Lake, Clear Lake, Silver Lake and Lake Patterson.

These signed statements as to water conditions are all of the latest date to reach Piper & Taft's—All of them having been received since the last issue of our bulletin.

Sulphur Springs Point—Lake Sammamish: Several large catches of cutthroat taken last week. Silver trout running good. Bass hitting plugs in early morning and late evening.

Edgar G. Mondorf

Lake Sammamish—Pete's Place: Water is low and clear. Bass and perch fishing very good. Bass taking live bait and plugs.

Pete Boerjan

Lake Sammamish—Shamrock Cottage: Water is low and clear. Fishing fine, Graylings and trout biting especially well and large catches of perch being made.

Geo. E. Graham

Otter Lake: Water is clear. Fishing fine, exceptionally good catches made this week of trout and bass also some perch. Right methods—trolling, eggs and worms.

D. B. Libby

Echo Lake: Water is clear, Trout taking worms and eggs. Bass with Dowagiacs.

D. B. Libby

Lake Wilderness: Water is clear and low. Bass fishing very good. Casting most successful. Perch also biting well.

W. H. Nelson

Big Lake: Water is normal. Fishing good, Bass especially good. Various baits being used successfully.

Nels Anderson

Clear Lake: Water is clear. Fishing good. Small mouth bass taking live bait and worms. Silver trout stri-

king eggs.

B. M. Names

Quinalt Lake: Water is clear, Fishing good. Trolling and still fishing with bait best at present.

W. G. Eberting

Raging River: Water is clear and falling. Fishing good. Flies are the right lure now.

B. H. Swartz

South Fork Snoqualmie: Water is falling and clearer. Fishing better. Salmon eggs still good bait.

NELSON E. ANDERSON
Attorney 1723 Smith Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of John

P. Brown, Deceased. No. 28438.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and
Petition for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Mary
A. Brown, administratrix of the Es-
tate of John P. Brown has filed in the
office of the Clerk of said Court her
final Report and petition for distri-
bution, asking the Court to settle said
Report, distribute the property to the
persons thereto entitled and to dis-
charge said Administratrix; and that
said Report and petition will be heard
on the 10th day of Aug. 1921, at 9:30
A. M., at the Court Room of the Pro-
bate Department of said Court, and
that at said time and place the pe-
tition of Mary A. Brown for Home-
stead of East half of Tract 21 North
Side Garden Tract according to the
recorded plat thereof in the Auditor's
office, King County, Wash., will be
heard.

Dated this 1st day of July, 1921.
GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. Gordon,
Deputy.
First pub. July 2, 1921. 4t. July 23.

JACKSON SILBAUGH
Attorney Lyon Bldg
NOTICE. SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL
ESTATE. Sheriff's Office.
State of Washington, County of King, ss.
By Virtue of an Order of Sale issued
out of the Honorable Superior Court of
King County, on the 19th day of July,
A.D. 1921, by the Clerk thereof in the case
of C. E. Smith and J. W. Frey, doing
business as Smith & Frey, Plaintiffs,
versus W. J. Bell; A. W. Lambert and
Jane Doe Lambert, his wife; H. C. Pan-
chat and F. W. Baitinger doing business
as the Enumclaw Electric Co., Defend-
ants. No. 147403, and to me, as Sheriff,
directed and delivered:

Notice is Hereby Given, That I will
proceed to sell at public auction to the
highest bidder for cash, within the
hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's
sales, to-wit: at ten o'clock A. M., on
the 27th day of August, 1921, before
the Court House door of King County,
Jefferson Street Entrance, in the State
of Washington, the following described
property, situated in King County, State
of Washington, to-wit:

Lots six, seven and eight, Block two
of Cumberland Addition to the Town
of Cumberland (near Enumclaw),
King County, Washington,
levied on as the property of said de-
fendant W. J. Bell, to satisfy a judg-
ment of a foreclosure of a mortgage
amounting to Three hundred nineteen
and 25-100 (\$319.25) Dollars and in-
terest, in favor of plaintiff.

Dated this 19th day of July, 1921.
MATT STARWICH, Sheriff.
By A. HUTCHESON,
Deputy.
First pub. July 23, 1921. 5t Aug 20

FRED W. CATLETT
Attorney Hoge Bldg
NOTICE. SHERIFF'S SALE OF
REAL ESTATE.
State of Washington, County of King, ss.
Sheriff's Office.

By Virtue of an Order of Sale issued
out of the Honorable Superior Court of
King County, on the 13th day of July,
1921, by the Clerk thereof in the case
of Investors Bond & Mortgage Co., a
corp., Plaintiff, versus Rupert H. Rooke,
et al, Defendants. No. 147497, and to
me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered:

Notice is Hereby Given, That I will
proceed to sell at public auction to the
highest bidder for cash, within the
hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's
sales, to-wit: at ten o'clock A. M., on
the 20th day of August, 1921, before
the Court House door of King County,
Jefferson Street Entrance, in the State
of Washington, the following described
property, situated in King County,
State of Washington, to-wit:

The East half of Lots Forty-five
to Forty-eight, inclusive, of Block
One of Supplemental Plat to Cumber-
land Addition to the City of Seattle,
together with all and singular the
tenements, hereditaments and appur-
tenances hereunto belonging, or so
much thereof as may be necessary,
levied on as the property of said de-
fendants Rupert H. Rooke and Sven H.
Nordin and each of them, to satisfy a
judgment of a foreclosure of a mort-
gage amounting to Six hundred one and
93-100 (\$601.93) Dollars, interest, at-
torney's fee of \$75.00, and the cost of
suit, in favor of plaintiff.

Dated this 14th day of July, 1921.
MATT STARWICH, Sheriff
By A. HUTCHESON,
Deputy.
First pub. July 16, 1921. 5t Aug 13

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

DL. XI. NO. 31.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, JULY 30, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS

COMMITTEE REPORT ON SKAGIT PROJECT

REPORT FAVORABLE ON SKAGIT PROJECT

Report of the Special Committee
of the Municipal League on
the Skagit Project.

Seattle, July 25th, 1921.

An analysis of the problem "Is
advisable for the City to pro-
ceed with the Skagit Project,"
resolves itself into a few funda-
mental questions, the answers
which can be determined from
data available, with sufficient
accuracy to enable anyone with
experienced judgment to decide
the main problem.

The first of these fundamental
questions is;—will the City re-
quire in the near future, addi-
tional hydro-electric power?

This depends upon whether
Seattle goes ahead or not. If
anyone is pessimistic enough to
think that Seattle has reached
the zenith of its growth, let him
Camber of Commerce during
the past thirty years, and espe-
cially during the last few months,
regarding Seattle's prospects,
and he will be convinced, even
if he did not have past history
to judge by.

As a matter of fact, those
who have given the subject
careful study, whether in favor
or against the City's going
ahead with the Skagit project,
admit that the City will require

years, although they may differ
as to just how long we can safe-
ly depend upon our present
plants to supply the grow de-
mand.

Investigations pursued along
independent lines convince your
committee beyond a reasonable
doubt, that within three or four
years, the City will require a
large additional supply of water
power to profitably carry its
known requirements, and the
normal increase.

Furthermore, we would con-
sider those in charge of the Ci-
ty's affairs, as derelict in their
duty if they did not take proper
means to provide for these re-
quirements.

Therefore, the question next
to be considered is, where
may we best secure a water
power, sufficient for the City's
needs, not only for five or six
years, but for ten, or twenty, or
more years, if possible? No sin-
gle available power project
seems to offer as many advanta-
ges, as the Skagit.

While the first 50,000 Horse-
power unit of the Skagit may
cost more than others that
might be secured, yet the fact
that succeeding units can be
added at greatly decreasing cost
per horsepower, and it can be
additional power within a few

(Continued On Page 2)

PETLEY SPEAKS BEFORE COMMITTEE

PETLEY APPEARS BEFORE
SKAGIT INVESTIGATING
COMMITTEE

Mr. Benjamin Henry Petley,
consulting engineer, who ap-
peared before the Skagit Inves-
tigating Committee of the Mun-
icipal League on Friday, July
29th, presented charts and fig-
ures purporting to show cost of
power delivered to high-tension
buses in Seattle when operating
with the present Cedar River
and Lake Union plants as com-
pared with the cost of power
when the Gorge plant is com-
pleted.

Mr. Petley stated that the
maximum load for the year 1920
was 24,000 K. W. with a total
plant capacity of 30,000 K. W.;
that with the completion of the
new units now being installed
at Cedar Falls and Lake Union
the plant capacity is increased
to 75,000 K. W. at a cost of
\$9,700,000 or about \$650 per K.
W.; that the completion of the
Gorge plant at this time will
cause a loss, by adding to the
cost of power delivered to Se-
attle, beginning at \$643,000 per

(Continued on page 3)

SECRETARY'S COLUMN

SECRETARY'S NOTE TO
SKAGIT REPORT

The report of the special com-
mittee of the Municipal League
on the Skagit Project was read
at the last meeting of the Board
of Trustees of the League, Mon-
day, and was concurred in by
the Trustees. Later in the af-
ternoon, James A. Haight, the
chairman of the committee,
read the report before the City
Council just prior to its voting
on the five million, five hundred
thousand dollar bond issue. Mr.
Haight explained that the
League meetings were not be-
ing held at this time, and that
therefor, the report of the com-
mittee had not been, as is the
custom of the League, submitted
to its membership. The report
was received with decided in-
terest on the part of the Council,
and with applause on the part
of the lobby.

Every member of the League
must realize his indebtedness
to this committee for the earnest
and conscientious efforts made
by the committee in the prepa-
ration of this report. Appointed
a week before final action was to
have been taken on the bond is-
sue, the committee met daily, its
sessions lasting frequently late
into the evening, and arrived at
its conclusions after a thorough
study of the situation, and after
an exhaustive consideration of
the arguments, pro and con.

The vote of the council was
seven to two in favor of the bond
issue. Councilmen Erickson and
Cohen voting in the negative.
The ordinance was approved by
Mayor Caldwell.

NO MORE LEAGUE MEETINGS IN JULY AND AUGUST

In accord with its usual custom the League
meetings for the summer have been suspended.
The next regular meeting will take place Tuesday
September 6th.

You lawyers who desire le-
gals to be published need only
phone the Secretary, Main
1791, and someone will call for
you. Help the "News" and the
League by giving your legals
to us.

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

Published Weekly by the

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1924 - 1st Ave. Telephone Main 6282

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Secretary.....	Eimon L. Wienir, 405 Leary Bldg., Main	0791
Treasurer.....	W. E. Henry, U. or W., North	2950
Honorary Auditors.....	Smith, Robertson & Moorehouse	

TRUSTEES

Terms Expire May, 1922.	Terms Expire May, 1923
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George S. Kahin, Ell. 0130	Vivian Carkeek, Ell. 0080
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J. T. Lawler, Main 6059,	Ex-Officio Trustee

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Report of the Special Committee of the Municipal League on the Skagit Project.

(Continued from page 1)
expended up to a maximum of 500,000 horsepower, makes its acquisition by the City not only very desirable, but in our opinion the wise and prudent thing to do.

Regarding the Skagit project, it must be understood that the City has spent \$225,000.00 or more in making surveys, borings, and studies, securing advice from such experts as Arthur P. Davis, M. M. O'Saughnessy and D. C. Henny, so that there is now engineering data on which to base estimates of cost and there is also competent expert advice on which to determine plans of procedure.

No such thorough information was available two years ago, nor are such full data now available on any other suitable power site.

Furthermore, the City has sold \$4,875,000.00, bonds, and expended about \$3,500,000.00, which latter amount, (if the project is abandoned), will be lost to the City. The work done would inure to the benefit of the next concern getting hold of the project.

The abandonment of the Skagit would put such a serious handicap on the City's lighting plant, that it would be years overcoming it.

But even this loss should be

accepted and written off, and the work abandoned, unless it can be shown that the additional \$6,200,000.00 to \$7,500,000.00, proposed to be expended is a business like proposal.

In other words, that by the expenditure we shall secure a plant which in connection with the City's present plants, will enable the City to generate power at a cost low enough that can materially reduce rates and yet leave a safe margin of profit.

That this requirement will be met in the construction of the Gorge Creek unit, is proven by figures taken from actual operating results of our lighting plant, to which are added the Skagit costs, as shown in Mr. Dimöcks letter to Mr. Fitzgerald of July 20th, a part of which is quoted as follows:—

"The revenue of the Light department for the first six months of 1921 was-----

\$1,234,232.82

The revenue for the first six months averaging 46 per cent of the total revenue for the year. On this basis the total estimated revenue for the year 1921 will be

The estimated expenses are as follows:

Operation	\$840,000
Oil	220,000
Interest charged to	
Operation	310,000
Depreciation	350,000
Totals	1,720,000.00
Cash surplus for the year.....	

.....	\$ 960,000.00
Interest paid out of revenue and charged to construction.....	150,000.00
.....	\$ 810,000.00
Leaving a net balance of	\$ 810,000.00
Forward	\$ 810,000.00

When the Gorge Creek unit is in operation there will be added expenses as follows——

Depreciation	\$250,000
Interest	\$450,000
Operation	130,000
Total	\$830,000
Saving in fuel oil	200,000
Net increase in expenses	

----- 630,000.00
This will leave a balance of -----
----- \$180,000.00

This balance of \$180,000 is computed on the theory that all of the expenses, including interest and depreciation, which are now in force and that the revenue is that for the current year. In other words, the Light Department has today sufficient business to pay all interest and operation charges on the entire system, including the Skagit, to set aside \$600,000 to the depreciation fund, which may be used for bond redemption or betterments, and to have a balance of \$180,000 which may also be used for bond redemption. This is an unusually strong showing following so large an increase of capital investment.

Dependent on New Business

The ability of the system to stand a reduction of rates is therefore dependent on the amount of new business which may be obtained. The average rate of increase in the total light and power business of the city for the last ten years, including both the city and the Puget Sound Power & Light Company, has been about 6 per cent a year compounded annually. The increase of the business of the Light Department has been about 15 per cent a year compounded annually.

It seems entirely reasonable, therefore, to assume a rate of increase of 6 per cent. This rate will yield an increased revenue

for the year 1924 over the year 1921 of \$510,00. If notice is given to the Puget Sound Power & Lighting Company at the end of this current year that the city will take over, beginning January 1, 1923, street car load the maximum amount of 5,000 kilowatts, as provided in the contract for purchase of the street car system, and will take over an equal additional amount in 1924, the total revenue in 1924 from this business, at the rate now paid to the company will be \$250,000. The total added business will therefore be \$860,000. The expense account will be increased about \$150,000, so that the net increase will be \$710,000. This added to the balance of \$180,000 as shown above, will make a total of \$890,000 available for bond redemption and for reduction of rates."

We have given the whole subject very careful study, being aided in our investigations by the unbiased criticism of an able engineer, thoroughly familiar with it, who is entirely independent of the City officials.

We have had access to the data in possession of the City Engineer and Superintendent of Lighting, and by them have been promptly furnished with all information asked for; have heard the arguments and reasons of the most active engineers and others advocating delay; those opposed to the project itself, and those for it.

After careful deliberation, we have reached the conclusion that it is advisable to proceed with and complete the Gorge Creek 50,000 horsepower unit, of the Skagit project.

Summarized; our reasons
this conclusion are;

1st.—The acquisition of Skagit power project places City in an absolutely independent position, in regard to power requirements for many years to come. Incidentally helps eliminate during these years, controversies and political intrigues regarding power supply. The project can be developed as requirements warrant, at decreasing costs per unit of capacity, and lowering costs of current delivered, thus securing substantial reductions in rate. The chief reason for the City going into the business.

2nd.—The total costs for carrying the proposed Gorge Creek unit, including Cedar River, and the Steam plant, can be maintained from present revenues, without recourse, to taxes; and as added resources, we have the 18000 K. W. Street Railway load, and the normal increase in business, which makes a safe business proposition.

Regarding delay, if we allow the Puget Sound Power Co. to carry the Street Railway load, and Seattle does not have one of its periodical booms, the present City plants recently enlarged will probably be able to take care of the demand for three or four years, but the increasing risks, as the load grows. But if, from the power point of view, a delay of a year or two, could not be serious, what could be gained?

With nearly all the principal copper and gold mines in the country closed, the very best of hard-rock miners and power-drill men can now be secured at reasonable rates. Copper is lower than it has been for twenty years. Lumber will be cut by the City's mill. Steel may or may not be lower, common labor the same. Bonds may be higher or lower. We do know that as business improves and new enterprises are started, the demand for capital increases and with it the interest rate.

On the other hand it will require two years to complete the job, if there are no unforeseen delays; meantime the bonds already issued on the project, are drawing interest at the rate of \$30,000 per day, or \$292,500 per year; this is a sure expense, working night and day, including Sundays, dubiously offset by a speculative decrease in construction cost. Delay also puts off the time when we may safely and profitably take over the Street Railway power load.

Moreover, if the work is interrupted, the present organization which it has taken long to build up is disintegrated and great and wholly unnecessary loss will ensue. We therefore recommend that the work on the 50,000 horsepower unit of the Skagit project be continued without interruption or delay.

We ought not to close this report without emphasizing the

good fortune of the City of Seattle in having always had at the head of its engineering and public utility departments, men of marked ability and the highest integrity and devotion to the City's interest. We little realize how great a blessing to our city and its people has been the freedom of these important departments from the tragic scandals that have so frequently elsewhere soiled the Public utility history of our nation. We feel that the people of this city are justified in having the highest confidence in the fidelity and good judgment of the officials in charge of the Skagit project.

EDWARD C. KILBOURNE
JAMES W. REYNOLDS
CLIFFORD WILEY
J. Y. BALDWIN
JAMES A. HAIGHT, Chairman.

NOTES AND EVENTS

From National Municipal Review
July Number

Administrative Consolidation In California.

After more than two years of agitation, mainly on the part of the Taxpayers' Association, for administrative consolidation in California, Governor Stephens sent a special message to the 1921 legislature recommending the passage of a series of bills designed to regroup and consolidate the majority of the statutory administrative agencies of the state. To carry out the governor's wishes, nine separate bills were enacted by the legislature.

The first bill creates a department of finance with the three members of the state board of control at its head. This department takes over general accounting, budget-making, purchasing, printing, motor vehicle regulation, and custody of buildings and grounds. The second bill creates a department of professional standards headed by a director who receives \$5,000 per year. This department issues licenses for the practice of all trades and professions, such as, medicine, dentistry, embalming, pharmacy, accounting, optometry, etc. The third bill creates a department of labor and industrial relations which brings together the industrial accident

commission, the commission of immigration and housing, the industrial welfare commission, and the bureau of labor statistics under as many divisions. The executive head of this department is a board composed of a representative from each of the four divisions. The fourth bill creates a department of education with the state superintendent of public instruction (a constitutional officer) as director. The board of education, consisting of seven members, is continued in connection with this department and is given certain powers over normal schools. This board is in reality the head of the department, and the director is its executive officer. The fifth bill recreates the department of agriculture established in 1919, and adds to it the state superintendent of weights and measures and the state market commission. It is headed by a director at a salary of \$5,000 per year. This department will have at least five divisions: plant industry, agricultural industry, animal industry, markets, and weights and measures. The sixth bill creates a department of public works under a director at a salary not to exceed \$10,000 per year. It will consist of at least five divisions: highways, engineering and irrigation, water rights, land settlement, and architecture. A board of public works, established in connection with this department, consists of the director and the three members of the old highway commission continued in office at a salary of \$3,600 each. The seventh bill creates a department of institutions under a director at a salary of \$5,000 per year. This department takes over most of the charitable and correctional institutions of the state. The local board of trustees are continued as advisory boards. The eighth bill relates to the civil service commission which formerly consisted of three commissioners at \$3,000 each per year. Hereafter, the commission is to consist of a single executive officer at an annual salary of \$4,000, with two assistants who receive \$10 per diem for their work not to exceed \$500 per year. The three are appointed by the governor for four year terms. The ninth

bill sets certain general provisions relating to the newly created departments. It provides, among other things, that the appointees of the governor shall hold office at his pleasure.

A large part of this work seems to be a rearrangement of existing administrative agencies rather than a genuine reorganization. The department of institutions and the department of professional standards apparently offer the greatest possibilities under this plan for better service.

A. E. BUCK.

* * *

City-Manager Campaigns

During the past month, Miami, Florida; Benton Harbor, Michigan; New London, Connecticut; Michigan City, Indiana; and Bluefield and Morgantown, West Virginia, have all adopted city-manager government.

In the elections which have been held in Indiana under the new optional charter law, the city-manager plan has met with seven defeats and one victory. Other cities are voting on the plan in June. On June 7 the nounce results. On June 7 the plan was defeated in Anderson, Kokomo, New Albany, Muncie.

(Continued next week)

PETLEY APPEARS BEFORE SKAGIT INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE

(Continued from page 1)

annum, or 57 per cent, with a load of 25,000 K. W., figuring oil at one cent per K. W. H., taking into account interest amounting to \$153,000 annually for the money already invested in the Gorge plant, the loss decreasing in amount as the output increases until the load reaches 51,000 K. W., more than double the present load, when the costs will be equal. With a load of 60,000 K. W., 2 1-2 times the present load, the completion of the Gorge plant is an added cost of \$7,000,000, and its operation in combination with the Cedar River and Lake Union plants, will produce at but one mill less cost per K. W. H. than when operating only by the present plants.

The charts and figures used

by Mr. Petley were compiled from the estimates prepared by Skagit Engineer Uhden and from the annual report of Supt. Ross, stated Petley. These figures he assumed to be accurate.

NELSON R. ANDERSON
Attorney 1723 Smith Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of John

The Roslyn Fuel Co.

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P. Brown, Deceased. No. 28438.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and
Petition for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Mary
A. Brown, administratrix of the Es-
tate of John P. Brown has filed in the
office of the Clerk of said Court her
final Report and petition for distri-
bution, asking the Court to settle said
Report, distribute the property to the
persons thereto entitled and to dis-
charge said Administratrix; and that
said Report and petition will be heard
on the 10th day of Aug. 1921. at 9:30
A. M., at the Court Room of the Pro-
bate Department of said Court, and
that at said time and place the pe-
tition of Mary A. Brown for Home-
stead of East half of Tract 21 North
Side Garden Tract according to the
recorded plat thereof in the Auditor's
office, King County, Wash., will be
heard.

Dated this 1st day of July, 1921.

GEORGE A. GRANT,

Clerk of said Court.

By H. C. Gordon,

Deputy.

First pub. July 2, 1921. 4t. July 23.

JACKSON SILBAUGH

Attorney Lyon Bldg

NOTICE. SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL
ESTATE. Sheriff's Office.

State of Washington, County of King, ss.
By Virtue of an Order of Sale issued
out of the Honorable Superior Court of
King County, on the 19th day of July,
A.D. 1921, by the Clerk thereof in the case
of C. E. Smith and J. W. Frey, doing
business as Smith & Frey, Plaintiffs,
versus W. J. Bell; A. W. Lambert and
Jane Doe Lambert, his wife; H. C. Pan-
chat and F. W. Bittenger doing business
as the Enumclaw Electric Co., Defend-
ants. No. 147403, and to me, as Sheriff,
directed and delivered:

Notice is Hereby Given, That I will
proceed to sell at public auction to the
highest bidder for cash, within the
hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's
sales, to-wit: at ten o'clock A. M., on
the 27th day of August, 1921, before
the Court House door of King County,
Jefferson Street Entrance, in the State
of Washington, the following described
property, situated in King County, State
of Washington, to-wit:

Lots six, seven and eight, Block two
of Cumberland Addition to the Town
of Cumberland (near Enumclaw),
King County, Washington,
levied on as the property of said de-
fendant W. J. Bell, to satisfy a judg-
ment of a foreclosure of a mortgage
amounting to Three hundred nineteen
and 25/100 (\$319.25) Dollars and in-
terest, in favor of plaintiff.

Dated this 19th day of July, 1921.

MATT STARWICH, Sheriff.

By A. HUTCHESON,

Deputy.

First pub. July 23, 1921. 5t Aug 20

FRED W. CATLETT

Attorney Hoge Bldg

NOTICE. SHERIFF'S SALE OF

REAL ESTATE.

State of Washington, County of King, ss.

Sheriff's Office.

By Virtue of an Order of Sale issued
out of the Honorable Superior Court of
King County, on the 13th day of July,
1921, by the Clerk thereof in the case
of Investors Bond & Mortgage Co., a
corp., Plaintiff, versus Rupert H. Rooke,
et al, Defendants. No. 143497, and to
me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered:

Notice is Hereby Given, That I will
proceed to sell at public auction to the
highest bidder for cash, within the
hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's
sales, to-wit: at ten o'clock A. M., on
the 20th day of August, 1921, before
the Court House door of King County,
Jefferson Street Entrance, in the State
of Washington, the following described
property, situated in King County,
State of Washington, to-wit:

The East half of Lots Forty-five
to Forty-eight, inclusive, of Block
One of Supplemental Plat to Cumber-
land Addition to the City of Seattle,
together with all and singular the
tenements, hereditaments and appur-
tenances hereunto belonging, or so
much thereof as may be necessary,
levied on as the property of said de-
fendants Rupert H. Rooke and Sven H.
Nordin and each of them, to satisfy a
judgment of a foreclosure of a mort-
gage amounting to Six hundred one and
93/100 (\$601.93) Dollars, interest, at-
torney's fee of \$75.00, and the cost of
suit, in favor of plaintiff.

Dated this 14th day of July, 1921.

MATT STARWICH, Sheriff.

By A. HUTCHESON,

Deputy.

First pub. July 16, 1921. 5t Aug 13

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. XI. NO. 32.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, AUGUST 6, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS

LIBRARY'S ANNUAL

There has just been received the Thirtieth Annual Report of the Seattle Public Library.

The following table in condensed form purports to show the progress made:

	1910	1920
Vols. in library,	128,309	335,509
An. circulation,	649,611	1,828,496
Cir. per capita,	2.74	5.79
No. borrowers,	41,963	80,481
Population,	237,194	315,652
Receipts, city	\$146,538	\$277,676
Salaries,	\$ 62,275	\$192,740
No. employees,	94	158

The report goes on to state that ten years ago four of the library branches were housed in permanent buildings belonging to the City; that at the present time seven of the nine branches occupy their own buildings, and building for the eighth branch is under consideration. "The cost to the City for these has been very slight, as most of the funds were provided by Andrew Carnegie," states the report.

An increase of 209% is shown in the total salaries paid. The average salary in 1910 was \$662, in 1920, \$1219, being an increase of 84 per cent. The average low salary is partly explained by the number of boys and girls employed as pages, many of them being high school students who work part time. The beginning salary for pages in 1910 was \$25 and is now \$50. The beginning salary for regular library assistants with training was in 1910 \$50 and is now \$100. In both cases the initial salary has in-

(Continued On Page 2)

You lawyers who desire legals to be published need only phone the Secretary, Main 0791, and someone will call for it. Help the "News" and the League by giving your legals to us.

QUESTIONS FOR YOU TO ANSWER

The question that is confronting the officers of the League is: Will the rank and file of the League stand ready to answer any call for service that may be made? The League is the only civic agency in the city that is undertaking exclusively the discussion and promotion of municipal matters and because it is so thoroughly democratic in its personnel and its method of conducting business, it has gained a reputation for expressing the will of the great majority of the citizens and residents of Seattle. This year with all the problems that are facing the City, there is a greater need for its activities than ever before. This seems to be a thread-worn phrase, but thread-worn phrases usually express truth as it has been experienced.

The League has a definite problem this year. One of the big things which it is going to try to accomplish is that of establishing a Municipal Research Bureau for this city. Other things of nearly equal importance will be attempted by the League, and perhaps one of the most vital things will be that of increasing its membership. You, league member, will be called upon to help. Are you going to do it, or are you going to say "let George do it?" Are you going to give excuses for not participating in committee work or are you going to cheerfully accept the assignments, and attack your problem with the same energy and ability which characterizes your business endeavors? Are you going to attend League meetings and by your very attendance make those meetings more interesting and attractive to the others, or are you, when Tuesday comes, going to forget all about the luncheons and go elsewhere? Are you going to see to it that those of your friends who are not members of the League apply for membership, or are you going to be indifferent to this duty? These are some of the questions the writer would like to propound to you, and which are in the minds of your officers who are working faithfully to make this year's work the best that it has ever been.

This article is not being written in a pessimistic vein. We believe that the League is coming to its own; that the inertia of civic activities caused by the war has now gone; that a new vigor, a new interest in our city's problems has seized upon all of us, and that we are looking forward to the year's work not only with a sense of profound duty, but also with the eagerness of enthusiasm for something which we know will be a genuine pleasure and inspiration. The questions remain unanswered, however! In the final analysis, Mr. League member, it is up to you.

EIMON L. WIENIR.

NO MORE LEAGUE MEETINGS IN JULY AND AUGUST

In accord with its usual custom the League meetings for the summer have been suspended. The next regular meeting will take place Tuesday September 6th.

SECRETARY'S COLUMN

Committees have been appointed by the officers and the Board of Trustees of the League for the ensuing year. Letters notifying committee men of their appointments have been mailed. It is hoped that we may be able to publish in the next issue of the News a complete roster of committee assignments. Members receiving notifications of appointments will please signify without delay, their acceptance.

* * *

The Board of Trustees at its last meeting discussed informally the jitney situation. There is no doubt but that the jitneys have served as the rapid transit agency in Seattle. Thousands of persons living in outlying districts have saved from fifteen to twenty minutes on rides to and from their homes. With the jitneys off the streets, will the street railway improve its service to such an extent that the jitneys will not be missed, or must there be some other form of rapid transit conveyance devised which will accommodate a large portion of our residents? This is the question that has been referred to the newly appointed Public Utilities Committee for study.

* * *

The League, several years ago, had a very strong County Affairs Committee who were in close touch with problems affecting the County. For the past two years the work of this committee was taken over by other committees; but at the last meeting of the Trustees, it was decided to again re-establish the County Affairs Committee, with the main object of investigating the possibility for the reduction of County expenses.

* * *

Dr. Kilbourne has pointed out the fact that during the past elec-

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Jackson Silbaugh, Main 4241
Dan Earle, Main 0078
E. C. Kilbourne, Ell. 0607
J. T. Lawler, Main 6059, Ex-Officio Trustee

Terms Expire May, 1923
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William G. Mann, Ell. 2783
James W. Reynolds, Main 0799
L. B. Schwellenbach, Main 0363
H. A. Woodcock, Main 5208

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

tions thousands of hand bills were scattered on the streets and sidewalks of the city by representatives of the various candidates, to an extent constituting a nuisance. He has been asked by the Chair to act as a special committee man for the purpose of investigating whether an ordinance exists covering the prohibition of such wholesale distribution of hand bills and cards; and if not, to prepare an ordinance to be submitted to the Council, reporting, of course, first to the League.

* * *

The proposed trip to the Skagit was postponed until some further date when more members of the League could make the trip together. Last week, the date fixed tentatively for the trip, the majority of those who signified their intention of going could, for one reason or another, not take advantage of the opportunity. Perhaps the fact that the Skagit matter had been settled by the Council had something to do with it, but more likely it was the fact that during this time of the year so many men planned their vacation periods far in advance, and hence there was a conflict of dates. It would seem a pity to let an opportunity like this go by, since from all sources comes the information that the trip is not only exceedingly instructive but very enjoyable. It is hoped that more members will signify their intention of going, and that the latter part of this month will be a con-

venient time for them.

LIBRARY'S ANNUAL REPORT

(Continued from page 1)

creased 100 per cent. Library salaries, although better here than in most libraries, are far from commensurate with the service rendered. They should be equal to those paid teachers as the requirements in education and personal qualifications are fully equal. The librarian recently served as chairman of a Special Committee on Salaries of the Pacific Northwest Library Association. This committee issued a report in 1920 that has been mentioned as the most comprehensive publication on library salaries yet published.

Perhaps the most interesting phase of the report is that concerning the Municipal Reference Division. This division, headed by Mary Kobitich, is reported upon as follows:

The outstanding feature of municipal reference work during 1920 has been the steady increase in the number of inquiries for information on civic subjects on the part of city officials, civic organizations, and the public. Particularly was this true with reference to requests for data from city officials, which numbered five in January as compared with thirteen in December.

Among Seattle city officials, the Mayor, the Corporation Counsel, and the Civil Service,

Engineering, and Public Utilities Departments, in particular, have taken advantage of the library's facilities. Among the civic organizations, both the Seattle Chamber of Commerce and Commercial Club and the Seattle Municipal League have been active in requesting data for investigations. The letters of appreciation which the various city officials and members of civic organizations have taken time to write to the librarian on different occasions, have served to indicate the value of the library's services in such instances.

The work of the Division for 1920 may be grouped as, first, investigations; second, collection of municipal data; and third, publicity of the civic resources and research work of the library.

Investigations

Investigations were made both on the initiative of the Division and by request. The reports involved work varying from several days to a month, and usually took the form of an annotated list of selected references or a chart tabulating the data. On account of the number of requests of city officials and civic organizations for information, time did not permit many investigations on the initiative of the Division. However, among these may be recognized important civic problems of Seattle during the past year, such as: Blue Sky Legislation, Building Codes, Controlling the operation of Jitneys, Daylight Saving, Location of Slaughterhouses, Methods of Garbage Collection, Methods of increasing Street Railway Revenues, Work for the Unemployed.

Reports on the following subjects were prepared in response to the direct request of either city officials or members of civic organizations: City-County consolidation, City Zoning, Classification of Municipal Positions, Cost of living in Seattle, Cost of operation of street railways, Longshoremen, Municipal Budgets, Municipal Research bureaus, Police arrests, Psychological tests for municipal employees, Rapid Transit, Street cleaning, Street Railway fares, Street Railway Franchises.

Collection of Municipal Data

Correspondence with officials of other cities and various municipal reference librarians formed a prominent feature of the

work of the Division. Much valuable information, such as data on the merger of city and county governments, the use of psychological tests in city employment, and the operation of street railway systems, was collected through this method.

After corresponding with officials of various cities in an attempt to secure a complete file of the general ordinances of the larger cities in the United States, the Division finally obtained the ordinances of the following fifteen cities, which are now on file with the city documents: Baltimore, Md., Boston, Mass., Buffalo, N. Y., Chicago, Ill., Cleveland, Ohio, Denver, Col., Indianapolis, Ind., Milwaukee, Wis., New York, N. Y., Newark, N. J., Oakland, Cal., Pittsburgh, Pa., San Francisco, Cal., Spokane, Wash., Toledo, O.

BALTIMORE PLEADS FOR JUST REPRESENTATION

Recent numbers of the Baltimore Municipal Journal, issued by the city government, contain accounts of Baltimore's efforts to secure just representation in the legislature. In May the Just Representation League was organized with what appears, from all accounts, to be much enthusiasm.

A fair plan of representation for every political unit of the State has been worked out by Mr. DeCourcy W. Thom, Chairman of the Just Representation League of Maryland. Under this plan Baltimore will be redistricted into twelve legislative districts; the counties will have increased representation as the increase in population; and Baltimore City can never have more than forty per cent of the representation in either the House or the Senate.

On the basis of the 1920 census and under this plan, Baltimore City would have fourteen Senators instead of four and thirty-seven members of the House instead of twenty-four; the Counties would have twenty-three Senators and eighty-four members in the House of Delegates.

Specific examples of the present condition of affairs is pointed out by John R. Bland in the last number of the Journal:

The counties keep on increasing their representation but

more City does not; its representation has not been increased by act of the Legislature since 1900.

The disparity in representation can be shown by a single comparison from the Eastern Shore, which has been the steady opponent of equitable representation for Baltimore City. According to the census of 1920 Wicomico County, the largest on the Eastern Shore, has a population of 28,114; and Baltimore has a population of 733,826. This population of 28,114 Wicomico will have 1 Senator and 4 Delegates in the Assembly, while Baltimore for a population of 733,826 has 4 Senators and 24 Delegates. That is, a Senator from Baltimore City represents 183,456 people, while a Senator from Wicomico County represents 28,000 and a Delegate from Baltimore City represents 30,000 while a Delegate from Wicomico County represents 7,000.

This discrepancy is still more marked if we take one of the smaller counties on the Western Shore. Calvert County has 1 Senator and 2 Delegates for a population of 9,744, as compared with Baltimore City's 1 Senator and 4 Delegates. Expressed in another way, 83,000 and 1 Delegate for the vote of a citizen of Maryland in Calvert County in the election of a state senator have about 18 times the weight of the vote of a citizen in Baltimore City. And yet the citizen in Baltimore is expected to vote in the state in civil or military duty with the same zeal and loyalty as a citizen in Calvert County and pays as much in taxes for the support of the State.

Our statutes in effect say that no many thousands of population in a county shall have a representative in the House of Delegates, the total representation in one county at no time to exceed six. Potentially, therefore, the representation of the counties in the House of Delegates can be increased from 82 to 138. But in Baltimore City there is no potential increase. Each legislative district is limited by the maximum as the counties, 1 Senator and six Delegates. The inequality could be remedied by increasing the number of legislative districts, but for the last twenty years all attempts to do this have been resisted by the counties. Notwithstanding the

great increase in the city's population there has been no increase in representation since 1900.

Baltimore City has more than one-half the population of the State of Maryland, and about sixty per cent of the taxable property of the state. If, to the amount paid in direct state taxes, there is added the amount paid by the people of Baltimore in various fees and licenses it will be found that Baltimore pays three times as much as the rest of the state; but in the face of all this Baltimore is represented in the General Assembly by less than one-fourth of the House of Delegates and by less than one-sixth of the Senate.

The attitude of those opposing the claims of Baltimore to a fair and equitable representation has been an unjust and insulting one. The counties have a voice at Annapolis out of all proportion to their population and they propose to maintain it. Will the people of Baltimore City sit supinely while this condition exists.

New York City with fifty-two per cent of the population of New York State has forty-one per cent of the representation in the State Assembly, San Francisco with seventeen per cent of the population of California has sixteen per cent of the State Legislature's quota.

NOTES AND EVENTS

From National Municipal Review
July Number

Oregon's New Budget Law

The legislature of Oregon in its 1921 session adopted a budget law which was prepared and fathered by Senator I. L. Patterson. Governor Olcott gave active support to the plan. The Oregon plan is what is known as the administrative plan.

Certain features of the law may not be all that could be desired. It might be contended that the budget commission should exercise greater control during legislative action. The amount appropriated to prosecute the work is small. The time given by experts will necessarily be limited.

On the other hand, there are

certain obvious advantages. The commission is particularly well constituted, because the board of control has immediate supervision of all charitable and penal institutions of the state. The governor and secretary of state are members of the board of regents of three state educational institutions. Their term of office is four years and together they make a continuing body, because the secretary of state is elected at one election, and the governor and treasurer at the succeeding election. Therefore this body will be in an advantageous position for securing pertinent data at all times relative to the income and expenses. Also, there is every reason to believe the joint committee on ways and means will be glad to have these authoritative and systematized data placed before it, instead of being compelled to collect the same. Much will depend on the spirit of co-operation between the legislative and the administrative offices. Judging the future by the past, it is fair to presume the departments will gladly co-operate, and that the advantages of the system will be so apparent that the later legislatures will gladly strengthen the law and see the advantage of spending more money if necessary in securing the necessary data for scientific budget making.

BUDGET COMMITTEE AT WORK

The newly appointed budget committee, consisting of J. L. Baldwin, Chairman, Prof. W. E. Cox, Samuel F. Racine, Matthew W. Hill, J. P. Robertson and Robert A. Tripple has met and organized. Mr. Baldwin has been in attendance at the council hearings last Tuesday and Wednesday. At the present the committee is to touch only the "high spots" in the budget. Reduction of salaries, the bonus, the Police and Fire departments will receive special consideration. Prof. Cox and Matthew Hill were appointed by the Chairman to report on the Police department estimates while Messrs. Racine and Tripple will act as sub-committee on the Fire department budget.

It is expected that this commit-

tee will continue its investigation throughout the course of the year so that it may be able to make an exhaustive study of costs of operation in cities of the size of Seattle. The committee also expects to go into detail concerning each department of government in Seattle.

HORSESHOE EXPERT FOUND

Throwing seven ringers in the first two tournament games he has ever played, Ralph Beckman, in the boys' horseshoe tournament at Ballard Playfield, caused fellow eyes to pop this week. Out of these ringers he scored thirty points out of a possible forty-two.

Preliminaries in the senior horseshoe tournament resulted in the following: Ray Johnson defeated R. Dahl, John Pyle defeated Elmer Seifert, Earl Latimer defeated Irving Anderson, W. Talbot defeated Keith Lee, Howard Clark defeated Wylie Kerns and John Bratset defeated Robert Clark.

Others in the tournament yet to

JOHN F. REED

Attorney

Empire Bldg.

NOTICE OF SHERIFF'S SALE OF Real Estate, Sheriff's Office.

State of Washington, County of King, ss. By Virtue of a Writ of Execution issued out of the Honorable Superior Court of King County, on the 2d day of August, 1921, by the Clerk thereof in the case of State Bank of Kent, a corp., Plaintiff, versus Julius E. Soper, and Hattie M. Soper, his wife, Philip Brown and Sarah Brown, his wife, Carl G. Benson, a bachelor, Aaron Larson, a bachelor, Joe Hendrickson and Catherine Monahan, a widow, Defendants, No. 119629, and to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered:

Notice is Hereby Given, That I will proceed to sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, within the hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's sales, to-wit: 10 o'clock A. M., on the 10th day of September, 1921, before the Court House door of King County, Jefferson Street Entrance, in the State of Washington, all of the right, title and interest of said defendants Julius E. Soper and Hattie M. Soper, his wife, and Carl G. Benson, in and to the following described property, situated in King County, State of Washington, to-wit:

Lot 7, Block 16, Mayfair Addition to City of Seattle, King County, Washington, levied on as the property of said defendants Julius E. Soper and Hattie M. Soper, his wife, and Carl G. Benson, to satisfy a judgment amounting to Six Hundred and 60-100 (\$660.00) Dollars interest, and the cost of suit, in favor of Philip Brown and Sarah Brown, his wife, Assignees.

Dated this 3d day of August, 1921.

MATT STARWICH,

Sheriff.

By A. HUTCHESON, Deputy.

First pub. Aug. 6, 1921 5t Sept. 3

H. C. FORCE

Attorney

1212 Hoge Bldg.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Robert A. Brown, Deceased. No. 29770.

Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Executrix of the last Will and Testament of Robert A. Brown, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Caroline S. Brown or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, August 6, 1921.

CAROLINE S. BROWN,

Executrix of last Will and Testament of Robert A. Brown, deceased.

H. C. FORCE,

Attorney for Executrix, 1212 Hoge Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

First pub. Aug. 6, 1921. 4t Aug. 27

"Well, Henry, in trouble again?"

"Yas, yo Honnah, 'member you was mah lawyah las' time? Ah don't need one dis time, cause Ah's goin' to tell the truth.—St. Louis Republic.

NELSON E. ANDERSON
Attorney 1723 Smith Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of John

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P. Brown, Deceased. No. 28438.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and
Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Mary
A. Brown, administratrix of the Es-
tate of John P. Brown has filed in the
office of the Clerk of said Court her
final Report and petition for distri-
bution, asking the Court to settle said
Report, distribute the property to the
persons thereto entitled and to dis-
charge said Administratrix; and that
said Report and petition will be heard
on the 10th day of Aug. 1921, at 9:30
A. M., at the Court Room of the Pro-
bate Department of said Court, and
that at said time and place the pe-
tition of Mary A. Brown for Home-
stead of East half of Tract 21 North
Side Garden Tract according to the
recorded plat thereof in the Auditor's
office, King County, Wash., will be
heard.

Dated this 1st day of July, 1921.

GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. Gordon,
Deputy.

First pub. July 2, 1921. 4t. July 23.

JACKSON SILBAUGH

Attorney Lyon Bldg
NOTICE. SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL
ESTATE. Sheriff's Office.

State of Washington, County of King, ss.
By Virtue of an Order of Sale issued
out of the Honorable Superior Court of
King County, on the 19th day of July,
A.D. 1921, by the Clerk thereof in the case
of C. E. Smith and J. W. Frey, doing
business as Smith & Frey, Plaintiffs,
versus W. J. Bell; A. W. Lambert and
Jane Doe Lambert, his wife; H. C. Pan-
chat and F. W. Baitinger doing business
as the Enumclaw Electric Co., Defend-
ants. No. 147403, and to me, as Sheriff,
directed and delivered:

Notice is Hereby Given, That I will
proceed to sell at public auction to the
highest bidder for cash, within the
hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's
sales, to-wit: at ten o'clock A. M., on
the 27th day of August, 1921, before
the Court House door of King County,
Jefferson Street Entrance, in the State
of Washington, the following described
property, situated in King County, State
of Washington, to-wit:

Lots six, seven and eight, Block two
of Cumberland Addition to the Town
of Cumberland (near Enumclaw),
King County, Washington,
levied on as the property of said de-
fendant W. J. Bell, to satisfy a judg-
ment of a foreclosure of a mortgage
amounting to Three hundred nineteen
and 25-100 (\$319.25) Dollars and in-
terest, in favor of plaintiff.

Dated this 19th day of July, 1921.

MATT STARWICH, Sheriff.
By A. HUTCHESON,
Deputy.

First pub. July 23, 1921. 5t Aug 20

FRED W. CATLETT

Attorney Hoge Bldg
NOTICE. SHERIFF'S SALE OF
REAL ESTATE.

State of Washington, County of King, ss.
Sheriff's Office.

By Virtue of an Order of Sale issued
out of the Honorable Superior Court of
King County, on the 13th day of July,
1921, by the Clerk thereof in the case
of Investors Bond & Mortgage Co., a
corp., Plaintiff, versus Rupert H. Rooke,
et al. Defendants. No. 143497, and to
me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered:

Notice is Hereby Given, That I will
proceed to sell at public auction to the
highest bidder for cash, within the
hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's
sales, to-wit: at ten o'clock A. M., on
the 20th day of August, 1921, before
the Court House door of King County,
Jefferson Street Entrance, in the State
of Washington, the following described
property, situated in King County,
State of Washington, to-wit:

The East half of Lots Forty-five
to Forty-eight, inclusive, of Block
One of Supplemental Plat to Cumber-
land Addition to the City of Seattle,
together with all and singular the
tenements, hereditaments and appur-
tenances hereunto belonging, or so
much thereof as may be necessary,
levied on as the property of said de-
fendants Rupert H. Rooke and Sven H.
Norstrom and each of them, to satisfy a
judgment of a foreclosure of a mort-
gage amounting to Six hundred one and
93-100 (\$601.93) Dollars, interest, at-
torney's fee of \$75.00, and the cost of
suit, in favor of plaintiff.

Dated this 14th day of July, 1921.

MATT STARWICH, Sheriff
By A. HUTCHESON,
Deputy.

First pub. July 16, 1921. 5t Aug 13

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. XI. NO. 33.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, AUGUST 13, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS

Seattle Should Read the Story of City-Manager Government Plan

AS PRESENTED BY THE NATIONAL MUNICIPAL LEAGUE

During the last ten years, 140 American cities and towns have changed their municipal charters and adopted the city-manager form of government.

This plan has aroused wide attention and the results are already so striking that city managers are being seriously advocated in such cities as Chicago, Cleveland and Kansas City.

The development of city managership as a new profession is well under way. Thirty-seven times, men who did well as managers of small cities have been called to large cities at increased salaries. Of these managers, several have gained promotion twice and three are now in their fourth city;—for instance, Mr. E. A. Beck started in 1914 as manager under ordinance powers in Edgeworth-Sewickely, Pa., won promotion to Goldsboro, N. C., thence to Auburn, Me., and finally to Lynchburg, Va., where he is now, each step in the ascent involving larger salary and opportunity. When a new managership is created, or an old one vacated, the successful managers of smaller cities are usually the candidates who receive first consideration. Over half of the cities have chosen their manager from out of town. The managers have had conventions for interchange of technical experience every year since 1914.

How It All Started.

In 1908 the Mayor and Council of Staunton, Va., in disgust over the inefficiency of government by councilmanic committees, hired Mr. C. E. Ashburner and passed an ordinance delegating to him all administrative detail and responsibility, giving him

the title of "general manager." He made good and became somewhat famous for his novel title. (Since then Staunton has changed over from the makeshift ordinance arrangement to the real city manager plan.)

In the fall of 1910 Lockport, N. Y., was looking for a chance to get aboard the commission government movement, which was then sweeping over the country. The Lockport Board of Trade accordingly had to prepare legislation and proceeded to improve on the regular commission plan by combining its single-elective-board feature with the Staunton idea of an appointive manager. Lockport did not succeed in getting its bill passed by the legislature, but the "Lockport plan" was talked about all over the country.

In the summer of 1912, Sumter, S. C., a city of 8,000 inhabitants, adopted a new charter embodying the Lockport idea and began operating under the new system early in the following year. This was the first city therefore to have the city-manager system. Two neighboring towns, Hickory and Morgantown, N. C., copied Sumter immediately.

Dayton, O., had been through a long siege of wasteful, inefficient administration headed by spoils politicians. When the charter commission had thoroughly investigated all the prevailing and proposed types of city government, they concluded that Sumter had the best on the market. Then came the big Dayton flood of 1913, and the incapacity of the old government was emphasized anew. When things became normal again,

the people adopted the new charter by a big majority.

Springfield, O., took similar action a few weeks later, the councils of both Springfield and Dayton taking office in January, 1914. Eleven other towns, small cities in Texas and Michigan also installed the plan that year. Since then, an increasing number of cities have adopted it every year, the 1920 list of accreditations being by far the largest. The pressure on the legislators became so widespread that twelve states—Massachusetts, New York, Virginia, Ohio, Oklahoma, Kansas, Idaho, Montana, North Dakota, North Carolina, Wisconsin and Louisiana—have passed statewide laws permitting their cities by a simple referendum procedure to adopt the city manager plan.

Some Typical Results.

The city which first made the commission-manager plan famous is Dayton, O. When the first Dayton commissioners took office in 1914 they realized that the success of the new government depended largely upon the personality and equipment of the man whom they would select to fill the City Managership. The job was offered to Colonel Goethals, the builder of the Panama Canal, at \$25,000 a year. He declined. The commission then discovered H. M. Waite, the city engineer of Cincinnati, and right hand man of young Mayor Hunt, whose brilliant reform administration there was just closing. Waite had had a long and important engineering experience. He refused an offer of \$15,000 a year from a private corporation and took the Day-

ton managership at \$12,500.

During the next seven years the new government reduced the death rate and infant mortality; inaugurated free nursing, medical services and clinics, and extended food inspection; passed pasteurization ordinance; eliminated seven thousand dry vaults; house; abolished prison contract labor; established parole system; enlarged Summer and Winter recreation program; supervised over five thousand vacant lot, home, school, and boys' and girls' gardens, furnishing free seed; increased park area from twenty to five hundred and forty-one acres; increased public charities; inaugurated free legal aid bureau handling one thousand cases a year; eliminated eleven loan shark companies; operated free employment bureau for women; reorganized police and fire departments; established training schools, and members incorporated an educational society; organized crime prevention bureau and juvenile police; employed police women; abolished segregated district; motorized all fire apparatus; passed building code and provided inspection of buildings, sanitation and smoke prevention; established eight-hour day for all city labor; constructed self-supporting garbage disposal plant; bought water supply and lands for \$67,000 as against an earlier bid four times as high and gave abundant supply for the first time; operated a municipal garage; saved several hundred thousand dollars per year to gas consumers by securing universal natural gas at 34c instead of artificial gas at 85c; contracted for better street lighting at lower rates despite modern costs; provided adequate budget procedure; central purchasing; central billing; reduced floating debt from \$125,000 to \$50,000 first year; put civil service on honest basis; provided annual audit of accounts; publicity on all city matters; appointed city plan commission and numerous other citizen advisory boards;

NO MORE LEAGUE MEETINGS IN JULY AND AUGUST

In accord with its usual custom the League meetings for the summer have been suspended. The next regular meeting will take place Tuesday September 6th.

You lawyers who desire legals to be published need only phone the Secretary, Main 0791, and someone will call for it. Help the "News" and the League by giving your legals to us.

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

Published Weekly by the

MUNICIPAL LEAGUE OF SEATTLE

1924 - 1st Ave.

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

fostered a civic music league; published 35,000 annual reports, annually distributing same to all homes.

Norfolk, Va., (pop. 115,777) had doubled its population suddenly during the war yet the new government, dating from September, 1918, reduced the inherited deficit \$2,000,000, added \$1,500,000 of public improvements, made the police and fire departments the best paid in the country, established a juvenile court, employed visiting nurses, opened free medical and dental clinics, and established a city hospital. Through co-operation between the city-planning commission and citizens, a street extension project which would ordinarily have cost the city \$250,000, was completed for \$20,000. 50-acre water frontage worth \$750,000 was acquired for \$250,000. Fourteen new playgrounds were opened and recreation developed for adults, a municipal tennis tournament, for instance. Infant mortality was radically reduced.

Wheeling, W. V., (pop. 54,322) adopted the plan in 1917 and when the first manager died in 1919, this was what they said of his regime, Raised all wages of all city employees. Saved \$12,000 by combining jobs. Motorized the fire department. Wiped out the red light district and gambling. Gave city a new electric light system without extra cost. Negotiated new contracts that saved the city \$9,500 on gas and \$20,000 on electricity per year. Made the traction company pay half the cost of two new bridges. Settled garbage problem. Discovered old government signed away city's rights in a telephone merger, started suit and recovered cash and privileges worth \$110,000. Sold old city gas plant to good advantage. Defeated street railroad fare increase by proving over-valuation.

Kalamazoo, Mich., (pop. 48,487). The new government found \$2,000,000 more real estate values by equalization and \$82,500 of property that

had escaped taxation. Established a budget and lived within it. Cleared off inherited deficit of \$82,000. Centralized purchasing. Saved the people \$100,000 annually by earning better fire insurance rate. Established venereal disease clinics. Sold coal from city yard at cost. United private and city nursing under full-time city physician. Enlarged the parks 30 acres. Made the government more understandable by a municipal exhibit by a bulletin periodically distributed to every home and by a readable annual report.

Alameda, Cal., (pop. 28,806). Adopted modern zoning ordinance excluding business from residential areas. Enlarged parks. Cleared streets by direct labor at one-third of the old contract price. Now cleans principal streets twice a day instead of three times a week. Makes a profit on garbage. In 1919 carried through street construction at 10 per cent less per mile than the old government did at pre-war prices.

Waltham, Mass., (pop. 30,897). Although labor went up 54% and materials 82%, the tax rate went up only 8% in the years from 1917 to 1919. Combined service of water and engineering department, saving salaries and increasing efficiency. Avoided \$300,000 expenditure for new water supply by stopping leaks and waste of 33%. Central purchase and cash discounts. Community street dances and free movies.

St. Augustine, Fla., (pop. 6,192). Paid off inherited floating debt of \$37,000, and put \$16,000 into a sinking fund on water bonds. Adopted full instead of quarter valuation. Modernized the accounting system which has since been widely copied. Crime practically eliminated. Weekly street dances. Concerts, bowling greens, quoit pitching and other recreations established.

Cartersville, Ga., (pop. 5,810). Council under this plan has now twice been re-elected without con-

test or a single dissenting vote%

Griffin, Ga., (pop. 8,240). Saved \$43,000 the first year while improving every department. Did more street work in one year than in any previous five years.

Sandusky, O., (pop. 22,897). Since this plan took effect reduced bonded debt \$230,000 and paid off \$25,000 of floating debt. The 1919 operating expenses, despite ascending wages and materials, were less than under old plan in 1914 and 1915. Saved 180,000,000 gallons of water leakage.

Ashtabula, O., (pop. 22,082). In the recent period when costs increased 50%, lived within its income from the old tax rate. Municipal ownership of street car line voted.

Grand Rapids, Mich., (pop. 1337,634) All sidewalks in city brought up to standard. Sewage problem solved. The city has assumed care of all destitute families. School dentist and medical inspector work extended. Large public works carried through effectively.

Jackson, Mich., (pop. 48,374). All public works planned for fifty years of growth on basis of complete topographical survey. Public health nurses visit every new baby, rich or poor. Seven clinics. Pre-natal clinic has reduced infant mortality. Restaurants rated for cleanliness. In coal shortage, city bought abandoned coal mine in neighborhood, pumped it out, operated it successfully and profitably till shortage was relieved, then leased the mine at a profit.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., (pop. 12,096) saved \$67,000 in two years. Conducts municipal entertainments, concerts and lectures.

Manistee, Mich., (pop. 9,690). New government found \$80,000 authorized for new trunk sewer, but spent \$1200 cleaning tons of debris from old sewer which was then found adequate.

Tyler, Texas, (pop. 12,085). For the first time in many years operated without a deficit.

Coalgate, Okla., (pop. 4,000). Found departments badly run down, water supply so meagre that it was only available for household use six hours a day. Street lights "refused to burn without constant coaxing, sewer system was stopped up in several places and disposal plant was out of business."—All of which was speedily corrected.

San Jose, Cal., (pop. 39,604) ran in 1919 with less expenditures than 1916 despite doubled costs. Fire loss only 50c per capita. Finances in order. Surplus in the city treasury.

Alhambra, Cal., (pop. 10,000). Purchased the water system and ran it for \$14,000 a year less than the private company did.

Auburn, Me., (pop. 16,985). First year in over twenty years which closed without a deficit or a floating debt.

Watertown, N. Y., (pop. 31,263). New government January, 1920, found \$75,000 of unpaid accounts, some of them five years old; 3,000,000 gallons of water, enough to supply the city,

wasted daily; decentralized and questionable purchasing and bookkeeping; ridiculous red tape; police department 50% undermanned; fire department unduly costly;—all of which problems are being vigorously and effectively corrected by the experienced manager, Mr. Bingham, formerly manager of Waltham and Norwood, Mass.

Wichita, Kans., (pop. 72,128). New government reelected after two years with slight contest; first time any administration had unanimous press support. Built sewer with direct labor for \$214,000, when lowest contractors' bid was \$316,000. Began long-needed flood prevention work. Municipal entertainments, admission 10 to 50c, with grand opera singers, etc. Venereal disease clinic started. Tax levy not increased despite modern costs.

Hays, Kans., (pop. 2,339). Old government had never lived within its income. New government increased revenue of electric plant 134% while decreasing cost of operation 11%. Increased water receipts 116% while cost decreased 71%. Overcame deficit of \$22,000. Modern budget and no deficits.

Webster City, Iowa, (pop. 6,000) saved \$36,000 a year since adoption of the manager plan.

Phoenix, Ariz., (pop. 29,053) despite rapid increase in costs, the valuation and tax levy were not increased in 1919.

These are instances. So many such accounts are in evidence that the cumulative mass of them is overwhelming. That does not mean that there are no exceptions. There are and always will be. In a few of the towns the change in the form of government has not altered the prevailing complacent stagnation and the improvement has been slight. There have been a few odd cases where the people have elected the old political crowd to the Council and the Council has either chosen a local chronic job-holder as manager or has made miserable the life of an imported experienced man by petty nagging and cheap politics, but even in these cases there has been a cold air that blew with the Council's clear-cut responsibility for all results and there has been an unexpected amount of progress. In some towns the business crowd has dominated the new government, in others it has been labor.

The city managers are not miraculous experts; the great majority of them are hard-working full-time and then some practical men with alluring chances of promotion ahead of them if they make good and a rather unusual opportunity to do it. Many a mayor has wished he had their freedom from red tape, and at the annual conventions of the City Managers' Association when anecdotes are told of the ineptitudes and follies of the older regimes, it is often observed and freely admitted that the officers of the old-style tanglefoot governments never had the manager's chances to give good administration.

Labor and Civil Service.

One of the favorite political maneuvers to defeat city manager charters is to stir up the municipal employees by the assertion that they will lose their civil service protection and become subject to the whim of a new manager who will discharge them all including the uniformed fire and police forces. In no manager-city has any thing of this sort ever inspired. On the contrary it happens that the record of the manager cities in dealing with labor and the civil service is particularly good. They have been quick to adopt the eight-hour day and to advance the rates of pay. Promotions have been by merit and as to most of the cities it is fair to claim that politics has disappeared from the administrative personnel. These results are natural enough in a government freed from red tape and headed by an executive who can work almost as freely as a private business executive. Just as it is the lightened progressive business house which treats its employees generously and gets, in return, high-grade service and low labor turnover, the manager-cities are the ones which have contrived to adjust their budgets most promptly in order to eat their workers right.

The Underlying Principle.

The reason why the manager plan averages so markedly higher in quality of government is because it is more democratic; i. e., more sensitive and obedient to public opinion. Ten unusual basic features explain its superiority in true democracy, namely:

1. The "Short Ballot" principle.
2. Unification of powers.
- (1) The "Short Ballot" principle is the doctrine that only a few offices could ever be scheduled to be filled by election at any one time so as to permit adequate and unconfused popular examination of the candidates. In other democratic countries the plan of government usually calls on the people to fill just one single office in a given day, e. g., member of Parliament or member of a city council from a ward. We really hold not an election but ten, twenty, even fifty, elections in a single day! Our complex American ballots frequently deserve to be labelled: "For politicians only, not for the people." The slogan of the Short Ballot movement runs "The long ballot is the politicians' ballot; the short ballot is the people's ballot."

The commission manager charters respect this Short Ballot principle. It would be a violation of principle if the council were made so large that the typical voter was called upon to vote for more than five officers simultaneously. When the duty of making more than five selections at any one time is thrust upon the voter, the voter ceases to make an individual choice for every office and begins to fall back upon ready-made tickets prepared for him—by corruptible cliques or machines. Obviously, when the ballot thus requires more choices than his majesty, the

voter, cares to remember, power gravitates away from the voters into the hands of the ticket-makers (politicians) who thus acquire opportunities which are open to great abuse. But when politics is made clear, simple and understandable by a very short ballot, the voter can protect himself—and usually he will.

In most of the cities which have thus far adopted the plan, the number of councilmen is five. In the larger cities the number can well be more than five, providing, however, that terms expire in rotation so that not too many would be chosen at any one election, or provided that the ballot, as the voter sees it, is shortened in some other way, as by dividing the city into wards, each of them electing a portion of the council.

(2) "Unification of powers" (the other basic merit of the manager plan) means the reposing of all power in a single place—the council. This gives to the whole mechanism the single controlling composite mind which is essential to the success of any organism. (The mayor-and-council plan, for example, lacks unification of powers and permits dead-locks and "passing the buck," since the mayor and the council are prevented by the charter from getting together and composing their differences by so simple an expedient as the taking of a joint vote.) It would be a violation of the principles of the city-manager plan, for instance, to give to a separate mayor the power to veto the acts of the council. It would then be a two-headed city instead of a one-headed city.

It is easier for the people to control a unified government than a ramshackle one. For example, the council in the manager plan has power to raise the taxes and hence has power to yield to a public demand for better service; but at the same time, it has power to reduce service and yield to a public demand for low taxes. It cannot say in the first case—"we haven't the money" nor in the second case—"We can't make the administration economical." It must always accept the complete responsibility, as there is no one else on whom blame can be thrust.

Advantages of a City Manager

The advantages of having a city manager are obvious to any business man. For counsel, many minds are needed; for execution, a single directing head is required. Universal business practice demonstrates this as does also the superior success which we have had with our typical public school systems where a school board does all its work through a hired superintendent.

It is essential to the plan that the city manager shall be appointive. Even the freak feature of one city-manager charter, which subjects the manager to direct recall by the people is damaging to the principle involved, since it diverts responsibility from the council. He must be completely the servant of the council, else it is

cannot fairly be forced to take responsibility for his acts. He must in no way be independent of it.

Making it possible to hire the city manager from out of town not only has been helpful in getting trained service, but is highly important to the growing profession of city management. If a city manager could not look forward to similar positions elsewhere in case he is displaced or outgrows his town, a powerful incentive toward the development of personal efficiency would be lost. The fact that the city manager is not necessarily involved in local politics, or in disputes on matters of general policy, permits comparative permanence in the office of the chief administrator of the city, a most important thing to the development of a smoothly running mechanism. In all plans involving elective executives long tenures are rare. To rid us of the amateur and transient executives which our present mayors are, and to facilitate the substitution of experienced executives in municipal administration, is enough in itself to justify the coming of the city-manager plan.

For the first time the people have gotten their own corporation into such shape that it can hold it own with private corporations in competition for competent executive talent, providing these attractive conditions: tenure for as long as the man "makes good," chance for advancement and professional reputation and a chance to achieve things by familiar straightforward unincumbered business methods.

Democracy of the Plan

A generation ago reformers exercised their wits to devise complications of governmental machinery in a vain endeavor to prevent bad government. Thereby they made government so complex and roundabout that no one but professional politicians could operate it and the rank and file of the citizenship were left almost helpless spectators. Government by a compact ruling class variously called "the politicians," "the ring," "the machine," etc., was the result. But such government by politicians is not democracy; it is oligarchy. The old idea was intended to be democratic but it didn't "democ!"

Today the winning principle is to simplify and clarify the processes of government so that everybody can and will understand and take part effectively without special attention or effort. Politics under the manager plan becomes so primitively bare and simple that there is nothing for a politician to be a specialist in. Every citizen can and does pick out his own favorite five candidates without the aid of a party label or ticket and without letting interested persons guide his pencil for him. There is no one for the candidate to appeal

to but the voters; the old intermediary "machine" with its ready-made ticket has no function. The busy ordinary non-political citizen who counts for so little in the old politics, finds himself exercising his full share of control in the new plan.

That is democracy and it explains why the plan works better. For the old government obeyed a party machine which was wide open to the intrusion of new members whose motives might be corrupt whereas the new government connects direct with the masses who are usually ready to applaud and reward those who serve them well, and, who at any rate are the best base to build upon.

Manager charters are usually primitively simple and short. They safely extend municipal powers in the most free-handed way. More things are done by flexible administrative rulings, and less and less by wordy, inelastic ordinances. The corporation counsels have little to do in digging up ancient ordinances or in interpreting or stretching the charter. Red tape simply disappears, and actions that once took weeks are attended to in a few minutes.

(Continued next issue)

Attorney JOHN F. REED
Empire Bldg.
NOTICE OF SHERIFF'S SALE OF
 Real Estate, Sheriff's Office.
 State of Washington, County of King, ss.
 By Virtue of a Writ of Execution issued out of the Honorable Superior Court of King County, on the 2d day of August, 1921, by the Clerk thereof in the case of State Bank of Kent, a corp., Plaintiff, versus Julius E. Soper, and Hattie M. Soper, his wife, Philip Brown and Sarah Brown, his wife, Carl G. Benson, a bachelor, Aaron Larson, a bachelor, Joe Hendrickson and Catherine Monohan, a widow, Defendants, No. 119629, and to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered:
 Notice is Hereby Given, That I will proceed to sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, within the hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's sales, to-wit: 10 o'clock A. M., on the 10th day of September, 1921, before the Court House door of King County, Jefferson Street Entrance, in the State of Washington, all of the right, title and interest of said defendants Julius E. Soper and Hattie M. Soper, his wife, and Carl G. Benson, in and to the following described property, situated in King County, State of Washington, to-wit:
 Lot 7, Block 16, Mayfair Addition to City of Seattle, King County, Washington,
 levied on as the property of said defendants Julius E. Soper and Hattie M. Soper, his wife, and Carl G. Benson, to satisfy a judgment amounting to Six Hundred and 60-100 (\$600.00) Dollars interest, and the cost of suit, in favor of Philip Brown and Sarah Brown, his wife, Assignees.
 Dated this 3d day of August, 1921.
MATT STARWICK,
 Sheriff.
 By A. HETTERSON, Deputy.
 First pub. Aug. 6, 1921 5t Sept. 3

Attorney H. C. FORCE
1212 Hoge Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for King County
 In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Robert A. Brown, Deceased. No. 29770.
 Notice to Creditors.
 Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Executrix of the last Will and Testament of Robert A. Brown, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Caroline S. Brown or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
 Date of first publication, August 6, 1921.
CAROLINE S. BROWN,
 Executrix of last Will and Testament of Robert A. Brown, deceased.
H. C. FORCE,
 Attorney for Executrix, 1212 Hoge Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
 First pub. Aug. 6, 1921. 4t Aug. 27

"Well, Henry, in trouble again?"

"Yas, yo Honnah, 'member you was mah lawyah las' time? Ah don't need one dis time, cause Ah's goin' to tell the truth.—St. Louis Republic.

NELSON E. ANDERSON
Attorney 1723 Smith Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of John

The Roslyn Fuel Co.

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P. Brown, Deceased. No. 28438.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and
Petition for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Mary
A. Brown, administratrix of the Es-
tate of John P. Brown has filed in the
office of the Clerk of said Court her
final Report and petition for distri-
bution, asking the Court to settle said
Report, distribute the property to the
persons thereto entitled and to dis-
charge said Administratrix; and that
said Report and petition will be heard
on the 10th day of Aug. 1921, at 9:30
A. M., at the Court Room of the Pro-
bate Department of said Court, and
that at said time and place the pe-
tition of Mary A. Brown for Home-
stead of East half of Tract 21 North
Side Garden Tract according to the
recorded plat thereof in the Auditor's
office, King County, Wash., will be
heard.

Dated this 1st day of July, 1921.
GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. Gordon,
Deputy.
First pub. July 2, 1921. 4t. July 23.

JACKSON SILBAUGH
Attorney Lyon Bldg
NOTICE. SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL
ESTATE. Sheriff's Office.
State of Washington, County of King, ss.
By Virtue of an Order of Sale issued
out of the Honorable Superior Court of
King County, on the 19th day of July,
A.D. 1921, by the Clerk thereof in the case
of C. E. Smith and J. W. Frey, doing
business as Smith & Frey, Plaintiffs,
versus W. J. Bell; A. W. Lambert and
Jane Doe Lambert, his wife; H. C. Pan-
chat and F. W. Baitinger doing business
as the Enumclaw Electric Co., Defend-
ants. No. 147403, and to me, as Sheriff,
directed and delivered:

Notice is Hereby Given, That I will
proceed to sell at public auction to the
highest bidder for cash, within the
hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's
sales, to-wit: at ten o'clock A. M., on
the 27th day of August, 1921, before
the Court House door of King County,
Jefferson Street Entrance, in the State
of Washington, the following described
property, situated in King County, State
of Washington, to-wit:
Lots six, seven and eight, Block two
of Cumberland Addition to the Town
of Cumberland (near Enumclaw),
King County, Washington,
levied on as the property of said de-
fendant W. J. Bell, to satisfy a judg-
ment of a foreclosure of a mortgage
amounting to Three hundred nineteen
and 25-100 (\$319.25) Dollars and in-
terest, in favor of plaintiff.

Dated this 19th day of July, 1921.
MATT STARWICH, Sheriff.
By A. HUTCHESON,
Deputy.
First pub. July 23, 1921. 5t Aug 20

FRED W. CATLETT
Attorney Hoge Bldg
NOTICE. SHERIFF'S SALE OF
REAL ESTATE.
State of Washington, County of King, ss.
Sheriff's Office.
By Virtue of an Order of Sale issued
out of the Honorable Superior Court of
King County, on the 13th day of July,
1921, by the Clerk thereof in the case
of Investors Bond & Mortgage Co., a
corp., Plaintiff, versus Rupert H. Rooke,
et al, Defendants. No. 143497, and to me,
as Sheriff, directed and delivered:
Notice is Hereby Given, That I will
proceed to sell at public auction to the
highest bidder for cash, within the
hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's
sales, to-wit: at ten o'clock A. M., on
the 20th day of August, 1921, before
the Court House door of King County,
Jefferson Street Entrance, in the State
of Washington, the following described
property, situated in King County,
State of Washington, to-wit:

The East half of Lots Forty-five
to Forty-eight, inclusive, of Block
One of Supplemental Plat to Cumber-
land Addition to the City of Seattle,
together with all and singular the
tenements, hereditaments and appur-
tenances hereunto belonging, or so
much thereof as may be necessary,
levied on as the property of said de-
fendants Rupert H. Rooke and Sven H.
Nord and each of them, to satisfy a
judgment of a foreclosure of a mort-
gage amounting to Six hundred one and
93-100 (\$601.93) Dollars, interest, at-
torney's fee of \$75.00, and the cost of
suit, in favor of plaintiff.

Dated this 14th day of July, 1921.
MATT STARWICH, Sheriff
By A. HUTCHESON,
Deputy.
First pub. July 16, 1921. 5t Aug 13

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AUG 30 1921

Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

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SEATTLE, SATURDAY, AUGUST 20, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS

REPORTS ON COUNTY FERRY LEASE

When the residents of the various communities living across Lake Washington, appealed to the Municipal League to hear its arguments against the County Commissioners leasing the ferries to private concerns, President Claude H. Anderson appointed a special committee consisting of Robert Howes, chairman; Joseph Jacobs, W. C. Morse, William G. Mann, with Eimon L. Wienir as secretary to the committee, to investigate and report the matter at once, so as to be in time to present the committee's report to the County Commissioners on the morning of August 22. The committee favored:

1. That the ferries be leased by the county to private interests;
2. That the time for receiving of the bids be extended for a period of sixty days, and that the matter be broadly advertised in newspapers along the coast, as well as in marine journals; and
3. That the County Commissioners give serious consideration to allowing of bids for the operation of the ferry system in units as well as of the whole.

The following is the protest received from the delegation representing the East Shore Communities. The communication was presented by A. B. Newell, Mayor of Kirkland; F. J. Ogden, of Mercer Island; M. A. Reese, of Bellevue; and W. E. Chambers

of Kirkland.

Many of you gentlemen have heard the cry, "A thousand dollars per day lost by the ferries," and have possibly been influenced thereby into taking a stand antagonistic to the continuance of their control by the county. Many have not taken the time and trouble to investigate the cause of this great loss in the face of the fact that the receipts of the system are today the largest in their history. They have condemned our ferry system and demanded that the county get from under.

They have assumed an attitude which upon its face would be ridiculous if applied by one of our big local merchants to a department showing a deficit in his store. This merchant would first seek channels of waste and look for methods of more economical management in order to put the department on its feet before quickly abolishing it.

This is exactly what should have been done with our ferry system, but was not done.

Twice have the transportation rates been increased in a wild effort to cut down this deficit but for every additional dollar income received, new channels of expenditure were opened, consuming this dollar and many more.

Briefly permit us to call your attention to the fact that on the Ferry Lincoln, with which I am personally more familiar, wages are now 109 per cent greater than before the war. This same boat is comparatively new, less than

five years old, yet over 50 per cent of its original cost has been expended in repairs, under circumstances that in some circles are looked upon with suspicion.

The overhead and management expense of the ferries has increased from nothing to the present rate of \$27,000 per year within the past three years. Larger crews are employed than ever before and in many cases employees sit idly smoking and entertaining friends while extra hands do the work they formerly did.

Along with the 109 per cent increase in wages comes special lay-offs and vacations until now our deck crews and captains are paid for nearly two months' work never performed.

Political favoritism has had its influence. For example an engineer on one of the largest ferries was discharged for incompetency, but such political pressure was brought to bear upon the Commissioners that he was reinstated and regardless of competency is now holding one of the most important positions in the system.

A large and commodious waiting room was built at the Leschi Park Terminal providing space for a confectionery store and cold drink business, the rental of which appears nowhere in the receipt columns of the system. We are reliably informed that it has been leased to one of the superintendent's relatives, who sweeps the portion devoted to a waiting room in return for his rent. This same work is done by the crews of other vessels without expense

(Continued On Page 2)

RAPID TRANSIT SYSTEM FOR SEATTLE

Commented on by Fox in the National Municipal Review for August.

Report on Proposed Rapid Transit System for the City of Seattle. By A. H. Dimock, City Engineer, Carl H. Reeves, Superintendent of Public Utilities, and D. W. Henderson, General Superintendent of Railways.

While there is urgent need today in American cities to have local transportation revised and future lines provided in accordance with the broadest principles of city planning, at the same time there are certain principles of transportation which should not be ignored, and especially the experience of cities which have rapid transit systems in operation. Interesting as is the St. Louis report in some ways, it is very disappointing in its recommendation of subways for surface cars, especially in view of the drawbacks of such subways in Boston, after a trial of twenty-three years, as both extravagant and unsatisfactory in cost and operation, merely transferring many of the street car troubles underground. In the light of John A. Beeler's conclusive report of 1917 on the Boston situation, it is difficult to understand why subways for surface cars have been so persistently recommended for Chicago, Cleveland, Pittsburgh, and now St. Louis.

A marked contrast to the action of these cities is found in the rapid transit report of the city of Seattle, which is unique in many ways for the breadth of the principles adopted and the avoidance of the mistakes of other cities. Train operation alone is provided for on the proposed rapid transit lines, and such co-ordination with the latter

(Continued on page 3)

NO MORE LEAGUE MEETINGS IN JULY AND AUGUST

In accord with its usual custom the League meetings for the summer have been suspended. The next regular meeting will take place Tuesday September 6th.

You lawyers who desire legals to be published need only phone the Secretary, Main 0791, and someone will call for it. Help the "News" and the League by giving your legals to us.

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

BALDWIN REPORTS ON BUDGET HEARINGS

To Mr. Claude H. Anderson,
President of the Municipal
League:

Dear Sir:

As chairman of your Budget Committee recently appointed, I attended some of the sessions of the Finance Committee of the City Council, engaged in budget making.

I believe some of the council are sincerely anxious to reduce the allowances for next year, and thus to relieve the burden of taxation. Particularly courageous and helpful towards this end have been the suggestions of Councilman Drake.

As illustrative of the human frailty by which the City is governed, however, there was an incident occurring at the hearing on the Fire Department budget. Mr. Drake called attention to the fact that the firemen had been given free rides on the street cars under the franchise of the Electric Company, which was quite proper when they were on duty twenty-four hours a day; but after they had been given a two-platoon system, he saw no more reason for this privilege to the firemen when not on duty, than to the street department employees or any others, and moved that the allowance of \$20,000 for this purpose be stricken from the proposed budget--thus requiring firemen to pay their

own car fare to and from work and on private business; but allowing their fare when on the reasonable and about to be passed, when Mr. Erickson, who was sitting with the Committee, interposed, and called on Chief Mantor of the Department to speak for the men. The Chief, who had made no protest theretofore, then, of course, said that he thought the practice should not be discontinued; and some of his men who were present became very emphatic that the six hundred forty members of the Department would resent being deprived of this accustomed gratuity. Thereupon Mr. Fitzgerald, the chairman, said he would vote to allow it, and put the question -- resulting as follows: City's business, the same as other employees. This seemed Those voting to cut out the free rides were Drake, Tindall and Carroll; those in favor of the \$20,000 appropriation for free rides were Fitzgerald, Erickson, Moore, and Cohen.

So, notwithstanding the professions of the Council that they were going to undertake to reduce the taxes wherever possible, in the case where six hundred forty organized Civil Service employees demand a free pass, the majority vote to obey the six hundred forty rather than to favor the tax-payers and adopt just business principals to City affairs.

Respectfully,
J. L. BALDWIN.

SECRETARY'S COLUMN

Howard A. Adams, chairman of the program committee, called the first meeting of the committee at the Elks' Club Thursday noon. Several suggestions were made by the various members of the committee and by Mr. James W. Reynolds, who though not a member was invited because of his experience as chairman of the program committee under Arthur H. Hutchinson's administration. The plan which was tentatively adopted Thursday calls for each League standing committee to prepare one program during the year and be entirely responsible for its presentation. A meeting of all committee chairmen will be called for Monday to confer with the trustees as to the working out of this plan. Largely responsible for this idea is President Claude H. Anderson who earlier in the summer told the writer of this and similar ideas

REPORTS ON COUNTY FERRY LEASE

(Continued from page one)

The rental value of this property is conservatively placed at \$75.00 per month.

The county has a few signs for ferry schedules. It cost \$590.00 to make a slight change of schedule on these signs this spring.

The office of Superintendent of Transportation has had \$993.96 auto upkeep expense within the past six months and the autos are new.

The large docks are now being constructed to take the place of others in prime condition. It has been reported that the cost of repairs on the Leschi this year exceed the original cost of the boat.

Extravagance in purchasing, wastage of supplies, too many employes, excessive overhead, needless expenditures and the operation of boats that never have and never will justify this maintenance by the system have brought it to a point where the ferry problem has become a serious one.

We concede that there has been a collapse, not of the system but of the management, and we now have the spectacle of men selected to handle these affairs of the

county throwing up their hands and confessing their inefficiency.

But the people of the county can only see the deficit and instead of demanding a new and better management they cry, "Away with the ferries," and we would not gain-say them.

But the ferry system was established for the benefit of King County, to bring in proximity of Seattle the large trading area across the water, to bring business to Seattle business concerns and to open up a suburban residential section for this great and growing city.

What has been the result?

A careful listing of freight over a given period which was at the time when we felt our recent financial depression the worst gives us these figures upon a yearly basis on one ferry only: Freight to Seattle, 10,800 tons. From Seattle, 17,232 tons, not including retail business.

A trading population now peoples the Eastern shore of Lake Washington greater than the City of Everett.

The tax valuation of property in the twenty-two school districts affected by ferry transportation has increased 80% while the remaining 94 county districts show 18% increase and the entire county an average of 30% increase, all within seven years.

Last year this territory paid \$109,524 more than seven years ago.

The 1921 estimated deficit of the four ferry routes required by this resolution made by a committee composed of L. J. Coleman, C. J. Smith, C. E. Horton and R. H. Thomson, is \$17,260. The remaining deficit to be charged to mosquito fleet and excessive overhead.

The people of the east side are confident that under proper management this system can be handled to much better advantage.

We do not wish to see it pass into the hands of private individuals contracted to maintain the present high rates even after conditions no longer justify them.

The taxpayers of the County have spent over a million dollars developing the ferry system and it is a miscarriage of justice to turn it over to private individuals to commercialize because

present commissioners are competent to manage it.

We on the East Side would be glad to take up the work. We will organize community corporations and take over our ferries. We would do this on a non-profit-making basis. All profits would be turned back to the community or else devoted to giving the people better service and lower rates.

We would conduct the ferries for the benefit of the taxpayers and not to provide positions for political hangers-on.

We would be willing to go down into our own pockets and meet any deficit existing under the present call for bids we cannot do so. It is claimed by some that the conditions of the present call were deliberately made to prevent such action.

We today appear as representatives of Eastern King County requesting that you cooperate with us in a request that the commissioners throw out the present bids and issue a new call under the same conditions but so worded that the respective communities can bid on their own terms.

RAPID TRANSIT SYSTEM FOR SEATTLE

(Continued from page 1)

to permit the largest possible mileage of surface tracks to be moved from the streets, and so to get such real economy of operation as would make the rapid transit lines pay. Seattle also profiting by the experience of other cities in planning to have all elevated structures balanced, following Philadelphia in this respect, and avoiding the obsolete and noisy construction found in New York, Chicago and Boston.

Even the Seattle plans, and still more those proposed for St. Louis, appear open to the suggestion, based on the experience of New York, that every large city should be provided at an early date with real rapid transit service, by means of express trains, operating out from the existing business center along one axis chosen as the best for spreading out the business dis-

trict, with local service to be furnished, either by surface cars, as along the route of the Cambridge-Dorchester subway in Boston, or else by local trains in a four-track subway, as in New York. It is curious that the advantages of spreading out business along the four-track subway routes in New York has been so little recognized, and especially the growing opportunity for walking to work afforded to all classes, living along the length of Manhattan Island.

It appears very difficult for either the city planner or the transportation engineer to get away from the idea that all cities should be round, and that all transit lines should radiate from a business center. But the more one studies the effects of rapid transit on the growth of New York, the more one is convinced that the real aim of rapid transit should be to spread business and industry out so that more and more people can live in outlying sections and walk to their work, rather than that transit lines should be laid out so as to try to force all workers to ride farther and farther between their homes and a congested central district.

JOHN P. FOX.

SEATTLE SHOULD READ THE STORY OF THE CITY-MANAGER PLAN

As Presented By The National Municipal League

(Continued from last issue)
The Most Democratic Plan

The first-thought objection to the commission-manager plan is that it is undemocratic to make its most important single official appointive instead of "directly responsible to the people by election." Democracy, however, consists in controlling public officers, not necessarily in electing them, and that way is most democratic which gives the people the surest control. The most effective way for the people to get a firm grip on the neck of the governmental organization is by sending a representative group of citizens down to city hall to see what the executive is doing, with power to fire him and get another any day of the week if he is unsatisfactory or insubordinate. Compared with that method, direct election and recall are crude, clumsy, insufficient and relatively undemocratic.

Furthermore, a capacity in government for vigorous effective execution of policies is essential to true democracy. A policy desired by the people and obediently voted for by their representatives may yet be defeated by jelly-fish inefficiency in

execution. Administration by a trained manager is therefore more democratic, (i. e., obedient) than by Tom, Dick or Harry.

This new government is not a cure-all. It is capable of going in the wrong direction like any other human organization. A city charter is like an automobile—nothing mechanical can be devised that will keep the owner from driving it up the wrong fork of the road. The makers must strive to make the car infallibly obedient to the steering-wheel and completely under the driver's control. The city-manager automobile is of all kinds the one that is least able to defy public sentiment or escape popular control. It is the best make and the easiest for the general public to drive without the help of politician chauffeurs.

STANDARD CHARTER DETAILS

The city-manager plan, (or council-manager, or commission-manager plan,) provides for a single elective governing board of popular representatives usually called a "council." No other elective officers. The title of Mayor is often given to the chairman of the council, but he has no veto or separate administrative powers. The council receives nominal salaries, or none, and the members give only their spare time to municipal work, and thus are left free to continue their private careers without interruption.

Their functions are to hire and supervise an appointive chief administrator, the city manager, who holds office at their pleasure; also to pass ordinances and to contribute to the city government the amateur and representative element.

The city manager, as chief executive, appoints, directs and can remove the rest of the administrative staff, subject to the usual civil service restrictions. He is not necessarily or usually a local resident. Supposedly he is an expert in matters of municipal administration. In small cities he is frequently a practical civil engineer, thereby making a separate city engineer unnecessary. In large cities broad executive experience is, of course a major requirement. The city manager's salary is the largest in the city's service.

A logical exception to the appointive power of the city manager is a civil service commission appointive directly by the council.

Non-partisan ballot. All nominations are made by petition and appear on the ballot at the primary election in alphabetical order or in an order determined by lot or by rotation, without party labels. The highest names in the primary election go on the ballot at a final election two or three weeks later. If a political party endorses a candidate, the action is apt to be denounced as contrary to the spirit and intent of the charter as adopted by the people and the partisan endorsement becomes an unwelcome handicap to the candidate. Under both the old commission plan and the manager plan, the non-parti-

san election feature works exceedingly well.

Several cities combine the two elections into one by various methods of which the Hare plan of proportional representation used in Ashtabula, O., and Sacramento, Cal., is considered the most promising.

Initiative, Referendum and Recall. Nearly all the city-manager charters include these much-discussed features, but as yet they have been little used in any of these cities. In cities, at least, these devices do not seem to have proved to be as important as their supporters assert nor so dangerous as their opponents fear. The city-manager government is so promptly responsive to public opinion that "the gun behind the door" stays there.

NELSON B. ANDERSON
Attorney 1723 Smith Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of John P. Brown, Deceased. No. 28438.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Mary A. Brown, administratrix of the Estate of John P. Brown has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said Administratrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 10th day of Aug. 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court, and that at said time and place the petition of Mary A. Brown for Homestead of East half of Tract 21 North Side Garden Tract according to the recorded plat thereof in the Auditor's office, King County, Wash., will be heard.
Dated this 1st day of July, 1921.
GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. Gordon,
Deputy.
First pub. July 2, 1921. 4t. July 23.

CARKEEK, McDONALD, HARRIS & CORYELL
Attorneys 1164 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Charles Skone, Deceased. No. 26786. Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as administrator of the estate of Charles Skone, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Robert C. Skone, or his attorneys of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication, August 20, 1921.
ROBERT C. SKONE,
Administrator of said Estate.
Address, Seattle, Washington.
CARKEEK, McDONALD, HARRIS & CORYELL, Attorneys for Estate,
1164 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
4t Sept. 10

H. C. FORCE
Attorney 1212 Hoge Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Robert A. Brown, Deceased. No. 29770.
Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Executrix of the last Will and Testament of Robert A. Brown, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Caroline S. Brown or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication, August 6, 1921.
CAROLINE S. BROWN,
Executrix of last Will and Testament of Robert A. Brown, deceased.
H. C. FORCE,
Attorney for Executrix, 1212 Hoge Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Aug. 6, 1921. 4t Aug. 27

JOHN F. REED
 Attorney Empire Bldg.
NOTICE OF SHERIFF'S SALE OF
 Real Estate. Sheriff's Office.
 State of Washington, County of King, ss.
 By Virtue of a Writ of Execution issued out of the Honorable Superior Court of King County, on the 2d day of August, 1921, by the Clerk thereof in the case of State Bank of Kent, a corp., Plaintiff, versus Julius E. Soper, and Hattie M. Soper, his wife, Philip Brown and Sarah Brown, his wife, Carl G. Benson, a bachelor, Aaron Larson, a bachelor, Joe Hendrickson and Catherine Monohan, a widow, Defendants. No. 119629, and to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered:
 Notice is Hereby Given, That I will proceed to sell at public auction to the

highest bidder for cash, within the hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's sales, to-wit: 10 o'clock A. M., on the 10th day of September, 1921, before the Court House door of King County, Jefferson Street Entrance, in the State of Washington, all of the right, title and interest of said defendants Julius E. Soper and Hattie M. Soper, his wife, and Carl G. Benson, in and to the following described property, situated in King County, State of Washington, to-wit:
 Lot 7, Block 16, Mayfair Addition to City of Seattle, King County, Washington,
 levied on as the property of said defendants Julius E. Soper and Hattie M. Soper, his wife, and Carl G. Benson, to satisfy a judgment amounting to Six Hundred and 00-100 (\$600.00) Dollars interest, and the cost of suit, in favor of Philip Brown and Sarah Brown, his wife, Assignees.
 Dated this 3d day of August, 1921.
MATT STARWICH,
 Sheriff.
 By A. HUTCHESON, Deputy.
 First pub. Aug. 6, 1921 5t Sept. 3

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JACKSON SILBAUGH
 Attorney Lyon Bldg
NOTICE. SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL
 ESTATE. Sheriff's Office.
 State of Washington, County of King, ss.
 By Virtue of an Order of Sale issued out of the Honorable Superior Court of King County, on the 19th day of July, A.D. 1921, by the Clerk thereof in the case of C. E. Smith and J. W. Frey, doing business as Smith & Frey, Plaintiffs, versus W. J. Bell; A. W. Lambert and Jane Doe Lambert, his wife; H. C. Panchat and F. W. Baitinger doing business as the Enunclaw Electric Co., Defendants. No. 147403, and to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered:
 Notice is Hereby Given, That I will proceed to sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, within the hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's sales, to-wit: at ten o'clock A. M., on the 27th day of August, 1921, before the Court House door of King County, Jefferson Street Entrance, in the State of Washington, the following described property, situated in King County, State of Washington, to-wit:
 Lots six, seven and eight, Block two of Cumberland Addition to the Town of Cumberland (near Enunclaw), King County, Washington,
 levied on as the property of said defendant W. J. Bell, to satisfy a judgment of a foreclosure of a mortgage amounting to Three hundred nineteen and 25-100 (\$319.25) Dollars and interest, in favor of plaintiff.
 Dated this 19th day of July, 1921.
MATT STARWICH, Sheriff.
 By A. HUTCHESON, Deputy.
 First pub. July 23, 1921. 5t Aug 20

FRED W. CATLETT
 Attorney Hoge Bldg
NOTICE. SHERIFF'S SALE OF
 REAL ESTATE.
 State of Washington, County of King, ss.
 Sheriff's Office.
 By Virtue of an Order of Sale issued out of the Honorable Superior Court of King County, on the 13th day of July, 1921, by the Clerk thereof in the case of Investors Bond & Mortgage Co., a corp., Plaintiff, versus Rupert H. Rooke, et al, Defendants. No. 143497, and to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered:
 Notice is Hereby Given, That I will proceed to sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, within the hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's sales, to-wit: at ten o'clock A. M., on the 20th day of August, 1921, before the Court House door of King County, Jefferson Street Entrance, in the State of Washington, the following described property, situated in King County, State of Washington, to-wit:
 The East half of Lots Forty-five to Forty-eight, inclusive, of Block One of Supplemental Plat to Cumberland Addition to the City of Seattle, together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances hereunto belonging, or so much thereof as may be necessary, levied on as the property of said defendants Rupert H. Rooke and Sven H. Nord'n and each of them, to satisfy a judgment of a foreclosure of a mortgage amounting to Six hundred one and 93-100 (\$601.93) Dollars, interest, attorney's fee of \$75.00, and the cost of suit, in favor of plaintiff.
 Dated this 14th day of July, 1921.
MATT STARWICH, Sheriff.
 By A. HUTCHESON, Deputy.
 First pub. July 16, 1921. 5t Aug 13

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

OL. XI. NO. 35.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, AUGUST 27, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS

A GOOD EDITORIAL ON KING COUNTY'S FERRIES (From the Seattle Post-Intelligencer of Aug. 26th)

Having some time ago declared itself opposed to the grant of a bonus or subsidy to any private parties who might undertake the operation of the King County ferry system on a lease, the Post-Intelligencer finds itself confirmed in that attitude by the nature of the two offers that have been submitted to the county commissioners. Regardless of the heavy losses that the county has sustained in giving ferry service, neither of the propositions for relief that have been made is worthy of consideration.

Boat service on Lake Washington was furnished by private parties for many years, presumably at a fair margin of profit. Private parties maintained ferry service across the bay during the same years, also presumably profitable, until the port commission put them out of business. There was then no talk of subsidy or bonus, for there was no source from which extra compensation could be expected. The boats plied their various courses, passengers were duly delivered at their destinations, and all seemed to be going well.

With the tremendous increase in population and in patronage possibilities, the losses incurred, first by the port district and latterly by the county, seem incredible. The county's deficit last year ran to more than \$400,000; and since the county superintendent of the ferry system now offers to operate the ferries under a ten-year lease for a county bonus of only \$75,000 a year, it is but natural for the public to critically inquire why he has not heretofore reduced the county's loss to somewhere near the amount of the requested bonus.

The inquiry and the implied criticism may not be entirely fair, since they presuppose a condition that does not exist, a freedom of action on the part of the ferry superintendent that he has not fully enjoyed.

Like most other appointed agents of state, county and city administration, the ferry superintendent is a "boss" in name only. He is expected to keep things going, but he is by no means master of all the circumstances of public operation. Politics always intervenes; contrary "outside" and "inside" influences are constantly at work.

In spite of the huge disparity between the county's losses and the suggested subsidy, the ferry superintendent should not be condemned without thought of the conditions that have been beyond his control. But the disparity proves this—that the county cannot continue to operate the ferry system unless the commissioners set their faces against every political consideration and determine that this business shall be done in a businesslike way.

If the ferry superintendent knows how the county's loss can be cut from \$400,000 and more to \$75,000 or less, let the conditions be made right for him to do it. And if he doesn't do it, after showing by his offer that it can be done, let someone else take up the work.

First of all, of course, the commissioners will reject the propositions that have been submitted.

AN ABRIDGED CROSS-SECTION OF THE COMMUNITY

(From a letter of W. R. B. Wilcox, Seattle citizen, to Claude H. Anderson, President of the Municipal League)

The League originally was made up of men of similar trends of thought with reference to municipal affairs, whose judgments as to policy were, therefore, quite generally in agreement, whatever differences might appear as to procedure.

Its pronouncements, consequently, were accepted as the voice of the League and their value assessed by reference to its personnel.

Subsequently, the membership was so increased and became so diversified, that agreement upon committee reports was infrequent, which led to confusion as to what the League stood for, and a serious weakening of its authority and influence.

While not in position to judge accurately today, perhaps, I am of the opinion that the League still resembled an abridged cross-section of the whole community, with all the later's confusion of effort and cross purposes, and consequently is not constituted to take a unanimous and unequivocal stand upon any point at issue in a fashion to carry conviction to any section of the public.

* * *

The editors of the Municipal News would like to receive criticisms of this statement for publication in the News in subsequent issues. Address all communications to "The Secretary of the Municipal League," 405 Leary Building.

TO DECIDE FERRY BIDS ON TUESDAY

Two proposals for the ten-year lease plan on the county ferry system, both based on the receipts plus bonus plan, are being considered by the Board of County Commissioners, one asking for receipts and \$75,000 subsidy and the other receipts and \$149,000 subsidy. The board will either enter into a lease or reject both bids at its session next Tuesday.

After deciding against the re-

quests of different Sound and lake communities that they be permitted to bid on portions of the system with the view of establishing their own service, the commissioners called for the two sealed bids submitted Monday morning.

Capt. John L. Anderson, superintendent of the ferry system since January, 1919, offered to operate the ferries to January 1 on this year's budget and thereafter for the receipts and \$75,000 annually.

M. L. Hamilton and Krist

**THE FIRST AUTUMN MEETING
WILL BE HELD
TUESDAY NOON, SEPT. 6**

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

Published Weekly by the
MUNICIPAL LEAGUE OF SEATTLE

Telephone Main 6282

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James W. Reynolds, Main 0799
L. B. Schwellenbach, Main 0363
H. A. Woodcock, Main 5208

J. T. Lawler, Main 6059, Ex-Officio Trustee

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

Knudsen proposed to operate for the receipts and \$149,000 bonus.

Although Captain Anderson's bid was considered the best, the commissioners announced they would take both proposals under advisement for one week.

The receipts of the ferries in 1920 were \$235,566 and the operating expense of the boats, without repairs to either vessels or docks and without considering overhead and depreciation, was \$391,241. At the courthouse it was estimated that the revenue this year will be \$250,000.

Should the county reject all bids and continue in the ferry business it would be compelled to levy this year between \$400,000 and \$425,000. During the first four months of the year the boats lost \$119,289.

Opinions of members of several taxwatching bodies were favorable to the Anderson bid, although they, in common with numerous other citizens, were puzzled to know how Captain Anderson expected to operate the boats at a profit for himself when under his management they are losing \$1,000 a day for the county.

"With my bid before the County Commissioners, I am in no position to discuss the proposal," said Captain Anderson. "If the board enters into a lease with me I shall be only too glad to let the public know how I am going to do it."

Grosvenor Folsom, a member of the tax committee of the Build-

ing Owners' and Managers' Association, and who has delved deep in the ferry system during the last few years, said that on first blush he believed the county has a golden opportunity to do a neat stroke of business. He declared he believed the Anderson bid should be accepted.

Should Captain Anderson's bid be accepted he will have the unexpended balance of the present ferry budget of \$730,033 upon which to operate until January 1. This balance, it was said at the auditor's office, is somewhere around \$200,000, unless there are heavy bills and contracts outstanding that have not been forwarded for audit.

By the terms of the lease the successful bidder will not be permitted to raise the rates as they now exist and he must maintain adequate service on four runs, Madison Park to Kirkland, Seattle to Vashon Heights and Harper, Leschi Park to Medina, Leschi Park to Mercer Island.

The county owns six large vessels, the Lincoln, Leschi, Washington, Vashon, West Seattle and Robert Bridges; four steamboats, Fortuna, Atlanta, Aquilo and Dawn, and two launches, Mercer and Dr. Martin. For the maintenance of the system for this year the commissioners last fall made an appropriation of \$730,033. It has been repeatedly said in public gatherings this summer that the system is going behind financially at the rate of \$1,000 a day.

Huge Investment

The detailed budget under which the system is being maintained this year, shows the following allowances:

Superintendent of transportation, \$8,787.50; ferry general (tickets and miscellaneous overhead), \$10,702.60; Lincoln \$117,200.87; Leschi, \$106,833.33; West Seattle, \$56,264.04; Washington, \$89,558.10; Vashon, \$34,896; Fortuna, \$49,925.06; Atlanta, \$29,537.48; Aquilo, \$25,392.58; Dawn, \$22,940; Dr. Martin, \$108.55; Mercer, \$108.55; Leschi terminal, \$7,928.65; oil barge, \$800; wharves and docks, \$169,050. The Robert Bridges was not in commission on account of worthless engines.

The construction costs of the boats, except those of the Fortuna, Atlanta, Aquilo and Dawn purchased from the Anderson Steamboat Company for the lump sum of \$88,000, were:

Washington, \$77,873.63; Lincoln, \$104,417.47; Vashon, \$54,080.19; Leschi, \$99,224.57; West Seattle, \$60,005.16; Mercer, \$11,278.78; Robert Bridges, \$33,527.33; Dr. Martin, \$10,362.06.

Monday morning the board room was filled to capacity when the commissioners met and in the lobby were many men who have sharply criticized the board on the ferry operation and some who have openly denounced the members personally for their decision to lease the boats. Before permitting any one to speak, Chairman Claud C. Ramsay served warning that the board was not in session to hear any political talks, nor would it tolerate insinuations against its members or an attack upon its integrity.

"If anyone here has any charge of wrongdoing, or allegations of squandering public money on the part of this board," said the chairman, "let him put them in writing and submit them to the courts through the prosecuting attorney's office. We do not propose to sit here and hear vilification and abuse, but we are here to accord you all a respectful hearing and to welcome any."

The board then was asked to defer opening of the bids until the different speakers could be heard.

It developed immediately that the out-of-town portion of the

audience was present to ask that the two bids be rejected and a new call issued that would give the different communities opportunity to bid upon parts of the system. Some speakers favored that the system be divided and bids called for operation of the lake ferries and others for operation of the Vashon and salt water boats.

Some suggested delay for discussion of the different proposals of leasing, but other speakers pointed out that this would mean that the county would have to include the ferries in the budget for 1922 which has to be made up within the next ten days.

Wants Bids Rejected

R. H. Collins of Kirkland, the first speaker, asked that the bid be rejected and a new call be issued as Kirkland resident would like to take over the Lincoln and operate it.

Alexander Stewart of Vashon Island said the people of his section were satisfied with the ferry service they are receiving and asked that no change be made. He opposed, he said, clauses in the proposed lease which would make Fauntleroy Park the eastern terminal of the Vashon ferry instead of the dock at the foot of Marion street, that would maintain a one boat schedule in winter, and that would maintain for ten years the present wartime rates.

Capt. D. Thomas Davies presented verbally the resolution adopted last Saturday afternoon by the King County Democratic Club, which opposed the principle of leasing the ferries at a rate but which advocated, if the boats were leased, an opportunity for the separate communities to bid for boats with which to establish service of their own.

Leasing Favored

E. L. Weiner, secretary of the Municipal League, said his organization is on record as (1) favoring the leasing of the system, (2) deferring action for 30 days so that the proposals may be advertised in the marine journals of the Coast, and (3) giving consideration to the requests of communities to be allowed to operate their boats.

M. A. Reese of Bellevue was against the leasing of the system, declaring that he believed with economic management it could be made to pay, or to at least

break even. He favored calling for bids for operation on Lake Washington and for separate proposals for operating on the Sound. He said he thought ten years was too long a time to tie the people to wartime rates of fare.

Commissioner Ramsey said at this juncture that he believed some of the speakers were under a misapprehension as to the wording of some of the clauses in the lease.

"For instance," he declared, "there is nothing in the lease that definitely fixes the east terminal of the Vashon ferry at Fauntleroy instead of Marion street, and there is nothing in the lease that compels the maintenance of the present fares. There is a clause, however, to the effect that fares cannot be increased.

James R. Chambers, the next speaker, who owns two ranches on Vashon Island, told the commissioners that he himself and the people of his community, he believed, were perfectly satisfied with ferry conditions under the administration of the board. He opposed any lease of the ferries, but felt that if they were leased the communities affected should be offered an opportunity to bid for them. Leases to private interests or to communities would, in any case, be under the control of the board, and while the communities would operate for the public benefit, corporations must of necessity operate for gain, he said.

SECRETARY'S COLUMN

I received a letter from Mr. Lawler the other day, a portion of which is as follows:

"I will be pleased to accept the chairmanship of the Taxation and Revenue committee. I hope the other members of the committee will be disposed to 'dig in'.

"I don't think we will get very far with any taxation program under our present form of city government. We must adopt a new system. Too much 'camouflage' permitted now, and they get away with it.

"The plan of having a Municipal research bureau is fine in theory and is entirely practical

if we can interest a sufficient number of our citizens who will be willing to finance the personnel required to make the bureau a success... However we will not get anywhere in anything if we expect smooth sailing all the way!"

* * *

Good old Jim! After carrying the heavy burden of the presidency of the League all year and just as vacation time sets in, along comes the Taxation Reduction Council making him chairman! Come additional daily burdens; come daily noon meetings; come nights of endless work revising committee reports; and yet our Jim is able to accept the chairmanship of the Taxation Committee and a place on the Research bureau committee. That is a public-spirited citizen for you, Mr. League Member!

* * *

In the next issue of the "News" there will appear a complete list of committee appointments. It was hoped the announcement could be made in this issue, but at the last moment some resignations occurred necessitating various changes to be made. Chairmen of committees who for one reason or another are unable to accept their assignation should inform the secretary immediately; the list as it will be published next Saturday should be final.

* * *

An interesting letter has been received by President Anderson from A. L. Brown, at present associated with the Federal Board for Vocational Training, in response to an invitation to serve on the Educational committee of the League. It is as follows:

Dear Mr. Anderson,

I am pleased to accept appointment on the Education Committee of the League, if the problem of this committee is really educational: the betterment of courses, facilities, and personnel. If it is merely the side lines of a tax reduction movement, I question my fitness for the task.

In order to make clear my position, for example, I will say that I feel the continued use of "portable" schoolhouses at nearly every school site in Seattle a disgrace to our city and a real menace to the lives of our child-

ren. I am in favor of good substantial school buildings, suitably planned and built with graft of any sort. The construction of such buildings may increase our tax, but is decidedly necessary.

Money spent for education, unlike other city expenditures, is an investment, not an expense. Our main object is not to decrease the investment, but rather, to guarantee suitable returns.

If the platform I have indicated conforms to the plans of the League's committees, I shall be pleased to serve.

* * *

The City Club of Chicago has addressed a circular letter to many civic organizations, including the League, asking for information concerning their activities. "Since there is nowhere in print a compendium of that information the staff has undertaken to gather the material by circulating a questionnaire," the letter states.

* * *

The splendid spirit and enthusiasm of the younger men of the League in accepting committee appointments is shown in the typical instance of Charles (Chuck) Moriarty, who wrote to President Anderson:

"I accept with pleasure the appointment by the Board of Trustees to membership on the Bureau of Municipal Research Committee. I am, under even date, writing to Mr. Haight, Chairman of the Committee, advising him of my acceptance.

It gives me pleasure to be appointed on this Committee, and I assure you that it will be my earnest desire to properly discharge the trust that has been placed in me."

* * *

M. L. Baker, one of the trustees of the League, owing to a conflict of duties and lack of time, has sent his resignation, and it was accepted with regret by the Board. The vacancy will be filled at the next meeting of the Board.

You lawyers who desire legals to be published need only phone the Secretary, Main 0791, and someone will call for it. Help the "News" and the League by giving your legals to us.

CARKEEK, McDONALD, HARRIS & CORYELL

Attorneys 1164 Empire Bldg. IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Charles Skone, Deceased. No. 26786. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as administrator of the estate of Charles Skone, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Robert C. Skone, or his attorneys of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, August 20, 1921.

ROBERT C. SKONE, Administrator of said Estate. Address, Seattle, Washington. CARKEEK, McDONALD, HARRIS & CORYELL, Attorneys for Estate, 1164 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash. 4t Sept. 10

H. C. FORCE

Attorney 1212 Hoge Bldg. IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Robert A. Brown, Deceased. No. 29770. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Executrix of the last Will and Testament of Robert A. Brown, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Caroline S. Brown or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, August 6, 1921.

CAROLINE S. BROWN, Executrix of last Will and Testament of Robert A. Brown, deceased. H. C. FORCE.

Attorney for Executrix, 1212 Hoge Bldg., Seattle, Wash. First pub. Aug. 6, 1921. 4t Aug. 27

JACKSON SILBAUGH

Attorney Lyon Bldg. NOTICE. SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE. Sheriff's Office.

State of Washington, County of King, ss. By Virtue of an Order of Sale issued out of the Honorable Superior Court of King County, on the 19th day of July, A.D. 1921, by the Clerk thereof in the case of C. E. Smith and J. W. Frey, doing business as Smith & Frey, Plaintiffs, versus W. J. Bell; A. W. Lambert and Jane Doe Lambert, his wife; H. C. Panchat and F. W. Baitinger doing business as the Enumclaw Electric Co., Defendants. No. 147403, and to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered:

Notice is Hereby Given, That I will proceed to sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, within the hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's sales, to-wit: at ten o'clock A. M., on the 27th day of August, 1921, before the Court House door of King County, Jefferson Street Entrance, in the State of Washington, the following described property, situated in King County, State of Washington, to-wit:

Lots six, seven and eight, Block two of Cumberland Addition to the Town of Cumberland (near Enumclaw), King County, Washington, levied on as the property of said defendant W. J. Bell, to satisfy a judgment of a foreclosure of a mortgage amounting to Three hundred nineteen and 25/100 (\$319.25) Dollars and interest, in favor of plaintiff.

Dated this 19th day of July, 1921.

MATT STARWICH, Sheriff.

By A. HUTCHESON, Deputy First pub. July 23, 1921. 5t Aug 20

FRED W. CATLETT

Attorney Hoge Bldg. NOTICE. SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE. Sheriff's Office.

State of Washington, County of King, ss. By Virtue of an Order of Sale issued out of the Honorable Superior Court of King County, on the 13th day of July, 1921, by the Clerk thereof in the case of Investors Bond & Mortgage Co., a corp., Plaintiff, versus Rupert H. Rooke, et al. Defendants. No. 143497, and to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered:

Notice is Hereby Given, That I will proceed to sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, within the hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's sales, to-wit: at ten o'clock A. M., on the 20th day of August, 1921, before the Court House door of King County, Jefferson Street Entrance, in the State of Washington, the following described property, situated in King County, State of Washington, to-wit:

The East half of Lots Forty-five to Forty-eight, inclusive, of Block One of Supplemental Plat to Cumberland Addition to the City of Seattle, together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances hereunto belonging, or so much thereof as may be necessary, levied on as the property of said defendants Rupert H. Rooke and Sven H. Nord and each of them, to satisfy a judgment of a foreclosure of a mortgage amounting to Six hundred one and 93-100 (\$601.93) Dollars, interest, attorney's fee of \$75.00, and the cost of suit, in favor of plaintiff.

Dated this 14th day of July, 1921.

MATT STARWICH, Sheriff

By A. HUTCHESON, Deputy.

First pub. July 16, 1921.

5t Aug 13

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FRED W. CATLETT

Attorney Hoge Bldg
NOTICE OF SHERIFF'S SALE OF Real Estate. Sheriff's Office.

State of Washington, County of King, ss. By Virtue of a Writ of Execution issued out of the Honorable Superior Court of King County on the 22nd day of August, 1921, by the Clerk thereof in the case of G. W. Haggood, Plaintiff, versus George Bohannon and Florence M. Bohannon, also known as Florence M. Corbett, and Florence Gowan Bohannon, Defendants. No. 153145, and to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered:

Notice is hereby given, That I will proceed to sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, within the hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's sales, to-wit: ten o'clock A. M., on the 1st day of October, 1921, before the Court House door of King County, Jefferson Street Entrance, in the State of Washington, all of the right, title and interest of said defendant in and to the following described property, situated in King County, State of Washington, to-wit:

Lot 14, Block 9 Cottage Grove Addition to the City of Seattle, levied on as the property of said defendants, and each of them, to satisfy a judgment amounting to Eighty-eight and 50-100 (\$88.50) Dollars interest, and the cost of suit, in favor of plaintiff.

Dated this 23rd day of August, 1921.

MATT STARWICH,

Sheriff.

By A. HUTCHESON, Deputy.

LUNDIN & BARTO

Lawyers 817-23 Alaska Bldg

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Rena Elizabeth Walters, Deceased. No. 27077. Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Mary J. Walters, Administratrix of the Estate of Rena Elizabeth Walters, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said Mary J. Walters; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 22nd day of September, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 25th day of August, 1921.

GEORGE A. GRANT,

Clerk of said Court.

By C. L. BERGER,

Deputy.

First pub. Aug. 27, 1921.

3t Sept. 10

JOHN F. REED

Attorney Empire Bldg.

NOTICE OF SHERIFF'S SALE OF Real Estate. Sheriff's Office.

State of Washington, County of King, ss. By Virtue of a Writ of Execution issued out of the Honorable Superior Court of King County, on the 2d day of August, 1921, by the Clerk thereof in the case of State Bank of Kent, a corp., Plaintiff, versus Julius E. Soper, and Hattie M. Soper, his wife, Philip Brown and Sarah Brown, his wife, Carl G. Benson, a bachelor, Aaron Larson, a bachelor, Joe Hendrickson and Catherine Monohan, a widow, Defendants. No. 119629, and to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered:

Notice is Hereby Given, That I will proceed to sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, within the hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's sales, to-wit: 10 o'clock A. M., on the 10th day of September, 1921, before the Court House door of King County, Jefferson Street Entrance, in the State of Washington, all of the right, title and interest of said defendants Julius E. Soper and Hattie M. Soper, his wife, and Carl G. Benson, in and to the following described property, situated in King County, State of Washington, to-wit:

Lot 7, Block 16, Mayfair Addition to City of Seattle, King County, Washington,

levied on as the property of said defendants Julius E. Soper and Hattie M. Soper, his wife, and Carl G. Benson, to satisfy a judgment amounting to Six Hundred and 60-100 (\$600.00) Dollars interest, and the cost of suit, in favor of Philip Brown and Sarah Brown, his wife, Assignees.

Dated this 3d day of August, 1921.

MATT STARWICH,

Sheriff.

By A. HUTCHESON, Deputy.

First pub. Aug. 6, 1921

5t Sept. 3

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SEP 15 1921

Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

OL. XI. NO. 36.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS

**THE FIRST MEETING OF THE NEW LEAGUE YEAR WILL BE HELD
TUESDAY NOON, SEPTEMBER 6TH
AT BLANC'S CAFE—OPPOSITE COUNTY-CITY BUILDING
THE ENTIRE MEMBERSHIP IS URGED TO ATTEND**

SEATTLE IN MINIATURE

By Claude H. Anderson

I find myself in the position of general agreement with the analysis of Mr. W. R. B. Wilcox as published in the last issue of the Municipal News, but at the same time unable to agree with his conclusion that the Seattle Municipal League is not worth-while or that service on its committees is ineffectual.

It is quite true, as Mr. Wilcox indicates, that the Municipal League is made up of men of diversified experiences and ideas and, therefore, it is clear that the judgments expressed by the League will quite often not be a unanimous expression. Since, however, this is true of Seattle as a whole, the state as a whole, the nation as a whole, and all sub-divisions of our government at all times, it does not seem to logically follow that service in diversified groups is ineffectual. We are governed by majorities rather than unanimities. Often we are governed by very small majorities and sometimes we are governed by minorities. Government by minorities is possible only because of the lethargy of the majority mass and their disinclination to interest themselves in government. Because of such lethargy and lack of citizen interest in public affairs, minorities of like minds who band themselves together for certain very specific purposes are able, as Mr. Wilcox says, to render definite and unanimous judgments. The value of such judgments can, as he further states, be "assessed by reference to its personnel."

We have so many groups, organizations, clubs and societies of various kinds made up of people of like minds interested only in certain limited and specified objects, that a real question can be raised as to whether or not we do not have too much influence by such organizations and too little judgment resulting from discussion of citizens with different ex-

periences and ideas and upon matters not immediately affecting their personal lives or businesses. Therefore, I regard it as wholesome, refreshing and very much worth while for an organization of this kind, which is clearly typified by the Seattle Municipal League, to exist and function.

Governmental action, local, state, or national, resulting from minority expression, is not as desirable, however wise it may be, as action resulting from majority expression, and the larger the majority the better. Instances are exceedingly common of laws, the enforcement of which are exceedingly difficult, if not altogether impossible, because they are not supported by the majority. The only antidote for ruling minority opinion is education and greater citizen interest. Groups of different-minded individuals bringing different experiences and backgrounds to bear upon public questions is creative of citizen interest in public affairs and exceedingly educative. This function, the Municipal League performs. The value of the Municipal League, therefore, cannot be assessed by the number of unanimous judgments rendered by its members throughout a given period. The history of the League shows that many of its judgments have resulted in action by public officials and betterment in our municipal government, but this is only a part of the value of the League. The educational value of its discussions and the citizen interest resulting therefrom is of as much or more value than the judgments of its majorities. A definitization and limitation of the League's purpose from "the betterment of Seattle" to something more specific, attracting only certain like-minded individuals, would leave the League very little, if any, excuse for existence. It would then be only another one of many such organizations throughout the city.

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Telephone Main 6282

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H. A. Woodcock, Main 5208

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

PERSONNEL OF NEWLY APPOINTED COMMITTEES

Americanization

Geo. S. Kahin, Chairman;
Carl J. Smith, Paul B. Phillips,
Harold A. Woodcock, Carroll
Hendron.

Candidates Investigating

Frank P. Helsell, Chairman;
Robert L. Procter, Walter L.
Nossaman, John L. Hall, Albro
Gardner, Jr., W. E. Henry, W.
G. McClaren, C. E. Bogardus.

Charter Revision and Municipal Administration

Dan Earle, Chairman; W. G.
Mann, Nelson R. Anderson, Robert
H. Evans, Fred W. Catlett,
Walter L. Nossaman.

City and County Consolidation

Vivian Carkeek, Chairman;
Lawrence Booth, J. T. Jennings,
A. H. Wiseman, Nelson T.
Hartson.

City Development and Planning

Wm. G. Mann, Chairman; C.
V. E. Dove, John R. Nevins,
W. W. Hay, W. E. Greenway.

Civil Service

M. H. Van Nuys, Chairman;
W. G. Mann, N. C. Wegner,
Chauncey L. Baxter, J. N.
Bowman.

EDITORIAL

W. E. Henry, Chairman;
Fred W. Catlett, Eimon L. Wienir.

Education

H. A. Woodcock, Chairman;
D. D. Johnson, A. L. Brown,
A. H. Wiseman, H. I. Chatterton,
Prof. Fred C. Ayers.

Harbor Development and Commerce

Hamilton Higday, Chairman;
F. E. Rawlings, A. O. Powell,
John L. Hall, Andrew Steers,
John M. Moran.

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A. H. Hutchinson, Wm. B.
Cone, A. E. Flagg, W. D. Lambuth.

Industrial Relations

James A. Haight, Chairman;
Frank P. Foisie, Thomas
Greenlees, M. Gutmann, B. A.
Lewis.

Legislative

Robert F. Sandall, Chairman;
Prof. L. T. Neikirk, Ralph D.
Nichols, Prof. Frank J. Laube,
Fred W. Hastings, Thomas F.
Murphine, John A. Soule.

Meeting Place

Eimon L. Wienir, Chairman;
James W. Reynolds, James T.
Lawler.

Membership

Matthew Hill, Chairman; Alvin
Bousefield, Glen Hoover,
Ralph Dummett, D. E. Ferguson.

Municipal Budget

Julius L. Baldwin, Chairman;
Matthew Hill, James P. Robertson,
Prof. Wm. E. Cox, S. F. Racine,
Robert A. Tripple, Paul V. Dick.

Parks, Buildings and Grounds

Dr. E. C. Kilbourne, Chairman;
Edw. W. Allen, Hugo Winkenwerder,
John Eddy Franklin, John U. Evans.

Program

Howard A. Adams, Chairman;
E. B. Stevens, L. D. Lewis, A.
A. Oles.

SECRETARY'S COLUMN

Tuesday sees the opening of the League year.

A great many things are expected from the League by the public this year. And the League expects a great deal from every one of its members. It is only in this way that good will be accomplished. How to induce the vast majority of the members is a task of no small proportions; but indifference which lurks unseen in the hearts and minds of many must be fought and conquered. Let the opening meeting be largely attended so as to encourage the officers and give them faith in themselves and the League.

The death of George H. Walker has taken from the rolls of the Municipal League a man of the highest public spirit. Always a worker in the public interest Walker alligned himself with civic organizations, preferring to throw his weight with

Public Health and Sanitation

Dr. D. C. Hall, Chairman;
Dr. F. R. Underwood, Mr. B. H. Petley, Dr. E. C. Kilbourne,
J. D. Blackwell.

Public Safety

Lewis Schwellenbach, Chairman;
Edward Connor, R. M. Dyer, O. W. Crockett, H. C. Force.

Public Utilities

Robert Howes, Chairman; W. G. Mann, Ben C. Mooers, Arthur L. Loveless, Prof. J. Allen Smith, W. C. Morse, F. D. Hayden.

Special Skagit

James A. Haight, Chairman;
James W. Reynolds, Dr. Edw. C. Kilbourne, Julius L. Baldwin, Clifford Wiley.

Taxation and Revenues

James T. Lawler, Chairman;
Frank J. Laube, A. H. Wiseman, L. D. Lewis, E. S. Goodwin.

Theaters and Amusement

W. G. Mann, Chairman; J. Fred Blake, Victor Zednick, H. D. Chestnutt, Elden M. Gordon.

Special Committee:

Bureau of Municipal Research

James A. Haight, Chairman;
Ralph D. Nichols, John T. Condon, W. E. Henry, Judson T. Jennings, Lawrence Colman, Charles B. Moriarty, James T. Lawler, Henry I. King, James W. Reynolds.

that of others rather than standing alone. He was deeply interested in the League; and was only because he gave so freely of his time and energy to other civic enterprises that, for the last year or two, he was not able to take a greater part in our activities. But he was solicitous for the League's existence and had a high respect for its work. His was the type of citizenship which founded and perpetuated the League. In his loss the League has sustained a loss.

* * *

The Bureau of Municipal Research committee has begun its efforts along the lines necessary to establish a Bureau for Seattle. James A. Haight called a meeting of the committee last Thursday, the following being present: Claude H. Anderson, Eimon L. Wienir, ex-officio members, James T. Lawler, Dean John T. Condon, W. E. Henry, Judson T. Jennings, and Charles P. Moriarty. After outlining the purpose for which the meeting had been called and the objects hoped to be accomplished, Mr. Haight called upon Dean Condon for suggestions. The Dean recalled his experiences with the Home Owners Associations in 1914 and 1915 and pointedly declared that unless at least \$15,000 a year was forthcoming for the purpose the League could not get anywhere with the idea. Other members voiced their opinions concerning the method of operation. It was decided to invite other civic organizations and prominent citizens to a conference meeting Thursday, September 8th, 4:30 P. M., at the Masonic Club rooms. Mr. Haight will send the invitations in his own name. A general invitation has been extended to the Taxation Reduction Council inviting the organizations therein represented to participate in the Conference Thursday.

* * *

Some times the writer wonders how effective these columns are in the way of giving publicity to the various activities of the League. Do the members read this paper? Do they look forward to its coming? Do they save some of the issues? Is the paper good or is it bad? These

CENTRAL GARAGE FAVORED BY THOMAS

Dr. W. T. Christensen,
Chairman Port Commission,
Bell St. Dock, Seattle.

Dear Sir:

I herewith offer for your consideration a business plan for the handling of publicly owned and operated automobiles which will, writer---would welcome an expression of opinion. He would welcome any suggestions tending to make the News a better publication. And, moreover, he would welcome articles on municipal matters for publication.

* * *

When the County Commissioners meet October 3rd to consider the budget for the various King County departments they will have the difficult task of satisfying the public and satisfying the department heads and employees. None of the County officials has indicated that he favors reducing wages, and, as there are no substantial reductions over last year in operating costs the unpleasant duty of wielding the axe falls directly upon Messrs. Ramsay, Dobson and Smith. And it looks as though they will have to do it. Mr. Lawler has a formidable looking crew behind his back ready to spring at the aforementioned gentlemen, in the event they waver. It certainly ought to make some difference. There are fifty-three organizations amalgamated in the body known as the Taxation Reduction Council. And they are determined to reduce taxes or reduce certain public officials. The Municipal League, too, has intimated on several occasions that the temper of its membership is for a decisive reduction of taxation. But more than these factors there is the matter of the "common peepul" to be considered. Small homeowners are mad. They not only have a suspicion that taxes in this city and county can be reduced but they are convinced beyond any shadow of a doubt. And they are watching with narrowed eyes what the gentlemen on the "bench" marked King Co. will do.

in my judgment, if properly worked out, result in a saving of fully \$100,000 a year to the taxpayer of the City of Seattle and King County on automobile maintenance. In order for this plan to bring the greatest possible saving it will require united action on the part of the port district, the city of Seattle, King County, and the school district, and I am therefore addressing this same letter to the chairman of the school board, chairman of the county board of commissioners, chairman of the finance committee of the Seattle city council and the mayor of Seattle.

The Port district, the city, the county and the school district should enter into an agreement to standardize all public owned and operated automobiles and establish a central garage to purchase parts, tires, oils, gas and other necessary supplies for all machines.

It seems to me that it is unnecessary to submit any argument on the business possibilities of this plan. At the present time a wide variety of makes of machines are in use in the public service and there is no consolidated buying of tires or supplies. Some of the county machines are repaired in the county garage while others go to private repair shops. Tires and supplies are purchased here and there at random. The same thing is true of the port district, the city, and the school district.

King County expended, in round figures, \$100,000 last year in automobile maintenance. The records of the city of Seattle do not show details of all expenditures for automobile maintenance. By going through the vouchers for one month, however I was able to obtain an estimate and find that the expenditures for that purpose last year exceeded \$150,000, exclusive of the fire and police departments. From such data as I have been able to obtain, \$50,000 would seem to be a conservative estimate of the amount expended by the school and port districts for this purpose last year. From this data I feel justified in estimating that the total amount expended annually for maintenance of publicly operated cars in Seattle and King County is in excess of \$300,000.

If one standard type of car was adopted for the public service, the repair work, under a properly operated central garage, could be cut at least one half and consolidated buying of all supplies would accomplish the same result.

In establishing this system, the method of using publicly owned automobiles should be completely revised. First a survey should be made to determine the actual number of automobiles necessary and a record should be kept of the use of these machines. No high powered, high priced cars are necessary, except in police and fire department work and for the use of the county sheriff.

It is a matter of common knowledge that publicly owned automobiles are continuously used for private purposes. Under the present system no check can be kept on these machines. The central garage system, however, would provide a complete check.

I submit that this plan would do away with one of the most flagrant abuses prevailing in the public service and would make a substantial saving in public funds and urge that you take steps to confer with the county, the school district, and the city of Seattle on this matter.

Yours truly,

JAY THOMAS

JAMES T. LAWLER
Lawyer White Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for the County of
King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of George W.
Meagher, Deceased. No. 28579. Notice
of Hearing Final Report and Petition
for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Belle
Meagher, Administratrix of the Estate
of George W. Meagher, has filed in the
office of the Clerk of said Court her final
Report and petition for distribution, asking
the Court to settle said Report, distribute
the property to the persons thereto
entitled and to discharge said administratrix;
and that said Report and petition
will be heard on the 28th day of
September, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the
Court Room of the Probate Department
of said Court.
Dated this 30th day of August, 1921.
GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By GEO. L. BERGER,
Deputy.
First pub. Sept 3, 1921. 3t Sept 17

You lawyers who desire legals to be published need only phone the Secretary, Main 0791, and someone will call for it. Help the "News" and the League by giving your legals to us.

CARKEEK, McDONALD, HARRIS & CORYELL

Attorneys 1164 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, for King County
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Charles
Skone, Deceased. No. 26786. Notice
to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as administrator of the estate of Charles Skone, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Robert C. Skone, or his attorneys of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, August 20, 1921.

ROBERT C. SKONE,
Administrator of said Estate.
Address, Seattle, Washington.
CARKEEK, McDONALD, HARRIS &
CORYELL, Attorneys for Estate,
1164 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
4t Sept. 10

H. C. FORCE

Attorney 1212 Hoge Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Robert
A. Brown, Deceased. No. 29770.
Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Executrix of the last Will and Testament of Robert A. Brown, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Caroline S. Brown or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, August 6, 1921.

CAROLINE S. BROWN,
Executrix of last Will and Testament
of Robert A. Brown, deceased.
H. C. FORCE,

Attorney for Executrix, 1212 Hoge
Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Aug. 6, 1921. 4t Aug. 27

JACKSON SILBAUGH

Attorney Lyon Bldg.
NOTICE. SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL
ESTATE. Sheriff's Office.

State of Washington, County of King, ss.
By Virtue of an Order of Sale issued
out of the Honorable Superior Court of
King County, on the 19th day of July,

A.D. 1921, by the Clerk thereof in the case
of C. E. Smith and J. W. Frey, doing
business as Smith & Frey, Plaintiffs,
versus W. J. Bell; A. W. Lambert and
Jane Doe Lambert, his wife; H. C. Panchat
and F. W. Baitinger doing business
as the Enumclaw Electric Co., Defendants.
No. 147403, and to me, as Sheriff,
directed and delivered:

Notice is hereby Given, That I will
proceed to sell at public auction to the
highest bidder for cash, within the
hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's
sales, to-wit: at ten o'clock A. M., on
the 27th day of August, 1921, before
the Court House door of King County,
Jefferson Street Entrance, in the State
of Washington, the following described
property, situated in King County, State
of Washington, to-wit:

Lots six, seven and eight, Block two
of Cumberland Addition to the Town
of Cumberland (near Enumclaw),
King County, Washington,
levied on as the property of said defendant
W. J. Bell, to satisfy a judgment
of a foreclosure of a mortgage
amounting to Three hundred nineteen
and 25/100 (\$319.25) Dollars and interest,
in favor of plaintiff.

Dated this 19th day of July, 1921.

MATT STARWICH, Sheriff.
By A. HUTCHESON,
Deputy.
First pub. July 23, 1921. 5t Aug 20

FRED W. CATLETT

Attorney Hoge Bldg.
NOTICE. SHERIFF'S SALE OF
REAL ESTATE.

State of Washington, County of King, ss.
Sheriff's Office.

By Virtue of an Order of Sale issued
out of the Honorable Superior Court of
King County, on the 13th day of July,
1921, by the Clerk thereof in the case
of Investors Bond & Mortgage Co., a
corp., Plaintiff, versus Rupert H. Rooke,
et al, Defendants. No. 143497, and to
me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered:

Notice is hereby Given, That I will
proceed to sell at public auction to the
highest bidder for cash, within the
hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's
sales, to-wit: at ten o'clock A. M., on
the 20th day of August, 1921, before
the Court House door of King County,
Jefferson Street Entrance, in the State
of Washington, the following described
property, situated in King County,
State of Washington, to-wit:

The East half of Lots Forty-five to Forty-eight, inclusive, of Block One of Supplemental Plat to Cumberland Addition to the City of Seattle, together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances hereunto belonging, or so much thereof as may be necessary, levied on as the property of said defendants Rupert H. Rooke and Sven H. Nord'n and each of them, to satisfy a judgment of a foreclosure of a mortgage amounting to Six hundred one and 93-100 (\$601.93) Dollars, interest, attorney's fee of \$75.00, and the cost of suit, in favor of plaintiff.

Dated this 14th day of July, 1921.
MATT STARWICH, Sheriff
By A. HUTCHESON, Deputy.
First pub. July 16, 1921. 5t Aug 13

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FRED W. CATLETT

Attorney Hoge Bldg
NOTICE OF SHERIFF'S SALE OF Real Estate. Sheriff's Office. State of Washington, County of King, ss. By Virtue of a Writ of Execution issued out of the Honorable Superior Court of King County on the 22nd day of August, 1921, by the Clerk thereof in the case of G. W. Haggood, Plaintiff, versus George Bohannon and Florence M. Bohannon, also known as Florence M. Gowan, also known as Florence M. Corbett, and Florence Gowan Bohannon, Defendants. No. 153145, and to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered: Notice is hereby given, That I will proceed to sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, within the hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's sales, to-wit: ten o'clock A. M., on the 1st day of October, 1921, before the Court House door of King County, Jefferson Street Entrance, in the State of Washington, all of the right, title and interest of said defendant in and to the following described property, situated in King County, State of Washington, to-wit:

Lot 14, Block 9 Cottage Grove Addition to the City of Seattle, levied on as the property of said defendants, and each of them, to satisfy a judgment amounting to Eighty-eight and 50-100 (\$88.50) Dollars interest, and the cost of suit, in favor of plaintiff.

Date dthis 23rd day of August, 1921.
MATT STARWICH, Sheriff.
By A. HUTCHESON, Deputy.
First pub. Aug. 27, 1921. 5t Sept. 24

LUNDIN & BARTO

Lawyers 817-23 Alaska Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Rena Elizabeth Walters, Deceased. No. 27077. Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Mary J. Walters, Administratrix of the Estate of Rena Elizabeth Walters, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said Mary J. Walters; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 22nd day of September, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 25th day of August, 1921.
GEORGE A. GRANT, Clerk of said Court.
By GEO. L. BERGER, Deputy.
First pub. Aug. 27, 1921. 3t Sept. 10

JOHN F. REED

Real Estate. Sheriff's Office.
NOTICE OF SHERIFF'S SALE OF Attorney Empire Bldg. State of Washington, County of King, ss. By Virtue of a Writ of Execution issued out of the Honorable Superior Court of King County, on the 2d day of August, 1921, by the Clerk thereof in the case of State Bank of Kent, a corp., Plaintiff, versus Julius E. Soper, and Hattie M. Soper, his wife, Philip Brown and Sarah Brown, his wife, Carl G. Benson, a bachelor, Aaron Larson, a bachelor, Joe Hendrickson and Catherine Monohan, a widow, Defendants. No. 119629, and to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered:

Notice is Hereby Given, That I will proceed to sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, within the hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's sales, to-wit: 10 o'clock A. M., on the 10th day of September, 1921, before the Court House door of King County, Jefferson Street Entrance, in the State of Washington, all of the right, title and interest of said defendants Julius E. Soper and Hattie M. Soper, his wife, and Carl G. Benson, in and to the following described property, situated in King County, State of Washington, to-wit:

Lot 7, Block 16, Mayfair Addition to City of Seattle, King County, Washington, levied on as the property of said defendants Julius E. Soper and Hattie M. Soper, his wife, and Carl G. Benson, to satisfy a judgment amounting to Six Hundred and 60-100 (\$660.00) Dollars interest, and the cost of suit, in favor of Philip Brown and Sarah Brown, his wife, Assignees.

Dated this 3d day of August, 1921.
MATT STARWICH, Sheriff.
By A. HUTCHESON, Deputy.
First pub. Aug. 6, 1921 5t Sept. 3

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. XI. NO. 37.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS

**MAYOR HUGH M. CALDWELL WILL ADDRESS THE LEAGUE
TUESDAY NOON, SEPTEMBER 13TH
AT BLANC'S CAFE—OPPOSITE COUNTY-CITY BUILDING
ON THE SUBJECT OF "CITY MANAGER FORM OF GOVERNMENT FOR SEATTLE"**

REPORT OF SUB-COMMITTEE ON ESTABLISHMENT OF BUREAU OF MUNICIPAL RESEARCH IN SEATTLE

By John T. Condon, James T. Lawler and Claude H. Anderson.

Proposal.

It is proposed that a bureau of municipal research be established in Seattle. Such bureaus have been found by a considerable number of American cities to offer the best modern method of meeting certain needs of large cities as hereinafter explained.

Origin And History.

Bureaus of municipal research have been established in American cities for about fifteen years. The first one was established in New York City and proved so efficacious in bringing about the results for which it was organized that the example was rapidly followed by other cities and a training school for public service was maintained in connection with the bureau in order to supply trained and experienced personnel which would meet the demand created by such efforts. Today there are about twenty such bureaus in the United States and the movement has spread to Canada where at least one large city, Toronto, has established such a bureau. The chief American cities that have established such bureaus are:

- 1 New York City
- 2 Chicago
- 3 Philadelphia
- 4 Detroit
- 5 Cleveland

- 6 San Francisco
- 7 Indianapolis
- 8 Rochester
- 9 Minneapolis
- 10 Denver
- 11 Akron
- 12 Niagara Falls
- 13 St. Paul
- 14 Des Moines
- 15 Kansas City.

Necessity.

The necessity for the establishment of bureaus of municipal research goes back to conditions existing in American cities twenty and more years ago at a time when the government of many cities was not only grossly inefficient but even corrupt. It was such conditions that caused James Bryce, the noted English authority, to state in his American Commonwealth that "The one conspicuous failure of American government is the government of its cities," and called forth the volume from Lincoln Stephens which certain American cities have never lived down, on "The Shame of Our Cities." Progress in the management of municipal affairs since that time have been such that it is a fact today that little or no corruption exists in municipal affairs. There is still, however, a great deal of inefficiency. Municipal corporations have yet a long

way to go before they approach the efficiency of private corporations. Bureaus of municipal research are one of the means for securing greater efficiency.

One of the reasons why the same efficiency is not attained in municipal corporations as in private corporations is that the chief parties at interest in the municipal corporation do not manifest enough interest and give enough attention and supervision to the affairs of the corporation. The citizens of a city, unlike the stock-holders of a private corporation, are inclined to elect their officials and then dismiss all matters connected with their municipal corporation from their minds until officials are elected again. In fact, too large a number of citizens do not even manifest sufficient interest to vote for those who are to manage their business.

Modern municipalities have grown so large and the activities, practically all of which vitally affect the daily lives of citizens of the cities, have grown so multitudinous and varied that so much complexity and intricacy is associated with city affairs as to confuse the public mind and make it difficult for citizens to keep properly and adequately informed on municipal matters

even when they have a conscious desire to do so. Seattle has reached this stage in municipal growth. The activities of the corporation of the city of Seattle are even more varied than those of many larger American cities. The budget just adopted by the City Council of Seattle for 1922 carries appropriations aggregating \$18,799,874.57.

Nature, Purposes And Methods

The idea back of bureaus of municipal research is two-fold. First, adopting the plan now followed by practically all large efficient businesses --- It is conceived that cities should operate with more knowledge and accurate information regarding municipal affairs generally and specific activities in particular. Second, that there should be a citizen agency disassociated with the municipal government itself, whose function it would be, after supplying such information, to carefully and continuously watch the management of municipal affairs, keep the citizens informed of matters about which they should be informed, and carry immediately to the citizens ship of the city any particular mismanagement or inefficiency that the servants of the citizens might have declined to correct.

(Continued on Page 2)

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

Published Weekly by the
MUNICIPAL LEAGUE OF SEATTLE
Telephone Main 6282

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

BUREAU OF MUNICIPAL RESEARCH

(Continued from page 1)

The purposes to be accomplished by bureaus of municipal research are in general greater efficiency and increased citizen interest and intelligence in and on all the varied activities and affairs of the city.

The methods by which this object is sought to be attained are: First, scientific research into the activities of municipal governments, particularly the activities of the individual city in question. Second, close and sympathetic co-operation with the officials of the city in putting the knowledge to work. Third, conveyance of reliable and accurate information to the citizens when necessary and in all cases when public opinion must be aroused and focused on some deficiency or proposed action inimical to the public interests.

Large private corporations, and many corporations and organizations not so large, have discovered that in order to be thoroughly efficient they must know the last word throughout the world on matters connected with their particular business. Accordingly they have established bureaus of industrial and business research which function for executives by placing at their disposal accurate information on all matters relating to their particular activities. The need with cities is just as great, the issues

at stake are many times greater, and those affected are greater in number. Seattle needs not only to have officials who are honest and efficient but those officials need to know the exact experiences of other cities of similar size in such matters as utility operation management and control, paving, questions connected with fire and police systems, park management, school administration and all other activities of the city. Furthermore, such information, as well as information concerning the details of any particular local project, can only be obtained by research and compilation of results obtained by presentation of such matter to those concerned.

Plan of Organization.

The plan of organization adopted and followed by other cities in establishing and maintaining bureaus of municipal research has become somewhat standardized. The period of experimentation has very largely passed and it is now well known just what such activities involve and what is needed to accomplish the desired results. Such a bureau can only be established and maintained by voluntary contributions of interested private citizens. The funds so contributed must be given without any conditions in order that the bureau may be absolutely dependent except as controlled by the duly constituted controlling body. Those contributing should elect a controlling body of directors or trustees which should be small

in number. The budgets of such bureaus vary throughout the country, the largest, so far as is known to your committee, having been provided for the New York Bureau of Municipal Research, being \$100,000.00. It is also known to your committee that the Philadelphia Bureau, which is one of the most efficient in the country, has an annual budget of \$75,000.00 and the Detroit Bureau, which stands in the same class with that of Philadelphia, maintains a budget of about \$60,000.00.

The trustees, or directors, should select a staff about as follows:

1 Director, 1 Accountant, 1 Engineer, 1 Educator, 1 Statistician, 1 Secretary, 2 Stenographers.

It is the judgment of your committee that an annual budget of not less than \$40,000.00 would be needed for proper functioning and in order to secure satisfactory results.

It would seem, notwithstanding the disinclination to provide money for any purposes not demanded at this time, that it would be a wise expenditure and, by reason of the results to be obtained, actual economy, to establish a bureau of municipal research in Seattle immediately. Conditions have never more clearly demanded such action. Not only has the city grown to such proportions that its intricacies and complexities baffle the citizens but, with an annual budget of more than eighteen million dollars just voted, it seems nothing less than gross neglect to fail to provide some accurate supervision and check upon this vast expenditure of the people's money. It is well known that taxation in Seattle has always been far too high. Moreover it is recognized that there will probably be no reduction in the number of activities undertaken by the city. Therefore the greatest hope seems to lie in greater efficiency. It is the judgment of your committee that this can be most satisfactorily brought about by the establishment of a bureau of municipal research along the lines indicated above. In the midst of present conditions certain problems demand the application of scientific method and accurate research if we are to progress within the next few years. Fore-

most among such matters in addition to taxation are, utility management, involving a satisfactory solution of the street railway problem, city county consolidation, and the question of charter revision, involving the form of municipal government.

Recommendation

Your committee recommends that this conference take such action as will result in the early establishment and proper maintenance of a bureau of municipal research for the city of Seattle.

JOHN T. CONDON

JAMES T. LAWLER

CLAUDE H. ANDERSON

THERE IS NOTHING ELSE LIKE IT

A clever little booklet has been issued by the National Municipal Review calling attention to the value of that journal. The following extracts from the booklet are here reproduced in the hope that many League members will be inspired to subscribe to the paper of the National Municipal League.

* * *

For Citizens, as Such—

In every town there are, praise Heaven, a certain few thoughtful effective citizens—men and women—who co-operate promptly and generously in efforts to better the local politics, government and public affairs.

They work on committees, they serve as officers of Chambers of Commerce, civic leagues, community clubs; they have found the high fascination that lies in joint efforts to make the town cleaner, better, more efficient.

Their national association is the NATIONAL MUNICIPAL ASSOCIATION and their magazine is the NATIONAL MUNICIPAL REVIEW.

* * *

The LEAGUE is twenty-six years old. The REVIEW is ten years old, having been a quarterly and bi-monthly until recently when it became a monthly.

The REVIEW is to the civic field what the "Survey" is to the field of social work—it is the single central clearing-house of information and ideas of the whole fraternity of those whose patriotism takes the form of civic activity and leadership the whole year round.

The NATIONAL MUNICIPAL REVIEW has no competitor. There is nothing else like it. You are not getting the same stuff by any other route. It is not published for profit, but as an essential and scientific service to those who fight against antiquated systems of government, corrupt political gangs, ship-shod public finance, fragmentary city planning, reactionary legislation, improvident utility franchises and lax standards of public administration.

The fight against such things is nation-wide. It is going on all the time. Its victories are frequent and permanent. And beautiful fighting it is, well worth knowing about and enjoyable to watch, especially after you have watched long enough to catch the spirit and comprehend the general strategy and technique of the reformers' tactics.

For example:

The City-Manager Movement

The leaders in 170 cities and towns have secured adoption of this simple, workable modern short Ballot form of government in place of a devious old-style political machinery. And it works well and is spreading fast. The REVIEW has articles and notes about it in every issue. The League's Model City-Manager Charter is accepted as a guide by almost every charter commission.

Proportional Representation

The reformers in three cities in the United States and in several others in Canada have secured a just and scientific scheme of all-party representation in their city councils. Practically nothing is in print about how it works except in our REVIEW.

Short Ballot and

State Administrative Consolidation

Three states have been induced to follow Illinois in consolidating their chaotic array of bureaus, offices and commissions into an orderly series of departments with a radical saving of jobs and salaries. In four other states efforts are on foot. The movement means the regeneration of state governments and it is still in its infancy. All about it monthly in our REVIEW--and nowhere else.

County Government Reform and City County Consolidation

In several cities county government with its petty jobs and politics has been abolished and more cities must follow--yours, perhaps. And county managers are on the horizon. No place to get the story except in our REVIEW.

CIVIL SERVICE IN THE CITY-MANAGER PLAN

A great many city managers that, as they are not political appointees, they should not be restricted by civil service regulations.

These city managers argue that if they are to run the city's business as an industry, they should not be hampered by regulations that do not occur in industry.

On the other hand, industry is developing more and more along civil service principles. Through shop committees and employment officers, everything is being done to reduce turnover.

Industry is more careful at the present time than in the past in the selection of its employees. If a man does not succeed in one position, he is tried out in others to ascertain where he best fits. An employee of a modern operated shop is not discharged until the employment office is satisfied he will not fit in any place in the organization.

In a well-governed city, where you have co-operation between the civil service commission and the administrative head of the government, the same results are being accomplished. Civil service, properly regulated, fairly enforced, can accomplish many of the things in public work that industry is now attempting.

The public in this country today is educated to the use of civil service commissions in public business. They expect fair treatment to be given the city employes and a continuation of office. The public looks to civil service to protect their public affairs from political control and the spoils system.

The civil service rules recommended by the National Municipal League in its model charter, properly handled, furnish the protection the public expects.

They also give the city manager all the freedom that he requires for an efficient administration.

The civil service commission should be appointed by, and be responsible to, the city commission or council. This point is arguable. The trend of improvement in city government, however, is all toward providing machinery that will exclude politics in the administration of city affairs.

The theory of the city-manager form of government is that the commission is the elective or political body. The administration of city affairs is to be under the manager and divorced from politics. The prime object is to keep both the commission and the manager from building up a political organization.

If the civil service commission, for example, were under the city manager, there would be too much power in his hands. If the civil service were under the commission and the employment of all employes were also under the commission, there would be too much power in the hands of the commission. By putting the civil service commission under the commission or council, and certifying lists to the city manager, an effective compromise is reached.

The National Municipal League charter allows the city manager to discharge employes, but he must employ them from civil service lists. This is good theory, and it so works out in practice, as it protects the city--as far as it is possible to-day--from either the commission or the manager building up political machines.

The city-manager form of government in operation is carrying out the theories that prompted the manager charters. The city manager is anxious to build up an efficient organization. The manager's success locally depends up on it. Managers around the country are working for a reputation so that they may be called to other cities. The wise manager leans strongly on the civil service commission. He sees that they get the efficiency records. He knows that these records are being used for the advancement of his men. He builds up the confidence of his organization in civil service. He reaps his reward, as does the city.

FRED W. CATLETT

Attorney Hoge Bldg

NOTICE OF SHERIFF'S SALE OF Real Estate. Sheriff's Office. State of Washington, County of King, ss. By Virtue of a Writ of Execution issued out of the Honorable Superior Court of King County on the 22nd day of August, 1921, by the Clerk thereof in the case of G. W. Haggood, Plaintiff, versus George Bohannon and Florence M. Bohannon, also known as Florence M. Gowan, also known as Florence M. Corbett, and Florence Gowan Bohannon, Defendants. No. 153145, and to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered: Notice is hereby given, That I will proceed to sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, within the hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's sales, to-wit: ten o'clock A. M., on the 1st day of October, 1921, before the Court House door of King County, Jefferson Street Entrance, in the State of Washington, all of the right, title and interest of said defendant in and to the following described property, situated in King County, State of Washington, to-wit:

Lot 14, Block 9 Cottage Grove Addition to the City of Seattle, levied on as the property of said defendants, and each of them, to satisfy a judgment amounting to Eighty-eight and 50/100 (\$88.50) Dollars interest, and the cost of suit, in favor of plaintiff.

Date of this 23rd day of August, 1921.

MATT STARWICH,

Sheriff.

By A. HUTCHESON,

Deputy.

First pub. Aug. 27, 1921. 5t Sept. 24

LUNDIN & BARTO

Lawyers 817-23 Alaska Bldg

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Rena Elizabeth Walters, Deceased. No. 27077. Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Mary J. Walters, Administratrix of the Estate of Rena Elizabeth Walters, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said Mary J. Walters; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 22nd day of September, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 25th day of August, 1921.

GEORGE A. GRANT,

Clerk of said Court.

By GEO. L. BERGER, Deputy.

First pub. Aug. 27, 1921. 3t Sept. 10

To make civil service in government a success, there must be a pension system in connection with it.

The theory of civil service is to keep men long in office. If employes are to be kept in office, there must be some fair and just means to take care of them when they are too old to carry on their functions. Again, the analogy between public affairs and industry holds. Industry, however, is leading government in providing pensions and sick funds.

With the daily increase of city managers throughout the country, there may develop later some procedure that will replace present civil service methods. This, however, will only occur after a long demonstration of the fact that the city manager remains free from political control and can demonstrate that there is some other method that will insure the employment of capable men in public office and keep such men in continuous service.

CARKEEK, McDONALD, HARRIS & CORYELL

Attorneys 1164 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, for King County
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Charles
Skone, Deceased. No. 26786. Notice
to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the un-
dersigned has been appointed and has
qualified as administrator of the estate
of Charles Skone, Deceased; that all
persons having claims against said de-
ceased are hereby required to serve the
same, duly verified, on said Robert C.
Skone, or his attorneys of record at the
address below stated, and file the same
with the Clerk of said Court, together

with proof of such service within six
months after the date of first publica-
tion of this notice, or the same will be
barred.

Date of first publication, August 20,
1921.

ROBERT C. SKONE,
Administrator of said Estate.
Address, Seattle, Washington.
CARKEEK, McDONALD, HARRIS &
CORYELL, Attorneys for Estate,
1164 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
4t Sept. 10

JAMES T. LAWLER

Lawyer White Bldg.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for the County of
King. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of George W.
Meagher, Deceased. No. 28579. Notice
of Hearing Final Report and Petition
for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Belle
Meagher, Administratrix of the Estate
of George W. Meagher, has filed in the
office of the Clerk of said Court her final
Report and petition for distribution, ask-
ing the Court to settle said Report, dis-
tribute the property to the persons there-
to entitled and to discharge said admin-
istratrix; and that said Report and peti-
tion will be heard on the 28th day of
September, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the
Court Room of the Probate Department
of said Court.

Dated this 30th day of August, 1921.

GEORGE A. GRANT,

Clerk of said Court.

By GEO. L. BERGER,

Deputy.

First pub. Sept 3, 1921.

3t Sept 17

JOHN F. REED

Attorney 906 Empire Bldg

NOTICE. SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL
ESTATE. SHERIFF'S OFFICE.

State of Washington, County of King, ss.

By Virtue of an Order of Sale issued
out of the Honorable Superior Court of
King County, on the 7th day of Sep-
tember, A. D. 1921, by the Clerk thereof
in the case of James H. Denison, Plain-
tiff, versus Ella E. Vining and J. C.
Vining, her husband, Defendants. No.
152601, and to me, as Sheriff, directed
and delivered:

Notice is Hereby Given, That I will
proceed to sell at public auction to the
highest bidder for cash, within the
hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's
sales, to-wit: at ten o'clock A. M., on
the 15th day of October, 1921, before
the Court House door of King County,
Jefferson Street Entrance, in the State
of Washington, the following described
property, situated in King County,
State of Washington, to-wit:

East 60 feet of Lot 9, and the east
60 feet of the north 25 feet of Lot
10, Block 11, Crown Addition to the
City of Seattle, King County, Wash-
ington, according to plat recorded in
Volume 2 of Plats, at page 38 of the
records of King County, State of
Washington.

levied on as the property of said de-
fendants to satisfy a judgment of a
foreclosure of a mortgage amounting
to One thousand nine hundred seventy-
eight and 22-100 (\$1978.32) Dollars, in-
terest, attorney's fee of \$170.00, and
the cost of suit, in favor of plaintiff.

Dated this 8th day of September,
1921.

MATT STARWICH, Sheriff.

By A. HUTCHESON, Deputy.

First pub. Sept. 10, 1921. 5t Oct. 8

BEELE & SULLIVAN

Attorneys White Bldg

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for the County
of King. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Eliza-
beth Farrow, Deceased. No. 28631.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and
Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that George
E. Mathieu, Administrator of the Es-
tate of Elizabeth Farrow, deceased, has
filed in the office of the Clerk of said
Court his final Report and petition for
distribution, asking the Court to settle
said Report, distribute the property to
the persons thereto entitled and to dis-
charge said Administrator; and that
said Report and petition will be heard
on the 8th day of October, 1921, at
9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the
Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 6th day of September,
1921.

GEORGE A. GRANT,

Clerk of said Court.

By GEO. L. BERGER, Deputy.

First pub. Sept. 10, 1921. 4t Oct. 1

The Roslyn Fuel Co.

COAL

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* * *

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. XI. NO. 38.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER, 17, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS

**FRANK J. LAUBE, PROFESSOR OF MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT AT THE U. OF W.
WILL DISCUSS "COMMISSION AND CITY MANAGER FORMS OF GOVERNMENT"**

**TUESDAY NOON SEPTEMBER 20,
AT BLANC'S CAFE—OPPOSITE COUNTY-CITY BUILDING
100% ATTENDANCE REQUESTED**

MAYOR H. M. CALDWELL FAVORS COMMISSION FORM OF GOVERNMENT

Mayor Hugh M. Caldwell addressed the Municipal League Tuesday noon on the subject of "Commission form of Government". Expected to talk on the City Manager plan, Mayor Caldwell devoted most of his time to a consideration of the points in favor of the Commission plan as opposed to the City Manager plan.

He was introduced by President Claude H. Anderson, who said in part: "We need not apologize for considering a change in the form of government. Those who happen to be concerned with governmental organizations appreciate that form can mean the difference between efficiency and inefficiency; that it may mean the difference between oligarchy and democracy".

Mayor Caldwell pointed out that Seattle is different from any other city in the United States, in that it has gone in the utility business on so large a scale. A City Manager plan for Seattle would be a desirability provided Seattle had only governmental functions to be administered, but when, to these functions are added three going utilities which must be operated on a business-like basis, and which

amount to over forty million dollars of business, it is too much of a job for one man to take care of would fall short somewhere and we of Seattle would be making a change", declared the Mayor.

Another thing Mayor Caldwell emphasized was that under the City Manager plan it would be impossible to employ a man big enough and run it under Civil Service. "Are you going to have your manager or are you going to get rid of Civil Service?" asked Caldwell. "Civil Service is an improvement, yet it has its disadvantages and adds to our tax burdens".

The Commission form, declared Caldwell, centralizes responsibility and enables the voters to centralize upon individuals—thus shortening the ballot and secondly, it enables the commissioners to do their work properly "without having the right arm interfere with the left".

Following is a complete transcript of the Mayor's address:

I presume the reason I have been asked to speak on the commission form of Government is on account of the recommendation made in my Annual Message to the Council on June the 6th, as required by the City Charter. I recommended the adoption of a resolution, in form to be prepared by the Corporation Counsel, submitting at the election next spring a charter revision adopting the form of government in effect in Portland, Oregon, since 1913.

Perhaps it would be well to refer to the reasons for the proposed change and then consider the form recommended for adoption: The present charter of the City of Seattle was adopted in 1896. It was amended in 1900, 1902 - 4-6-8-10-11-12-13-15-16-18-19-20-21. In other words, during the past twenty-five years it has been patched sixteen times, and "patched" is the word, I believe, that more accurately describes the present condition of our charter than any other that might be used. You will remember that prior to 1911 we had eighteen Councilmen—one from each of the fourteen wards, and four at large. They were paid \$1500 each per annum. At the election in 1910 the people adopted a charter amendment cutting the number in half, providing for their election at large and not by wards, and doubling the pay, making it \$3000 a year.

Under our Charter the legislative powers of the City of Seattle are vested in the Mayor and City Council subject to the power, reserved to the people of the city, to propose for themselves any ordinance dealing with any matter within the realm of local affairs or municipal business; an initiative measure requires a petition of a number of qualified voters equal to not less than ten per cent of the total votes cast for the office of Mayor at the preceding municipal election. The further power, reserved to the people, to refer to a vote of the

qualified electors any ordinance or any section, item, or part of any ordinance which may have passed the Council and Mayor. To invoke a referendum requires a petition of qualified voters equal to not less than 8 per cent of the total votes cast for the Mayor at the preceding election. A minority of the City Council of not less than three members may invoke a referendum vote on a franchise ordinance without any petition.

The Mayor is thus made a part of the Legislative Department but has no power to introduce bills or vote with the Council. Within five days after a Council Bill is passed it is submitted to the Mayor, who must return such Bill to the Council within ten days after receiving it, and if he does not disapprove of it, it becomes an ordinance. If he disapproves it, or vetoes it as it is generally termed, he must state the reasons therefor and the Council may, within thirty days thereafter reconsider the same and pass it over the Mayor's veto by a two-thirds vote of the members elected. In other words, six councilmen may run the city in any manner not in conflict with the Charter or state laws.

The Charter provides that the Council may have certain powers by ordinance, and not otherwise. The powers enumerated are rather extensive and leave a few which may be covered by

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

resolution. A resolution is not submitted to the Mayor and does not require his approval or disapproval.

In view of the fact that the Mayor appoints, subject to the approval of the City Council, the various department heads he is popularly at least charged with the responsibility for the proper conduct of the various city departments. Yet, when it is considered that six members of the Council may absolutely control the policy of such department, regardless of the Mayor's ideas or his appointees', it is apparent that the responsibility and authority is divided. The Council is divided into various committees. These committees of three or more Councilmen work with the heads of the departments, visiting the various projects or utilities, and, through their authority to secure the introduction or withholding of legislation and the appropriation or withholding of funds, really control the policy of such departments. As a matter of fact, the Mayor is merely the nominal head of the City Government. While now made

a part of the legislative body in one sense, yet under the present system he functions entirely separate, and does not have an opportunity to act or vote until the members of the Council have already committed themselves to some theory or measure. The very natural result of this is resentment on the part of the Council should the Mayor, by his veto, undertake to set aside the ac-

tion which the Council has already taken. This is particularly true under our non-partisan system of government, where the officials elected are independent individuals, responsible to no particular organization and having no policies to carry out unless it be their own or one voluntarily adopted by the individual.

In some cities a similar form of government authorizes the Mayor to preside at Council meetings. This at least tends to a full exchange of ideas before the individuals are committed by voting. The controversies as to matters of policy that have arisen during the past year and a half between the Council and the Mayor are like those that have arisen during previous administrations under our present form of City Government. The Mayor, as the executive head of the City, is not empowered to vote in the preparation of the budget, and consequently is deprived of the control or vote as to items being included in or excluded from any tax levy for a particular department.

The City of Seattle is engaged in the utility business to the extent of over \$40,000,000 dollars in capital invested or bonds outstanding, but the policy and control of this business are determined partly by the nine members of the Council, partly by the Mayor and partly by the Board of Public Works, whose members are appointed by the Mayor, with the consent of the

Council. There should be some centralized authority and consequent responsibility for the operation of this enormous business.

The Mayor, through his power of appointment and removal of the heads of the various city departments, is supposed to have some control over such departments. Yet in practice some committee of the Council really has more power in this regard than has the Mayor.

Commission Form of Government

The proposal to adopt the Commission form, as distinguished from our present system, is not a new, untried, or visionary plan. It was adopted thirteen years ago in Des Moines, Iowa; and at the present time there are fifteen cities of 100,000 population, or over, according to the 1920 census, that are governed by a Commission, as follows:

Buffalo, N. Y.,---505,775---Jan-1, 1916; Newark, N.J.,---414,524---1918; New Orleans, La.,---387,219---Dec. 2, 1912; Jersey City, N. J.,---298,103---June 17, 1913; Portland, Ore.,---258,288---July 1, 1913; St. Paul, Minn.,---234,698 June 1, 1914; Oakland, Cal.,---216,261---July 1, 1911; Birmingham, Ala.,---178,806---April 10, 1911; San Antonio, Tex.,---161,379---June 1, 1915; Des Moines, Ia.,---126,468---April 1, 1908; Nashville, Tenn.,---118,342---Oct. 14, 1913; Salt Lake City, Utah.,---118,110---Jan. 1, 1912; Spokane, Wash.,---104,437---Mar. 14, 1911; Kansas City, Kan.,---101,177---April 8, 1910; Tacoma, Wash.,---96,965---May 2, 1910.

Of the foregoing it will be noticed that there are three larger than Seattle, namely, Buffalo, Newark, N. J. and New Orleans; seven, including the three last above named, and Jersey City, Portland, Oregon, St. Paul, and Oakland, have more than 200,000 population. At the present time there are about 300 municipalities, including the cities above named, that are governed by a Commission.

Aside from those governed by Commissions, about 188 municipalities are governed under the City Manager plan, the largest two being Akron, Ohio, with 208,435 population, under a City Manager since January 1920, and Dayton, Ohio, with a population

of 152,559, in effect since January 1914.

Portland, Oregon.

In my annual message I recommended the submission to the people of a charter amendment adopting the form of government in Portland, Oregon, since 1913. Under this plan, the only elective officers would be the Mayor, four Commissioners and the Comptroller. All of said officers would be elected at large for a term of four years. The salary of the Mayor would be left as at present and each of the Commissioners paid \$5000 per annum, or a total of \$27,500.00 per annum as against \$34,500.00, as at present.

Under our Charter the government of Seattle is divided into fourteen departments, as follows:

1. The Legislative Department.
2. The Executive Department.
3. The Clerical Department.
4. The Department of Police.
5. The Department of Public Works.
6. The Department of Finance.
7. The Department of Sanitation.
8. The Fire Department.
9. The Harbor Department.
10. The Department of Parks.
11. The Library Department.
12. The Law Department.
13. The Judicial Department.
14. The Civil Service Department.

Under the Portland plan there are five departments, as follows:

1. The Department of Public Affairs.
2. The Department of Finance.
3. The Department of Public Safety.
4. The Department of Public Utilities.
5. The Department of Public Improvements.

The distribution of the work among these departments is made by the Mayor and may from time to time, by order which shall be filed and preserved as an ordinance, be changed, and the names of the departments may be changed in like manner. This places considerable power in the hands of the Mayor, carrying with it the corresponding responsibilities, and it is difficult to see how the present municipal indoor sport of "passing the buck" could survive.

I believe the designation to the respective departments by the Mayor is preferable to this being decided by the Commission itself, as in Spokane, Jersey City, and New Orleans. In the latter instance, if some Commissioner aspires to fill some particular department he will do a little log-rolling or vote-trading with the others, as a result of which the various departments might be filled by the men least experienced or qualified for the work and the responsibility for this would not exist in one man, it would if the Mayor were given this power, as in Portland.

In adopting the charter amendment providing for nine councilmen, as at present, and increasing their pay and eliminating sectional lines, the people decided to centralize the authority in a fewer number, with the idea that the Councilmen elected would devote their entire time to the City's business. In some instances this has worked out in practice; in others, it is noticeably not the case. Regardless of this element, it can be said that the present nine member transect the City's business as effectively as the eighteen formerly

It is true that no system of municipal government has been devised that is perfect. I personally believe that centralizing the authority and responsibility, and shortening the ballot and holding the elections less frequently, would have the effect of focusing the Public's attention on the officials who fail to serve faithfully. At the present time we elect the Mayor for two years, the Councilmen for three years, and the Comptroller, Treasurer and Corporation Counsel for four years each. We have a municipal election each year; one-third of the Council is either just been through an election, and stands more or less recently committed to certain policies advocated, with more or less regard for the number of votes to be thereby corralled; another third is always approaching election—where some individuals or minority may feel aggrieved at the fearless performance of public duty and accordingly register their disapproval at the approaching election.

THE NATIONAL PARKS AND REORGANIZATION

For years the American Civic Association has carried on educational work to explain and extend the national park principle. It led in the long fight to secure an organized national park service. As a result of the combined efforts of those interested, there was established about four years ago, a national park service in the department of the interior, with Mr. Stephen Mather at its head. Mr. Mather has been responsible for a liberal policy which has meant a wide-open door to the people that they may have every facility for enjoying their parks so long as they recognize and observe the social law of equal treatment for all and special privileges for none. Appointed under the last administration, Mr. Mather has been continued under this, and the people are thus assured that their national park service will continue to be directed by an experienced park man.

The national park service is directly responsible for the ad-

ministration of nineteen national parks and twenty-four national monuments. In the war department, under the quartermaster-general, the Antietam battle field is administered, and under an officer in the office of the secretary of war two national monuments are directly administered. The battlefields of Chickamauga and Chattanooga, Shiloh, Gettysburg, Vicksburg and Guilford Court House are administered by one or more commissioners each, as is the birthplace of Lincoln. Under the department of agriculture the forest service administers ten national monuments.

This situation should be corrected in the reorganization of the federal administrative service.

SEATTLE'S TROUBLES IN VERSE

The following article "Seattle's Troubles in Verse" is taken from the August number of the National Municipal Review:—

It will be remembered that a Seattle grand jury has decided that the city paid three times too much for its traction system, and the mayor's engineer believes that the price was 100 per cent too high. This plus the short term in which the purchase bonds are to be paid off imposes a very difficult task on municipal ownership. The situation has inspired the Seattle Post-Intelligencer to verse addressed to the former owners:

We're in an awful mess, alas! Remember back a year or two we bought a street car line from you.

Your demonstrator failed to show us how to make the blamed thing go, and thus, although it gives us pain, we'll have to ship it back again.

You showed us figures you'd prepared. "A child can run it," you declared. "You'll like your little plaything fine, just decorate the dotted line."

You let us heft your one-man cars and monkey with the nickel jars; you showed us how to throw the switch and said, "No hurry for the pay," and so we bought it right away.

And having bought, we looked around, and to our deep dismay we found, by placing sleuths upon the trail, that we had spent a lot of kale.

We had a jury probe the deal, we paid three times too much, we feel; and so your kiddy cars and track we're wrapping up and shipping back.

To own it wasn't any fun. It didn't leave us anyone to roundly cuss when things went wrong.

You see, we'd cussed you boys so long it sort of left us in the air. We really were not treated fair.

So take your car line, we implore, so we can razz you boys once more.

Municipal Home Rule

has been the key to brilliant progress in numerous states and our model home rule amendment seems far less radical now than when it first appeared twenty years ago. See it work—through the NATIONAL MUNICIPAL REVIEW

Municipal Court Reform

It is largely a matter of correct and flexible organization as Chicago and New York have demonstrated. The American Judicature Society does the technical work, but we are interested observers.

City Planning and Zoning

The zoning idea in a dozen cities is heading off future unkemptness and raggedness of urban growth and making growth a rational orderly process with residential sections that will stay unspoiled and factories and shops that will stay where they belong. The subject is covered nowhere but in the REVIEW.

(Continued on page four)

FRED W. CATLETT

Attorney Hoge Bldg
NOTICE OF SHERIFF'S SALE OF Real Estate. Sheriff's Office. State of Washington, County of King, ss. By Virtue of a Writ of Execution issued out of the Honorable Superior Court of King County on the 22nd day of August, 1921, by the Clerk thereof in the case of G. W. Haggood, Plaintiff, versus George Bohannon and Florence M. Bohannon, also known as Florence M. Gowan, also known as Florence M. Corbett, and Florence Gowan Bohannon, Defendants. No. 152145, and to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered: Notice is hereby given, That I will proceed to sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, within the hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's sales, to-wit: ten o'clock A. M., on the 1st day of October, 1921, before the Court House door of King County, Jefferson Street Entrance, in the State of Washington, all of the right, title and interest of said defendant in and to the following described property, situated in King County, State of Washington, to-wit:

Lot 14, Block 9 Cottage Grove Addition to the City of Seattle, levied on as the property of said defendants, and each of them, to satisfy judgment amounting to Eighty-eight and 50-100 (\$88.50) Dollars interest, and the cost of suit, in favor of plaintiff.

Date this 23rd day of August, 1921.
MATT STARWICH,
Sheriff.
By A. HUTCHESON,
Deputy.
First pub. Aug. 27, 1921. 5t Sept. 24

Municipal Research

Whenever one of the numerous bureaus of municipal research gets out a constructive report of more than local interest, the REVIEW is the logical publisher or reviewer. The Governmental Research Conference

meets annually with the National Municipal League.

This is not the whole list; it is merely a glimpse of the innumerable interesting things going on to-day in America which you, as a citizen, should know about.

JAMES T. LAWLER

Lawyer White Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of George W. Meagher, Deceased. No. 28579. Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Belle Meagher, Administratrix of the Estate of George W. Meagher, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said administratrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 28th day of September, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 30th day of August, 1921.

GEORGE A. GRANT,

Clerk of said Court.

By GEO. L. BERGER, Deputy.

First pub. Sept 3, 1921. 3t Sept 17

JOHN F. REED

Attorney 906 Empire Bldg
NOTICE, SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE. SHERIFF'S OFFICE.

By Virtue of an Order of Sale issued out of the Honorable Superior Court of King County, on the 7th day of September, A. D. 1921, by the Clerk thereof in the case of James H. Denison, Plaintiff, versus Ella E. Vining and J. C. Vining, her husband, Defendants. No. 152601, and to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered:

Notice is hereby Given, That I will proceed to sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, within the hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's sales, to-wit: at ten o'clock A. M., on the 15th day of October, 1921, before the Court House door of King County, Jefferson Street Entrance, in the State of Washington, the following described property, situated in King County, State of Washington, to-wit:

East 60 feet of Lot 9, and the east 60 feet of the north 25 feet of Lot 10, Block 11, Crown Addition to the City of Seattle, King County, Washington, according to plat recorded in Volume 2 of Plats, at page 38 of the records of King County, State of Washington.

levied on as the property of said defendants to satisfy a judgment of a foreclosure of a mortgage amounting to One thousand nine hundred seventy-eight and 32-100 (\$1978.32) Dollars, interest, attorney's fee of \$170.00, and the cost of suit, in favor of plaintiff.

Dated this 8th day of September, 1921.

MATT STARWICH, Sheriff.

By A. HUTCHESON, Deputy.

First pub. Sept. 10, 1921. 5t Oct. 8

BEELER & SULLIVAN

Attorneys White Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Elizabeth Farrow, Deceased. No. 28631. Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that George E. Mathieu, Administrator of the Estate of Elizabeth Farrow, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said Administrator; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 8th day of October, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 6th day of September, 1921.

GEORGE A. GRANT,

Clerk of said Court.

By GEO. L. BERGER, Deputy.

First pub. Sept. 10, 1921. 4t Oct. 1

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OL. XI, NO. 39.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS

DO YOU FAVOR A CHANGE IN THE FORM OF SEATTLE'S GOVERNMENT?

Do you believe in the City Manager for as advocated by the Special League Committee, or do you Favor the Portland Commission Plan as advocated by Mayor Caldwell?

**ALL MEMBERS OF THE LEAGUE SHOULD ATTEND THIS IMPORTANT MEETING
AT BLANC'S CAFE—OPPOSITE COUNTY-CITY BUILDING
PARTAKE IN A DISCUSSION AND VOTE TUESDAY NOON, SEPTEMBER 27**

MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT FAVORS CITY MANAGER PLAN

Delivering one of the best addresses that has been heard by the members of the Municipal League, Professor Frank J. Taube, of the Political Science Department of the University of Washington, unequivocally recommended the City Manager plan for Seattle.

"A body of voters can always, with fair intelligence, select officials for policy-making—law makers—almost as well as it can select general administrative officers. But democracy cannot select expert service. That must be secured by commissions of men, or by an administrative head." This, declared Taube, was a fundamental rule which has proved to be true in the years of America's experience. He continued:

"The City Manager form of government provides the commissioners with those powers which they can do, namely—legislative powers, policy fixing powers—and places all of the administrative work in the hands of a trained executive. That is the great virtue of the City Manager plan.

"As to the charge that the City Manager Plan cannot be effective under civil service: we could be going straight backwards if we did drop the civil service. The civil service is the best protection of effective

administration; for it is based on the merit system. And moreover, civil service applies in the main, only to employees doing clerical work. The heads of departments and those men who must be relied upon for their judgment in executing the policies of the department head, are not under civil service.

"In effectiveness the City Manager plan would mean everything. It is up to Seattle to put its house in order. The stage is set for a new act. The future of the industrial and commercial world is on the Pacific Coast. Here we have the richest back country. If we are to profit by the era of industrial and commercial expansion, we must be ready for it with an

efficient governmental machine

"The injection of sound "traditionalism" with much change in the form of government served to secure the English good government. England won't stand for an incompetent public official in governmental life; and hence, England hasn't got bad government; and when we won't stand for bad government, we will get the other kind.

"The older form of Municipal government was very simple; the people elected a group and that group administered the affairs of the city. In the early 19th century a wave swept over our country for the adoption of the Federal system in our mu-

nicipal affairs; and this system, wherever adopted, resulted in the dispersion of responsibility and the confusion of administrative authority. We tried to remedy this condition first by making the Mayor's power strong, and later weakening that power; but the rotten conditions continued to exist until at the end of that century we had the worst municipal government in the history of the world.

"And then something happened. In 1900 Galveston had a tidal wave. Galveston at that time was a bankrupt city, when the disaster befell them and so the people turned over all their affairs to a commission. Galveston's experience showed that you must concentrate responsibility and tell your commissioners that if they can't possibly do their work they must quit. The system was effective—so effective, indeed, that in ten years time over 350 cities in America adopted the Commission form of government. Its effect, however, was the result of its newness. "It is a new broom that sweeps clean".

"The Commission form, however, has proven a failure in America. It lacks the quality of administrative competency—though in legislative matters it has been successful; and the reason for its great failure is the bickering and quarreling of its commissioners. There isn't much legislative work in a city

TO SEATTLE LAWYERS

The Municipal News is the organ of the Municipal League, an organization devoted to the best interests of Seattle. The purposes of the League are to induce citizens to take an active part in municipal affairs, to secure the choice of competent officials and the faithful performance by them of their duties, to further wholesome legislation and to disseminate information concerning the city of Seattle, to promote municipal improvements and to make living conditions clean, healthful and attractive. The League is your organization whether you are a member of it or not. It is not organized for profit or for selfish aims. You can help the League and through it every resident of the city if you will help its publication by giving to it your legal advertisements. The cost for publication of the notices are fixed by law. Send them to the "Municipal News" and make this paper—the League's paper, sustain itself. A call from you to the office of the League, Main 0791, will bring a messenger at your office.

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Treasurer.....Eimon L. Wienir, 405 Leary Bldg., Main 0791
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Terms Expire May, 1922.

Howard A. Adams, Ell. 0130
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Robert F. Sandall, Main 0441
Jackson Silbaugh, Main 4241
Dan Earle, Main 0078
E. C. Kilbourne, Ell. 0607

Terms Expire May, 1923

M. L. Baker, Main 2795
Vivian Carkeek, Ell. 0080
William G. Mann, Ell. 2783
James W. Reynolds, Main 0799
L. B. Schwellenbach, Main 0363
H. A. Woodcock, Main 5208

J. T. Lawler, Main 6059, Ex-Officio Trustee

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

and whatever laws or ordinances must be made concern themselves only with the city's affairs. It is administrative work that is needed, and there is where the Commission form has failed.

"The City Manager form exists today in one of the most efficient departments of the country's life--the Educational Department. The voters elect a Board of Education; the Board of Education elects a superintendent of schools, an expert by profession, and the superintendent of schools is responsible to the Board of Education for the conduct and management of the schools. That is the ideal form, for it centralizes the responsibility, and makes for an effective administration."

WHAT SEATTLE NEWS-PAPERS THOUGHT OF A RESEARCH BUREAU

The League's present endeavors to secure a municipal research bureau for Seattle calls to mind the efforts it made in that direction in 1915. The general principles laid down at that time, an outline of the work of such a bureau, the endorsements and the Press comments it received then would be of great interest to us now. For that reason a portion of the pamphlet issued by the League on that subject is here reprinted. The newspaper comments are particularly interesting in view of the comparative silence of the press at this

time.

An extract of the pamphlet follows:

* * *

Bureau of Municipal Research-- Its Purposes Proposition I.

The cost of local government in King County and Seattle is excessively high.

There are many places where inefficiency exists.

Proposition II.

It is urgently necessary to secure more efficiency, and therefore a lower cost.

No concerted effort on a large scale has been undertaken in Seattle to secure the desired results.

Proposition III.

The organization of a Bureau of Municipal Research is highly desirable at this time.

This bureau, organized along the lines of similar bureaus in other cities, notably in New York City, would secure expert service for the purpose of investigation and to make recommendations to secure more efficient government. It would not consider the question of governmental policies.

* * *

An Outline of the Work

1. To scrutinize the systems of accounting in the four local governments of Seattle.

2. To suggest improvements in the budget system of these four governmental bodies.

3. To examine the method of purchasing materials and supplies and letting and executing

construction contracts in these bodies.

4. To examine the pay rolls of these local governing bodies with the view of determining the efficiency of such expenditures.

5. To make constructive suggestions for improvements in the directions indicated under 1, 2, 3, and 4, and to co-operate with public officials in the installation of these improved methods.

6. To furnish the public with exact information regarding public revenues and expenditures.

Method of Carrying on Work.

Such an organization would ultimately, if not immediately, maintain a staff of expert accountants, investigators and engineers to carry on continuously an analytical and constructive study of public expenditures and the general administration of municipal departments.

The very fact that such organization was in existence would strengthen the hands of those officials desiring to secure better results in their departments and would restrain those whose only interest in public expenditures is for their own personal advantage.

Go Slow at First.

In laying the foundation for this kind of work, it is always well to make haste slowly. The adoption of too elaborate a program is apt to result in little accomplishment.

It will be found that most city officials are willing and anxious to co-operate in any movement of this sort, provided the men directing the work approach the question with an open mind and a real desire to help the departments to solve their difficult problems. Anything in the nature of an investigation with a preconceived idea of bringing criticism upon a department will meet with failure and will deserve it.

What the Bureau Might Do.

With the passage of the Renick bill, relating to the bond and trust funds of the city, and the budget bill, making every item in the city budget in effect a trust fund, and the loss in revenue which will ensue in 1916 when the prohibition law takes effect, there is urgent need for a general survey of the financial

condition of the city by men who have had extended experience in dealing with large financial problems.

Next year's budget should be worked out in the minutest detail so that the emergency warrants provided for under the new bill for all expenditures not specified in the budget will be issued only in extraordinary cases, especially in view of the fact that it will take the unanimous action of the city council and the mayor to issue them.

Work on these problems should begin immediately.

* * *

Endorsed by Robert Boyns.

I believe that we could have no more beneficial an organization than a corps of disinterested experts, unhampered by political activities, and without prejudice, to work out for us plans to increase the efficiency of the various city departments and I heartily endorse the movement to establish such a bureau here.

ROBERT S. BOYNS,
President Seattle Commercial Club.

* * *

PRESS COMMENT Would Save Millions

"Citizens overburdened with taxes are as helpless as sheep when it comes to the point of diagnosing their troubles. They are unfamiliar with the intricacies of municipal bookkeeping and with the ordinary processes of public business. They only know that they are paying too much for government, and the need is for a specific pointing out of the leaks. This may only be accomplished by intelligent research under the guidance of experts in government. A commission of Seattle citizens should undertake this task at the earliest moment.

"Little help is ordinarily extended by people who are in office in formulating reforms, and a research bureau would be an impartial source of information. Its finding would be valuable in the comparisons between the old and new systems, and constitute the anchorage for wise and economical government.

"Such a committee should have the guidance of an expert in city governmental affairs; a man who knows how a great administrative body should

handled and who has a knowledge of its complicated affairs and an ability for organization. Seattle citizens should by voluntary subscription, contribute the expense of research and give impetus to the movement that is to relieve them from careless and extravagant government. A few thousand dollars thus expended would save millions of dollars of waste in the future and constitute an investment for the general welfare. --- Post-Intelligencer, Jan. 30, 1915.

* * *

"Good!" Says the Star. The Municipal League is working on plans for the establishment in Seattle of a Bureau of Municipal Research, modeled something after the bureau established in New York in 1907 by Henry Bruere, and on the lines of more that have followed.

Good! A research bureau is the safest bet on lower taxes and greater efficiency in city government we have seen for some time.

In a word, the bureau is good. A staff of disinterested experts, unhampered by political considerations, and absolutely unprejudiced, are imported and set to work studying how to "prune" city departments. They do not to criticize city officials, but to help them. Practically every place the plan has been tried it has been a great success. City officials welcome Dayton's city manager, for example, has used Dayton's bureau to good advantage ever since he took office"---Star, Mar. 1, 1915.

* * *

THE MAYOR'S ADDRESS

Just why the daily papers did not report Mayor Caldwell's address to the League, last Tuesday, is a mystery. The address is one of the best that has been heard before the League. It was from a man who had had prolonged and intimate experience with the problems of municipal government in Seattle, and was particularly with bias because of the fact, as announced by Caldwell, that he would not be a candidate for Mayor at the next

election. His address showed that he had given the subject a good deal of study, as well as thought, and coming as it did from the chief official of the City of Seattle, the newspapers should have given it full publicity. Fatty Arbuckle's difficulties in San Francisco, and Roy Gardner's antics in the wilds of McNeil's island, had something to do with this, for unquestionably the newspapers had to give very much space to these two gentlemen also society women attending the opera had to be photographed, and the photographs had to appear full sized in one of the newspapers. This perhaps accounts for the 6...MUNY

fact that the address was not reported. It certainly is a sad commentary upon the character of the newspapers of this city. Anything which is vile, salacious and degrading must be featured in head lines a foot high. Everything else--and particularly serious matters must be relegated to the waste-paper basket.

* * *

MUNICIPAL RESEARCH COMMITTEE ACTION

On Thursday, September the 8th, at the Masonic Club rooms, there was held a conference of various civic organizations and prominent citizens, together with the committee of the Municipal League on the Municipal Research Bureau. The meeting showed conclusively that the people of Seattle needed educating along this line before it could be hoped to establish a bureau. Many individuals urged that "we go slow" at this time in the establishment of such a bureau; and others urged that the time was "inopportune." That the majority of those present misconceived the idea of the bureau and believed that it meant simply the establishment of another civil agency like that of the Municipal League or the civic bureau of the Chamber of Commerce and similar organizations, was evidenced by the fact that four of the speakers urged that the organizations above referred to were capable of meeting the exigencies of municipal life. The Seattle Times editorial also took

the same attitude. At a meeting of the committee which was held last Thursday, it was unanimously agreed that before any additional steps are taken by the committee, a campaign of education must be lodged; and facts must be shown. The accomplishments of bureaus in other cities will be published from time to time in these columns, and thus lead the way in convincing Seattle of the necessity for a similar organization.

It is, of course, to be deplored that Seattle cannot take immediate steps for the establishment of the bureau, but a beginning must be made somewhere, and the Municipal League has made it. Whether established now or later, the time is ripe for Seattle to give serious consideration to the necessity of such an institution. Is there any doubt but what a bureau of this kind could save the tax-payers twenty times the amount of its cost?

The report of the sub-committee submitted by Dean John T. Condon, James T. Lawler, and Claude H. Anderson was one of the most succinct, as well as satisfactory pieces of work that has been presented by a League committee. The issue of September 10th is well worth reading, and reading again. It should be saved by every League member, or sent on to a Seattle friend for the purpose of helping the committee carry on this work of education.

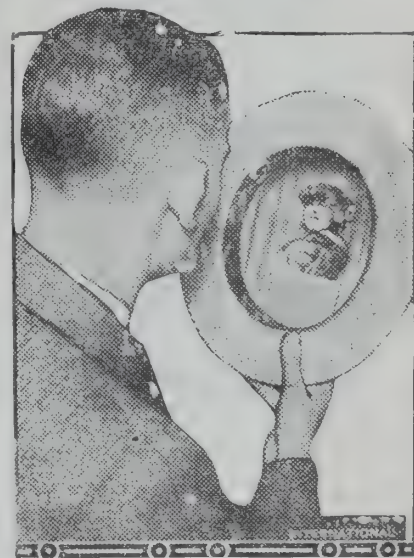
* * *

WHAT OUR CITY MANAGER COMMITTEE MUST DO

In view of the strong address of Mayor Caldwell, presented in full in last issue, favoring a Commission form of government at this time, as against the City Manager plan, our City Manager Committee, reporting in favor of the City Manager plan, must now reconstruct its original report and either bring in a new report or prepare a supplemental one taking into account the Mayor's statements. Otherwise the committee will be accused of having presented a fully theoretical plan and one which does not squarely meet the issue. The League must shortly decide this matter; that is, it must decide whether it favors the Commission form of

government under such a plan as Portland's, or whether it favors the City Manager plan as that proposed by the League committee and by the National Municipal League. This is indeed an important matter and the League was the first organization in Seattle to take the initiative in it.

HOW TO KEEP YOUR HAT



No more lost hats. A bright young man in the Wall street section of New York, who had lost several hats, conceived the idea of sticking his girl's photo in the crown of his latest purchase. So far, although he has invited the gentlemen who take "better hats for bad ones" to get his, they have left it strictly alone.

DR. SAWYER A HORSEMAN



Brig. Gen. Charles E. Sawyer, President Harding's personal physician, snapped after an early morning ride through Potomac park, Washington. General Sawyer will probably urge the President to take up horseback riding in the near future.

FRED W. CATLETT
Attorney
Hoge Bldg
NOTICE OF SHERIFF'S SALE OF Real Estate. Sheriff's Office. State of Washington, County of King, ss. By Virtue of a Writ of Execution issued out of the Honorable Superior Court of King County on the 22nd day of August, 1921, by the Clerk thereof in the case of G. W. Haggood, Plaintiff, versus George Bohannon and Flor-

ence M. Bohannon, also known as Florence M. Gowan, also known as Florence M. Corbett, and Florence Gowan Bohannon, Defendants. No. 153145, and to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered: Notice is hereby given, That I will proceed to sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, within the hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's sales, to-wit: ten o'clock A. M., on the 1st day of October, 1921, before the Court House door of King County, Jefferson Street Entrance, in the State of Washington, all of the right, title and interest of said defendant in and to the following described property, situated in King County, State of Washington, to-wit:

The Roslyn Fuel Co.

COAL

818-821 White Bldg.

SEATTLE, WASH.

* * *

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810 1/2 FIRST AVENUE

Lot 14, Block 9 Cottage Grove Addition to the City of Seattle, levied on as the property of said defendants, and each of them, to satisfy a judgment amounting to Eighty-eight and 50-100 (\$88.50) Dollars, interest, and the cost of suit, in favor of plaintiff.

Date of this 23rd day of August, 1921.

MATT STARWICH, Sheriff.

By A. HUTCHESON, Deputy.

First pub. Aug. 27, 1921. 5t Sept. 24

JAMES T. LAWLER

Lawyer

White Bldg.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of George W. Meagher, Deceased. No. 28579. Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Belle Meagher, Administratrix of the Estate of George W. Meagher, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said administratrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 28th day of September, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 30th day of August, 1921.

GEORGE A. GRANT, Clerk of said Court.

By GEO. L. BERGER, Deputy.

First pub. Sept. 3, 1921. 3t Sept. 17

JOHN F. REED

Attorney

906 Empire Bldg

NOTICE. SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE. SHERIFF'S OFFICE.

State of Washington, County of King, ss.

By Virtue of an Order of Sale issued out of the Honorable Superior Court of King County, on the 7th day of September, A. D. 1921, by the Clerk thereof in the case of James H. Denison, Plaintiff, versus Ella E. Vining and J. C. Vining, her husband, Defendants. No. 152601, and to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered:

Notice is Hereby Given, That I will proceed to sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, within the hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's sales, to-wit: at ten o'clock A. M., on the 15th day of October, 1921, before the Court House door of King County, Jefferson Street Entrance, in the State of Washington, the following described property, situated in King County, State of Washington; to-wit:

East 60 feet of Lot 9, and the east 60 feet of the north 25 feet of Lot 10, Block 11, Crown Addition to the City of Seattle, King County, Washington, according to plat recorded in Volume 2 of Plats, at page 38 of the records of King County, State of Washington.

levied on as the property of said defendants to satisfy a judgment of a foreclosure of a mortgage amounting to One thousand nine hundred seventy-eight and 32-100 (\$1978.32) Dollars, interest, attorney's fee of \$170.00, and the cost of suit, in favor of plaintiff.

Dated this 8th day of September, 1921.

MATT STARWICH, Sheriff.

By A. HUTCHESON, Deputy.

First pub. Sept. 10, 1921. 5t Oct. 8

BEELE & SULLIVAN

Attorneys

White Bldg

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Elizabeth Farrow, Deceased. No. 28631. Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that George E. Mathieu, Administrator of the Estate of Elizabeth Farrow, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said Administrator; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 8th day of October, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 6th day of September, 1921.

GEORGE A. GRANT, Clerk of said Court.

By GEO. L. BERGER, Deputy.

First pub. Sept. 10, 1921. 4t Oct. 1

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OCT 11

Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. XI. NO. 40.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS

October 8, 1921.
City Council of the City of
Seattle,
County-City Building,
Gentlemen:
The Board of Trustees of the Municipal League, at a special meeting held at noon today, have passed the following resolution, and it earnestly requests that you give serious consideration to the same:
"RESOLVED:— That the Board of Trustees of the Municipal League request that the City Council, before taking any action on the proposed ordinance reducing the carfare to five cents; — cause a thorough investigation to be made of what the result in revenue and expenditures will be:—
"And also:—that the Corporation Counsel's opinion be secured as to whether in case such reduction of fares results in a less revenue than is necessary in order to comply with the terms of the contract of purchase, defray operating expense and all proper charges against the railway, the city would incur any general liability on the bonds or for breach of contract or otherwise; and whether any such deficit must be met out of general taxes:—
"And that their reports be made public records."
Very truly yours,
EIMON L. WIENIR,
Secretary.

TUESDAY'S MEETING

Owing to the confusion of a meeting place, the attendance at last Tuesday's meeting was small. The confusion resulted from the fact that Blanc's was suddenly closed Saturday, and a new meeting place had to be provided in the interim.
A discussion was begun by President Anderson as to a new meeting place, and it was decided
(Continued on page 3)

MAYOR OF MOBILE INVITED TO SPEAK

Mayor Harry Pillans of Mobile, Alabama, who is a delegate to the Tenth Annual Convention of the American Association of Port Authorities which will be held in Seattle, beginning next Tuesday, has been invited to address the Municipal League at Tuesday's meeting. It was felt that because of Mayor Pillan's official position, and the rare opportunity which we have of knowing something about the city government of Mobile, that the talk would be particularly interesting to the members of the League.
Should Mayor Pillans be unable to address the League, plans are being perfected whereby a full consideration of the 5c carfare problem will be had. The Public Utilities Committee, headed by Robert Howes, has met this week and has presented a request to the City Council, which appears in this issue. Its report will be presented to the League. Councilman Fitzgerald has also been asked to talk to the League.

HIGDAY RESIGNS CHAIRMANSHIP

Regret is expressed in the resignation of Hamilton Higday, Chairman of the Harbor Development and Commerce Committee of the League. Mr. Higday bases his resignation on the fact that he has accepted a salaried position in the Chamber of Commerce—that of directing the work of the Industrial Bureau—and feels that it is "inconsistent and inappropriate to devote the necessary energy and time required to properly study and report upon matters before your Harbor Development and Commerce Committee". The letter
(Continued on page 3)

MEVES CAFETERIA
Fourth and Pine
Is the new meeting place of the League
TUESDAY NOON
October 11th
HARRY PILLANS
Mayor of Mobile, Ala.,
A Representative to the Port Convention,
Has been Invited to Address the League
5 cent fare report by Public Utilities Committee.
Address by Councilman Fitzgerald
MEVES CAFETERIA
Fourth and Pine
PORT CONVENTION

The annual convention and first National Convention of the American Association of Port Authorities will be held in Seattle, October 11th, 12th, 13th, and 14th. Members interested in the development of port facilities and many matters related to the handling of traffic, and so on, will be glad to learn that the meetings are open to the public. All of the meetings will be held at the New Washington Hotel banquet room. The complete program follows:
* * *

Program for the 10th Annual Convention and 1st International Convention of the American Association of Port Authorities. October 11, 12, 13 and 14. —1921.
* * *

Tuesday, October 11th.
Morning Session—New Washington Hotel Banquet Room.
9:30 A. M. Registration of delegates
(Continued on Page Two.)

LEAGUE TO MEET AT MEVES CAFETERIA

Blanc's Cafe, for more than a year the meeting place of the League, was closed the first of October. The letter announcing the closing was received by the Secretary late Saturday afternoon, October 2nd, and owing to the fact that the News had already been mailed, no announcement was made of the change of meeting place could be made except in the public press.

The League is now meeting at Meves Cafeteria, and will continue to meet at that place until further notice. Members of the League who attended Tuesday's meeting were agreeably surprised to find the meeting room so pleasant and so free from noise. The room is large enough for an attendance of 150, and should prove altogether to be a desirable meeting place. It is hoped that a sign will be placed "reserved for Municipal League only", and, in this way to keep out of the meeting the guests of the place who come into the room without any interest in the meeting. Members should take note of the change of meeting place, and advise their friends accordingly
* * *

A work has been received from the National Municipal League that it is able to help the League in promoting the City Manager plan by mailing to leading civic organizations and representative men of the city the pamphlet known as the "Story of the City Manager Plan". This pamphlet was published in the News last August, and the League received favorable commendation for publishing it. This booklet, it is stated, has been used in large quantities for campaign purposes in other cities. It is said to have great educational value,

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

Published Weekly by the
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Telephone Main 6282

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H. A. Woodcock, Main 5208

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and places sound arguments in the hands of the voters. Its cost is \$5.00 per hundred. The Board is considering ordering such pamphlets in large quantities for campaign purposes.

* * *

The Seattle Chamber of Commerce and Commercial Club has issued an invitation to the League to send a representative to a Forestry Conference which will be held in the assembly room of the Chamber on Friday, October 21, 1921, beginning at 10 o'clock in the forenoon. "This conference is held under the auspices of the Forestry Committee of the State Development Bureau, and is designed to lay the foundation for a state forestry policy", states the letter. The letter goes on to say that: "The program includes papers on the following subjects: Land Classification in Washington, by Dean Henry Landes; Forestry Protection, by C. J. Joy; Needed Reforms in Forest Taxation, by Mr. J. J. Donovan; Practicability of Forest Management on State and Private Lands, by Prof. B. P. Kirkland; A suggested State Forestry Policy, by Mr. Geo. S. Long.

"Each paper will be discussed by from one to five men of authority in lumbering and forestry so that the matured thought of many of the best minds in the state will be presented in the conference.

"It is proposed to continue the work begun at this conference through the coming year, with the view of having a sound pol-

icy crystallized and put into effect by the legislature in 1923.

"We feel sure you are interested in this conference and you are ordially invited to be present and take part in the deliberations!"

Members will please take note of the place and the dates of the meeting.

PORT CONVENTION (Continued from Page 1)

gates and visitors.

9:45 A. M. Invocation.

10:00 A. M. Addresses of welcome by—

His Excellency, Governor Louis F. Hart.

His Honor, Hugh M. Caldwell, Mayor of Seattle.

Dr. W. T. Christensen, President of the Port of Seattle.

Response on behalf of the Association by Hon. Benjamin Thompson, President.

10:30 A. M. Official Reports.

10:45 A. M. Nomination of Committees.

11:00 A. M. Paper No. 1. — Joseph B. Strauss, Strauss Bascule Bridge Co., Chicago, on "Harbour Transit Sheds".

11:30 A. M. Paper No. 2.—Harry Pillans, Mayor of Mobile, Ala. on "The Enlargement of a River Port by Reclamation in the Bay as its Outlet."

12:00 N. Adjournment of Morning Session.

12:00 N. to 1:30 P. M. Luncheon at Masonic Club Room, Arcade Bldg, 2nd & University, as guests of Seattle 100 Per Cent Club.

Afternoon Session—New Washington Hotel Banquet Room.

1:45 P. M. Paper No. 3.—R. E. Armstrong, Secretary St. John Board of Trade, St. John, N. B., on "The Port of St. John—Canada's First Winter Port."

2:20 P. M. Paper No. 4.—M. H. Bronsdon, City Engineer, Providence, R. I., on "Cargo Unloading Apparatus."

2:55 P. M. Paper No. 5.—H. McL. Harding, Consulting Engineer of the State of New York on Barge Canal Terminals, on "The Appraisal of Waterfront Terminals and Properties."

3:30 P. M. Paper No. 6.—Capt. B. C. Allin, Director of the Port of Houston, Texas, on "Dock Aprons."

4:05 P. M. Paper No. 7.—Commander Walter H. Allen, Civil Engineer Corps. U. S. N. Public Works Officer. U. S. Naval Training Station, Great Lakes, Ill., on the "New Naval Harbor on Lake Michigan."

4:40 P. M. Paper No. 8.—Friedrick H. Fay, of Fay, Spofford & Thorndike, Boston, on "The Port of Portland, Me."

5:15 P. M. Paper No. 9.—Justin Greiss, Vice-Pres. McMyler Interstate Co., Bedford, O., on "Recent Developments in Bunkering Cranes, Cargo Coal, Loading Equipment, and Shipbuilding Cranes."

5:45 P. M. Adjournment of Afternoon Session.

Evening Session—New Washington Hotel Banquet Room.

8:00 P. M. Paper No. 10.—Frank G. White, Chief Engineer, Board of State Harbor Commissioners, San Francisco Cal. on "Ship Worms and other Marine Borers."

8:40 P. M. Paper No. 11.—P. R. Hicks, 1146 Otis Bldg, Chicago, Ill., on "The Economic Value of Creosoted Wood in Wharf Construction."

9:20 P. M. Paper No. 12.—M. B. Rider, Lakewood Engineering Co. San Francisco, Cal., on Freight Handling Problems.

10:00 P. M. Adjournment of Evening Session.

Wednesday, October 12th.

9:30 A. M. to 5:30 P. —

Automobile drive to the Snoqualmie Falls Lumber Company's plant — Inspection of plant including felling of large trees, logging by electrically

operated machines and saw mills. Also, visit to Snoqualmie Falls.

12:00 N. to 1:00 P. M. Luncheon at Snoqualmie Falls Lumber Co's mill as guests of Seattle business men.

Evening Session—New Washington Hotel Banquet Room.

8:00 P. M. Paper No. 13.—J. Spencer Smith, Vice-Chairman of the Port of New York Authority and Pres. of the New Jersey Board of Commerce and Navigation, on "Port of New York Authority."

8:40 P. M. Paper No. 14.—Capt. F. T. Chambers, Washington, on "United States Government Co-operation in Port Development."

9:20 P. M. Paper No. 15.—Lt. Col. H. C. Boyden, Portland Cement Association on "The Practical Side of Scientific Concrete."

10:00 P. M. Adjournment of Evening Session.

Thursday, October 13th.

Morning Session—New Washington Hotel Banquet Room.

Reports of Committees

9:00 A. M. Valuation of Port Terminal Property.

9:30 A. M. Dredging Contracts.

10:00 A. M. Handling Facilities at Port Terminals.

10:30 A. M. Tonnage Dues.

11:00 A. M. Question of Terminal Planning.

11:30 A. M. Uniform System of Nomenclature for Port Authorities.

12:00 N. Adjournment for Morning Session.

1:45 P. M. to 5:30 P. M. Inspection of Port of Seattle Terminal Facilities and Demonstration of Mechanical Freight Handling Equipment Also, Automobile Drive over Scenic Boulevards and through Park System.

12:15 P. M. to 1:30 P. M. Luncheon at the Bell Street Terminal as guests of the Port of Seattle. Also, Luncheon at Engineers' Club for visiting Engineers as guests of the Seattle Engineers Societies.

6:30 P. M. to 10:00 P. M. Banquet and Cabaret Entertainment at the Bungalow Cafe 4th Avenue, as guests of Seattle business men.

Friday, October 14th.

Morning Session—New Washington Hotel Banquet Room

9:00 A. M. Paper No. 16.—Cy

us Kehr, Chairman, Joint Board of Nation Planning, Washington, on "Seaports and Nation Planning."

10 A. M. —Paper No. 17 ---Col. John Millis, Corps of Engineers, Ft. Sheridan, Ill., on "The Regulation of the Great Lakes."

10 A. M. Paper No. 18---N. Rufus Choate, Chairman, San Diego Harbor Commission, on "The Port of San Diego, California."

10 A. M. Paper No. 19. ---John N. Cole, Commissioner, Dept. of Public Works, Boston on "The Port of Boston."

10 A. M. Paper No. 20. ---Thas. T. Leeds, Los Angeles, on "Prevention of Silt Deposits in the Southern California Harbors."

5 A. M. Adjournment of Morning Session.

10 N. to 1:30 P. M. Luncheon, Masonic Club Rooms, Arcade Building, as guests of Seattle Chamber of Commerce and Commercial Club.

1:30 P. M. to 6:00 P. M. Inspection of the Bremerton Navy Yard---Naval Base for the Pacific fleet --- Leave Arcade Bldg. by street car to Madison Park; thence by boat, via Lake Washington, Lake Union and Lake Washington Canal docks to Navy Yard;---Returning to Seattle via Elliott Bay by 6:00 P. M.

Evening Session---New Washington Hotel Banquet Room.

7 P. M. Report of Committee on Constitution and By-Laws.

8 P. M. General Business.

9 P. M. Election of Officers.

10 P. M. Adjournment of convention.

Saturday, October 15th

"TACOMA DAY"

Boat trip to Tacoma --- luncheon and inspection of Port facilities, City and Camp Lewis.

HIGBY RESIGNS

(Continued from Page 1)

old meetings at Meves Cafe until further notice.

resident Anderson also started a discussion on the proposed plan for reducing carfares.

V. Bert, Jr., said as follows: "I was on the committee of the League last year that advocated the increase of fare and before know something about the situation. Of course there is action against the high fare

and gross earnings fell off. But it doesn't follow that we should go from one extreme to the other. If there is a deficit under the 5 cent fare it will fall upon the tax-payers to make up that deficit. Do we want to make a different contract with the Stone & Webster Company—and make the general fund liable for part of the operating costs?"

goes on to say that: "I have not only sold my time to one quasi-public institution, but on occasions there might arise a decided conflict of opinion and purpose, when a employee of the Chamber could not with propriety or sufficient force be directing policy as a chamber in a sister association."

By virtue of his long association in Port work, it had been felt by the Board that Mr. Higday would make a strong chairman of the Harbor Development and Commerce Committee. It is indeed to be regretted that Mr. Higday is unable to continue with the work.

* * *

A request has been received from the New York State Bureau of Municipal Information, asking for copies of the report of the League committee which recommended a central garage for all city owned cars. The Bureau states that it is making an investigation regarding city owned motor vehicles, and their use by the city.

LEAGUE PROGRAMS

ANNOUNCED

In conformity with the policy of the Program Committee to have each League committee responsible for a program, Howard A. Adams, Chairman of the Program Committee, has indicated that the following committees would be responsible for programs on the dates shown.

October 18th—Harbor development and commerce Committee—Resume of Convention or Talk on Port of Seattle—Michaelson.

October 25th—Civil Service Committee—J. Y. C. Kellogg.

November 1st—Charter Revision Committee and City jointly.

November 8th—City Development and planning Committee.

November 15th—Housing.

November 22th—Public Health and Sanitation Committee.

November 29th.—Parks, Buildings and Grounds Committee.

December 6th.—Education.

December 13th — City and County Consolidation Committee.

December 20th.—Industrial Relations Committee.

December 27th.—Public Safety Committee.

SECRETARY'S COLUMN

Lower Car Fares.

The Post-Intelligencer has launched a "movement" to cut down street car fares from the present rate of 8 1-3 to five cents. It attributes the two million passenger loss over last year to the higher fare and argues that better business would result by decreasing the fare. It also points out that other coast cities are paying only from five to seven cents for their service, and leaves the inference that there is no reason why Seattle should not have the same low rates.

There is no denying the fact that Seattle would welcome with joy the return to the old nickel fare. Everyone without exception. But it is hardly likely that this can be done now. Cost of operation must first materially decrease and thus far there has been no indication that there has been such a material decrease. Councilman Fitzgerald, as chairman of the finance committee, has stated that he is working out a solution of the matter; and it is earnestly hoped that the announcement of a reduction can be made.

Mere popular demand for reduction will not do unless that demand can be backed up by figures to prove that a reduction is feasible. The Public Utilities Committee of the League has been asked to give careful study to the question and report upon it as soon as is possible.

* * *

Relieving Unemployment.

While estimates of the number of men unemployed as present in Seattle vary from 5,000 to 17,000, it is generally agreed that the situation here, while worse than that of last year, is not as bad as in other cities. William Short, president of the State Federation of Labor, quoted estimates before the Unemployment commission appointed by Mayor Caldwell, showing

that there were approximately 9,000 unemployed here. These men, he said, are practically all American citizens and owners of homes in Seattle. A public wood yard has been suggested as an emergency plan to meet the situation. It is said that there is a tract of land near Kirkland available from which approximately 100,000 cords of wood could be cut.

The commission certainly ought to provide some public means of aiding the unemployed. It has long been recognized that public improvements made at a time when serious conditions of unemployment exist are to the best interests of the community. For when work is plentiful men can find it easy to obtain in private enterprises; but at a time such as this, it can be had by a large proportion of the working men only when the state provides it. Altogether it is humane and just that the community should do something to alleviate the conditions of unemployment. Better this than charity.

STATEMENT OF THE OWNERSHIP, MANAGEMENT, CIRCULATION, ETC., REQUIRED BY THE ACT OF CONGRESS OF AUGUST 24, 1912, OF THE Seattle Municipal News

published weekly at Seattle, Washington, for October 1, 1921.

State of Washington, County of King, ss. Before me, a notary public in and for the State and county aforesaid, personally appeared

C. W. BROWN, who having been duly sworn according to law, deposes and says that he is the Managing Editor of the Seattle Municipal News and that the following is, to the best of his knowledge and belief, a true statement of the ownership, management, etc., of the aforesaid publication for the date shown in the above caption, required by the Act of August 24, 1912, embodied in section 443, Postal Laws and Regulations, printed on the reverse of this form, to-wit:

1. That the names and addresses of the publisher, editor, managing editor, and business managers are:
Publishers—Brown & White Corp.
Editor—Fred W. Catlett, Seattle, Wash.
Managing Editor—C. W. Brown, Seattle, Business Managers—None

That the owner is:
Municipal League of Seattle (a non-profit producing corporation)

2. That the known bondholders, mortgagees, and other security holders owning or holding 1 per cent or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages, or other securities are:

There are none.
above, giving the names of the owners, stockholders, and security holders, if any, contain not only the list of stockholders and security holders as they appear upon the books of the company but also, in cases where the stockholder or security holder appears upon the books of the company as trustee or in any other fiduciary relation, the name of the person or corporation for whom such trustee is acting, is given; also that the said two paragraphs contain statements embracing affiant's full knowledge and belief as to the circumstances and conditions under which stockholders and security holders who do not appear upon the books of the company as trustees, hold stock and securities in a capacity other than that of a bona fide owner; and this affiant has no reason to believe that any other person, association, or corporation has any interest direct or indirect in the said stock, bonds, or other securities than as so stated by him.

C. W. BROWN, Sworn to and subscribed before me this 1st day of October, 1921.

(Seal) CARL G. NELSON, Notary Public in and for the State of Washington residing at Seattle. (My Commission expires Jan. 29, 1925)

CHAS. H. HARTGE
Attorney Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for the County
of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Annie
M. Marshall, Deceased. No. 29001.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and
Petition for Distribution.
 Notice is hereby given that Harvey
 Martin Marshall, Administrator of the
 Estate of Annie M. Marshall, De-
 ceased, has filed in the office of the
 Clerk of said Court his final Report
 and petition for distribution, asking
 the Court to settle said Report, dis-
 tribute the property to the persons
 thereto entitled and to discharge said
 Administrator; and that said Report
 and petition will be heard on the 7th
 day of November, 1921, at 9:30 A. M.
 at the Court Room of the Probate De-
 partment of said Court.
 Dated this 6th day of October, 1921.
GEORGE A. GRANT,
 Clerk of said Court.
 By **GEO. L. BERGER,** Deputy.
 First pub. Oct. 8, 1921. 4t Oct 29

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, in and for the
County of King.
Gladys Case Smith, Plaintiff, vs. Al-
fred Calvert Smith, Jr., Defendant.
No. 145196.
Summons For Publication.

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The State of Washington to, Alfred
 Calvert Smith, Jr., Defendant:
 You are hereby summoned to appear
 within sixty (60) days after the date
 of the first publication of this sum-
 mons, to-wit: Within sixty (60) days
 after the 8th day of October, 1921, and
 defend the above entitled action in the
 above entitled court, and answer the
 complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a
 copy of your answer upon the under-
 signed attorney for plaintiff at his of-
 fice below stated; and in case of your
 failure so to do, judgment will be
 rendered against you according to the
 demand of the complaint, which has
 been filed with the clerk of said court.
 The object of the above entitled ac-
 tion is to obtain a decree dissolving
 the bonds of matrimony heretofore and
 now existing between the plaintiff and
 defendant, and for such other and fur-
 ther relief as to the court may seem
 just and equitable.

JOHN F. REED,
 Attorney for Plaintiff.
 Office and Post Office Address:
 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash-
 ington.
 First pub. October 8, 1921. 7t Nov. 19.

CHARLES H. HARTGE
Attorney 521 Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for the County
of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Harry
Andrews, Deceased.
No. 28435. Notice of Hearing Final
Report and Petition For Distribution.
 Notice is hereby given that Irene
 Dickson, as administratrix of the Es-
 tate of said Harry Andrews, has filed
 in the office of the Clerk of said Court
 her final Report and petition for dis-
 tribution, asking the Court to settle
 said Report, distribute the property to
 the persons thereto entitled and to dis-
 charge said administratrix; and that
 said Report and petition will be heard
 on the 26th day of October, 1921, at
 9:30 A. M. at the Court Room of the
 Probate Department of said Court.
 Dated this 26th day of September,
 1921.

GEORGE A. GRANT,
 Clerk of said Court.
 By **GEO. L. BERGER,** Deputy.
 First pub. Oct. 1, 1921 3t Oct 15

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 906 Empire Bldg
NOTICE. SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL
ESTATE. SHERIFF'S OFFICE.
 State of Washington, County of King, ss.
 By Virtue of an Order of Sale issued
 out of the Honorable Superior Court of
 King County, on the 7th day of Sep-
 tember, A. D. 1921, by the Clerk thereof
 in the case of James H. Denison, Plain-
 tiff, versus Ella E. Vining and J. C.
 Vining, her husband, Defendants. No.
 152601, and to me, as Sheriff, directed
 and delivered:

Notice is Hereby Given, That I will
 proceed to sell at public auction to the
 highest bidder for cash, within the
 hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's
 sales, to-wit: at ten o'clock A. M., on
 the 15th day of October, 1921, before
 the Court House door of King County,
 Jefferson Street Entrance, in the State
 of Washington, the following described
 property, situated in King County,
 State of Washington, to-wit:

East 60 feet of Lot 9, and the east
 60 feet of the north 25 feet of Lot
 10, Block 11, Crown Addition to the
 City of Seattle, King County, Wash-
 ington, according to plat recorded in
 Volume 2 of Plats, at page 38 of the
 records of King County, State of
 Washington.
 levied on as the property of said de-
 fendants to satisfy a judgment of a
 foreclosure of a mortgage amounting
 to One thousand nine hundred seventy-
 eight and 32-100 (\$1978.32) Dollars, in-
 terest, attorney's fee of \$170.00, and
 the cost of suit, in favor of plaintiff.
 Dated this 8th day of September,
 1921.

MATT STARWICH, Sheriff.
 By **A. HUTCHESON,** Deputy.
 First pub. Sept. 10, 1921. 5t Oct. 8

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OCT 20 1921

Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. XI., NO. 41.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS

FITZGERALD FAVORS CITY MANAGER FORM

As a concluding statement to his address to the League Tuesday, Councilman Fitzgerald came out flatly for the city manager form. He confessed his mistake in being against the proposition previously, and said that he was now converted to the idea. So long as we are engaged in business other than governmental, and particularly since we are engaged in large public utility operations, we must have the city manager form. If adopted in this city, it will be, to my mind, the biggest piece of constructive legislation that we have ever passed."

Councilman Fitzgerald stated that he would do all in his power to have the city manager form put into effect in Seattle.

* * *

Chicago Traction Situation Discussed.

Joseph B. Strauss of the Strauss Bastule Bridge Company, Chicago, who is in Seattle as a delegate to the International Port Convention, delivered a short address to the League Tuesday. He said in part: "Due to the excess of the population and increase of operating costs the City of Chicago, too, has its transportation problem. The service lines have just rendered a report showing that they have earned a dividend of about 30 per cent. The fare charged is 8c. The Illinois Commission is now making an investigation at the request of Mayor Thompson (in order to make good his pre-election promise) as to the entire railway situation.

The problem in Chicago is mainly physical—the streets are congested. There has been talk of re-routing the cars. The general opinion seems to be to take

(Continued on Page Three)

MEVES CAFETERIA

4th and Pine

COUNCILMAN ERICKSON ON "3c CAR FARE"
TUESDAY NOON, OCTOBER 18th

MEVES CAFETERIA

4th and Pine

REPORT ON SKAGIT BONDS

The following report was approved by the Board of Trustees at a special meeting Thursday noon and was presented to the Board of Public Works Friday.

To the President of the Municipal League:

Dear Sir:

The Budget Committee was requested to ascertain the facts in regard to a purported statement, that, in offering the Skagit Bonds in payment for the work of boring the tunnel, etc. in the Skagit Project, it would involve a loss of 23 per cent off the face of the bonds, consisting of 15 per cent discount and 8 per cent interest lost by issuance of the bonds long before the payments were due on the contracts. We have made such investigation as we are able, and beg to report as follows:

1st. The bonds will not be issued until the payment are due, so there will not be the loss of interest feared.

2nd. The bond dealers in the city are nearly all considering the purchase of these bonds, and want to get them at the lowest figure obtainable, and therefore will not talk on the subject of their value, except to depreciate it, as is natural.

4th. We have consulted Superintendent Ross of the Light Department, and learn that there

are several contractors of large financial ability bidding on this work and who asked that the bids be postponed two weeks—until Friday, the 14th, which was done. Also, that he and the City Engineer have made very careful estimates and know within very definite limits the amount which the work should cost at this time.

5th. The bonds now to be issued are to be approximately \$2,000,000 of 8 per cent bonds running six to twenty years, issued in \$1,000 denominations, and secured by the net revenue of the City Light Department. There are various issues outstanding, amounting to \$10,5027.00, which are prior to these.

6th. Two million dollars worth of these bonds was issued in April of this year when interest rates were high and the general average of bonds much lower than now, and we cannot find that there are any of them seeking buyers in this market at the present time. They were taken by contractors, at what figure we are unable to ascertain, but doubtless at a much greater discount than should be allowed at the present time. At that time, four to six months prime paper in New York was discounted 7½% to 7 3-4%, the pre-war average being 4% to 5%. Today the rate

(Continued on Page Three)

COUNCILMAN SPEAKS ON FIVE CENT FARE

Councilman C. B. Fitzgerald addressed the Municipal League last Tuesday on the subject of the 5 cent car fare ordinance introduced a few days ago, action on which was postponed.

Secretary Eimon L. Wienir first read Mr. Leghorn's letter, which is reproduced in this issue, and Fitzgerald began his address by commenting on it, saying: "No doubt Leghorn's report shows that the operation of the Municipal Railway by the City is a colossal failure, especially when you take into consideration the fact that the City has been relieved of many charges which the private company bore formerly.

"But this is the extreme view of the situation: that the public utility should bear all charges which had formerly been borne by the private company. To my mind many items now charged to the railway account should be charged to the general tax account;—thus the cost of paving between tracks is a general benefit to the city and should be charged to the general fund. We can't drive the bargain with our car riders which we could with a private company; to charge the car riders all of the expenses and burdens which had formerly been borne by the private company would be to defeat municipal operation of the railway.

"The City's difficulty has been in not having expert managers of the railway, and the only reason that the system has been able to run at all is because it is used to being run.

"To my mind the important thing is not what the rate of fare shall be, but the character of service to be rendered by the system—though in my estimation a five-cent fare would be sufficient to bring a car rider in from the

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

suburbs to the City. Experts differ of course as to whether or not there will be a deficit on the basis of a five-cent fare. In my opinion there will be a deficit.

"In conclusion, then, my stand is midway between those extremists who would have the Municipal Railway assume all of the burdens which the private company bore, and those who would have it assume none of the burdens—but charge it to the general fund.

"As to the auto-bus situation, I don't believe that the auto transportation has superseded the street railway situation, as was shown by Mr. Strauss in his address to the League today. It is not right to take \$50,000 from the sinking fund of the railway and use it for auto-bus transportation.

"The truth of the matter is, that the situation is so "scrambled" that is hard to get anything out of it at present."

Mr. Leghorn's letter, above referred to, follows:--

I am in receipt of yours of the 7th extending an invitation to me to meet with your league next Tuesday at Meves Cafeteria and give a brief talk on the subject of the Municipal Street Car Line and its present difficulties.

I am sorry to state that it will be impossible for me to be in Seattle on that date on account of other engagements. So that you may clearly understand our position, however, will state that the law requires us to provide uniform classification of ac-

counts for cities and their utilities, to install said classifications and to see that the accounts are kept in accordance therewith. This we have done with the different utilities of the city of Seattle and we are prepared at all times to give the public the exact status of those utilities and show whether or not they are being operated according to the law of the state of Washington.

The law creating this department further provides that we shall inquire into whether or not the laws of the state and the ordinances of the city are being complied with. For this purpose we make periodical examinations of these departments and require monthly reports as to their financial operations.

I am sorry that I have not the September report at hand yet but can give you the figures as of August 31st, 1921. These eight months' operations show that the total revenue was \$4,170,763.23 from operations; that the operating expense for the same period was \$3,416,715.45, leaving an income from operation of \$754,047.78. There were miscellaneous revenues, other than operation, amounting to \$34,567.77 making a gross income of \$788,615.55. The accrued interest for that period amounted to \$578,490.89. This left a net income of \$21,124.6. There were losses accrued—current annual period—\$1,395.68 and delayed gains accrued in prior periods \$117.49, delayed losses due to retirement of property from service—\$150.

563.80 and unearned increase of surplus—\$2,700.00 leaving a net income profit and loss for the period of \$60,982.58. This is without taking into consideration any reserve for the meeting of contractual obligations, namely, the redemption of bonds.

The enclosed balance sheet might be of interest to you and your members. It shows a deficit as of August 31st, 1921 of \$1,753-180.16.

The total number of passengers carried during the eight months of 1920 was 66,655,248 and during the eight months of 1921 was 50,304,011.

We have been criticised somewhat for the amount set aside to take care of depreciation and obsolescence but from an actual examination and inspection of the elements of the plant we feel that this 4 per cent on the fixed assets is low if anything.

As to the best method of reducing the existing deficit and putting the street car system on a sound financial basis, that is a problem for the management of the plant to work out. It cannot be worked out intelligently by hysterical demands for unreasonable reductions; and any changes should be made after careful investigation and study, taking into consideration all contractual relation and the liability of the city.

Respectfully,
JAMES T. LEGHORN.
Inspector.

PRESIDENT ANDERSON CALLED TO WASHINGTON

President Anderson was suddenly called to Washington, Thursday afternoon and will be gone for three weeks. Vice-president J. L. Baldwin and Robert Howes will preside at the meetings in his absence.

DR. CHRISTENSEN INVITED TO ADDRESS MEETING

Dr. Christensen, Chairman of the Port Commission, has been invited to address the League Tuesday October 25th. He has been asked to give a resume account of the First International and Tenth Annual Port Convention held at Seattle, as well as the Pacific Coast Convention held at Vancouver, B. C.

SECRETARY'S COLUMN

MR. PETER WITT.

In the absence of Mayor Caldwell the agitation for the 5 cent fare began; in his absence the ordinance was introduced; in his absence a telegram of inquiry sent; and without consulting him (so the mayor stated) the Council passed a resolution employing Mr. Witt. The Mayor neatly retaliates by advising Mr. Witt not to "undertake the employment until the same is authorized by ordinance and money appropriated for your services".

A pretty neat stroke, what?

Whether the move on the part of Caldwell was simply to show that he is still mayor of the city of Seattle or whether for the good and sufficient reason that the procedure taken by the council was not a proper one matters not. In any event we think he is right. In the first place the council should have waited until Henderson, the superintendent of railways who was east on official business returned. In the second place it was not an emergency matter and Mayor Caldwell should have been consulted before the expert was invited some here. As to the passage of the resolution without embodying its terms in an ordinance we shall leave that for the council, the mayor and the corporation counsel to fight out.

In any event it was a neat stroke.

Report on Unemployment.

The outstanding features of the report by the Mayor's committee on unemployment are as follows:

1. That immediate conditions of unemployment are not critical but that provisions must be made for the winter months.
2. That the unskilled resident laborer constitutes the large problem.
3. That the public must assume its share of the burden as conditions causing unemployment go beyond the control of the laborer.
4. That a strong executive committee be selected, presided over by the mayor, to promote public works, employment in industry, centralizing relief among unemployed, assisting women to find employment, centralizing all el-

payment agency activities.

5. That there be as much as possible public and private construction this winter.

6. That local banks encourage buying of local bonds and assist in the legitimate industries and merchants now in the city.

7. That the proposed wood-ward be utilized.

Altogether the report is a thorough and able document and should be carefully studied by the citizens of Seattle.

Chamber Research Bureau.

Announcement was made in the press last Sunday that the Chamber of Commerce will conduct a municipal research department and thus keep the public informed on matters of taxation and efficiency or lack of it in municipal and county affairs.

This is indeed welcome news to the League which has been working for some months to create interest in the establishment of a municipal research bureau. No matter where the beginning is made so long as there is a beginning. If the Chamber of Commerce and not the League can best accomplish the purpose, no matter. A start in the right direction has been made.

Disarmament Conference.

Chapin D. Foster, Editor of the Grandview Herald (Wash.) has sent out a circular letter enclosing his editorial on the Conference—in which he calls upon the citizens of the State of Washington, through their various organizations, to take the lead in making the conference a success. His editorial should be reprinted in full in every newspaper in America. But of course it will not be; of course it will reach but a comparatively few. The effort is worthwhile, however. It is only when the great hearted and minded people of the world make the effort that such a conference as the Washington conference will be a success.

City Manager Plan.

Students of government (perhaps it would be better sounding to say "governmental experts") have agreed that the city manager plan is the best for the government of our cities --- best in the efficient manner of operation as well as the more economical in cost; and it is more important still, the more democratic. Apparently the newspapers are indifferent to the idea. Why they

should be so is not clear. Perhaps there is a gap between the city editor who has charge of the "news" and the editorial writer who comments upon the news and expresses the policy of his paper. It may be the editorial writer, seeing only a small item in his paper that the League (or this or that organization or person) is in favor of the plan does not regard it of sufficient popular importance to comment upon it. It may be that the present system is considered good enough by the policy makers of the papers (as indeed it is considered good enough by many persons in the city). And because of this indifference, it is up to the League to work all the harder to "put it over." That is where a large membership would help. The League ought to have so great a membership that its "clientele" could not possibly be ignored by any organization, individual, or institution within our gates. But even without so vast a membership the League not only has rendered excellent service but its opinions in course of time will be felt. It is up to each of us to boost for the plan, to explain it to our friends and neighbors, and to have arguments at our finger tips ready to convince them that it is the logical thing for the city to adopt.

REPORT ON SKAGIT BONDS

(Continued from page 1)

of discount on this paper is $5\frac{1}{4}\%$ to $5\frac{1}{2}\%$. Then everything was still near the bottom and the future was all unknown. Now the financial depression has passed the bottom and bonds are steadily on the upgrade, with the corresponding element of safety and certain profit.

7th. The bond market has been rising steadily for several weeks, and especially tax-exempt bonds are in great demand, as is shown by the fact that the returns from income taxes have been reduced more than 50% because the owners of the largest incomes have been placing their property in exempt bonds.

8th. Tax-exempt bonds of undoubted security sell in the East to yield 4.75% to 5.15%, 6% Port District bonds of Grays Harbor were recently offered to the public by the brokers at a premium. Call money in New York is down to $4\frac{1}{2}\%$. Liberty Bonds are selling to realize $4\frac{3}{4}\%$

to 5%.

9th. While these bonds cannot be placed on the same plane with Liberty Bonds or general taxation bonds as to the extent of the market for them, yet they are on the same, or better, plane with them as being tax-exempt.

10th. The likelihood of these being paid when due and of their interest being paid when due is of the highest degree, in the first place, because the Light Plant is a remarkably prosperous and well managed institution which has been built up entirely on its own merits and earnings and without any resort to general taxation, and has grown by leaps and bounds, and its annual surplus last year, after payment of interest on all outstanding liabilities and \$300,000 depreciation, is far more than sufficient to take care of all the interest charges on the whole authorized issue of \$5,500,000 of new bonds; and the estimate of income for 1921 is \$300,000 more than last year; and secondly, because no bond issued by or under the authority of the City of Seattle, either general obligation, local improvement or utility bond, has ever been allowed to default --- which cannot be said of all general tax obligations of every locality.

11th. The work under these contracts is very definite and the facilities are largely provided by the city, so that the element of speculation is at a minimum; and in the slack conditions of business and scarcity of large operations, this should be a very attractive project for any contractors able to undertake it, and labor should be plentiful and comparatively cheap. It is therefore thought that the contractors will find it to their advantage to bid pretty closely for the work, and as the bonds are to be paid for in trade and not in cash, they should bring more than at a cash sale; just as merchants buy produce from their customers, paying them in trade the same price at which they sell it, making their profit on the goods with which they pay for it.

12th. The further fact that there is a great deal of agitation to make municipal securities subject to the income tax should enhance the value of these securities, which are issued now, before the law is changed, and which will therefore always be

exempt.

13th. The fact that the payments on the contracts will not be due until various times in the future, when the bonds will be steadily rising to a higher level, should also bring the bids nearer to a cash basis, as the contractors will stand a chance to make a handsome profit by the constantly increasing value of the bonds, as well as their profit out of the contracts themselves.

Our opinion is, therefore, that, all things considered, the contractors could well afford to absorb any discount that they may have to allow in selling such bonds as they need to sell; and that we may reasonably expect the bids to be practically on a cash basis.

Respectfully submitted,

BUDGET COMMITTEE

J. L. BALDWIN,
Chairman.

FITZGERALD FAVORS

CITY MANAGER FORM

(Continued from page 1)

some of the cars off the surface lines. While the natural tendency is to speak of subways in cities, and while it is entirely practical from an engineering standpoint,---it is not so from the financial standpoint, as the costs would be about \$4,000,000 per mile for a double-track line. Chicago's peculiar condition revolves around the 'loop' system which is located adjacent to the Lake and River, and which brings to the loop a tremendous amount of traffic. One plan is to extend the loop. Chicago has one main boulevard running north and south---the Michigan Boulevard---and another, east and west boulevard, known as the Jackson Boulevard. All traffic must pass along these two main thoroughfares. As an illustration---traveling by auto, it took me about one-half hour to go a distance of three-quarters of a mile. We must increase the number of boulevards, decrease the degree surface traffic, and increase the number of elevated roads."

An interesting side-light was shown by Strauss when he pointed out that Chicago receives 5 per cent of the net returns of the railway operations. "That fund", he said, "is to be used for extension purposes".

Chicago has not yet determined whether municipal operation of street railways has been

successful, and therefore will not try it out at this time.

Strauss stated that in spite of all reports to the contrary, Chicago has very efficient city administration, and has done some splendid things during its term in office.

JOHN F. REED

Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and for the County of King.
Gladys Case Smith, Plaintiff, vs. Alfred Calvert Smith, Jr., Defendant.
No. 145196.
Summons For Publication.
The State of Washington to, Alfred Calvert Smith, Jr., Defendant:
You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: Within sixty (60) days after the 8th day of October, 1921, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your

failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court. The object of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree dissolving the bonds of matrimony heretofore and now existing between the plaintiff and defendant, and for such other and further relief as to the court may seem just and equitable.

JOHN F. REED,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

Office and Post Office Address:
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Washington.
First pub. October 8, 1921. 7th Nov. 19.

CHAS. H. HARTGE

Attorney Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington For the County of King. In Probate.
In the matter of the Estate of Henry Price, Deceased. No. 29054.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition For Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Tilly Green, administratrix of the Estate of the above named Henry Price, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said administratrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 11th day of November, 1921, at 9:30 A. M. at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 13th day of October, 1921.
GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court
by GEO. L. BERGER,
Deputy.
First pub. Oc 15 1921 4th Nov 5

CHAS. H. HARTGE

Attorney Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Annie M. Marshall, Deceased. No. 29001.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Harvey Martin Marshall, Administrator of the Estate of Annie M. Marshall, Deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said Administrator; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 7th day of November, 1921, at 9:30 A. M. at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 6th day of October, 1921.
GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By GEO. L. BERGER, Deputy.
First pub. Oct. 8, 1921. 4th Oct 29

CHARLES H. HARTGE

Attorney 521 Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Harry Andrews, Deceased.
No. 28435. Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition For Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Irene Dickson, as administratrix of the Estate of said Harry Andrews, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said administratrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 26th day of October, 1921, at 9:30 A. M. at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 26th day of September, 1921.
GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By GEO. L. BERGER,
Deputy.
First pub. Oct. 1, 1921 3th Oct 15

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

OL. XI. NO. 42.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS

ALDWELL VETOES APPROPRIATION BILL

Declaring the \$680,000 bond issue for the retracking of First Avenue to be of doubtful validity, and likely to endanger the general fund of the city, especially if the proposed 5-cent fare should be adopted, Mayor Hugh Caldwell vetoed the ordinance and sent it back to the City Council.

The mayor took this action after receiving a legal opinion from First Assistant Corporation Counsel T. J. L. Kennedy, who voided passing on the question whether the First Avenue retracking should be considered new construction or maintenance. Besides providing for the First Avenue project, the ordinance would have furnished funds also for the purchase of 25 new street cars and for the payment of the Western Washington Power Company for the Greenwood street car line in allard.

Favors Buying 75 Cars.

As to the 25 new cars, Mayor Caldwell said it would be better to use the sum of money provided for them as a first payment on 75 new cars, paying for the remainder of their cost in yearly installments.

The mayor said he had no knowledge of any contract existing with the Western Washington Power Company, or that any proper appraisal had been made of the Greenwood car properties. In his letter to the Council the mayor said:

This Council bill recites that it provides for certain additions and betterments to and extensions of the municipal street railway, and for the construction and acquisition of certain other street railway lines, and for the purchase of certain equipment, and esti-

MEVES CAFETERIA

4th and Pine

Dr. W. T. Christensen, President Port of Seattle, Will Give Resume Account of National and Pacific Coast Convention of Port Authorities Tuesday Noon, October 25th, at League Meeting.

Members: Get in the habit of coming to the League Luncheons. They are an inspiration.

MEVES CAFETERIA

4th and Pine

mates the total cost at \$680,000, in which sum utility bonds are authorized, payable out of the receipts from the street car lines.

Revenue Not Sufficient

Since these bonds if issued will be subsequent to the \$15,000,000 delivered to Stone & Webster interests, and also to other outstanding utility bonds aggregating in all \$16,430,000 I cannot agree with the recital in Section 2 that the gross revenues derived and to be derived from the operation of the municipal street railway system will be sufficient to meet all the expenses of operating and maintenance, and to provide for all payments of interest and principal on these and the other bonds now outstanding. The receipts will certainly not be sufficient if the proposed 5-cent carfare ordinance now pending in the Council is passed.

In brief, this proposed Council bill does three things:

First. Authorizes the laying of new lines, etc., on First Avenue and First Avenue South.

Second. Provides for the purchase of a street railway line owned by Western Washington Power Company.

Third. For the purchase of 25 additional street cars.

The Council bill does not undertake to say how much shall be spent for the new street railway tracks on First Avenue and First Avenue South, to replace the existing ones, nor how much we are to pay for the street car line of the Western Washington Power Company, nor how much we are to pay for the 25 additional street cars. Under this form of ordinance it would be possible to do any one or more of these things at such a high cost as to prevent the doing of the other things provided for in the same ordinance. Since the amounts are not segregated, I cannot approve the ordinance in this form.

Knows of No Valuation

I know of no contract for the purchase of the Western Washington Power Company's street railway line, which I understand is located in the Ballard district. I know of no competent valuation having been made of the lines, and influenced by our former experience I am unwilling to approve of the purchase of any railway lines without a proper and competent valuation of the same.

The superintendent of railways
(Continued on Page Three)

3-CENT CAR FARE PLAN PRESENTED

Councilman Oliver T. Erickson, before the League Tuesday noon, presented his plan which will be voted on in the spring, for the operation of the railways on a 3c carfare. In a general way he showed that in paying, by general taxation, the operating costs of the railway the greatest possible benefit would be derived by the City. Taking up arguments against the plan, he tended to prove that it would not be a burden on the small home owners;—that the large property owners would be benefited because of increased business; and that, while vacant property holders might be hard hit; they deserved little particular consideration.

Erickson said in part:—

"We have the street railway on our hands now; we must put it in such shape as to have it render the greatest possible service and make it an asset to Seattle. By charging a low fare, I believe we would have an abundance of money for such purpose.

"Co-operation is the basis of civilization, and transportation is the greatest factor in co-operation. In the early days there were toll roads, some still in existence, owned by private individuals. The municipalities and states began to take over these toll roads and, instead of charging a toll for each time a person walked over the road, they saw it was wiser to charge up these tolls at the end of the year to taxation.

"Then under private operation of utilities the plan of paying for each ride as it was used grew as against the older idea of paying for it 'once a year' by means of taxation. When the

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

municipalities began to take over private utilities, they followed the system used by the private company—that of charging for the service rendered at the time it was rendered.

“And then Johnson, one of the greatest railway experts in the world, evolved this theory—that a street railway is simply a horizontal elevator. Owners of office buildings do not charge for elevator service — except once a month in the form of rent. Street railways are as much a necessity to community life as is an elevator to an office building—the idea is identical, he argued.

“The cost of the transportation system can be divided into two parts—first, operating costs and second, bonds, interest, depreciation, extensions, etc. My plan is to pay, by taxation, the operating costs and have the car riders pay for the bonds, the interest, etc. And my reason for this plan is that the contract with Stone & Webster provides that the operating expenses shall first be liable to the payment of the bonds, interest, etc; and even if the contract did not so provide, I would prefer to have my plan as it is, because it will enable us to reduce fares from time to time as the bonds are paid off, and thus lead, eventually, to the system of paying for car rides ‘once a year’ by taxation.

Erickson tended to show that there would be no burden on the small home owner, for in reality, in paying for his transportation

by means of taxation, he would be saving money. Thus a home owner assessed on the basis of \$1250, and taking three car rides daily, would enjoy an actual saving of \$33.40 per year. To large property owners, he held out the inducement that nothing is so beneficial to the City and business as to have residents of the City move about freely.

“There is, it is true, one class of property that will be hit severely by my plan—and that is vacant property. However, I do not feel that property owners who hold property for speculation are entitled to any consideration, and such owners should also take into consideration that when the City raised its rate of carfare, their property was only worth 50c on the dollar.

“Superintendent Henderson has had to lie awake nights to take service away from the street car riders in order to save money. This is a condition which would not exist under my plan.”

ACTION OF LEAGUE ERRONEOUSLY REPORTED

A resolution was introduced by the committee on Parks, Buildings, and Grounds, of which Dr. E. C. Kilbourne is chairman, favoring the endorsement of the action of the Park Board to secure adequate supply of pure water for Green Lake to maintain it in a sanitary condition, and urged the City Council to appropriate funds required to

carry out this undertaking. Passage of this resolution by the League was delayed by the membership for the reason that J. E. Dove, the engineer in charge of the project, had not as yet submitted data showing the exact amount of money required for this undertaking. The newspapers gave publicity to the resolution as though it had been approved by the League. This was erroneous. Mr. Dove will not be able to submit figures for at least two weeks yet, and the action of the League will not be taken until the figures are submitted.

SECRETARY'S COLUMN

Carrying the League to the Public

It has for some time become apparent to the writer that matters of such importance as a change to the city manager form of government, the street railway situation and allied transportation problems, should be brought to the attention of the people at large. And so, at the last meeting of the Board of Trustees, a committee consisting of H. A. Woodcock, chairman, W. E. Henry, and the Secretary, was appointed to consider the advisability of holding a series of public evening meetings. The committee will report at the next meeting favorably. Many people are deprived of the opportunity of hearing and of discussing public affairs because of the fact that the League's meetings, as well as the meetings of other civic organizations, are held during the noon hour. An evening meeting should give thousands in this city the opportunity of becoming actively identified and interested in public affairs.

Perhaps the most important of all matters that would come before the people shortly is that of the city manager form. It is indeed gratifying to note that such public servants as Councilman Fitzgerald has come out openly for that form of government. It is hoped that Mayor Caldwell, too, will see the advantages of that form as against the commission form, and will throw his influence in favor of

making the change. But the public will have to be educated to the meaning of the city manager form, to its advantages, to its paramount importance to the city. Such evening meetings would lead the way to the accomplishment of this purpose. It is hoped that the plan, if approved by the Board of Trustees, will not only have the support of every member of the League, but the support of the newspapers as well. And if given sufficient amount of publicity, no reason is seen why such meetings should not prove valuable.

* * *

The Federal Board for Vocational Training.

The members of the League are undoubtedly taking an interest in the conference of the heads of the Federal Board for Vocational Education, which was held in Washington this week not only because of the general interest in the subject of the rehabilitation of the disabled soldier, but also because of the fact that the President of the League Claude H. Anderson, has been the head of the 13th district of the bureau for Vocational Education. It is gratifying to note that the district of which President Anderson is the head, did not receive the scathing denunciation which the districts of New York and California received. While newspaper reports were meager and contained neither praise nor condemnation of the work of this district, it is believed by those familiar with the work here that when more detailed reports become available it will show that Colonel Forbes considered the work of the Federal Board for this district in a very favorable light. In a statement made to the writer by Thomas N. Swale, commander of the American Legion for the State of Washington, Swale stated that the work in this district had been satisfactory from every standpoint. This, it is believed, is the general sentiment in this State. President Anderson is expected back in Seattle the early part of November. In his absence, Vice-presidents Julius L. Baldwin and Robert Howes will preside.

In another parts of the "News" contained the announcement that Mayor Caldwell has vetoed an ordinance providing for a \$680,000 bond issue to finance reconstruction of the car tracks on First Avenue and other railway expenses. The Mayor's reasons for vetoing the ordinance are stated, also, in this article. The public utilities committee of the council has indicated that it would urge the passage of this ordinance over the veto. In view of the opinion of Corporation Counsel Kennedy that the ordinance was of doubtful validity it is more than likely that even if the ordinance is passed over the veto there will be considerable litigation over it. The League has not studied the matter and consequently the writer is unable to say what the attitude of the League should be on the proposition. But Mayor Caldwell's statements appeal to him: The matter will be brought up before the Board of Trustees Monday when it is hoped the question will be referred to the League's public utilities committee for report.

The Elevated Line Trestle.

The elevated railway trestle on Whatcom Avenue and Spokane Street which was built in 1917 at a cost of approximately \$750,000 as a result of war time conditions, particularly to provide more adequate facilities of transportation for shipyard workers, is said to be in an unsafe condition. It is expected, at this writing, that the trestle will be condemned—or, at any rate that work will be begun to make it safe. The structure, it will be remembered, was not completed until the latter part of 1918 or the early part of 1919. Is this another of the city's mistakes.

The Public Utilities committee of the League has been requested by the Board of Trustees to investigate the matter. The committee was instructed to find: (1) Who recommended the building of the trestle; (2) why was it selected; and (3) what views were held with regard its durability.

This investigation should prove helpful; for whether safe or not, whether a mistake to have built it nor not, the city, if it knows the facts, may profit by them in the future.

FIVE-CENT FARE MEANS BIG LOSS SAY HENDERSON

Five-cent car fare on the Municipal Street Railway would result in a deficit in the year 1922 of \$2,453,726.80, declared General Supt. W. D. Henderson in a report he handed to Mayor Hugh M. Caldwell.

This figure was based on an estimated increase of 3 per cent in the number of car riders resulting in the proposed car fare reduction, taking into consideration Councilman C. B. Fitzgerald's proposal of transfer privilege on 8 1-3-cent tokens.

The estimated revenues, under the Fitzgerald plan, according to Mr. Henderson's figures, would be \$4,452,033.24, while the estimated cost of operating the railway next year is \$6,905,760.04.

The report Mr. Henderson prepared for the mayor and councilmen follows:

Estimated revenue, based on 5-cent fare and 8 1-3 cents for transfers, and based on passengers carried in September, 1921, plus 3 per cent increase:	
10-cent cash fares.....	382,483 plus 3% 393,957
8 1 3-cent cash fares.....	5,484,630 plus 3% 5,649,169
	6,043,126 at 5c \$ 302,156.30
3-cent cash fares, no increase, 4221	126.63
2 1/2-cent cash fares, no increase, 177,303	4,432.57
S. & R. V. transfers, 67,549 plus 3% 69,575 at 5c.....	3,478.75
Transfers, 1,573,682, less 5% 1,494,998, at 3 1-3c	49,783.43
	\$ 359,977.68
Miscellaneous revenue	11,025.09
	\$ 371,002.77
Twelve months	\$4,452,033.24
Operation—	
Estimated expense for 1922.....	\$3,246,394.72
Supplies and expense	1,499,616.00
Betterments	9,000.00
Interest	789,591.67
Bond redemption	843,000.00
Due General Fund	318,157.65
Depreciation	200,000.00
Deficit	\$2,453,726.80
	\$6,905,760.04 \$6,905,760.04

CALDWELL VETOES BILL

(Continued from Page 1.)

advises me that the present method of purchasing equipment, in effect generally in the United States, is to make an initial payment on street cars, execute a trust agreement, and provide for the payment of additional amounts from year to year. He recommends that the city should therefore purchase 75 cars, make an initial payment thereon for such amount as was intended to be used in the outright purchase of 25 cars, and that the plan above mentioned, now being followed by other railway lines, be followed by us.

I do not believe that the present bonds can be sold, since they are subsequent to more out-

standing bonds than the present railway system now justifies. I apprehend that these bonds once being authorized an attempt will be made to loan money from the general fund to such bond fund in anticipation of the bonds being sold. There being no market for the bonds, it would be impossible to repay the general fund, and an amount thereby added to the \$83,000 owing the general fund since last December. When \$790,000 of railway bonds were issued on 1919 on ordinance No. 39492, they were sold at a discount of \$62,893.81, and only by lumping the same with certain light and power bonds which were discounted more than \$88,000.

I attach hereto opinion of corporation counsel showing the use

of utility bonds for replacing existing railway on First Avenue and First Avenue South to be of doubtful validity.

DR. CHRISTENSON TO ADDRESS THE LEAGUE

Dr. W. T. Christenson, chairman of the Port Commission, will address the League Tuesday noon, October 25th, at Meves Cafeteria. Dr. Christenson will give a resume account of both the National and Pacific Coast Conventions of Port Authorities held in Seattle and Vancouver, B. C., respectively. In view of the tremendous importance of these conventions to the port of Seattle, it is felt that this announcement should receive the interest of every member of the League. A large attendance is expected.

Grandma Heard

It was the week before little Willie's birthday, and he was on his knees at his bedside petitioning Providence for presents in a loud voice.

"Please send me," he shouted, "a bicycle, a tool chest, a - -"

"Why are you praying so loud?" his younger brother interrupted. "God isn't deaf."

"I know He isn't," said little Willie, winking toward the next room, "but grandma is."

Too Much Caution

Mrs. Casey: "Me sister writes me that every bottle we sent her in that box was broken. Are yez sure yez printed 'This side up with care' on it?"

Casey: "Oi am. An' for fear they shouldn't see it on the top. Oi printed it on the bottom as well."

NELSON B. ANDERSON
Attorney 1723 Smith Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County
Thomas Ringstrom, sole trader, doing business as Argus Sign & Window Service, Plaintiff, vs. Central Auto Stage Terminal, a corporation, Defendant.
No. 153962. Notice to Creditors.
Pursuant to an order made in the above entitled cause by the above entitled court on the 18th day of Oct., 1921, notice is hereby given that all creditors of Central Auto Stage Terminal, a corporation, defendant, are required to file their duly verified itemized claims with the undersigned Receiver of Central Auto Stage Terminal, a corporation, defendant, at the office of said Receiver, 1723 L. C. Smith Building, Seattle, Washington, on or before the 5th day of December, 1921; all claims not so presented within said time shall be disallowed and barred from participation in the estate of defendant.
Dated at Seattle, this 18th day of October, 1921.
S. T. HILLS,
Receiver.
First pub. Oct 22, 1921. 13 Nov 5

The Humanitarian

"I use this horrible shriek horn on my auto for humane reasons," explained Lieutenant Husted. "If I can paralyze a pedestrian with fear, he will stand still, and I am less likely to run over him."

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and for the County of King.
Gladys Case Smith, Plaintiff, vs. Alfred Calvert Smith, Jr., Defendant.
No. 145196.
Summons For Publication.
The State of Washington to, Alfred Calvert Smith, Jr., Defendant:
You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: Within sixty (60) days after the 8th day of October, 1921, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your

failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court. The object of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree dissolving the bonds of matrimony heretofore and now existing between the plaintiff and defendant, and for such other and further relief as to the court may seem just and equitable.

JOHN F. REED,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address:
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Washington.
First pub. October 8, 1921. 7th Nov. 19.

CHAS. H. HARTGE
Attorney Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington For the County of King. In Probate.
In the matter of the Estate of Henry Price, Deceased. No. 29054.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition For Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Tilly Green, administratrix of the Estate of the above named Henry Price, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said administratrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the day of November, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 13th day of October, 1921.
GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court
by **GEO. L. BERGER,** Deputy.
First pub. Oc 15 1921 4th Nov 5

CHAS. H. HARTGE
Attorney Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Annie M. Marshall, Deceased. No. 29001.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Harvey Martin Marshall, Administrator of the Estate of Annie M. Marshall, Deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said Administrator; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 7th day of November, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 6th day of October, 1921.
GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By **GEO. L. BERGER,** Deputy.
First pub. Oct. 8, 1921. 4th Oct 29

CHARLES H. HARTGE
Attorney 521 Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Harry Andrews, Deceased.
No. 28435. Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition For Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Irene Dickson, as administratrix of the Estate of said Harry Andrews, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said administratrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 26th day of October, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 6th day of September, 1921.
GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By **GEO. L. BERGER,** Deputy.
First pub. Oct. 1, 1921 3th Oct 15

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NOV 4 1921

Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

L. XI. NO. 43.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS

ATTACK SKAGIT PROJECT AGAIN

Eimon L. Wienir, Secretary of the League

Again the interests who have been opposed to the development of the Skagit project have launched a vigorous attack upon it. This time the propaganda is to the effect that the "secrecy" in the disposal of the bonds is fraught with fraud and collusion. Simultaneously with the announcement that the Board of Public Works had negotiated the deal by which Storrie & Co. were induced to buy a million dollars of the bonds at par in order that their low bid might be accepted one of the newspapers came out with an editorial demanding that the grand jury which convenes November 14th--probe the deal. It left the impression that the public officials who had carried through the deal had committed a crime.

Major Douglas, prosecuting attorney, whose wisdom and sound public acts deserve the highest praise, has announced that he will not ask the grand jury to investigate the transaction unless it is furnished with some evidence that would indicate that a crime had been committed. That certainly is a display of good judgment.

While, undoubtedly, the transaction may have some element of secrecy about it there is no reason for crying fraud. It is, in our judgment, commendable that our public officials consummated the transaction in the way that a private company could carry through negotiations with another private concern; they made the best bargain possible; and the facts are now available to any one who honestly desires to know them.

Is it true that there are in-

(Continued on page 3)

MEVES CAFETERIA

4th and Pine

PROGRAM FOR TUESDAY NOON, NOVEMBER 1

Peter Witt, Famous Traction Expert, who has taken a prominent part in the movement for the City Manager form of government in Cleveland, will address The League on that Subject Tuesday Noon, Nov. 1

AT

MEVES CAFETERIA

4th and Pine

A MATTER OF MONEY

Statements for dues are being mailed by the secretary to reach the members the first of the month, and every member receiving such statement is appealed to, at this time, to make a prompt remittance. The League dues are very nominal; the League's budget has been trimmed to the bone; and every cent outstanding for dues is needed to defray the current expenses. The secretary sincerely hopes that it will not be necessary to send out another batch of statements this year. Members in arrears can save themselves and the secretary considerable time and annoyance by paying their dues promptly.

Peter Witt to Address League on the City Manager Government

Peter Witt, the Cleveland transportation expert, who, it is understood, has taken a very important part in furthering the city manager form of government in Cleveland, will address the Municipal League next Tuesday noon on that subject. Owing to the limited capacity of the meeting place, members are advised to be in attendance sharply at noon. Extra tables and chairs have been arranged for, and every member of the League is assured that he will be able to hear the noted speaker.

About November 10th Mr. Witt has consented to talk to the League on Seattle's trans-

(Continued on page 3)

Mayor Caldwell Invites League to Send Delegates to Civic Convention

The following letter was received from Mayor Caldwell:

"I have been invited by the American Civic Association to appoint a delegation of three or more representative civic leaders of Seattle to attend the annual meeting of the association, to be held at the Drake Hotel, Chicago, November 13-17.

"If you have any members who are willing to attend, or who will be in the east about this period and who might attend, I shall be glad to name them as delegates".

Members of the League who expect to be in Chicago at about that time or members who would

(Continued on page 3)

PORT OFFICIAL ADDRESSES LEAGUE

Dr. W. T. Christensen, president of the Port of Seattle, addressed the Municipal League Tuesday, giving a resume account of the Tenth Annual National Convention and Pacific Coast Convention of Port Authorities. That the convention held in Seattle tended to establish a closer relationship between the various ports of the country and Seattle, and that, in coming to Seattle, the delegates learned at first hand the vast resources of the northwest were the outstanding benefits of the convention, declared Dr. Christensen. The speaker traced the history of the National organization of Port Authorities, declaring that it was started in 1912 in the City of New York, the purpose being to create more interest in terminal affairs, and to promote water transportation. "The convention meetings are devoted," he said, "to an exchange of information concerning port management, operation and finances."

Dr. Christensen said in part: "Seattle, the gate-way to the Orient, Siberia and the vast territory across the Pacific, will derive benefits by commerce with this territory which will develop beyond all expectation."

It was good to have these men, leaders in their own communities, come to Seattle at this time; for they will bring back with them—to the various sections of the country—a more active interest in Seattle and in the Pacific Northwest.

This spirit was exemplified by Mr. Coles of Boston, who said at the close of the meeting, "I have seen the West. I am convinced that we cannot establish terminal facilities for the handling of Washington lumber in Boston

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

too soon."

Commenting on the papers read and discussed at the Seattle convention, Dr. Christensen said that one of the most valuable was the paper on "The Economic Value of Lumber", in which the writer came to the conclusion that wood construction was not only cheaper than concrete construction, but that it afforded the best means of rebuilding to meet changed conditions.

As an example of the truth of this conclusion, Dr. Christensen pointed out that the city of Vancouver, B. C. is just completing the building of a concrete pier, smaller than pier B of Seattle, at a cost of \$6,000,000, while Seattle's largest pier of wood construction was built at a cost of only \$2,500,000. Already, the speaker stated, certain types of ships found it impractical to use the Canadian city's pier. "That is simply one instance of the good that a convention of Port Authorities can accomplish. Perhaps Vancouver would not have built its pier of concrete had it had the benefit of this paper before undertaking the work."

One of the outstanding features of the convention, the speaker stated, was in taking the delegates to the plant of the Snoqualmie Falls Lumber Company, where a large part of work is done by electrical apparatus. The delegates, he said, were much impressed with the exhibition made. They saw

everything from the cutting of the logs to the finished product. Some of the delegates, the speaker stated, expressed a feeling that that trip alone was worth going across the continent.

Another feature of the convention was in taking the delegates through the locks. They appreciated the great natural advantages of Seattle in that it had a salt-water as well as a fresh water harbor.

The speaker commented on the beautiful booklet published by the Seattle Port Commission under the direction of Frank Waterhouse. This booklet, which contains in interesting form the high-lights of Seattle's commercial and educational institutions, was sent out in hundreds by the delegates to all parts of the world.

Commenting on the Pacific Coast Convention held at Vancouver, B. C., Dr. Christensen stated that the chief paper discussed there was "The Relation of Aerial Navigation to the Navigation of Ships". The paper was presented by a San Diego man, and already, it appears, the subject is of considerable interest in that city which has an aerial base of the Navy. Dr. Christensen stated that the subject would undoubtedly assume more considerable importance in Seattle as aerial travel was further developed.

"One of the things that the Seattle convention did, was to bring the business men of Se-

attle and the Port Commissioners together. The Port needs the support of Seattle's business men, and in return for that interest and support the Port is trying its utmost to protect local industries."

Vice-President Julius L. Baldwin, who presided at the meeting, expressed the thanks of the League to Dr. Christensen for his very interesting address.

THE SAN FRANCISCO CIVIC LEAGUE

The secretary's office has received a bulletin from the Civic League of Improvement Clubs and Associations of San Francisco. This number is particularly interesting to our own League. Among other things, it contains a history of the organization which dates back to 1906. Seventy-eight organizations in San Francisco are associated with the Civic League. It was organized after the San Francisco earthquake which destroyed the major part of San Francisco, and numerous improvement clubs of the city were combined into one central organization for the purpose of rehabilitating the structures and supervising all urgently needed public betterments. Each of the organizations associated with the League is represented by ten delegates to the Civic League, and the League thus functions through its standing committees and Board of Governors; the latter comprising the chairmen of the fifty-four standing and special committees which report to the delegates. Final action always lies with the active delegates and members.

The Civic League at this time takes a prominent part in the election of proper candidates for public office. Experience having taught its executive officers that "many of the projects and improvements advocated (by the Civic League) were dependent upon action of the city's legislative body . . . and the city's officials."

The Civic League lists a very formidable group of achievements. As announced by it, its policy is "to advocate such improvements as will cause the creation of values thereof, thereby increasing the assessment roll

sufficiently to keep the tax-rate down, and even reduce it." Some of the things attempted to be accomplished by the Civic League are: tax reduction, business administration, charter revision and a solution of San Francisco's transportation problem.

Its comment on tax reduction is particularly interesting, and is as follows:

"Despite the earnest and unremitting efforts of the League the tax rate in San Francisco has risen to an alarming height and careful consideration of the entire subject shows, that with proper regard by public officials for economy in expenditures and efficiency in service, the government of the City and County could be conducted for a sum far within the present demands. We therefore believe that the tax rate should be kept at the lowest possible figure consistent with the requirements of the Charter and the economical conduct of the government."

In its endorsement of candidates, the League comes out unequivocally for or against certain candidates and virtually makes its own slate. In its bulletin the history and qualifications of each candidate are not given; the report stating, simply, that the committee recommends for endorsement by the League so and-so for that particular office.

The Civic League bulletin is issued monthly, is of about 11 8½ inches in size, and contains eight pages.

LOW STREET RAILWAY FARES WITH THE HELP OF THE LANDOWNER

By Louis B. Wehle
New York City

Formerly a Member, Federal Electric Railways Commission

From the National Municipal Review

If the landowner will share with the public a fraction of the increased value which street railway improvements bring to his property, the puzzle of fare and services will begin to unravel.

Nobody wants high street railway fares. The company managers are compelled to urge them only as a last resort. They were sure of low cost

ey would much prefer low fares, which mean better and readier business.

The Dilemma: Extensions, High Fares, Congestion

The question is how can low fares be assured? We know that fares must be sufficiently low to enable the cities to follow a normal uniform growth, avoiding congestion. But we know, too, that the service must at the same time insure rapid transportation from home to office or workshop. This means, particularly in the large cities, a continual extension of the rapid transit facilities which do not operate on the street surface. Such facilities are very costly; they entail a high capitalization and have everywhere either been used or threatened to force higher fares. And higher fares in thwart the very purpose of rapid transit extensions, since they will tend to create the very congestion which those extensions are intended to prevent.

The Way Out: Assess the Landowner for Construction

From this dilemma there is a plain, simple escape. Not a new remedy, but an old one which has been in use in connection with other public improvements for many years all over the United States; and resort to that remedy has been since 1909 permitted in connection with street railways by the laws of New York state. The question is when will the American cities adopt it?

When a city builds a new street or fire hydrant, the landowners along that street or in the vicinity of the hydrant are assessed by the city to pay for

Public opinion and the courts have approved for generations this procedure with reference to these and other improvements, such as sidewalks, sewers, water systems, parks, and more recently, also, in connection with electric light systems; and the landowner is thoroughly in accord with it because his is the primary benefit of the improvement, while the benefit to the taxpayer is only a general and more remote one.

So let it be with the rapid

transit lines of a large city. Take New York as an example. New York City has pledged its credit to the extent of over two hundred and fifty million dollars to build a vast subway system. The companies, in effect, operate the subways on a basis of rentals which pay for them at the end of a long term of years. The fares must be high enough to enable the companies, (after first retaining certain earnings for their own account), to pay those rentals. In other words, the taxpayer's credit builds the subways, and then these same taxpayers, as car riders, put up the money with which the subways are paid for. The process is sound from the financial standpoint; but when we think of the landowner's profit, the general taxpayer in that process does somehow suggest the man in "Mother Goose" who had scratched out both his eyes by jumping into a bramble bush,—

"And when he saw his eyes were out,

With all his might and main,
He jumped into another bush

And scratched them in again."

The Federal Electric Railways Commission on the Landowner

For what of the landowner? He frequently pockets a profit of from one hundred to several hundred per cent on his investment, a profit which the taxpayer and riding public has donated to him. Please read what the Federal Electric Railways Commission said about the New York landowner in its report to the President in August 1920:

Your Commission would urge that in every community, where and to such an extent as may be practicable, consideration be given to the advisability of requiring extensions and rapid transit systems of subway and elevated to be paid for, not out of new capital invested through the medium of bonds or stock, which means for all time an added burden upon the car rider, but from special taxes assessed against the owners of property in the district the value of which is enhanced by such extensions.

The principle is peculiarly applicable to improvements of city transportation systems, because

of the enormous increases in real estate values created when new extensions open up new territory or when the creation of rapid-transit facilities make outlying territory more available.

The City Club of New York, in 1908, a few years after the extension of the New York subway from One hundred and thirty-fifth to two hundred and thirtieth Streets, in Manhattan, had been built at a cost of \$7,375,000, made an authoritative study of new real estate values created by that extension in the district lying between One hundred and Thirty-fifth and Two Hundred and Thirtieth Streets. After deducting \$20,000,000 as a liberal estimate, based upon studies of parallel situations, of the natural increase in property values in that district which would have taken place without the subway extension, it was found that the increase in values clearly brought about by the subway extensions was \$49,200,000, an amount upward of seven times the cost of the improvements. The property in the district enjoyed an increase in value of 104 per cent. If, by assessment, it had borne the entire cost of the extension in the district, it would have still retained a new profit on the value of the land of 89 per cent, or an aggregate of \$41,825,000 for the district. The Manhattan extension just referred to, together with the Bronx system beyond One hundred and thirty-fifth Street, cost \$13,075,000. These two extensions directly created, in a limited area lying near those extensions, new land values, solely due to the extensions, of \$80,500,000. Let it be borne in mind that the cost of the entire subway system from the Battery to Two hundred and thirtieth Street in Manhattan and to Bronx Park was about \$43,000,000.

In Philadelphia recent estimates of improvements in land values expected from rapid-transit projects in contemplation have been equally enlightening. Similar results would be certainly obtained in many other cities by studies similar to that made by the City Club of New York.

(To be continued in a later issue)

MAYOR INVITES LEAGUE

(Continued from page 1)

like to make the trip, please get in touch with the secretary at once.

AGAIN THE SKAGIT!

(Continued from page 1)

Interests in this city who are sore that the work on the Skagit was not halted last summer, and that now when the work is progressing at a satisfactory pace they cry "stop thief!" at the least excuse? Putting two and two together it certainly looks that way.

WITT TO ADDRESS LEAGUE

(Continued from page 1)

transportation problems. An evening meeting will be arranged in one of the large halls of the city, and every member of the League is urged to attend. The exact date and place of meeting will later be announced.

President Anderson, who has been absent from the city for about two weeks, is expected to return about the 5th of November, and will preside at the evening meeting.

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 609 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and for the County of King, in Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Jessie C. Gunter, Deceased. No. 28953.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition For Distribution.
Notice is Hereby Given That George T. Gunter, Executor of the Estate of Jessie C. Gunter, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons entitled thereto and discharge said Executor; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 25th day of November, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.
Dated this 27th day of October, 1921.
GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. GORDON,
Deputy.
First pub. Oct. 29, 1921. 4t Nov 19

NELSON R. ANDERSON
Attorney 1723 Smith Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County
Thomas Ringstrom, sole trader, doing business as Argus Sign & Window Service, Plaintiff, vs. Central Auto Stage Terminal, a corporation, Defendant.
No. 153962. Notice to Creditors.
Pursuant to an order made in the above entitled cause by the above entitled court on the 18th day of Oct., 1921, notice is hereby given that all creditors of Central Auto Stage Terminal, a corporation, defendant, are required to file their duly verified itemized claims with the undersigned Receiver of Central Auto Stage Terminal, a corporation, defendant, at the office of said Receiver, 1723 L. C. Smith Building, Seattle, Washington, on or before the 5th day of December, 1921; all claims not so presented within said time shall be disallowed and barred from participation in the estate of defendant.
Dated at Seattle, this 18th day of October, 1921.
S. T. HILLS,
Receiver.
First pub. Oct 22, 1921. 13 Nov 5

Pat: "Well Mike. I just saw a doctor about my loss of memory."

Mike: "What did he do?"

Pat: "He made me pay in advance."

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and for the County of King.
Gladys Case Smith, Plaintiff, vs. Alfred Calvert Smith, Jr., Defendant.
No. 145196.
Summons For Publication.
The State of Washington to, Alfred Calvert Smith, Jr., Defendant:
You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: Within sixty (60) days after the 8th day of October, 1921, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your

failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court. The object of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree dissolving the bonds of matrimony heretofore and now existing between the plaintiff and defendant, and for such other and further relief as to the court may seem just and equitable.

JOHN F. REED,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address:
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Washington.
First pub. October 8, 1921. 7t Nov. 19.

CHAS. H. HARTGE
Attorney Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington For the County of King. In Probate.
In the matter of the Estate of Henry Price, Deceased. No. 29054.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition For Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Tilly Green, administratrix of the Estate of the above named Henry Price, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said administratrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the day of November, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 13th day of October, 1921.
GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court
by **GEO. L. BERGER,** Deputy.
First pub. Oc 15 1921 4t Nov 5

CHAS. H. HARTGE
Attorney Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Annie M. Marshall, Deceased. No. 29001.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Harvey Martin Marshall, Administrator of the Estate of Annie M. Marshall, Deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said Administrator; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 7th day of November, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 6th day of October, 1921.
GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By **GEO. L. BERGER,** Deputy.
First pub. Oct. 8, 1921. 4t Oct 29

CHARLES H. HARTGE
Attorney 521 Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Harry Andrews, Deceased.
No. 28435. Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition For Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Irene Dickson, as administratrix of the Estate of said Harry Andrews, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said administratrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 26th day of October, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 26th day of September, 1921.
GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By **GEO. L. BERGER,** Deputy.
First pub. Oct. 1, 1921 3t Oct 15

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Seattle Municipal News

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VOL. XI. NO. 44.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY. NOVEMBER 5, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS



J. Y. C. Kellogg, Civil Service Commissioner Will Address the League Tuesday Noon, November 8th at Meves Cafeteria - 4th and Pine - on the Subject of "Ways of Improving the Civil Service."

Let us have as large an attendance at this meeting
as we had at the last.



LEAGUE DEMANDS AN INVESTIGATION

The following letter was sent by the Secretary of the League to the City Council:

"On October 6, 1921, the undersigned mailed to you a copy of a resolution passed by the board of Trustees of the Municipal League, requesting that the council make a thorough investigation of the effect of revenue and expenditures before taking any action on the proposed ordinance reducing the carfare, and that the Corporation Counsel's opinion be secured as to whether, in case such reduction of fares results in a less revenue than is necessary in order to comply with the terms of the contract of purchase, defray operating expense and all proper charges against the railway, the city could incur any general liability on the bonds or for breach of contract, or otherwise; and whether any such deficit must be met out of general taxes. A copy of the resolution is herewith enclosed. This resolution was reported in full on the first page of the Seattle Times of October 7, 1921, as well as in the Star of the same date, and in the Post-Intelligencer of October 7th.

"I have inquired of the clerk of the City Council, this morning, as to what disposition has been made of this resolution, and he

has informed me that, after making a diligent search of the files, he was unable to find any trace of it, and that the minutes do not disclose any record of its receipt by the Council, or of its having been referred to any committee. Since this communication, then, was apparently lost and has never received your attention, we respectfully suggest that you give the matter at this time your immediate and serious attention.

"This matter is particularly
(Continued on page 3)

"You who do not believe that the cycle of man is accomplished, you must rouse yourselves and dare to separate yourselves from the herd in which you are dragged along. Every man worthy of the name should learn to stand alone, and do his own thinking, even in conflict with the whole world. Sincere thought, even if it does run counter to that of others, is still a service to mankind; for humanity demands that those who love her should oppose, or if necessary rebel against her. You will not serve her by flattery, by debasing your conscience and intelligence, but rather by defending their integrity from the abuse of power. For these are some of her voices, and if you betray yourself you betray her also."
—An extract from the introduction to "Clerambault" by Romain Rolland.

WITT ADDRESSES MUNICIPAL LEAGUE

That the city manager form of government is the logical solution for many of the defects now existing in America's cities, and that proportional representation in the City Council will express a complete cross-section of the community in the legislative branch of the city government, were the declarations made by Peter Witt, famous Cleveland transportation expert, before the Municipal League, Tuesday noon.

Tracing the history of city administration in America, Witt attributed most of the faults to the fact that the organization of city government was based along the lines of the Federal Constitution. The irrepressible conflict between the executives of the legislative branches of city governments is to be attributed to the over-lapping of the powers of the executives of the Council, he declared. At the same time, Witt pointed out that a new charter was not the cure so long as the people were not thoroughly educated to the idea of the change.

Deploring politics in the administration of cities' affairs, Witt stated that the city manager, freed from the necessity of playing party politics, would, to a great measure, remove present

(Continued on page 3)

15 EAR MARKS OF MODEL GOVERNMENT

Dr. William H. Allen, director of the Institute for Public Service, published recently his idea of a model city government. His fifteen tests of such a government reprinted below, may well be examined with relation to Seattle. How does Seattle's city government measure up?

A model city government anywhere would

1. Tell the public through frequent, short, understandable reports and statements what the government is trying to do for the public, what obstacles it is meeting, what gains it has made, what not-yet-met needs exist.

2. Ask the public for constant and cumulative help, including free, specific, untrammelled, kindly criticism.

3. Request and use the co-operation of citizen agencies like the chamber of commerce, women's clubs, labor organizations, etc.

4. Strive for and express social mindedness by trying to learn what is best for the whole community and its future.

5. Use city employment as a field training school for developing every employee in ability and desire to serve the whole public and to increase his proficiency rather than as a soft berth or incubator of political and anti-social selfishness.

6. Keep in touch with the pub-

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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MUNICIPAL LEAGUE OF SEATTLE
Telephone Main 6282

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Vice President.....Robert Howes, Henry Bldg., Main 4195
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Secretary.....Eimon L. Wienir, 405 Leary Bldg., Main 0791
Treasurer.....W. E. Henry, U. or W., North 2950
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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

lic that official acts cannot be successfully misrepresented to either the disadvantage or the advantage of public officials.

7. Have the facts about city government, community problems, industrial and business opportunities, and purposes and results of voluntary civic activities taught in the public schools.

8. Provide continuation schooling for both children and adults at work so that no one within the city limits, no matter what his walk in life, shall be without opportunity to keep on improving himself educationally by supervised self-help, instruction or class work.

9. Make available to 100 per cent of every class eligible to any kind of community service whatever service it offers.

10. Organize schooling facilities so that every single boy and girl mentally able to benefit from four years of high school shall be given the opportunity, even if necessary to pay scholarships from public funds to eke out family incomes.

11. Look constantly for best practices and new ideas in other cities and maintain a local clearing house like a municipal reference library for learning and making known such high spots to its public.

12. Have budget and start its budget with a list of community needs to be met, provide for frank public discussion of budget proposals, train its people and taxpayers to start budget making with needs in sight, and to think

of what taxes buy and not merely of what they cost.

13. Plan ten and thirty years ahead, always trying to think out what problems would have to be met and thus be continually making a city plan.

14. Study facts about labor and capital and so arrange conferences between labor and capital that devastating strikes would at least never find the public uninformed and confused with respect to issues.

15. Foster the slogan, "No Matter Who's Elected" for officers and civic agencies, so that in municipal matters votes would be cast for municipal benefits no matter who's elected.

J. Y. C. KELLOGG TO ADDRESS LEAGUE

J. Y. C. Kellogg, Civil Commissioner, will address the Municipal League next Tuesday noon. His address will deal with the present defects in our Civil Service, and will point out ways of improving it. Mr. Kellogg's long experience and outstanding ability has created interest in his address which should bring out every member. The Civil Service Committee of the League will have charge of the program.

Meves has proven a popular meeting place, and it is hoped that Tuesday's meeting will bring out as large an attendance as did the last meeting.

SECRETARY'S COMMENT

Of the few hundred statements mailed by the Secretary's office October 31, reaching the membership November 1, only twenty checks were received. This is indeed a poor showing. Every statement mailed cost the League over five cents. It should not be necessary to spend the League's money in mailing frequent statements, when the money could so well be used for other things. Members who received statements please take note of this, and mail your checks without being called upon to do so.

* * *

League Invites Lord Beatty to Visit Seattle

In line with the invitation extended to Admiral Lord Beatty by Mayor Caldwell, the Chamber of Commerce and Post-Intelligencer, the Municipal League has sent a telegram to Lord Beatty—who is now attending the American Legion Convention at Kansas City—to visit Seattle and speak under the auspices of the League. Telegram follows:

"The Municipal League of Seattle, a civic organization of a thousand strong loyal Seattle citizens, extend to you a most cordial invitation to visit Seattle and address a public meeting under the auspices of the Municipal League. We would consider it a distinct pleasure and privilege to be able to entertain you and to show you all the hospitality at our command."

* * *

The office regrets to say that the League was unable to send in the names of any of its members who can attend the American Civic Association meeting at Chicago, November 13th to 17th. It was hoped, when the announcement was published in the News last week, that there would be at least one person who could attend this convention.

* * *

ANDERSON RETURNS

President Claude H. Anderson returned from Washington D. C. in time to preside at the last meeting of the Board of Trustees on Monday, and at the League meeting on Tuesday. President Anderson was given an enthusiastic reception by the

members. As stated in a recent issue of the News, the Federal Board for vocational Training in this district received no criticism from Colonel Forbes. President Anderson refused to make any comment upon the meeting in Washington, but it is known a fact that the Thirteenth District ranks among the first in efficiency and in successfully carrying out the wishes of Congress in the rehabilitation of wounded ex-service men.

* * *

Portland Interested in City Manager

Showing the interest that various cities have taken in the Municipal League's report favoring the City Manager form of government, a letter was received this week from the City Club of Portland, stating as follows:

"I note in the press recent that the Seattle Municipal League has completed a study of the City Manager form of government and has recommended it for Seattle.

"This is extremely interesting and I should like to know more about what you have done. We have a committee on the City Club making a similar study of Portland and I am sure that you would have suggestions of value.

"What form did your Survey take? What is your next step to be? The City Club of Portland would be very glad indeed to have a resume of your methods.

"Wishing you continued success."

* * *

One hundred booklets of the City Manager plan have arrived, and will be distributed by the Secretary's office to local civic organizations and influential citizens.

In line with the League's plan to create greater interest in the City Manager form of government, the Secretary was instructed at the last Board meeting to interview the City Editors of the local newspapers with a view of starting a contest for the best essay on Seattle's municipal governmental problems. In the next issue of the "News" an announcement will be made as to whether the newspapers will carry out the idea.

Mayor Should Appoint Unemployment Committee

About three weeks ago, a commission, appointed by Mayor Caldwell to report on the unemployment situation, recommended, among other things, that an executive committee be appointed to co-operate with public and private corporations in helping to secure employment. The commission pointed out that while the situation was not serious as yet, it was likely to assume critical shape this winter. In view of the fact that the committee even when appointed would necessarily take considerable time in getting down to business, it was felt that Mayor Caldwell's delay in making such appointments was liable to be harmful. Of course, it takes time for the right kind of a committee to be selected, but the situation demands speedy action. The Secretary has suggested to Mayor Caldwell that there be no longer delay in making his committee appointments. Let us hope that the Mayor will be able to secure a strong and effective committee to carry out the commission's ideas.

* * *

Municipal Research Bureau at Whitman

The Secretary was pleased to learn that a Municipal Research Bureau existed at Whitman College, Walla Walla, under the direction of Dr. Harrison A. Trexler. The following letter, which may be of interest to the members, was addressed by the Secretary to Dr. Trexler:

"It was with great interest that I read an article in the Oregonian last Sunday, relative to social needs of villages—but what interested me most was the fact that your name was given as the director of a Bureau of Municipal Research. I had not known of the existence of your bureau heretofore.

"The Municipal League of this city has made a serious attempt to establish a Municipal Bureau here. It has failed thus far because the money was not forthcoming. In the absence of a bureau here, I should like to establish a more intimate contact with your bureau, and would be glad to receive such reports, literature and pamphlets which you

may have prepared under your direction. I am exceedingly anxious to know the scope of work your bureau has taken, and some of the things that you have accomplished in the past. I would also like to inquire whether you expect to visit Seattle in the near future, and if so, whether it would be possible for you to address the League on the work of your bureau or on the general subject of municipalities in the State of Washington.

"I would be very pleased, indeed, to place your name on our mailing list, should you indicate a desire, and send you our "Municipal News", as well as reports that we may render from time to time."

CULLED FROM THE WITT ADDRESS

The following are some of the interesting statements made by Witt at the meeting last Tuesday which were not contained in the summary of his address on the City Manager form of government which is given in another column of this paper.

* * *

People must realize that they must elect men who can do things, and not those who merely say they can do things.

* * *

(Speaking of the formation of the organization of municipal governments along the lines of the Federal Government).

Some people could not overcome the idea of having a king. Europe's kings are born; America's are made. The attitude of the American people was that the legislature must do the bidding of the "king".

* * *

(In disputes between Congress and the President).

Politics must not have anything to do with the man who cleans the streets or works in the city light department or in any other municipal department.

* * *

The greatest municipal executive in the last one hundred years was Tom Johnson of Cleveland.

* * *

Civil Service too often restrains poor men in office and keeps good men out.

* * *

The indictment of American cities must be made strong in order to attract attention.

America has negative voters instead of positive ones It is easier to use the hammer than the saw.

* * *

Some men ask (of those running for office): Is he a Catholic? Is he a Mason? Is he a Jew? Does he go to church? These questions have nothing to do with the man's qualification for office. And yet, they are difficult to meet because the men who ask these questions are not out in the open.

* * *

For sixty years the Republican and Democratic parties have bamboozled the American people with their fake fight on the tariff—one side is always "viewing with alarm", and the other is always "pointing with pride".

* * *

We have arrived at the place where we can do our own independent thinking but we have not arrived at the place where we can do collective thinking.

LEAGUE RENEWS DEMAND FOR INVESTIGATION AND LAWYER'S OPINION

(Continued from page 1)

pertinent at this time, in view of the fact that Corporation Counsel, Walter F. Meier, has rendered an opinion to the Mayor along the general lines requested by the League; but this opinion does not answer the specific questions stated in the Municipal League's resolution."

WITT ADDRESSES MUNICIPAL LEAGUE

(Continued from page 1)

existing abuses. He showed how Dayton in 1913, after the great flood which devastated the city, first adopted what is now the City Manager Form of Government. A committee of fifteen men got together and put at their head the executor of the National Cash Register Co. who, in a remarkably short space of time, not only established order out of chaos, but laid the foundation for Cleveland's subsequent development. "Only one mistake was made by these men, and that is that they tried to keep the administration in the hands of a select few. This, of course, can

be avoided by Seattle."

Speaking on proportional representations, and giving as an example the city of Cleveland, Witt stated that that city had been divided into four districts—each district electing a certain number of councilmen. "No rule is better than the rule of the majority, but in making the majority, the voice of the minority must be taken into consideration. We know that the majority abuses its power, and that a fighting intellectual, courageous minority will keep the majority in check. Let us elect to the City Council a complete cross-section of the community, and thus give the minority a chance to formulate

NELSON B. ANDERSON

Attorney 1723 Smith Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County
Thomas Ringstrom, sole trader, doing business as Argus Sign & Window Service, Plaintiff, vs. Central Auto Stage Terminal, a corporation, Defendant.
No. 152962. Notice to Creditors.
Pursuant to an order made in the above entitled cause by the above entitled court on the 18th day of Oct., 1921, notice is hereby given that all creditors of Central Auto Stage Terminal, a corporation, defendant, are required to file their duly verified itemized claims with the undersigned Receiver of Central Auto Stage Terminal, a corporation, defendant, at the office of said Receiver, 1723 L. C. Smith Building, Seattle, Washington, on or before the 5th day of December, 1921; all claims not so presented within said time shall be disallowed and barred from participation in the estate of defendant.

Dated at Seattle, this 18th day of October, 1921.

S. T. HILLS,
Receiver.

First pub. Oct 22, 1921. 13 Nov 5

LUNDIN & BARTO

Lawyers 817-23 Alaska Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Bessie J. Price, Deceased. No. 29654. Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Alfred H. Lundin administrator of the Estate of Bessie J. Price, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said administrator; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 2nd day of December, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 31st day of October, 1921.

GEORGE A. GRANT,

Clerk of said Court.

By H. C. GORDON,

Deputy.

First pub. Nov. 5, 1921. 31 Nov. 19

JOHN F. REED

Attorney 609 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and for the County of King, in Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Jessie C. Gunter, Deceased. No. 28953. Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby Given That George T. Gunter, Executor of the Estate of Jessie C. Gunter, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons entitled thereto and discharge said Executor; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 25th day of November, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 27th day of October, 1921.

GEORGE A. GRANT,

Clerk of said Court.

By H. C. GORDON,

Deputy.

First pub. Oct. 29, 1921. 4t Nov 19

the policies which shall rule the city; and then, let these men, thus elected, go out and secure the best man possible to carry out those policies—a man who has devoted his life to public service, who has had the proper kind of training in municipal government, and who has won his spurs as an executive."

Vesta: If you had a million dollars what would you do?

Ralph Wilhelm: Wake up and find it wasn't so.

CHAS. H. HARTGE
Attorney Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for the County
of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Annie
M. Marshall. Deceased. No. 29001.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and

The Roslyn Fuel Co.

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810½ FIRST AVENUE

Petition for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Harvey
Martin Marshall, Administrator of the
Estate of Annie M. Marshall, De-
ceased, has filed in the office of the
Clerk of said Court his final Report
and petition for distribution, asking
the Court to settle said Report, distri-
bute the property to the persons
thereto entitled and to discharge said
Administrator; and that said Report
and petition will be heard on the 7th
day of November, 1921, at 9:30 A. M.
at the Court Room of the Probate De-
partment of said Court.

Dated this 6th day of October, 1921.
GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By GEO. L. BERGER, Deputy.
First pub. Oct. 8, 1921. 4t Oct 29

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, in and for the
County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Jennie
Munshaw. Deceased. No. 28234.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and
Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Charles
Frederick Munshaw, Executor of the
Estate of Jennie Munshaw, Deceased,
has filed in the office of the Clerk of
said Court his final Report and Petition
for Distribution, asking the Court to
settle said Report, distribute the prop-
erty to the persons entitled thereto and
to discharge said Executor; and that
said Report and Petition will be heard
on the 6th day of December, 1921, at
9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the
Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 4th day of November, 1921.
GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. GORDON, Deputy.
First pub. Nov. 5, 1921. 3t Nov. 19

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, in and for the
County of King.
Gladys Case Smith, Plaintiff, vs. Al-
fred Calvert Smith, Jr., Defendant.
No. 145196.

Summons For Publication.
The State of Washington to, Alfred
Calvert Smith, Jr., Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty (60) days after the date
of the first publication of this sum-
mons, to-wit: Within sixty (60) days
after the 8th day of October, 1921, and
defend the above entitled action in the
above entitled court, and answer the
complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a
copy of your answer upon the under-
signed attorney for plaintiff at his of-
fice below stated; and in case of your
failure so to do, judgment will be
rendered against you according to the
demand of the complaint, which has
been filed with the clerk of said court.
The object of the above entitled ac-
tion is to obtain a decree dissolving
the bonds of matrimony heretofore and
now existing between the plaintiff and
defendant, and for such other and fur-
ther relief as to the court may seem
just and equitable.

JOHN F. REED,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address:
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash-
ington.
First pub. October 8, 1921. 7t Nov. 19.

CHAS. H. HARTGE
Attorney Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington For the County
of King. In Probate.
In the matter of the Estate of Henry
Price. Deceased. No. 29054.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and
Petition For Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Tilly
Green, administratrix of the Estate of
the above named Henry Price, deceased,
has filed in the office of the Clerk of
said Court her final Report and petition
for distribution, asking the Court to
settle said Report, distribute the prop-
erty to the persons thereto entitled and
to discharge said administratrix; and
that said Report and petition will be
heard on the day of November,
1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room
of the Probate Department of said
Court.

Dated this 13th day of October, 1921.
GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court
by GEO. L. BERGER,
Deputy.
First pub. Oc 15 1921 4t Nov 5

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VOL. IX. NO. 45.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY. NOVEMBER 12, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS

CAPTAIN J. S. GIBSIN

**An authority on Unemployment, will address
The Municipal League, Tuesday Noon, Nov. 15
At Meves Cafeteria, 4th and Pine,
On The Unemployment Situation in Seattle**



CIVIL SERVICE IN SEATTLE

J. Y. C. Kellogg, Civil Service Commissioner, delivered a splendid address before the Municipal League Tuesday noon, on Seattle's civil service problems.

That in the view of the civil service commission, the work is an exceedingly important one, and that this importance is little understood by the citizens of Seattle, was the opening statement made by Mr. Kellogg.

"The civil service is trying to put more efficiency in our city government; civil service is taking away municipal employments from the 'spoils system'," declared Mr. Kellogg.

Taking up first the League's civil service committee's recommendation that "when an employee be discharged, he should be placed on the eligible list with the idea of serving in another department," Mr. Kellogg said: "There is merit in the suggestion, but I have no fixed views on the subject."

The second question suggested by the League's committee was that seniority should be eliminated in civil service. The commissioner said: "Our rules provide that the qualification of seniority be given only 2½%. Thus, where a man has been in the service for twenty years, and another has been in the service for only two years—if the junior em-

ployee passes a 3% better grade than the senior employee, he wins the promotion. In my opinion, seniority percentage is a mere trifle, and a junior employee of ability has but little difficulty in overcoming that handicap."

As to the League committee's proposal that the civil service commission itself be placed under civil service he said: "I believe in it; and I believe further that heads of departments should be placed under civil service. I am opposed, however, to the city council 'picking' the civil service commissioners. I believe the mayor is the logical official to pass upon the examination."

To my mind the civil service in Seattle can be improved in the following particulars:

1. We can make our examinations more practical. The personality test, favored by some, is one of the best means of testing a man's qualifications for the job he seeks. But, in my opinion, this test may lead to serious abuses and is dangerous. It might lead to the criticism of favoritism by the commission. I believe also that we can improve our corps of examiners.

2. I believe that the commission should have a lot more power in fixing the salaries of employees. At the present time, there is a salary schedule in the city which was prepared by Dean Miller, of the School of Business Administration, the University of Washington, sometime during the past year. The commis-

sion has urged the council to a yearly or periodical revision of this schedule, and there is now a voluntary public committee at work on this matter, which will shortly report to the council. It is my hope that there will be enough public sentiment to back up the committee's recommendations.

3. An improvement could be made in the classification of positions of employment. There are, for example, at this time eight grades in the engineering service; each grade has a salary range, and there are six or seven rates of pay in each range. Under the present system employees start at the lowest rate, and advance automatically each year to the highest range. I believe that this should be changed, and that the range of salary should be based upon efficiency rather than upon the length of service.

4. In the absence of a city manager form of government for Seattle, I believe in incorporating into the civil service an efficiency engineer. It is needless to say that the civil service must make for Seattle many times over what it costs the city. I believe that an efficiency engineer would save the city many tens of thousands of dollars.

There are heads of departments who are impatient at the restraints imposed by civil service. They feel that if they could hire and fire at will, they could have a better department—but it is my

(Continued on page 2)

MUNICIPAL BUREAUS FOR RESEARCH

The following data has been compiled from the letters and pamphlets received as answers to questionnaires sent to the municipal research bureaus of thirteen cities in the United States and one in Canada.

Akron, O. (208,435), Bureau of Municipal Research, Est. Dec. 1914, Director D. C. Sowers; average annual appropriation \$15,000, 1920 \$20,000.

Organization financed by 22 contributors; controlled by Board of 7 trustees. Staff includes: Director, Asst. Director and stenographer.

Results of operation, Business-like budget which limits appropriations to actual visible income; assistance to commission framing charter effective Jan 1, 1920; establishment of central purchasing department; disclosure of irregularities in Street Cleaning Dept., resulting in resignation of department head; survey of Ohio state departments resulting in complete reorganization of state government, effective July 1, 1921. In 1920—Assistance in preparation of 1920 budget; co-operation with Director of Finance in establishing an improved accounting system: bulletin PUBLIC INFORMATION published every two weeks.

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Robert F. Sandall, Main 0441
Jackson Silbaugh, Main 4241
Dan Earle, Main 0078
E. C. Kilbourne, Ell. 0607
J. T. Lawler, Main 6059, Ex-Officio Trustee

Terms Expire May, 1923
M. L. Baker, Main 2795
Vivian Carkeek, Ell. 0080
William G. Mann, Ell. 2783
James W. Reynolds, Main 0799
L. B. Schwelienbach, Main 0363
H. A. Woodcock, Main 5208

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

Savings to City—\$100,000 through analysis of proposed plans for construction of sewage and garbage plants. In 1920—\$350,000 in reduction of county and school tax rates. In 1921—\$174,000 in reduction of city and county sinking fund in budget, \$78,000 in debt charge of county through postponement of sale of county road bonds.

AKRON, OHIO

SEATTLE CIVIL SERVICE

(Continued from page 1)
opinion that before long these department heads would find that city councilmen would be directing and dictating their policies. The "spoils" system would creep in.
To have a civil service properly administered, the law must be followed impartially. During my service on this board, not one act has been seen on the part of any member of the commission of any desire to favor anyone.
The civil service is expanding and broadening. Some of the eastern and middle western states now have state, as well as municipal, civil service.
Our civil service law was adopted in 1896. Seattle was one of the first cities to put into force civil service.

The examinations under civil service are made with the cooperation of the heads of departments. Largely the type and character of the examination is approved by them. The papers

are so marked that the examiner is unable to know whose paper he is marking. After the examination, the papers are graded, and then those receiving the highest grades are placed upon the eligible list. (In this connection, permit me to say that the charter amendment giving veterans the preference is indeed a drastic amendment. Personally, I would favor giving the veteran a percentage—that is, a certain grade bonus—rather than putting the veteran at the head of the list). After the eligible list is certified, the head of the department has a choice of accepting one of the three at the head of the list. The person accepted is then given a probationary period of ninety days, at the end of which time, the head of the department can let him out, if he so wishes. While the commission has the right to checkmate the head of the department in this, as a matter of fact it does not do so; he is given free scope. If the head of the department accepts the employee at the end of the ninety days, he becomes a regular employee, and can only be discharged for "cause". A hearing must be given to the discharged employee, evidence submitted, etc.

Promotional examinations are given to men in the service—thus stimulating the desires for advancement.

With reference to the discharge of an employee by the head of the department, the com-

mission takes the position that they will sustain the discharge upon any ground that would justify a private employer to discharge a private employee.

During the year 1920, there were 208 discharges. Out of these, 61 were entitled to investigation; of this number 24 applied for a hearing; and in 20 out of the 24 instances the head of the department was sustained. Thus showing clearly the attitude of the committee toward discharges by department heads.

Asked by Mr. Joseph Jacobs if there was any provision for demotion, the commissioner replied that there was. Further asked whether he deemed it wise to give a department head carte blanche to discharge 5 or 10% of employees in his department, the speaker replied that that would not be desirable in his opinion. The best way of reducing the number of employees, he stated, was by the city council following the recommendation of an efficiency expert or a volunteer committee.

"I believe in the city being a model employer. I believe in the pension system, if the number of employees are cut down to the bone," concluded the speaker.

SECRETARY'S COMMENTS

Meves Cafeteria is indeed proving that is a popular place for the League meetings. The attendance has been increased over that had at Blanc's Cafe, and the last two meetings have given evidence of the fact that the members consider it a pleasant, adequate and enjoyable meeting place. From all indications, it will be the League's permanent meeting place,—unless the membership expresses themselves otherwise. The committee on meeting place is particularly anxious to get the views of members on this matter, and it is hoped that this notice will induce members to communicate with the secretary and give him their ideas on the subject.

Attendance at meetings is one of the most important things in the life of an organization. With a large attendance the morale of an organization is improved, the officers are stimulated to greater

activities, and committees put forth their best efforts; and then too, the effect of a committee's recommendation is strengthened in proportion to the number of people who take an interest, and express their opinion on the matter at issue. The League meetings this year have been better than they have been for the past three years. There seems to be genuine and sincere pleasure displayed by the members who attend these meetings. Old members of the League who have been lax in their attendance would be surprised and delighted with the new spirit that prevails. Why not make the effort and set aside each Tuesday noon for attendance at the League meetings. Be a League booster! Strengthen the League by your personal indication of interest.

The secretary is anxious that the "Municipal News" reach every member of the League; also that it reach the members in ample time to give them notice of the meeting. If anyone has any complaint to make in these two matters, please communicate with the secretary.

The writer asked permission of President Anderson to ascertain what proportion of the members present at last Tuesday's meeting actually read "The News". On a show of hands, nearly every member of the League present indicated that he read "The News" carefully. This was indeed welcome to the secretary, as well as to the officers and trustees of the League. It is the desire of the administration to make this little paper interesting and stimulating. Members should feel that it is their paper; that they have a right to contribute to it; that they have a right to express criticism of anything published in the paper. Communications are welcomed. It was indeed gratifying to the editorial committee to hear President Anderson's statement, at the last meeting, that he considered the "News" one of the best publications of its kind in America. "Where will you find an organization such as our publishing a better weekly paper?" Mr. Anderson's vast experience with civic organizations of the

try qualify him to pass judgment. The League may be well served with his statement.

* * *

Globe Trotter Returned

Mr. Charles A. Hultin, for many years a member of the Municipal League, has just recently returned from a trip around the world. Prior to his leaving Seattle more than a year ago he informed the secretary of the League of his proposed journey, and the secretary urged him to make particular study of the various municipalities he visited, and especially with reference to their government and to the matter of solution of their various problems. Mr. Hultin, since his return, has indicated that he would accept an invitation of the League for an address, and the program committee is now planning to have him appear on the League program soon.

* * *

Efficiency Engineer for Civil Service

Mr. Kellogg's recommendation that an efficiency engineer be employed by the city and attached to the civil service commission, ought to receive serious consideration of the city council. At the annual dinner of the University of Washington, 1920, Dean Stephen I. Miller made a similar recommendation. It will be noted that Mr. Kellogg referred to Dean Miller in his address, pointing out that it was through Dean Miller's investigation that the present salary schedule was adopted by the city council. Those who were in touch with the situation at that time know it is an important and tremendous task was involved in that investigation. An efficiency engineer is the proper person to make an investigation of efficiency in municipal offices. The city council cannot do it; the Mayor cannot do it; the civil service commission cannot do it; a voluntary organization cannot do it; for none of these have either the time or the ability to do that which an efficiency engineer could do. There is no question but what an efficiency engineer could save the city hundreds of dollars over what his cost would be to Seattle. Is it not possible to convince the council that if the Municipal

League gets back of its civil service committee and Mr. Kellogg, the city council of this fact? It is that this recommendation can be carried through.

* * *

Policing Cabarets

In last Sunday's newspaper the announcement was made by Chief of Police Searing that licenses for soft-drink places should be increased. Among other things, Chief Searing stated that it was costing the city of Seattle approximately \$6,000.00 a year to adequately police the Alhambra Cafe, popularly known as the "Coon Cabaret", at 12th and Jackson. When this fact was called to the attention of the Board of Trustees at its last meeting, it produced, indeed, a startling effect. Vivian Carkeek volunteered to make a thorough investigation of the matter for the Board and will report to it at its next meeting.

* * *

Excluding Aliens on City Jobs

A matter which was brought up by Mr. W. R. Allen, secretary of the Association of Unemployed, was the practical impossibility under the present ordinances of the city to enforce that ordinance prohibiting the employment of aliens on public works. No machinery was provided for in the original ordinance for the enforcement of this prohibition. A League committee is now at work devising a means of compelling the city officials to publish a list of all aliens employed on city work.

UNEMPLOYMENT TO BE DISCUSSED BY LEAGUE TUESDAY

Captain J. S. Gibson, who attended the national unemployment conference at Washington and has been acting as advisor to the Mayor's committee of unemployment in Seattle, will address the League Tuesday noon on the unemployment situation in Seattle. Captain Gibson is known for his forcefulness and his entire familiarity with the subject. It is one of the most timely as well as critical problems confronting the city today. It is hoped that a large attendance will be had at this meeting.

CROSON TALKS ON COMMUNITY CHEST

Carl E. Croson, member of the school board, addressed the League briefly on the Community Chest. He urged the League to align itself with the Community Chest Fund Campaign, and actively engage in the solicitation, and in other ways "put over" the drive. He also urged the League members to enlighten the general public as to the proper public attitude towards the campaign, and to talk the matter over with "friends and neighbors". In conclusion, he urged citizens to make up their minds in advance as to how much they desired to give and what organization they cared to designate.

LOW STREET RAILWAY FARES WITH THE HELP OF THE LANDOWNER

By Louis B. Wehle
New York City

Formerly a Member, Federal Electric Railways Commission
From the National Municipal Review

Is it not in accordance with the laws of economic justice, then, that the landowner, as such, should share his benefit of increased land value with the public? Instead of the cost \$7,375,000, of the Manhattan extension being borne by the owners of the land in the newly served territory, it was capitalized and translated into an annual charge of \$350,000 or more, a burden which had to be borne out of the carfares and which today helps to intensify the financial predicament in which the company finds itself. If the public pays out of its fares for the cost of maintaining and operating the line which will bring the outlying landowners such enrichment, should the latter not share with the public out of that enrichment, depending upon the degree in which he is benefitted, by paying for or by helping to pay for the initial cost of construction of the line? That such a solution is just is rather significantly shown by the fact that in a number of cities, landowners in outlying districts have offered spontaneously to contribute large sums to the company to assist

NELSON B. ANDERSON
Attorney
1723 Smith Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County
Thomas Ringstrom, sole trader, doing business as Argus Sign & Window Service, Plaintiff, vs. Central Auto Stage Terminal, a corporation, Defendant.
No. 153962, Notice to Creditors.
Pursuant to an order made in the above entitled cause by the above entitled court on the 18th day of Oct., 1921, notice is hereby given that all creditors of Central Auto Stage Terminal, a corporation, defendant, are required to file their duly verified itemized claims with the undersigned Receiver of Central Auto Stage Terminal, a corporation, defendant, at the office of said Receiver, 1723 L. C. Smith Building, Seattle, Washington, on or before the 5th day of December, 1921; all claims not so presented within said time shall be disallowed and barred from participation in the estate of defendant.
Dated at Seattle, this 18th day of October, 1921.

S. T. HILLS,
Receiver.

First pub. Oct 22, 1921. 13 Nov 5

LUNDIN & BARTO
Lawyers
817-23 Alaska Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Bessie J. Price, Deceased. No. 29654. Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Alfred H. Lundin, administrator of the Estate of Bessie J. Price, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said administrator; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 2nd day of December, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.
Dated this 31st day of October, 1921.
GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. GORDON,
Deputy.
First pub. Nov. 5, 1921. 31 Nov. 19

it in constructing certain extensions. The present predicament of the street-railway companies is in many places partly due to overbuilding, a fault traceable to political or business pressures exerted by speculators in suburban lands who had little or no financial responsibility in connection with the street-railway extensions, which they caused to be built for their immediate benefit. This action of the suburban landowners of certain cities, on the other hand, is a significant expression of enlightened self-interest and a sound, constructive recognition of a fundamental principle of justice. The establishment of that principle by law, whether by changes in city ordinances, state statutes, or state constitutions should, in our opinion, not be delayed. This thought is especially recommended to the attention of a number of communities which are now facing the necessity for extensions or rapid-transit improvements.

Before a man marries he swears to love; after he's married he loves to swear.

JOHN F. REED
 Attorney 609 Empire Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, in and for the
 County of King, in Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Jessie C.
 Gunter, Deceased. No. 28953.
 Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition For Distribution.
 Notice is Hereby Given That George T. Gunter, Executor of the Estate of Jessie C. Gunter, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons entitled thereto and discharge said Executor; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 25th day of November, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 27th day of October, 1921.
 GEORGE A. GRANT,
 Clerk of said Court.
 By H. C. GORDON,
 Deputy.
 First pub. Oct. 29, 1921. 4t Nov 19

CHAS. H. HARTGE
 Attorney Central Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington for the County
 of King. In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Annie
 M. Marshall, Deceased. No. 29001.
 Notice of Hearing Final Report and

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Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Harvey Martin Marshall, Administrator of the Estate of Annie M. Marshall, Deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said Administrator; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 7th day of November, 1921, at 9:30 A. M. at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 6th day of October, 1921.
 GEORGE A. GRANT,
 Clerk of said Court.
 By GEO. L. BERGER, Deputy.
 First pub. Oct. 8, 1921. 4t Oct 29

JOHN F. REED
 Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, in and for the
 County of King. In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Jennie
 Munshaw, Deceased. No. 28234.
 Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.
 Notice is hereby given that Charles Frederick Munshaw, Executor of the Estate of Jennie Munshaw, Deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and Petition for Distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons entitled thereto and to discharge said Executor; and that said Report and Petition will be heard on the 6th day of December, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 4th day of November, 1921.
 GEORGE A. GRANT,
 Clerk of said Court.
 By H. C. GORDON, Deputy.
 First pub. Nov. 5, 1921. 3t Nov. 19

JOHN F. REED
 Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington, in and for the
 County of King.
 Gladys Case Smith, Plaintiff, vs. Alfred Calvert Smith, Jr., Defendant.
 No. 145196.
 Summons For Publication.
 The State of Washington to, Alfred Calvert Smith, Jr., Defendant:
 You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: Within sixty (60) days after the 8th day of October, 1921, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court. The object of the above entitled action is to obtain a decree dissolving the bonds of matrimony heretofore and now existing between the plaintiff and defendant, and for such other and further relief as to the court may seem just and equitable.

JOHN F. REED,
 Attorney for Plaintiff.
 Office and Post Office Address:
 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Washington.
 First pub. October 8, 1921. 7t Nov. 19.

CHAS. H. HARTGE
 Attorney Central Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
 State of Washington For the County
 of King. In Probate.
 In the matter of the Estate of Henry Price, Deceased. No. 29054.
 Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition For Distribution.
 Notice is hereby given that Tilly Green, administratrix of the Estate of the above named Henry Price, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said administratrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 18th day of November, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 13th day of October, 1921.
 GEORGE A. GRANT,
 Clerk of said Court.
 by GEO. L. BERGER, Deputy.
 First pub. Oct 22, 1921 4t Nov 12

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NOV 29 1921

Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. XI. NO. 46.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS

PROGRAM FOR TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 22

The Public Utilities Committee will report on
Transportation Problems

Tuesday Noon, November 22, 1921

At Meves Cafeteria, 4th and Pine

Let us have a large turn-out



LARGES AID FOR JOBLESS

UNEMPLOYMENT DISCUSSED BEFORE THE LEAGUE

Captain J. S. Gibson, regional director of unemployment, addressed the Municipal League Tuesday noon on the general subject of unemployment in Seattle.

Commending the work of the Mayor's Committee on unemployment and the work carried on by the Association of Unemployed, Captain Gibson said that all efforts should be lined up in assisting these two organizations in securing employment. We must not minimize the situation. It is our problem, and it is up to us to do something," said Captain Gibson.

The speaker urged the Municipal League to offer its assistance as an organization to the Mayor. "I know you will have a large field for service and that your reward will be ample," declared Gibson. He made an appeal to all citizens to do what they could and not to wait until they were asked to do something. "Go to the Mayor's committee and volunteer your services," urged Gibson.

Captain Gibson made the announcement that he had requested Governor Hart to call a conference of all Mayors of the state for the purpose of arriving at a solution of the problem.

Captain Gibson wrote, he said, to all of the Mayors, personally asking them to make a thorough study and investigation of the conditions of unemployment in their respective cities and be able to report at this conference. A conference with the State Board of Public Works has also been arranged so as to coordinate both the efforts of the state governments and municipal governments.

The speaker called attention to the fact that Mayor Caldwell had appointed a commission to make a survey and recommendations with respect to the local situation. The report issued by the Mayor's committee was an exceedingly useful one, he declared, and has been published in reports issued by the Federal Government. The permanent committee which has been appointed by the Mayor to carry out the recommendations of the commission consists of five members. Each one is chairman and has a right to appoint such committeemen under him and such assistance as he may deem necessary.

Referring to the Washington Conference which he and Faisie, a member of the Municipal League, attended in Washington, Captain Gibson said in part: I attribute the honor of being a conferee of the unemployment conference by reason of the fact that I am president of a water front organization of employers which has the distinction of

working in harmony, by agreement, with its employees. Previous to the Washington conference I had kept the department commission pretty well informed as to what we were doing. Apparently they thought it of considerable importance.

"While I am not an expert (I am not an expert in anything) I had considerable experience in employment matters and I am proud to say that under the system in use in our organization at present we are approaching 100 per cent efficiency. We have reduced the number of accidents by 60 per cent, and we have provided a system whereby casual labor is getting a square deal.

"On arriving at Washington, we listened to a brief address of the President. The outstanding warning being not to dip into the public treasury. Secretary Hoover also emphasized this in his address. At first we thought that the government was only to contribute its moral support in the solution of the unemployment problem. Afterwards, however, we found that what the President and Hoover had meant was that the government was not to participate in any financial doles. The government, it was soon discovered, was willing to assist in the solution of the problem by carrying on certain public works which would afford employment to thousands of men. Secretary Hoover then appointed his committees and the meeting

(Continued on Page 2.)

MAYOR'S VETOES LOSE

COUNCIL OVERRIDES ON TWO IMPORTANT MEASURES

Two important vetoes of Mayor Hugh M. Caldwell were overridden by the City Council Monday afternoon, one an ordinance providing for the remuneration of Peter Witt for his survey of the Municipal Street Railway, the other providing for a bond issue of \$680,000 for track renewals on First Avenue and other railway betterments.

The Witt ordinance was passed notwithstanding the mayor's disapproval by a vote of seven to one in the Council, only Councilman Robert B. Hesketh dissenting. It sets aside \$8,400 for Mr. Witt's pay at \$1,000 a week and his expense.

The First Avenue trackage bond ordinance was adopted unanimously. It would provide also for the purchase of 25 new street cars, and for the purchase of the Greenwood Avenue car line in Ballard from the Western Washington Power Company.

The Council also passed an emergency ordinance, authorizing Corporation Counsel Walter F. Meier, to bring injunction proceedings in Superior Court against the Sound Transit Company to prevent operation of the Cowen Park jitney. This will have to be signed by the mayor before it can become a law, being

(Continued on Page 2.)

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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Telephone Main 6282

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Jackson Silbaugh, Main 4241
Dan Earle, Main 0078
E. C. Kilbourne, Ell. 0607
J. T. Lawler, Main 6059, Ex-Officio Trustee

Terms Expire May, 1923
M. L. Baker, Main 2795
Vivian Carkeek, Ell. 0080
William G. Mann, Ell. 2783
James W. Reynolds, Main 0799
L. B. Schwellenbach, Main 0363
H. A. Woodcock, Main 5208

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

MAYOR'S VETOES LOSE

(Continued from page 1)
an emergency bill.

Councilman Philip Tindall introduced two ordinances designed to prohibit the business of so-called "temporary" merchants, and providing that merchants who advertise bankrupt sales must file a sworn statement with the city comptroller showing whether the sale is being conducted by order of a court.

Councilman A. Lou Cohen's resolution, directing the Board of Public Works to stop construction of a railway trestle across the Oregon & Washington Railroad's Argo freight yards, was postponed one week.

DISCUS UNEMPLOYMENT

(Continued from page 1)
was dismissed. The committee met and organized. Soon it was found that permanent and emergency relief would conflict, and so Secretary Hoover called for the emergency relief committee report first (there was considerable conflict in the committee over recommendations of permanent relief.)

"The crux of the report on emergency relief was the responsibility must be placed for the care of the unemployed where it could be most quickly handled; that unemployment was primarily a civic problem; that relief for the unemployed should be directed in the various states by the governor, and in the cities, through the Mayor.

"This report was given immediate publicity all through the country, and as a response to it the Mayors of the large cities of the country assumed immediate direction.

"We tried as best we could to get certain reclamation projects started by the government, as well as certain other public works, but appropriations for these works had to be made by Congress, and Congress has been hounded to death to reduce taxation. And consequently, our efforts have thus far met with but little result. However, we expect very shortly to get the government started on reclamation projects in this state—the building of highways; and to get the general public interested in the building of houses."

UNION RECORD CALLS LEAGUE MEETING A FIZZLE

The Union Record characterized the League's weekly Tuesday meeting a "fizzle" in a headline clear across its first page of Tuesday's street edition. The following article appeared and is reprinted in full:

FIZZLE

Startling evidence of Seattle's adherence to the principles of unionism was brought out at noon Tuesday at Meves cafeteria when less than a score of members turned out to the weekly luncheon of the Municipal league.

Claude H. Anderson, league president, apologized to those

present and declared that "This is the smallest attendance since we have been meeting at Meves."

Omitting any reference to the fact that Meves cafeteria is one of the group of eating houses unfair to the workers, Anderson chose to ascribe the small attendance to the Community Chest campaign.

While the meeting was under way, locked out waitresses sold regular editions of the Union Record on the streets outside—editions containing a half-page section setting forth the fact that Meves cafeteria is unfair and has locked out its union employees.

Capt. J. S. Gibson, regional director of unemployment, who was recently appointed to that post following President Harding's unemployment conference in Washington, D. C., was the speaker. Unemployment was stalking through the land while the machinery of government cumbrously tried to get into action with remedial work on reclamation projects, he said.

Capt. Gibson, who is the presiding officer of an organization of waterfront employers, said that "we have a lot of unemployed here that is undesirable and a menace."

The leaguers were also asked to "Think of the poor devil on the street that cannot buy a piece of bread such as we would throw away." The speaker saw no immediate help for the unemployment except through the assistance of individuals.

Tuesday's attendance, at Meves cafeteria, was in striking contrast to the crowded tables that formerly faced speakers at the weekly luncheons of the organization. Frequently it has been almost impossible for late comers to find seats among the large crowds that customarily turn out to discuss municipal problems.

THE PUBLIC UTILITY COMMITTEE WILL HAVE CHARGE OF TUESDAY'S MEETING

In line with the policy of the League to allow each committee to be responsible for, and to present at least one program during the course of the year, the Public Utilities Committee of the Municipal League, headed by Robert Howes, will have complete

charge of Tuesday's program. Several important matters relating to transportation and other public utility problems have been referred to this committee by the Board of Trustees, and it is understood that the committee will avail itself of this opportunity to report upon the matters to the membership.

REPORT ON "EXTRAS"

President Claude H. Anderson, Municipal League, Seattle, Washington.

Dear Sir:

At the request of the Board of Trustees, I made an investigation, as chairman of the Budget Committee, of the statement that payment of extras on local improvement contracts was being made by the city in bonds at cost plus 25 per cent.

I find that there has been a universal rule in the letting of such contracts by the Board of Public Works to allow cost plus 12 per cent for such extra work as the Engineer's Department required the contractor to do; that the extras on all local improvement contracts are very slight, probably not amounting to more than one or two per cent in the average; that the contractor has to use his tools, equipment, force and overhead, and that he is likely in many cases, to lose money at this rate even when paid in cash.

Sometime ago when the bond market was so low that good bonds could be obtained ordinarily yielding as high as 8 per cent it was inevitable that the contractors would lose from 10 to 15 per cent or more of the money they are supposed to receive for these extras when paid for these local improvement bonds which draw interest at 6 per cent. The Engineering Department, therefore, worked out a schedule of rates of extra payment in bonds, in addition to the 12 per cent, to be applied according to the rise and fall in the bond market—ranging from about 13 per cent when bonds are selling at the lowest, gradually down to nothing as the approach par.

This seems to me very reasonable, and that there is no abuse being practiced here.

Respectfully submitted,
J. L. BALDWIN
Chairman Budget Committee

HOT SHOT FROM MR. BLACKWELL AND A REPLY FROM MR. WIENIR.

I have been reading the News very carefully lately as well as the Seattle Spirit, the organ of the Chamber of Commerce, and several other publications of like nature, to determine, if possible, the object of such publication and how satisfactorily they accomplish their purpose.

In the main they seem to be bulletins of the activities of their respective organizations, having but little of interest to those outside, and often, I am afraid, to those inside.

Confining my remarks to the Municipal News, and bearing in mind that it is easier to criticize than to construct, and that the most helpful article, just as physics, may not be pleasant to take, will offer a few suggestions.

The name "Municipal News" implies that it gives the news concerning the doings of the municipality, and we no longer publish that table showing how the city councilmen vote; it is true we take up certain questions that occupy the public attention, and study them. Often they are reported upon by professional men as able as any in the country, who give thousands of dollars worth of service to them, but such articles have little place outside of the technical journals. When we get away from the stiff technical strain, we swing to the usual newspaper stuff of flattering ourselves, and being popular by telling each other what we want to hear, whether it be for our good or not.

In view of the name of our paper, it would seem that we should give at least an epitome of the doings of our city government, and possibly also of the county commissioners.

We should endeavor to feature short, pithy comments somewhat in the nature of editorials, on various phases of the city and contributed at times in the past by W. Catlett, Geo. B. Littlefield and Judge A. E. Griffiths. In such articles it should be borne in mind that it is the man's opinion clearly stated, rather than the long, laborious and often-times tedious methods by which he reaches his conclusions.

We should have a mission, possibly platform would be a

better word, that should be our first aim, and on which we should continuously work. So often those contributing services in committee work are bitterly disappointed to have reports on which they have worked for months, disposed of in less than five minutes without comment, and raked off into the dead ashes of the past. The lengthening years of participation in the work of civic organizations more and more forcibly call to my attention the similarity of action of most civic organizations to that of the young fox hounds of my fox hunting days. These young dogs went forth fired with an ambition to tackle anything up to an elephant in size, but would not have a clear conception of just what they wanted to do, they would bolt off after the first hot trail they ran across, which they would follow until it crossed a hotter one of some other kind, when the first would be dropped and the latter pursued with the result that at the end of the hunt the dogs were worn out, and they had accomplished nothing.

We probably expect too much from our civic journals for what we pay, but why continue something that is a drag, especially when it takes time and money that might be better expended otherwise. I believe the negro parson's advice about the drinking of rum could be applicable to the publication of most civic journals. "Don't drink rum, but if you do, drink good rum."

Yours very respectfully,

J. D. BLACKWELL

Secretary's note:) Mr. Blackwell's letter is fine and to the point. Would that we had many others of a similar character from members and others interested in the Municipal League. It is constructive criticism that makes any person or organization. One of the first essentials is to know your weakness; that is half the battle. The other half is to go out and do it.

But let us see if all of Mr. Blackwell's criticisms are well founded. He complains that the "News" does not really give us the news concerning municipal matters; that we confine our comments more upon the activities of the organization. In the space allotted practically nothing other than civic and club news is

published. The weekly address is reported as nearly in full as it is possible and necessary; the weekly meeting of board of trustees is "covered" as well as other items which the editors deem to be of interest to the members; the important occurrences of the week in the council are commented on; occasionally news of other cities is given. The high spots in the civic life of the city, we think, is published in the "News" from week to week.

Mr. Blackwell bitterly complains that so frequently valuable of quickly by the membership committee reports are disposed "and raked off in the dead ashes of the past". But is this complaint justified? Is it true that there have been many splendid and thorough reports made in the League which have received but scant attention on the part of the general public. But whose fault is it? Under the present system if a newspaper or group of newspapers do not deem a certain report "desirable" for publication in the waste basket it goes. If it is in line with the newspaper's ideas or policies it is featured in headlines a foot high. And there you are! Not receiving proper publicity naturally a report is ineffective.

Not all reports are treated in this manner however. And not all reports that fail to receive publicity are entirely ineffective. It is exceedingly important that certain of our public officials who stand up for that which they believe to be right know that there is an organization that is backing up their action and giving them moral support; and it is, as well, important that the other kind of official know that there is an organization on the job which may, at any time, investigate his conduct and make public their findings.

"We should have a mission, possibly platform would be a better word, that should be our first aim, and on which we should continuously work," writes Mr. Blackwell. Have we not such a mission and such a platform. Is not our mission to further better government for Seattle? And has not the league, this year, adopted a platform calling for the city manager form of government and for a municipal research bureau? Have not we tried our level best to get these

two things through? And are we not continuing our efforts with that object in view? That we have not, thus far, succeeded is not saying that we will not; and neither is it, necessarily, our fault. A great deal of work yet remains to be done. Public sentiment must first be molded, and this is exceedingly difficult to do unless we can express ourselves in greater volume. And that brings me to the real point.

The trouble is not that we don't know that we (the League, I mean) want; it is rather that we haven't the power to put it "across". And I am afraid that we shan't be able to accomplish our mission unless the rank and file of the "common people" come over and work and think with us. But even if they don't, organizations like ours are the "still small voice" of the community speaking out from time to time. Good will triumph over indifference as well as over evil!

Organs like the "News" if they help to stimulate even a little bit the members are worth while. Of course they cost a little money—but only a little. And even a poor organ of this kind, to my mind, is worth the time and the money. It's up to you and to others like you to make it better than it is; for after all, it is your paper. We do not have a high salaried editorial writer. It can not all be left to one man. But if men of the type of Mr. Blackwell and scores of others who are sympathetic to the cause of good government will help out a little bit, this paper and the organization which it represents would be better and stronger.

Some would rather sleep on than wake up and find themselves famous.

JOHN F. REED

Attorney 609 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, in and for the
County of King, in Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Jessie C.
Gunter, Deceased. No. 28953.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition For Distribution.
Notice is Hereby Given That George T. Gunter, Executor of the Estate of Jessie C. Gunter, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons entitled thereto and discharge said Executor; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 25th day of November, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 27th day of October, 1921.
GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. GORDON,
Deputy.
First pub. Oct. 29, 1921. 4t Nov 19

HARTGE & CADWALLADER
Attorneys Central Building
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington For King County
Daniel E. Hannafin, Plaintiff, vs. Ellen
Gallagher Hannafin, Defendant. No.
155142.
Summons For Publication.
The State of Washington, to the said
Ellen Gallagher Hannafin, Defendant.
You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty (60) days after the date of
the first publication of this summons,
to-wit: within sixty (60) days after
the 19th day of November, 1921, and
defend the above entitled action in the
above entitled Court and answer the
complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a
copy of your answer upon the under-
signed attorneys for plaintiff at their
office below stated, and in case of your
failure so to do, judgment will be rendered
against you according to the demand
of the complaint which has been
filed with the Clerk of the said Court.
The object of said action is to obtain
a decree of divorce of plaintiff from defendant,
to obtain custody of the minor
son of the parties hereto, and to set
over to said son the community property
of said parties.
HARTGE & CADWALLADER
Attorneys for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address:
521 Central Building, Seattle, Washington.
First Pub. Nov. 19, 1921. 7t Dec. 31.

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JOHN F. REED
Lawyer Empire Bldg
NOTICE
Notice is Hereby Given that a special
meeting of the stockholders of the J. T.
Hayes Realty Company will be held at
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Washing-
ton, on the 6th day of December, 1921,
at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose and
object of reducing the capital stock of
the Company from 24,999 shares to 13,-
393 shares.
Dated at Seattle, Washington, this
15th day of November, 1921.
W. C. MOORE,
JOHN F. REED,
C. A. RIDDLE,
Trustees.
Pub. Nov. 19, 1921.

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, in and for the
County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Jennie
Munshaw, Deceased. No. 28234.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and
Petition for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Charles
Frederick Munshaw, Executor of the
Estate of Jennie Munshaw, Deceased,
has filed in the office of the Clerk of
said Court his final Report and Petition
for Distribution, asking the Court to
settle said Report, distribute the prop-
erty to the persons entitled thereto and
to discharge said Executor; and that
said Report and Petition will be heard
on the 6th day of December, 1921, at
9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the
Probate Department of said Court.
Dated this 4th day of November, 1921.
GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. GORDON, Deputy.
First pub. Nov. 5, 1921. 3t. Nov. 19

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, in and for the
County of King.
Glady's Case Smith, Plaintiff, vs. Al-
fred Calvert Smith, Jr., Defendant.
No. 145196.
Summons For Publication.
The State of Washington to, Alfred
Calvert Smith, Jr., Defendant:
You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty (60) days after the date
of the first publication of this sum-
mons, to-wit: Within sixty (60) days
after the 8th day of October, 1921, and
defend the above entitled action in the
above entitled court, and answer the
complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a
copy of your answer upon the under-
signed attorney for plaintiff at his of-
fice below stated; and in case of your
failure so to do, judgment will be
rendered against you according to the
demand of the complaint, which has
been filed with the clerk of said court.
The object of the above entitled ac-
tion is to obtain a decree dissolving
the bonds of matrimony heretofore and
now existing between the plaintiff and
defendant, and for such other and fur-
ther relief as to the court may seem
just and equitable.
JOHN F. REED,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address:
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash-
ington.
First pub. October 8, 1921. 7t Nov. 19.

LUNDIN & BARTO
Lawyers 817-23 Alaska Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for the County
of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Bessie J.
Price, Deceased. No. 29654. Notice
of Hearing Final Report and Petition
For Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Alfred H.
Lundin administrator of the Estate of
Bessie J. Price, deceased, has filed in
the office of the Clerk of said Court his
final Report and petition for distribu-
tion, asking the Court to settle said
Report, distribute the property to the
persons thereto entitled and to discharge
said administrator; and that said Re-
port and petition will be heard on the
2nd day of December, 1921, at 9:30 A.
M., at the Court Room of the Probate
Department of said Court.
Dated this 31st day of October, 1921.
GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. GORDON,
Deputy.
First pub. Nov. 5, 1921. 3t Nov. 19

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. XI. NO. 47.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS



**The League will meet jointly with other
Civic Organizations at
THE MASONIC CLUB ROOMS, Arcade Bldg.
Tuesday Noon, November 29th
to hear John T. Pratt, Chairman of the National
Budget Committee and General Dawes'
Spokesman
THE MASONIC CLUB ROOMS, Arcade Bldg.**



WITT REPORTS TO CITY COUNCIL

CITY COUNCIL AND THE BOND ISSUE

By Eimon L. Wienir

The two outstanding features of municipal government in Seattle during the past week are Mayor Witt's report to the City Council last Monday, and the passage of the \$2,000,000 bond issue by the Council on Wednesday.

Mr. Witt's proposal to junk a great deal of the rolling stock of the Municipal Railway and to once invest several million dollars in new modern cars and motors and replace the present outstanding bonds with a new issue of 25 years duration (no payments on the principal to be made for ten years), has already met considerable opposition from the newspapers as well as from the general public. Seattle has too recently been stung by the street car deal to think of throwing more money into the pot. To my mind, the public is altogether unwilling to accept the condition that Seattle must henceforth be saddled with a white elephant and be forced to pay a high rate of carfare

(Continued on Page 2.)

Californians Knock Necessity Certificate

Mr. James A. Haight, who has recently returned from an extended visit to California, reported at the last meeting of the League that the people of California are now trying to do away with the Certificate of Necessity, an initiative amendment to the Constitution. The private companies which are particularly strong in California will try to corral all of the 7,000,000 horse-power hydro electric water power development, and thus practically control developments in the state.

Mr. Howes also reported the fact that the city of Los Angeles has recently had a most interesting exhibit of all the various utilities owned by that city, and that in this way the residents of Los Angeles got a splendid idea of the enterprises in which the city was engaged.

In line with this suggestion, the Board of Trustees have directed the Program Committee to make a study and investigation of the benefits to be derived by Seattle from a similar exhibit. Howard A. Adams who is chairman of that committee has promised to make an early report on this matter.

League to Meet at Masonic Club Rooms

Owing to the interest and the importance of the visit of John T. Pratt, Chairman of the National Budget Committee and spokesman for General Dawes, the Municipal League has joined with other civic organizations in welcoming to Seattle the distinguished guest. There will be, therefore, no meeting at Meves Cafeteria, but instead the League will meet at the Masonic Club Rooms in the Arcade Building.

Public sentiment is so thoroughly aroused against national taxation burdens that it is not unlikely that in the future constituents will ask their congressman "How much did you save your country this session?" not "How much of an appropriation did you get your district?" said S. H. Howe, director of the national budget commission of New York City, who arrived in Seattle yesterday to make preliminary arrangements for the address to be given next Tuesday by John T. Pratt. Pratt comes as the representative of Gen. Dawes, who has been named director of the federal budget system.

Mr. Pratt, a prominent New
(Continued on page 3)

FIVE CENT FARE IMPRACTICABLE

League Committee Says It Cannot Be Done

That the five cent fare is inadequate to meet operating costs, maintenance, interest and bond payments, was the conclusion reached by Robert Howes, chairman of the League's Public Utilities committee at last Tuesday's weekly meeting.

Having before him the reports from the City Comptroller, as well as from the State Bureau of Accountancy, showing the revenue derived from the operation of the Municipal Railway up to the first of September of this year; and after reading and analyzing some of the figures presented in these reports, Mr. Howes produced a chart upon which was traced graphically the lines representing increase and decrease of the number of passengers since April, 1919, the date when the city acquired possession of the railways. His chart showed that on that date the city had an average of 275,000 paid passengers per day; and that the maximum number of passengers per day was reached in the months of September and December of that year when 300,-

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

000 passengers per day were carried. In February, 1920, due undoubtedly to the closing of the shipyards, the number of passengers dropped to 268,000. This, under the 5 cent fare.

When the 6½ cent fare became effective on July 24, 1920, there was a direct and instantaneous drop of 9½ per cent.

And when the 81-3 cent fare became effective on Jan. 9, 1921, there was another drop of 12 per cent. And since that date the number of passengers carried per day dropped about 8 per cent until now there is an average of 200,000 passengers being carried per day.

Under the 81-3 cent fare, as shown by the reports of the Bureau of Accountancy, the road is just about paying its way. There was at the end of August 31, 1921, a \$61,000 surplus exclusive of the amount necessary for the retirement of the bonds. At the end of the period of operation under the 5 cent fare there was a deficit of \$1,750,000. Under the existing fare, there was carried during the first eight months of operation, 50,200,000 paid passengers, and we can safely estimate that the roads will carry approximately 75,000,000 passengers for the entire year. The revenue based upon these figures would then be \$240,000.

Now, if the city should get back the 25 per cent of passengers which dropped as a result of the increase of fare and decrease in the city's business,

we would then have 92,752,000 paid passengers, which at a five cent fare would bring in a revenue of \$4,730,000. This would result in a direct loss in the operation of the roads in the sum of \$1,600,000.

Now, under the basis of a five cent fare and 81-3 cents for transfer privilege, it has been definitely established that 26½ per cent of the fares paid require a transfer privilege---there would be approximately 19,500,000 81-3 cent fares paid; netting an increase of revenue of \$650,000. But the net loss to the railways would still be \$960,000; and when you add this fact: that the additional cost of carrying another 50,000 passengers per day would result in an additional operating expense of \$500,000, or one third of the revenue, it must readily be seen that our loss will be well over the million mark.

The reports show that on August 31, 1921, there was a deficit (accumulated from operation under the 5 cent fare) of \$1,753,000. During that period of time the depreciation charged off totals \$1,615,000, showing that there was another deficit, not counting the depreciation of \$138,000.

Thus, if nothing is charged off for depreciation, the revenues are about sufficient to carry through the contract with the Stone & Webster Company. This, of course, does not take into consideration that the city is not paying any of the taxes

and other revenue that formerly was paid by the private company.

Thus, if under the 5 cent fare with approximately 275,000 to 300,000 passengers carried per day, there was a deficit piled up of over \$1,000,000, what is there, if we go back to the 5 cent fare, to prevent another deficit being accumulated? It is true that the elimination of the Jitneys will increase the number of passengers, but one must take into account that the number of passengers carried per day is approximately 200,000 -- granted that there will be an increase of 100,000 passengers due to the elimination of Jitneys, and still we would not be better off than we were in April, 1919. Thus, my conclusion is squarely that the 5 cent fare cannot possibly pay the way.

Another curious thing is that in 1919 there were approximately 100,000 "dead heads" carried per month. In August, 1921, there were 164,000 "dead heads" carried per month; thus showing that while the number of passengers decreased, the number of "dead heads" increased, there being 2.6 times as many "dead heads" carried this year as were carried in 1919.

At the conclusion of Mr. Howe's address, questions were asked him from the floor to determine whether or not it was necessary to charge off the sum of \$1,650,000 for depreciation since hundreds of thousands of dollars had been spent for maintainance. Mr. Howes then explained the difference between depreciation, obsolescence, and maintainance.

"These three items of book-keeping are not easily understood, said Mr. Howes: 1. Maintainance is that expenditure which keeps a utility in operation; maintainance is never used for the purchase of new equipment, but is solely for the making of repairs. 2. Depreciation is a fund written off from year to year on the books which is chargeable directly to wear and tear of the utility. 3. Obsolescence is an item which should be deposited into a sinking fund, drawing interest for the purpose of being available when the utility is worn, to re-build and replace the utility."

If the entire equipment can be maintained in the same condition throughout, then the sum charged off for depreciation can be used for rebuilding the utility and for paying off the bonded debt. Unfortunately, however, this can not be done for, at the end of a given period of time the utility is practically worthless and must be scrapped. The \$680,000 bond issue recently passed by the Council, itself shows that the utility must go outside of itself in order to create a maintainance fund.

PETER WITT'S REPORT

(Continued from page 1)

for many years to come. Somehow there is a lurking impression that before long it will be found that no matter what rate of fare is charged by the authorities, it will be inadequate to meet the obligation of the contract with the private company and then, according to this prevailing opinion, the lines would be returned to the private company. Of course, in the meantime the city would have lost a great deal of money, but this in popular opinion, would not be as bad as being permanently tied down to the contract.

And then again those who have been using Seattle street cars are not convinced that such a large proportion of the rolling stock should be junked. While it is true that our cars may not compare with some of the later types of cars being used in other cities nevertheless they have and are still giving excellent service. There has been, to my notion, but little complaint on the matter of the type or character of cars used. The complaint has been largely as to the rate of fare charged.

All along, Mayor Caldwell has been opposed to the extension of the time of the meeting of the obligation, and to my mind the largest element of the problem has supported the Mayor's contention. It has long been recognized that the utility will be practically worthless at the end of thirty years. In seventeen years remaining will just cover the natural life of the utility -- thirteen years of life having been passed in the hands of the private company. Why, then, should Seattle

made to live with a worn-out, years after its usefulness has out-of-date utility eight or ten years passed? It would hamper the city's growth and would be a heavy burden upon the taxpayers. Moreover, thus extending the time of the payment of the bonds would increase the value of the bonds already issued. It is understood that at the present time these bonds are worth but 50 cents on the dollar. Changing the contract at this time by extending the bonds for a period of eight years will enhance the value considerably. This, public opinion does not sanction on the ground that the city has already over-paid the private company, and disregarding any element of fraud perpetrated on the city, our people are not willing to see the private company gain any more than they already have on such modification of the contract.

Mr. Witt's first report, then, is exceedingly unpopular, and even if the changes he recommends must be made, it will require more popular approval than exists to impress the law-making body of the city to carry out his suggestions. This, to my mind, can not be accomplished at present.

The passing of the ordinance authorizing the sale of \$2,000,000 worth of Water bonds of the city of Seattle to three bonding companies without the usual advertisements and notice, has also called forth a storm of adverse criticism.

Just why the Council should have made the sale as it did can only be explained by the fact that it deemed the offer such an advantageous one, and was so afraid of its being withdrawn, that it regarded prompt action necessary. But even so, we fail to understand why Superintendent Youngs of the Water Department was not consulted, and neither can we understand why Mayor Caldwell was not advised of the proposed action of the Council. True it is, that legally the Council had the right to pass the ordinance without consulting either the Mayor or the Superintendent of the Water Department, but surely there is no moral justification for not making their views into consideration, especially when both officials were in their offices and

available at the convenience of the Council.

The present bond market is exceedingly favorable to the purchase and sale of such securities. Money has become much freer during the last few months, and big bond buyers everywhere are grabbing up as soon as they can tax-free bonds. Rates of interest on such bonds are gradually being reduced until today as low as 4½ per cent is being paid on bonds no better than the present issue. Furthermore, if this money is not actually needed until March, there is a very good chance of the bonds being sold at an even less rate of interest than similar bonds that are being offered for on the market at the present time.

All in all, it strikes us that the Council was too hasty in jumping at this offer. There is no implication of graft on the part of the Council, but there is an implication that the Council does not understand the bond market. This is not to its discredit particularly under the present system, for the Council cannot know everything. It merely adds another point in favor of having a city manager -- someone who is an expert in financial matters and can deal with them accordingly, to the best advantage of the city.

TAX REDUCTION COUNCIL SCANS PORT'S AFFAIRS

Charging that the engineering department of the port of Seattle is grossly mismanaged and that 20 per cent of the revenues earned by the port commission are applied to the payroll of this department alone, which "should be cut to a minimum of an engineer, draftsman, and stenographer," the Seattle Tax Reduction Council adopted eleven recommendations to lessen the tax burden by reduction of expenditures and increase of revenues that would result in an annual saving of \$150,347.

After a heated argument involving the principal of municipal ownership of a manufacturing and retail enterprise the council adopted a recommendation urging the state legislature to pass a law enabling the present ice manufacturing plant of this port to run to full, instead of half, capacity, and sell its

surplus product commercially, thus adding an estimated revenue of \$50,000 to \$60,000 to the annual income of the port.

Changes Advised

Among other innovations proposed by the council the following were recommended:

The three port commissioners act as board of directors under one competent traffic manager, the traffic department to arrive at tariffs on net earnings over cost per square foot instead of present hit and miss methods.

That the position of fire marshal, employment director and entertainer be abolished.

That the purchasing department force be reduced to one man, and finally abolished, as soon as present stores and supplies can be disposed of.

That the manager be compelled to keep the amount paid in salaries and the number of employees down to a like amount and number paid by similar private industries.

Operation of the Spokane, Hanford and Stacy Street Terminals as one, to economize on the number employed.

Finances Summarized

The council also suggested that attention of the port commission be drawn to the fact that credit of the port is being impaired by market price of port bonds, selling at 70 cents on the dollar.

Summing up, the committee, on whose findings the recommendations are based, gives the following figures on the financial status of the port during the eight months starting January 1, and up to August 31, 1921:

Total assets, liquid, fixed and deferred, \$10,607,844.36. Total liabilities, consisting of total accounts payable, \$8,195,870.70, and surplus of \$2,411,973.66. Net loss to Port of Seattle during eight month period, \$203,166.93.

The committee consisted of Capt. O. A. Johansen, Capt. Henry R. James and A. T. Roberts, formerly auditor for the shipping board.

The following members of the

council were unanimously elected as members of the executive committee: Mrs. Geo. Adrian Smith, Reuben Hill and L. C. Stevenson.

MUNICIPAL LEAGUE TO MEET AT MASONIC CLUB ROOMS

(Continued from page 1)

York business man who has been giving his time gratuitously to public service for several years and who was director of the civil affairs of the American Red Cross in France during the war, is on a nation-wide tour to inform the public on the national budget system and to get public sentiment back of it. Pratt will address a public meeting, and various civic organizations are interested in his visit.

In a recent number of the "News" was published a portion of a report dealing with the cost of operation of the Municipal Research Bureau. This report was prepared by the Reference Division of the Seattle Public Library, and that department is entitled to the full credit for the preparation of the report. Subsequent installments will appear from time to time.

Saving Money by Spending

Husband: Why do your clothes cost such a lot more this year than they did last? Aren't things cheaper?

Wife: Yes, dear, that's just it. There are so many bargains.

* * *

An elephant has such a delicate sense of smell that it can scent a person 1,000 yards away.

* * *

Even north winds go south for the winter.

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 609 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and for the County of King, in Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Jessie C. Gunter, Deceased. No. 28953.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition For Distribution.
Notice is Hereby Given That George T. Gunter, Executor of the Estate of Jessie C. Gunter, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons entitled thereto and discharge said Executor; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 25th day of November, 1921, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 27th day of October, 1921.
GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. GORDON,
Deputy.
First pub. Oct. 29, 1921. 4t Nov 19

HARTGE & CADWALLADER
Attorneys Central Building
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington For King County
Daniel E. Hannafin, Plaintiff, vs. Ellen
Gallagher Hannafin, Defendant. No.
155142.
Summons For Publication.
The State of Washington, to the said
Ellen Gallagher Hannafin, Defendant.
You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty (60) days after the date of
the first publication of this summons,
to-wit: within sixty (60) days after
the 19th day of November, 1921, and
defend the above entitled action in the
above entitled Court and answer the
complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a
copy of your answer upon the under-
signed attorneys for plaintiff at their
office below stated, and in case of your
failure so to do, judgment will be rendered
against you according to the de-
mand of the complaint which has been
filed with the Clerk of the said Court.
The object of said action is to obtain
a decree of divorce of plaintiff from de-
fendant, to obtain custody of the minor
son of the parties hereto, and to set
over to plaintiff the community prop-
erty of said parties.
HARTGE & CADWALLADER,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address:
521 Central Building, Seattle, Wash-
ington.
First Pub. Nov. 19, 1921. 7t Dec. 31.

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Service. Police calls. Fire dispatch and notification service.
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JOHN F. REED
Lawyer Empire Bldg
NOTICE
Notice is Hereby Given that a special
meeting of the stockholders of the J. T.
Hayes Realty Company will be held at
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Washing-
ton, on the 6th day of December, 1921,
at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose and
object of reducing the capital stock of
the Company from 24,999 shares to 13,-
393 shares.
Dated at Seattle, Washington, this
15th day of November, 1921.
W. C. MOORE,
JOHN F. REED,
C. A. RIDDLE,
Trustees.
Pub. Nov. 19, 1921.

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, in and for the
County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Jennie
Munshaw, Deceased. No. 28234.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and
Petition for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Charles
Frederick Munshaw, Executor of the
Estate of Jennie Munshaw, Deceased,
has filed in the office of the Clerk of
said Court his final Report and Petition
for Distribution, asking the Court to
settle said Report, distribute the prop-
erty to the persons entitled thereto and
to discharge said Executor; and that
said Report and Petition will be heard
on the 6th day of December, 1921, at
9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the
Probate Department of said Court.
Dated this 4th day of November, 1921.
GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. GORDON, Deputy.
First pub. Nov. 5, 1921. 3t. Nov. 19

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, in and for the
County of King.
Gladys Case Smith, Plaintiff, vs. Al-
fred Calvert Smith, Jr., Defendant.
No. 145196.
Summons For Publication.
The State of Washington to, Alfred
Calvert Smith, Jr., Defendant:
You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty (60) days after the date
of the first publication of this sum-
mons, to-wit: Within sixty (60) days
after the 8th day of October, 1921, and
defend the above entitled action in the
above entitled court, and answer the
complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a
copy of your answer upon the under-
signed attorney for plaintiff at his of-
fice below stated; and in case of your
failure so to do, judgment will be
rendered against you according to the
demand of the complaint, which has
been filed with the clerk of said court.
The object of the above entitled ac-
tion is to obtain a decree dissolving
the bonds of matrimony heretofore and
now existing between the plaintiff and
defendant, and for such other and fur-
ther relief as to the court may seem
just and equitable.
JOHN F. REED,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address:
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash-
ington.
First pub. October 8, 1921. 7t Nov. 19.

LUNDIN & BARTO
Lawyers 817-23 Alaska Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for the County
of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Bessie J.
Price, Deceased. No. 29654. Notice
of Hearing Final Report and Petition
For Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Alfred H.
Lundin administrator of the Estate of
Bessie J. Price, deceased, has filed in
the office of the Clerk of said Court his
final Report and petition for distribu-
tion, asking the Court to settle said
Report, distribute the property to the
persons thereto entitled and to discharge
said administrator; and that said Re-
port and petition will be heard on the
2nd day of December, 1921, at 9:30 A.
M., at the Court Room of the Probate
Department of said Court.
Dated this 31st day of October, 1921.
GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. GORDON, Deputy.
First pub. Nov. 5, 1921. 4t Nov. 26

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DEC 10 1921

Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

OL. XI. NO. 48.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS



**For the Convenience of the Membership the
Municipal League will meet at
The L. C. Smith Bldg. Restaurant each Tuesday
Noon Beginning with Tuesday, December 6th.
The First Meeting will be devoted to Addresses
Beginning with Tuesday, December 6th.
by The Citizens Committee on Revision of City
Employee's Salaries**



**Let us have a strong turnout and show our
enthusiasm**

L. C. Smith Building Restaurant, Tuesday, Dec. 6

REPORT OF CITIZENS COMMITTEE ON REVISION OF SALARIES

**by Eimon L. Wienir, Secretary
of the League.**

Every member of the League who is interested in an equitable revision of city employes should attend the meeting of the city council at its chambers Monday afternoon, December 5th. Yesterday, the finance committee of the council met to consider the report of the citizen's committee and at the conclusion of the meeting announced that it would take the matter under advisement and report to the council Monday when the matter would be disposed of.

City employes and taxpayers packed the council chambers Friday afternoon to listen to the arguments in favor of and against the report. City employes constituted the largest element of the lobby and these applauded, hooted, jeered and hissed as occasion presented itself. The few citizens who spoke in favor of giving the report consideration were interrupted, laughed at, jeered and hissed. It was a disgusting demonstration of the power of the city-hall crowd.

Representing the Municipal League were J. L. Baldwin, chairman of the budget committee, Dr. E. C. Kilbourne, Robert Sandall, Fred W. Bert, Jr.,

and the writer. The first two men mentioned spoke briefly urging the committee to, at least, meet with the citizen's committee and with the civil service commission and spend an evening or two in going over the report.

Representing the city employes was a paid lawyer who spoke for more than an hour in a slurious attack upon the members of the committee. William Short, president of the State Federation of Labor, addressed the council at length. His chief argument was that the city should not be guided by what private employers paid to their employes, nor should it be guided by what other cities in the country were paying their employes. The city should pay a wage that would enable a family of five to live according to the American standard, he argued. Since the city was not engaged in business to make profits it could entirely disregard all other standards argued Short. He also attributed the present hard times in the country to the "conspiracy" on the part of certain industrial corporations and big business to lower wages.

Feeling that the Citizens' Committee report had received but scant attention on the part of the Finance Committee of the City Council, J. L. Baldwin, chairman of the League's Budget Committee, called a meeting of his committee concurrently with the calling of the Board of Trustees of the League at Meves Cafeteria, Thursday afternoon. This meeting was also attended by J. Y. C. Kellogg of the Civil Service Commission and R. C. Erskine and Anna M. Brueggerhoff of the Salary Revision Committee, who outlined the inception of the idea and the character of the work that has been done by the committee.

The history of the Salary Revision Committee dates back to 1918, when Dean Stephen I. Miller of the University of Washington was requested by the City Council to make a thorough study of the salary schedule and report back to it. and his recommendations were adopted by the Council, taking effect on the first of January, 1919.

In July 1920 the City Council passed a resolution reciting that This was done by Dean Miller, conditions had changed and

there were inequalities in the salaries of different positions, and requested the Civil Service Commission to make a reclassification of positions and salaries they would recommend for each position, and report back by Nov. 15th. The Commission reported back in September that they had requested a committee of citizens to make a thorough investigation and revision of proposed salaries, but that there would not be time to make a reclassification this year.

The commission then, after considerable effort, succeeded in inducing the present salary revision committee to accept appointments—these are: H. C. Mason, Anna Marie Brueggerhoff, Chas. Clise, John A. Carter, and R. C. Erskine. It was the Commission's intention at that time to sit in with this committee and thus have the report, which would be rendered, a joint report of the Civil Service Commission and Citizens' Committee.

Prior to beginning their work, this Citizens' Committee inquired of the Civil Service Commission as to what effect their recommendations would have upon the City Council. A meeting was then arranged between this com-

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

Published Weekly by the

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

mittee and the Finance Committee of the City Council. In substance what transpired was this: the committee said, "Here we are. You know we have been appointed. We don't want our work to be in vain. If you object to the personnel of this committee, object to it now, and we will get off the committee. We must also have authority to make increases as well as decreases in the salaries as we are not primarily a tax reduction body. We are going to seek evidence and be bound by it. Another thing, if our report is made within the time you require, will you have time to reconsider it in order to make it operate for the year 1922?"

The Finance Committee of the Council then highly praised the personnel of the committee and stated that they would authorize this committee to make a revision—whether it be up or down made no difference—and that if the report was made by November 15th, there would be ample time on the part of the Council to fully consider the report. And furthermore, that the report would receive the earnest consideration on the part of the committee. The Council then passed a resolution providing for authority to the committee to proceed with its work.

In pursuance of this general understanding between the committee and the Finance Committee of the City Council, the Citizens' Committee proceeded

with its work; and, as shown in its report, they held 36 meetings, each meeting lasting from three to four hours. Every member of that committee sacrificed his own convenience, comfort, and business, and devoted to the work of the committee a tremendous amount of personal attention. Correspondence was carried on with every city in the United States approximating the size of Seattle, inquiring as to salaries paid its employees. Private employers in this city were called upon gave confidential reports as to salaries. Babson's Statistical Organization, Bradstreet's and Dun's commercial agencies were consulted; also individual investigations were made on the part of the committee.

As a result of these investigations, the committee rendered its report, favoring the decrease in the total of salaries aggregating from 10 to 13 per cent from the old "Miller" schedules. This report was filed within the time specified by the resolution—November 15th,—and was on Nov. 21st referred by the Council to the Finance Committee.

The Finance Committee, in its deliberations on November 25th, in substance declared as follows: "We can't consider this report because we haven't got the time. It would surely take us 36 meetings (the number of meetings held by the committee) to go over it, and by that time it would be too late to make it ef-

fective for 1922. However, we will send it back to the Civil Service Commission with the recommendation that the committee study the matter further and have it available in time for the fixing of the 1922 salary schedule." Upon severe protest being made by Mr. Kellogg, the Council voted to refer the matter to the Council for consideration in committee of the whole. The Council on Nov. 28th refused to consider it in committee of the whole, but referred it back to the Finance Committee.

This attitude of the Finance Committee towards the report has aroused public opinion to a very marked extent, for it indicated plainly that the Finance Committee and the Council are playing politics first and considering public business afterwards. The crowd at the City Hall is well organized—union labor is organized, and these are exerting every influence possible to prevent the Council from cutting a nickel off the salary rolls.

The proposition, as one councilman expressed it, is "too hot" to handle. Too many voters think the Council will be offended—at least too many organized voters. The Municipal League and nearly every other citizens' agency is behind the voluntary committee's report. Not merely because it will mean the saving of nearly one-half million dollars, but because the rate of wages as fixed in this revision is fair to the employees and fair to the city. For example, in Class "B", a Telephone Exchange Operator will receive a salary of \$85 minimum and \$115 maximum. A Bookkeeper in Grade 4 of this class will receive \$145 minimum and \$165 maximum. In class "C", for example, a Motorcycle Patrolman will receive \$125 minimum and \$145 maximum. And in class "D", the Fire Service, the lowest Grade will receive \$110 minimum to \$145 maximum. In class "G", for example, the Inspection Service, the range is from \$125 maximum in Grade 1, to \$250 maximum in Grade 5. The Class "I", Labor Service, the maximum in the 1st Group is \$105. Common labor is to receive \$4.25 per day. In Class "K", Transportation Service, Motormen, Conductors, etc., receive

a minimum of \$0.51 and a maximum of \$0.58 per hour.

These new schedules are in every instance fair to the employee. They are in every case higher than the average wage paid by private employers to their employees, and as high, if not higher, than the average salary paid in other cities of similar size to Seattle. Being a composite report, extreme points of view were reconciled. One member of the committee, for example, standing for the principle that no matter what salaries are paid by private employers and by other cities, the sole question to be determined was whether a living wage was paid to the employees of our city. As one member of the committee said, the policy was finally adopted that the city should be an ideal employer of labor and the ideal was to make the city's wages comparable to those on the outside. Though, of course, the city was not a welfare society nor a distributor of funds in community chest.

The report, in the opinion of the Board of Trustees of the League and the Budget Committee, was eminently fair. In fact the Council itself must recognize the fairness of this report; for the committee which brought it in consisted of members directly approved by its Finance Committee.

What the Budget Committee aiming to do now is to get the Finance Committee of the Council to meet jointly with the Civil Service Commissioners and with the Citizens' Committee and over this report carefully with them. Changes, of course, may be suggested and may be made but in any event the Council must give the report the serious consideration which it deserves and not throw it into the waste paper basket. Furthermore, the policy of an annual revision of salaries should be laid down and adhered to. If this report sent back to the Civil Service Commission for further consideration and not acted upon in time to make it effective for 1922, then the work that this committee has put into this report is worthless; and it will be impossible hereafter to get a citizens' committee to devote the arduous

for which this committee de-
 tected, again.

In order to make effective
 consideration of this report by
 the Council, a committee of three
 was appointed by the Board of
 trustees to interview the editors
 of the newspapers with the ob-
 ject of giving more publicity to
 the report. Mr. Baldwin of the
 Budget Committee, Mr. Paul
 Dick, and the writer were ap-
 pointed. These interviewed Col-
 lee Blethen of the Times, and
 J. H. Nicholas, the editor of the
 West-Intelligencer, and secured
 promises of aid in bringing the
 facts to the attention of the pub-
 lic. This committee has also
 called upon a number of influen-
 tial members of the League to be
 present at Friday's meeting and
 bring whatever pressure they
 could upon the committee of the
 Council. The Chamber of Com-
 merce, the Tax Reduction Coun-
 cil, the Voters' Information
 League, and numerous other cit-
 izen organizations will be repre-
 sented at this hearing and will
 fight for a thorough considera-
 tion of the report.

The Council must be made to
 realize once and for all that they
 must act in accordance with the
 best interests of the city and in-
 dependent of whether it affects
 any particular group or not. The
 vast majority of the tax-payers
 of this city are suffering from the
 burden of taxation as they have
 not suffered in years. To a large
 extent this burden has been
 increased by increase of wages due to war
 conditions. While these condi-
 tions have not entirely dis-
 appeared, nevertheless, benefi-
 cial changes have resulted. The
 cost of living has gone down con-
 siderably. It is not necessary
 now to pay the premium for
 labor that was paid during the
 war. Private corporations have
 cut wages all along the line. Why,
 then, should not the city effect
 reductions? The people who pay
 the taxes are largely the same
 type of people who are the city
 employees. The bulk of them are
 small home owners to whom a
 reduction of taxation will mean
 just as much, if not more, as a
 failure to reduce wages will mean
 to the city employees. Why
 should city employment be a soft
 job, and city employees get more
 money than they could if they
 tried to get a job elsewhere?

If the new salary revisions were

wage which is paid in private in-
 dustries, city employees might
 have the right to complain. They
 could then say that the city is
 made lower than the average
 not following its policy of being
 an ideal employer of labor. But
 when the city pays its lowest
 wages higher than the average
 wage paid in private industries
 for the same kind of work, then
 there can be no such room for
 complaint. The thing for the
 city employees to do is to recog-
 nize the fact that they are being
 treated fairly, and moreover, the
 thing for the City Council to do
 is to realize this fact and, whether
 the employees recognize it or not,
 act accordingly.

The following is the resolution
 of the council and the first part
 of the committee's report:-

RESOLUTION NO. 6838

Whereas, the working out of a
 proper classification scheme on
 which to base the salaries of mu-
 nicipal employes can only be
 accomplished through experience
 and the knowledge gained by a
 study of the activities of the
 various city departments and the
 duties and responsibilities of the
 employes thereof; and

Whereas, investigations and
 the study made since the adop-
 tion of previous salary schedules
 by department heads and the
 Civil Service Commission have
 shown the necessity for a revis-
 ion of salary schedules for the
 purpose of eliminating inconsis-
 tencies and faults apparent in for-
 mer schedules;

Now Therefore,

Be it resolved by the City
 Council of the City of Seattle:

That the Civil Service Com-
 mission be requested to furnish
 the city Council, not later than
 November 15, 1921, with a com-
 plete and comprehensive classi-
 fication of positions of city em-
 ployes, with the commission's
 recommendations as to the sal-
 aries that should attach to the
 various classifications and grades,
 so that the same may be avail-
 able for the information of the
 City Council in the preparation
 of the salary ordinance for
 1922.

Passed the City Council the
 25th day of July, 1921, and
 signed by me in open session in
 authentication of its passage this
 25th day of July, 1921.

ROBT. B. HESKETH

Pres. of the City Council.
 Filed the 25th day of July, 1921.

H. W. CARROLL
 City Comptroller and ex-officio
 City Clerk.

Seattle, November 14, 1921.
 Honorable Civil Service Commis-
 sion,
 Seattle.

Dear Sirs:—

The undersigned, being all of
 the member of the Committee
 appointed by you to prepare a
 revised salary schedule for the
 City of Seattle for the year 1922
 as requested by the Honorable
 City Council, beg leave to report
 as follows:

Our Committee has held thir-
 ty-six meetings. At the outset
 we held a joint meeting with
 the Finance Committee of the
 City Council and Your Honor-
 able Body, being then assured of
 co-operation, and also that in-
 creases as well as decreases can
 be made effective by action taken
 after this report is received. We
 sought and secured three lines
 of information:

1. Cost of living data.
2. Salaries paid by American
 cities of between 200,00 and
 600,000 population.
3. Salaries and wages received
 by those in private employment
 in Seattle, and in some cases in
 other cities, in positions compar-
 able with Seattle municipal po-
 sitions.

While this data was coming
 in we held three public hearings
 in the City Council chamber and
 invited conferences with heads of
 representatives of employes and others
 possessed of information along
 the line of our inquiry.

Having all available data and
 opinion at hand, we proceeded
 to consider each position with
 great care. In some instances
 the suggested rates represent the
 composite opinion of the mem-
 bers of the Committee, but in
 most instances the rates repre-
 sent our unanimous opinion.

Though the subject of classi-
 fication, and also that of the ap-
 propriation and necessary num-
 ber of employes are given tasks,
 closely intermingle with that of
 salary schedule, we are reporting
 on salary schedule only, as a sal-
 ary schedule was all that we
 were asked to prepare.

All of which is respectfully
 submitted.

(Signed)

H. C. MASON

(Signed)

A. M. BRUEGGERHOFF

Secretary.

(Signed)

CHAS. CLISE

(Signed)

JOHN A. CARTER

(Signed)

R. C. ERSKINE

Salary Revision Committee

SALARY SCHEDULE FOR 1922

As Proposed by Salary Revision
 Committee

NOTES:

1. It is the opinion of all mem-
 bers of the Committee that in-
 creases in rate of pay earned
 on merit should not be withheld
 for reasons of economy, and it
 is urgently recommended that
 such increases be recognized.

2. For positions in which the
 City furnishes board complete
 compensation has been indicated
 in schedules. It is recommended
 that board be charged at cost
 only.

3. It is suggested that uni-
 forms for Fire, Police, and Train
 Services be better standardized
 and their cost reduced by the
 wholesale purchase of cloth by
 the City.

The One He Loved Best

An Atlanta husband, having
 offended, came home the even-
 ing of the quarrel with a parcel
 under his arm.

"Darling," he said to his wife,
 "look here. I've got something
 here for the person I love best in
 all the world."

She came forward with a shrug.
 "Humph! What is it," she
 said. "A box of cigars?"

Ex.

I stood on the bridge at midnight
 The wind was full of air,
 Some fellow pulled the bridge
 away
 And left me standing there.

Very Possible

Teacher: This is the third
 time you have been late to
 school. Don't you know you
 can't stay the flight of time?

Student: Oh, I don't know. I
 just stopped a couple of minutes
 down the street.

HARTGE & CADWALLADER
Attorneys Central Building
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington For King County
Daniel E. Hannafin, Plaintiff, vs. Ellen
Gallagher Hannafin, Defendant. No.
155142.

Summons For Publication.
The State of Washington, to the said
Ellen Gallagher Hannafin, Defendant.
You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty (60) days after the date of
the first publication of this summons,
to-wit: within sixty (60) days after
the 19th day of November, 1921, and
defend the above entitled action in the
above entitled Court and answer the
complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a
copy of your answer upon the under-
signed attorneys for plaintiff at their
office below stated, and in case of your
failure so to do, judgment will be ren-
dered against you according to the de-
mand of the complaint which has been
filed with the Clerk of the said Court.
The object of said action is to obtain
a decree of divorce of plaintiff from de-
fendant, to obtain custody of the minor
son of the parties hereto, and to set
over to plaintiff the community prop-
erty of said parties.

HARTGE & CADWALLADER,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address:
521 Central Building, Seattle, Wash-
ington.
First Pub. Nov. 19, 1921. 7t Dec. 31.

The Roslyn Fuel Co.

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JOHN F. REED

Lawyer Empire Bldg

NOTICE

Notice is Hereby Given that a special
meeting of the stockholders of the J. T.
Hayes Realty Company will be held at
960 Empire Building, Seattle, Washing-
ton; on the 6th day of December, 1921,
at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose and
object of reducing the capital stock of
the Company from 24,999 shares to 13,-
393 shares.

Dated at Seattle, Washington, this
15th day of November, 1921.

W. C. MOORE,
JOHN F. REED,
C. A. RIDDLE,
Trustees.

Pub. Nov. 19, 1921.

HENRY W. PENNOCK

900 Leary Bldg. Seattle, Wn.

NOTICE OF SALE OF PLEDGE

The undersigned will sell at public
auction to the highest bidder for cash,
at the South entrance of the County
City Building, in the City of Seattle,
Washington, at 10 o'clock A. M. on
the 15th day of December, 1921, the
following personal property held by
the undersigned as pledge, to-wit:
Six promissory notes dated September
10th, 1920, executed by Oliver W.
Campbell and Marcia D. Campbell, in
favor of Henry W. Dresen, for \$83.33
each, payable March 10th, 1921, Sep-
tember 10th, 1921, March 10th, 1922,
September 10th, 1922, March 10th, 1923,
and September 10th, 1923, respectively,
with interest from date until paid at
the rate of 7% per annum, secured by
first mortgage on the following land
in King County, Washington, to-wit:
Beginning at a point 60 feet east
of the Northeast corner of Kirkland
Heights, an addition to the Town of
Kirkland, said point being on the
East marginal line of the County
Road and the South margin of the
Commercial Addition to Kirkland;
thence south 89 degrees 39' 59" East
along the south margin 195 feet;
thence south 0 degrees 29' 01" West
80 feet; thence North 89 degrees 40'
32" West 195 feet more or less to the
east boundary line of the said county
road; thence North 0 degrees 23' 59"
West 80 feet to the place of begin-
ning.

Also one promissory note of Lucy W.
Pettit and John H. Pettit in favor of
Henry W. Dresen, dated April 18th,
1921, for the sum of \$750.00, payable
on or before one year from date with
interest at the rate of 7% per annum,
payable semi-annually, secured by a
second mortgage on the following land
in King County, Washington, to-wit:
The West one-half of the South-
west quarter of the Southwest quarter
of Section 24, Township 25 North of
Range 5 East, W. M. less amount
decided to County for road.

The sale will be made in accordance
with the terms and conditions of a
written pledge of the above property
given to the undersigned by Henry W.
Dresen for the security of a promissory
note now past due and unpaid.

S. B. CHRISTIE,

Pledgee

(Seattle Municipal News—Dec. 3, 1921)

EIMON L. WIENIE

Attorney Leary Bldg

State of Washington, County of King, ss.
J U S T I C E C O U R T

Before Reah M. Whitehead, Justice of
the Peace, in and for Seattle Precinct,
King County, State of Washington.
William M. Curtiss Company, Plaintiff,
vs. N. G. Farstad and Jane Doe Far-
stad, his wife, Defendants. No. 14537
Notice. To: N. G. Farstad and Jane
Doe Farstad, his wife, Defendants:

In The Name If The State Of Wash-
ington, You are hereby notified that
William M. Curtiss Company, plaintiff
herein, has filed a complaint against
you in said court, which will come up
to be heard at my office in Seattle, in
King County, State of Washington, on
the 6th day of January, A. D., 1922, at
the hour of 9:30 o'clock A. M., and
unless you appear and then and there
answer, the same will be taken as con-
fessed, and the demand of the plaintiff
granted. The object and demand of
said complaint is for the recovery of
the sum of Twenty-nine and ninety
(\$29.90) Dollars on a debt due plain-
tiff for merchandise sold you by plain-
tiff.

REAH M. WHITEHEAD,

Justice of the Peace.

Complaint filed on Nov. 22, A. D., 1921.
First pub. Dec. 3, 1921. 3t Dec. 18

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

DL. XI. NO. 50.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 17, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS

L. C. SMITH BUILDING RESTAURANT, TUESDAY NOON DECEMBER 20

Mayors of the State of Washington, who will be in Conference in Seattle on the Unemployed Situation, will be the guests of the League Tuesday Noon, Dec. 20.

L. C. SMITH BUILDING RESTAURANT, TUESDAY NOON DECEMBER 20

WITT REPORTS ON RAILWAY SURVEY

The salient features of Peter Witt's final report to the city council are given herewith.

Establish pay as you go policy. Working on warrant basis to pay bond principal is bad business.

Too many empty cars on downtown streets. Retrenchment in this service will save \$800,000 a year.

Through lines never will pay. Commends splitting and turning back cars over lines they came down, letting riders transfer.

Go away with elevated structure service to West Seattle as far as possible.

Double track Fifteenth Avenue from Forty-seventh Street to city limits.

Extend lines promptly to accommodate Cowen Park district.

Extend line through University grounds to Stadium.

Provide loops to replace "wyes" at many street intersections.

Eliminate Queen Anne shuttle cars to have one man crew.

All cars of "600 type" should be replaced.

Purchase of 200 low floor, light weight, high power double truck cars.

Reduction of number of employees by conversion to one-man car service will save city \$800,000 annually.

Another saving of \$100,000 annually will be effected if lighter cars replace heavy "600 type."

Buy new cars on Car Trust Certificate plan. Of \$2,000,000 investment needed, only \$500,000 need be paid now. Recommends loan of city's credit for down payment.

Don't bond city utility for car track replacements.

Pay-enter when cars are inbound, leave when outbound.

Parking vehicles on downtown streets during rush hours should be prohibited.

Use Third Avenue exclusively for street cars during rush hour. Second Avenue for autos and vehicular traffic.

Use route cars one way on Third Avenue and Second Avenue, autos opposite direction if permitted on same avenue with street cars.

League Hears Traction Expert

Not since the last annual dinner held in May has the League held an evening meeting such as was held in the Y. M. C. A. auditorium Tuesday. More than 600 people attended this meeting to hear Peter Witt, the transportation expert, speak on Seattle's street railway problems.

President Claude H. Anderson, who introduced Mr. Witt, stated, "We don't know whether we agree with Mr. Witt or not; we do not stand sponsor for him, but since the City officials employed him to make the survey of Seattle's street railway system, we surely ought to hear him."

Witt pointed out that he realized that he must first sell himself to the people of Seattle before his report could become effective.

Many revisions of pay schedule and working hours of car operators.

Mr. Witt's report to the Council follows:

When we entered the World War and Washington decided that the financial cost thereof should be met by an issuance of bonds rather than by the payment of taxes, there and then commenced the trouble which immediately afflicted, and still persists in tormenting the owners and users of our street railway properties the country over.

(Continued on Page 2.)

That was the reason, he said, that he had made so many addresses in Seattle during his two months' stay.

After entering into a brief history of the public utility problems throughout the country immediately prior to the war, Witt related the desperate struggle on the part of the various railway companies to continue to do business when the value of the dollar fell. And he showed how, even when some of the railways secured, after a fight, an increase of rate, they found that the returns diminished. That is the history everywhere, he said.

Speaking of the purchase of Seattle's system, he said, "Even if you shave the contract to \$10,000,000, instead of \$15,000,000 it would only mean a reduction of one-third of one cent in the fare. He also pointed out that 1.2 percent of the fare paid by the passenger was for the purchase of the property and not for the service.

The rest of his address is covered largely in the report published in full in this issue and will not be re-stated in this column.

Altogether, the evening meeting was a successful one, and from the interest displayed, it is likely that the League will hold two or three other evening meetings during the course of the year.

BLACKWELL KNOCKS CITY-MANAGER PLAN

WHY CITY MANAGER?

It is strange how about once in so often we get all "het up" about some innovation, and persuade ourselves that by some trick of legislation we are going to render 100 per cent efficient, and capable, every inefficient and incapable public employee, we, in our lack of experience and judgment, if nothing worse, select to run our public business.

Now, our latest panacea for all ills in the City is the City Manager. Who discovered this bright idea? He is almost entitled to rank with the man who discovered the Ten Commandments. Do you know that almost with the beginning of things the pendulum of government has been swinging between the extremes of autocracy and democracy; czar, emperor or king, or mob rule; with the pendulum remaining for intervals stationary over some modification lying between the extremes. Now, it has been long known that one plan, complete in its details and systematically carried to its fruition, will produce better results than numerous plans half digested and executed by a number of different officers, no one of whom agrees with his predecessor or can stay with the project long enough to

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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H. A. Woodcock, Main 5208

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

fully carry it out.

A good and wise czar, emperor, king, or absolute city manager can unquestionably function more economically than any form of undivided responsibility. I believe it is Blackstone who says in effect that of all forms of government the democracy is the most wasteful but that the benefits coming to humanity from this form of government justifies its use. The same can be said of the city government of divided responsibility.

The City Government of Seattle as now constituted and as proposed under the City Manager plan are both attempts to strike a middle ground; the present government can be better likened to a republic and the City Manager plan a limited monarchy, and both are attempts to eat our cake and retain it at the same time and delegate the authority to some selected individuals or individual and at the same time keep it in the hands of the people. If we will sit down and balance the authority the mayor now has and the authority that is going to be given to the proposed City Manager, we are compelled to wonder why all the excitement over the proposed legislation. If you will go out among the people who have recently been afflicted with improvements or who are trying to get them you will find the sentiment pretty general that it is useless to offer any suggestions

and that the City is going to carry out its own sweet will, and as between outsiders and the City government the City government is very autocratic, but as between the mayor and the City Council, both now elected by the people at large, there seems to be differences and generally believed to be the very purpose for such organization:—that one might act as a check on the other; but in our City Manager plan we propose to eliminate this and make the Mayor a creature of a modified City Council. It is true that those advocating the manager plan furnish many testimonials as to the success of this method, and doubtless it is popular with the "Inns" who generally, for a time at least, have it in their power to make the biggest noise; and some of the experiments have been made under emergency conditions calling for laying aside partisanship and electing some man on account of his merit, who ordinarily would not get a look-in. As against the argument that the people at large cannot select a capable executive, why not let the Council as it is now constituted, select the mayor? We must trust them as our representatives in everything else. The mayor, as the organization now stands, selects and appoints, subject to the Council's approval, all department heads. Why not cut out this approval business and let him go it alone.

would you be willing to do it? taken over by the city.

As one goes over the technical press of the country he finds that not all City Commission and City Manager forms of governments have been successes—one of the most notable examples just now being St. Paul—and are going back to practically our form of City Government.

J. D. BLACKWELL.

REPORT ON STREET RAILWAY SURVEY

(Continued from Page 1)

And why? Because the street railway was unable to do what all other industry did do—adjust itself to the ever-changing financial condition.

This industry alone was expected to meet a war outgo with a prewar income. Needless to say, it could not be done. And having no mysterious fund from which it could take the money needed to meet the ever-rising costs of operation, it soon found itself where it could not render the service the changed conditions imposed.

Doubly true was this the situation in Seattle, for here a mighty industry sprang into existence over night. It attracted and commanded thousands of workers. They were engaged in building the ships that were to "bridge the ocean". These workers needed transportation. It was the duty of the Puget Sound Traction, Light and Power Company to provide it. With the rate of fare charged this was impossible. That it might function, it asked to be relieved of many of its franchise obligations. Its request was refused. It sorely needed an increase in that rate of fare it was permitted to charge. This the laws of the state denied. Between a refusal of the city on one hand and a denial by law on the other the situation went from bad to worse.

Then came the threat that if something was not done in the way of improving transportation facilities the shipbuilding industry would be moved elsewhere. This was more than business would stand. Rather than lose this big and immensely profitable war activity, it was proposed that the street railway should be

Persons and institutions always hostile to municipal ownership now became its champions. Public authorities, responding to the almost unanimous demand for action, opened negotiations with the company for the purchase of its railway property. With eagerness and dispatch the deal was consummated. The city not only prescribed the manner of purchase but named as well the price to be paid. It was indorsed by the press, and by an overwhelming majority ratified by the people. The entire transaction legally is and morally must to all honorable men be considered a closed incident.

Lest it be forgotten, it is well to remind you that the city acquired this property without the investment of one dollar and no obligation on its part to pay one cent. The entire matter of payment rests upon the car rider, who, after paying the price will not own what he bought.

Although relieved of many of the burdens borne by the company, the city, after ten months of trial, discovered that it could not continue to operate the property at the old rate of fare. It was therefore raised 6-14 cents. This rate, like the rate it supplanted, also proved insufficient. Therefore, last January the present rate of 8-13 cents was made effective.

This last rate has more than met the cost of service, but has not, and will not by March first produce the \$833,000 needed for bond retirement. If this amount is to be on hand on the day it must be on hand the department will have to go on a "war rant basis". This means that this year's debts will be paid out of next year's income. It may be the easy way of doing it, but it surely is not the right way.

If the enterprise is to be made a success, the principle of "pay as you go" will have to be established. The time for its establishment is now.

The running of so many empty cars on First, Second and Third avenues between Pine Street on the north and Jackson Street on the south, plus the over-service on some of the routes, and the failure to inaugurate

ate a policy of retrenchment keeping with the decline of business, will for the year produce a loss of \$800,000.

This loss, or rather waste, must be eliminated. Routes must be changed. Schedules must be revised. In their revision, due regard must be paid to the relationship between passengers per car mile carried and costs per car mile furnished. The following table, giving the number of passengers carried and cars operated for the month of September, 1919, 1920 and 1921, clearly shows and forcibly demonstrates that while the number carried in 1919 was not high, it was in 1921 shamefully low:

	September, 1919.	1920.	1921.
Passengers	9,157,132	7,492,902	6,102,463
Car Heads	76,981	150,425	168,522
Passengers per car mile	2,484,536	1,873,707	1,557,829
Miles	1,360,898	1,269,687	1,266,476

Four through lines never did, do not now, and never will carry increased loads. Their operation means an under or over serviced line. What is the remedy? Split the line. To that end, the following recommendation is made:

Terminate the cars from Alki, Interlopy, West Seattle, Lake Burien, South Seattle and Georgetown at Yesler Way, Service through First Avenue between Yesler Way and Pine Street should be by the cars now operating thereon from the north, but only in such numbers as will adequately meet the service requirements. All other cars to be turned back over loop between Pine, Pike, First and Second Avenues. The determination of what cars or lines should be turned back is an administrative rather than a legislative function, and should therefore be left to the judgment of the officials of the Street Railway Department. An improvement over the present looping of cars at the southerly end of First Avenue through Yesler Way, Western Avenue, and Columbia Street, may be had by the building of a short piece of track on the easterly and southerly sides of the park plot in Pioneer Square.

Service through Second Avenue should be provided in the manner prescribed for First Avenue. The looping for the turnbacks should be in the reverse direc-

tion of the cars from First Avenue, or such other loops in the immediate vicinity as may be selected by the Street Railway Department. The present arrangement of connecting curves will, of course, have to be the determining factor in selecting the terminal loops. What of necessity will have to be a makeshift can be corrected when replacement of existing curves must be made.

The through lines operating in Third Avenue must be split. The terminal for the split lines should be in the vicinity of Pike and Pine Streets. Until there is an increase in business, the cars from Mount Baker, Beacon Hill and 26th Ave. South will provide ample service for all traffic requirements on Third Avenue between Jackson and Pine Streets. All other cars now operating on Third Avenue between the points named should be turned back, and so far as now permitted by existing curves should be routed to turn with and not against the traffic movement.

The cars of the East 23rd Street line should follow the route of the cars of the Madison Street line from Madison Street and East 23rd Street instead of over the present route through East 23rd Street to Union Street to Pike Street.

The short line cars on the routes of Capitol Hill, Broadway and Kinnear Park should be discontinued during all hours of off-peak operation. An observation made any day will show you that the riders carried on both long and short line cars are not sufficient in number to fill the seats in the long line cars.

The elevated structure in East Marginal Way and Spokane Street, as the story comes to me, was erected as a war necessity in order to take care of the shipyard workers and to provide entrance into the city for the cars of the previously city-owned line to Lake Burien. The war necessity being a thing of the past, and the city now being the owner of the track on First Avenue, the route of the cars now using the elevated structure should at least from Spokane Street North be over the tracks on First Avenue. This

recommendation is the only one made in order that there may be saved the cost of maintenance of two tracks, but to avoid the heavy and extraordinary maintenance which soon must take place on the elevated structure itself.

A similar situation is found in the operation of cars in Dexter Street. The tracks in this street were laid many years ago to provide entrance to the downtown district for the cars operating on the city-owned line into Ballard. Now that the city owns the tracks on Westlake Avenue, all cars using Dexter Street should be routed over Westlake Avenue.

To provide a more even distribution of track lay out for the service in the northwest section of the city, between Phinney Avenue on the east and 20th Street on the west, Eight Avenue should be double tracked from Leary Street to 60th Avenue and single tracked to 65th Avenue. When at some future time Eighth Street, between the points mentioned, is widened, an additional track should therein be laid, and the two tracks further extended north to the city limits. The tracks in Sixth Avenue, 14th Avenue and 67th Street between 15th Avenue and 2nd Avenue should be removed.

Your action in removing jitney competition, though highly commendable, has left the residents of Cowen Park without transportation. As a matter of right and fair play the people living in this district are entitled to street car service. It is therefore recommended that an extension of the tracks into the district affected should be made at once.

That the Stadium may be made more accessible to the thousands who must use the street cars in reaching it, an extension of track should be made through the grounds of the university with such connection to the tracks on 14th Avenue as may be agreed upon between the city and the trustees of the University.

The "weaving" of cars at street intersections is dangerous and costly. Dangerous because the car movement is backward, and costly because where one-man

cars are used an extra man must be employed to assist in the "weaving" movement. To eliminate the danger and to remove the cost, a loop should be provided at the ends of all lines. Here, too, should toilet facilities be installed for the convenience of the operators.

There is now in operation on Queen Anne Avenue between McGraw and Ray Streets a shuttle car. It comes and goes when signaled by the car rider. It provides a unique though costly service. It was discontinued by the department but ordered back by your body. It must, therefore, be assumed that that service on this end of Queen Anne Avenue must be maintained. Such being the case, it is therefore recommended that the route of the North Queen Anne Avenue cars from Queen Anne Avenue to McGraw Street to over the track on Queen Anne Avenue to Roy Street; that the West Queen Anne Avenue cars continue from their present terminal in Sixth Avenue to McGraw Street, to Seventh Avenue, to end of line, and that the service in McGraw Street between Queen Anne Avenue and Sixth Avenue be discontinued.

Because of the increased safety to the car rider and greater economy of operation, all cars should be operated by one man. I therefore urge the speedy rebuilding of all cars now in service requiring two men for their operation, excepting, however, from this rebuilding program the cars of the 600 type.

In my oral report I recommended the scrapping of the cars of this type, because of their excessive weight, slowness of speed, and inconvenience of boarding and alighting. For the same reasons I again urge their relegation to the junk pile; and recommend as a substitute therefor the purchase of two hundred (200) low floor light weight, high power, double truck cars.

These cars should measure 30 feet between corner posts, and carry a seven-foot forward platform with a six-foot width of door opening. Such width of door opening will make it possible for an in and out movement at one and the same time. The

seating arrangement should consist of an equal division between longitudinal seats in the forward end and transverse seats in the rear end of the car. A car of this size and design will seat 40, load and unload quickly and when crowded will reduce the inconvenience of movement to a minimum of discomfort.

(To Be Continued Next Week)

HENRY W. PENNOCK and MALCOLM DOUGLAS

Attorneys Leary Bldg. IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and for the County of King.

Seattle School District No. 1, et al., Plaintiffs, vs. William S. Stanley, et al., Defendants. No. 155754.

Summons By Publication and Notice. The State of Washington, to the said Defendants, Josephine Lamont; Elizabeth McCarthy; Sarah M. Miller; Addie Davis; Exerel Jennison; Sadie Stockley; Bessie Lambert; Henry Lambert; Grace E. Lambert; Frank A. Lambert; George Lambert; the unknown heirs of Mary Lambert, deceased; the unknown heirs of Vedal Lambert, deceased; Harold H. Plummer; Walter L. Plummer; the unknown heirs of Julia H. Plummer, deceased; the unknown heirs of Mabel Davis Plummer, deceased; Estelle Dunlap Lauderale; Kate Dunlap Cronkrite; Juanita Dunlap Henderson; Pearl Dunlap Yerion; Inez Dunlap; Evelyn Alexander; William J. Alexander; the unknown heirs of Mari Alfonso, deceased; and all persons unknown having or claiming to have an interest or estate in Block 3 of the Sander-Boman Real Estate Company's First Addition to the City of Seattle, Washington, non-residents of the State of Washington:

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to wit: within sixty (60) days after the 10th day of December, 1921, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled Court, and answer the complaint and petition of the plaintiffs and serve a copy of your answer or make an appearance in said case, and serve the same upon the undersigned attorneys

for plaintiff at their office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint and petition, which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court. The object of this action is to condemn for additional ground to the existing school house site known as the "James A. Garfield High School" in said School District, the following described real estate in the City of Seattle, County of King, State of Washington: All of Block 3, Sander-Boman Real Estate Company's First Addition to the City of Seattle; and to exclude the defendants and each of them from all interest, right and title in or to the same or any part thereof.

HENRY W. PENNOCK and MALCOLM DOUGLAS
Attorneys for Plaintiffs.
Office and Post Office Address:
900 Leary Building, Seattle, Washington.
First pub. December 10, 1921. 7t Jan. 21

HARTGE & CADWALLADER
Attorneys Central Building IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington For King County Daniel E. Hannafin, Plaintiff, vs. Ellen Gallagher Hannafin, Defendant. No. 155142.

Summons For Publication. The State of Washington, to the said Ellen Gallagher Hannafin, Defendant. You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 19th day of November, 1921, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled Court and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorneys for plaintiff at their office below stated, and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint which has been filed with the Clerk of the said Court. The object of said action is to obtain a decree of divorce of plaintiff from defendant, to obtain custody of the minor son of the parties hereto, and to set over to plaintiff the community property of said parties.

HARTGE & CADWALLADER.
Attorneys for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address:
521 Central Building, Seattle, Washington.
First Pub. Nov. 19, 1921. 7t Dec. 31.

JOHN I. REED
Attorney Empire Bldg. IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and for the County of King. In Probate.

In the matter of the Estate of James Edmonds Pinkham, Deceased. No. 28497.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition For Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Ada Davis Pinkham and the Northwest Trust & State Bank (formerly the Northwest Trust & Savings Bank), the Executors of the Estate of James Edmonds Pinkham, deceased, have filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court their final Report and Petition for Distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons entitled thereto and to discharge said Executors; and that said Report and Petition will be heard on the 10th day of January, 1922, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 9th day of December, 1921.
GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court
By GEO. L. BERGER, Deputy.
First pub. Dec. 10, 1921. 3t Dec. 24

EIMON L. WIENIR
Attorney Leary Bldg. State of Washington, County of King, ss.

JUSTICE COURT
Before Reah M. Whitehead, Justice of the Peace, in and for Seattle Precinct, King County, State of Washington.
William M. Curtiss Company, Plaintiff, vs. N. G. Farstad and Jane Doe Farstad, his wife, Defendants. No. 14537
Notice. To: N. G. Farstad and Jane Doe Farstad, his wife, Defendants: In The Name If The State Of Washington. You are hereby notified that William M. Curtiss Company, plaintiff herein, has filed a complaint against you in said court, which will come up to be heard at my office in Seattle, in King County, State of Washington, on the 6th day of January, A. D., 1922, at the hour of 9:30 o'clock A. M., and unless you appear and then and there answer, the same will be taken as confessed, and the demand of the plaintiff granted. The object and demand of said complaint is for the recovery of the sum of Twenty-nine and ninety (\$29.90) Dollars on a debt due plaintiff for merchandise sold you by plaintiff.

REAH M. WHITEHEAD,
Justice of the Peace.
Complaint filed on Nov. 22, A. D., 1921.
First pub. Dec. 3, 1921. 3t Dec. 18

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

DL. XI. NO. 51.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 24, 1921.

PRICE 10 CENTS


THE LEAGUE'S POSITION ON THE 5 CENT FARE ORDINANCE

The agitation for a reduction of fare to 5 cents which culminated in its defeat last Monday afternoon before the council called forth a resolution on the part of the Board of Trustees opposing the ordinance "until such time as it has been actual-demonstrated—by putting in effect all possible economies that the receipts will cover operating expenses and all other proper charges against the railway lines". This resolution was presented to the council Monday in the form of a letter and was read in the council chamber.

The Board took the action at its weekly meeting Monday noon because it was felt that it might be too late to have the matter regularly referred to the membership the following day.

Councilman Erickson assumed the role of chief opponent of the bill when it came up for discussion. At first he indicated that he was in favor of the bill because if he could not get 3 cent car fare he would be satisfied with "all I can get". He was opposed, he said, to throwing the issue into the heart of the spring municipal campaign, when we will have our initiative measure before the voters". If the initiative measure was not passed, he said, he would be willing to vote for the bill as proposed by Councilman Fitzgerald with a provision to take a million dollars out of the general tax fund to make up the deficit that was bound to exist.

Councilman Fitzgerald contended that if the economies suggested by Peter Witt were immediately put into effect, no levy on the general fund would be necessary. "What if the economies turn out below our expectations?" asked Mr. Erickson.



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and
A Prosperous and Happy New Year*

"Then we could increase the fare again," replied Mr. Fitzgerald.

"Then, if this is simply a proposition to reduce fares during the coming election campaign and then go back to the higher fare again, I have no interest in this bill whatever," replied Erickson.

Councilman Moore then asked that Superintendent Henderson report on what economies he anticipated could be made. Henderson said as follows:

"I want Mr. Henderson to say what he thinks," said Mr. Moore, and the superintendent was called upon to speak.

"Since I have been on the job up there," Mr. Henderson said, "I have been doing everything possible to put into effect the one-man car plan. We are still working on that. We have put it into effect almost altogether on the Ballard lines, and we are working on the hill lines now. It has been said that all the

(Continued on Page 2.)

THE NARCOTIC EVIL
will be the subject of an address by
W. H. BLISS, of Trinity Church,
President of Seattle Chapter of the White Cross
Tuesday Noon, December 27th,
At the L. C. Smith Building Restaurant
Dr. A. A. Bird, Chairman of the League's
Health and Sanitation Committee, will have
charge of the meeting, and will submit the
committee's report of the narcotic situation

COUNCIL SHOULD HAVE HENDERSON'S VIEWS ON WITT REPORT

The Secretary has drafted a letter to the City Council which will be submitted to the Board of Trustees at its next meeting for approval. The letter as drafted, is as follows:

"Honorable City Council of the City of Seattle,
County-City Building,
Seattle, Washington.

Gentlemen:

Peter Witt rendered his report to the Council on December 12th. In this report, as you know, he advocated certain economies which he claimed would net a saving to the railway lines of approximately \$1,700,000. Since the filing of his report with the Council, so far as we know, no action has been taken on it. We would respectfully suggest that the report be referred to Superintendent D. W. Henderson for consideration, and that, at the same time, the Council should ask Mr. Henderson to give his opinion as soon as possible as to whether the suggestions made by Witt can be put into practical operation.

Mr. Witt, in a public address before the Municipal League on the evening of December 13th, stated that he had the greatest respect for Mr. Henderson's ability and that he was operating the lines as well as any man could under the circumstances. This tribute paid Mr. Henderson is significant. Mr. Henderson, being on the job all of the time, is necessarily well qualified to give his opinion on the subject matter of Mr. Witt's recommendation. This, not in a spirit of being super-expert, but simply as the head of the department, responsible to the people of Seattle for the efficient administration of the railway lines.

The City having paid more than \$8,000 to Mr. Witt for his

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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Telephone Main 6282

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

investigation, ought not simply to let it remain on file, but subject it to the severest test of practicability.

Trusting that you will give this matter your most serious consideration, we are,

Respectfully yours,
MUNICIPAL LEAGUE

By E. L. Wienir.

* * *

To the writer's mind, Witt's report should have been referred to Mr. Henderson immediately upon its being filed with the Council. In view of the insistent cry on the part of some people for a reduction of fare without delay, it seems to the writer a logical and necessary step to give Witt's report such attention as it deserves. The City, having employed an expert and having paid him \$8,000, is in duty bound to do something more useful with the report than having it on file in the City Council.

As this is going to press the P. I. announced that the action here suggested will be taken by the Council. The P. I. article follows:—

Peter Witt's report on Seattle's street railway problems will go to D. W. Henderson, general superintendent of railways, for a statement of his views on the economies of operation and other improvements in the railway system suggested by Witt.

Decision to this effect was reached by the council city utilities committee at its session yesterday morning when Chair-

man Oliver T. Erickson suggested that before giving committee consideration to Witt's recommendations, Henderson's views should be requested. The two reports could then be jointly considered by the committee in deciding what feature should be recommended to the city council for adoption, Erickson said.

Supt. Henderson said yesterday that he expects to have his report ready for the committee early next week and it will probably be taken up at the committee's session next Thursday morning.

THE LEAGUE POSITION (Continued from Page 1)

equipment should be converted into one-man cars which Mr. Witt said should be junked—to convert them to one-man cars. They would be just as heavy, and would cause as much wear on the tracks, as one-man cars, as they do now, and instead of speeding up traffic, they would slow it down. The expenditure for remodeling them would be inadvisable for those reasons.

"One of Mr. Witt's recommendations was that we spend \$2,000,000 for new cars. I would concur to that recommendation but it would take a year to get those cars, even if we had the money to buy them. I agree with Mr. Witt that lighter cars are what we need, but we must not forget the time it would take to get them here, and the money it would require to buy them.

"There are some economies we could put into effect. For example, Mr. Witt's proposal to turn back the Fauntleroy, West Seattle and Alki cars at Yesler Way, a recommendation which I made months ago. I doubt if the public would stand for it. Thousands of persons who use these lines would object to the trains, loaded down with bundles and packages. Some lines could be turned back to Union Street, but I do not think it would be fair to ask the public to make that transfer, without providing sheds where they could wait to protect them from the rain and from traffic on congested street corners. Even the looping of cars in this way would require a large expenditure of money for loops and curves and special work.

"Some economies can be put into effect, but whether enough to make a 5-cent fare possible I cannot say at this time. As to whether I have ever have been made a goat by this Council, I do not think I have. If I have, I have been too slow to see it."

At the conclusion of Henderson's talk, motion was made by Councilman Thompson to "indefinitely postpone". The motion was seconded by Carroll and was passed; Fitzgerald and Moore being the only ones who voted "No", Moore voting "Not because I am in favor of the ordinance, but because I should like to see it referred to the voters in the next election in a referendum."

COMMITTEEMAN REPLIES TO CRITIC OF CITY MANAGER FORM

Mr. Editor Municipal News:

Being a member of the committee that recommended to the Municipal League a City Manager form of government for Seattle, I was very much interested in Mr. J. A. Blackwell's article appearing in the "News" of December 17 last.

I read the article very carefully and so far as I could gather, Mr. Blackwell believes that out present form of city government is wasteful and bad and we should have a change. However he believes that it is necessary for the council to have a check on the mayor, and for the mayor to have a check on the council. He wants to preserve

these so-called checks and balances. He therefore is very skeptical about the city manager although the city manager form has been adopted in a great many cities and, so far as I know, with universal benefit. As a remedy for our poor and wasteful government, he therefore suggests that we take the election of the Mayor out of the hands of the people and have him appointed by the city council.

Now it seems plain that if the powers and duties of each remains the same otherwise, the checks and balances will be preserved and after appointment, the mayor and council can go on the same as now and play politics and play checks and balances.

We who advocate the city manager plan of government, believe that the only checks and balances worth while are the checks which the voters from time to time exercise over the city's affairs. If, therefore, we want to better the government of our city the thing to do is to simplify it so that the voters will be better enabled to see who is to blame if anything goes wrong in the city's affairs. The fewer men responsible for the wrong the easier it will be to place the blame where it belongs.

In place of having the Council, the Mayor and the heads of the various departments share in the political authority which even lawyers only vaguely understand—in place of each having some of the blame, the voters often are unable to determine—we place all the political authority and therefore all the blame on the council and make it responsible to the people and voters. Such arrangement, we believe, will make the council look after the hired man, called "city manager", and all his subordinates pretty well. When something goes wrong with the street railway system, for instance; the voters need no guess who is to blame, that is whether it is the Council, or the Mayor, or the Superintendent or anyone of the many semi-independent officials connected with the city government. The voters will know pretty soon the day of checks and balance in the city government have passed away. —N. C. Wegner

OHIO CITY SECURES REPORT OF CITY AUTOMOBILES

In the Toledo (Ohio) City Journal, published by the Commission of Publicity and Efficiency of that city, appears the report submitted to the Toledo City Council last week by the Commission on the handling of the problem of the city-owned vehicles in Toledo.

As the commission put it, it endeavored to avoid the criticism of existing methods and practices, but has rather endeavored to make a constructive contribution to the problem.

"The plan suggested by the commission would combine the best successful features of the various systems used in other American cities. The crux of the plan is centralization of control under one official, who would have charge of the housing, repair and use of all cars outside of the police and fire departments. Another essential is the standardization of cars.

"A third important feature of the plan is the pooling of the cars which do not receive constant use at present, when assigned to a particular officer, these cars to be made available for the use of any department on call.

"A fourth feature of the plan is that in cases where an official employee must use a car constantly, and where he gets sufficient salary to permit the purchase of his own car that he be allowed a monthly allowance for the use of that car. The Commissioner of Inspection has suggested to the Commission that his plan would be entirely feasible in his department."

"Still another important phase of the Commission's recommendations is that providing for adequate cost and use records for each city car.

"The Commission made the report at the request of the outgoing Council. In order that it may not die with the expiration of the present administration, the Commission is placing it in the hands of the incoming Council and the Mayor-elect. It is believed that this question which has been the cause of considerable discontent on the part of citizens, and the source for



A Good, Glad Christmastide, my friend,
To you and yours is the wish I send.
May all your tomorrows have skies of blue,
And all your friends be loving and true.

much criticism of city officials, should be settled now and settled right."

PARK SUPERINTENDENT ASKS LEAGUE'S HELP

The Parks, Buildings and Grounds Committee had charge of last Tuesday's program. Dr. E. C. Kilbourn, chairman of the E. Chapman, Superintendent of the City Park Department as the speaker of the day. The outstanding points of Mr. Chapman's address were:

That a more personal interest be taken by the League in the park problems of the City of Se-

attle; that personal interest in any particular park or playfield be subordinated to an enthusiastic support of plans for development of the entire park system; that the League give its support to charges for "personal service" as against moral and health service; that the League should support a plan for a sounder financial basis for the park system whereby a certain millage would be allowed in the annual operation and an additional tax levies for maintenance and small millage for permanent construction.

Mr. Chapman showed how the Park Board was continuously

torn between the desire to "do it now" or to plan largely for the future. "We must leave a heritage", declared Chapman. "but we must also care for the children of today; for our children's lives are fleeting, and soon they will no longer be children."

The re-action from the war, demand for various park functions, he said, gave rise to a greater demand, and with the increased demand, the Park Department found itself \$25,000 "in the red" in 1921, and in addition to this deficit, the Council cut off \$50,000 in the 1922 budget, and the Department is thus operating on \$70,000 less than last year. This, with 32 miles of boulevard (with at least 10,000 properties abutting the boulevard), 23 play-fields, and 32 major parks, the Park Department, he said, was "property poor".

Since we are down to bedrock, then, he said, we must increase the revenue within the system. We must accustom the people to pay for personal service; we must induce some of our citizens to do things for the parks which ordinarily the City would do. "There is no finer way with which a man may perpetuate his memory than by leaving some monument for the benefit of his fellowmen; this monument, whatever its form may be, to be located in the City parks."

NARCOTIC EVIL WILL BE THE SUBJECT OF TUESDAY'S ADDRESS

The program Tuesday noon will be in charge of Dr. A. A. Bird, chairman of the League's Health and Sanitation Committee. The committee, under his guidance, has prepared a report on the narcotic evils in Seattle, and will submit it for approval at Tuesday's meeting. The committee has also invited Rev. W. H. Bliss, of Trinity Church and president of the Seattle Chapter of the White Cross, to speak on the narcotic problem. Dr. H. M. Reed, City Health Commissioner, is also expected to address the League briefly on the subject. The committee has spent considerable time in preparing the report, and it is hoped that the matter will receive a thorough consideration by the League members.



A FULL STOCKING.

Hock—Santa Claus apparently has gifts to please everybody.

Rock—Yes. It seems that there is nothing he doesn't keep in stock. He brought one woman of my acquaintance a divorce with alimony and the custody of the poodle."

HENRY W. PENNOCK and MALCOLM DOUGLAS

Attorneys Leary Bldg.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for the County of King.

Seattle School District No. 1, et al.,

Plaintiffs, vs. William S. Stanley, et al., Defendants. No. 155754.

Summons By Publication and Notice.

The State of Washington, to the said

Defendants, Josephine Lamont; Elizabeth McCarthy; Sarah M. Miller;

Addie Davis; Exerel Jennison; Sadie Stockley; Bessie Lambert; Henry

Lambert; Grace E. Lambert; Frank A. Lambert; George Lambert; the unknown heirs of Mary Lambert, deceased;

the unknown heirs of Vedal Lambert, deceased; Harold H. Plummer; Walter I. Plummer; the unknown heirs of Julia H. Plummer, deceased;

the unknown heirs of Mabel Davis Plummer, deceased; Estelle Dunlap Lauderdale; Kate Dunlap Cronkite; Juanita Dunlap Henderson; Pearl Dunlap Yerion; Inez Dunlap;

Evelyn Alexander; William J. Alexander; the unknown heirs of Mari Alfonso, deceased; and all persons unknown having or claiming to have an interest or estate in Block 3 of the Sander-Boman Real Estate Company's First Addition to the City of Seattle, Washington, non-residents of the State of Washington;

You and each of you are hereby

summoned to appear within sixty (60)

days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to wit: within

sixty (60) days after the 10th day of December, 1921, and defend the above

entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint and

petition of the plaintiffs and serve a

copy of your answer or make an appearance in said case, and serve the same upon the undersigned attorneys for plaintiff at their office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint and petition, which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court. The object of this action is to condemn for additional ground to the existing school house site known as the "James A. Garfield High School" in said School District, the following described real estate in the City of Seattle, County of King, State of Washington: All of Block 3, Sander-Boman Real Estate Company's First Addition to the City of Seattle; and to exclude the defendants and each of them from all interest, right and title in or to the same or any part thereof.

HENRY W. PENNOCK and MALCOLM DOUGLAS

Attorneys for Plaintiffs.

Office and Post Office Address:

900 Leary Building, Seattle, Washington.

First pub. December 10, 1921. 7t Jan. 21

HARTGE & CADWALLADER

Attorneys Central Building

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE

State of Washington For King County

Daniel E. Hannafin, Plaintiff, vs. Ellen

Gallagher Hannafin, Defendant. No. 155142.

Summons For Publication.

The State of Washington, to the said

Ellen Gallagher Hannafin, Defendant.

You are hereby summoned to appear

within sixty (60) days after the date of

the first publication of this summons,

to-wit: within sixty (60) days after

the 19th day of November, 1921, and

defend the above entitled action in the

above entitled Court and answer the

complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a

copy of your answer upon the under-

signed attorneys for plaintiff at their

office below stated, and in case of your

failure so to do, judgment will be rendered

against you according to the demand

of the complaint which has been

filed with the Clerk of the said Court.

The object of said action is to obtain

a decree of divorce of plaintiff from

defendant, to obtain custody of the minor

son of the parties hereto, and to set

over to plaintiff the community property

of said parties.

HARTGE & CADWALLADER.

Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Office and Post Office Address:

221 Central Building, Seattle, Washington.

First Pub. Nov. 19, 1921. 7t Dec. 31.

JOHN F. REED

Attorney Empire Bldg.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE

State of Washington, in and for the

County of King. In Probate.

In the matter of the Estate of James

Edmonds Pinkham, Deceased. No. 28497.

Notice of Hearing Final Report and

Petition For Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Ada

Davis Pinkham and the Northwest

Trust & State Bank (formerly the

Northwest Trust & Savings Bank),

the Executors of the Estate of James

Edmonds Pinkham, deceased, have

filed in the office of the Clerk of said

Court their final Report and Petition

for Distribution, asking the Court to

settle said Report, distribute the

property to the persons entitled there-

to and to discharge said Executors;

and that said Report and Petition

will be heard on the 10th day of

January, 1922, at 9:30 A. M., at the

Court Room of the Probate Department

of said Court.

Dated this 9th day of December,

1921.

GEORGE A. GRANT,

Clerk of said Court

By **GEO. L. BERGER,**

Deputy.

First pub. Dec. 10, 1921. 3t Dec. 24

CHAS. H. HARTGE

Attorney 510 Central Bldg.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE

State of Washington for the County

of King. In Probate.

In the matter of the Estate of Isaac

R. Spilman, Deceased. No. 19133.

Notice of Hearing Final Report and

Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Sophia A.

Spilman, Administratrix of the Estate

of Isaac R. Spilman, deceased, has

filed in the office of the Clerk of said

Court her final Report and petition for

distribution, asking the Court to settle

said Report, distribute the property to

the persons thereto entitled and to

discharge said administratrix; and that

said Report and petition will be heard

on the 20th day of January, 1922, at

9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the

Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 23rd day of December,

1921.

GEORGE A. GRANT,

Clerk of said Court.

By **GEO. L. BERGER,**

Deputy.

First pub. Dec. 24, 1921. 4t Jan 14

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Seattle Municipal News

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VOL. XI. NO. 52.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 31, 1922.

PRICE 10 CENTS

10 JITNEYS FOR COWEN PARK

The Council, after referring the petition of the resident of Cowen Park for through jitney service to Supt. Henderson, decided the same Tuesday. Henderson's report was adverse. The report of the railways superintendent follows:

I received late Tuesday afternoon, Dec. 27, two files (No. 83383 and No. 83387) relative to jitney service to the Cowen Park and Ravenna district; these for my recommendations as to the future operation of said jitneys. In regard to file No. 83387: I do not believe this file requires my recommendation from me.

In regard to file No. 83383, wherein the citizen living in the Cowen Park and Ravenna district request that the busses which the now giving them service by transferring to the city cars at Tenth Avenue North-east and East 40th Street, be operated into the city somewhere in the vicinity of post-office loop, I wish herewith to inform your honorable body that has been demonstrated in other cities that jitney service and that of the street cars cannot both exist and be able to secure sufficient revenue to maintain such operation.

In the city of Brigport, Conn., midnight on July 25, 1920, all street car service was discontinued and it was up to the jitney busses to handle the traffic of that city. They failed absolutely in their efforts and on September 20, 1920, the street car service was again resumed and ordinances were passed abolishing the jitney service.

In the City of Toledo, O., where the people protested against an increase in fare through their city government which ordered the discontinuance of street car service, this took

FIRST MEETING OF NEW YEAR

TUESDAY NOON, JANUARY 3, 1922

PROF. F. D. HAYDEN

Professor of Railway Engineering, U. of W.

On "Seattle's Transportation Problems"

L. C. SMITH BUILDING RESTAURANT

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place on November 8, 1919, when the private company removed all its equipment across the state line into Michigan and remained there until December 5, 1919, when the city government of Toledo adjusted matters by having the street car company resume service, allowing the company to charge the rate of fare which had been protested against previous to November 8, 1919, and is was proven there that busses were unable to handle the business.

In the city of Des Moines, Ia., on August 14, 1920, car service was discontinued on account of insufficient revenue under an 8 cent fare to maintain the operation on account of jitney competition. Car service was resumed on October 24, 1921, after it was proven that jitney busses were unable to give the public the service that they were entitled to.

The daily revenue on the Eastlake line for the first week that jitney service was discontinued, compared with that of the last week that the jitneys were in operation, shows that the amount of money taken in when the jitneys were in operation for one week \$9,397.87, and the amount taken in during the

first week after the jitney service discontinued was \$10,838.15, an increase for one week of \$1440.28, or a gain of 15.32 per cent. There is no doubt in my mind but what the increase after this has been greater as the public, during the first week, had not yet accustomed itself to the change in service.

I wish to bring to your attention the fact that there are other sections of the city where the citizens no doubt feel that they should have better transportation facilities than they now have and, if you honorable body should grant special privilege to these people, no doubt other sections would demand the same.

One point in question is that of 35th Avenue Southwest, which, at this time, has bus service operated under city management and these people have to transfer to the Faunterlooy and West Seattle cars. I might say here that during the same 21-day period that the residents of the Cowen Park district have had what is known as "feeder service" to the car line, there were 13,373 passengers carried on the 35th Avenue Southwest busses; that is, about 67 per cent as many people as were handled

(Continued on Page 3)

NARCOTIC EVIL REPORT SUBJECT

Last Tuesday's meeting was in charge of the Public Health and Sanitation Committee of the League, the chairman of which is Dr. A. A. Bird. Besides submitting a report, which is published in this issue and which is approved by the Board of Trustees as well as the membership of the League, the committee invited as speakers for this meeting Cannon W. H. Bliss, president of the Seattle Chapter of the White Cross, and Dr. H. M. Reen, City Health Commissioner.

Cannon Bliss called attention to the ever-increasing importation of crude opium into the United States. Thus, in 1917, 60 tons were imported, in 1918, 80 tons, and in 1919 365 tons. "Not one-fiftieth of these importations can be used legitimately", declared Cannon Bliss.

Japan has turned the greatest buyer as well as the greatest offender in the opium traffic for the Japanese, not users of the drug to any extent—tranship the greatest part of their importations to China, and the balance of it is allowed to be smuggled back to the United States. However, England and the United States were also placed in the same category with Japan.

That the supplies grown in Turkey and Persia could be controlled but that British grown opium could not, was the additional charge made by Cannon Bliss. England, he said, was ashamed of the traffic and prohibited its shipment in English bottles and in English railways.

Altogether, the United States imports from 13 to 72 times more of the opium than any other country.

Cannon Bliss congratulated Seattle on ridding itself of the

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Secretary.....Eimon L. Wienir, 405 Leary Bldg., Main 0791
Treasurer.....W. E. Henry, U. of W., North 2950
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Terms Expire May, 1922.
Howard A. Adams, Ell. 0130
George S. Kahin, Ell. 0130
Robert F. Sandall, Main 0441
Jackson Silbaugh, Main 4241
Dan Earle, Main 0078
E. C. Kilbourne, Ell. 0607
J. T. Lawler, Main 6059, Ex-Officio Trustee

Terms Expire May, 1923
M. L. Baker, Main 2795
Vivian Carkeek, Ell. 0080
William G. Mann, Ell. 2783
James W. Reynolds, Main 0799
L. B. Schwellenbach, Main 0363
H. A. Woodcock, Main 5208

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

supply of opium, as well as peddlers, and pointed to the fact that these offenders are now in other cities of the Northwest, but not in Seattle, since public opinion compelled the administering of heavy punishment to peddlers of the drug. The users of the drug, he said, were now leaving Seattle and going to those cities and ports where the supply can be bought with little risk to the peddler.

Dr. Reed launched a vehement attack upon the large manufacturers of the opium in the United States, declaring that the officers and managers of these large corporations were morally guilty for the conditions arising in the spreading use of opium. He made a plea for inter-governmental co-operation and for international control of the drug for the purpose of dispensing the same only to physicians. He also appealed for a modification of the state laws to conform to national legislation and declared that one of the solutions for the problem lay in the government establishing hospitals for treatment of the addicts.

At the conclusion of this address Dr. A. A. Bird read the report of the committee, and the same was adopted without a dissenting vote.

To The Municipal League.
Gentlemen:—

The Municipal League Committee on Public Health and Sanitation beg leave to report on

the so-called narcotic problem in Seattle.

As chairman of this committee I attended the recent meeting called by Governor Hart to discuss the amelioration of the narcotic evil and to find, if possible, some means to prevent its rapid spread in the State of Washington.

The consensus of opinion was that the State Law controlling narcotics is inadequate; that a new law should be enacted providing for a compulsory penitentiary sentence for peddlers and traffickers in narcotic drugs; that the possession of even one dose should constitute the person so possessing a "peddler". And lastly, providing for the quarantine, care and treatment of narcotic drug addicts.

It was reported at this meeting that Seattle had between 8,000 and 10,000 drug addicts. It was estimated that the amount of drugs consumed by each addict costs a minimum of three dollars a day and a maximum of nine dollars a day.

A brief history of the opium evil is necessary in order that we may understand why we have this illicit and rapidly increasing use of narcotic drugs throughout the world.

Opium is grown in India as a British monopoly and China was its principal customer for over a hundred years.

Then came China's awakening and the burning of her opium pipes in the public squares, to the accompaniment of music.

By a previous agreement between England and China the former ceased shipping opium into China where stringent laws had been passed against its use.

The poppy flourishes in India. No other crop was provided to replace the poppy fields. A new market was therefore found to be necessary and England and America supplied the field for that market.

Our present national law known as the Harrison Act permits the importation of opium in unlimited quantities into the United States for manufacture into morphine and its derivatives. It prohibits their sale and distribution in this country except for medical purposes and under strict supervision.

The balance of the drug manufactured here—which constitutes many tons—is supposed to be shipped abroad to countries which will receive it. In reality it goes principally to China and back into America through illicit channels, America and China using more of the drug than all other countries combined.

It is claimed that every vessel entering Seattle brings hidden dope. Unscrupulous peddlers are on every hand to carry the dope to the victims, each of whom they are said to estimate will bring in six more addicts within a year.

The narcotic habit is a secret vice and requires secret service methods of detection. The regular police cannot handle it alone.

The drug addicts are not all underworld people though a large percentage of them are.

Inspector Hans Damm of the Seattle Police Dept. reported that out of five hundred photographs of criminals in the rogues gallery, taken by the police dep't in 1919, sixty have been identified as dope addicts. In the year ending 1920, out of 711 such photographs taken 172 were known to be addicts.

Figures compiled in other cities show that people in the transportation business are the next largest class of drug addicts.

Taxi drivers, messenger boys, motormen, conductors and others who work long hours in all weathers fall victims to the dope habit.

Lawyers, actors, even doctors

and clergymen are among the victims due largely to nervous strain.

The addict cannot free himself because the drug destroys his will power and ultimately his moral nature.

Putting him in jail does no good as he goes back to the drug at the earliest opportunity. He is not usually a criminal until driven to it in order to satisfy his craving.

The only humane method to put him in a hospital, withdraw the drug gradually and build him up mentally, morally and physically.

Then help him find a job before putting him on his own resources.

Seattle has no such hospital, no fund to carry on the work, no law making opium peddling a penitentiary offense.

Stopping the importation of the drug is of course the one way to stop its sale, but with only a few men to guard thousands of miles of coast line nothing can be expected but what actually happens.

Dope may be had in any city and in any quantity desired.

The fines possible to impose under our present State law merely constitute a stiff license fee and have no deterring effect on the trafficker.

The Harrison Act is inadequate to cope with the evil because it does not limit the amount of the crude drug which may be imported for manufacture.

A new law known as the Jones-Miller bill seeks to remedy the shortcomings of the original narcotic law, and will, we believe, if passed largely help toward this end.

In view of these facts the committee offers the following suggestions:—

(1). That the Municipal League send a strong endorsement of the Jones Miller bill to our Congressmen and Senators to strengthen them in their position in the fight for a better national handling of the drug evil.
(2). That the Municipal League send a message or letter to Brigadier-General Sawyer expressing listing and supporting his influence in the effort to carry the bill through.

(3). That the Municipal League through the proper com-

tees study the proposed
ate law for narcotic control
hich was vetoed by the Govern-
r at the last session to the
i that we may know its de-
iciencies and be prepared to
ge if possible an improved bill
the next session.

(4). That the Municipal
ague endorse heartily the ef-
ts being made at greater co-
lination of the municipal,
te and national authorities
forward it in every way
ssible as being the only pres-
t means of meeting the men-
e to society of the growing
crotic habit.

MANAGER PLAN AND P. R. WIN IN CLEVELAND

The fifth city of the United
ates adopted the city manager
n with proportional represen-
ion by a decisive vote on No-
mber 8. Last spring when the
npaign opened, the optimists
o believed that the effort
uld succeed were few and far
tween. But as election day
ew near the odds shifted until
e betting was 2 to 1 in favor
the plan. A great share of
e credit goes to A. R. Hatton
o was first and last the dyn-
ic spokesman for the progres-
e element.

Since the new plan does not
into effect until two years
ve elapsed, plenty of opportu-
y exists for the readjustment
ecessitated by the radical
anges. Cleveland is several
es larger than any other
merican city enjoying the city
nager plan. Nor has propor-
nal representation yet been
ed in this country on anything
so large a scale. Cleveland
ains her prominence as a city
civic spirit with courage to do
own thinking on public
estions.

A more extended account will
given in our next issue.

H. W. DODDS.

Note: In the National Muni-
al Review of December, 1921.

NO JITNEYS

(Continued from Page 1)

the Cowen Park district.
The responsibility placed upon
is that of operating the rail-
y division of the Public Util-
s Department in as efficient
anner as possible to meet all

THE NEW YEAR 1922

May the new year 1922 bring to each member and friend
of the League unbounded happiness and prosperity. May
each day in 1922 bring an inspiration to serve and to work
for the highest interests of the community in which we make
our homes.

The new year brings to the Municipal League the con-
sciousness that there is a great work for it to perform; that
there are problems in Seattle that need the attention and the
earnest consideration of just such an organization as is ours.
And all conscious of its weaknesses it is also imbued with
the determined spirit to do, to help, to work, and to serve
to its best ability. The Municipal League prays that the
new year will find its children rallying 'round it, giving it
sustenance and finding within it sustenance; that the spirit
which permeated its founders reassert itself in even stronger
degree this new year.

1922—May it mean Happiness, Prosperity, and Service.

obligations, which include the
operatings expenses, interest on
all outstanding railway bonds
and also, the redemptions fund
to meet the payment of the pur-
chase price|

If any competition is allowed,
either by busses or otherwise, it
is going to make it much harder
to be able to secure sufficient
revenue to meet the above ob-
ligations. As I have made every
effort to economize wherever it
is possible in order to have suf-
ficient revenue to meet the above
obligations, it therefore seems
unfair at this time that there
should be any competition al-
lowed to interfere with the op-
eration of the railway.

I am willing to admit that the
people living in the district in
question are entitled to service,
but they are now getting the
same kind of service that other
sections of the city are receiv-
ing where there are no car lines,
and that this particular section
should be entitled to special pri-
vilege any more than any other
section of the city which, if
granted, would take away some
of the revenue which justly be-
longs to the railway is something
that I am not in favor of.

In view of the fact that the
responsibilities of your honorable
body and that of the mayor cov-
er a larger scope than that of
operating a railway, you un-
doubtedly might be justified in
taking a broader view of the
situation.

Respectfully,

— D. W. HENDERSON.

General Sup't of Railways.

THE LEASING OF THE FERRY SYSTEM

By—Eimon L. Wienir,
Secretary of the League

The attack made upon the
leasing of the Ferry system by
the County commissioners to
the Kitsap Transportation Com-
pany, seems to the writer, to be
without merit. The lease guar-
antees as good service as the
county has been giving with no
higher rate of fare to be charged
and with the privilege given to
the company of reducing the
rate of fare at such time as it
may deem proper. The number
of trips are also provided for in
the lease, the lessee being re-
quired to make not less than 16
trips daily to Kirkland, the same
number as made under county
administration, not less than 16
round trips to Medina, and not
less than 4 round trips to Roa-
noke. The lessee is further re-
quired to increase the service on
these runs as the population and
traffic may require.

The only bonus paid under
this lease was the agreement on
the part of the county to furnish
a certain number of barrels of
oil per month for the first 16
months.

It is estimated that this lease
arrangement will save to the
county of King \$116,000 the first
year (that being the amount al-
lowed in the budget for 1922),
and it is further estimated that
this will reduce the county levy
making the total cut in the cost
of county government from 16.5

mills to 9.62 mills.

The lessee is required to give
a \$12,500 bond. It is also re-
quired to open a complete set of
books—keeping a separate ac-
count with each boat and at the
end of each month a trial bal-
ance signed and duly sworn to
by the lessee showing the true
condition of all transactions af-
fecting the ferry system.

The auditor is required to
carefully check this each month
and make a report to the county
commissioners.

The lessee is also required to
keep the boats at all times in a
sea-worthy condition.

It cannot be denied that the
ferries have been a losing propo-
sition, and the communities de-
pending on the ferry service
have been actually retarded in
their growth. Under private
management, as good service as
was rendered before is assured
with the possibility of better
service as the communities in-
crease in size and as more nor-
mal conditions make possible an
increased service by reason of
lower costs.

It is difficult to see why a pri-
vate company should be able to
operate the Ferry system at a
presumably substantial profit
while the county commission-
ers have been losing about \$1000
a day. The removal of the sys-
tem from politics, however, is
undoubtedly the first cause, enab-
ling a private company to oper-
ate it both efficiently and econ-
omically. It certainly is an ex-
ample of the incompetency of
the average public board in
operating public utilities.

Of the 625 principal colleges
and universities in the United
States and Canada, 171 offer
courses in Journalism.

JOHN F. REED

Lawyer Empire Bldg.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for the
County of King. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of George
Taylor, Deceased. No. 28270.

Notice of Hearing Final Report and
Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Lee
John Taylor, Executor of the Estate
of George Taylor, deceased, has filed
in the office of the Clerk of said Court
his Final Report and Petition for Dis-
tribution, asking the court to settle
said Report, distribute the property
to the persons entitled thereto, and to
discharge said Executor; and that said
Report and Petition will be heard on
the 26th day of January, 1922, at 9:30
A. M., at the Court Room of the Pro-
bate Department of said Court.

Dated this 28th day of December,
1921.

GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By George L. Berger
Deputy.

First Pub. Dec. 31, 1921. 3t Jan. 14.

HENRY W. PENNOCK and MALCOLM DOUGLAS
Attorneys Leary Bldg.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for the County of King.
Seattle School District No. 1, et al., Plaintiffs, vs. William S. Stanley, et al., Defendants. No. 155754.
Summons By Publication and Notice. The State of Washington, to the said Defendants, Josephine Lamont; Elizabeth McCarthy; Sarah M. Miller; Addie Davis; Exerel Jennison; Sadie Stockley; Bessie Lambert; Henry Lambert; Grace E. Lambert; Frank A. Lambert; George Lambert; the unknown heirs of Mary Lambert, deceased; the unknown heirs of Veda Lambert, deceased; Harold H. Plummer; Walter I. Plummer; the unknown heirs of Julia H. Plummer, deceased; the unknown heirs of Mabel Davis Plummer, deceased; Estelle Dunlap Lauderdale; Kate Dunlap Cronkrite; Juanita Dunlap Henderson; Pearl Dunlap Yerion; Inez Dunlap; Evelyn Alexander; William J. Alexander; the unknown heirs of Mari Alfonso, deceased; and all persons unknown having or claiming to have an interest or estate in Block 3 of the Sander-Boman Real Estate Company's First Addition to the City of Seattle, Washington, non-residents of the State of Washington:

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to wit: within sixty (60) days after the 10th day of December, 1921, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled Court, and answer the complaint and petition of the plaintiffs and serve a copy of your answer or make an appearance in said case, and serve the same upon the undersigned attorneys for plaintiff at their office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint and petition, which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court. The object of this action is to condemn for additional ground to the existing school house site known as the "James A. Garfield High School" in said School District, the following described real estate in the City of Seattle, County of King, State of Washington: All of Block 3, Sander-Boman Real Estate Company's First Addition to the City of Seattle; and to exclude the defendants and each of them from all interest, right and title in or to the same or any part thereof.

HENRY W. PENNOCK and MALCOLM DOUGLAS
Attorneys for Plaintiffs.
Office and Post Office Address:
900 Leary Building, Seattle, Washington.
First pub. December 10, 1921. 7t Jan. 21

JOHN F. REED

Lawyer Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for the County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Margaret Crichton Taylor, Deceased. No. 27808.
Notice of Hearing Final Account and Petition for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Jeanette May Dexter, Administratrix with the will annexed of the Estate of Margaret Crichton Taylor, Deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her Final Report and Petition for Distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons entitled thereto and to discharge said Administratrix; and that said Report and Petition will be heard on the 26th day of January, 1922, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.
Dated this 28th day of December, 1921.

GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By **George L. Berger**
Deputy.

First Pub. Dec. 31, 1921. 3t Jan. 14.

H. W. PENNOCK

Attorney 900-6 Leary Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for the County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Pedro L. Salazar, Deceased. No. 29481.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Emma V. Garrett Administratrix of the Estate of Pedro L. Salazar, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said administratrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 27th day of January, 1922, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.
Dated this 28th day of December, 1921.

GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By **H. C. Gordon,**
Deputy.

First Pub. Dec. 31, 1921. 3t Jan. 14.

HARTGE & CADWALLADER

Attorneys Central Building
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington For King County
Daniel E. Hannafin, Plaintiff, vs. Ellen Gallagher Hannafin, Defendant. No. 155142.
Summons For Publication.
The State of Washington, to the said Ellen Gallagher Hannafin, Defendant.
You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 19th day of November, 1921, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled Court and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorneys for plaintiff at their office below stated, and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint which has been filed with the Clerk of the said Court. The object of said action is to obtain a decree of divorce of plaintiff from defendant, to obtain custody of the minor son of the parties hereto, and to set over to plaintiff the community property of said parties.

HARTGE & CADWALLADER.
Attorneys for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address:
521 Central Building, Seattle, Washington.
First Pub. Nov. 19, 1921. 7t Dec. 31.

CHAS. H. HARTGE

Attorney 510 Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.
In the matter of the Estate of Isaac R. Spilman, Deceased. No. 19133.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Sophia A. Spilman, Administratrix of the Estate of Isaac R. Spilman, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said administratrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 20th day of January, 1922, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.
Dated this 23rd day of December, 1921.

GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By **GEO. L. BERGER,**
Deputy.

First pub, Dec. 24, 1921. 4t Jan 14

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

OL. XII. NO. 1.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, JANUARY 7, 1922.

PRICE 10 CENTS

HAYDEN DISCUSSES CITY STREET CARS

TRANSPORTATION PROBLEM DISCUSSED BY U. PROFESSOR

F. D. Hayden, Professor of Railway Engineering of the University of Washington, addressed the League last Tuesday, touching on Seattle's transportation problems. He said in part:

"The contract under which we purchased our railway lines from the Stone & Webster people is unique in the annals of America. I don't know that any other city of the country has ever attempted a similar purchase in a large way. When we remember that the private company was only paying \$150,000 a year in dividends and that now we are required to pay a rate of fare enabling the line to pay 15 times that amount in dividends, we realize what a gigantic task Seattle has undertaken.

"There has been, of course, a natural shrinkage due to the closing of the shipyards and other allied employments, but, as has been evidenced by the figures prepared by Mr. Howes, chairman of the League's Public Utilities committee, there were certain decided decreases in the patronage due to the increase in the fare. This is unfortunate, for the restriction in the service is working a havoc on a city.

"Now, as to the Jitneys: The fact remains that never has the jitney been given a chance. The jitney can never succeed working independently, each driver or owner of the car working as an individual. The Jitney must be handled as a permanent institution. It must organize itself into an organization of sufficient capital and strength to

(Continued on Page 2.)

TUESDAY NOON, JANUARY 10, 1922

DR. OLIVER H. RICHARDSON

Of the University of Washington, Department of History, will address the League on
INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

L. C. Smith Building Restaurant

Toledo's Efficiency Commission

The city of Toledo, Ohio, has a Commission of Publicity and Efficiency which undoubtedly ranks highest in the country. A bulletin is published each week known as the Toledo City Journal, which is an organ of valuable character. It is somewhat along the line of a combined Municipal news and official city Journal, and it publishes the reports of the commission and such other municipal news items as come to the attention of that city. Thus, in recent issues, the following articles have appeared: The City Budget, Cost of City Government, The Approaching City Election, A Proposed Change in Public Library Control, the Problem of Municipal Revenues, Toledo's Police Women, and the Report of City Automobiles (an extract of which was published in the News recently.) Its articles on the Problem of Municipal Revenues is so good that we re-print it in full in this issue.

The article on the Public Library is also note-worthy. It seems that the Public Library Board of that city recommended the transfer of the Public Li-

brary system from the control of the city to the control of the Board of Education, and its enlargement as a Public Library of the Toledo school district. The Journal has the following to say regarding the change:

The proposal was made primarily because Ohio laws authorize a special tax levy for a school district library which would provide funds much more adequate for maintaining the library system than can be provided by the city under the present arrangement. It was made secondarily with the view of giving more library service in connection with the public schools.

Under the proposed arrangement the Library Board would be appointed by the Board of Education, an elected body, instead of by the Mayor, an elected individual. The actual operation of the library would continue to vest in the Library Board, which now has entire control over library expenditures library personnel and library salaries. So far as the actual management of the library, therefore the proposed transfer would

(Continued on Page 2.)

SOCIETY OFFERS TO TAKE OVER POUND

BY EIMON L. WIENIR, SECRETARY OF THE MUNICIPAL LEAGUE

The King County Humane Society is attempting to secure by initiative petition and vote at the elections next May the operation of the Seattle City Pound. The Municipal League received an initiative petition with forty-six lines for signatures, the Society asking for the League's help to fill the list up. This petition will be available at the Secretary's office; and those desiring to sign the same may do so.

The Society offers to act as Poundmaster for Seattle in return for a sum equivalent to 85 per cent of the receipts from Dog and Cat license fees; 100 per cent of which, it claims, is now considered as a credit against the costs of operating the Pound. The Society has brought up this question before the City Council repeatedly in the last fourteen years without any results other than improving the condition of the present pound under the Police Department.

The Society claims that the operation of the Pound has also resulted in a deficit to the City, the recent reports showing a deficit to the city of \$946.65. There was also a hidden deficit, it was claimed, which amounts to approximately \$1,000, consisting of purchase costs, maintenance and depreciation of three motor cars, building, equipment, as well as the cost of fuel, light, power, telephone and overhead and office work now done by the Police Department. The Society claims that its offer would save the city \$3,000.

The Society also claims that in this way it will be able to

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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L. B. Schwellenbach, Main 0363
H. A. Woodcock, Main 5208

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eliminate the duplication of effort, as the public is at present confused as to the functions of the Humane Society and the Pound.

The Society states that City Pounds are now operated by the Humane Societies of all the important Pacific Coast Cities, as well as New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Cleveland, and St. Louis and that the operation of the Pound by the Society in these cities has been uniformly successful. And then, again, it claims that it will eliminate the selling of animals now practiced by the Pound; that more humane treatment of animals will be assured; and that it will enable the building of the required new animal shelter and pound building on the lot recently given to the Society.

The claim of the Society is that it is well organized, responsible and experienced; that it has other sources of income, and that a reasonable increase in its facilities would enable it to do the work smoothly and satisfactorily. The Society claims the remarkable achievement of investigating and remedying 4,386 cases of cruelty to children and animals, of finding homes for 1,106 animals, as well as other valuable work.

SECRETARY' COMMENTS

The statements for dues for the year 1922 were mailed on the first of the year, and checks have already begun to come into the office. Most of our members

however, either through neglect or oversight, have not made remittances. This should be attended to as soon as possible for expenses of the League are going on, and money is necessary in order to defray them. Members should not hastily resign from the League, as some have already done, because of the expense there is involved. The three dollars a year dues for most members is so nominal that no matter how bad times may be, each can afford to pay them. It is the hope of the officers of the League that a substantial increase in membership will be gained this year, and consequently as many members as are on the rolls this year should be retained.

* * *

Every member of the League can assist the officers in the bringing in of new members. Friends and others qualified for membership can be brought to the Tuesday meetings and there introduced to the work of the League and to its personnel. Once this is done, the way is made easy for enrollment. Just think what wonderful results could be obtained if the five hundred members of the League would each bring a new member. And yet this is not impossible. All it requires is a little attention and initiative. Before the month is over, the membership committee will begin its work. Why not prepare the way now to make its work as light as possible.

Again we appeal to the membership for regular attendance at each Tuesday luncheon. Irrespective of whether notice is sent in time or not, members know, or should know, that an interesting program has been arranged for them, and that Tuesday noon is the League meeting time. Once a member attends and gets in the habit of coming, he will come as a matter of habit. And he will enjoy the meeting, of course. Many of the League's older members who have the interests of the organization at heart and are proud of the work it has done and is doing, could strengthen the work of the League materially by coming down to these Tuesday meetings, if not regularly, at least once every other week.

HAYDEN DISCUSSES CARS

(Continued from Page 1)

furnish service and take care of depreciation and other expenses connected with the operation.

"It is evident to me that the Jitney has come to stay and in ten years from now we surely will have some form of bus transportation supercede the present unwieldy electric cars, for the jitney has demonstrated that it is able to cut down the running time for any considerable distance to one-half of that necessary for the street car.

"I am one of those who believe that we have not paid too much for our railway from the Stone and Webster Company. The leading privately operated railways of the country show the gross earnings are approximately 25 per cent. (to be exact, 26.8 per cent) of the capital invested.) Thus the gross earnings of the Seattle Municipal lines for the past year are, roughly speaking, \$6,000,000. This would make the lines worth approximately \$24,000,000."

Professor Hayden presented a diagram demonstrating, he claimed, that a street car's long-haul was a losing proposition. He maintained that beyond a certain distance the street railway lines are carrying passengers at a loss. He advocated the operation of the street cars for the distance that it pays and turning over the rest of the distance to the Jitneys.

TOLEDO'S EFFICIENCY COMMISSION

(Continued from Page 1)

involve no change from the present system.

The city would give up the Mayor's power of appointment of the Library Board, Council power to appropriate funds for the library and the Purchasing Agent's right to make purchases for the library. The city would receive in return the right to use for other purposes the money which now goes for the support of the library. This amounts at present to about \$110,000 per year.

To the library the proposed change means chiefly an increase in revenue. The library levy for 1921 was .246 mills, and for 1922 will be .2 mills. Under the new plan an increase to 1.5 mills would be permitted. This maximum should not however be reached for a number of years to come.

To the people of Toledo, the proposed change would involve two results, namely, a slight higher tax rate, and a considerable increase in library service. Demands are being made for branch libraries in sections somewhat remote from existing library branches. Plans are being made for the installation of branch libraries in the new school buildings planned or under consideration. All of this could be operated comfortably upon the revenues that would be forthcoming under the school district library levy. It is difficult to see how any expansion of library service can be made in the city, hampered as it already is by limitations on its revenue.

Consummation of the proposed transfer of the library from the municipality to the school district requires joint action by the Board of Education and the City Council. The detailed procedure is outlined in Sections 3711-3714 of the Ohio General Code. The Board of Education would pass a resolution declaring it necessary to provide for the establishment of a public library of the school district. This resolution would be followed by an ordinance of Council transferring the library property from the municipality to the Public Library Board of the School District to take effect when the school

THE PROBLEM OF MUNICIPAL REVENUES

That the problem of municipal revenues is a perplexing one in American cities in general is evident by the prominence given to the subject in the recent conference of the National Municipal League in Chicago, and the interest shown in the session in which the subject was discussed. Dr. Luther Gulick, director of the National Institute for Public Administration and chairman of a committee of the League, appointed to study the subject of municipal finance, presented a report for that committee which represents perhaps the latest present-day thought on this subject.

In explanation of the current importance of the subject Dr. Gulick called attention to the fact that in the ten years from 1910 to 1919, inclusive, city taxes in the United States increased from an average of \$11.50 per \$1,000 to an average rate of \$21, or an increase of 90 per cent. In spite of this increase, however, cities everywhere finding the financial problem difficult, and are seeking new sources of revenue. In this connection it may be noted that Toledo's tax rate increased in that period very little, in 1910 the total tax rate was 8 mills, levied on a duplicate which represented about a 40 per cent property valuation, and in 1919 it was 17.4 mills, on about an 80 per cent valuation. The increase, based on those figures was therefore only .5 mills in a period of ten years. Since 1909, of course, the rate has been increased more rapidly, but even in the ten years ending in 1921, the increase has only been 6.4 mills or about 45 per cent; an increase only half as great as the average for American cities. The limitations of the Smith One Per Cent Law have been responsible for holding down the rate. The City of Toledo has, however, been operating at a deficit during recent years, and has had to resort to bond issues to meet its current obligations.

A district library levy becomes available. The actual transfer could not be made until about a year after the move is decided upon.

BRYCE SEES PROGRESS IN AMERICAN POLITICS

Sir James Bryce, in his recent book, "Modern Democracies," sees progress being made in America in the improving of governmental methods and results. After appraising the attempts that have been made in recent years to bring about reforms in government, he writes:

"Nevertheless, every effort, even imperfectly successful, to improve machinery which has worked ill, is an evidence of healthy discontent. The present generation will not tolerate evils which the last generation bore submissively. Fifty years ago administration was worse and politics more corrupt than they are today, but reformers were fewer and found far fewer listeners. Today they are heard gladly because the public conscience and the public sense of what America means for the world is more sensitive.

"When I compare the volume of discussion of political, social and economic subjects which issues from the American press today, descriptions of present evils, analyses of their sources, suggestions for their extinction, with the scanty consideration these matters formerly received, and with the spirit of lugubrious despondency that chilled the reformers of those days, I am astonished at the change, and welcome it as auguring well for future progress."

Smaller Share Due the State

The committee's report presented six broad principles which they considered should govern in devising remedial measures. The first had to do with the relation between state and local taxation. It was found that in general throughout the country, too great a share of local taxes goes to the state.

Occupational Taxes Unwise

Business and occupational taxes imposed by several cities, were attacked as unsound in principle, since they do not tax in proportion to a personal ability to pay. Genuine regulatory licenses, however, and fees for special services to individuals may properly be increased to a point where they cover the cost of the regulation or the service. They should not be used as a general source of revenue, nor to yield a profit to the city.

Special Assessments

Wider use of special assessments was urged. It is a sound tax principle, the committee maintained, to assess the cost of special services or improvements against property which receives a special, individual benefit therefrom. Revenues can be increased many instances by assessing a larger share of the cost against benefited property.

Tax on Billboards

Taxation of sign boards, or billboards, was recommended as

a legitimate source of revenue. Various bases for such a tax are in use in American cities. Baltimore, for example, taxes sign boards at varying rates, according to zones into which the city has been divided. Other cities tax according to the frontage value of the property on which the board is placed. Still others charge according to the rental value of the sign.

Limitation of tax levies by the state was opposed by the committee. Experience of states such as Ohio, where tax limits have been imposed by state law, has proven the plan unsatisfactory; first, because it does not really limit municipal expenditures, and second because it encourages unsound bonding. Cities should be given Home Rule in taxation, as well as in other governmental functions, the committee argued. Instead of tax limitation laws, the committee proposed that provision be made for improved budget methods, that state laws be passed regulating and limiting municipal borrowing, and that a more just distribution of taxes be provided.

Better methods in property valuation were urged as the sixth proposal for bettering city finance. A full 100 per cent assessment was advocated, and the use of modern scientific methods of appraisal.

Sharp disagreement with the

committee's report was voiced by Representative Sutherland of the Illinois Legislature who followed Dr. Gulick. He contended that some tax limit was necessary, and that it was unsafe to leave entire control of local taxation in the hands of the City Council. His speech brought several replies, tending to show that cities which have had control over taxation have been more cautious about making expenditures than have been cities where the taxpayers were lulled into a false security by ineffective state limitations.

A unique departure from the usual method of tax limitation was explained by the president of the Indiana Tax Commission, which has the power to review the budgets of Indiana cities and to reduce the tax levy fixed by the City Council. This plan the speaker called a "discretionary method of limiting taxes". Numerous objections to the plan were raised by members of the conference, and it found no particular favor with the group.

"NEWS" IN NEWSPAPERS

The Civic League of Improvement Clubs and Associations of San Francisco, through its official organ, has a sparkling and caustic comment on the character of newspaper "news" carried in that city. Thus, George W. Gerhard has the following to say:

"IMBECILITY or worse seems to predominate in the editorial rooms of our great dailies, when they stoop in their sex-exploitation by giving a large illustrated front-page account of an alleged senseless exploit on the part of a notorious or notoriety-seeking female."

LUNDIN & BARTO
Lawyers
817-823 Alaska Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Ella F. Carroll, Deceased. No. 30459. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as executrix of the estate of Ella F. Carroll, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said executrix or her attorneys of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, January 7, 1922.
RUTH H. CARROLL,
Executrix of said Estate.
Address, 817-823 Alaska Building.
LUNDIN & BARTO, Attorneys for Estate, 817-823 Alaska Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Jan. 7, 1922. 4t Jan. 28

JOHN F. REED
Lawyer **Empire Bldg.**
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for the County of King. In Probate. In the Matter of the Estate of George Taylor, Deceased. No. 28270.
 Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.
 Notice is hereby given that Lee John Taylor, Executor of the Estate of George Taylor, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his Final Report and Petition for Distribution, asking the court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons entitled thereto, and to discharge said Executor; and that said Report and Petition will be heard on the 26th day of January, 1922, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.
 Dated this 28th day of December, 1921.
 GEORGE A. GRANT,
 Clerk of said Court.
 By George L. Berger
 Deputy.
 First Pub. Dec. 31, 1921. 3t Jan. 14.

HENRY W. PENNOCK and MALCOLM DOUGLAS
Attorneys **Leary Bldg.**
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for the County of King.
 Seattle School District No. 1, et al., Plaintiffs, vs. William S. Stanley, et al., Defendants. No. 155754.
 Summons By Publication and Notice.
 The State of Washington, to the said Defendants, Josephine Lamont; Elizabeth McCarthy; Sarah M. Miller; Addie Davis; Exerel Jennison; Sadie Stockley; Bessie Lambert; Henry Lambert; Grace E. Lambert; Frank A. Lambert; George Lambert; the unknown heirs of Mary Lambert, deceased; the unknown heirs of Veda Lambert, deceased; Harold H. Plummer; Walter I. Plummer; the unknown heirs of Julia H. Plummer, deceased; the unknown heirs of Mabel Davis Plummer, deceased; Estelle Dunlap Lauderdale; Kate Dunlap Cronkite; Juanita Dunlap Henderson; Pearl Dunlap Yerion; Inez Dunlap; Evelyn Alexander; William J. Alexander; the unknown heirs of Mari Alfonso, deceased; and all persons unknown having or claiming to have an interest or estate in Block 3 of the Sander-Boman Real Estate Company's First Addition to the City of Seattle, Washington, non-residents of the State of Washington:
 You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publi-

cation of this summons, to wit: within sixty (60) days after the 10th day of December, 1921, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled Court, and answer the complaint and petition of the plaintiffs and serve a copy of your answer or make an appearance in said case, and serve the same upon the undersigned attorneys for plaintiff at their office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint and petition, which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court. The object of this action is to condemn for additional ground to the existing school house site known as the "James A. Garfield High School" in said School District, the following described real estate in the City of Seattle, County of King, State of Washington: All of Block 3, Sander-Boman Real Estate Company's First Addition to the City of Seattle; and to exclude the defendants and each of them from all interest, right and title in or to the same or any part thereof.
 HENRY W. PENNOCK and MALCOLM DOUGLAS
 Attorneys for Plaintiffs.
 Office and Post Office Address:
 900 Leary Building, Seattle, Washington.
 First pub. December 10, 1921. 7t Jan. 21

JOHN F. REED
Lawyer **Empire Bldg.**
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for the County of King. In Probate. In the Matter of the Estate of Margaret Crichton Taylor, Deceased. No. 27808.
 Notice of Hearing Final Account and Petition for Distribution.
 Notice is hereby given that Jeanette May Dexter, Administratrix with the will annexed of the Estate of Margaret Crichton Taylor, Deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her Final Report and Petition for Distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons entitled thereto and to discharge said Administratrix; and that said Report and Petition will be heard on the 26th day of January, 1922, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.
 Dated this 28th day of December, 1921.
 GEORGE A. GRANT,
 Clerk of said Court.
 By George L. Berger
 Deputy.
 First Pub. Dec. 31, 1921. 3t Jan. 14.

H. W. PENNOCK
Attorney **900-6 Leary Bldg.**
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for the County of King. In Probate. In the Matter of the Estate of Pedro L. Salazar, Deceased. No. 29481.
 Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.
 Notice is hereby given that Emma V. Garrett Administratrix of the Estate of Pedro L. Salazar, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said administratrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 27th day of January, 1922, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.
 Dated this 28th day of December, 1921.
 GEORGE A. GRANT,
 Clerk of said Court.
 By H. C. Gordon,
 Deputy.
 First Pub. Dec. 31, 1921. 3t Jan. 14.

CHAS. H. HARTGE
Attorney **510 Central Bldg**
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate. In the matter of the Estate of Isaac R. Spilman, Deceased. No. 19133.
 Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.
 Notice is hereby given that Sophia A. Spilman, Administratrix of the Estate of Isaac R. Spilman, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said administratrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 20th day of January, 1922, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.
 Dated this 23rd day of December, 1921.
 GEORGE A. GRANT,
 Clerk of said Court.
 By GEO. L. BERGER,
 Deputy.
 First pub. Dec. 24, 1921. 4t Jan 14

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

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SEATTLE, SATURDAY, JANUARY 14, 1922.

PRICE 10 CENTS

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS" SUBJECT OF DR. RICHARDSON'S ADDRESS

Dr. Oliver H. Richardson, professor of history of the University of Washington, addressed the Municipal League last Tuesday noon on the subject of "International Relations"; the subject, however, being modified by Dr. Richardson at the meeting place to read, "How to Study the Subject of International Relations." Dr. Richardson said in part:

"No occurrence has affected the minds of men as has the Washington Conference, but interest in international affairs should not be spasmodic but sustained.

"The study of international affairs is vital to the Republic—especially so to England and the United States, because these are self-governing communities; because 'there is law above the king which he must obey.'"

"While the complete control of international relations is in the hands of a few, nevertheless, the electorate must be instructed in the issues. The details must be worked out by experts, but the broader policy by Congress and by the sustained interest of the people. The great thing to be secured is continuity of policy; without it no nation can expect to have respect of other nations of the world.

The following points must be borne in mind:

1. The growing independence of nations.
 2. "America first", to be sure—all means, but not America only. By that is meant that we must be good Americans but so we must be good citizens of the world.
 3. It is our duty to increase world unity and solidarity.
- "One historian has stated that 'The rapid transit' was the first cause

Tuesday Noon, January 17, 1922
L. C. Smith Building Restaurant

* * *

CLAUDE H. ANDERSON
on some problems in
Government Administration

* * *

Program for next week
State Senator E. B. Palmer
On Legislative Apportionment

of the world war. The telegraph, however, can be used to counteract evil influences and to impart to foreign affairs a continuity, a steadiness and a responsibility which statesmen of an older day could not exercise.

"Publicity has done a great deal to engender caution and responsibility in our statesmen. In the United States publicity means more democratic control of foreign affairs; the desire to insure stability of government—and stability is the whole basis of our democratic government in domestic affairs. Lord Bryce is the authority for the statement that people determine foreign policies as wisely, if not more wisely, than monarchs or statesmen; for the people have more moral principle.

"If wars are to be prevented, then the people of the world must gain knowledge of the minds of other people. Lord Haldane of England has attributed as the chief cause of the recent war to the difference between the English and German people—due entirely to a lack of understanding with each other.

"Systematic education is the

solution, and that can be obtained in the proportion to the mind being unprejudiced and time that is put into study. The grand work for the knowledge is not unattainable even to busy men. International law, history, political science, economics and psychology will suffice; but one without the other will not. Political science without history has no root, and history without political science has no fruit, because failure to appreciate the national psychology leads to more national exasperation.

"In order to understand the politics of the world, we must understand the governing tendencies of each separate state. Thus, Great Britain must satisfy those needs which spring from its insular position. Its policies are the development of a free institution, the development of an empire, the maintenance of industrial communities by importation of food supplies and channels of trade. France's ruling passion is the attainment of natural frontiers, Russia's, the attainment of more sea-ports; Italy's, the re-union of all her

(Continued on page 3)

REDUCE THE PRICE OF SUNDAY NEWSPAPERS

By the Secretary

A movement is hereby launched to reduce the price of the Sunday newspapers in Seattle. The price should be reduced to five cents. Just think what that would mean to the city and to the people! And to the newspapers themselves!

Thousands of people in Seattle who would otherwise buy a Sunday paper were the nickel rate in vogue are now wholly deprived of that privilege. Why? Because the 10 cent charge is too high. Instead of getting the newspaper on Sunday morning Seattle citizens must content themselves with doing odd chores around the house, going to church, and taking the usual Sunday afternoon walk. The citizenry thus goes uninformed not only as to the news of the day but also many of the important occurrences of the preceding week. The basis of our democratic institutions is being shaken; for democracy must depend on an intelligent electorate.

Other cities have the 5 cent Sunday newspaper, why isn't Seattle entitled to it? The Oregonian of Portland, recognized to be one of the best of the coast if not of the entire country, containing just as many, if not more, than either of the Seattle papers, only charges 5 cents for its edition. This paper contains an average of 70 pages each Sunday, using the best news services, all the special feature articles, and is of a very high order generally, and yet the price is only a nickel. If the Oregonian can do it why can't the Seattle Times and the Post Intelligencer

And then again if the price were reduced the circulation would increase, advertising rates would go up, and the publishing companies would make more money in the long run. Every village, town and city in the

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

state of Washington would be buying the Seattle papers by the thousand. How helpful this would be for our great city.

Everybody (or nearly everybody) in Seattle is in favor of the reduction in price. It would be a simple thing to get the statements of a hundred or more prominent citizens and publish them in the "News". Space, however, does not permit. The proposition is plain:

THE TEN CENT SEATTLE NEWSPAPER MUST GO!

THE BUILDERS AND THE CITY

The picture once painted or the poem sung, it stands henceforth by itself; the artist can do no more for it. It must live or die without further help from him. But the city is never thus entirely separated from us, its builders. It remains tied to us by the invisible cord of nourishing passions. It grows with us or it dies with us. It is a more real and personal sense a part of us, as we are of it. It becomes then the reflex of the lives and aspirations of the people who dwell in it. So that a city—its streets, its highways, its buildings, its public places, as well as its business and life—is an embodiment of ourselves. It is this living spirit that may hearten and inspire us; that may delight and enchant us, and that may also break and destroy us.

—Temple Scott.

SECRETARY'S COMMENTS

PURITY OF THE PRESS seems to be making some progress, at least in San Francisco, when many organizations are protesting against the continuous playing up of criminals and criminal acts. Added to this, the sickening exploitation of the female sex, by printing exaggerated illustrated accounts regarding the most insignificant acts of some notorious female, is bound to bring about a healthy re-action of the part of the clean minded citizenship of our community. The extremes to which the daily gutter-press has descended, was recently demonstrated when on the arrival here in San Francisco of a most important personage from a foreign country was announced to the public through an article illustrated with the portrait of a notorious female, portraying and praising her act, when she heaped an unsolicited and uncalled-for affront upon a respectable, dignified man, whose standing is at the very pinnacle of the government which he represented on his travels through this city. It is needless to say, that in his country, the representatives of our trade and industry will undoubtedly meet with unexpected and numerous obstacles to their success in placing San Francisco goods.

* * *

THE ARBUCKLE scandal proved a wonderful feast to the disreputable press in San Fran-

cisco, daily and otherwise which never missed a point in playing up and exaggerating every disgusting detail in connection with the affair. Scandalous in the extreme, with a notoriety-seeking district attorney's lust for publicity, this portion of the press certainly excelled itself in reaching hitherto unknown depths of degradation. Now that the actual trial is going on, and certain influences are said to be at work, as having engaged the very highest type of legal ability for the defense of the man, on what is probably an unjustified accusation, the scandal mongers have very perceptibly retreated, and no longer is the front page decorated with disgusting details of the Ar-buckle scandal.

* * *

SUNDAY NEWSPAPERS are wastefully extravagant in compelling purchasers to buy the whole unwholesome mess, instead of permitting the reader to select and pay for only that particular section in which he is interested. Suppose a customer wanted to read a certain magazine and was forced to pay, in addition to the one he desired, for copies of an "art" journal, a female fashion book, a Police Gazette, a bundle of automobile catalogues, a publication containing cheap foreign prattel, a farm paper, a treatise on the latest immoral scandals and a big bunch of advertising hand-bills—all of which he did NOT want but was compelled to pay for in order to get the one he wanted to read—the insanity would be no worse than now actually exists in relation to the Sunday "news-paper". Or, if you wanted to buy a loaf of a certain kind of bread, and the baker insisted that you also buy a loaf of each and every other kind of bread he has in stock, there would be an awful roar. But with the "news-papers" it is different; they have an "association" which we understand prescribes the size of each paper each day, the amount and the kind of reading matter contained therein and the price of "street sales" and the advertising and subscription rates, which latter, by the way, have not as yet taken a downward trend toward pre-war conditions as has been the case in all other industries.

SOME CIVIC JOURNALS RECEIVED BY LEAGUE

A new bulletin has made its appearance in this office: Municipal Reference Notes, published weekly by the New York Public Library "for circulation among the officials and employees of the City of New York".

The bulletin contains a brief article or two of the more important civic events of the week, reviews of books touching upon municipal matters, and a list of current civic literature. Other issues contain, in addition to the foregoing, brief items of what other cities are doing, lists of New York city publications, etc. A very valuable little paper indeed.

* * *

"The City", a publication devoted to the promotion and application of scientific principles of government, issued by the San Francisco Bureau of Governmental Research, has again made its appearance. Originally this publication was issued as a quarterly review, "supplemented by single sheet folders in which specific items of city business were discussed from time to time as occasion seemed to require". In 1917-1-819 publication was interrupted owing to the fact that five out of the eight regular employees of the paper entered the service, since which time it was deemed best to wait for a more auspicious time to resume. The publication is intended primarily to keep the membership of the bureau informed of its activities.

* * *

Another publication worthy special mention is "Municipal Facts Monthly", published by the City and County of Denver "for the information of residents as to the accomplishments and policies of the municipal government; for the purpose of helping Denver citizens to know the city thoroughly; for the preservation of records and facts that may become of historical interest." A special feature of the journal is the beautiful photographic reproductions of the places of note in and about Denver. Its articles concern themselves with all phases of civic life and development—and not merely with political phases.

WHAT OTHER CITIES ARE DOING

On September 1st, ground was broken in Detroit for a new Police Headquarters and First Precinct Station. A departure from old methods is planned, in that 11 blocks will be placed on the top two floors of the building. The Chicago Fire Department has contracted for \$1,300,000 worth of apparatus which will be entirely motorized.

Kalamazoo on October 4th defeated the proposed new charter. The city-manager government will be retained.

Jacksonville, Fla., is planning a municipal gas plant.

Jersey City voted in favor of acquiring or building municipal works for light, heat and power.

Superintendent of the Dallas, Texas, Fire Department has his office fitted with wireless apparatus for receiving and transmitting messages. Recently while en route, two miles from the fire station, he received a fire call,—this is the first recorded instance of an actual fire call by wireless. At the last general election, Addletown and Lockport, N. Y., voted on Plan C of the Optional Cities Charter Law (City-Manager Plan) and it was defeated in both cities.

By a vote of 29,480 and 20,070 of ten municipalities of Alameda County, Cal., on November 1st rejected the proposal for a consolidation of city and county government.

The City of San Jose, Cal., has set aside lots on municipally owned land to be given free to prospective builders of small homes for their own use.

Edward W. Bok has created a fund in Philadelphia which awards each year to two members of the Fire Department and two of the Police Department a gift of \$1,000 for "merit in the line of duty".

For the first time in the history of Wisconsin the tax commissioners of that state are to levy an impost on a municipal utility, the electric plant of Stoughton having made itself amenable to rate taxation by extending its service outside of the city. Stoughton will be forced to apply to the Public Service Commission for permission to increase its rates to meet the tax.

There's a Big Welcome Awaiting Him



A plan for a police school is being favored at Northwestern University. Courses would be given in methods of detection, such as finger-print methods, the elements of psychology, with particular bearing upon criminal behavior and mental hygiene, public sanitation and health, besides the principles of chemistry, physics and sociology, and a study of the statutes and municipal ordinances. The Police Department of Berkeley, Cal., in conjunction with the university there, has adopted the plan which was published in the Journal of Law and Criminology.

Denver has adopted a drastic method of stopping reckless driving. An ordinance recently passed by that city provides for impounding the cars of the person found guilty of reckless driving, for a period not to exceed six months. The specific provisions of the ordinance are that anyone found guilty of reckless driving shall not again operate a motor vehicle for a period of six months. In the event of violation of this prohibition, police officers are authorized to deliver

the vehicle to the Custodian of Property in Denver, to be impounded by him.

The city of Detroit, Mich., operates a municipal asphalt plant under a superintendent of asphalt constructed and reported recently that up to the end of 1920 the asphalt had saved the city approximately \$700,000. The Commissioner of Public Affairs of the City of Buffalo, N. Y., is urging the city commission to authorize the purchase of a municipal asphalt plant for that city.

The Baltimore Municipal Journal is a semi-monthly publication issued by the city government of Baltimore which sets forth from time to time the accomplishments as well as the problems of that city.

Comment by Managing Editor

A recent Sunday issue of the Denver Post was compared with our local Sunday paper last Sunday and the comparison was not favorable to the local paper.

The Denver Post sold for five cents and contained 94 pages, mostly of local, Colorado and

world-wide news. There was at a rough estimate four times the news matter as contained in the Seattle papers and only a fraction of as much "mat" matter or so-called "feature" which is similar to the old "boiler plate" which the live publisher of even the country weekly discarded when the linotype was secured and he was able to fill his paper with live matter.

RICHARDSON'S ADDRESS

(Continued from Page 1)

people, Germany's, the attainment of rigid discipline in order to offset lack of natural frontiers, Japan's, the securing of territory for excess population, and the United States', the Golden Rule."

First girl: What is there on your hat that makes you so proud of it?

Second girl: The eyes of all the other girls.

* * *
A successful man: One who believes nothing.

A successful woman: One who believes no one.

DID YOU ATTEND THE MEETING LAST WEEK?

Did you attend the meeting last Tuesday? That little personal touch got you there, didn't it? A telephone call from a friend asking you to come on out. That's what got you. We're going to try it again on you this week. Our attendance doubled. It will double again this Tuesday. You old League members who are getting so all blamed busy that you can't have luncheon with us once a week—just you wait and see. We'll make you sit up and take notice. And what's more we'll make you come and make you like to come.

The League is not a mutual business club. Maybe you won't make a new client, a new patient, or a new customer every time you attend a meeting. But you'll get a lot more out of it than that. You will get a new conception of practical idealism, a new faith in the city in which we live, and an entirely new desire to make the ideals that lie within you come out in the form of helpful service to your neighbors.

Come on out, you old timers. Don't tell us that you are too busy. The kind of men that compose the personnel of the Municipal League are all busy men. It is the busy men, the important men, YOU, we want.

Express your civic ideals through the League. Join the Crowd.

LUNDIN & BARTO
Lawyers 817-823 Alaska Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Ella F. Carroll, Deceased. No. 30459. Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as executrix of the estate of Ella F. Carroll, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said executrix or her attorneys of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication, January 7, 1922.

RUTH H. CARROLL,
Executrix of said Estate.
Address, 817-823 Alaska Building.
LUNDIN & BARTO, Attorneys for Estate, 817-823 Alaska Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Jan. 7, 1922. 4t Jan. 28

JOHN F. REED
Lawyer Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for the County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of George Taylor, Deceased. No. 28270.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Lee John Taylor, Executor of the Estate of George Taylor, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court

his Final Report and Petition for Distribution, asking the court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons entitled thereto, and to discharge said Executor; and that said Report and Petition will be heard on the 26th day of January, 1922, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.
Dated this 28th day of December, 1921.

GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By George L. Berger Deputy.
First Pub. Dec. 31, 1921. 3t Jan. 14.

JOHN F. REED
Lawyer Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for the County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Margaret Crichton Taylor, Deceased. No. 27808.
Notice of Hearing Final Account and Petition for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Jeanette May Dexter, Administratrix with the will annexed of the Estate of Margaret Crichton Taylor, Deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her Final Report and Petition for Distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons entitled thereto and to discharge said Administratrix; and that said Report and Petition will be heard on the 26th day of January, 1922, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.
Dated this 28th day of December, 1921.

GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By George L. Berger Deputy.
First Pub. Dec. 31, 1921. 3t Jan. 14.

H. W. PENNOCK
Attorney 900-6 Leary Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for the County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Pedro L. Salazar, Deceased. No. 29481.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Emma V. Garrett Administratrix of the Estate of Pedro L. Salazar, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said administratrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 27th day of January, 1922, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.
Dated this 28th day of December, 1921.

GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. Gordon, Deputy.
First Pub. Dec. 31, 1921. 3t Jan. 14.

HENRY W. PENNOCK and MALCOLM DOUGLAS
Attorneys Leary Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for the County of King.
Seattle School District No. 1, et al., Plaintiffs, vs. William S. Stanley, et al., Defendants. No. 155754.
Summons By Publication and Notice.
The State of Washington, to the said Defendants, Josephine Lamont; Elizabeth McCarthy; Sarah M. Miller; Addie Davis; Exerel Jennison; Sadie Stockley; Bessie Lambert; Henry Lambert; Grace E. Lambert; Frank A. Lambert; George Lambert; the unknown heirs of Mary Lambert, deceased; the unknown heirs of Veda Lambert, deceased; Harold H. Plummer; Walter I. Plummer; the unknown heirs of Julia H. Plummer, deceased; the unknown heirs of Mabel Davis Plummer, deceased; Estelle Dunlap Lauderdale; Kate Dunlap Cronkite; Juanita Dunlap Henderson; Pearl Dunlap Yerlon; Inez Dunlap; Evelyn Alexander; William J. Alexander; the unknown heirs of Mari Alfonso, deceased; and all persons unknown having or claiming to have an interest or estate in Block 3 of the Sander-Boman Real Estate Company's First Addition to the City of Seattle, Washington, non-residents of the State of Washington:
You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to wit: within sixty (60) days after the 10th day of December, 1921, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled Court, and answer the complaint and petition of the plaintiffs and serve a copy of your answer or make an appearance in said case, and serve the same upon the undersigned attorneys

for plaintiff at their office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint and petition, which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court. The object of this action is to condemn for additional ground to the existing school house site known as the "James A. Garfield High School" in said School District, the following described real estate in the City of Seattle, County of King, State of Washington: All of Block 3, Sander-Boman Real Estate Company's First Addition to the City of Seattle; and to exclude the defendants and each of them from all interest, right and title in or to the same or any part thereof.

HENRY W. PENNOCK and MALCOLM DOUGLAS
Attorneys for Plaintiffs.
Office and Post Office Address:
900 Leary Building, Seattle, Washington.
First pub. December 10, 1921. 7t Jan. 21

CHAS. H. HARTGE
Attorney 510 Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.
In the matter of the Estate of Isaac R. Spilman, Deceased. No. 19133.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Sophia A. Spilman, Administratrix of the Estate of Isaac R. Spilman, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said administratrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 20th day of January, 1922, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.
Dated this 23rd day of December, 1921.

GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By GEO. L. BERGER, Deputy.
First pub. Dec. 24, 1921. 4t Jan 14

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. XII. NO. 3.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, JANUARY 21, 1922.

PRICE 10 CENTS

LEAGUE PRESIDENT MAKES ADDRESS

Claude H. Anderson, president of the Municipal League, delivered the address last Tuesday noon on the subject of, "Some Problems in Government Administration". The address was one of the most brilliant and inspiring ever delivered to the League. He was introduced by Howard Adams, chairman of the Program Committee. President Anderson said in part as follows:

When all of our problems are numbered down to the bone, they amount to this: the solving of the intricate human relationship in which person is trying to find happiness in this world; but a larger selfishness has been involved too—that of helping the other fellow.

Some might say that the autocratic, monarchic government is the best kind of government, but for myself, I am interested only in democratic government, and this kind of government presents the most complexities and vast problems.

Do we believe in government that is to be responsible and responsive to the people? And if we do, have we a system of checking up on our officials after they are elected? Is our system of checks and balances working out? Does it actually check public officials or does it merely check the people? I am not attempting at this time to present an answer to these questions; I am stating them for the purpose of influencing you to think upon them and to evolve an answer in your own mind.

Do we have a system of informing the electorate on current issues? The following quotation from a book written by Hamilton Bryant, on, "Commercialism and Journalism", may be given credence, and many of us are quite ready to corroborate from our

R. D. McKENSEY

Professor of Sociology at the U. of W.

Will Address The League Tuesday Noon, Jan. 24

At The L. C. Smith Building Restaurant

ON "MUNICIPAL AREAS OF OPINION."

own experience the convictions of this famous journalist, who wrote:

"There is no such thing in America as an independent press.

I am paid for keeping honest opinions out of the paper I am connected with. If I should allow honest opinions to be printed in one issue of my paper, before twenty-four hours my occupation, like Othello's, would be gone. The business of a New York journalist is to distort the truth, to lie outright, to pervert, to vilify, to fawn at the foot of Mammon, and to sell his country and his race for his daily bread. We are the tools or vassals of the rich men behind the scenes. Our time, our talents, our lives, our possibilities, are all the property of other men. We are intellectual prostitutes."

Do we believe in party government in America under bi-party control? Does it promise success? George Washington, in his last farewell had this to say concerning the danger of party government:

"I have already intimated to you the danger of parties in the State, with particular reference to the founding of them on geographical discrimination. Let me now take a more comprehensive view, and warn you in the most solemn manner against the baneful effects of the spirit of party,

generally.

"This spirit, unfortunately, is inseparable from our nature, having its root in the strongest passions of the human mind. It exists under different shapes in all governments, more or less stifled, controlled, or repressed; but in those of the popular form it is seen in its greatest rankness, and is truly their worst enemy.

"The alternate domination of one faction over another, sharpened by the spirit of revenge, natural to party dissension, which in different ages and countries has perpetrated the most horrid enormities, is itself a frightful despotism. But this leads at length to a more formal and permanent despotism. The disorders and miseries which result, gradually incline the minds of men to seek security and repose in the absolute power of an individual; and sooner or later the chief of some prevailing faction, more able or more fortunate than his competitors, turns this disposition to the purposes of his own elevation, on the ruins of public liberty.

"Without looking forward to an extremity of this kind (which nevertheless ought not to be entirely out of sight), the common and continued mischief of the spirit of party are sufficient to make it in the interest and duty

(Continued on Page 2.)

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE AT PUBLIC EXPENSE

In one of the middle west states which has been a leader in public education for a half century a popular vote was taken in 1846 on the question of establishing a state system of free public schools.

Out of all the votes cast a majority of less than 2000 endorsed a public school system as against leaving education to the individual family or a neighborhood enterprise. A change of a 1000 vote would have robbed that progressive educational commonwealth of one of our best school systems.

Almost a majority of the voters were willing to say to their neighbors "If you want your children educated it is your individual responsibility" forgetting that the education of all is a community concern. This would have meant illiteracy to a large per cent of the population of a state. Intense individualism almost got the better of community interest and social obligation.

In the State of Washington we are now in the same position with regard to public library legislation that Indiana was in 1846 regarding public schools.

We willingly and even gladly spend our millions teaching our children how to read and straightway turn upon our heel against both intelligence and experience and vote against a plan that will enable the community to furnish reading matter to the children who have laboriously learned to read at community expense in a community institution commonly called a public school.

Why teach him to read and then refuse him the proper reading material? We have found that it is bad for all of us if some of us are illiterate. We have not discovered that it is bad for all of us if some of us are ignorant

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

of the world's experience as recorded in the best books. We do not yet clearly see that all are injured if some read only the cheap, vulgar and vicious stuff as is done for lack of the good and the best.

In the more concentrated centers of population, such as our better cities and our medium sized towns, through community interest and willingness for social cooperation it has been found that the Public Library is a desirable, easily operated and financially economic, institution for the upkeep and increase of general intelligence.

Only human experience and the contemplation of such can ever educate any one. This experience may be that of the one being educated or that gained for him by others and transmitted to him through the printed page. Life is too short for each to experience, all he shall need to know, so economy of life demands that we shall read.

The public library is the highest form of intellectual and financial economy for all the people. In Seattle all the privileges of an excellent public library costs each of us but little more than fifty cents a year per person.

For this small sum I may have access to the world's intelligence in almost every line of human endeavor. In the small town and rural districts, however, when population is less concentrated fifty cents per person produces so little that the local library can

not thrive. So a larger geographic unit must be selected and cooperation extended over a larger area.

The county has been found to be the most economically administered unit that at once gives property valuation adequate to supply an operating fund at a reasonable tax levy—such a fund as will provide a good book collection and secure a competent librarian.

The state is too large geographically to be administered directly for library purposes. By common conclusion of library thinking men all over the country, except in the state of Washington, the county has been accepted as the best, and really as the only feasible unit that can serve the small town and rural districts with library privileges.

A county library for our state will not be of special direct value to Seattle nor to any other city having a good public library.

However the general interest in the common intelligence of all the people of the state should be such that the more fortunate communities would feel an intense interest in helping all the villages and rural districts to the enjoyment of privileges such as they themselves have.

It is of great interest and value of New York and Illinois that Georgia and Mississippi should have good school systems and universal education, for the people of the south migrate and become citizens of the north.

It is likewise and equally im-

portant that a library system be established for the village and rural sections that those coming from there into our cities have equal opportunities. The cities recruit from the country and village and their coming to the city should not lower the level of its intelligence for, whether we will or not, we are our brother's keeper.

PRESIDENT CLAUDE H. ANDERSON ADDRESSES THE LEAGUE

of a wise people to discourage and restrain it.

"It serves; always to distract the public councils, and enfeeble the public administration. It agitates the community with ill-founded jealousies and false alarms; kindles the animosity of one part against another, forms occasionally riot and insurrection. It opens the doors to foreign influence and corruption, which finds a facilitated access to the government itself through the channels of party passions. Thus the policy and will of one country are subjected to the policy and will of another.

"There is an opinion, that parties in free countries are useful checks upon the administration of the government, and serve to keep alive the spirit of liberty. This within certain limits is probably true, and in governments of a monarchical cast, patriotism may look with indulgence, if not with favor, upon the spirit of party. But in those of the popular character, in governments purely elective, it is a spirit not to be encouraged. From their natural tendency, it is certain there will always be enough of that spirit for every salutary purpose. And there being constant danger of excess, the effort ought to be, by force of public opinion to mitigate and assuage it. A fire not to be quenched, it demands a uniform vigilance to prevent its bursting into a flame, lest, instead of warming, it should consume."

Or is it worth while considering proportional representation—representation based upon the exact thought of certain groups of people. Many political scientists have considered this system as the only scientific method of expressing popular will.

Do we believe in executive control or do we believe in legislative control, or do we believe in the truth that the federal machine has become so cumbersome that it cannot be efficiently operated in any event.

The State of Washington through its last legislature passed a law creating the Washington State Veterans' Welfare Commission, appropriating \$500,000 to the use of the commission consisting of five men. The law imposed no checks—no balance but gave absolute control to the Commission. This commission did splendid work largely because it was unhampered. Congress has not, so far as I know, passed legislation enabling any public official to carry out his wishes with restriction.

Do we have any theory of public employment? Or do the Spoils System still exist in our institutions? The Civil Service system doesn't work and isn't honest because there is no way to avoid civil service when one has sufficient public influence to exert. In other words the system works when those responsible for it want it to work and doesn't work when those responsible for it do not wish to work.

The weakest spot in the American government is the State Legislature,—the old bicameral system, based upon the federal system. Is there any reason why a state legislature should meet only every two years? A small body of legislators sitting continuously, elected at large, unicameral in character and adequately remunerated, can perform far greater service than the present system.

These questions, asked in spirit to awake your thought and interest in the problems of governmental life, are not merely mine—they are questions propounded by men who have given life service to the cause of better government. We must take stock of our institutions, of our systems, and of our methods of governmental control, and must, as good citizens, try to effect remedies and corrections as are needed in order that the people of this great country may express themselves accurately and so that its expression may be put into practical operation.

CHARTER REVISION

(From Municipal Reference Notes Published by the New York Public Library)

The civic organizations of New York City are demonstrating their readiness to launch upon the study of any problem before the public. The Charter Revision Commission, appointed by the governor a few weeks ago, has been given help in their study of a new charter or a revision for the City, by the Merchants Association, by the City Club of New York, New York State Joint Legislative Committee to Investigate the Affairs of the City of New York, and by the Union League Club. The studies of these organizations have appeared in printed form. The New York Civil Service Society reports it has a special committee working on charter revision and the Real Estate Board of New York also makes known its intentions.

The Merchants Association, in its "Synopsis of the Greater New York Charter", a 143-page pamphlet, shows a detailed study of the present charter and also gives an outline history of former charter commissions and the recommendations made by them. Each department, board and commission, is described in detail and the duties as described by the charter fully enumerated. This "Synopsis" can admirably serve as a text book on the charter, and city employees will find it a great help in this way. Especially valuable is the Appendix, which gives the Charter changes proposed in the former tentative revisions.

The First Report of the Meyer Committee (a ten-page pamphlet) contains "its conclusions as to some basic changes in the charter". The important change proposed is an elected board of finance of nine members to replace the present board of estimate and the sinking fund commission.

"The New York City Charter—Report on Charter Revision" of the City Club (a 40-page pamphlet) is the result of seven months' study by its members. Their "effort has been to bring into relief some of the more basic conceptions upon which it is thought that municipal govern-

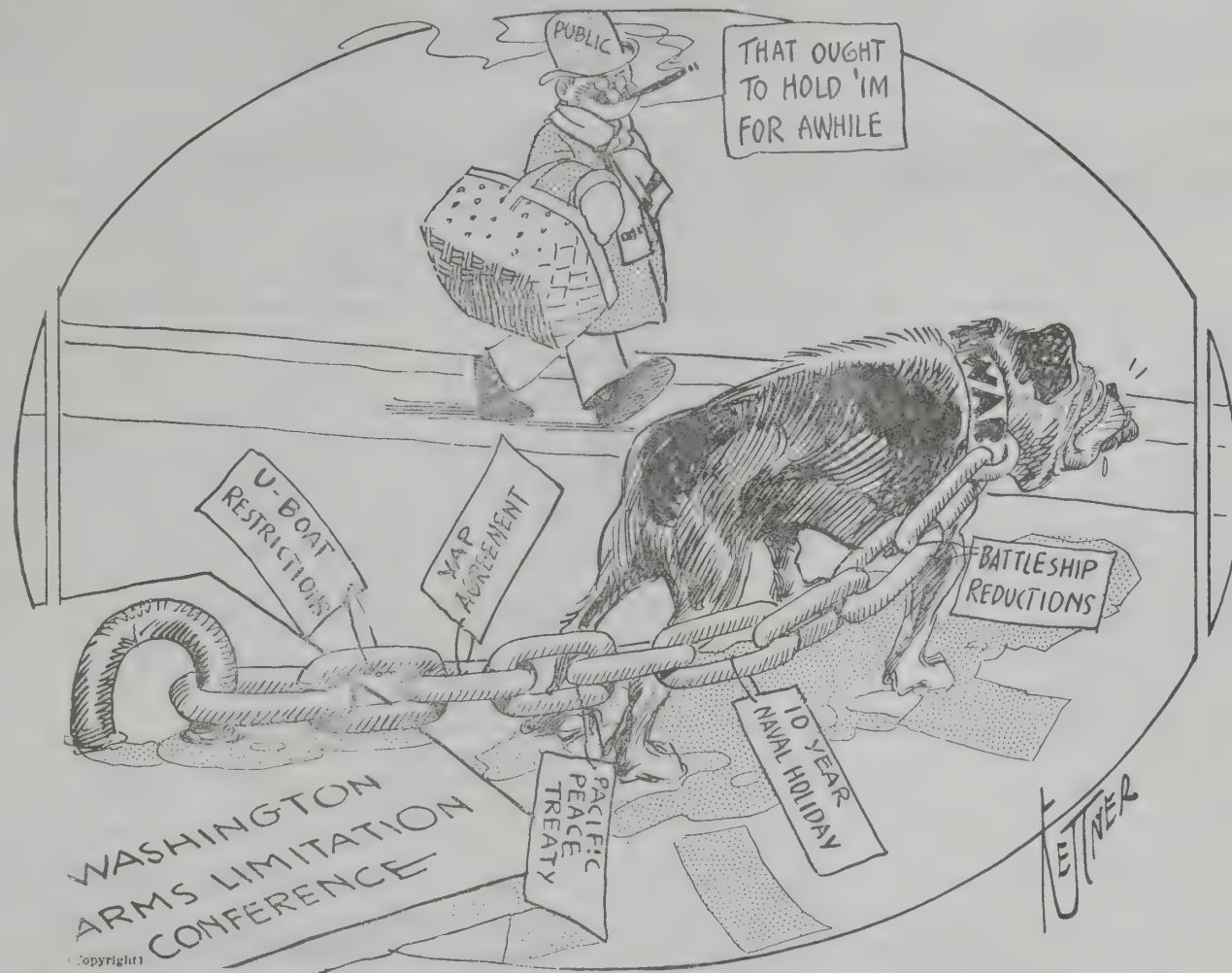
ment should be founded, and to emphasize some of the points where changes in the departmental structure seems most worthy of consideration". It recommends the transferring of the regulatory features of the charter to an administrative code.

The "Report of the Committee on Political Reform of the Union League Club" (a 14-page pamphlet) considers, among other problems, that of charter revision and recommends the appointment of a Special Committee on Municipal Affairs thoroughly to study these problems and to work with the Charter Revision Commission.

This Library will gladly lend to city officials and employees any of these recently published pamphlets on charter revision. It has prepared a bibliography on the subject, so that officials and employees may easily get from the Library all material bearing on any phase of the problem in which they may be interested.

If styles continue to be more extreme fig tree culture will soon be a most profitable industry.

As Strong As the Weakest Link



LEAGUE TO HEAR SOCIOLOGY PROFESSOR

R. D. McKensy, Professor of Sociology at the University of Washington, will be the principal speaker at the League's meeting next Tuesday, taking for his subject, "Municipal Areas of Opinion".

Howard A. Adams, chairman of the Program Committee, has arranged splendid programs for the next few weeks. Thus, Professor McKensy will be followed by Dean Stephen I. Miller on January 31st, Judson T. Jennings, head of the Seattle Public Library, on February 8th, and Frank J. Laube, Professor of Municipal Government at the University of Washington, on February 14th.

Senator A. B. Palmer will probably address the League on February 21st on his legislative reapportionment scheme. Senator Palmer was to have addressed the League this coming Tuesday, but was called on business east of the mountains, and could not appear before us Tuesday.

With our programs for the next

few weeks as they are. League attendance ought to increase one hundred per cent. The last meeting of the League was well attended, plenty of enthusiasm was shown, and this, combined with the delightful meeting place and program of the day, served as one of the best meetings of the year. Increased attendance means a great deal to the League, and all members are urged to come. Lunches are but 50 cents.

LEAGUE HEARS ADDRESS ON THRIFT

In line with National Thrift Week, the local committee in charge of that work had Mr. A. P. Hull of the First National Bank address the League. He said in part, as follows:

"We must have sound economical policies in order to enjoy prosperity. Thrift Week, which was originally started in 1920 with the principal idea of saving, has this year been modified so that what we are striving for is not so much saving as it

is thrift in spending and investing. Money should be carried in the bank merely in the form of a bank balance, but surplus money should be invested in enterprises which are engaged in commercial and industrial lines. Our slogan this year is 'Spend wisely,— buy what you need.'

CHEAPER PAPERS BEING DEMANDED

The campaign inaugurated by the Secretary last week for the reduction of the prices of Seattle Sunday newspapers has met with great success. A score of commendations have been received by the Secretary personally commending him for the article, and expressing a sympathy with the movement.

Seattle people are wondering why they must pay ten cents for their Sunday newspaper, when other great metropolitan dailies in near-by cities charge only five cents. Many people have become disgruntled with the high charge made by local newspapers and have cancelled their subscriptions altogether, while hundreds, and even thousands, it is understood, are boycotting the local papers and are buying the Oregonian, a Portland paper.

This is, indeed, a sad condition of affairs, and one which should secure the immediate attention of local publishers.

JACKSON SILBAUGH
Attorney 625 Lyon Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County.
Auburn Holt, Plaintiff, vs. Mabel Annie Holt, Defendant. No. 156375.
Summons by Publication.
The State of Washington: To the said Mabel Annie Holt, Defendant:
You are here summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty days after the 21st day of January, 1922, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff, at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.
The object of the above entitled action is to secure a divorce on the grounds of desertion and abandonment.
JACKSON SILBAUGH,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
P. O. Address: 625 Lyon Building, Seattle, King County, Wash.
First Pub. Jan. 21, 1922. 7t Mar 4

LUNDIN & BARTO
Lawyers 817-823 Alaska Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Ella F. Carroll, Deceased. No. 30459. Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as executrix of the estate of Ella F. Carroll, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly, verified, on said executrix

or her attorneys of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication, January 7, 1922.

RUTH H. CARROLL,
Executrix of said Estate.
Address, 817-823 Alaska Building,
LUNDIN & BARTO, Attorneys for Estate, 817-823 Alaska Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Jan. 7, 1922. 4t Jan. 28

JOHN F. REED
Lawyer Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for the County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Margaret Crichton Taylor, Deceased. No. 27808.
Notice of Hearing Final Account and Petition for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Jeanette May Dexter, Administratrix with the will annexed of the Estate of Margaret Crichton Taylor, Deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her Final Report and Petition for Distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons entitled thereto and to discharge said Administratrix; and that said Report and Petition will be heard on the 26th day of January, 1922, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.
Dated this 28th day of December, 1921.

GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By George L. Berger
Deputy.
First Pub. Dec. 31, 1921. 3t Jan. 14.

H. W. PENNOCK
Attorney 900-6 Leary Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for the County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Pedro L. Salazar, Deceased. No. 29481.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Emma V. Garrett Administratrix of the Estate of Pedro L. Salazar, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said administratrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 27th day of January, 1922, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.
Dated this 28th day of December, 1921.

GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. Gordon,
Deputy.
First Pub. Dec. 31, 1921. 3t Jan. 14.

HENRY W. PENNOCK and MALCOLM DOUGLAS
Attorneys Leary Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for the County of King.
Seattle School District No. 1, et al., Plaintiffs, vs. William S. Stanley, et al., Defendants. No. 155754.
Summons By Publication and Notice.
The State of Washington, to the said Defendants, Josephine Lamont; Elizabeth McCarthy; Sarah M. Miller; Addie Davis; Exerel Jennison; Sadie Stockley; Bessie Lambert; Henry Lambert; Grace E. Lambert; Frank A. Lambert; George Lambert; the unknown heirs of Mary Lambert, deceased; the unknown heirs of Veda Lambert, deceased; Harold H. Plummer; Walter I. Plummer; the unknown heirs of Julia H. Plummer, deceased; the unknown heirs of Mabel Davis Plummer, deceased; Estelle Dunlap Lauderdale; Kate Dunlap Cronkrite; Juanita Dunlap Henderson; Pearl Dunlap Yerion; Inez Dunlap; Evelyn Alexander; William J. Alexander; the unknown heirs of Mari Alfonso, deceased; and all persons unknown having or claiming to have an interest or estate in Block 3 of the Sander-Boman Real Estate Company's First Addition to the City of Seattle, Washington, non-residents of the State of Washington:
You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 10th day of December, 1921, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled Court, and answer the complaint and petition of the plaintiffs and serve a copy of your answer or make an appearance in said case, and serve the same upon the undersigned attorneys

for plaintiff at their office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint and petition, which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court. The object of this action is to condemn for additional ground to the existing school house site known as the "James A. Garfield High School" in said School District, the following described real estate in the City of Seattle, County of King, State of Washington: All of Block 3, Sander-Boman Real Estate Company's First Addition to the City of Seattle; and to exclude the defendants and each of them from all interest, right and title in or to the same or any part thereof.

HENRY W. PENNOCK and MALCOLM DOUGLAS
Attorneys for Plaintiffs.
Office and Post Office Address:
900 Leary Building, Seattle, Washington.
First pub. December 10, 1921. 7t Jan. 21

CHAS. H. HARTGE
Attorney 510 Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.
In the matter of the Estate of Isaac R. Spilman, Deceased. No. 19133.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Sophia A. Spilman, Administratrix of the Estate of Isaac R. Spilman, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said administratrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 20th day of January, 1922, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.
Dated this 23rd day of December, 1921.

GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By GEO. L. BERGER,
Deputy.
First pub. Dec. 24, 1921. 4t Jan 14

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

L. XII. NO. 4.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, JANUARY 22, 1922.

PRICE 10 CENTS

AY CHANGE FORM OF GOVERNMENT

At the last meeting of the Board of Trustees, it was determined by unanimous vote to investigate the possibility for changing the City Manager form of government an issue in the next municipal election in May. The committee has been appointed to interview the editors of all Seattle's daily newspapers and representatives of civic organizations, and if their support can be secured, the League will push the movement.

It will be recalled that the Municipal League went on record as favoring that kind of government for Seattle, and that a number of public officials have expressed themselves in sympathy with the League's action on this matter. It will have to go first to the Council, and if its appeal is not secured for its submission to the people, an initiative measure will have to be prepared and circulated. It is noted, however, that the Council will take favorable action, as an initiative will require a considerable amount of money and energy in order to carry it through to a successful conclusion.

The introduction of the charter amendment, even if passed through the Council, will necessitate a campaign of public education on the matter, for the subject is but little known in this part of the country. There can be no doubt but what there is a demand for a change in the form of municipal government. Mayhew, in his annual message, advocated a change — though he expressed himself in favor of effecting the change to the commission form." Councilman Fitzgerald stated openly in a League meeting recently that he was in thorough accord with the City-Manager idea.

Stephen I. Miller
Dean of the School of Business Administration
Of the University of Washington
Will Address the League
"Government and Industry"
Tuesday Noon, January 24th
At The L. C. Smith Building Restaurant
Mrs. D. C. Kessler, Contralto Soloist
Will Sing
Next Week—Judson T. Jennings

TRUER REPRESENTATION URGED BY McKENZIE

R. D. McKenzie, Professor of Sociology of the University of Washington, addressed the League last Tuesday on "Municipal Areas of Opinion." Professor McKenzie said in part:

"Our representation in government is based upon territorial or geographical groupings. This system was inherited from the Anglo-Saxon tradition of area representation. In the olden days the representatives knew the attitude and the sentiments of the people, and they represented their particular group very well indeed. Then each little village was a world in itself. But we are living in a unique world today — unparalleled in history. A great mobility was begun about the middle of the last century, and is increasing in greater force from year to year.

"Thus, the railroads, which started in 1830 to 1845, now serve a passenger movement that runs into the billions; the Bell Telephone system which began functioning in 1875, in 1910, had millions of subscribers; the daily circulation of the press increased until today, in New York alone,

at the next meeting, when definite action will be taken.

The committee's report will be presented to the Board at its

next meeting, when definite action will be taken.

the circulation of its papers is over four million daily; and still another factor in the mobility in population is the automobile. "In making a study of Columbus, Ohio, in 1917 and 1918, I found that less than 50 per cent of the electorate in that city re-registered the following year. And in the business district of that city not more than 35 per cent re-registered. In general, I have found that the better residential areas were more stable, while the central portion of the city was most mobile. It is noteworthy, however, that not more than 75 per cent of the people re-registered in any precinct in the city of Columbus.

"Growing out of this condition of mobility, three forms of change in our basis of representation suggest themselves: The first is a change to the vocational basis or representation. This change, while advocated by eminent political scientists would, in my opinion, increase class consciousness and class conflict, and focus interest on selfish purposes. A second reform suggested is to try to restore territorial units by building up the neighborhood, the argument being that certain interests are

(Continued on Page 2.)

LEAGUE TO HAVE GOOD PROGRAMS

Those of the League who have been attending meetings regularly this fall and winter have had the pleasure of hearing the best programs that any organization in the city has been able to put on. And what is best, the programs that are scheduled for the next few weeks promise even more. Thus next week's address by Dean Stephen I. Miller should draw the attention of every citizen of Seattle. Dean Miller is actively identified with the forces working for the up-building of the commercial and industrial advantages of the great Pacific Northwest. He is a student of municipal government and his researches have been of inestimable value to this community. He gives of his time and energy untiringly. And when he speaks to an organization like ours he has a distinct message which no one interested in the League's ideals can afford to miss.

Judson T. Jennings of the Seattle Public Library needs no introduction to Municipal League men. Not only is he an able speaker but an entertaining and a witty one. Professor Frank J. Laube who will follow him is a practical idealist and ranks as the foremost authority on municipal matters on the Pacific Coast. And so it goes. And by the way, we have in our own head, President Claude H. Anderson, a most valuable man to call upon for an address, as those who heard him a week before last will testify. He is due to speak again the end of February.

The program committee of which Howard A. Adams is chairman is working hard to bring before you programs of merit. It is no easy task, but the committee is succeeding.

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

The League is alive. Its attendance is growing. But we shall not be satisfied until the entire membership comes out to the meetings. We are making a bid for old and new members alike. We want everyone. Come.

TRUER REPRESENTATION

(Continued from Page 1.)

best met by this kind of representation, and that the neighborhood is the best sort of discipline for citizenship. The third method suggested is a combination of the first two. The real units of opinion now are associational grouping, that is: lodges, clubs, etc.

"To my mind the second reform suggested is the best. If areas of opinion could be made somewhat in line with the boundary of natural physical groupings of population, a great deal better kind of representation would result. This could be reinforced by further developing neighborhood consciousness.

"In this study at Columbus, I found further that on all questions of 'right' and 'wrong,' the central part of the city was strongly for the "wrong," while the residential part of the city was for the "right." Thus, on the question of woman suffrage and prohibition, the central part of the city was against both of these laws, while the residential areas were for them.

"With the break-down of local group opinion is a loss of one of the most valuable means of law enforcement."

HOW LONG?

OH, HOW LONG?

By Eimon L. Wienir.

We have noticed with delight that the women of the state have instituted a movement for the reduction of telephone rates. In line with this tendency for normal changes, there should also be a movement to reduce the gas rates now effective in Seattle. As one member of the League well said — "The public utility companies of the state were the first to apply for an increase of charge when prices went up;— now that normalcy is being reached, they give no indications of reducing their rates, and, in fact, in many instances have asked for further increase."

It is apparent that prosperity will come again only if inflated prices and unduly high charges of various sorts are brought down. The retail merchants of the city and the country as a whole realized the necessity for bringing down the prices as soon as the fake prosperity caused by the war terminated. In many instances, merchants took their losses immediately, and at once sacrificed, in a number of cases, the profits earned during the war; and often the loss was even greater. There is no earthly reason why utility companies operating under state control should not be compelled to do that which the retail merchants did voluntarily. The state commission should insist on a general house-cleaning within the corporations, should raise the effi-

ciency of their various organizations, should insist on cutting down expenses, and thus bring down the cost of the service.

The writer is amazed at the wide-spread feeling caused by his recent articles on the reduction of the price of Seattle Sunday newspapers. If ever any indication was needed that the "News" was being read thoroughly, these articles have done away with that need. From numerous members came inquiries and offers of help. The newspapers are becoming aware of the movement, and it may be predicted with safety that in the near future they will realize the force of the argument and actually reduce the price to the normal nickel. Some members of the League have urged the Secretary to launch a campaign for better newspapers, rather than for lower price. They argue that the Sunday newspapers contain so much trash, that even a nickel is too much to pay for them. However, one thing at a time. With the increased circulation that Seattle newspapers will have by reason of the reduction in price, they can afford to get better news features and news service, and no doubt will be able, because of increased revenues, to improve the character of these papers.

TEAMWORK IN SEATTLE

By the Secretary

Time and time again I have heard it said that what Seattle needs above everything else just now is greater faith in itself. A new, virile, ambitious community, like an individual, is subject to doubts and fears concerning its own power. It is subject to the highest fits of ecstasy in times of great prosperity and then, in hard times, it drops into the slough of despondency. Neither if these moods is good for it; but it is natural to fall into them. Perhaps the older residents of the city are as much to blame for the present pessimistic spirit as anyone. Engrossed in their own affairs these builders of the city have failed to take heed of the symptoms of pessimism, have let them go on and on without a check. The leaders of Seattle's life must again come to the forefront and reassert their faith and imbue all the people of the city

with a love for it, with a faith in it, and with a hope in the immediate revival of commerce and industry. There must not be any more knocking on the part of any Seattleite. A great city teamwork is needed. Everybody must pull together. Everybody must boost and boost and then boost some more. Let the old Seattle spirit—the spirit of faith and of "doing" things—again assert itself. And above all let the men who are leading in Seattle's life—in every phase of it—lay aside personal interests for while and work for the common good.

Every merchant should demand of his employees a greater courtesy to his customers; should demand that no derogatory word is said about Seattle; but on the contrary only praise. Every newspaper should interest itself in this work of instilling hope and faith in the great city of Seattle and its great and enterprising people.

CLEVELAND REVOLTS

(From Nat'l Municipal Review, January, 1922.)

As all the world knows, Cleveland on last election day adopted the city-manager plan with proportional representation to go into effect two years hence.

November 8, 1921, will long be memorable in Cleveland as the day of the great political earthquake. When the charter amendment embodying the manager plan and a council elected by proportional representation was proposed last spring, it was greeted with arched eyebrows and suppressed guffaws among the "best" people, and with roaring, raucous, horselaug among the politicians. "Doc Hatton was peddling his nostrums again! A professor in politics! It was to laugh! And in order to provide further merriment the dominant political organization framed and perpetrated upon the deluded reformers a huge practical joke that caused "the boys" nearly to choke with laughter. Upon the filing of the initiative petition by the proponents of the manager plan the clerk of the board of elections suddenly developed a conscientiousness in the scrutiny of signatures that postponed

on the petition until under law it was too late to secure special election. According to scenario a "fadeout" for the reformers was indicated at this juncture, but the reformers refused to fade. Quietly they withdrew the petition and set out the circulation of another, when this second petition was filed it was discovered that not only did it contain nearly as many signatures as the first, but that each signature had been so checked and verified that there was nothing for the board of elections to do but certify it to the council and nothing for the council to do but order the proposed amendment on the ballot at the general election on November 8.

The campaign in connection with the city-manager amendment was quite devoid of the spectacular. The supporters of the amendment lacked the money to attempt anything spectacular, and the opponents apparently thought it unnecessary. Mr. A. Hatton, as the prime mover of the circulation of the petition, naturally became the leading champion of the amendment on the stump. Mr. George B. Harris, an attorney of prominence, was in some way elected to head the opposition. The principal feature of the campaign was a series of joint debates between these two, which covered practically every section of the city and culminated in a great debate before the City Club. In appraising the effect of these debates it may be said that it is generally agreed that Mr. Harris made about as many converts for the manager plan as did Mr. Hatton. Indeed, it was characteristic of the campaign that whenever the opponents of the manager plan made a move, they helped the manager amendment more than they hurt it. And this was particularly true of the sterical opposition of the Cleveland News and the skeptical attitude of the Cleveland Main Dealer. These facts, however, were not apparent until the closing days of the campaign, and even as late as a week before election day many of us who could have known better were of the opinion that the manager amendment had only an outside chance to win. Consequently there was universal astonishment

when the official returns showed that it had carried by the convincing majority of 19,684.

CHARTER AMENDMENT CONTAINS NO COM- PROMISE

The city-manager amendment itself deserves a special article. It is remarkable in every way—remarkable for the way it was drafted, remarkable for what it contains, and remarkable for what it accomplishes. What the amendment actually does is to repeal all but the first two sections of the existing charter of the city and to add to these 181 additional sections which in reality comprise an entirely new charter for the city. Perhaps it were better for the present not to go into the history of this new Cleveland charter, but it should be said that so far as the writer knows it is the only municipal charter in the country every word of which was drafted by experts and that is totally devoid of any compromise on grounds of political expediency. It is as thoroughgoing and consistent as knowledge and experience could make it. It provides for a council of twenty-five members elected by the Hare system of proportional representation. The city is divided into four districts for the purpose of electing members of the council, the districts electing seven, five, six and seven members respectively by the proportional representation method. The disparities in membership between the districts are accounted for by disparities in population. The primary object sought in laying out the districts was not equality of population, but social and economic homogeneity. The council is required to appoint a city manager as the chief executive officer of the city, and it is provided that the manager need not be a resident of the city or state and that he shall not be a member of the council. The manager is given power to appoint administrative subordinates whose appointment is not otherwise provided for in the charter. All such officers and employees are made immediately responsible to the manager and may be discharged by him at any time. The council and its committees are specifically forbidden to interfere in any way with appoint-

ments by the manager; and, except for the purpose of inquiry, the council may deal with the administrative service of the city only through the manager. The amendment provides for the creation of the several administrative departments and prescribes their procedure somewhat in detail. Elaborate budgetary provisions are included, and the same is true regarding civil service, franchises, special assessments for public improvements, and many other subjects.

KOHLER ELECTED MAYOR

The second great surprise of the Cleveland election was the mayoralty contest. When Fred Kohler announced his candidacy early in the season, the "best" people held their noses and the politicians winked appreciatively. Fred Kohler was not unknown in Cleveland. Under Mayors Tom L. Johnson and Newton D. Baker he had been chief of police, and Theodore Roosevelt in an exuberant moment had called him "the best chief of police in the United States." But owing to certain erotic indiscretions, charges of gross immorality and conduct unbecoming to an officer had been preferred against him, and he had been tried, convicted, and dismissed in disgrace. Immediately he sought vindication in the political arena and became a candidate for various offices without success until 1918 when he was elected county commissioner. He was re-elected to the same office in 1920 by an overwhelming majority, and thus was encouraged to try for the mayoralty in 1921. The Republican organization decided to back the incumbent, Mr. FitzGerald; the Democratic organization backed E. B. Haserodt; and Kohler with four others stood as independents. The Cleveland charter with nominations by petition and the preferential ballot was intended to favor the independent candidate, but no candidate without the support of one or the other of the party machines had ever been elected. With the field divided among seven candidates, it looked like a sure thing for one organization or the other. Two things, however, were overlooked in this reckoning: (1) that the people of Cleveland were disgusted with machine politics,

and (2) the unique campaign conducted by Mr. Kohler. Mr. Kohler absolutely refused throughout the campaign to make a speech or public address; he announced no program or platform; he did not deny past misconduct or seek to extenuate it; he simply insisted that his record for efficiency and integrity was above reproach, adorned himself with his Roosevelt decoration, and promised to give Cleveland "the best administration it has ever had." To get into contact with the voters he used a method that was completely baffling to the opposition. Having developed unusual powers as a pedestrian during the years that he served on the police force as a patrolman, Kohler undertook to make a house-to-house canvass of the city. Exactly how many homes he visited in his solicitation of votes is known only to Kohler himself, but it is certain he managed to get over practically all of the ground that he deemed important. This type of campaign was especially disconcerting to the other candidates because they had no means of measuring its success, and the roads he was making upon his strength was not apparent until straw votes near the end of the campaign showed unmistakably that it was a case of Kohler against the field. The election returns showed Kohler leading from the start, and although he did not secure the majority of first choice votes, nor the majority of first and second choice votes necessary to election under the "Mary Ann" ballot, neither did any other candidate. Then under the charter it was necessary to count all choices, and Kohler was found to have a clear plurality of all-choice votes, and was therefore elected.

A MACHINE DEFEAT

Some have chosen to interpret the election of Mr. Kohler as proof-positive of the utter depravity of municipal politics, but penetrating observers will not so construe it. Kohler's two leading opponents were hand-picked machine candidates with no conspicuous personal qualities. Of the independent candidates only Kohler and one other could be taken seriously, but the latter entered the campaign compari-

tively unknown while Kohler was probably the most widely known individual in the city. Aside from the matter of private morality, Kohler had achieved a reputation in public life for rugged honesty, efficiency, and independence, and he was elected because of his reputation and in spite of the blot on his private life.

In addition to these two outstanding matters the voters were called upon to elect a chief justice and three justices of the municipal court, to approve or reject two bond issues, and to vote upon three amendments to the state constitution. It is to the credit of the electorate that three of the four men elected to the municipal bench had been endorsed by the bar association and other civic bodies. Civic organizations had urged the defeat of both bond issues, but the voters decided in favor of issuing bonds for the construction of a central library building and against the issuance of bonds for a jail and criminal courts building. Considerations of economy were allowed to prevail in the one instance, but not in the other, which involved a great community service in which all were interested. The three constitutional amendments, not being municipal questions, require no discussion here.

In conclusion I would say that this election was a most inspiring event for those of us who like to believe in government not only of and for the people, but by the people. Our faith has been none too strong at times, and frequently we have been tempted to fear that "the struggle naught availeth" and that the labor and the wounds are indeed vain. But Cleveland has shown us that the people will rise to a great challenge, that they will not shrink before the big and constructive task, and that they can deal with principles as well as with men. And if Cleveland, with her 800,000 people of every race and color and creed, can accomplish such a thing, what may not democracy dare to hope!

Shipwrecks in the Baltic Sea average one for every day in the year.

Dutch children dress in exactly the same styles as their parents.

HAIGHT RETURNS

James A. Haight, past president of the Municipal League, and now acting as a member of the Board of Trustees, who was absent from the city for the past several weeks, has again returned to be with us a short time. Mr. Haight plans however again to leave for California in the near future.

* * *

LEAGUE TO HEAR MUSICAL PROGRAM TUESDAY

The League is to have the privilege of hearing Mrs. D. C. Kessler, a contralto soloist and a well known musician of the city, who will sing, "The Jasmine Door" by Alicia Scott, "Passing By," by Purcell Henry, an English Composer, and "The Nightingale has a Lyre of Gold" by Benjamin Whelpley.

JAMES W. REYNOLDS

Attorney Burke Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for King County. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Guardianship of the Estate of Donald Arthur George and Doris George, Minors.
No. 16352. Notice of Hearing on Report, Final Account and Petition for Distribution and Discharge of Amy George, Guardian of Donald Arthur George and Doris George.
Notice is hereby given That Amy George, Guardian of the Estate of Donald Arthur George and Doris George, minors, has filed in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of King County, Washington, her report, final account and petition for distribution and discharge as such guardian asking the Court to settle said report, final account and to distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge the said guardian; that said report and petition will be heard on the 24th day of February, 1922, at 9:30 A. M. in the Probate Department of the said Court.

Dated this 24th day of January, 1922.
GEO. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. GORDON, Deputy.
First pub. Jan. 28, 1922. 4t Feb. 18

JACKSON SILBAUGH

Attorney 625 Lyon Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County.
Auburn Holt, Plaintiff, vs. Mabel Annie Holt, Defendant. No. 156375.
Summons by Publication.
The State of Washington: To the said Mabel Annie Holt, Defendant:
You are here summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty days after the 21st day of January, 1922, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff, at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.
The object of the above entitled action is to secure a divorce on the grounds of desertion and abandonment.

JACKSON SILBAUGH,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
P. O. Address: 625 Lyon Building, Seattle, King County, Wash.
First Pub. Jan. 21, 1922. 7t Mar 4

LUNDIN & BARTO
Lawyers 817-823 Alaska Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Ella F. Carroll, Deceased. No. 30459. Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as executrix of the estate of

Ella F. Carroll, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly, verified, on said executrix or her attorneys of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, January 7.
RUTH H. CARROLL,
Executrix of said Estate.
Address, 817-823 Alaska Building,
LUNDIN & BARTO, Attorneys for Estate, 817-823 Alaska Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Jan. 7, 1922. 4t Jan. 28

EIMON L. WIENIR

Attorney 405 Leary Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County
Otto C. Batz, Plaintiff, vs. Barbara Batz, Defendant. Summons for Publication. No. 156769.
The State of Washington to the said Barbara Batz, Defendant:
You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: Within sixty days after the 28th day of January, 1922, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is for the procurement of an interlocutory order of divorce, and pursuant thereto, for a Decree of Divorce dissolving the bonds of matrimony existing between the plaintiff and defendant on the ground of cruelty and personal indignities rendering life burdensome.

EIMON L. WIENIR,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
P. O. Address 405 Leary Building, Seattle, King County, Washington.
First pub. Jan. 28, 1922. 7t Mar. 11

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SEATTLE, WASH.

FEB 10 1922

Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. XII. NO. 5.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1922.

PRICE 10 CENTS

Trustees, Seattle Municipal League,
Seattle, Wash.
Gentlemen:

With deep regret I hereby tender my resignation as president of the Municipal League, to take effect on or before February 18th, at which time I will leave the city.

It has been a very real pleasure to serve as president of the Seattle Municipal League and I keenly appreciate the honor and the privilege, which I have tried to demonstrate by discharging the responsibility as satisfactorily as my ability and time would permit. Likewise, I appreciate the splendid cooperation and assistance of the Board of Trustees and the support of the members. without this, nothing could have been done. Furthermore, my association with you has been a very real pleasure, which I have greatly enjoyed.

It may not be amiss for me to say a word about the League and its possible future. I feel, as I have before expressed to you, that Seattle is fortunate indeed in having an organization such as the Municipal League. For the same reason that a "Prophet is not without honor save in his own country", so we frequently find that local organizations seldom, if ever, receive the appreciation that is their proper due. This, in my judgment, is true of the Municipal League of Seattle.

I am sure that no city in America has a better and more virile organization, confining itself exclusively to the betterment of the city through study, consideration, and active interest in municipal affairs. Not only has no city a better organization of this kind, but few American cities have such an organization at all. I happen to personally know that such organizations have been formed in several other cities but have died after a brief sporadic

effort. It is a compliment to the citizens of Seattle and a tribute to the members of the League that civic interest here is of such character as to keep alive for more than eleven years such heightened civic interest as perpetuates such an organization.

So long as such interest continues and so long as the League can maintain its present efforts, there need be no real fears for the future of Seattle in civic matters. But I expect more. I think that the League will never have a much larger membership than it now has, at least, not until the population of the city increases, but I feel sure that public affairs are going to take a turn here, within the next few years, that will give the Municipal League an opportunity to lead the citizenship of the city in attaining a vastly improved municipal government and a much better and happier city in many regards.

It has been difficult for me to bring myself to a decision to leave Seattle but out of a proper regard for the welfare of my family, I am obliged to consider my own advancement and future and have, therefore, been obliged to accept a position in Washington, D. C. My period of more than three years' residence in Seattle has been so very happy, my associations have been so exceedingly pleasant, and I like everything about me so well that I have the hope- although I cannot now call it an expectation- that I may be able to some day return to Seattle to live and share with you the future greatness and privileges of Seattle and the Northwest.

Cordially and faithfully yours,
CLAUDE H. ANDERSON.

GOVERNMENT AND INDUSTRY

That the chief problem of business is that of efficiency and enthusiasm, and not of profits, and that government action or control does not step fast enough to keep pace with business, were the outstanding remarks of Dean Stephen I. Miller of the College of Business Administration of the University of Washington in his address to the League last Tuesday. Dean Miller said in part:

"Industry has been evolving toward monopoly. Competition

HENRY O. PRICE TO SING TUESDAY

One of the features of next Wayfarer. Mr. Price, who will week's program will be a vocal be accompanied by James Hamilton solo by Henry O. Price, who ton Howe, will sing "The Living was one of the soloists in the God."

THE PRESIDENT'S RESIGNATION

By Eimon L. Wienir

When the resignation of Claude H. Anderson as president of the League, was tendered, it is no exaggeration to say that it caused a shock to each and every member of the Board present; and it was only because of the indisputable fact of Mr. Anderson's leaving the city that made the acceptance of his resignation possible. I am certain that had President Anderson given any other reason for his action, the Board would not have accepted his resignation.

D. W. HENDERSON
Superintendent of Street Railways
WILL ADDRESS
The League Tuesday Noon, February 7
At The L. C. Smith Building Restaurant
On "PETER WITT'S REPORT."
Next Week — Professor Frank J. Laube.

(Continued on Page 2.)

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

While practically a new-comer in Seattle and new to the majority of the members of the Municipal League, Mr. Anderson has attained a reputation and a respect which is beyond all proportion to the comparatively brief period of his residence. Coming to the presidency fully equipped with a thorough knowledge of municipal and governmental problems, and with a keen sense of a citizen's duty towards government and the interests of the "other fellow", Mr. Anderson, in the short period of his presidency of the League, has been able to inspire and enthuse the League's personnel as perhaps no other single individual has ever been able to do before. His broad conception of the objects of the League, his alertness in the control of the League's affairs and in directing its activities, his unbounded faith in the League's mission, has endeared him to everyone who came in contact with his spoken and written word.

It is with a sense of deep loss that Mr. Anderson leaves us. We wish him well in his new field of endeavor and trust that he will meet with every element of success in his new home.

An article which appeared in the "News" of two weeks ago, entitled, "General Intelligence at Public Expense", had omitted from it the name of the writer, W. E. Henry, a member of the Board of Trustees of the Municipal

League, and head of the University of Washington library.

The writer, after pointing out the value of library service to the community, made a plea for the extension of library service to the rural districts.

"The state is too large geographically to be administered directly for library purposes. By common conclusion of library thinking men all over the country, except in the state of Washington, the county has been accepted as the best, and really as the only feasible unit that can serve the small town and rural districts with library privileges," declared Mr. Henry.

The writer went on to say that, while a county library would not be of special direct value to Seattle, "the general interest in the common intelligence of all the people of the state should be such that the more fortunate communities would feel an intense interest in helping all the villages and rural districts to the enjoyment of privileges such as they themselves have."

GOVERNMENT AND INDUSTRY

(Continued from page 1)

reflects biological and economic competition, for no two producers can produce any commodity at the same cost, and no two distributors can distribute any commodity at the same cost. There is bound to be a cutting of prices to make for

greater distribution.

"The small man can now, in many instances, produce and distribute commodities much more cheaply than heretofore because of the wide-spread educational information.

"It must be borne in mind, however, that monopoly prices must be made in the light of prices on "substituted" articles. Invention, also, creeps in and makes obsolete the old processes. Foreign trade, too, has a tendency to check complete monopoly. By its very economic situation, therefore, monopoly must find itself checked.

"Most of our present financial ills come from speculative businesses, and one of the greatest evils is that of over-capitalization. Here is a place for a broad state control of corporate capitalization. This however, is the weakness of government control: large business must be continuous; but government action is anything but continuous. It can't step fast enough. Take the Inter-State Commerce Commission for example. Not only is it physically impossible for 11 men to settle differences arising out of the operation of all of the railroads of the country—but the same would be true if there were 111 men on the Commission."

Dean Miller attacked the "cost-plus" principle in business, and termed it one of the most deteriorating influences in industry. It affords no incentive to produce at the lowest cost and destroys efficiency wherever attempted, declared the Dean.

In speaking of government ownership, he termed it as slow and "horizontal, irritating, and resting on the pockets of the tax payers." Government ownership has not ceased to be political in character, he added.

Business men are taking the better view of business and the public's interest. Dean Miller declared. There is a keener sense of public responsibility. The new social interpretation of success is public service, he said.

Baltimore will convert Mt. Royal Reservoir, which was abandoned by the Water Department about ten years ago, into a stadium with a seating capacity of 25,000 to 40,000 persons.

BEAUTIFY THE CITY

By Eimon L. Wienir

Last week I wrote an article directed toward the securing of a better civic spirit for Seattle for a greater faith, for greater team work. Apparently, from the number of comments upon this article it struck true.

I have this time in mind another thing now lacking in Seattle: the whole world knows that Seattle is one of the most beautiful cities to be found anywhere. Its mountains, its beautiful lakes, the great Sound, give a unique setting to this marvelously beautiful city; and moreover, the people of Seattle have done a great deal in overcoming physical difficulties. Though our great hills have been washed down, imposing buildings have been erected, parks established and so on. But withall, it seems to me that the city could be made much more attractive if the people would have a uniform system of tree planting in the parking strips, paint their houses, and in general, do what other great cities of America have done in the way of civic art. We do not want to be known very much longer as the "vikings of the north". We should not remain a crude, uncouth, frontier city. What the city of Denver has done in the way of establishing its beautiful art museums and masterful sculpture work throughout the city, Seattle can do.

In other words, what I mean to say is that while nature has given us a setting for our city and while man has overcome certain natural difficulties and has built imposing buildings, man has not embellished upon his work. That little touch which is so delightful in making a place livable is, generally speaking, lacking. That little touch can be attained at very little expense and it'll make a difference in the world."

Nine armored automobiles equipped with machine guns were recently acquired by the police department of San Francisco. The department also plans to install "thief traps" on the roads of ingress and egress. A station has already been established.

CITY MANAGER PLAN NOT TO BE PRESENTED THIS YEAR

A report was presented from the committee considering the matter of submission of the City manager plan to the Council to be referred to the people for vote. The committee, consisting of President Claude H. Anderson, James T. Lawler, James H. Haight, and Secretary Eimon Wienir, reported that, in view of the short period of time between now and the time when the matter must be submitted to the Council, it would be impossible to create a public sentiment sufficiently strong to induce the Council to submit it to the people. Furthermore, by reason of the three-cent car fare initiative bill so all-important in this coming election, it would be wise not to inject any more issues. The Board after considerable debate accepted the committee's report and instructed the City manager committee and the Charter Revision committee to discontinue and join in their efforts in presenting a complete charter revision in ample time for its submission at the election of 1923.

DOES PROHIBITION PROHIBIT?

In a recent copy of the "City Record", a transcript of the proceedings of the Council of the city of Buffalo, New York, there appears an interesting communication from Mayor Frank J. Schwab of that city concerning a modification of prohibition laws. Mayor Schwab points out in his communication (dated Jan. 18, 1922) that the City Council of Chicago adopted a resolution recommending "a reasonable and liberal modification of prohibition laws which will permit the manufacture, sale and distribution of wholesome beers and light wines."

"The Preamble to this resolution," stated Mayor Schwab, "recited that the enactment of the Federal Prohibition Act has failed to meet with the approval of the general public throughout the country." And that, "While most comprehensive, drastic and summary in its character and scope, efforts to enforce same at vast public expense, have utterly

failed to obtain and secure for it due and proper respect and obedience on the part of the people; that abundant statistics of unimpeachable nature fully and conclusively demonstrate the fact that the general public is opposed to existing prohibition laws which deprive people of the natural and customary use and consumption of stimulating beverages."

Mayor Schwab then goes on to say that he agrees with this preamble and with the intent and purpose of the resolution adopted at Chicago, and recommended that it be declared the sense of The Council of the City of Buffalo, and that Congress and the Legislature of the State of New York amend and modify existing prohibition laws under their respective jurisdictions and within their proper powers which will permit the manufacture, sale and distribution of wholesome beers and light wines.

It is a matter of common knowledge, stated Mayor Schwab, that a very large proportion of intoxicating liquors sold in the city of Buffalo, in violation of the provisions of the prohibition laws, "is little better than downright poison", and that much of this traffic in unwholesome drinks is handled by the proprietors of so-called soft drink places of which there are nearly or quite eight thousand in the city at this time. Many of these places are also nests of vice and crime, and all are wholly unregulated through any ordinance provisions.

Mayor Schwab then went on to say that in order to insure a measure of protection to the public health, safety, good order and morals, he had caused to be prepared a draft of the ordinance, requiring all such places to be conducted under a license procured from the Mayor, and making them subject to regulations "I believe to be absolutely necessary for the welfare of the City." The outstanding points of the ordinance are that:

1. Licenses are to cost \$25 a year.

2: A person applying for the license must give a complete statement of his character and business associations in the City of Buffalo and specifically state the character of the place he is to conduct.

3. The giving of full authority to the mayor to refuse licenses when he believes that the applicant is not of good moral character.

4. Provides for the closing of places between midnight and six o'clock a. m.

5. Provides that there shall be no obstructions in the place of business so that anyone from the outside may have a clear view of the interior of the premises.

And other similar provisions tending to guard the general morals of the place.

It is astonishing to note that there are eight thousand soft drink places in the City of Buffalo. It would be interesting to know how many soft drink places there are in Seattle, though, guessing roughly, I believe that there are not more than five hundred such places here or perhaps less.

For some time past, I have believed in the necessity for the licensing of such places and for a stricter supervision by the authorities. These soft drink places are today a menacing influence in the city and unquestionably much graft is obtained from the proprietors of these places for so-called "protection". The manner in which these places are operated at the present time, and the character of the stuff that is sold over the counter is a disgrace. Those who frequent these places refer to them as saloons, and certainly they are not much better than the saloons of the worst type known in the old days, and either these places ought to be put out of business altogether or else they should be supervised by governmental authority that really can supervise. I am inclined to believe that the suggestion of Mayor Schwab of Buffalo should not be dismissed so lightly, and that the much laughed at resolution of the City Council of Chicago should receive some earnest attention. There is no use in fooling ourselves in thinking that the prohibition laws are being enforced. It is doubtful if they can ever be enforced, and if a wholesome beer or light wine can be legitimately sold it may be much better to the community than by pretending that the present status of things is just as it should be.

RAILWAY HEAD IS TO ADDRESS LEAGUE ON TUESDAY

In line with the policy of the League to secure addresses on timely topics, the Program Committee is able to announce that D. W. Henderson, Superintendent of Railways, will speak to the League Tuesday noon. Superintendent Henderson will elaborate on his report to the Council concerning Peter Witt's findings and recommendations. Superintendent Henderson stated that he had information additional to that contained in his written report which he would present to the League Tuesday.

Jedson T. Jennings, head of the Seattle Public Library, who is to have addressed the League at this time will speak on February 21. Professor Frank J. Laube will speak February 14.

WHAT OTHER CITIES ARE DOING

Salt Lake City has forsaken its former method of municipal collection of residential garbage and has contracted with a private company for its collection.

* * *

A county planning commission has been established by the Board of Supervisors in **Los Angeles County, Cal.**

* * *

New Orleans has established a municipal survey commission empowered to make recommendations concerning all departments of the city government.

Lowell, Mass., has changed from the commission plan of city government to the mayor and council plan, to take effect Jan. 1, 1922.

* * *

A bill has been introduced in the Legislature of New York providing for the consolidation of Watervliet, Cohoes, Green Island and Waterfore, with **Troy, N. Y.**

* * *

C. R. Hillberry, purchasing agent for the city of **Flint, Mich.,** is gathering data for a year book on the purchases of the city. This is expected to be a source of useful information in making future purchases and also as a guide to city officials and taxpayers.

MINNEAPOLIS MAN COMMENDS ARTICLE

January 31, 1922.

Mr. Eimon L. Wiener, Secretary
Municipal League of Seattle,
Seattle, Washington.

Dear Sir:

I have today received copy of the Seattle Municipal News containing an article indicating that City Manager government is being discussed with some possibility of its adoption in Seattle in the near future. It is a heartening sign to those of us who believe that that type of government offers the best and most effective machinery for carrying out the will of the people and at the same time in the most economical and efficient manner. I sincerely hope that, with the sentiment indicated in the article for Commission government, you will use that merely as a stepping stone to carry on one step further and add the manager feature to it. Many cities which are now under Commission government are seriously considering such a step. Very few cities are adopting Commission government as such. Those who are under Commission government realize that it is many respects a decided advance over the old Mayor-Council form where there was a great deal of passing the buck between legislative and executive bodies. Very few cities are changing back from Commission to Mayor-Council government. With your splendid basis of a small Council of 9 members elected at large you are in the best possible position to adopt the next two progressive steps, namely, Proportional Representation as a method of electing the Councilmen and substituting the Manager, chosen by the Council, for the Mayor, elected by the people, as the administrative head of the government. I sincerely hope that Seattle will give further evidence of the very progressive nature of the far western cities in matters of city government.

It is likewise especially gratifying to me to know that you are trying to establish a Bureau of Municipal Research. Wherever they have been created citizens, and officials alike, have found them of very definite value in helping to gather the facts with which to inform the public

on the one hand, and with which to help the officials better to perform their duties. At any time that I can be of service in making available the experience I have had in the past ten years in this field, it will be a pleasure to do so.

Later I shall look up some of the publications of which we may have enough on hand to send you a copy and, at the same time, put you on the mailing list for others.

Very truly yours,
F. L. OLSON,
Director, Bureau of
Municipal Research.

What is planned to be the greatest and finest Gothic Cathedral built under the British flag since the Protestant Reformation will be erected at Wellington, New Zealand, as a memorial of the great war. The architect is Frank Pech, an Englishman, who is probably the greatest living authority on Gothic architecture. The Anglican Communion is raising a fund to build the cathedral which stands on the present site of St. Marks Church and will take probably twenty years to complete.

South Australia, with an area of more than 240,000,000 acres has only 5,000,000 under cultivation.

JAMES W. REYNOLDS
Attorney Burke Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for King
County: In Probate.
In the Matter of the Guardianship of
the Estate of Donald Arthur George
and Doris George, Minors.
No. 16352. Notice of Hearing on Re-
port, Final Account and Petition for
Distribution and Discharge of Amy
George, Guardian of Donald Arthur
George and Doris George.
Notice is Hereby Given That Amy
George, Guardian of the Estate of Don-
ald Arthur George and Doris George,
minors, has filed in the office of the
Clerk of the Superior Court of King
County, Washington, her report, final
account and petition for distribution
and discharge as such guardian asking
the Court to settle said report, final
account and to distribute the property
to the persons thereto entitled and to
discharge the said guardian; that said
report and petition will be heard on the
24th day of February, 1922, at 9:30 A.
M. in the Probate Department of the
said Court.

Dated this 24th day of January, 1922.
GEO. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. GORDON, Deputy.
First pub. Jan. 28, 1922. 4t Feb. 18

JACKSON SILBAUGH
Attorney 625 Lyon Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, for King County.
Auburn Holt, Plaintiff, vs. Mabel An-
nie Holt, Defendant. No. 156375.
Summons by Publication.
The State of Washington: To the said
Mabel Annie Holt, Defendant:
You are here summoned to appear
within sixty days after the date of the
first publication of this summons, to-
wit: within sixty days after the 21st
day of January, 1922, and defend the
above entitled action in the above en-

titled court, and answer the complaint
of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of
your answer upon the undersigned at-
torney for plaintiff, at his office below
stated; and in case of your failure so
to do, judgment will be rendered
against you according to the demand
of the complaint, which has been filed
with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled ac-
tion is to secure a divorce on the
grounds of desertion and abandonment.

JACKSON SILBAUGH,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
P. O. Address: 625 Lyon Building, Se-
attle, King County, Wash.
First Pub. Jan. 21, 1922. 7t Mar 4

EIMON L. WIENIR
Attorney 405 Leary Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
Otto C. Batz, Plaintiff, vs. Barbara Batz,
Defendant. Summons for Publication.
No. 156769.

The State of Washington to the said
Barbara Batz, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty days after the date of the
first publication of this summons, to-
wit: Within sixty days after the 28th
day of January, 1922, and defend the
above entitled action in the above en-
titled court, and answer the complaint
of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of
your answer upon the undersigned at-
torney for plaintiff at his office below
stated; and in case of your failure so
to do, judgment will be rendered against
you according to the demand of the
complaint, which has been filed with
the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled ac-
tion is for the procurement of an In-
terlocutory order of divorce, and pur-
suant thereto, for a Decree of Divorce
dissolving the bonds of matrimony ex-
isting between the plaintiff and defend-
ant on the ground of cruelty and per-
sonal indignities rendering life burden-
some.

EIMON L. WIENIR,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
P. O. Address 405 Leary Building, Se-
attle, King County, Washington.
First pub. Jan. 28, 1922. 7t Mar. 11

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SEATTLE, WASH.

FEB 13 1922

Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. XII. NO. 6.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1922.

PRICE 10 CENTS

HENDERSON SPEAKS ON WITT REPORT

By Eimon L. Wienir

D. W. Henderson, General Superintendent of Seattle Municipal Railway, addressed the League Tuesday noon, taking for his subject "Peter Witt's Report." Mr. Henderson was introduced by President Claude H. Anderson, who said: "Peter Witt has come and gone, but he has left a definite impression with the people of Seattle. It is only proper that Mr. Henderson should discuss the report which Mr. Witt made."

Mr. Henderson stated that he has no regret to express in Mr. Witt having come here; and considered it remarkable that Witt could have made as excellent a report as he did unassisted except for such help Mr. Henderson's department was able to give him, in allowing him access to the records of the department. He clarified the atmosphere," declared Henderson, "and the good that he did may not show to all at once, but ultimately Seattle will be benefited. He pointed out what our problems were, and he left our own citizens to solve them."

Henderson stated that the \$300,000 saving which Mr. Witt said could be made by reducing service in the business district would be impracticable.

Another \$800,000 which Mr. Witt declared could be saved by reducing the number of employees, Mr. Henderson said he found to be, at best, greatly exaggerated; while, virtually the only important item in which Henderson agreed with Witt was in the matter of 200 new cars, and the prediction that such purchase would save about \$100,000 a year for power.

Out of the Witt proposals, Mr. Henderson made the follow-

Honor President Anderson by Coming to Tuesday's Meeting

* * * *

PROFESSOR FRANK J. LAUBE

Of the Department of Political Science
of the University of Washington

Will Address the League on

"Some Tendencies in Government"

Tuesday Noon, February 14

* * * *

This meeting will be in the nature of a Fare-
well for Retiring President Claude H. Anderson

Next Week. Judson T. Jennings of the Public
Library on "Library Problems"

ing recommendations:

1. Purchase of 200 new cars as proposed by Mr. Witt.
2. Rerouting of several north-end and hill car lines.
3. Use of the one-man cars, though not to the extent proposed by Mr. Witt.
4. Construction of a car line to the Stadium.
5. Construction of a Cowen Park extension.

Henderson pointed out that Witt's recommendation that cars be turned about at the Occidental loop, did not meet with either public approval or convenience, adding that under present conditions of congestion it would be entirely impracticable. The people from the east side are entitled to just as many privileges as the people from other districts, he declared, and the cost of making the change would involve an additional expense of \$104 a day.

Turning his attention to the Whatcom Avenue elevated, Mr. Henderson said that it was unfortunate that the city had to build it in so short a time. He

pointed out that the maintenance cost last year was almost \$5,000, and that at the present time a force of men must be employed to inspect and make necessary repairs. He argued that the municipal railway line should not be compelled to maintain the double track on the elevated. He favors the continuance of the Spokane Street trestle however and extending it to meet the needs of the future.

Henderson also pointed out that Dexter Avenue should be cut through to the downtown district and thus form another channel for the passage of traffic to Westlake Avenue. He said that this would relieve Westlake Avenue traffic and speed up traffic to and from the people living on the other side of the canal. He also favored the reconstruction of the tracks on Westlake Avenue.

With regard to one-man car operation, Mr. Henderson said that it would be impracticable on the Madison and West Queen Anne lines particularly, but in
(Continued on Page 2.)

BALDWIN TO BE NEW PRESIDENT

At the last meeting of the Board of Trustees, Julius L. Baldwin was elected president, to succeed Claude H. Anderson who has resigned because of leaving the city to assume a position in Washington, D. C. Mr. Baldwin is one of the charter members of the Municipal League, and has been actively identified with the League continuously for the past eleven years. He is a lawyer with offices in the Leary Building. The new executive will assume charge of the affairs of the League on February 18th and will preside at the meeting of the Tuesday following.

Next Tuesday's meeting will be in the nature of a farewell to President Claude H. Anderson. It is urged upon the membership to turn out in force for this meeting and thus show honor to our departing officer. Mr. Anderson has set a high standard for the League to follow, and his leadership will be greatly missed. The meeting will also be featured by an address by Professor Frank J. Laube, of the Political Science Department of the University of Washington. Mr. Laube has addressed the League several times during the past few years, and he always has a message well worth while to hear.

THE ARTICLE ON PROHIBITION

By The Secretary

An article appeared in the last week's issue of the News entitled "Does Prohibition Prohibit?" Through oversight, the name of the writer of the article was omitted; the writer being the secretary of the League. It is, of course, understood that the

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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MUNICIPAL LEAGUE OF SEATTLE
Telephone Main 6282

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Vice President.....Robert Howes, Henry Bldg., Main 4195
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Municipal League does not assume the "responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League." Some adverse criticism has reached the writer of the article. The following letter from Rev. U. G. Murphy, being a fair indication of the adverse comment.

The evil of the soft drink places is becoming more apparent every day, and a stricter regulation is absolutely necessary for the welfare of the community. The League, of course, is interested in that phase of the question. The letter from Rev. Murphy follows:

"Editor Municipal News,
"Dear Sir:

"Under the caption of "Does prohibition prohibit?", in this week's Municipal News, written, presumably, by the Secretary of the League, there are some statements that, it seems to me, would better fit the pages of a saloon journal. That there are difficulties in the way of enforcing the 18th Amendment all will admit, but nullifying the Amendment is not the common sense way of solving the problem.

"The Harrison Act is being violated also, and there are many who believe that the narcotic situation is very much more serious than the liquor situation, yet no sane man would advocate the repeal or modification of the laws prohibiting the sale of nar-

cotic drugs. In view of the law abiding (?) tendencies of saloons in the past, who believed that any saloon, or beverage parlor, would obey the law were five or six per cent beer and wine allowed to be sold?

"That soft drink places should be licensed and under strict supervision goes without saying, and some day Seattle will have a city council that will provide the needed legislation. As a member of the League I wish to file my protest against the use of the League's official organ to exploit the resolutions of the Chicago, or any other, booze dominated city council.

Sincerely,
U. G. MURPHY."

HENDERSON CRITICIZES WITT REPORT

(Continued from page 1)

general was in favor of the one-man car idea. He said that they were safer and speedier, but in my opinion, it is impossible to have the one-man car on heavy car tracks and the expense of changing the tracks would be too great. He disagreed with Witt that the use of the one-man car would effect a decrease in the number of 444 men. He stated that it might reduce the personnel 300. He pointed out, however, that the one-man operator must be paid more, otherwise the lines will not get the efficiency that they are entitled to. Mr. Henderson concluded his address with an appeal for defi-

nite policies especially on the matter of fare, and decried the attempts that are being made to continually juggle with the rate of fare.

ARTICLES FOR THE NEWS AND SUGGESTIONS FOR THE LEAGUE WANTED

By the Secretary

Every member of the League is urged to send in an article for publication in the "News" which would be of general interest to the League, and along the lines that the league is working on. If you have any criticism to make of any matter that appears in the "News", or of the manner in which the publication is being edited, please do not hesitate to give us your criticism, for it is only in that way that the publication will improve in quality and be of greater service to you and to the city as a whole.

Any suggestions that any member may have concerning the League's activities, policies, or ideals will be welcomed by the editors of this paper and by the officers of the League. The executives and directors of the League are not a closed corporation. Every member has an equal voice in directing the affairs of the League, and when he makes himself heard, his ideas are given due consideration. The inspiring words of our retiring president Claude H. Anderson must give hope to every one who is interested in this organization; and, coming, as it does, from one who has had a vast experience with civic organizations and civic affairs, it is especially noteworthy. You, fellow member, must not remain content with seeing others do the work. It is up to you to do your share, and that consists not merely in attending the meetings every Tuesday noon, but in actually giving the League the benefit of constructive thought and suggestion along lines which will tend to make it better and more effective.

STOP JUGGLING WITH THE CAR LINES

By the Secretary

One outstanding feature of Mr. Henderson's address to the League Tuesday, was his appeal to the citizens of Seattle to stop tampering with the car fare. He

pointed out that the road is just barely paying its way at present at an 8 1-3 cent fare, after the 5 cent fare and the 6 1-4 cent fare had been thoroughly tried out and found to be inadequate. Now the Council has indicated that it will submit to the voters of the city the question of whether they want the 5 cent fare, well knowing as they do, that that rate of fare will result in a deficiency which will have to be met out of general taxation. This is one of the unfortunate features of municipal ownership, and I presume that so long as the city does own the railway system (and it is likely that it will be the owner for many years to come) it will be in politics.

Under the leadership of Mr. Henderson, from all that we are able to learn the lines are being ably administered. His recommendations should be accepted by the Council without equivocating. Let him alone. Let him run and operate the street cars of this city in the best way that he knows how. When he proves himself incapable, get some one else—but, until he does so, the Council should cease monkeying with a thing it knows nothing about.

It is said that the municipal railway problem in Seattle, especially in so far as the rate of fare is concerned in its effect on taxation, is one of the chief draw-backs of the city. Goodness knows, we have gotten into a bad enough fix without having our Councilmen make it worse by meddling in it.

The League has consistently urged a policy of keeping the street car system self-supporting without resorting to general taxation. The League committee advocated an increase of fare from 5 cents to 6 1-4 cents, and has approved the further increase to 8 1-3 cents when the lower fare was found to be insufficient to defray all necessary cost. When one of the local newspapers initiated the movement to cut the fare to 5 cents, the League urged upon the Council to first make a thorough investigation of what that will mean, legally (in its effect upon the contract entered into with the private company), and financially in so far as the revenue which will result by reason of the decrease in fare are affected

There is no need of submitting the 5 cent fare to the people. It was understood by all who voted for the car line purchase that they were to be self-supported out of the revenues derived from their operation, and that the general fund should not be tapped in any way.

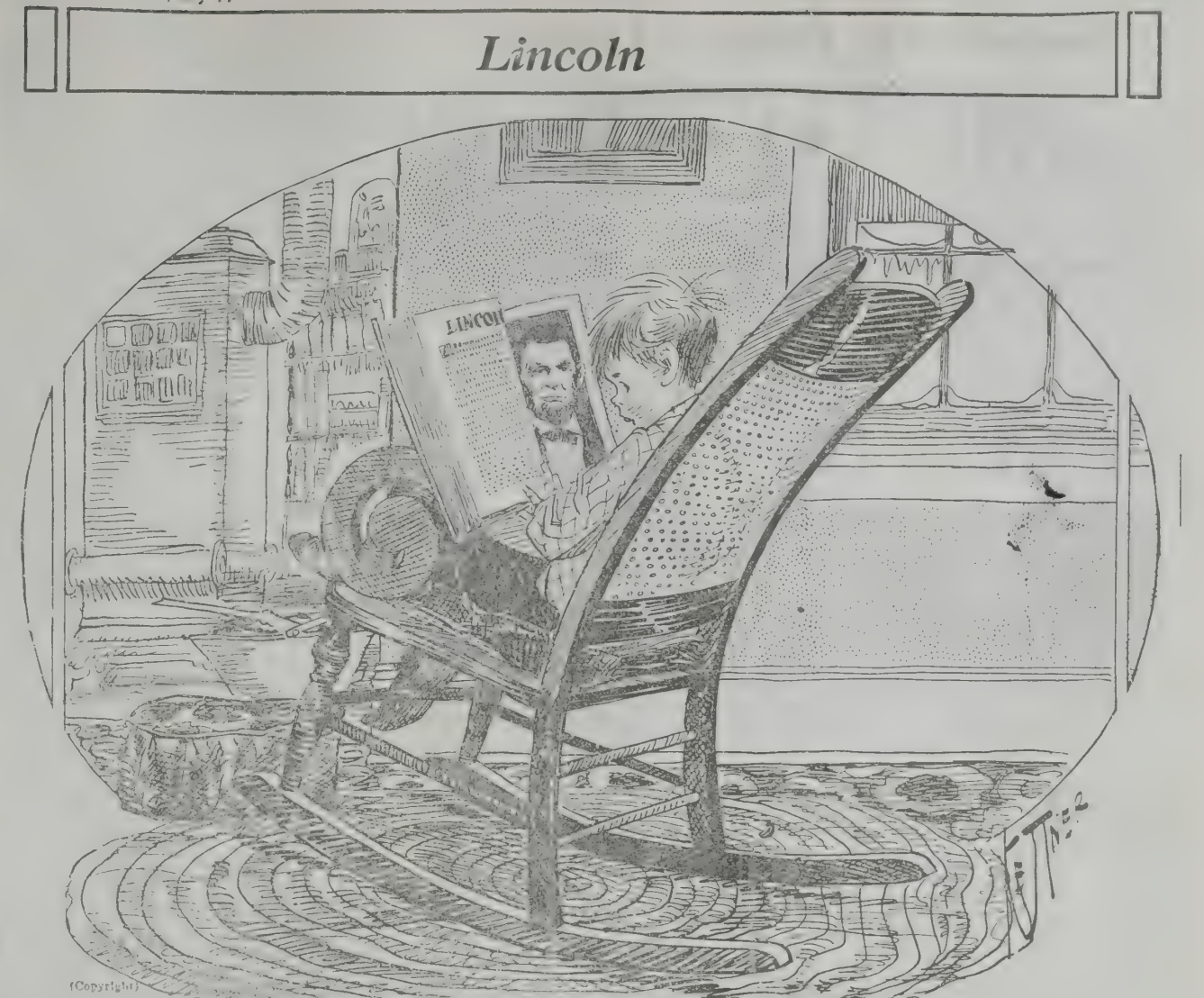
There seems to be no general dissatisfaction with the increased fare. People have accepted it as a matter of course, because they realize that it is necessary. Mr. Witt frankly reported that 8 1-3 cent fare now is no higher than 5 cent fare before the war. None of the revenue is being wastefully expended except in high wages; there is no graft in connection with the operation of the railways so far as anyone knows, and there is no suspicion of that fact. The agitation is made by those who are interested in ingratiating themselves with the general mass of the people, and by those seeking political popularity.

Good citizens should frown upon these maneuverings and combat with every possible effort these attempts to further embroil the lines and make the mess that we are in still worse. Keep the municipal lines out of politics,"—that should be our slogan.

LEAGUE'S ATTORNEYS ARE SUPPORTING PUBLICATION

Lawyers who are members of the League have given their support to the "Municipal News" very generously during the past few months, but not to the extent that would make this publication self-supporting. Our printers are at a great expense in publishing this bulletin. The "legals" constitute its chief revenue. By giving all of their "legals" and their briefs to the printers of this paper, lawyers can render a very material service.

The Municipal Reference Library Notes published by the Public Library of the city of New York, announces the publication of two new periodicals. The first one, "Bus Transportation", is a new weekly publication by the McGraw-Hill Company, edited by Harold V. Bozell. "It is an outgrowth of the demand in the ur-



ban and suburban transportation field. The articles are written by authorities and on pertinent problems," the bulletin states.

The other new periodical is known as "The Port of New York—Harbor and Marine Review". This publication has the avowed purpose of furthering the interests of the port of New York and of giving wide publicity to its needs. The first issue of thirty four pages is filled with interesting articles about the port and plans for its development.

SEE AMERICA

An interesting booklet has been received by the editor of the News from Zurich, Switzerland, known as the "Forgo Guides—See America". The booklet in question is number 7 of a series of Guides, and is confined exclusively to the Pacific Coast. The booklet, which contains 114 pages, give among other things, an excellent description of the trip from Portland to Seattle, the Mt. Rainier National Park, and devotes two and one half pages to a description of the City of Seattle. As stated in its introduction, the book is intended for a

guide for American and European travelers in the United States. The guide book gives some excellent suggestions concerning passports, hotels, expense of traveling, railroad rates, money questions, automobile trips, and such other general information as a traveller from either America or abroad would need to know. It is a very attractive booklet, and should be of general help in bringing tourists to Seattle this coming summer.

A letter has been received from the City Club of Chicago, which is an organization corresponding to the Municipal League of this city, asking that publicity be given to their efforts to find a successor to Mr. C. A. Dykstra, executive secretary of that organization, who has just resigned. The committee in charge is anxious to hear from every qualified person interested in the place. For further information concerning this position, anyone interested may apply to the City Club of Chicago, 315 Plymouth Court.

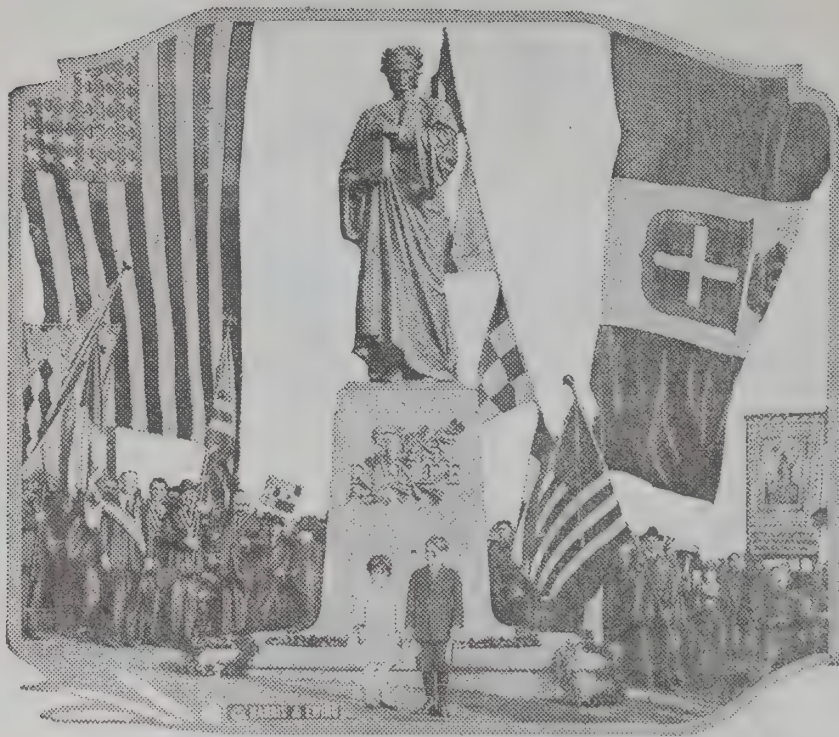
A letter has just been received by this office from the Chairman

of the Executive Committee League of Women Voters of Tacoma, thanking the League for the co-operation extended in furnishing the Tacoma organization with a questionnaire used by the League in passing upon candidates for office. Mrs. Taylor, the chairman, writes: "We have a sort of federation of Women's Clubs in Tacoma to which a great number of the clubs belong and it is through that body that the clubs expect to co-operate in this movement. We also are going to have an open forum to which all candidates will be invited to speak and set forth their views and to answer any further questions that may come up. These meetings will be in the evening so that men as well as women may attend."

MAYOR VETOES WAGE ORDINANCE

Mayor Caldwell vetoes the wage ordinance as passed by the council largely because the ordinance provides for a monthly pay basis of street railway trainmen instead of a per diem basis. This, he contends, would have the effect of establishing the precedent of paying monthly em-

Monument to Dante Is Unveiled



The unveiling of the monument to Dante Alighieri in Meridian Hill park, Washington, was marked by the presence of President Harding, the Italian ambassador and several hundred Italians from Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and other cities. The monument is the work of Ettore Ximenes and Whitney Warren, and was presented to the city by Chevalier Carlo Barsotti, editor of *Il Progresso Italo-Americano*, in behalf of the Italians of the United States. The two children in the foreground, who unveiled the statue, are Minnie and Caldwell Sherrill, children of Colonel Sherrill, military aide to the President.

ployees of the city time-and-1/2 for overtime, while at the present time the only overtime paid employees is to those receiving a per diem wage. The mayors other reason for vetoing the measure is that instead of reducing per diem employees 25 cents per day, as the council ordinance provides it would only reduce railway trainmen 8 cents per day—thus discriminating in favor of such employees.

JOHN F. REED
Attorney Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and for the County of King, in Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Christena Myers, Deceased, No. 24950.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition For Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Flora K. Burrows, Executrix of the Estate of Christena Myers, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her Final Report and Petition for Distribution, asking the court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons entitled thereto, and to discharge said Executrix; and that said Report and Petition will be heard on the 9th day of March, 1922, at 9:30 o'clock A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 10th day of February, 1922.
GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By **H. C. GORDON,** Deputy.
First pub. Feb. 11, 1921. 3t Feb 25

HARTGE & CADWALLADER
Attorneys 521 Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for King County. In Probate. No. 30655.
In the Matter of the Estate of Arthur W. Linton, Deceased. Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Edna M. Linton, has been appointed and has qualified as administratrix of the estate of the above named Arthur W. Linton, deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased or against said estate are

hereby required to serve the same duly verified, on said administratrix or her attorneys of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service, within six months from the 11th day of February, 1922, the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

EDNA M. LINTON,
As Administratrix of said Estate.
HARTGE & CADWALLADER,
Attorneys for Administratrix.
Office and Post Office Address:
521 Central Building, Seattle, Washington.
First pub. Feb. 11, 1922. 4t Mch 4

JAMES W. REYNOLDS
Attorney Burke Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for King County. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Guardianship of the Estate of Donald Arthur George and Doris George, Minors.
No. 16352. Notice of Hearing on Report, Final Account and Petition for Distribution and Discharge of Amy George, Guardian of Donald Arthur George and Doris George.
Notice is Hereby Given That Amy George, Guardian of the Estate of Donald Arthur George and Doris George, minors, has filed in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of King County, Washington, her report, final account and petition for distribution and discharge as such guardian asking the Court to settle said report, final account and to distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge the said guardian; that said report and petition will be heard on the 20th day of February, 1922, at 9:30 A. M. in the Probate Department of the said Court.

Dated this 24th day of January, 1922.
GEO. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By **H. C. GORDON,** Deputy.
First pub. Jan. 28, 1922. 4t Feb. 18

JACKSON SILBAUGH
Attorney 625 Lyon Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County.
Auburn Holt, Plaintiff, vs. Mabel Annie Holt, Defendant. No. 156375.
Summons by Publication.
The State of Washington: To the said Mabel Annie Holt, Defendant:
You are here summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty days after the 21st day of January, 1922, and defend the above entitled action in the above en-

titled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff, at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is to secure a divorce on the grounds of desertion and abandonment.
JACKSON SILBAUGH,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
P. O. Address: 625 Lyon Building, Seattle, King County, Wash.
First Pub. Jan. 21, 1922. 7t Mar 4

EIMON L. WIENIR
Attorney 405 Leary Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County
Otto C. Batz, Plaintiff, vs. Barbara Batz, Defendant. Summons for Publication. No. 156769.

The State of Washington to the said Barbara Batz, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: Within sixty days after the 28th day of January, 1922, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is for the procurement of an interlocutory order of divorce, and pursuant thereto, for a Decree of Divorce dissolving the bonds of matrimony existing between the plaintiff and defendant on the ground of cruelty and personal indignities rendering life burdensome.

EIMON L. WIENIR,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
P. O. Address 405 Leary Building, Seattle, King County, Washington.
First pub. Jan. 28, 1922. 7t Mar. 11

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. XII. NO. 7.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1922.

PRICE 10 CENTS

To The Members of The Municipal League

I highly appreciate the honor that has been conferred upon me in election to fill out the unexpired term of President Anderson. We all regret the loss occasioned by his leaving our city, into whose life and problems he has thrown himself with admirable enthusiasm and devotion. He leaves at a time when his work is uncompleted, and the rest of this League year devolves upon us some tremendous tasks.

Among the problems with which the League must grapple are the following:

First, and most urgent the questions connected with the street car system and its proper management, including the two proposals for reduction of the fares and throwing the burdens of owning and operating a street car system upon the taxpayers as such. As I see it, the future prosperity of our city for the next fifteen years depends upon the proper business-like handling of these questions.

Second: The investigation of candidates for office at the election in May. We need officials with ability and courage to decide correctly the problems of their office, which we elect them for, without "passing the buck" to other officers or to the people, who have no means of studying and deciding for them. Under the present system of nonpartisan and direct primary elections, approaching as it does the pure democracy of the town meeting, in a city of 300,000, the people cannot possibly become intimately acquainted with candidates or choose those most fit to represent them. This tends to throw the election into the hands of newspapers, or gives an undue advantage to a glib campaigner or demagogue, or to a man rich enough to advertise himself to all the citizens. It becomes necessary, therefore, to have some body of men, public spirited and disinterested, as the Municipal League to take the time intelligently to investigate and report on men and measures, and look out for the interests of the public.

Third: The reorganization and reclassification of the civil service, readjusting salaries to a sensible, businesslike basis and cutting out dead and surplus timber.

Fourth: Pushing the campaign for the city manager pursuant to recommendation already adopted by the League.

Fifth: Promoting the idea of a bureau of municipal research.

In order to carry on these purposes, and all the other matters pressing continually for our solution or help, we must work for a constantly increasing membership and must secure regular large attendance by attractive programs. To this end, I call upon every member of the League, upon each committeeman, and the chairmen in particular, to attack these problems with renewed energy and interest, and upon all the good citizens of Seattle to join us and rally to the cause of good government in our city, which demands eternal and untiring vigilance now, as it always has.

I am sorry not to be present to deliver this message at the meeting.

Yours for a better Seattle,
J. L. BALDWIN

RESOLUTION

ADOPTED BY
THE MUNICIPAL LEAGUE OF SEATTLE

Learning with sincere regret of the intended departure of our President, Claude H. Anderson, from Seattle for reasons announced in his letter of resignation and after reluctantly accepting said resignation because there was no other alternative, the Municipal League hereby expresses its sentiments of appreciation, admiration and good will for its retiring president and hopes that his future pathway will be strewn with the same evidences of appreciation and success which marked his pathway during the three fleeting years he resided with us.

From the very outset Mr. Anderson showed that he had a wealth of experience in matters civic, although so young in years. He further proved that he had that indefinable quality of leadership and a personality galvanized by enthusiasm. Notwithstanding the fact that the Municipal League is one of the oldest organizations in the City of Seattle and perhaps one of the oldest of its kind in the country and exercises a great influence in civic affairs, yet it did not hesitate to select a young man of Mr. Anderson's type, ability and capacity, even though he had been a member of the League for such a short time. It was a case of real merit being recognized. Throughout his term he has taken hold with clear vision and an intelligent grasp of the needs of our city, so that from day to day there was manifest a keener interest and a more active participation of our members in League affairs.

RESOLVED, Therefore, by the Municipal League of Seattle that while expressing our sincere regret at the departure of our president, yet we rejoice in the fact that he is bettering himself in a business way, and know that what is our loss will be the other's gain.

RESOLVER FURTHER that a copy of this resolution, expressing our sentiments towards our retiring president, be published in the Municipal News, and that a copy also be sent to the Daily Press for publication.

JAMES T. LAWLER,
JACKSON SILBAUGH,
HOWARD A. ADAMS,
The Committee.

JUDSON T. JENNINGS

Head of Seattle Public Library

Will Address the League

The Relation of the Library to the Municipality

Tuesday Noon, February 21, 1922

L. C. Smith Bldg. Restaurant

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LAUBE WARNS AGAINST CENTRALIZATION

By Eimon L. Wienir.

Professor Frank J. Laube, of the Political Science Department of the University of Washington, addressed the League last Tuesday on the subject of "Some Tendencies in Government".

Professor Laube sounded a warning against the growing tendency of centralization in government, said: "The spirit of local liberty evolved from England has been and is the greatest thing in the administration of our government. This spirit must be nursed and encouraged. We have been undergoing a scheme of centralization which is astonishing in its rapidity. Improved methods of transportation and communication have interlaced the United States to such an extent that centralization has become inevitable. The Supreme Court of the United States has applied the spirit of centralization to our developing economic system. While we cannot change the fundamental basis of our government, nevertheless, this danger must be pointed out: concentration is the forerunner of autocracy. It is a significant thing that Lincoln in his message to Congress in 1865 said:

"I see in the near future a crisis approaching that unnerves me and causes me to tremble for the safety of my country. As a result of war, corporations have been dethroned and an era of

corruption in high places will follow, and the money power of the country will endeavor to prolong its reign by working on the prejudices of the people until all the wealth is aggregated in a few hands, and the republic is destroyed. I feel at this moment more anxiety for the safety of our country than ever before, even in the midst of war. God grant that my forebodings may be groundless."

Continuing Mr. Laube said:

"Our government is established on the principle of division of power—each branch of the government checking the other. That plan, to which we are so deeply committed and which is so deeply engraved in our governmental scheme ought to be clearly understood. We ought to understand that the United States and the new Germany of today are the only countries in the world where the judicial tribunals can set aside the laws passed by the representatives of the people."

Prof Laube then went on to show, as an example of the legislation by courts, the interpretation of the Sherman Anti-Trust Law passed in 1890; how, by a five to four vote of the Supreme Court of the United States the law was declared to stand just as it was written by Congress, and the word "unreasonable" which Justice White and the remaining members who wrote the minority opinion decided to have written into the law, failed. But in 1910-20 years later-- when the

personnel of the Supreme Court had changed, the word "unreasonable" was read into the law, and its effect made vastly more limited in its scope.

"Democracy depends upon education and experience, and that, in turn, depends upon participation in government. The exercising of local liberty will save us from the danger of centralization. Democracy means individual expression in harmony with one's fellows. The history of the world is the history of the sequence of historic failure--- the failure which is to be attributed to a large extent in the lack of the individual to express himself in government."

Professor Laube concluded his address with an appeal for greater tolerance with foreign traditions and ideals held by Americans whose forefathers came from abroad. "I have no patience with the Americanism which would smother out the color and the beauty of foreign culture. We must weave our Americanism into the foreign pattern and secure for ourselves all of the benefit of the best part of the ideals which immigrants to this country bring with them."

COUNTY TAX COMPILED

State to Get \$3,963,831, or 21.12 Per Cent

King County's grand total of taxes levied in 1921 for collection in 1922 is \$18,778,881.46, according to a compilation prepared by the division of municipal corporations in the state auditor's office from the tax rolls of King County.

Included in the total are \$3,963,831.59 for state taxes, or 21.12 per cent of the total. County taxes total \$3,354,030.88 or 17.86 per cent. Cities and towns take \$6,423,182.36 or 34.20 per cent; road districts \$496,642.14 or 2.64 per cent; drainage districts \$23,472.93 or .125 per cent; forest fire protection \$2,523.63 or .013 per cent; school districts \$4,315,689.87 or 22.981 per cent; water districts \$8,335.89 or .044 per cent, and commercial waterways \$191,172.17 or 1.018 per cent.

Segregating King County's contribution to the state in the form of taxes for 1922 it is shown that the state general fund will receive \$610,446.86, or

15.40 per cent of the total. The state school fund will receive \$1,444,964.98 or 36.45 per cent; military fund, \$54,122.29 or 1.37 per cent; public highway fund, \$271,552.88 or 6.85 per cent; permanent highway fund, \$407,054.94 or 10.27 per cent; higher education, \$635,396.44 or 16.03 per cent; capitol building fund and reclamation fund will each receive \$135,075.16 or 3.41 per cent, and the veterans' compensation fund, \$270,142.88 or 6.81 per cent.

The distribution of the \$3,354,030.88 of county funds will be as follows: Current expense fund, \$1,302,594.39 or 38.84 per cent; county school fund, \$862,590.63 or 25.72 per cent; road and bridge fund, \$275,040.56 or 8.20 per cent; indigent soldiers' fund, \$85,068.12 or 2.53 per cent; interest and redemption, \$423,825.26 or 12.63 per cent; intercountry river improvement, \$71,957.64 or 2.15 per cent; Port of Seattle (interest and bond redemption), \$304,901.69 or 9.05 per cent, and river improvement, \$28,052.59 or .84 per cent.

Drainage districts, forest fire prevention, water districts and commercial waterways are listed as local improvement funds and without these the grand total is shown to be reduced \$217,168.73, making the total general tax on the rolls of King County, \$18,561,712.73.

For Higher Education

In the distribution of King County's taxes for 1922 for the institutions of higher education the total of \$635,396.44 is shown to be segregated as follows: University of Washington, \$297,543.44, or 46.828 per cent. State College, \$181,234.13, or 28.523 per cent; Bellingham Normal, \$54,097.65, or 8.514 per cent; Centralia Normal, \$27,048.83, or 4.25 per cent; Cheney Normal, \$43,009.99, or 6.769 per cent, and the Ellensburg Normal, \$32,462.40, or 5.109 per cent.

Of the total of \$1,450,290.52 for road taxes levied in 1921 for 1922 collection in King County the public highway fund will receive \$271,552.88, or 18.724 per cent; permanent highway fund, \$407,054.94, or 28.067 per cent; road and bridge fund, \$275,040.56, or 18.965 per cent, and road district funds, \$496,642.14, or 34.244 per cent.

RETIRING PRESIDENT CRITICISES CHARTER OF SEATTLE IN TALK

Claude H. Anderson, president of the Municipal League, in his first address to the League before leaving for Washington, D. C., emphasized the fact that efficient municipal government in Seattle is prevented by the antiquated and out of date city charter, and organic law of the city. The defects in the system of municipal administration impose a heavy handicap on the chief executive. That is the reason Mayor Caldwell "soured" on the job and emphatically declared he would not again become a candidate for the office. Mayor Caldwell isn't the first to "sour" on the job, but he deserves credit for being the first that has publically called attention to the weakness of the present system. It is a significant fact that so far there isn't a strong man out for Mayor, and there probably will not be on account of the ineffectiveness of the mayor's power under the present system.

"I realize that there is pessimism in Seattle — more than there needs to be, but Seattle is not going to the rocks — not even on account of the street car deal, and, in fact, the conditions here must be viewed with optimism and hope."

President Anderson criticises severely the attitude of the average employer of the city towards labor, and declared that the policies were narrow, bigoted and shortsighted. "They do not seem to realize," declared president Anderson, "that there is a moderate, scientific, honest-to-goodness way of dealing with the problem, and until they do realize that fact and begin to follow it in operation, Seattle may well be alarmed at the condition."

Again emphasizing the importance of form in government, president Anderson declared that while the city manager was not a panacea for all municipal ills, it could, nevertheless, serve to make for more efficiency. The Municipal League should be able to lead the city in the right way in the next few years, he said.

President Anderson expressed deep appreciation for the consideration and treatment received at the hands of the people of Se-

attle during his period of residence here. Referring to James T. Lawler's allusion to his civic interest, Mr. Anderson said, "I have always had civic interest at heart, I couldn't escape it—it is in my blood. It is very difficult for me to leave Seattle. I have made friends and have built up an acquaintanceship which makes it very difficult indeed for me to leave this pleasant city."

James T. Lawler, former president of the League and also ex-officio member of the Board of Trustees, eulogized the work of president Anderson, and declared that he had displayed a knowledge and interest in civic affairs such as no other of his predecessors in office had ever done.

Captain Jackson Silbaugh, following Mr. Lawler, moved that a resolution be passed by the League expressing appreciation for president Anderson's leadership and regret at his leaving the office. Robert Howes, vice-president, who put the question, received a unanimous vote in its favor. Captain Silbaugh was made chairman of the committee to draft the resolution.

ATTACKING THE BONDS- MAN EVIL

(From The Toledo City Journal)

The suggestion that Mayor Brough and judges of the Municipal Court might confer on measures to alleviate the professional bondsman evil at the police court should be welcomed by citizens who are acquainted with the situation.

Efforts have been made by the judges of the Municipal Court on several occasions to remedy the evil and some progress has been made. For example in 1919, through the efforts of Judge Gosline and Judge Cohn, an amendment to the Municipal Court Act was secured from the state legislature providing for cash bail. With cash bail legalized the court then took steps to set up rules for the handling of it. A system was worked out for the court by State Examiner Diemer and the then Finance Director, John Higgins, which gives the Commissioner of Accounts a check on cash bail received by the clerk and reported. But this measure has not been entirely

successful in stamping out the evil.

The professional bondsman need not necessarily be an evil. In some cases it is undoubtedly a convenience to be able to get bail in consideration for a fee. This is particularly true in the case of a man who is a stranger or whose friends are not able to furnish bail. But the vulture type of bondsman who preys upon the ignorant and the helpless is a distinct evil. A bondsman who operates at the police court has, for example, been known to collect from the prisoner the entire amount required for bail under the pretense of using it for his security. The prisoner, in other words, furnished his own bail and paid a fee in addition to a bondsman who had given no service.

It has been found that the person in such a business often becomes a continual hanger-on about the police station. When an ignorant or friendless person is arrested, he approaches and offers to bail him out. Frequently he permits the impression to be made that if he is employed as the bondsman the prisoner will be better treated by the judge. The fact that he is close to police and court officials, associates with them and spends much of his time in their offices, gives emphasis to this impression. When an arrest is made and a police matron or police officer asks the prisoner if he or she wishes to be bailed out and then sends for the favored bondsman to collect his fee and furnish bail, the evil of the professional bondsman is made still more acute.

A study of the problem made last year by the Commission of Publicity and Efficiency convinced them that a proper solution can only be reached through co-operation of police, prosecutor, judges and clerk. In the past, the clerk has favored one bondsman and the police have favored another. In the scramble for business the welfare of the prisoner has not always been considered.

If the co-operation of the police, the law department and the judges is secured, there still remains the clerk of the court who is elected independently and who holds a strategic position in the controversy.

—Toledo City Journal.

LEAGUE OPPOSED TO FIVE CENT FARE VOTE SUBMISSION

The Board of Trustees at Monday's meeting went on record as being unalterably opposed to the submission of the 5 cent fare ordinance to the people at the City election May 2nd. The trustees delegated the Public Utility Committee, of which Robert Howes is chairman, to appear before the Council and argue against the matter before referring to it.

The trustees' action was in pursuance of the stand that the League has taken from the very outset—that the utility should pay for itself and not subject the general fund for and deficit accruing.

At the City Council Tuesday afternoon, the matter was referred to the Public Utilities Committee of the Council and will come up before the Council for final vote at Monday's meeting. The ordinance was considered by the City Utilities Committee last Wednesday, and the Finance Committee Friday afternoon. There was no discussion of the bill at Monday's Council meeting, but its provisions will probably be reviewed in detail while under committee consideration.

The League's committee is planning to enter a vigorous protest against the submission of the bill to the people at Monday's Council meeting.

A second class in Public Speaking is being organized by the Y. M. C. A. to be conducted by Montgomery Lynch, director of the Wayfarer. This was made necessary because a number who wished to take the course in the first class were not able to enter before the limit of enrollment had been reached.

The first session of the new class will be held on Friday, Feb. 24, at 8:00 p. m. at which time Mr. Lynch will give an address on "How to Acquire Skill in Public Speaking". The public is invited to attend.

Legion Education Work is Growing

Rapid development of the American Legion campaign in behalf of education and Americanism is indicated by reports received this week from national, state and city sources.

State Adjutant Henry A. Wise of the Legion recently returned to Seattle from the national convention at Indianapolis, announces the appointment of National Commander Hamilton McNider and Nathan J. Foreman of the finance committee as assistants to Alvin M. Owsley, director of the Americanism Commission, this commission being instructed to devise ways and means for the promotion of a nation-wide program.

Dr. William C. Hicks, newly appointed state director of Americanism work, department of Washington, has just issued a bulletin, "The Reason Why," which gives the reasons for the Legion's program and its main objectives so far as at present developed.

ARRANGING SCHEDULE FOR TRAINS TO EAST

Members of the executive committee sponsoring the special train proposed by Gov. Louis F. Hart to "sell the State of Washington" in the East were in conference with the governor at the New Washington Hotel this week to settle train schedules, personnel and other details of the proposed trip.

Attending the conference here were Governor Hart, R. R. Rogers of Spokane, Robert S. Boyns of Seattle, A. B. Howe of Tacoma.

EIMON L. WIENIR
Attorney 405 Leary Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County Otto C. Batz, Plaintiff, vs. Barbara Batz, Defendant. Summons for Publication. No. 156769.

The State of Washington to the said Barbara Batz, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: Within sixty days after the 28th day of January, 1922, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is for the procurement of an interlocutory order of divorce, and pursuant thereto, for a Decree of Divorce dissolving the bonds of matrimony existing between the plaintiff and defendant on the ground of cruelty and personal indignities rendering life burdensome.

EIMON L. WIENIR,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
P. O. Address 405 Leary Building, Seattle, King County, Washington.
First pub. Jan. 28, 1922. 7t Mar. 11

JAMES T. LAWLER
Attorney 512-14 White Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Harry Donovan, Deceased. No. 30718.
Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Executor of the estate of Harry Donovan, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Executor or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication, Saturday, February 18th, 1922.

HARTGE & CADWALLADER
Attorneys 521 Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for King County. In Probate. No. 30655.
In the Matter of the Estate of Arthur W. Linton, Deceased. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Edna M. Linton, has been appointed and has qualified as administratrix of the estate of the above named Arthur W. Linton, deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased or against said estate are hereby required to serve the same duly

verified, on said administratrix or her attorneys of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service, within six months from the 11th day of February, 1922, the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

EDNA M. LINTON,
As Administratrix of said Estate.
HARTGE & CADWALLADER,
Attorneys for Administratrix,
Office and Post Office Address:
521 Central Building, Seattle, Washington.
First pub. Feb. 11, 1922. 4t Mch 4

JAMES W. REYNOLDS
Attorney Burke Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for King County. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Guardianship of the Estate of Donald Arthur George and Doris George, Minors.
No. 16352. Notice of Hearing on Report, Final Account and Petition for Distribution and Discharge of Amy George, Guardian of Donald Arthur George and Doris George.
Notice is hereby Given That Amy George, Guardian of the Estate of Donald Arthur George and Doris George, minors, has filed in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of King County, Washington, her report, final account and petition for distribution and discharge as such guardian asking the Court to settle said report, final account and to distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge the said guardian; that said report and petition will be heard on the 20th day of February, 1922, at 9:30 A. M. in the Probate Department of the said Court.
Dated this 24th day of January, 1922.

GEO. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. GORDON, Deputy.
First pub. Jan. 28, 1922. 4t Feb. 18

JACKSON SILBAUGH
Attorney 625 Lyon Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County. Auburn Holt, Plaintiff, vs. Mabel Annie Holt, Defendant. No. 156375.
Summons by Publication.
The State of Washington: To the said Mabel Annie Holt, Defendant:
You are here summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty days after the 21st day of January, 1922, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff, at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is to secure a divorce on the grounds of desertion and abandonment.
JACKSON SILBAUGH,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
P. O. Address: 625 Lyon Building, Seattle, King County, Wash.
First Pub. Jan. 21, 1922. 7t Mar 4

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V. J. HEMMERT,
Executor of said Estate.
Address 2245 Market St., Seattle, Wn.
JAMES T. LAWLER,
Attorney for Estate, 512-14 White Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Feb. 18, 1922. 4t Mch 11

JOHN F. REED
Attorney Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and for the County of King, in Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Christena Myers, Deceased. No. 21950.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition For Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Flora K. Burrows, Executrix of the Estate of Christena Myers, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her Final Report and Petition for Distribution, asking the court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons entitled thereto, and to discharge said Executrix; and that said Report and Petition will be heard on the 9th day of March, 1922, at 9:30 o'clock A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.
Dated this 10th day of February, 1922.
GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. GORDON, Deputy.
First pub. Feb. 11, 1921. 3t Feb 25

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VOL. XII. NO. 9.

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PRICE 10 CENTS

MEIER, LUNDY and BROWN STATE PLATFORMS

Walter F. Meier, corporation counsel, Ira D. Lundy, former councilman, and Dr. E. J. Brown, dentist and many times a candidate for public office, all candidates for the mayoralty, addressed the League Tuesday at a meeting limited only by the capacity of the dining room. This was the first appearance of the candidates at any public meeting since their candidacy was announced.

Lundy, the first speaker, went into his qualifications for the office. He operates a country store in the vicinity of Seattle. Business problems such as confront a great municipality have to be decided by him daily and without the assistance or advice such as the mayor ordinarily receives, declared the candidate. Lundy is in favor of having the people decide as to the rate of fare to be charged, though strongly opposed to the present rate of fare. He intimated that taxation is the way to reduce it, but is willing to let the people decide the matter.

Dr. E. J. Brown vigorously attacked the present high rate of fare and stated that he was unequivocally in favor of the 5 cent fare. He said that within a month after the 8 1-3 cent fare went into effect, there were three thousand automobiles sold in the city of Seattle, thus attributing loss of street car patronage to the high rate of fare. He claimed to know a great deal concerning the purchase of the Municipal Railway, and apparently charges those responsible for the purchase with criminal negligence. He also was in favor, he said of eliminating a lot of the dead wood from city offices and thus saving the taxpayers a great deal of money.

Corporation Counsel Meier said in part:

"Reference has been made to

**H. S. TURNER, Candidate for Mayor and
E. L. Blaine, T. H. Bolton, Clifford H. Clark,
Henry D. Hall, E. B. Cox and Councilman
A. T. Drake, Candidates for Council
To Address the League Tuesday Noon,
March 13th, at the
L. C. Smith Building Restaurant**

the fact that, at the direction of the City Council, I drew the ordinances necessary to purchase the street railway system. This was a duty imposed upon me by law. I, however, raised every possible legal objection to the deal. Knowing that the proposal to submit the question of purchase to the people in the fall of 1918 was illegal, I refused to draw the resolution providing for such submission.

"I repeatedly warned city officials and the public generally that if the purchase was made the city might be held liable for any deficit arising in the maintenance and operation of the system. I refused to draw the ordinances of purchase so as to grant an express preference in the payment of the bonds to the exclusion of maintenance and operation until specifically directed to do so.

"I warned the City Council in writing that what the company was after was an express provision that would bind the city to raise by general taxation funds necessary to maintain and operate the street railway system if the gross revenues were not sufficient to bear the cost of maintenance and operation and pay the interest and principal of the proposed issue of bonds.

"In the litigation that has followed, at no time have I fought to uphold any contract with Stone and Webster.

"Any candidate who wilfully seeks to mislead the people and create a false impression with respect to my position in these matters would, if elected, be as ready to deceive the public concerning any other matter.

"I am opposed to the levy of a tax to maintain and operate the municipal railway system. To inaugurate such a policy would be to invite extravagance and carelessness in public expenditures. This utility, like the light and water utilities, must be self-supporting, but not operated for profit. Our fares should not be in excess of that necessary to meet the obligations properly payable therefrom, and as these obligations are decreased the fares should be correspondingly reduced.

"The city has issued bonds for the development of light and power on the Skagit River. The total authorized issue for this purpose is \$11,000,000. More than half of this amount has been expended. To abandon this development would mean the complete loss of the investment already made. I am, therefore, in favor of completing the initial development, but without the authorization of any additional bond issue. I am opposed to further development if it means the overloading of our municipal light system with bonded obligations so that maintenance and operations costs must be met

VAST CROWD HEARS MAYORALTY CANDIDATES

Last Tuesday's meeting was a record-breaker in attendance for the League. Not only was every available table utilized but more than one hundred members were turned away, some lunching in the adjoining private dining room, others going elsewhere. Most of those turned away because of lack of accommodations returned later to hear the addresses of the candidates. It is approximated that more than two hundred were present at the meeting.

The League can well be proud of the fact that the majority of the candidates have waited to announce their platform on the rostrum of the League. They did this undoubtedly not only because of the opportunity that an assembly of such men would give them to announce their principles, but because of the psychological effect that a League meeting has upon the public at large. The candidates recognized the fact that the Municipal League stands for good government, for efficient public servants and for economy in every branch of government. To announce their policies to a group of this kind lends greater sincerity and greater weight to the candidates' words.

The League should make a great record for itself this year. Its findings will be awaited with eager interest by citizens at large, and without question these findings will be based upon facts and upon accurate gauging of human character.

with funds raised by taxation.

"I am in favor of the consolidation of county and city governments to the end that duplication may be eliminated and the expense of governmental administration decreased.

"One of the serious problems upon the Pacific Coast arises in

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

connection with the presence of the Orientals. There may be those who waver in their choice, but as for me, my motto shall ever be, America for Americans, now and forever.

"I believe in the most rigid enforcement of all measures to stamp out the narcotic evil. I favor the enactment of a state law that will permit the imposition of adequate sentences by the court so that this growing menace may be stamped out.

"I believe in a business administration of municipal affairs as distinguished from a political administration. I believe there can be a further reduction in the tax rate, and the efforts of the mayor can materially assist in bringing this about.

Mr. Lundy said in part:

"The biggest problem before the people today is the problem of transportation. The present fare of 8 1-3 cents is too high. It must be reduced. How? That is the problem. I signed the petition to submit to the voters the Erickson three-cent fare ordinance, so called, because the matter is of such transcendent importance I thought the people should have the right to pass on it. If the people declare in favor of the three-cent car fare ordinance, every man in public office should make an honest effort to vindicate it.

"The present tax rate in this city is not as high as we advertise it to be. Our assessed valuation is low. If we should assess our property at a just rate,

representing a close approximation of the real value, probably one-half of our tax rate would be shaved off, and certainly we would hear much less about high taxes.

"There are only two really vital angles to this street car problem in Seattle. One of them is the service angle. If we are not going to give the people of Seattle a street car service at a rate within their ability to pay, the people will not ride on street cars and the system will become worthless. But we, as taxpayers, would still have to pay the millions we have agreed to pay for the system and besides, unless we adopt some different policy, we would have to make up the deficiencies bound to accumulate during the period the system is operated at a loss.

"The only objection offered to the so-called 3-cent fare ordinance is that it will increase taxes. This objection needs serious consideration. At the present cost of operation, maintenance and tax rate valuation for assessable purposes, the rate would be increased 18 mills. Our large property holders will make strong objections to this raise, while the average home owner, when acquainted with the results if the ordinance should become a law, will favor its passage.

"With the present high car fare, the people are not using the cars nearly as much as they would if the fares were lower. Therefore the downtown proper-

ty owners or lease holders suffer on account of reduced business, which if allowed to continue, will compel the lease holder to seek lower rentals, which will mean less with which to pay the tax. On the other hand, those who are compelled to work downtown, or across the city, and who ordinarily use the cars find it necessary to live within walking distance or demand increased pay to pay for the raised expense from high car fare. This would reduce the value of outlying property and tend to increase the tenement population.

"This question should not become an issue in the coming campaign. The mayor, whoever he may be, cannot make or unmake the law. It will be the voice of the people."

JACKSON SILBAUGH VICE-PRESIDENT

Captain Jackson Silbaugh was elected Vice-President of the Municipal League at the meeting of the Board of Trustees last Monday to fill the vacancy caused by the promotion of Julius L. Baldwin to the Presidency. Three vacancies on the Board will be filled at the next meeting of the Board of Trustees. The vacancies result from the resignation of George S. Kahin, James A. Haight and Jackson Silbaugh.

CITY SPENDS \$703,697 FOR 1921 POOR RELIEF

Toledo, Ohio, spent approximately \$703,697 to relieve the poverty of 4,650 families as well as thousands of transients.

Of this large sum, \$213,697 was raised by monthly appropriations by Council and \$490,000 came in a bond issue for park and boulevard improvement for the purpose of giving work to the city's unemployed.

This money was administered by the Social Service Federation co-operating with the Welfare Department. It represented groceries and fuel and other necessities for approximately 20,000 men, women and children.

Transients ranging from 1,000 in April last year to 89 in July were sheltered at the Wayfarer's lodge and the old Workhouse on Swan Creek.

CANDIDATES INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE TO BEGIN LABORS ON MARCH 20th.

This year the Candidates Investigating Committee will have its initial session on Monday afternoon, March 20th., at which time it will begin its labors in examining the candidates and passing upon their qualifications. The committee is headed by Frank P. Helsell, chairman.

Mr. Helsell was present at the Board of Trustees meeting Monday, and received suggestions from the Board as to the campaign issues.

SIX COUNCIL CANDIDATES TO ADDRESS LEAGUE TUESDAY

Tuesday's meeting will be featured by addresses by H. S. Turner, remaining candidate for Mayor, who has thus far not been heard by the League, and the following councilmanic candidates: E. L. Blaine, T. H. Bolton, Clifford H. Clark, Henry D. Hall, E. B. Cox and Councilman A. T. Drake.

Mr. Turner has been allowed fifteen minutes for his address while councilmanic candidate have been allowed five minutes.

The remaining councilmanic candidates will address the League at its meeting on Tuesday March 28th.

PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMITTEE TO REPORT ON 3 CENT CAR FARE

The Board of Trustees has instructed the Public Utilities Committee, of which Robert Howes is chairman, to bring its report on the Erickson 3 cent car fare initiative ordinance, week from Tuesday. Mr. Howes promised to have his report ready at that time—Tuesday, March 21st.

When a lawyer named Strange was going to die he said, "I want my tombstone to be worded this way. 'Here lies an honest lawyer'."

Two years later when the lawyer died the men saw the reason for the wording. When anybody passed by and saw the tombstone they would always say, "That's Strange."

BLUE SKY LEGISLATION

from Municipal Reference Library Notes, March 1, 1922)

At the present time there are thirty-eight states that have a "Blue Sky" Law, but New York is not among this number. New York State does have a fraudulent securities law, but there is no specific blue sky law nor a bureau to administer such a law. In the 1919 legislature a bill was presented which provided for certain publicity and state regulation in connection with securities offered to the public for investment, but it failed of enactment. Therefore in 1920 Governor Smith appointed a special committee to study the fraudulent securities situation and to suggest remedial legislation. The committee was not able to reach a unanimous opinion and the report was issued in two parts, a majority and a minority. This probably accounts for the fact that no legislation resulted. In the majority report, it was the opinion that the registration or licensing of dealers in securities, popularly known as "blue sky" legislation, would not meet the situation in New York state; but it was recommended instead that the Banking Department and the Attorney-General be given jurisdiction over commercial frauds, and that more effective amendments be added to the Penal Law. The minority, on the other hand, recommended "blue sky" legislation.

Again the conditions have become so serious that District Attorney Banton is recommending immediate enactment of blue sky laws in this state. The public loss each year in the United States through fraudulent securities is estimated to be \$700,000,000. It is also suggested that the law would be more effective if it were federal, and if a uniform law be adopted for each state.

As far as is known, no municipality requires stock and bond salesmen to be licensed. In one of the smaller cities of Indiana, such an ordinance was passed, but it was not legal on account of the handling of such licenses by the Indiana Securities Commission.

In Indiana there is an organization of commercial secretaries of the state known as the Vigi-

lance Commission; information relating to all fake solicitations and sales of fraudulent securities is cleared through that office; a bulletin is issued giving this information and in addition lists of licenses that have been issued or revoked by the Indiana Securities Commission. Particularly useful is their "flash" system, whereby a "flash" card is sent to all commercial organizations in the state in any case that needs immediate attention. Many fraudulent schemes are stopped by this prompt publicity.

THE EVERGREEN STATE

There was just received by the League office a pamphlet published by the Bureau of Statistics and Immigration of the State of Washington, called The Evergreen State. This booklet which contains 144 pages, is intended as information for the traveler, homebuilder and investor. As stated by J. Grant Hinkle, Secretary of State, Ex-Officio Commissioner of the Bureau of Statistics and Immigration, the book as published by the State of Washington is intended to present a condensed summary of the resources of the state. In its preface, Mr. Hinkle goes on to say "With such a brief description as the limited pages of this publication offers, the work can rather be termed an invitation to write for particulars concerning any line of industry or opportunity that commends itself to the reader of this book."

After giving a few general facts about the state, the book takes up Washington's leading industries, gives certain statistics relative thereto and relative to crops, and takes up county by county and gives important information concerning the principal cities and towns therein located. The book is profusely illustrated with pictures, and all in all, is a very attractive book which be made to serve in getting new people into the state.

HEADS CIVIL SERVICE

Appointment of Percival Morris Fogg of San Diego, Cal., as secretary and chief examiner of the Seattle Civil Service Commission, was announced Friday noon by the commissioners after a competitive examination in

which candidates from many sections of the United States participated. Mr. Fogg will relieve K. C. Bean, civil service examiner, who has been acting as secretary and chief examiner until a permanent appointee was selected.

Mr. Fogg is forty years of age and a native of Philadelphia. He served in the United States reclamation service for nine years, besides being employed on a special commission by the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company. He has also engaged in private business and will now leave a position as salesman for a San Francisco firm. He is married.

The examination for the position of secretary of the Civil Service Commission was advertised throughout the country, after the City Council last summer determined to increase the salary of the office to \$310 a month, so that it would be attractive to experts, as its importance was believed by the councilmen to be increasing every year.

Five candidates passed the written examinations, which, in the case of those who desired to qualify from other cities, were given by correspondence and with the aid of other civil service commissions. The five who passed the written examinations were Mr. Bean, J. J. Crell, also a Seattle examiner; Mr. Fogg, K. P. H. Wilson of New York and L. Sickard of Sioux City, Iowa.

Heard in a Restaurant

"It looks like rain," mused the waiter as he served the soup.

Patron: "Yes, it does, but it tastes like carbolic acid."

A jolly young chemistry tough,
While mixing a compound of
stuff,

Dropped a match in a vial
And after a while

They found his front teeth and
his cuff.

Harold: If I should kiss you
it would be petty larceny.

Miss N.: No, it would be
grand.

A child sat in a movie tent

To elevate her mind;
She saw a lady stab a gent,
And went away refined.

* * *

The worst thing about hard
words is that they come so easy.

WHAT OTHER CITIES ARE DOING

from Municipal Reference Library Notes—March 1, 1922.

Calgary's (Canada) municipal street railway carried 18,771, 271 passengers in 1921, an average of 65.2 per car hour, which is just .2 above the estimated per car hour traffic necessary to run the system. Calgary gives 18 tickets for \$1.00, 4 for 25 cents, 8 children's tickets for 25 cents, and charges 10 cents cash fare. Last year 417,996 cash fares were paid. The estimated revenue of the system for 1922 is \$935,000 and expenditure \$993,430.

Ashville, N. C., has adopted a city planning program—and is one of the few cities in the South to do so. The City Planning Commission has entered into an agreement with John Nolen for the preparation of a comprehensive city plan.

Construction cost records of all municipal work in Minnesota over \$1,500 in amount are made compulsory by Chap. 274 of 1921 statutes.

Kansas City operates successfully a municipal meat market.

The Denver City Council has recently voted to discontinue the appropriation for the publication of the Denver Municipal Facts for 1922. This has been one of the most attractive of all municipal official bulletins.

The Twomey bill, recently introduced in the Senate, No. 270, authorizes the Board of Estimate and Apportionment to build a tunnel for the use of vehicles and pedestrians under Newton Creek, between Brooklyn and Queens.

Mayor Couzens of Detroit thinks that subways or elevated railroads are not needed in that city.

Sacramento, Cal., held its first free city flower show last November.

Detroit City Council has ordered the Detroit City Gas Company to reduce gas rates to those provided in the franchise, from 85 cents to 79 cents, effective Feb. 15th.

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Soph: Grindstone

Junior: Blackstone

Senior: Tombstone

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People filled with moonshine;

Are they moon-lit?

G. A. CUSTER—F. E. JAMES
Attorneys 1020 L C Smith Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
Irene N. Adams, Plaintiff, vs. George
W. Adams, Defendant. No. 157218.
Summons.

The State of Washington to the said
George W. Adams, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty days after the date of the
first publication of this summons, to-
wit, within sixty days after the 25th
day of February, 1922, and defend the
above entitled action in the above en-
titled court, and answer the complaint
of the plaintiff and serve a copy of
your answer upon the undersigned at-
torneys for plaintiff at their office be-
low stated; and in case of your failure
so to do, judgment will be rendered
against you according to the demand
of the complaint, which has been filed
with the clerk of said court. The ob-
ject of this action is to procure judg-
ment for a divorce, the care, custody
and control of the minor children of
the parties, alimony, costs and attor-
neys' fees and the sum of \$5,000.

G. A. CUSTER—F. E. JAMES.

Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Office and P. O. Address: Room 1020
L. C. Smith Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Feb. 25, 1922. 6t Apr 1

EIMON L. WIENIR

Attorney 405 Leary Bldg

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
Otto C. Batz, Plaintiff, vs. Barbara Batz,
Defendant. Summons for Publication.
No. 156769.

The State of Washington to the said
Barbara Batz, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty days after the date of the
first publication of this summons, to-
wit: Within sixty days after the 28th
day of January, 1922, and defend the
above entitled action in the above en-
titled court, and answer the complaint
of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of
your answer upon the undersigned at-
torney for plaintiff at his office below
stated; and in case of your failure so
to do, judgment will be rendered against
you according to the demand of the
complaint, which has been filed with
the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled ac-
tion is for the procurement of an In-
terlocutory order of divorce, and pur-
suant thereto, for a Decree of Divorce
dissolving the bonds of matrimony ex-
isting between the plaintiff and defend-
ant on the ground of cruelty and per-
sonal indignities rendering life burden-
some.

EIMON L. WIENIR,

Attorney for Plaintiff.

P. O. Address 405 Leary Building, Se-
attle, King County, Washington.
First pub. Jan. 28, 1922. 7t Mar. 11

JAMES T. LAWLER

Attorney 512-14 White Bldg

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Harry
Donovan, Deceased. No. 30718.

Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the un-
dersigned has been appointed and has
qualified as Executor of the estate of
Harry Donovan, Deceased; that all per-
sons having claims against said de-
ceased are hereby required to serve the
same, duly verified, on said Executor
or his attorney of record at the address
below stated, and file the same with the
Clerk of said Court, together with proof
of such service within six months after
the date of first publication of this
notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication, Saturday,
February 18th, 1922.

V. J. HEMMERT,

Executor of said Estate.

Address 2245 Market St., Seattle, Wn.

JAMES T. LAWLER,

Attorney for Estate, 512-14 White

Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Feb. 18, 1922. 4t Mch 11

JACKSON SILBAUGH

Attorney 625 Lyon Bldg.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, for King County.

Auburn Holt, Plaintiff, vs. Mabel An-
nie Holt, Defendant. No. 156375.

Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington: To the said
Mabel Annie Holt, Defendant:

You are here summoned to appear
within sixty days after the date of the
first publication of this summons, to-
wit: within sixty days after the 21st
day of January, 1922, and defend the
above entitled action in the above en-
titled court, and answer the complaint
of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of

your answer upon the undersigned at-
torney for plaintiff, at his office below
stated; and in case of your failure so
to do, judgment will be rendered
against you according to the demand
of the complaint, which has been filed
with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled ac-
tion is to secure a divorce on the
grounds of desertion and abandonment.

JACKSON SILBAUGH,

Attorney for Plaintiff.

P. O. Address: 625 Lyon Building, Se-
attle, King County, Wash.
First Pub. Jan. 21, 1922. 7t Mar 4

HARTGE & CADWALLADER

Attorneys 521 Central Bldg

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington in and for King
County. In Probate. No. 30655.

In the Matter of the Estate of Arthur
W. Linton, Deceased. Notice to
Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the un-
dersigned, Edna M. Linton, has been
appointed and has qualified as admin-
istratrix of the estate of the above
named Arthur W. Linton, deceased;
that all persons having claims against
said deceased or against said estate are
hereby required to serve the same duly
verified, on said administratrix or her
attorneys of record at the address be-
low stated, and file the same with the
Clerk of said Court, together with proof
of such service, within six months from
the 11th day of February, 1922, the
date of first publication of this notice,
or the same will be barred.

EDNA M. LINTON,

As Administratrix of said Estate.

HARTGE & CADWALLADER,

Attorneys for Administratrix,

Office or Post Office Address:

521 Central Building, Seattle, Wash-
ington.

First pub. Feb. 11, 1922. 4t Mch 4

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. XII. NO. 10.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, MARCH 18, 1922.

PRICE 10 CENTS

HAMBER KNOCKS ERICKSON PLAN

The resolutions, which the trustees approved yesterday, follow:

Whereas, An ordinance relating to the Seattle street railway, municipally-owned public utility, and declaring the fiscal policy of the city in relation thereto, will appear on the ballot at the election to be held May 2, 1922, designated as "Proposition 1," and

Whereas, The policy outlined in this ordinance provokes to objection in all future operation and maintenance of this public utility by a tax against all real and personal property in the city of Seattle, and

Whereas, The tax rate for municipal purposes for 1922 is 15 mills, and the proposed fiscal policy will (based on the 1922 budget) add over \$5,000,000, or approximately 21 mills for 1923, and

Whereas, We believe the fiscal policy in connection with the municipally-owned railway system which the proponents of this measure seek to establish is un sound, contrary to the best policies in municipal government, and dangerous to the future growth and welfare of the city of Seattle,

Now, Therefore, Be it Resolved, That the Voters' Information League declare itself in favor of the lowest rate consistent with paying for and keeping the municipally-owned street railway on a self-sustaining basis, and that we oppose any fiscal policy which seeks to burden the taxpayers of this city with any part of the cost of operation of the Municipal Street Railway.

Public Utilities Committee will Report on Erickson Bill, Tuesday Noon, March 31st At the L. C. Smith Building Restaurant Large Attendance of the League Required

TOLEDO, OHIO, MAY ESTABLISH AUTO CAMP

It is reported in the current issue of the Toledo City Journal that the City of Toledo is considering the establishment of a Toledo Auto Camp in an outlying section of the city. Welfare Director Newcomer of that city says that the plan has

proved feasible in other cities throughout the country. "Groceries and other stores in the outlying sections here would profit from the purchase of provisions by the many thousands of tourists who pass through Toledo every summer", Mr. Newcomer suggests.

DO YOU WANT THE ERICKSON BILL TO SUCCEED OR FAIL?

By Eimon L. Wienir, Secy. of Municipal League

The League's Public Utilities Committee will bring in its report of Erickson's 3-cent carfare bill Tuesday noon. The question is: Are you in favor of the initiative bill as presented by Mr. Erickson, or are you against it? At this time I do not know what the report of the Public Utilities Committee will be, but whether it is favorable or whether it is not, the League should be well represented at this meeting, and the report either upheld or rejected. Let not the League make a mistake on this matter—it is one of the most important matters ever presented to the people of Seattle; it is revolutionary in its character. It may be a good thing, and on the other hand, it may work the greatest havoc to Seattle. Are you going to stand by indifferent while a matter of that kind is being presented? Are you going to let it be said that the Municipal League does not care a hang about a matter of civic character of this sort? Personally, I do not believe that you will fail in your duty. Your duty is to be at Tuesday's meeting.

Each and every member of the League ought to be there; and whichever way the vote goes, let the people of Seattle know that the League as a whole is behind the committee making the recommendation. Come in force to Tuesday's meeting—every member of the League, old and new, come! Let the old Seattle civic spirit again prevail. Let there be live enthusiasm, let there be an expression of convictions. Come to Tuesday's meeting!

CANDIDATES SPEAK BEFORE LEAGUE

One candidate for mayor and six for the council addressed the League Tuesday. Mr. H. S. Turner in his maiden speech before the Municipal League declared that to grow and become more prosperous, Seattle must have a lower tax rate. He declared that the Skagit power project must be developed to some workable stage. Turner also condemned the initiative ordinance placing the cost of operating and maintaining the street car lines on the general taxpayer.

"I am emphatically against this ordinance," Mr. Turner said, "I believe it is more or less class legislation. It is taking money from out of one party's pocket for the benefit of others.

"We own the city water plant, the city light plant and the Seattle street car system and I believe that these three municipally owned utilities should be made to pay without any appropriation from the general fund or any burden upon the taxpayers. If private corporations owned these three public utilities they would have to pay into the city, county and state treasury anywhere from one million to a million and one-half dollars. If we cannot run them in such a way that they will pay, having this much extra money to go on above what corporations would have, then municipal ownership of utilities is a failure—and I don't believe it is a failure providing they are run in an economical and businesslike manner.

"If I am elected mayor I will appoint at the head of these public utilities the best men that I can possibly find. Men who will work together with me to run them on an economical basis and not for their own personal department, but for the benefit of

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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H. A. Woodcock, Main 5208

J. T. Lawler, Main 6059, Ex-Officio Trustee

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

the people of our great city.

"I shall use my best efforts to have such legislation passed that will procure a business manager to be at the head of these three departments whose business it will be to see that each department is run economically for the benefit of each department.

"If elected mayor I will not go into the city hall with a chip on my shoulder but will go in there with the express purpose of running the municipal affairs on an economical and efficient basis, and in doing so I will use my best efforts to co-operate and work with the City Council and heads of the different departments so that harmony will exist between us all, thus helping to have an economical and efficient administration.

"I believe if the street car system is run on an economical and efficient basis, that a five-cent fare can very soon be put into effect, if not immediately, with two cents transfer except between the hours of 5 and 8 a. m. and between 4:30 and 6:30 p. m., when the wage earners are going to and from their work.

"I believe that the 8 1-3 cent fare is a real handicap to the growth of the city, but I want it distinctly understood that I am emphatically against any general tax for the benefit of this public utility.

"The officials of the water and light departments have announced from time to time that they are on a paying basis. If so, then it might be well, and I

believe that it would be, that if they have a surplus and it is needed to nurse the car line along for a short time that loans be made from those departments to the street car department until it is able to take care of itself on a five-cent fare basis.

"I believe that heavy taxation is doing more to hold Seattle back from an industrial standpoint than any one thing. The threat of an 18 or 20-mill increase perhaps at the present time is keeping some industries away from Seattle. I cannot conceive how any new industry will come to the city of Seattle if we are going to raise the taxes when all other communities in the Northwest are using their best efforts to have taxes reduced."

Mr. Turner said he favored the proposed Montlake bridge, the immediate construction of the West Seattle bridge voted two years ago and the exercise of extreme caution in further street improvements.

The councilmanic candidates at the Municipal League luncheon followed Mr. Turner with brief speeches. Mr. Blaine and Mr. Bolton referred to their records in the City Council and promised their best efforts for the reduction of expenditures and taxes. Mr. Cox strongly favored more businesslike methods in the conduct of the city government. Mr. Hall spoke of his success in business and said he would apply the same rules to city affairs. Mr. Clark advo-

cated the completion of two units of the Skagit power project and the adoption of a 5-cent street car fare.

Councilman Drake said he is in favor of a 5-cent fare and would vote for appropriations to finish the first unit of the Skagit project and to complete other units as fast as the demand arises for power. He declared that he was not a member of the City Council when the car lines were purchased, but has worked and voted to make the operation of the system as successful as possible. He called attention to the fact that as a member of the city finance committee he assisted in reducing the city budget \$1,200,000 for 1922.

A week from next Tuesday the remaining councilmanic candidates will address the League.

LEAGUE FINANCES

The League will need more money for its coming fiscal year. How is it going to get it? Only in two ways—either by increasing its membership or increasing its dues for active membership. Increase of membership is a splendid thing. The League absolutely needs the increase of membership and every effort should be devoted by every member of the League to double its membership for the current year. There are dangers, however, in "just" increasing membership. A lot of men are brought into membership who are not interested in civic work, who seldom attend meetings and participate not at all in committee work. When their membership must be renewed they ask to be relieved. That is the great danger of increasing membership without regard to the personnel. And it invariably happens when you have a "drive" for membership. The most desirable form of increase of membership is when the members themselves—all of them—bring their friends into the organization. That, for some reason or other, is a most difficult thing to accomplish. I presume the difficulty lies in the weakness of human nature, the difficulty of arousing interest, the difficulty of securing membership to solicit their friends and bring them into the organization. Why that should be so, I am at a loss

to understand. But it is. It takes constant drumming—drumming—drumming, and the League has other things to do besides constantly harping on this subject, and yet it is as vital to as life itself. Appeals have been made heretofore to the members along this line, and appeals again made to each and every member of the League: bring your friends into the organization.

And now to the other plan financing the League year. Membership dues are divided to four classes: Active, Contributing, Supporting and Sustaining. Active membership fees are only \$3.00 a year. Undoubtedly the great majority of our sympathizers would be willing to pay \$5.00 a year for active membership dues. The Board of Trustees is reluctant, however, to take any step in that direction until there has been an expression on the part of the members on this point. You who read this article are urged to write an expression of opinion on this point. Do you believe that active membership fees should be raised from \$3.00 to \$5.00 a year? In a later issue the exact financial status of the League will be pointed out. You may take for granted, however, that more money will be needed to operate the League next year than last. Please phone the secretary or write a letter to the League as soon as possible stating your views on this subject.

CANDIDATES INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE READY FOR WORK

Questionnaires have already been mailed to the candidates for mayor and for council, and the League's Investigating Committee will meet for the first time Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock in the L. C. Smith Building.

The committee sessions will be executive in character and open to League membership. To the public at large, it is deemed best to confine the discussions in committee.

The committee as it stands consists of the following: Frank P. Helsell, Chairman; Robert L. Proctor; Walter L. Nossaman; Laurence Booth

W. E. Henry
C. E. Bogardus
Dan Earle.

As everyone knows the duties of the committee are arduous indeed. Practically all week beginning March 20th, during the hours of 4:00 to 6:00 each day, will be devoted by the committee, and then several days will be necessary for the committee to report its findings. This work is one of the best that the League does and deserves the consideration and the interest of every member of the League.

PARK WORK TO CARRY OUT LASTING PROGRAM

Park and boulevard improvements this year will be based on a permanent park and boulevard scheme, says Welfare Director Newcomer.

The council finance committee Wednesday night approved Councilman Northrup's resolution authorizing a \$100,000 park and boulevard bond issue with the primary purpose of providing additional work for the unemployed.

The welfare director recommended that this be raised to a \$350,000 bond issue that the work might be carried on without interruptions necessary for the authorizing and advertising of the bonds.

The laying down of a permanent program of park improvement should not be overlooked in the necessity for providing jobs for those out of work. C. H. English, recreational expert here recently, said that the Toledo Park system has the possibilities of being developed into one of the best in the country.

LEAGUE IS OPPOSED TO SUPPORTING PUBLIC UTILITIES BY GEN- ERAL TAXATION

A League has been organized with Alfred H. Lundin as chairman to oppose the support of public utilities by general taxation. Mr. Lundin in one of his speeches recently, said this:

"Before embarking on a financial policy unknown to any American city for our street car line, it is well to consider the interests which will be benefited by the proposed measure. Who is the party with the greatest

interest at stake? Is it not the corporation owning \$15,000,000 in street railway bonds received for the system?

"The bonds, it is reported, are considered to be worth 70 cents on the dollar. Erickson proposes to make them worth 100 cents on the dollar and to hand the bondholders \$4,500,000 in increased bond values on a silver platter. He would give Stone & Webster everything they have been unable to get so far in the courts. Stone & Webster and the men who sold this line for \$15,000,000 certainly are laughing with glee over the Erickson plan.

Erickson Plan is Gold Brick

"The Erickson plan is a gold brick, a political stunt and an untried experiment by which Erickson is willing to force the total tax rate to 84 mills in 1923, in contrast with 63 today.

"The 1922 operation and maintenance appropriation for the system is \$5,100,000, and this sum multiplied by eighteen years is \$91,800,000, which Erickson proposes to fasten on in additional taxes while collecting \$15,000,000 plus interest out of his 3-cent fare to hand to Stone & Webster.

"If the Erickson plan of having the property owners pay for the maintenance and operation of the street car system, extensions and renewal to be paid for by the car rider is sound, why doesn't San Francisco, which has owned its system longer than we have, and has a lower tax rate, try it out? Why doesn't the municipality of Detroit, which has just purchased the street car system, attempt the Erickson plan, instead of announcing that the street car patron is to pay for the cost of the service? Why doesn't Cleveland, which has tried most everything in street car policies, attempt the Erickson plan? Voters in those cities care too much for their jobs and the prosperity of their community to monkey with such a scheme."

Seattle Man Must Pay

Mr. Lundin ridiculed Mr. Erickson's plea that his plan will make the absentee property owner pay more taxes. He said: Erickson has used the L. C. Smith Building as an example. Erickson says 'Let's make the New York men who own the L. C. Smith Building put up more taxes and pay for part of some-

body's ride here'. Suppose the Erickson plan passes. The L. C. Smith Building will pay, under the Erickson plan, at least \$19,390 additional taxes in 1923. The management will promptly divide that sum by 600 and pass that along in increased rentals, or \$32 an office, to Seattle men occupying the office.

"Will the Second Avenue department stores, whose taxes are increased \$73,000, dig that money out of its own pocket? No. It will put that extra \$73,000 on the cost of its retail goods, and again the tax goes back to the ultimate consumer, who is possibly a home owner and a street car rider.

"The defeat of the Erickson plan will mean the erection of several million dollar buildings, in addition to other investments, which will not come if the tax rate is increased. Seattle needs jobs more than anything else, and the Pacific Coast investments will go to Tacoma, Portland, San Francisco and Los Angeles, whose 1923 tax rate will be far below that of Seattle in the event the Erickson bill passes.

"Six days unemployment in 1923 for a five dollar a day man will wipe out the apparent saving he will make under a 3-cent fare, even if this man has to pay no extra taxes or is not hit by any extra living costs. There are other ways to get a lower fare than by putting the street car system on the tax roll. The fare should be reduced, but not by resorting to this wild taxation scheme."

WHY BELLEVILLE ADOPTED THE CITY MANAGER PLAN

By W. M. Slopansky,
City Manager, Belleville

I will give you a few of the steps in the obtaining of city management of Belleville. The Mayor and Chamber of Commerce were backed by the feeling of the people that they wanted to try any new improvement in the government. The mayor finally called a mass meeting. He told them that they would be given an opportunity to talk over the commission form of government and the city-manager plan. At the meeting he told of the resources of the city of

Belleville, showed what a large business it was, and what was invested there—nearly a half-million dollars in city-owned property, light, water, and electric light plants and fine sewer system. In fact, we had nearly a half-million wrapped up in city property. He asked if any business man would try to run his business the way the city was run.

In this campaign a great many things came up. They talked of how it had been run by politics. One man said he could recall when a great deal of money had been spent by Republicans and Democrats, and the Republicans having the majority, they always had a Republican mayor. Our light plant burned down and it was discovered that the man in charge of the plant had allowed the insurance policy to run out and had not renewed it so we had no insurance. This would not have happened if we had had the manager plan of government for the manager would have been looking after these things. The change was not brought about on account of any graft, it was just for a better government. They thought if they had a manager and three men selected in a non-political way that they would have some one to be responsible. The manager would have to submit a budget and they could see just how and where the money was going to be spent.

We thought we had a well-run government under the mayor and council, but there were a good many small leaks. Now what were some of them? I will give you a few. For instance, out at the cemetery we have had a man employed at \$100 per month and \$8.00 extra for digging a grave, and he was always complaining about the grass getting ahead of him, etc. I had occasion to go out there one day and found him asleep under a tree. If we had a manager on the job he would see that we had efficient help. In our light plant we trusted all our buying to an engineer. He was a good, whole-hearted fellow, but if a man came around with some new invention he would buy it, no matter what it cost, and that bill would be allowed. It would be the duty of the manager to look after the purchases. While the salary is not large, it

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is no trouble in the small details alone, for the manager to pay that back to the city or save the city that much in purchases alone.

If one of the two lumbermen in town was on the council, the other man would also be on the council. One of these men said he had not sold a dollars worth of lumber to the city of Belleville for some time. Now we were going to build four pump houses in Belleville and I told him to submit his bid and when the bids were all in we would buy where we could do the best. He said, "That is not business. I want to sell the lumber and I have to have the profit." He finally did submit a bid, through the carpenters. We finally let the bid to an out-of-town contractor, and saved \$121 on each building. We drew up the specifications and the buildings were put up according to them.

It is no trouble to save the salary paid the manager.

St. Paul, Minn., and Denver, Colo., have found that a saving can be made in the cost of municipal construction work by the plan of employing labor directly, instead of letting out contracts for the work. —Municipal Reference Library Notes.

And Keep the Change

"My man, I'll hire you and pay your fifty dollars a day to do my worrying for me."

"Where are you going to get the fifty dollars a day to pay me?"

"That's the first thing you'll have to worry about."

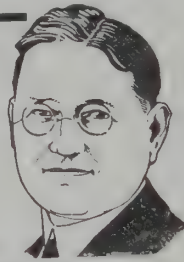
The trouble with us inhabitants of the earth is that we don't see off it enough.

HARTGE & CADWALLADER
Attorneys 521 Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In the Matter of the Estate of Thomas
F. Hanfin, Deceased. In Probate.
No. 30809. Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Flint L. Keating, has been appointed and has qualified as executor of the will of the above named Thomas F. Hanfin, deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased or against said estate are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said executor or his attorneys of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service, within six months from the 18th day of March, 1922, the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

FLINT L. KEATING,
As Executor of said Will.
Attorneys for the Executor. Office
HARTGE & CADWALLADER,
and Post Office Address: 521 Central
Building, Seattle, Washington.
First pub. Mch 18, 1922. 4t Apr 8

G. A. CUSTER—F. E. JAMES
Attorneys 1020 L. C. Smith Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
Irene N. Adams, Plaintiff, vs. George
W. Adams, Defendant. No. 157218.
Summons.
The State of Washington to the said
George W. Adams, Defendant:
You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty days after the date of the
first publication of this summons, to-
wit, within sixty days after the 25th
day of February, 1922, and defend the
above entitled action in the above en-
titled court, and answer the complaint
of the plaintiff and serve a copy of
your answer upon the undersigned at-
torneys for plaintiff at their office be-
low stated; and in case of your failure
so to do, judgment will be rendered
against you according to the demand
of the complaint, which has been filed
with the clerk of said court. The ob-
ject of this action is to procure judg-
ment for a divorce, the care, custody
and control of the minor children of
the parties, alimony, costs and attor-
neys' fees and the sum of \$5,000.
G. A. CUSTER—F. E. JAMES,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.
Office and P. O. Address: Room 1020
L. C. Smith Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Feb. 25, 1922. 6t Apr 1

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. XII. NO. 13.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, APRIL 8, 1922.

PRICE 10 CENTS

LEAGUE COMMITTEE REPORTS ON MAYORALTY AND COUNCILMANIC CANDIDATES

The special committee appointed by the Board of Trustees to investigate the qualifications of candidates for the office of mayor and for the council brought its report to the Board of Trustees at its meeting Monday noon, at which time it was voted to submit the report to the membership. At the regular meeting of the League last Tuesday noon, the report was presented by Frank P. Helsell, chairman of the committee, and the motion to adopt the report was carried without a dissenting vote.

The complete report follows:

INTRODUCTORY ADDRESS

By Robert Howes, Vice-President of the Municipal League.

Under our system of primary elections any citizen who possesses the necessary legal qualification may become a candidate for city office.

This naturally results in a large number of candidates and a divided vote. Many of the aspirants are not personally known to the average voter and accordingly a well known name or one having organized support is at an advantage although not representing the natural choice of the majority.

It has been one of the most important functions of the Municipal League each year to make an investigation of the various candidates and give to the public the benefit of their findings and to this end the officers and trustees select a representative committee in whom they feel the membership can put their trust to undertake this investigation. The task is a burdensome one, with no compensation except the satisfaction of feeling that a disagreeable duty has been performed for the benefit of the city. Disagreeable because in a short space of time it is necessary to classify the personality and capacity of each candidate as related to the office he seeks and render

as full and unbiased a verdict as is humanly possible. Knowing that the success or failure of the aspirant in achieving his ambition will very probably be decided thereby.

The committee this year is composed of: Frank P. Helsell, Chairman; C. E. Bogardus; Dan Earle; Laurence Booth; W. E. Henry.

They have worked hard, held many meetings, interrogated the various candidates and arrived at conclusions which their chairman, Mr. Frank P. Helsell, now presents,

Gentlemen:

The special committee appointed for you for the purpose of investigating and reporting upon the qualifications of candidates for the offices of Mayor and City Councilmen at the coming election, reports as follows:

This committee has held a total of eight sessions and has had the privilege of interviewing all of the candidates for mayor and all except two of the candidates for City Council, and in the formulation of this report has had, not only the benefit of a personal interview with said candidates, but also in most instances has had a written statement from the candidate as to certain pertinent facts.

The committee in each instance has attempted to give a few facts in regard to the candi-

date, a brief summary of his convictions upon important issues before the city at the present time and the conclusions of the Committee as to the qualifications of the candidate for the office he seeks. We have set forth this information and these conclusions in regard to the following candidates, who are hereby listed in alphabetical order.

* * *

FOR MAYOR OF THE CITY

Dr. E. J. Brown

Dentist, lawyer and apple rancher; has lived in Seattle twenty-one years; favors five cent fare, but believes Erickson measure is premature and inopportune; favors going ahead with Skagit River project; principal object in filing was to stop improper bond sales, to remove unnecessary employees from city payroll and eliminate graft.

Believes wages should not be reduced unless absolutely necessary and should be with employees' consent.

Five cent fare should be adopted in any event.

Left the Socialist party in 1916.

Shows familiarity with civic problems and definite ideas thereon; Dr. Brown has been repeatedly an unsuccessful candidate for office; review of past political activities suggests doubt as to his working in harmony with other branches of city government.

T. J. Cunningham

56 years old; lived in Seattle 20 years. Is doing a general insurance business under the name of T. J. Cunningham & Co. of which he is president, at 220-1-2 Railway Exchange Building; is representative of the Underwriters for the Northwest; business is so organized that he can give his entire time to the office.

Was a volunteer soldier and officer in the Spanish War. Is a member of the Bolo Club.

Has never held public office or been active in civic affairs but considers his military and business training fits him for the office, so he can give a real business administration.

Is emphatically opposed to the Erickson ordinance, but believes the car fare should be reduced as soon as practicable.

Is in favor of first unit of the Skagit, would develop the balance as necessity demands.

In favor of better business principles in the City Hall---less politics. That the city employees should not receive higher salaries than like positions in the business world.

If elected will make personal survey of all departments with a view of retrenchment and economy. Believes the mayor should keep check on all details.

Filed because he thought he could do something for the city by giving it a business administration.

Believes in City Manager and that the Mayor should act as such as much as the laws allow him to.

* * *

Dan Landon

Age 45 years, has practiced law in Seattle for twenty-one years and has represented his district in the State Senate since 1921.

Opposed to the Erickson Bill; believes car fare should be re-

Candidates for School Board Will Address the Municipal League Tuesday Noon, April 11th

At the L. C. Smith Building Restaurant

Candidates: Claude H. Eckart, Dr. C. W. Sharples, E. G. Taylor, George H. Revelle, Dr. Charles C. Tiffin, and Dean Burkheimer.

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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Telephone Main 6282

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duced to five cents or four for twenty-five; but not in favor of taking from general fund to help the car fund; believes there are too many car line employees; should complete Skagit River first unit; Public Utilities should be self-supporting as a general rule; City should not sell power outside of the city limits; would cut 25% of expense of various departments by cutting down number of employees; favors Civil Service and would give heads of departments more power, but not the power to absolutely remove employees.

Principal object in running for Mayor was to cut down taxes and improve conditions; has no campaign committee; would abolish the jitneys; licensing cabarets should be under the Police Department.

Statement of beliefs vague and showed no particular grasp of civic problems; well intentioned but not especially qualified by experience, personality or ability for the office of Mayor.

* * *

Ira D. Lundy

Age 54; resident of city 15 years. Canneryman and general merchandiser, as president and general manager Salmon Bank Canning Co. In present business six years; previously seven years in automobile business.

Has held but one public office—that of city councilman, Seattle, 1914 and 1915. Represents no particular group or class of citizens. Service in the council satisfactory, but not outstanding in any respect. Does not favor the Erickson "Three-cent" fare, plan, but believes that ultimately some financial aid must be given from general fund in addition to the income derived from fares. Is in favor of the Skagit development.

Has no very definite information about city business. No particular policy to embody in his administration if elected, other than a general harmonizing and co-operation of all municipal governing agencies. Is not fixed in any policy or forceful in presentation of his beliefs. Not the type of man most needed in the Mayor's office at this time.

Walter F. Meier

Lawyer, 52 years of age. At present Corporation Counsel of the city. Was Chief Deputy in the Prosecuting Attorney's office of King County in 1925 and 1926, and First Assistant Corporation Counsel of the city in 1917 and 1918.

Opposes the Erickson Street Car Ordinance.

Favors lower taxes, completion of the Gorge Creek plant on Skagit River, consolidation of city and county governments, self-sustaining public utilities, municipal efficiency, and a business administration.

A man of ability, character and energy, with an intimate knowledge of city affairs, and well qualified by experience, study and temperament for the position of mayor.

* * *

Charles H. Miller

Age 52 years; lawyer and business man; does not represent any group. Has resided here for eight years and has made Seattle his home since 1889. Some experience in mining in Alaska.

He opposes Erickson measure. Favors delay in completion of Skagit project after carrying out existing contracts until market for current can be found. Believes under good management 5c fare should be possible in ninety days. Says there 35% to 40% too many street car department employees. Believes public utilities should be self-supporting; number of city employees can be reduced one-third. Has been candidate before for Mayor, Superior Court Judge and Congress.

Committee believes candidate too optimistic about what he can accomplish and without adequate experience to serve in office he seeks.

* * *

H. S. Turner

56 years of age. A real estate operator of this city for 32 years; an owner of much real estate, a heavy taxpayer. Is opposed to Erickson measure, favors completion of first unit of Skagit project. Believes street car fares now too high but doesn't favor resorting to general fund. Would

consolidate all utilities so weak may be helped by strong; wages of street car employees too high. Opposed to present system of civil service. Not running on petition of any organized body but to reduce taxes and give public utilities business management. Has never held public office.

Mr. Turner is a successful business man and useful citizen. Is not especially equipped by study or experience to be mayor of the city.

FOR ELECTION TO THE CITY COUNCIL

Alexander J. Allen

Age 53 years and has been a resident of Seattle forty-six years; shipwright by occupation. Mr. Allen is apparently against the Erickson measure; believes in Public Utilities maintaining themselves, but not purchasing themselves; would reduce the street car fare if possible, but would take from the general fund if necessary to help out; would finish the first unit of the Skagit, and if necessary to pay from the general fund; is familiar with the use of machinery and handling crews of workmen.

Knows of no extravagance in city administration and knows of no way to save expenses. Mr. Allen is experienced in construction enterprises and the handling of men, but is not familiar with civic questions or policies.

* * *

E. L. Blaine

59 years old; has lived in Seattle 31 years. Manager the Neptune Building and Theatre. President Puritan Theatre Co; Secretary-treasurer Graff Construction Co. and Nitrogen Products Co. Is heavy taxpayer, was member of first Civil Service Commission and member of city council 1910-13.

Opposed to Erickson measure. Believes that all Public Utilities should pay their own way and that earnings of one should not be used to aid another. Favors Skagit project. Believes that large saving can be made in all city departments; that city employees should not receive higher salaries than for similar work in general business. Platform is largely tax reduction.

His connection with city affairs and his business training well qualify him for the office.

A. G. Barbour

A commercial salesman, 52 years of age; now connected with the Lee Broom and Duster Company.

Against Erickson carfare ordinance. Believes street car system could be made to pay on a low fare but is against taking any money from general fund for street car purposes. Favors completion of first unit of Skagit plan. Would endeavor to reduce tax rate by cutting out waste avoiding extravagance and keeping down crime. Particularly interested in the morality of the City. Has never held public office.

Mr. Barbour is a useful public citizen but not especially qualified by experience or study for the office.

* * *

Clare S. Colegrove

50 years of age; in the state county and city 25 years. Now in the restaurant business. Former business experience—buyer and manager Stone Fisher Co. and Bon Marche.

Will devote enough time to the office if elected. Does not favor Erickson measure. Believes street car fare can be reduced, but not to five cents. Does not favor drawing on the general fund. Each utility must be self-supporting. Has no particular measure to put through. Does not know exactly what can be done to reduce taxes, but feels that many contracts are let too loosely. Number of city employees should be reduced. No particular department in mind.

Has collected considerable statistical material concerning the Skagit, and the street railway problems. Is an intelligent citizen, has made some study of city affairs and might be useful to the council.

* * *

E. B. Cox

Age 49; assistant to president of Washington Mutual Savings Bank; appraiser and real estate expert. Induced to run by citizens committee. Does not favor Erickson measure. Against resort to general fund to aid public utilities; believes fares may be reduced by rigid economy. Street car system should be taken out of politics; that it can't be run efficiently under present political system. Is now earning more than councilman's salary.

as held no public office.

Impresses committee as intelligent citizen who would give city good service.

* * *

Clifford H. Clark

57 years of age; in wholesale butter and egg business. Opposed to Erickson street car ordinance. Favors lower street car fare, but has no definite plan. Favors completion of first Skagit unit.

Has never been a candidate for public office before.

Mr. Clark is a good average business man, with praiseworthy intentions for betterment in city affairs, but with no definite plan for carrying them out and no special qualifications for the office.

* * *

A. T. Drake

42 years old; resided in Seattle 10 years; now member of City Council; has been on city payroll for 18 years; voted for the Skagit project. Did not care to express opinion on Erickson ordinance. Did not seem to have definite ideas on larger policies of city government excepting those pertaining to city employment. Has not made sufficiently strong record in city council to entitle him to re-election.

* * *

Charles H. Gallant

32 years old; resided in King County 21 years, in Seattle 9 years. At present local representative of the International Correspondence School. For several years in electrical sales operating and engineering service with Seattle-Tacoma Power Company, Puget Sound Light & Power Co. and City Light Department. At last election was supported by Labor Union vote. Was active in drive which resulted in city acquiring Skagit site.

Is opposed to Erickson ordinance, but thinks we should have five cent fare, balance paid out of general fund.

Believes city employees should have right to organize, but right to strike would depend upon circumstances. Is especially interested in public utilities and getting cheaper current.

Possesses valuable experience in electrical field, but lacks broad training necessary to fit in the position he seeks.

* * *

Frank D. Haydon

45 years old; born Santiago,

Chili; lived in Seattle ten years. Has had experience in railway engineering and construction work. For last four years has been professor of railway engineering in the University of Washington.

Favors first unit of Skagit project; opposed to Erickson measure. Believes in refunding street railway bonds by issue of long term obligations. A student of railroad financing, actuated by high motives in filing, but inexperienced in city affairs. As the adoption of his theories would be only remotely probable, he would not be an effective member in the council.

* * *

Henry D. Hall

Age 58 years. In the state 33 years, in city and county ten years. In fuel and building material business.

Believes all public utilities should be self-sustaining. Opposed to Erickson car fare ordinance. Would develop Skagit project through the units already planned and later as rapidly as there is a demand for the current.

Has always favored public ownership of light and water plants. Each utility must sustain itself. Only slightly familiar with city affairs. Very emphatic in stating opinions. Has no specific devices to propose for the betterment of city government, or decrease of tax rates. Put forward by West Seattle organizations.

Is an energetic, wide awake citizen, but has no outstanding qualifications for the office.

* * *

M. G. Johansen

Age 34 years. At present manager of the Millionair Club, an organization for relief of the unemployed. Formerly real estate and business chance broker; also in Police Department. Resided in Seattle 4½ years. Not familiar with Erickson ordinance. Believes in measures to reduce crime and create jobs for the unemployed. Believes tax rate should be reduced but offers no definite suggestions. Candidate is doing valuable work on social lines in present position, and has serious and altruistic motives in desire to better conditions in the city.

Candidate has made no study of municipal problems, has only

vague suggestions for city betterment; not especially fitted for the council.

* * *

Fred W. Kelly

Civil engineer; 41 years old, unmarried; in Seattle 28 years; candidate for council on two or three former occasions.

Opposes the Erickson street car ordinance; favors five cent fare if it can be made to pay. Looks upon the Skagit project as a failure. Believes that the city will lose whether it continues the improvement now begun or stops now. Would not give full time to councilmanic service but such as is necessary to do the work.

Possesses considerable knowledge concerning the city, especially in engineering lines. Very critical of all branches of city government. His frequent communications to the city council and general attitude toward city make his ability to co-operate with rest of council doubtful.

* * *

Mrs. Henry Landes

Is opposed to the Erickson street car ordinance; favors a lower street car fare without going into the general fund.

Believes in a business administration and also that there are problems affecting the welfare, morals, health and whole life of the citizen's that need a woman's viewpoint in solving.

Is deeply interested in the housing problem and slum conditions now creeping into the city.

Mrs. Landes is a student of sociology and municipal government; has taken a prominent part in the women's activities of the city; served two terms as President of the City Federation of Women's Clubs. Those desiring women on the city council can do no better than to vote for Mrs. Landes.

* * *

Hugh McSorley

A resident of Seattle 38 years; formerly in bottling business; a property owner, now retired from active business. Is opposed to Erickson ordinance. Is not in favor of any present reduction in street car fares. Would not complete the Skagit until we need current. Believes all public utilities should be self-supporting; that councilmen's salaries should

be reduced one-third to one-half; that city employees should not receive more than private employees in similar lines. He has made no study of municipal affairs.

* * *

Mrs. Kathryn Miracle

A widow; in real estate and insurance business. Resided in Seattle 16 years; has been in business as legal stenographer, accountant and real estate for twenty years; believes in Seattle and its future. Is opposed to Erickson measure; does not believe in supporting public utilities out of general fund; favors completion of first unit of Skagit. Thinks women in council can bring about more economy than men. Is much interested in reducing the tax rate. Believes in elimination of waste in city government.

Committee believes candidate lacks kind of training and experience necessary for office she seeks.

* * *

H. Alvin Moore

Has been a locomotive engineer since 1889; is against the Erickson measure; favors a five cent fare, but not if it requires assistance from the general fund;

as on the Industrial Code Commission of the State; favors the Skagit development as very important; would make Public Utilities pay for themselves.

Mr. Moore has made a study of many phases of civic administration and has original ideas thereon.

* * *

William Hickman Moore

Is one of the present incumbents. Has been a member of city council for six years. Was formerly mayor of Seattle and Judge of Superior Court. Has a wide and intimate knowledge of the city's affairs. Believes weight of argument is against Erickson measure; that each utility should be self-supporting and would not vote for any street car fare which would create a deficit in railway fund. Says car system is not in politics now and that wages of street car men are fair.

Mr. Moore's long service in the office for which he is a candidate for re-election renders any particular comment by the committee unnecessary. Those who are satisfied with the manner in which the affairs of the city generally have been conducted during the last six years should vote for Mr. Moore; those who are not satisfied should vote for some other candidate.

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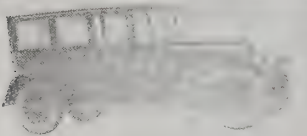
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Hugh T. Parker

45 years of age; resident of Seattle for 25 years; has been City Sanitary Inspector fifteen years and knows Seattle thoroughly; has not held an elective office.

Would carry out Erickson plan if the people so voted; believes five cent fare should be restored and if line does not pay let it go back to Stone-Webster; if necessary the general fund could be called on.

Filed at request of friends; thinks the big loss in City expenses comes between budget making times in deficiency appropriations.

Not many unnecessary employees on the city pay rolls and there should not be much reduction in salaries; salaries should depend on living conditions; and the city is entitled to the best employees.

Apparently efficient in his previous work, but not possessed of experience outside; can best serve the city in his present position.

IN JUSTICE'S COURT Before JOHN T. Justice of the Peace in and for Seattle Precinct, King County, State of Washington.
R. Koemgsberg, Plaintiff, vs. L. J. Glendenin, Defendant.
No. 39451. Summons for Publication.
State of Washington, County of King, ss.
The State of Washington to L. J. Glendenin:

You, and each of you, are hereby notified that R. Koemgsberg has filed a complaint against you in said Court, which will come on to be heard at my office in Room 406 County-City Building, Seattle, King County, Washington, on the 2nd day of May, A. D., 1922, at the hour of 9:30 o'clock A. M., and unless you appear, and then and there answer, the same will be taken as confessed and the demand of the plaintiff granted. The object and demand of said complaint is to recover judgment against said L. J. Glendenin for a balance due in the sum of Forty-five (\$45.00) Dollars and costs of this action, for services rendered by Western Adjustment Agency at the special instance and request of defendant which claim was assigned to this plaintiff.

Filed March 23rd, A. D., 1922.

JOHN B. WRIGHT,
Justice of the Peace, Seattle Precinct,
King County, Washington.
First pub. March 25, 1922. 4t Apr 15

CARKEEK, McDONALD, HARRIS &
CORYELL

Attorneys 1164 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Gertina
Carlander, Deceased. No. 30913.
Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as executor of the estate of Gertina Carlander, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said executor or his attorneys of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, March 25, 1922.

CLARENCE R. CARLANDER,
Executor of said Estate.
Address, 1164 Empire Bldg,
Seattle, Wash.

CARKEEK, McDONALD, HARRIS &
CORYELL, Attorneys for Estate,
1164 Empire Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
First pub. March 25, 1922. 4t Apr 15

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William C. Zimmer

45 years of age; has resided in Seattle seven years; employed by Pacific Coast Steel Company as heater and for the last seven years has taken a prominent part in conferences of employers and employees to settle the wages and working conditions in steel industries, local and national.

Believes Erickson measure dangerous and would be too burdensome to industries. Public utilities should be self-supporting; would develop Skagit to first unit and later to meet needs.

Particular purpose in filing is to encourage new industries and lower tax rates; against waste through duplication or otherwise and for all reasonable economy.

Mr. Zimmer's past experience has apparently well fitted him for working with other men in conference and council and his election would give representation to the industrial side of the city's interests.

The committee has not interviewed Mr. George Parker and Mr. T. H. Bolton, nor received any written information concerning them. The committee, therefore, furnishes no information and expresses no opinion upon them.

Respectfully submitted,
FRANK P. HELSELL
Chairman
DAN EARLE
W. E. HENRY
L. S. BOOTH
C. E. BOGARDUS

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Seattle Municipal News

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VOL. XII. NO. 14.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, APRIL 15, 1922.

PRICE 10 CENTS

ASPIRANTS FOR BOARD ADDRESS THE LEAGUE

By Eimon L. Wienir, Secretary

Five candidates for the school board addressed the League in person at its meeting Tuesday noon. One candidate, unable to attend because of bereavement in his family, sent his statement which was read by the writer to the members; and one remaining candidate will appear before the League at a later time.

A statement of the candidates follows:-

Dean Burkheimer: I am a candidate because I am interested in the public schools, having four boys in the schools of this city. I have nothing to sell to the school board nor do I represent anybody who has anything to sell to the board. We want our taxes reduced to the least possible amount, but it must be remembered that the highest duty of a state is to educate and to train its people. It must be a practical and useful education, and it must cultivate its children morally, mentally and physically. No thinking citizen, to my mind, will impair the school efficiency by drastic reduction in taxation. When it is borne in mind that in 1918 we spent \$9,000,000 for school purposes and that two years later, in 1920, \$22,000,000 was spent for luxuries, we must come to the conclusion that if it is necessary to reduce, we could do so by cutting out useless expenditures for luxuries. I do not believe in cutting wages of the teachers. I believe we should have manual training for boys and domestic science for girls, and a reasonable amount of athletic training. I don't know that there is any waste in our system, but if there is, I shall expose it."

Claude H. Eckart: A man who is out looking in is in a much different situation than the man who is in looking out. I have made a study of the various de-

partments of our school system, and I believe that these departments are functioning as satisfactorily as though they were operated by a private corporation. There is less dead wood in the Seattle school system than is contained in any private corporation. I believe in reduction of taxes. I believe that costs must be reduced, but where are you going to cut them? The present cost of maintaining our system is high primarily for two reasons: first, because we haven't paid our bills in the past (we are still paying the bonds issued in payment of the Broadway High School), and secondly, we have twice the number of schools maintained in other cities, due to our own peculiar necessity—the topographical situation of our city is such that we must have them."

Mr. Eckart then analyzed the grades given to pupils in the Seattle schools to show the character of work done, and gave, as a conclusion from the facts presented, that the percentage of failures of Seattle students in the University is less than that of any other city in the state.

Dr. C. W. Sharples: The candidate stated that he was urged to run by numerous Seattle citizens, and that he felt it his duty to serve the city after devoting all of his time for the past thirty years to the profession of medicine. He argued that there was no fundamental difference in the policy between himself and the other candidates,

ly a matter of personality. "We are here in order to sell ourselves and concluded that it was simple."
(Continued on Page 2.)

CORRECTION MADE IN INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE REPORT

In publishing the report of the Investigating Committee on mayoralty and councilmanic candidates, the printers made several errors in the report on Walter F. Meier, mayoralty candidate, and left out the conclusions of the committee on T. J. Cunningham. In order to correct the errors thus made, the report on Walter F. Meier, with the exception of the conclusions of the committee, is herein reprinted. The committee's conclusions on Meier, Cunningham and the other candidates are reprinted in another portion of this issue. The statement of Mr. Meier follows:

WALTER F. MEIER

Lawyer, 42 years of age. At present Corporation Counsel of the city. Was Chief Deputy in the Prosecuting Attorney's office of King County in 1915 and 1916, and First Assistant Corporation Counsel of the city in 1917 and 1918.

Opposes the Erickson Street Car Ordinance.

Favors lower taxes, the completion of the Gorge Creek plant on Skagit River, consolidation of city and county governments, self-sustaining public utilities, municipal efficiency, and a business administration.

CITY COUNCIL PASSES OFF-PEAK ORDINANCE

By the Secretary

One of the most important pieces of legislation which the City Council has passed upon recently was the Off-Peak Power Ordinance permitting manufacturers a rebate of 25% on power used during the off-peak hours. The ordinance fixes off-peak hours as being from 4:30 p. m. to 9:30 p. m. The ordinance as passed was as originally drafted by Councilman William Hickman Moore.

The bill, as the committee recommended it for passage, contained a provision to the effect that the users of power should be charged peak rates in the event that they used power during the peak hours. Serious objection was made to this "joker" as it was called by the manufacturers, for the reason that most, if not all, of the plants used some little power during the peak hours even though practically all of its power was used during off-peak hours.

The ordinance as passed should help considerably in stimulating business in Seattle. The City Light Department has indeed made a huge concession. It is doubtful in the writer's mind if the cut in rate as made will not seriously handicap the City Light Department unless utmost good faith is practiced by the manufacturers. If the manufacturers run into the peak hours to any considerable extent, either the peak rates will have to be increased, or else the ordinance as passed will have to be considerably modified in the interests of the Light Department. Much has been made of the fact that the granting of the 25% rebate will stimulate business, and it is to be hoped that it will encourage not only present industries, but will encourage new industries to come to Seattle.

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

Published Weekly by the
MUNICIPAL LEAGUE OF SEATTLE

Telephone Main 6282

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J. T. Lawler, Ell. 6059, Ex-Officio Trustee

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

ASPIRANTS FOR BOARD ADDRESS THE LEAGUE

(Continued from page 1)

to you," said the candidate. "If you believe that I am honest, that I will make my office a business such as I have my professional practice, that I will devote a sufficient amount of time to the work, and that I will serve you to the best of my ability — better than the other candidates — vote for me."

F. G. Taylor: The candidate pointed out that this was the first year that the voters of Seattle had a real opportunity to vote upon school directors. Heretofore, he said, due to the special election of school electors, no more than from five to twenty thousand votes were cast for the office. This year, four or five times that number will vote upon the directors. The candidate said that he was familiar with the school work in four of the Pacific Coast states, having come here in 1906 as a representative of Dodd-Mead Co., a book company. The candidate stated that he was not in favor of the reduction of teachers' salaries but a "readjustment" of salaries. By readjustment he said he meant doing away with the seniority rule. "All teachers should not have to wait ten years before getting a maximum salary, as it should be easier to classify three grades of teachers in the order of their merit," he said. The candidate believes in manual training for boys, "but it may have been too

expensive," he concluded.

Dr. Charles C. Tiffin: The first requisite necessary to secure a director to the office is to have children in public schools," declared the candidate. He argued that there was no need for more lawyers on the board! The school board employes a lawyer by the year, and there is another attorney serving on the board. He believes, he said, in giving the superintendent the power which his name implies in fact, as well as in theory. The candidate promised to cut out "graft and duplicate positions" and to give his best possible attention to the office. He pointed to his record as County Coroner as being a good test as to his fitness for public office.

George H. Revelle, who submitted his statement to the League, stated that he was opposed to the reduction of teachers' salaries; that he does not believe in curtailing vocational training and domestic science, as at present conducted in Seattle schools. Vocational training, he said, has two purposes: "(1) That of directing along useful lines, those children in the schools who are unable to grasp or receive the regular course of training as laid down for them, and, (2) The disciplining and training of the mind and hands along practical and useful lines. Any course of study or application of mind or hands which better fits them (the pupils) to earn a living in the organized community under the established

laws, is of as great importance as learning the principles laid down in the text books covering an academic education."

The candidate further stated that, in his mind, the most important rule that the new school board should follow is the "building up and the maintaining of an efficient system of schools at the least possible expense consistent with efficiency."

INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE CONCLUSIONS ON MAYORALTY AND COUNCILMANIC CANDIDATES

Secretary's Note

Many requests have come to the office with respect to the conclusions of the Investigating Committee on the mayoralty and councilmanic candidates. The same are herewith reprinted for the convenience of members and their friends.

FOR MAYOR OF THE CITY

Dr. E. J. Brown

Shows familiarity with civic problems and definite ideas thereon; Dr. Brown has been repeatedly an unsuccessful candidate for office; review of past political activities suggests doubt as to his working in harmony with other branches of city government.

T. J. Cunningham

Mr. Cunningham, although a successful business man, of fine character and ideas, in not well enough versed in civic affairs to clearly understand the duties and limitations of the office of Mayor.

Dan Landon

Statement of beliefs vague and showed no particular grasp of civic problems; well intentioned but not especially qualified by experience, personality or ability for the office of Mayor.

Ira D. Lundy

Has no very definite information about city business. No particular policy to embody in his administration if elected, other than a general harmonizing and co-operation of all municipal governing agencies. Is not fixed in any policy or forceful in presentation of his beliefs. Not the type of man most needed in the Mayor's office at this time.

Walter F. Meier

A man of ability, character and

energy, with an intimate knowledge of city affairs, and well qualified by experience, study and temperament for the position of mayor.

Charles H. Miller

Committee believes candidate too optimistic about what he can accomplish and without adequate experience to serve in office he seeks.

H. S. Turner

Mr. Turner is a successful business man and useful citizen. Is not especially equipped by study or experience to be mayor of the city.

FOR ELECTION TO THE CITY COUNCIL

Alexander J. Allen

Knows of no extravagance in city administration and knows of no way to save expenses. Mr. Allen is experienced in construction enterprises and the handling of men, but is not familiar with civic questions or policies.

E. L. Blaine

His connection with city affairs and his business training well qualify him for the office.

A. G. Barbour

Mr. Barbour is a useful public citizen but not especially qualified by experience or study for the office.

Clare S. Colegrove

Has collected considerable statistical material concerning the Skagit, and the street railway problems. Is an intelligent citizen, has made some study of city affairs and might be useful in the council.

E. B. Cox

Impresses committee as intelligent citizen who would give city good service.

Clifford H. Clark

Mr. Clark is a good average business man, with praiseworthy intentions for betterment in city affairs, but with no definite plan for carrying them out and no special qualifications for the office.

A. T. Drake

42 years old; resided in Seattle 20 years; now member of City Council; has been on city payroll for 18 years; voted for the Skagit project. Did not care to express opinion on Erickson ordinance. Did not seem to have definite ideas on larger policies of city government excepting those pertaining to city employment.

Has not made sufficiently long record in city council to title him to re-election.

Charles H. Gallant

Possesses valuable experience in electrical field, but lacks broad training necessary to fit in the position he seeks.

Frank D. Hayden

Favors first unit of Skagit project; opposed to Erickson measure. Believes in refunding street railway bonds by issue of long term obligations. A student of railroad financing, actuated by high motives in filing, but inexperienced in city affairs. As the adoption of his theories would be only remotely probable, he would not be an effective member in the council.

Henry D. Hall

Is an energetic, wide awake citizen, but has no outstanding qualifications for the office.

M. G. Johansen

Candidate has made no study of municipal problems, has only vague suggestions for city betterment; not especially fitted for the council.

Fred W. Kelly

Possesses considerable knowledge concerning the city, especially in engineering lines. Very critical of all branches of city government. His frequent communications to the city council and general attitude toward city make his ability to co-operate with rest of council doubtful.

Mrs. Henry Landes

Mrs. Landes is a student of sociology and municipal government; has taken a prominent part in the women's activities of the city; served two terms as president of the City Federation of Women's Clubs. Those desiring women on the city council can do no better than to vote for Mrs. Landes.

Hugh McSorley

He has made no study of municipal affairs.

Mrs. Kathryn Miracle

Committee believes candidate lacks kind of training and experience necessary for office she seeks.

H. Alvin Moore

Mr. Moore has made a study of many phases of civic administration and has original ideas thereon.

William Hickman Moore

Mr. Moore's long service in the office for which he is a candidate for re-election renders any

particular comment by the committee unnecessary. Those who are satisfied with the manner in which the affairs of the city generally have been conducted during the last six years should vote for Mr. Moore; those who are not satisfied should vote for some other candidate.

Hugh T. Parker

Apparently efficient in his previous work, but not possessed of experience outside; can best serve the city in his present position.

William C. Zimmer

Mr. Zimmer's past experience has apparently well fitted him for working with other men in conference and council and his election would give representation to the industrial side of the city's interests.

The committee has not interviewed Mr. George Parker and Mr. T. H. Bolton, nor received any written information concerning them. The committee, therefore, furnishes no information and expresses no opinion upon them.

Respectfully submitted,
FRANK P. HELSELL
Chairman

DAN EARLE
W. E. HENRY
L. S. BOOTH
C. E. BOGARDUS

WHAT OTHER CITIES ARE DOING—

Sacramento, Cal., had a free city flower show in November. This was planned to benefit the city by its own beauty, but also as a start in a definite effort for city beautification.

Cleveland, Ohio, has adopted the city-manager form of government to take effect in 1924. The World's Work for April calls it "a revolutionary experiment in a democratic, controlled autocracy" for the council elected under the newly adopted Hare plan of proportional representation will presumably be representative of the city. This council will have an absolutely free hand in electing the city manager, and the city manager, after election, is to have a free hand in the administration of city affairs, subject only to the council's removal power.

According to the article in the World's Work the city manager amendment to the charter was carried in spite of serious opposition as a result of the disgusting character of the mayoralty campaign and popular discontent with machine politics.

The National Municipal Review for March reports that as a result of the changed form of government petitions for annexation votes have been started or are contemplated in twelve suburban districts.

The Tulsa, Oklahoma, street department has found a cheap and efficient method of marking streets. All street names are stenciled in black on a white background painted on the curbs. They are painted only on the right hand opposite corner, so that one driving down a street will be able to read the name of a cross street while approaching it.

The Toledo Community Traction Company published its first annual report as a supplement to the Toledo City Journal for March 18, 1922. Mr. Cann, the City Railway Commissioner, writes interestingly of the company's first year under the "service-at-cost" ordinance and reports that the Community Traction Company is earning enough to meet all of its obligations and is discounting its bills. In his recommendations for the coming year he mentions the building up of the fare stabilizing fund, the reduction of fares, and the regulation of busses. At present the company is operating on a seven cent cash fare with six tickets for forty cents.

Boise, Idaho, has modernized "Ye old towne meeting" according to the American City for February. A Community Council has been formed, made up of representatives from every organization in the city: churches, fraternal organizations, labor unions, women's clubs, parent-teacher circles, associations of professional men and women, and every racial group. Of course the Council has no legislative power but it promises to be a powerful influence in directing city affairs.

San Francisco's Municipal Railway's financial report for the year ending June 30, 1921, is on file at the Seattle Public Library.

Alameda County, Cal., has rejected a city-county manager charter. All the small cities voted "no" as they were unwilling to merge their individuality into the single municipality. Westchester County, N. Y., is facing the same difficulty in its

campaign for city-county government.

(Compiled by Seattle Public Library, Municipal Reference Division)

CITIES FIND CENTRAL GARAGE ECONOMICAL

A city taxi stand and a central municipal garage have been combined in a transportation system adopted by New York City which has found this plan more economical than the old one by which each department controlled its own motor vehicles.

New York has 25 cars on its municipal taxi stand outside the city hall.

Oakland, Calif., has a municipal garage under the supervision of the commissioner of streets.

San Francisco is considering the establishment of a municipal garage.

All motors in the Winnipeg, Man., city service, are repaired in one city garage.

The Toronto report recommends that police and fire vehicles should be separate but that repairs should be made at the municipal garage.

HILLMAN PAVING IS NOW ASSURED

On recommendation of district city engineer W. L. Thompson, the Orcas street paving proposition recently requested by petition, went to resolution this week, and plans will be prepared, a hearing held and the work expected to be ordered this Spring, in time it is stated to put the paving in this year.

The improvement is to include paving on Orcas street from 42d avenue south to 52d avenue south, on both sides of Rainier avenue. Lucile and Findley street petitions, which were filed at the same time as the Orcas street paving petition, are to be held in abeyance until the water mains are put in, in those streets, the latter of which property owners on those streets must petition for before the paving can go down.

EMPIRE WAY BIDS TO BE CALLED

Bids for the paving of Empire Way, from Cheasty boulevard at the high school to Henderson street, and for the paving of that street after the grading is completed to a width of 18 or 20 feet, will be called for next week, stated district city engineer W. L. Thompson last Thursday. The ordinance providing for this work was passed by the Council some years ago but bids could not be secured by the city for the work. The Renton avenue highway will cut through Rainier Valley in the vicinity of 32d avenue at the foot of Beacon Hill.

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2nd flec: Nope, on a tramp.

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STATEMENT OF THE OWNERSHIP,
MANAGEMENT, CIRCULATION,
ETC., REQUIRED BY THE ACT OF
CONGRESS OF AUGUST 24, 1912, OF
The Seattle Municipal News
published weekly at Seattle, Washington,
State of Washington, County of King, ss.
Before me, a notary public in and
for the State and county aforesaid,
personally appeared

C. W. BROWN,
who having been duly sworn according
to law, deposes and says that he is
the managing editor of

The Seattle Municipal News
and that the following is, to the best
of his knowledge and belief, a true
statement of the ownership, manage-
ment, etc., of the aforesaid publication
for the date shown in the above cap-
tion, required by the Act of August 24,
1912, embodied in section 443, Postal
Laws and Regulations, printed on the
reverse of this form, to-wit:

1. That the names and addresses of
the publisher, editor, managing editor,
and business managers are:
Publishers—Brown & White Corp.
Editor—Eimon L. Wienir.
Managing Editor—C. W. Brown, Seattle.
Business Manager—None.

That the owner is:
Municipal League of Seattle (a non-
profit producing corporation)

2. That the known bondholders,
mortgagees, and other security holders
owning or holding 1 per cent or more
of total amount of bonds, mortgages, or
other securities are:

There are none.

That the two paragraphs next
above, giving the names of the owners,
stockholders, and security holders, if
any, contain not only the list of stock-
holders and security holders as they ap-
pear upon the books of the company
but also, in cases where the stockhold-
er or security holder appears upon the
books of the company as trustee or in
any other fiduciary relation, the name
of the person or corporation for whom
such trustee is acting, is given; also
that the said two paragraphs contain
statements embracing said full
knowledge and belief as to the circum-
stances and conditions under which
stockholders and security holders who
do not appear upon the books of the
company as trustees, hold stock and
securities in a capacity other than that
of a bona fide owner; and this affiant
has no reason to believe that any other
person, association, or corporation has
any interest direct or indirect in the
said stock, bonds, or other securities
than as so stated by him.

C. W. BROWN,
Sworn to and subscribed before me
this 12th day of April, 1922.

(Seal) CARL G. NELSON,
(My Commission expires Jan. 29, 1925)

IN JUSTICE'S COURT Before JOHN
H. T. Justice of the Peace in
and for Seattle Precinct, King Coun-
ty, State of Washington.

R. Koemgsberg, Plaintiff, vs. L. J.
Glendennin, Defendant

No. 39451. Summons for Publication.
State of Washington, County of King,
ss.

The State of Washington to L. J. Glen-
dennin:

You, and each of you, are hereby no-
tified that R. Koemgsberg has filed a
complaint against you in said Court,
which will come on to be heard at my
office in Room 406 County-City Build-
ing, Seattle, King County, Washington,
on the 2nd day of May, A. D., 1922, at
the hour of 9:30 o'clock A. M., and un-
less you appear, and then and there
answer, the same will be taken as con-
fessed and the demand of the plaintiff
granted. The object and demand of
said complaint is to recover judgment
against said L. J. Glendennin for a
balance due in the sum of Forty-five
(\$45.00) Dollars and costs of this ac-
tion, for services rendered by Western
Adjustment Agency at the special in-
stance and request of defendant which
claim was assigned to this plaintiff.

Filed March 23rd, A. D., 1922.

JOHN B. WRIGHT,
Justice of the Peace, Seattle Precinct,
King County, Washington.

First pub. March 25, 1922. 4t Apr 15

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203 Peoples Bank Building

Phone Main 5773

And we will send Samples

A.: Bill, who do you think
does the most good H. Ford or
Bill Sunday?

B.: Easy, H. Ford.

A.: How come?

B.: H. Ford has shaken the
devil out of more men than Billy
Sunday.

CARKEEK, McDONALD, HARRIS &
CORYELL

Attorneys 1164 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Gertina
Carlander, Deceased. No. 30913.
Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the un-
dersigned has been appointed and has
qualified as executor of the estate of
Gertina Carlander, Deceased; that all
persons having claims against said de-
ceased are hereby required to serve the
same, duly verified, on said executor or
his attorneys of record at the address
below stated, and file the same with the
Clerk of said Court, together with proof
of such service within six months after
the date of first publication of this no-
tice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, March 25,
1922.

CLARENCE R. CARLANDER,
Executor of said Estate.
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Seattle, Wash.

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1164 Empire Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Mch. 25, 1922. 4t Apr 15

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SEATTLE, WASH.

Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

DL. XII. NO. 15.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, APRIL 22, 1922.

PRICE 10 CENTS

Views of Port Candidates Given League

Five candidates for the Port Commission addressed the League Tuesday noon, outlining their policies and qualifications for the office. Upon the suggestion of one of the candidates the order of speaking was reversed, and candidate Wood was the first speaker and George F. Cotterill the last. The feature of Tuesday's meeting was the singing of Henry O. Price, who rendered two beautiful and inspiring selections, and he was accompanied by James Hamilton Howe.

W. S. WOOD—The candidate spent most of his time in making a severe arraignment against the commissioners who are conducting the affairs of the Port at this time. "A political machine has been built up by the Port. This machine has created positions, discharged competent employees and has done all sorts of manner of things to advance its own interest, disregarding the interest of the port," declared Wood. The candidate charged that the loss sustained in 1921, amounting to nearly a quarter of a million dollars, was largely dueable to the lack of curtailment of expenses on the port of the commissioners. He said that, though in 1920 the port made a profit of one-half million dollars, in 1921 it lost a quarter of a million; and expenses, instead of being curtailed, were increased by \$100,000.

W. C. KEAN—The candidate took up the time allotted him by reading from a questionnaire which he had submitted to the Voters' Information League, giving his age, residence in Seattle and other pertinent facts concerning his candidacy. He is in favor of public employees receiving no higher wages than employees in private concerns, and also believed in the manag-

er form of government for the port. If elected, he would turn over the affairs of the port to a manager, he said. The Seattle Advisory Council had urged him to enter the race, he said.

R. E. DOWNIE—The candidate pointed to a revival of business as soon as conditions in Mexico and Russia were stabilized, and looked forward to a large volume of business with Japan. He predicted that the fight for the supremacy of the seas will be transferred from the Atlantic to the Pacific, and declared that there is plenty of business on the coast for all. Downie decried those who shout that big businesses are kept from Seattle by the high tax rate, saying that factory sites may be obtained on port property for a 6 per cent investment and there will be no taxes to pay. He also advocated making Seattle a free trade zone, where raw materials may be imported, made up, and no duties assessed if shipped out again. If shipped into the United States for consumption, duty would be charged. This would apply especially to silk, iron and hides, he said.

JULIUS G. DAY—Day took a decided stand in favor of a port manager. "The only way to get efficiency is to make one man responsible," he said. "At the grand jury investigation 57 employees testified, and only one man acknowledged that he worked. In one department alone I could remove employees to the tune of \$1,900 a month on the

payroll, and the work would go on just the same. You can hire the very best manager in the world for that amount of money."

GEORGE F. COTTERILL—George Cotterill outlined his work in connection with the port of Seattle as engineer and in other ways for the last 25 years. "Some things are wrong in the port today," he said, "but they are mere flyspecks in a great achievement." Cotterill said that one reason for the increased overhead was that \$2,000,000 bonds for a new dock are now carried as overhead. He upheld the 1-mill tax law that has been levied for the port, stating that Seattle this year will give the port \$300,000 from her taxes, while in Portland the port will receive \$1,000,000 from a similar source.

JUDGES VOTE FOR SPECIAL GRAND JURY

Eight King County Superior Court judges voted to call a special county grand jury to report Monday, May 8, and investigate charges of fraud and collusion made by a committee of Bellevue citizens against the county commissioners and Capt. J. L. Anderson, former superintendent of county transportation and now lessee of the county ferries on Lake Washington. The ninth judge, who is not in the city, had announced he would vote with the majority.

Presiding Judge Calvin S. Hall announced the calling of the
(Continued on Page 2.)

Why Was Mr. Meier Beaten?

By Eimon L. Wienir, Secretary

An astonishing question, that: "Why was Mr. Meier beaten?" Astonishing, to my mind, because Mr. Meier seemed to be eminently qualified for the position he was seeking, in temperament, in training and in experience. He was, moreover, well known to the electorate by reason of his long service in both county and city affairs. Why, then, was he defeated?

There are probably two or three reasons for his defeat, difficult to separate and place in the order of their importance. The first and primary reason, to my mind, was the fact that he was said to be a "hand-picked" candidate, selected by the Washington Union League, an organization but recently organized, and apparently formed for the very purpose of putting into office candidates selected by it. The Washington Union League, was and is now headed by men formerly active in the organization known as the Associated Industries which has never enjoyed the confidence of the majority of Seattle citizens. A vast number of voters resented the fact that any organization should pick its candidates for them—and pick them in advance.

The second reason for Meier's defeat, to my mind, lies in the fact that a great number of the voters wanted a complete change in the personnel now at the city hall. That was evidenced very clearly by the defeat of Councilman Drake and by Councilman William Hickman Moore pulling up to six place by the skin of his teeth.

And a third reason lies in Mr. Meier's official position as corporation counsel in connection with the street railway purchase from Stone & Webster. A great many

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

people, whether right or not makes no difference, believe that Mr. Meier was responsible in some way for not looking after the city's interest in the contract which was drawn between the private company and the city. Many voters also felt that Meier should not have resisted the 14 tax payers' suits to determine whether or not the general fund could be tapped to support deficits occurring from the operation of the railway. This group of voters contend that it was not up to the corporation counsel of the city to defend a suit virtually in interests of the private company.

And the last reason, and perhaps not least in importance, is the over-confidence on the part of Mr. Meier's friends, supporters and campaign committee that Meier would be nominated for the office. They looked forward to exerting their greatest energies after the primaries, believing without question Meier would be nominated. Whether his campaign committee was inefficient or not, the fact remains that thousands of our so-called "better citizens" did not vote at the primaries. There lies the trouble. Not until the voters take a genuine interest in city affairs and vote will we get the best character of men to run for and be elected to office.

JUDGES VOTE FOR SPECIAL GRAND JURY

(Continued from page 1)

special inquisitorial body after a

brief executive session in his chambers.

Prosecuting Attorney Malcom Douglas, who recommended to the court that a grand jury be called to investigate the charges, will direct the inquiry. He will marshal all the evidence submitted by the citizens of Bellevue and have it ready to present to the jurors so that their work may be expedited and the heavy expense of a special grand jury held to the minimum.

Special Venire to Be Called

A special venire will be called and from it the seventeen grand jurors will be chosen.

The petition for a grand jury was presented to Prosecutor Douglas last week and was signed by Thomas Daugherty, William Raine and W. H. Gilmore, all of Bellevue.

Denial of all charges made in the petition has been made by Commissioners Claude C. Ramsay, Lou C. Smith and Tom Dobson, and by Captain Anderson.

Presiding Judge Hall said the court had taken the attitude expressed by Prosecutor Douglas his recommendation that "the charges are sufficiently serious to warrant the calling of a grand jury so that their truth or falsity may be thoroughly inquired into. Some of the accusations are apparently frivolous. Others, if provable, would justify starting prosecutions, while if found to be unsupportable, the persons accused would doubtless receive the benefit of a vindication at the hands of an inquisitorial body. Owing to the wide publicity giv-

en this matter, I believe the public is interested in having it thoroughly probed."

Statements in Petition

That the commissioners and Captain Anderson, as superintendent of transportation, discredited the ferries under county operation and made it appear necessary to lease them is one charge in the petition. It is also alleged that the Commissioners and Captain Anderson had an agreement that he was to lease the ferries before bids were called and that communities on the east shore of Lake Washington were unable to lease individual ferries on this account.

The lease was made secretly under terms advantageous to Captain Anderson, whereby the county furnished him with supplies and fuel oil valued at \$100,000 and also agreed to pay insurance on the ferries and to keep up the terminals, according to the petition.

It is alleged in the petition that county fuel oil was sold to a towboat company and the money never turned in to the county; that several hundred dollars was spent in repairing private automobiles at a Leschi repair yard and the bill charged to repairs on the county steamboat Aquilo, and that tires were purchased for a private car and the bill charged to the ferry Leschi.

Lumber belonging to King County was appropriated by Captain Anderson and used to build a private building, the petition charges. Captain Anderson charged the expense of cleaning a personally owned boiler to the county, the petition alleges. It is further alleged that thousands of dollars worth of county fuel oil was used by Captain Anderson privately in 1919; that thousands of dollars was charged to the launch Dr. Martin and none of it expended on that vessel; that several hundred dollars was charged for repairs to the ferry Robert Bridges and none of it expended in that way, and that thousands of dollars of county business was handled by Captain Anderson at his private yard at Houghton without bids on the work being called.

Commissioner Ramsay used thousands of dollars of county money to increase the value of property on the east shore of Lake Washington between Me-

dina and Yarrow, which he and his wife own, according to the petition. It is also charged that \$10,000 of county money was used to build a dock and dredge a channel to the dock built at the southwest corner of Hunt's Point when there was an available pier on the southwest corner, with the purpose of increasing value of property owned by Commissioner Ramsay in the vicinity.

Still Further Charges

Further charges are that \$30,000 county money was used to build a "clubhouse" at Medina and enhance value of Commissioner Ramsay's land nearby, that a dishonest employee's maintenance was "covered" by the commissioners and Captain Anderson and the employee retained and that supplies for a year for the ferries were purchased by the county previous to turning the over to Captain Anderson last December, and that he was given six months to pay for the supplies.

Mail was carried on county ferries under a contract where Captain Anderson received no compensation, it is alleged.

Judge Hall said the grand jury next month will take up the work of the usual November grand jury and that none will be called this November. Duplication of expense will be avoided, Judge Hall said.

After the conclusion of the ferry inquiry, any other matter usually handled by a grand jury will be taken up, Judge Hall declared.

WHAT OTHER CITIES ARE DOING

Compiled by Seattle Public Library, Municipal Reference Division

BERKELEY, Cal., has an efficient police department, practically a model one, according to an article in the March number of the National Municipal Review. Mr. August Vollmer, chief, has a force of thirty-three men, of whom thirteen are university graduates. The police school maintained in Berkeley is credited by Mr. Fosdick in "American Police Systems" as being the most ambitious attempted in America. Patrolmen in this city is done de luxe, each man on the force provided

his own automobile for which he gets an allowance of \$30 a month and gasoline and oil. A very complete record system is one of the features of the Berkeley system and is the source of information for several valuable pin maps, one showing the distribution of crime about the city, another casualties and their nature, and a third juvenile delinquencies, maps which aid in the prevention work on which the department prides itself.

Zoning

Thirty-eight cities in the U. S. have now been zoned, and zoning is under way in forty-two more. A new development in New York is the adoption of 75 foot height limitation for the exclusive residential section of upper Fifth Ave. which will practically mean the limitation of this section of crime about the city, and according to the seventh yearbook of the City Manager's Association, there were in the United States and Canada in July 1921 245 cities operating under, or pledged to the city-manager form of government—a net gain of 60 over the number reported the previous year. Two hundred thirty-nine of these are in the United States and six in Canada. The yearbook gives brief reports of progress in about one hundred seventy-five of these cities together with accounts of the discussions which took place at the annual convention. Some of the subjects considered were: Practical budget procedure, Setting up of a city plan program, The occupational tax in Cincinnati, Making city owned utilities pay, Model building codes and housing laws.

TOLEDO has had a Talk Toledo Week, the object to "sell" Toledo to Toledoans. At neighborhood mass meetings speakers told of the cultural, industrial, and historical assets of the city, sites of historical interest in Toledo were marked, and a Fifty-year Club was formed composed of "old-timers". The week culminated in a Community Spell-down in which facts about the city were asked instead of the spelling of words.

She: I've kept an account of all our quarrels in this notebook.

He: I see, a sort of scrap-book.

FORMER LEAGUE PRESIDENT WRITES ON CRIME CORRECTION

Secretary's Note:—The following article, written by Austin E. Griffiths, president of the Municipal League in 1914 and at present one of the judges of the Superior Court of King County, appeared in a recent issue of the Seattle Times. Because of the League's interest in the writer as well as in his subject it is here reprinted in full.

By AUSTIN E. GRIFFITHS,
Judge of King County Superior Court

In the Times, issue of April 12, I saw a striking cartoon, descriptive of crime and disrespect for law.

I am not one who believes we are on the crest of a crime wave going to perdition. On the contrary, general conditions are better than they might well have been expected to be. This observation applies to most other countries as well as our own. The fact that conditions are no worse is evidence of the moral strength of our civilization.

In accordance with the Master's plan nature makes and un-makes its own. Man also shapes or misshapes his destiny. The undermining, corrupt, pulling down agencies are always at work. This is especially so in cities. Incessant vigilance at the dykes and building up alone saves what we have and gains something better.

Defects, evils and complaints are without number. Ideas and reform measures, both economic and general, are legion.

But, let me skip this wilderness of complaint and redress and complaint and come to one or two points of procedural policy and means. Last month I was looking over several of our big cities, in particular Los Angeles.

Lawlessness in Los Angeles

The rapid growth of that sister city is a remarkable tribute to material progress. If that were all or even the most important part of life, then that city should be given the crown.

But as I saw the city night and day, put it in the balance, there was something lacking. I said

at the time "the city is out of bounds,"—beyond reasonable and moral control. By thus singling out Los Angeles I do not imply that other cities may not be in this respect just as bad. I simply use the southern city to illustrate my point that our weakest spot is in the large city. There where the restraining, reforming and retributive forces should be and are assumed to be the strongest, they are the most inadequately applied.

Your cartoon led me to think again of Los Angeles as a present flagrant example of almost rampant lawlessness.

What I say is borne out by police figures of that city for the last month. Estimate of loot from burglary, theft and other crimes with damage to property, \$1,732,000. Eleven homicides or murders, thirty-five suicides, and twenty-one persons killed in accident. A total of 3,166 accidents. There were 850 burglaries. The total arrests for March were 6,344.

Other cities, as I have indicated, may differ only in degree from this rank record of lawlessness. But Detroit is now dealing firmly with the crime problem. The consolidation and business-like administration of its courts, with the cooperation of public officials, reduced crime in 1921 58 per cent below the record of 1920. Unfortunately this great reduction for Detroit may only mean a migration of criminally minded persons to other cities, and not a cessation of crime to that extent. Chicago has a crime commission aiding its public officials.

Why Do We Fail?

Why do we fail to cope effectively with the rising stream of criminality?

Ninety-nine per cent of the enlarging volume of motor collisions with injury to life and limb and damage to property is caused by criminal negligence or else reckless disregard of the rights of others.

Machinery Out of Date

A direct reason is that our judicial machinery, penal and custodial systems are out of date. They are not equal to the diversity, ingenuity, complexity and extremes of modern crime. The sooner we admit this and face front the better. While we are

looking back and hanging on to the past, crime and lawlessness are robbing the present and imperiling the future.

I offer two proposals, the adoption of which will go far to enable this state effectively to lessen crime and to deal with criminal offenders.

1. Abolish the police and justice courts. Consolidate their powers in the Superior Court. Revise court practice. Unify and administer the Superior Court in a more businesslike fashion.

2. Abolish all city and county jails. These barbarous places are crime breeders. Their inmates rot in criminal thought and purpose.

Consolidate these places into several central detention stations in the country. Provide diversified employment; careful separation and intelligent study and custodial management for all persons committed to them.

The state by these two changes would stop the prodigal fiscal and suicidal human waste now going on.

I should add for the benefit of the timid and conservative among us that the above proposals have nothing new or startling about them. They are not related to the war. They were discussed before the war. In several states these changes, singly or together, are already taking place.

It is time to take stock: What are our civil assets and liabilities? The fiscal cost, direct and indirect, of lawbreaking is going up to a staggering sum. Even in Seattle the Police Department budget is much in excess of \$1,000,000. The human cost of crime through wasted lives and low standards is incomputable, but it makes the heart sick to think of it. Why not test the methods and places we use? Why not meet the challenge of inefficiency in the prevention and handling of criminals?

A public commission should be appointed to study and report suitable measures embodying the foregoing proposals. This ought to be done before the next Legislature convenes. I should like to see Governor Hart appoint such a commission. It should be representative but not over large. I would like to see the experiment tried with a majority of laymen on the commission.

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Attorneys 1164 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Gertina
Carlander, Deceased. No. 30913.
Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as executor of the estate of Gertina Carlander, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said executor or his attorneys of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, March 25, 1922.

CLARENCE R. CARLANDER,
Executor of said Estate.
Address, 1164 Empire Bldg,
Seattle, Wash.

CARKEEK, McDONALD, HARRIS & CORYELL, Attorneys for Estate,
1164 Empire Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Mch. 25, 1922. 4t Apr 15

GEORGE E. MATHIEU

Attorney 332 Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for the County
of King. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Guardianship of
August H. Sasse, Sr., an insane person.
No. 30988. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as guardian of the Estate of August H. Sasse, Sr., an insane person.

All persons or creditors having claims against the said August H. Sasse, Sr., or against the above entitled estate are required to serve their claims duly verified and supported by affidavit as required by law on the said guardian or her attorney of record at the address below stated and file the same with the clerk of Court, together with the proof of such service within six months from the date of first publication of this notice, otherwise such claims will be barred.

Date of first publication, April 22, 1922.

BERTHA A. DALBY,
Guardian for said Estate.

Address: 332 Central Building, Seattle,
Washington.

GEORGE E. MATHIEU, Attorney for
said Estate, Seattle, Washington.
First pub. Apr. 22, 1922. 4t May 13

IN JUSTICE'S COURT Before JOHN

T. Justice of the Peace in
and for Seattle Precinct, King County,
State of Washington.

R. Koemgsberg, Plaintiff, vs. L. J.
Glendennin, Defendant.

No. 39451. Summons for Publication.
State of Washington, County of King,
ss.

The State of Washington to L. J. Glendennin:

You, and each of you, are hereby notified that R. Koemgsberg has filed a complaint against you in said Court, which will come on to be heard at my office in Room 406 County-City Building, Seattle, King County, Washington, on the 2nd day of May, A. D., 1922, at the hour of 9:30 o'clock A. M., and unless you appear, and then and there answer, the same will be taken as confessed and the demand of the plaintiff granted. The object and demand of said complaint is to recover judgment against said L. J. Glendennin for a balance due in the sum of Forty-five (\$45.00) Dollars and costs of this action, for services rendered by Western Adjustment Agency at the special instance and request of defendant which claim was assigned to this plaintiff.

Filed March 23rd, A. D., 1922.

JOHN B. WRIGHT,
Justice of the Peace, Seattle Precinct,
King County, Washington.
First pub. March 25, 1922. 4t Apr 15

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LEAGUE TO HEAR REPORT ON PORT AND SCHOOL CANDIDATES

The committee investigating the candidates for school and port will render their report to the League Tuesday noon. The committee is headed by H. A. Woodcock, and consists of the following members: H. I. Chat-terton, D. D. Johnson, A. L. Brown, Louis Schwellenback and A. H. Wiseman. Fred Catlett is serving on the committee passing upon school board candidates only.

Another report will be made by the committee headed by Nelson R. Anderson on the various propositions which the voters will have to pass upon on May 2nd.

A large turnout is expected.

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SEATTLE, SATURDAY, APRIL 29, 1922.

PRICE 10 CENTS

Reports On School And Port Candidates, Charter Amendments And Propositions B. And C. In This Issue

REPORT ON CHARTER AMENDMENTS AND PROPOSITIONS B. AND C.

Report adopted without dissenting vote.

Municipal League of Seattle, Seattle, Washington.

The undersigned Committee appointed to report on the Proposed Charter Amendments and Propositions B. and C., report as follows:-

Proposed Charter Amendment No. I.

This measure requires the City Council annually to fix the rate of taxes to be levied and to levy taxes, and provides that no revenue raised by tax levy shall be appropriated for any other purpose than that specified in such levy, or in the official estimate upon which the same is based, unless an emergency exists wherein such appropriation is necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety. The Ordinance making such appropriation shall contain statement of the facts constituting such emergency, shall specify that in the event a deficiency be thereby created in the fund from which such appropriation is made, the same shall be provided for in the next succeeding tax levy and must receive the affirmative vote of at least three-fourths of a total membership of the City Council.

"Or in the official estimate upon which the same is based" are only new words altering or amending the present City Charter found in Section 11 of Article 9 of the City Charter of the

City of Seattle. At present each department submits its estimates of revenue needed by the department but these estimates are not specifically carried into the levy. Under the proposed amendment a limitation is placed upon each department in that the amount fixed in the levy and specified in the official estimate determines the amount that each department may receive and expend, subject to an emergency ordinance passed by a three-fourth vote of the total membership of the City Council.

This appears a meritorious measure and a step in the direction of the budget system.

Proposed Charter Amendment No. II.

This amendment provides that the penalty for all criminal ordinances shall be a fine not exceeding \$100.00 or imprisonment in the City jail for a period not exceeding thirty days, or both, and that ordinances hereinafter

enacted need not contain a provision in reference to penalties but that said penalty shall be applicable unless the ordinance shall provide otherwise.

This is a step toward uniformity of penalty for the violation of ordinances and saves infinite repetition of penalty clauses and is in line with a similar State statute.

Proposed Charter Amendment No. III.

It is proposed that the Board of Public Works shall consist of City Engineer, Superintendents of Streets and Sewers, Water Works, Lighting, and Buildings and such other Superintendents as may by Charter be made members thereof, each of whom shall be appointed by the Mayor with the advice and consent of the City Council for a term of three years.

The effect of this proposed amendment is to abolish the Department of Public Utilities. It

should be considered in connection with proposed amendment No. IV.

Proposed Charter Amendment No. IV.

This amendment would create a Department of Transportation and make the Superintendent of Transportation a member of the Board of Public Works.

The effect of the passage of amendments No. III and IV would be to substitute the Superintendent of Transportation in the place of the Superintendent of Public Utilities. At present Superintendent of Transportation is appointed by the Superintendent of Public Utilities. Under these amendments the Superintendent of Transportation would be appointed by the Mayor and would be directly responsible to the Mayor.

This is a logical step, as the office of the Superintendent of Transportation overshadows in importance the office of the Superintendent of Public Utilities and should be directly responsible to the Mayor.

Proposition B.

It is proposed to change the present ordinance regulating the keeping of dogs and cats within the City of Seattle, imposing license taxes, providing penalties for violation thereof, placing same in the keeping of the King County Humane Society, as Pound Master. It is provided that all dogs and cats running at large without license tags are a public nuisance and that it shall be the duty of said Society to restrain and impound all such animals; that owners may re-

MR. WILLIAM A. RUSSELL
Of the College of Business Administration
of the University of Washington
Will Address the League
Tuesday Noon. May 2, 1922
On "MUNICIPAL RESEARCH"
At the L. C. Smith Building Restaurant

Every member of the Municipal League is not only expected to vote on election day but to see to it that his friends and neighbors get out to vote. Do your duty as a civic spirited citizen should.

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

Published Weekly by the
MUNICIPAL LEAGUE OF SEATTLE

Telephone Main 6282

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TRUSTEES

Terms Expire May, 1922—

Howard A. Adams, Ell. 0130
Robert F. Sandall, Main 0441
Dan Earle, Main 0078
E. C. Kilbourne, Ell. 0607

Terms Expire May, 1923—

Vivian Carkeek, Ell. 0080
William G. Mann, Main 6670
James W. Reynolds, Main 0799
L. B. Schwellenbach, Main 0366
H. A. Woodcock, Main 5208

J. T. Lawler, Ell. 6059, Ex-Officio Trustee

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

deem animals in 48 hours by paying the license tax and the penalty of \$1.00. After 48 hours, additional charge shall be paid not exceeding 35c per day. If not redeemed within 48 hours the animal may be humanely destroyed or at the discretion of the Society may be held for a longer period. The Society is allowed 85 per cent of all monies received from license fees, penalties and charges, and is allowed to use free of charge for a period of two years all buildings and equipment now used in the operation of the City Pound. The Society is required to collect and dispose of all dead dogs and cats found in the City.

This measure is favored and sponsored by well-advised and responsible people and the Committee sees no objection to it.

Proposition C

This proposition submits the question whether or not the City shall become indebted by the sale of \$550,000 general bonds, maturing in equal amounts, eleven to twenty years after date, interest not to exceed 6 per cent, to build the Montlake-Stadium Bridge. This bridge will span the Lake Washington Canal in continuation of 23rd Avenue and reaches the University District in close proximity to the Stadium. All sections of the City will be benefited by this bridge. It will save a mile or more of travel for thousands of people living in the Lake Washington District and will relieve the blockade which occurs at the

10th Avenue bridge during the busy part of the day. It will also eliminate the congestion which occurs when large crowds attend events at the Stadium.

Ballard, Fremont, Green Lake and University Districts will be provided with an easier and quicker route of travel going South to Madison, Leschi and Mt. Baker and the people in these districts will be equally benefited in traveling North. People living east of Broadway will save considerable time and distance in going to and from the University and points North. Extension of the 23rd Avenue car line across the bridge will greatly relieve street car travel through the center of the City by carrying them directly North.

Conditions have changed since this question was submitted to the people in years past by virtue of improvement in the money market, the building of the Stadium and the approval of the Spokane Bridge proposition. What was once a convenience has now become a necessity, as everyone who has attended the different events in the Stadium will testify.

COMMITTEE.

REPORT ON SCHOOL CANDIDATES

Report adopted without dissenting vote.

To the Municipal League of Seattle,
Gentlemen:

Your special committee to which has been assigned the task

of investigating candidates for the School Board of Seattle has had the opportunity of conferring with all of the aspirants for these positions and in most cases a written statement setting forth the essential facts concerning their qualifications and outstanding views as to the major issues of the campaign.

Because there is some loose talk concerning candidates for the Board of Education profiting in a business way by their connection with school affairs, your Committee desires to point out that any business relation between a school director and the school district is prohibited by law. This being the case no mention is made in any of the reports as to any such possible connection.

The endorsement of various candidates by other organizations of a civic or political nature or the fact that certain candidates filed for the office at the request of such organizations has not been mentioned in this report except where the candidate himself has mentioned such a connection. This policy was adopted because your Committee felt that the best interests of the schools would be served by an independent statement of the facts as understood by your Committee. The report follows:

FOR THE THREE YEAR TERM

Dean Burkheimer.

Age 45. Education, Common and High School and two years in Iowa State University. Has practiced law for 16 years; is the father of four children. Considers that his long training in handling business, financial and legal matters and his life-long interest in and study of educational problems, specially qualifies him for the position he seeks. Mr. Burkheimer is a member of the Executive Board of the Boy Scouts and of the Committee of Management of the Queen Anne Community Y. M. C. A. He believes in the reduction of expenditures but not at the cost of efficiency; is opposed to the reduction of teachers salaries; favors home economics and manual training in the schools; believes in reducing the number of administrative departments in the management of school affairs and that two; -- one under the

Superintendent of Schools, and another under a Superintendent of Administration would be most efficient.

Your Committee believes that Mr. Burkheimer is a man of capacity and good judgment and is well qualified for the position of School Director.

Dr. C. W. Sharples.

Age 56; resident of Seattle 32 years; engaged in the practice of medicine in this city since 1890. He has never held public office. Dr. Sharples believes that the Board of Education should be a policy making body. States that he has no opinion on the question of centralized form of school administration as contrasted with the present plan which provides for a number of coordinate departments, each of which is directly responsible to the Board of Education.

He believes that the health department of the city could wisely be entrusted with the care of the health of the pupils in the schools, including home inspection, personal cleanliness and personal supervision of the school nurses. He has apparently made little if any study of the problem of education and admittedly must wait for experience on the Board as a basis for making proper decisions regarding some of the major problem which the Board must face at this time.

His scientific training, high professional standing and sound judgment indicate to your Committee that Dr. Sharples would make a valuable contribution to the School Board.

Dr. Chas. C. Tiffin.

Age 35, resident of the city 10½ years. Graduate of the University of Colorado. Member of the State Medical Examining Board. Was County Coroner four years and claims credit for the passing of the Public Morgue Law. Dr. Tiffin believes in centralized form of school administration preferably to the departmental system. Favors a thorough survey of the entire school system. Is opposed to the reduction of teachers salaries. Believes in the continuance of manual training and domestic science in the course study.

Political activity, such as known of this candidate, is none.

considered by your Committee as conducive to the highest and most disinterested public service:

FOR THE ONE YEAR TERM

V. R. Allen.

Age 51. In the city and state four years. Common School education. Contractor and builder by occupation. Now employed as Secretary of the Association of Unemployed. Mr. Allen believes that 30% or more of the children in Seattle Schools are under nourished and insufficiently clothed and that this deficiency should be made good through general taxation.

His experience as a contractor and his sympathy for children constitutes his chief claim to election. His interest and experience seems to be along lines of welfare work rather than educational problems.

Claude H. Eckart.

Age 42, resident of Seattle 15 years. Common School education. Secretary-Treasurer of the Eckart Plumbing and Heating Company. Has four children. Has been a member of the Board of Education since February 1921, succeeding Geo. H. Walker. Mr. Eckart believes that his business experience and training enables him to make an important contribution to the solution of building problems of the district. For more than ten years he has been actively interested in the education of boys and girls. Believes that the present departmental form of organization can be greatly improved by increased centralization.

He also believes in the establishment of Junior High Schools and in the restoration of home economics and manual training as soon as the funds permit. Is not in favor of the long time and plan of payment for building construction but believes that provision should be made in each year's tax levy for some funds for new construction. Has devoted a large part of his time to public service without compensation.

Because of his practical acquaintance with building problems, his public spirit and sympathetic interest in young people, and his 14 months valuable experience on the school board, your Committee believes the interests of the Seattle schools could be well served by his re-

election.

George H. Revelle.

Age 51, resident of Seattle 21 years. Graduate of New York University, Lawyer by profession. President of the Seattle Commercial Club, 7 years. Believes present scale of teachers salaries justified by the cost of living and preparation required for proper service. Favors restoration of vocational training and domestic science. Would confer with principals on general plans and policies. Mr. Revelle has given considerable study to school matters and would, your Committee believes, prove a useful and capable director.

E. F. Taylor.

Age 58, resident of Seattle 15½ years. Graduate of Kansas State Normal School and served as County Superintendent of Schools in Kansas and as a member of the Board of Education, Kansas City, Kansas. Now employed as Northwest Manager of Dodd Mead & Company, publishers.

Mr. Taylor believes that the School Board should determine policies. Favors centralization of school administration in not to exceed two departments, the heads of which should be directly responsible to the Board. Favors reduction of expenses in building program, in administration, and if necessary in some classification of teachers salaries. Also stands for retaining manual training and domestic science in the schools. Believes that the School Board as representatives of the public, rather than supervisors and teachers should determine school policies. States that he represented no organization or special group. Your Committee believes that Mr. Taylor is qualified by training and experience for the position sought, and should fill the position satisfactorily.

Respectfully submitted,

D. D. JOHNSON,
A. H. WISEMAN,
H. I. CHATTERTON,
FRED W. CATLETT,
NELSON R. ANDERSON,
L. B. SCHWELLENBACH,
H. A. WOODCOCK,
Chairman.

REPORT ON PORT CANDIDATES

April 25, 1922.

To the Municipal League of Seattle, Gentlemen:

Your special committee for investigating the qualifications of candidates for the position of Port Commissioner has had before it all of the candidates with the exception of Julius G. Day. In addition to this, we had had submitted to us written statements in response to questionnaires, the purpose of which was to give them an opportunity to outline their position on certain outstanding issues. Altogether your committee has had seven meetings.

We believe that the years immediately ahead of us are of particular importance in the affairs of the port and that the largest possible measure of ability and capacity should be given to the direction of its affairs, and have formulated our report in the light of this conviction, as follows:

George F. Cotterill. Age 55, resident of Seattle for 37 years. Civil Engineer by occupation. Mayor of Seattle, 1912-14. Has studied foreign port facilities at first hand and has been actively interested in the affairs of the Port of Seattle since its inception.

Does not favor the employment of a port manager under the existing law which provides for three paid commissioners. Should the commission decide upon the employment of a manager, believes there should be a voluntary reduction of salary to one-third of the present amount.

Your committee believes that although there are certain limitations to Mr. Cotterill's ability as an executive he is well qualified by training and experience to manage the physical equipment of the port.

Julius G. Day. Age 53, resident of Seattle for 17 years. Has had college training. Was for 10 years in the employ of the city as a market inspector and for nearly two years by King County as a highway inspector. Has followed the occupation of contractor and builder.

Mr. Day believes that he can effect substantial economies through the employment of a Port Manager. He has the sup-

port of Port Commissioner W. S. Lincoln.

R. E. Downie. Age 45, resident of Seattle for 27 years; is a dealer in telephone and telegraph poles. He believes that the Port Commissioners should appoint a manager for the port properties, but that the auditor should be directly responsible to the commission itself. Believes representatives should be sent to the various trade centers to secure business for the port. He also favors a policy of retrenchment and believes at this time that no further indebtedness should be incurred, either for the extension or expansion of present facilities.

Your committee was favorably impressed by Mr. Downie's frankness, sincerity and evident capacity and believes he will make a useful and valuable member of the commission.

W. C. Kean. Has lived in Seattle 26 years, 20 years of which he has been in the real estate business in Ballard. He has never held public office. States that he has not studied port problems but believes he can inject the same amount of acumen into the port affairs as he has put into his own Ballard real estate business. He favors turning the affairs of the port over to a manager and would employ an expert to solicit business. Does not favor rates that would put private docks out of business but believes in extending port facilities to them where possible. He further states that he was requested to run by the Seattle Advisory Council.

Clark Nettleton. Age 54. Former publisher of the Post-Intelligencer. Resides at Kirkland and has made his home in this county for 32 years. He is now engaged in contracting and the lumber manufacturing business.

While Mr. Nettleton is admittedly a business man of unusual energy and capacity, your committee was not satisfied that he had such convictions as to port affairs as to make him a particularly useful member of the commission.

Walter S. Wood. Age 34 years, resident of Seattle 15 years. Has been employed in various capacities by the Port Commission for six years. Does not believe in the appointment of a port manager other than a traffic manager.

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INSURANCE CO.

H. C. FORCE
Attorney, 1211-12 Hoge Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, for King Coun-
ty. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Clara R.
Bell, Deceased. No. 31099. Notice
to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the un-
dersigned has been appointed and has
qualified as Administrator of the estate
of Clara R. Bell, Deceased, that all
persons having claims against said de-
ceased are hereby required to serve the
same, duly verified, on said Administra-
tor or his attorney of record at the ad-
dress below stated, and file the same
with the Clerk of said Court, together
with proof of such service within six
months after the date of first publica-
tion of this notice, or the same will be
barred.

Date of first publication April, 1922.
J. P. BELL,
Administrator of said Estate.
Address, Renton, Washington
H. C. FORCE, Attorney for Estate,
1211-1212 Hoge Bldg, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. April 29, 1922 3t May 13

GEORGE E. MATHIEU
Attorney, 332 Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for the County
of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Guardianship of
August H. Sasse, Sr., an insane per-
son. No. 30988. Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the under-
signed has been appointed and has qual-
ified as Guardian of the Estate of
August H. Sasse, Sr., an insane per-
son.

All persons or creditors having claims
against the said August H. Sasse, Sr.,
or against the above entitled estate are
required to serve their claims duly
verified and supported by affidavit as
required by law on the said guardian
or her attorney of record at the ad-
dress below stated and file the same
with the clerk of Court, together with
the proof of such service within six
months from the date of first publica-
tion of this notice, otherwise such
claims will be barred.
Date of first publication, April 22,
1922.

BERTHA A. DALBY,
Guardian for said Estate.
Address: 332 Central Building, Seattle,
Washington.
GEORGE E. MATHIEU, Attorney for
said Estate, Seattle, Washington.
First pub. Apr. 22, 1922. 4t May 13

IN JUSTICE'S COURT Before JOHN
T. Justice of the Peace in
and for Seattle Precinct, King Coun-
ty State of Washington.
R. Koemgsberg, Plaintiff, vs. L. J.
Glendenin, Defendant.
No. 39461. Summons for Publication.
State of Washington, County of King,
ss.
The State of Washington to L. J. Glen-
denin:

You, and each of you, are hereby no-
tified that R. Koemgsberg has filed a
complaint against you in said Court,
which will come on to be heard at my
office in Room 406 County-City Build-
ing, Seattle, King County, Washington,
on the 2nd day of May, A. D., 1922, at
the hour of 9:30 o'clock A. M., and un-
less you appear, and then and there
answer, the same will be taken as con-
fessed and the demand of the plaintiff
granted. The object and demand of
said complaint is to recover judgment
against said L. J. Glendenin for a
balance due in the sum of Forty-five
(\$45.00) Dollars and costs of this ac-
tion, for services rendered by Western
Adjustment Agency at the special in-
stance and request of defendant which
claim was assigned to this plaintiff.

Filed March 23rd, A. D., 1922.
JOHN B. WRIGHT,
Justice of the Peace, Seattle Precinct,
King County, Washington.
First pub. March 25, 1922. 4t Apr 15

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American District Telegraph Co.
810 1/2 First Avenue

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Would send representatives to
various trade centers to secure
business for the port. Believes
that the port is in the grip of
petty politics and that it should
be cleaned up.

While Mr. Wood has an inti-
mate knowledge of the affairs of
the port and advances definite
plans for bettering conditions,
your committee believes that his
feeling on the subject of the pres-
ent management of the port is so
intensely bitter that it would be
difficult for him to work in har-
mony with other commissioners
who might be elected.

Respectfully submitted,
D. D. JOHNSON,
A. H. WISEMAN,
H. I. CHATTERTON,
NELSON R. ANDERSON,
L. D. SCHWELLENBACH,
H. A. WOODCOCK,
Chairman.

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. XII. NO. 18.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, MAY 6, 1922.

PRICE 10 CENTS

RUSSELL SUGGESTS PLAN FOR BUREAU OF MUNI- CIPAL RESEARCH

May 2nd the League was addressed by William A. Russell, lecturer in the College of Business Administration at the University of Washington. Mr. Russell's subject was Municipal Research. Facts, he pointed out, are essential in solving every problem of civic administration, and far too often opinions are substituted for facts, not deduced from them.

The absolute necessity of having facts is perhaps best illustrated in engineering projects, like the Skagit, continued the speaker, but the same necessity exists in the case of every municipal question.

The securing, assembling and correlating of data, and the dissemination of it to the public uncolored by political or other considerations is the function of a bureau of municipal research. Such a bureau is a primary need for Seattle, but the cost of maintaining it has appeared a most formidable obstacle to its attainment. The solution, says Mr. Russell, lies in the cooperation of the Municipal League and other civic bodies with the University of Washington to bring about a bureau at comparatively small cost. This would be possible by the employment of scores of capable students in advanced courses dealing with matters related to the interests of the city. Instead of, as at present, these students being trained to investigate and analyze hypothetical situations in large part, they could be directed into lines of inquiry leading to the practical solution of Seattle's problems. They would be wonderfully benefited by this laboratory work, and the citizens of the community would have the advantage of securing trained service without cost except a trifling overhead expense.

Meeting of May 9

"How the Port of Seattle Does Its Business"

An Illustrated Program Presented
By the Port Commission

At the L. C. Smith Building Restaurant

Col. Howard Hanson says of this program: "Give this program wide publicity—it is excellent."

This suggestion presented by Mr. Russell merits the serious consideration of the League and should be one of the concerns of the new administration to be elected.

NOMINATING COMMITTEE REPORTS

In accordance with the By-laws of the League, at the meeting of May 2nd, the report of the nominating committee was published, naming the following gentlemen to be voted upon at the annual meeting Wednesday, May 31st.

For President
(One to be elected)
Julius L. Baldwin
Robert Howes.

For Vice-President
(Two to be elected)
(Jackson Silbaugh
Howard A. Adams
W. E. Henry
Robert F. Sandall
For Trustees
(Five to be elected)

D. D. Johnson
Dan Earle
John D. Hall
Harrison W. Mason
C. L. Wartelle
L. I. Neikirk
Ray Dumett
Walter L. Nossaman

Andrew Steers
Charles G. Cole

The nominating Committee was composed of:
James T. Lawler, Chairman
James W. Reynolds
Fred C. Bert, Jr.
L. D. Lewis
A. J. Quigley.

VOTERS SUSTAIN LEAGUE'S POSITION

The most important question to be settled at the polls, the passage of the Erickson bill, was disposed of in a way consistent with the position of the Municipal League. It has been interesting and encouraging to the League to note the extensive use made by various opponents of the measure of the data painstakingly procured and analyzed in the very excellent report on that bill by our Utilities Committee.

MAYOR CALDWELL TO ADDRESS LEAGUE

At the meeting of May 23rd, Mayor Hugh M. Caldwell will address the Municipal League, taking as his subject "Two Years in the Mayor's Chair, and Recommendations Based on My Experience."

HOW DETROIT REDUCED ITS TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS FORTY PERCENT

Summary of an Article in the March 1922 Issue of The National Safety News—Summarized by the Seattle Public Library, Municipal Reference Division

Detroit Traffic Fatalities

1917	225
1918	192
1919	196
1920	240
1921	134

Accident Investigations

Cases investigated	3083
Drivers to court	1039
Sentenced	702

How the cooperation of police, courts and citizens and the courage of officers and judges have reduced traffic accidents in Detroit forty percent is described in the March issue of The National Safety News which is on file in the periodical division of the Seattle Public Library.

An accident investigation bureau of the Police Department, with a force of 18 policemen, makes a prompt and thorough investigation of every accident resulting in death or injury and gives the facts to the prosecuting attorney. Witnesses are questioned, distances measured, and photographs made of the automobiles. A graphic chart is then made by the Engineer's department. With this data, experienced traffic officers are well able to present their cases. This has resulted in a greatly increased percentage of convictions. "You haven't a Police Department until you have an accident investigation bureau. It is as necessary as any other department on the force", says the deputy commissioner.

In addition to investigating accidents, the Detroit police examine every applicant for automobile drivers licenses. Licenses

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J. T. Lawler, Ell. 6059, Ex-Officio Trustee

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are revoked for reckless driving, driving while intoxicated or without giving name or assistance.

A more unique police service leaving the scene of an accident is centered in the department's Propaganda Bureau which conducts evening mass meetings and free moving picture shows in school buildings. Programs usually include a film of comedy and a public safety picture, a short talk on safety and the distribution of well illustrated safety literature. The public safety pictures are based on actual accidents which have happened in Detroit. Lessons in the schools to children have also done much to decrease accidents.

THE BRIDGE SITUATION

Corporation Counsel Meier has caused an ordinance to be introduced in the city council appropriating \$20,000 to provide means whereby the city engineer's department can prepare evidence to be used in case of the Strauss Bascule Bridge Company vs. City of Seattle. This suit is one wherein the city is sued for the alleged infringement of a patented bridge construction.

It has been freely said that the reason the Spokane Bridge has been so long delayed in the past was on account of the desire of city officials not to involve themselves further in like litigation.

The Spokane street bridge is one of the primary needs of Seattle at this time. If the Mont-

lake Bridge has been declared to be necessary, it is safe to characterize the building of the Spokane Street bridge as imperative. The sooner traffic can begin to flow over it, the better for the city.

CABARET LICENSES

Although the matter of cabaret licenses has been up for months, little progress has been made. Early in the year an ordinance transferring the licensing of cabarets from the council to the police department, was vetoed by the mayor. The passing of the buck having failed, the council must now face a decision. All cabaret licenses expired December 31, 1921. Two were renewed, but the council appears so far to be unable to reach a decision on the others. The council license committee after a public hearing has postponed action until May 8th. A definite policy should be adopted and pursued in this matter.

A LETTER FROM THE SECRETARY

San Francisco, Cal.
May 2, 1922.

"To the Seattle Municipal News:

"I had an interview today with William H. Naury, director of the San Francisco Bureau of Municipal Research, and many things which will interest members of the Municipal League were discussed between us.

"Mr. Naury is firmly of the opinion that San Francisco must

have a change in its form of government if it is to function more efficiently. He believes in the city manager form. Concentration of responsibility is the big thing, and that is obtained best in the city manager form.

"There is no organization in San Francisco corresponding to our Municipal League. The only organization that concerns itself solely with civic governmental matters is the league of improvement clubs. This league is usually out to get something done by the city for particular districts. It is not, therefore, a check upon city officials as our organization is. And, of course, it is not a disinterested organization, looking out for the greater good of the entire city.

"The San Francisco Bureau of Governmental Research has, in the past, worked quietly with the city-county officials, and has given very little publicity to its findings, rather letting the official concerned, taking all the credit. This, however, has proved to be not altogether in the interests of the bureau. It had some difficulty this year to secure the necessary money with which to operate—\$25,000 per year,—solely because so many citizens had no idea of what was being accomplished by it. And then, too, the public officials were not heeding the bureau's recommendations. They were becoming used to the idea of having the workers point out certain facts to them—and then doing as they pleased without getting the reaction of newspaper criticism.

"Now the bureau is 'getting' to the papers more and thus enforcing their findings with the force of public opinion.

"The municipal street railway system is in politics a good deal. The system has been profitable and there is now accumulated in the sinking fund over a million and a half dollars. This sum which should be held as a depreciation fund, the Board of Supervisors are anxious to spend on extensions, etc. In many instances the board conceives plans for extensions without really a proper knowledge of the facts. The bureau has done some valuable work in checking such hastily conceived improvements.

"EIMON L. WIENIR."

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BUILDING ZONE PLAN IS GROWING STRONGER

By Edward M. Bassett

The Greater New York building zone law has now been in operation over 5 years. The protective requirements are shown on three maps, known as height, area and use. The charter provides that changes in the maps can be made only by the Board of Estimate. The aggregate changes are extremely small in area, showing the remarkable permanence of the protection of the zoning system.

In the years 1916-1921, inclusive, 158 applications for changes were granted by the Board of Estimate and 13 were denied. These figures tend to show that changes are not easily obtained. That is as it should be, because when an owner builds according to the building requirements he ought to be protected against easy changes of surrounding requirements.

During the last two years the strengthening changes exceeded the relaxing changes, and each year the proportion of strengthening changes increased. This fact shows not only official support of the zoning plan but they show clearly that property owners are gradually favoring the strengthening of the zoning requirements rather than their relaxation.

The building zone system of New York may be deemed a success. Other cities, which have recently adopted it or are preparing their maps, may well be encouraged by the experience of New York.

WAR TIME WAGES TO BE CUT BY OHIO CITIES

Seven Ohio cities are paying common labor from 45 to 60 cents an hour, and five from 40 to 35 cents an hour.

Private contractors all over the state are paying an average of 35 cents an hour to common labor.

This information came in from inquiries sent out by the Commission of Publicity and Efficiency to city engineers all over the state.

However, it seems that Toledo is not alone in reducing wages of common labor. For these letters

ed that in practically every the matter of cutting down wartime wage is being considered.

among the cities paying from 60 cents an hour for common labor are Youngstown, the city in the 60 cents an hour class, Columbus, Elyria, Lorain, Hamilton, and Ashtabula. Cleveland pays from 43 to 50 cents an hour, but some laborers in the traction division get as low as 30 per day.

Springfield pays 40 cents for common labor.

In the 35 to 40 cent class are Cincinnati and Dayton.

There is the average rate paid for common labor by private contractors in these cities:-

Columbus, 30 to 35 cents an hour; Elyria, 30 to 40 cents; Cincinnati, 35 to 40 cents; Hamilton, Cincinnati and Ashtabula, 35 cents; Youngstown, 30 cents; Springfield, 25 and 30 cents; and Dayton, 30 to 35 cents.

WHAT OTHER CITIES ARE DOING

Compiled by the Seattle Public Library, Municipal Reference Division

San Francisco's Board of Supervisors has under consideration an ordinance providing a method of procedure for establishing setback lines. According to the proposed ordinance the majority of owners of frontage on any lot in the first or second residential district may petition for the establishment of a line determining the minimum distance from the street at which buildings may be erected or the setback line. The Plan Commission may file recommendations for a setback line without petition. The Board of Supervisors after giving notice to all interested parties may order the establishment of a setback line as petitioned or modified.

Los Angeles County, recognizing that many of the problems in city planning is expected to meet have their origin outside the city limits, has called a National Planning Conference. A report of the Proceedings of the first conference shows that the work of planning the metropolitan districts around Los Angeles is well under way. The reports of the sub-committees ap-

pointed give an idea of the scope of the work that the County has in view; they are: Highways, Subdivisions, Sanitation, Flood Control, Parks and Boulevards, Zoning, Legislation, Finance, Water Supply, and Topography.

Buffalo reports a net profit of \$7,729.33 on its Municipal "Piggery" for the six months from October 1921 to April 1922. The "Piggery" is a hog farm on which garbage from the city is fed. The department in charge is experimenting on the production of fertilizer in connection with the Piggery and expects to develop an added source of revenue.

A 6 cent street car fare for Chicago, effective May 1st, has been ordered by the Illinois Commerce Commission. Transfers will be issued at present without additional charge. Children may ride for three cents. The new order was announced by Chairman Smith as an experiment to be tried until January 1st.

London's women police are "not a necessity and too costly to maintain as a luxury," Sir William Horwood, Commissioner of Metropolitan Police, has found, and as a result the women's patrols will be disbanded, according to the "Daily Mail". London has 100 police women and the maintenance of them costs 50,000 pounds annually.

San Francisco has adopted a retirement system for municipal employees. Each employee will contribute to the retirement fund from 2.87 per cent to 6.37 per cent of his salary each month, the percentage graded according to his age on April 1st, the date on which the ordinance takes effect. Sixty-nine employees who have reached the age of seventy are to be retired immediately with their retirement allowances computed on a basis of one and one-third per cent of their annual salary for each year of past service, with a minimum fixed at \$40 a month.

Chicago has been carrying on a fight in the courts for a lower street car fare. After a long period of litigation the Illinois Commerce Commission established a six cent fare, effective May

1st. Mr. Ulysses S. Schwartz, Chairman of the Local Transportation Committee of Chicago's City Council, has recently published a pamphlet in which he recommends as a solution of the traction problem the immediate acquisition of the railway properties by the city, funds for the purpose to be raised by the issuance of securities which shall be: (1) a lien on the properties of the street railway companies; (2) an agreement on the part of the city that the charge for service shall at all times be high enough to cover cost of maintenance and operation, interest on securities, and the establishment of a sinking fund. Mr. Schwartz states that municipal ownership of the street railway has proved satisfactory in San Francisco, unsatisfactory in Seattle.

San Francisco's City Engineer disapproves of a number of the extensions suggested for the Municipal Railway. If they are voted he recommends a bond issue of \$1,500,000 to finance them as he holds that at least \$1,000,000 should be held in reserve available for contingencies which may arise, as the fires of the past two months in Boston and Chicago which have meant serious loss in railway property. In his report to the Board of Supervisors he states that San Francisco's Municipal Railway is unique in being the only utility of its kind operated in the United States by a city on a sound basis. Extensions have been made out of earnings and \$1,000,000 of the original \$5,500,000 bonds retired.

Nine municipalities of Alameda County, which recently rejected a city-county manager charter, have agreed to organize themselves into a municipal utility district for the purpose of acquiring a water supply and possibly other utilities such as light and power and transportation.

Sacramento will hold a "Days of '49" celebration May 23-28. Real old prairie schooners, gold scales, long-toms, gambling outfits and other relics of the old days are being gathered for the occasion. Two hundred and fifty Indians from the Klamath Falls Reservation will be in town for the week and will erect their Indian village after the manner

of those used in the early days.

Palo Alto, Cal., has a municipal swimming pool operated as a by-product of the city's power plant. The water used to cool the Diesel engines in the power plant was first passed over a cooler on the roof and used again. This was unsatisfactory so the heated water was turned back into the mains. This resulted in an increase in the temperature of the domestic supply so the swimming pool with a capacity of 176,000 gallons came into existence.

SEATTLE PUBLIC LIBRARY IN 1921

The Seattle Public Library's circulation passed the two-million mark in 1921 when 2,097,858 books were lent for home reading. This is an increase of 15% over 1920 and represents a circulation of 6½ books per capita. In business terms it means an annual turnover of 7.6 for our circulating books. The library's reading rooms have always been popular but this year the number of people reading in the building has been so large that our accommodations were often insufficient.

Business depression made it impossible for many taxpayers to pay their tax bills and the library's receipts from taxes were \$25,000 below the estimate. Since July it has been necessary to operate with fewer employees, a smaller fund for new books, and to postpone all plans for extending the library service. This condition will grow more serious next year since the library must not only absorb a deficit from 1921, but it must meet a cut of \$25,000 made by the city council in its appropriation for 1922. The American Library Association recommends \$1.00 per capita as a minimum appropriation for good library service. The amount available in Seattle for 1922 is only 83 cents per capita.

Seattle's eighth branch library building was opened July 27th, when a \$35,000 structure was completed near the main business corner in Fremont. The building fund was given by the Carnegie Corporation. The site cost \$10,000, most of which was raised by Fremont residents. Rummage sales, dances, card parties, and street fairs were given by

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H. C. FORCEAttorney 1211-12 Hoge Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, for King County.
In the Matter of the Estate of Clara R.
Bell, Deceased. No. 31099. Notice
to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Administrator of the estate of Clara R. Bell, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Administrator or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication April, 1922.

J. P. BEIL,

Administrator of said Estate.

Address, Renton, Washington

H. C. FORCE, Attorney for Estate,
1211-1212 Hoge Bldg, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. April 29, 1922 - 31 May 13**GEORGE E. MATHIEU**Attorney 332 Central Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for the County
of King. In Probate.In the Matter of the Guardianship of
August H. Sasse, Sr., an insane person.
No. 30938. Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as guardian of the Estate of August H. Sasse, Sr., an insane person.

All persons or creditors having claims against the said August H. Sasse, Sr., or against the above entitled estate are required to serve their claims duly verified and supported by affidavit as required by law on the said guardian or her attorney of record at the address below stated and file the same with the clerk of Court, together with the proof of such service within six months from the date of first publication of this notice, otherwise such claims will be barred.

Date of first publication, April 22, 1922.

BERTHA A. DALBY,

Guardian for said Estate.

Address: 332 Central Building, Seattle, Washington.

GEORGE E. MATHIEU, Attorney for said Estate, Seattle, Washington.
First pub. Apr. 22, 1922. 4t May 13IN JUSTICE'S COURT Before JOHN
T. Justice of the Peace in
and for Seattle Precinct, King County,
State of Washington.

R. Koemgsberg, Plaintiff, vs. L. J. Glendennin, Defendant.

No. 39451. Summons for Publication.
State of Washington, County of King, ss.

The State of Washington to L. J. Glendennin:

You, and each of you, are hereby notified that R. Koemgsberg has filed a complaint against you in said Court, which will come on to be heard at my office in Room 406 County-City Building, Seattle, King County, Washington, on the 2nd day of May, A. D., 1922, at the hour of 9:30 o'clock A. M., and unless you appear, and then and there answer, the same will be taken as confessed and the demand of the plaintiff granted. The object and demand of said complaint is to recover judgment against said L. J. Glendennin for a balance due in the sum of Forty-five (\$45.00) Dollars and costs of this action, for services rendered by Western Adjustment Agency at the special instance and request of defendant which claim was assigned to this plaintiff.

Filed March 23rd, A. D., 1922.

JOHN B. WRIGHT,

Justice of the Peace, Seattle Precinct,
King County, Washington.

First pub. March 25, 1922. 4t Apr 15

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the people of the district, who were determined that Fremont should not fail to get a building for lack of a site. The Fremont library had occupied temporary rented quarters since 1903, and was certainly entitled to a new home. The building is constructed of terra cotta blocks covered with white plaster, and has a red mission tile roof. Its architect, Daniel R. Huntington, describes the building as the Italian farm house style of architecture.

A homely young English chap, having his view obstructed by the headgear of the girl in front of him, ventured to protest, "See here, Miss," he said, leaning over, "I want to look as well as you." "Oh, do yer?" she replied in rick Cockney accent, "Then you'd better run 'ome and change yer face."

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. XII. NO. 19.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, MAY 13, 1922.

PRICE 10 CENTS

FARE REDUCTION IS LEGAL, SAYS MEIER

Corporation Counsel Walter F. Meier recently gave his opinion on the legality of a reduction to five-cent fare for the Seattle Municipal Street railway. His letter follows:

"You request my opinion as to whether franchises surrendered by the Puget Sound Traction, Light & Power Company when the city bought its street railway system would be revived, or become perpetual, in case the bondholders 'foreclose the pledge of the road', or there is a sale thereof by a receiver, in consequence of a reduction of fare and shrinkage of revenues to a point where they would be insufficient to pay operating expenses and interest on bond installments as they mature.

"Your inquiry is based on the assumption that the bondholders have a 'pledge of the road.' This is not correct. Neither the utility statute nor Ordinance No. 9025, authorizing the issuance of the street railway bonds, gives to the bondholders a lien on the physical property capable of foreclosure, but only a right to have set aside and paid, out of the gross revenues, into a special fund, the amounts pledged for the payment of the bonds. Hence, there cannot be a foreclosure and sale of the road in the ordinary sense. But, assuming that the court should appoint a receiver, order a sale of the road, and a sale is made fully divesting the city of any interest therein, under the present state of the law and decisions, such sale would not, in my opinion, revive such franchises, nor give rise to a perpetual franchise, without the consent of the city hereto.

"Your attention is called to that provision in the bond ordinance (Continued on Page 2.)

MEETING MAY 23rd. Findings of the Zoning Commission PRESENTED BY CHARLES H. ALDEN

Annual Meeting of the Municipal League
6:30 P. M. May 31st.

At L. C. Smith Building Restaurant
Tickets \$1.25 may be procured from
J. T. Lawler, Chairman, Elliott 6059

Retiring Mayor Reviews His Term of Office In Municipal League Address

The Mayor said in part as follows:-

"In reviewing 'Two Years in the Mayor's Chair' it would be impossible for me at this time to do more than refer to a few of the problems that have arisen during that period. In the campaign which resulted in my election as Mayor I made very few campaign promises because as Attorney for the City for two years and a half I knew something of the limitations of the Mayor's power under our existing charter. I did make two specific promises, however. One was to place at the head of the Street Railway someone other than a politician, and the other was to advocate and procure if possible an investigation of the sale of the car lines to the city by Stone & Webster for \$15,000,000.00 of utility bonds, and to obtain relief from such contracts if possible.

"Under our City Charter the Corporation Counsel, who is an elective official, is given full supervisory control of all litigation

affecting the City or its departments. Aside from this, the Corporation Counsel has such other duties as may be prescribed by ordinance. It was impossible for me to go direct to the Corporation Counsel to make an investigation, although he would have charge of any litigation that might grow out of such investigation. Accordingly, I requested the Council to pass an ordinance directing the Corporation Counsel to make the investigation and to report, with recommendations as to what if anything might be done or should be done to obtain relief from the contract. The Council denied this request but instead passed an ordinance authorizing and directing me as Mayor to make the investigation. Without going into details unnecessarily I will remind you that the investigation was made by Mr. Wilmon Tucker, an attorney of the highest standing at the Seattle bar, whom I employed for this purpose. The investigation cost something less than

(Continued on Page 2.)

CALDWELL OPPOSES INDIRECT SUBSIDY

Consistent with his position that the actual expenses of the city directly incident to its ownership and operation if the car lines should be charged to that utility, Mayor Caldwell has demanded the immediate discontinuance of the practice of paying certain expenses of the street railway out of the general fund.

In a written communication to the council he has demanded that expenses in the city engineer's, comptroller's, treasurer's, law and streets and sewer departments be segregated and paid out of the railway fund. The utility committee has directed Councilman Erickson to confer with the corporation counsel on the proposed procedure.

HOW COME? By Barkus B. Woof

MISTER RECORDING ANGEL! Please draw two straight lines to the credit of the Municipal League, it's officers and members. When the time comes for these good brethren to argue their way into the heavenly country over which you have jurisdiction, let it be said that yesterday they "came across" with \$2 a month for the rest of this year to BARKUS B. WOOF'S MILK FUND.

That means that a lot of kids they have never seen will have a fair chance at life because they'll have the milk that will make them strong and husky.

It was good business going down to the Municipal League luncheon yesterday afternoon. Acting Secretary Howard A. Adams was very kind to me and Robert Howes, who presided, made it possible for me to tell the lunchers about this milk fund. —From the P.-I. May 17, 1922.

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

Published Weekly by the
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Telephone Main 6282

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J. T. Lawler, Ell. 6059, Ex-Officio Trustee

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

MAYOR'S ADDRESS

(Continued from Page 1.)

\$8,000 of the \$10,000 appropriated. The valuation was made by an expert, which showed the lines to be worth practically half of what we agreed to pay therefor.

"The Grand Jury having volunteered to assist, their services were accepted, and the 1500 word telegram produced in response to the Grand Jury's subpoena confirms the valuation made by the expert employed under Mr. Tucker, namely, Mr. Cyrus A. Whipple.

"On October 5, 1920, in a speech before this organization I stated a campaign to rouse the interest of the people in learning the difficulties and unfortunate situation in which the City was placed under this contract. At that time I pointed out the almost impossible nature of the contract, and stated that I believed it would be impossible to carry it out according to its terms. I took the stand, and have adhered to it, that there was neither a legal nor a moral obligation on the part of the city to contribute to the support of the railways from any other fund than that agreed upon in the contract, namely from the car line receipts. Much discussion followed in the newspapers and otherwise and I was berated by part of the press for the stand I took. However, this did not deter me from giving the people the full facts, both as to the finances of the Railways and the contract under which they are

being operated by the City.

"The Grand Jury's report on January 31, is in part as follows: 'From the evidence submitted and available, we believe that this contract (the Street Railway) is incapable of performance according to its terms. We believe that the evidence in the hands of the Mayor and otherwise available shows facts such as should entitle the City to equitable relief. We therefore recommend to the City Council that it take the necessary steps to secure the same.'

"The City Council refused to seek any relief or to have the rights and liabilities of the City under this contract determined, as a result of which nothing has been done by the City to determine these matters and the only definition of our rights and liabilities was obtained in litigation brought by the so-called "Fourteen Taxpayers" who put up their own money and employed counsel to obtain a legal decision that the general tax funds are not liable for the Railway obligations. Recently the Supreme Court decided in the Taxpayers' Suit that there is not only no legal obligation to use tax funds for the aid of the railway but that the City has no right to do so, even if its officials choose to do so voluntarily.

"I have taken the position that since the Council refused to seek any relief from the contract the City should certainly do no more than to live up to the absolute requirements of the same,

without voluntarily doing anything that it is not required to do, in an effort to make an impossible contract possible.

"There has of late been an incessant clamor by some of the newspapers for a five-cent fare. I have no hesitation in expressing it as my opinion that we will never have a five-cent fare as long as this railway contract stands with the present provisions, and I have pointed out to you how the Council has refused to seek any relief from the same.

"In an effort to force everyone to ride on the Street Railways at a high rate of fare the City has stifled its growth and development by abolishing the only form of rapid transportation it had and by trying to furnish a bus service at a continuing loss.

"The only hope of forcing a rewriting of the contract on terms more favorable to the city is to not only permit but to encourage motor bus transportation throughout the City. Private parties and private corporations stand ready to furnish this service without expense to the city and without in any way violating the City's contract with the people who sold the City the Street Railway system at an extortionate price and under terms of their own dictation but which are impossible of performance in the long run. The Bondholders would have a right to insist that the street car fare be further raised, and the further it is raised the more people would patronize the bus lines. The city would have adequate transportation and would develop and the Company would, therefore, either be forced to rewrite the contract or else the ultimate result would be the appointment of a receiver of the lines. If a receiver were appointed the employees would thus technically be employees of the Court and would be paid first, and so would other operating expenses, and the Bondholders would take anything that was left.

"Under an ordinance which I signed for the regulation of jitneys the Council has arbitrarily and beyond the contemplated effect of the ordinance, exterminated them. The increase in use of privately owned motor cars, together with adequate transpor-

tation throughout the City furnished by motor-busses, is the only hope of deliverance from the contract that is inimical to the best interests of the City and which in the long run cannot be carried out according to its terms because there is now no known way of providing for replacements or reconstruction of antiquated tracks and equipment. The City Council, however, has as I have pointed out, taken no steps to secure relief, or even an adjudication of our rights and liabilities, and has by abolishing the motor-busses not only hindered the development of the City but played into the hands of the people who made this contract. The effect of their action is simply to prolong the agony.

"In conclusion let me say that I hope the incoming Mayor will make good. I have already informed him that I stand ready to assist in any way possible to this end, and I bespeak for him your support and encouragement because he will need all he can receive."

FIVE-CENT CAR FARE

(Continued from page 1)
nance reading as follows:-

"The City of Seattle further binds itself to establish and maintain rates for transportation upon such municipal street railway system which shall provide sufficient revenues to permit such sums being paid into such special fund which the city has pledged to set aside semi-annually for interest, and annually for principal, as herein provided, to be applied to the payment of principal and interest of the bonds herein authorized, until such bonds have been paid in full, and in addition thereto all costs of operation and maintenance, and all bonds, warrants and indebtedness for which any revenues of such system have heretofore been pledged."

"This is a contractual provision, the breach of which, such provision be capable of performance, would doubtless give rise to a cause of action either to enforce the same specifically, or to recover damages for breach thereof. In addition

TO DECIDE DEXTER AVENUE EXTENSION

On Monday, May 22, the council is expected to make a final decision on the proposed extension of Dexter Avenue. The matter has developed a warm controversy among property owners, and a division of opinion of the members of the streets and sewers committee of the council.

The project has been before the council a number of times in past years and has always heretofore been turned down. The bone of contention is the necessity for such highway to link the main business district and the part of the city lying north of the Lake Washington Canal.

TEST CASES PLANNED ON WAGE ORDINANCE

Whether or not contractors of municipal projects must pay wages corresponding to that paid by the city in accordance with an ordinance and the charter provision, will be determined in a group of test cases to be heard in superior court shortly, it was announced recently by N. F. Jahn, Seattle contractor.

Heard in the Classroom

Teacher: What do you know about the life of Ben Johnson?

Jess: He was the son of a bricklayer and his father was a teacher.

* * *

Blest be ye who expect to lunk, for ye shall never be disappointed.

* * *

The freshmen think school's wondrous;

The Sophs think it's a lark;

The Juniors don't know what to think;

The Seniors keep it dark.

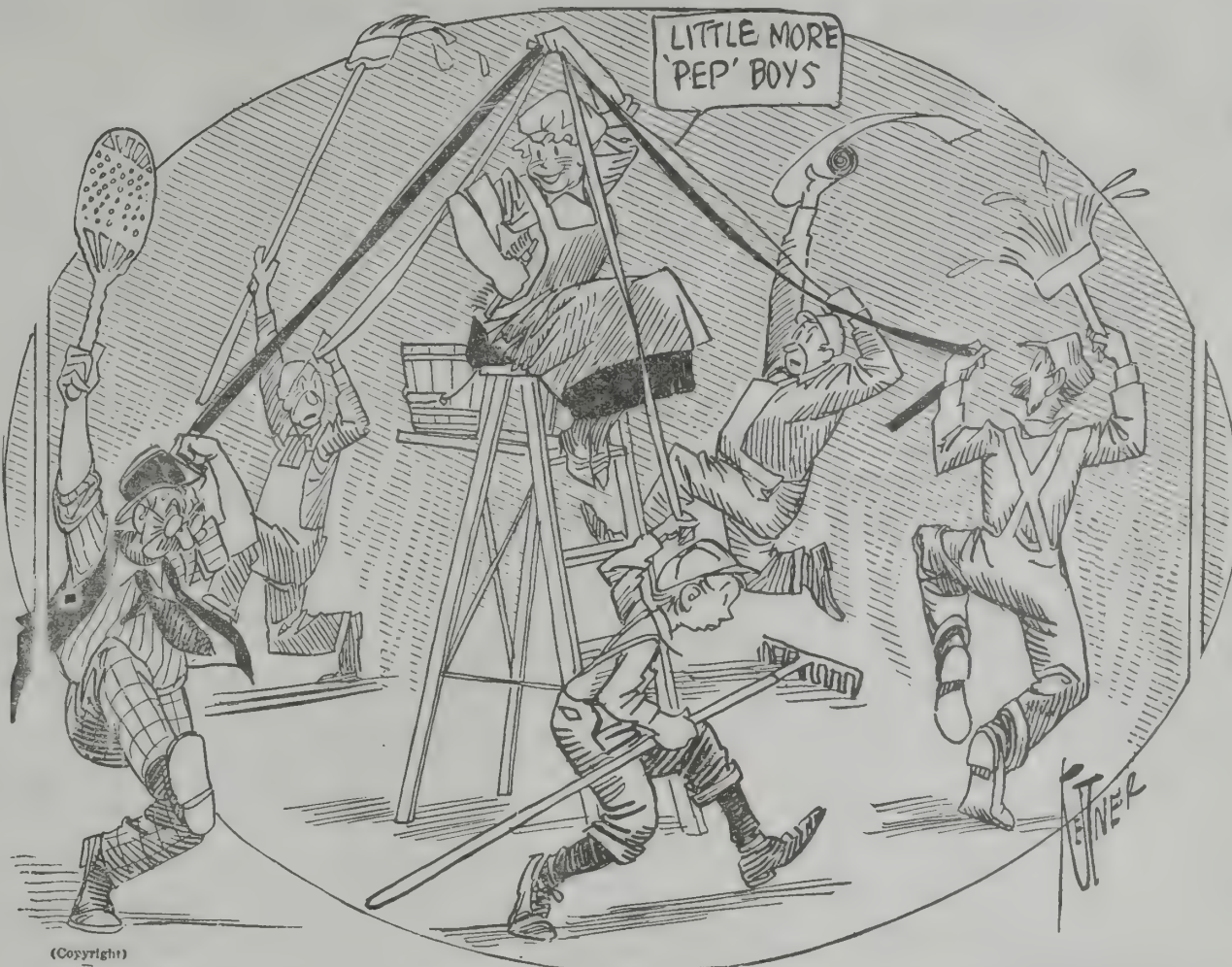
* * *

"Do you like Shakespearean roles?"

"Our baker never handles them."

The supreme court of this state, in the case of Schooley vs. Chelalis, 84 Wash., 667, 667, has held that there is a legal duty resting upon a city operating a utility to fix rates that will not only maintain such utility, but also take care of maturing principal and interest of bonds issued therefor."

The May Pole



(Copyright)

The Wireless Age



(Copyright)

THE WILKESSeattle's Own
Family Theatre

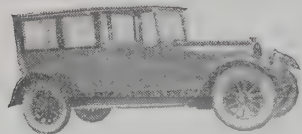
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same, duly verified, on said Administra-
tor or his attorney of record at the ad-
dress below stated, and file the same
with the Clerk of said Court, together
with proof of such service within six
months after the date of first publica-
tion of this notice, or the same will be
barred.

Date of first publication April, 1922.

J. P. BEIL,

Administrator of said Estate.

Address, Renton, Washington

H. C. FORCE, Attorney for Estate,
1211-12 Hoge Bldg, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. April 29, 1922 3t May 13**GEORGE E. MATHIEU**Attorney 332 Central Bldg
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of King. In Probate.In the Matter of the Guardianship of
August H. Sasse, Sr., an insane per-
son. No. 30988. Notice to Creditors.Notice is hereby given that the un-
dersigned has been appointed and has qual-
ified as guardian of the Estate of
August H. Sasse, Sr., an insane per-
son.All persons or creditors having claims
against the said August H. Sasse, Sr.,
or against the above entitled estate are
required to serve their claims duly
verified and supported by affidavit as
required by law on the said guardian
or her attorney of record at the ad-
dress below stated and file the same
with the clerk of Court, together with
the proof of such service within six
months from the date of first publica-
tion of this notice, otherwise such
claims will be barred.Date of first publication, April 22,
1922.

BERTHA A. DALBY,

Guardian for said Estate.

Address: 332 Central Building, Seattle,
Washington.GEORGE E. MATHIEU, Attorney for
said Estate, Seattle, Washington.
First pub. Apr. 22, 1922. 4t May 13

IN JUSTICE'S COURT Before JOHN

BENT, Justice of the Peace in
and for Seattle Precinct, King Coun-
ty, State of Washington.R. Koemgsberg, Plaintiff, vs. L. J.
Glendennin, Defendant.No. 39461. Summons for Publication.
State of Washington, County of King,
ss.The State of Washington to L. J. Glen-
dennin:You, and each of you, are hereby no-
tified that R. Koemgsberg has filed a
complaint against you in said Court,
which will come on to be heard at my
office in Room 406 County-City Build-
ing, Seattle, King County, Washington,
on the 2nd day of May, A. D., 1922, at
the hour of 9:30 o'clock A. M., and un-
less you appear, and then and there
answer, the same will be taken as con-
fessed and the demand of the plaintiff
granted. The object and demand of
said complaint is to recover judgment
against said L. J. Glendennin for a
balance due in the sum of Forty-five
(\$45.00) Dollars and costs of this ac-
tion, for services rendered by Western
Adjustment Agency at the special in-
stance and request of defendant which
claim was assigned to this plaintiff.

Filed March 23rd, A. D., 1922.

JOHN B. WRIGHT,

Justice of the Peace, Seattle Precinct,
King County, Washington.

First pub. March 25, 1922. 4t Apr 15

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top wig-wag courage to the fel-
low in the foot-hills.

* * *

Even a tombstone will say
good things about a fellow when
he's down.

* * *

Evil thoughts like green apples
upset the whole system.**JOHN F. REED**Attorney 963 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, in and for the
County of King,—In Probate.In the Matter of the Estate of Lena
Code, Deceased. No. 28583. Notice of
Hearing Final Report and Petition
for Distribution.Notice is hereby given that Charles
H. Code, Administrator of the Estate
of Lena Code, deceased, has filed in
the office of the Clerk of said Court his
Final Report and Petition for Distri-
bution, asking the court to settle
said Report, distribute the property to
the person entitled thereto, and to dis-
charge said Administrator; and that
said Report and Petition will be heard
on the 20th day of June, 1922, at 9:30
A. M., at the Court Room of the Pro-
bate Department of said Court.

Dated this 19th day of May, 1922.

GEORGE A. GRANT,

Clerk of said Court.

By H. C. GORDON, Deputy.

First pub. May 20, 1922. 3t June 3

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Seattle Municipal News

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OL. XII. NO. 21.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, MAY 27, 1922.

PRICE 10 CENTS

MAYOR'S VETO RILES EMPLOYEES OF CITY

As we go to press the city hall is in a turmoil. The Mayor has vetoed the monthly salary ordinance, and thousands of city officers and employees — including the Mayor himself — will be without their pay checks.

The situation has developed from the insistence of Mayor Caldwell, that the ordinance carrying appropriations should not be the vehicle by which an indirect subsidy is given to the Municipal street railway. That proportion of expense incurred by the various city departments directly incidental to the ownership of the property, he insists, should be paid out of the railway fund and not borne by the general fund.

Mr. Caldwell gave notice of his intention to veto the ordinance unless this segregation was made. The Council, however, has "stood pat" and declined to change the ordinance. It has the power, of course, to pass it over the Mayor's veto, but in that event it takes effect thirty days from date of passage.

In the meantime it is expected that the matter will speedily be taken into court by mandamus proceedings.

SUBJECTS OF ZONING SYSTEM

How can my neighbor take \$10,000 away from me and not be guilty of grand larceny? The answer to the pregoing question was given Tuesday by Charles Alden and Secretary Gaines of the Seattle Zoning Commission. They referred to the immediate and certain loss of the property owner who views with dismay a gang of workmen breaking ground for an apartment house on a store adjacent to his home. The work of the Commission is culminated in a detailed use

MEMBERS OF THE MUNICIPAL LEAGUE:

You are invited and desired to be at the Annual Dinner and Meeting of the League WEDNESDAY, MAY 31st.

Various reasons may have prevented your personal solicitation, and if such is the case, phone the undersigned of your intention to be present.

An excellent dinner, reports of officers, election of officers, and a stirring address by Dr. E. J. Brown, mayor-elect, will constitute the program.

Place: L. C. Smith Building Restaurant.

Time: 6.30 P. M. May 31st.

JAMES T. LAWLER,
Chairman of the Committee.

map covering every foot of territory in the city, which is the basis of a proposed ordinance establishing the use or uses to which hereafter property may be put. Six zones or kinds of districts are proposed: First residence; second residence, commercial, light manufacturing, heavy manufacturing and unrestricted. "First residence" does not mean "first class", and "second residence", "second class". By a first residence district is meant one in which the only residences to be constructed hereafter are single family homes. In the second residence district both single family homes and apartments may be built.

In both residence districts provision is made for necessary stores to supply the various neighborhoods. Inasmuch as most settled neighborhoods are at present more than liberally supplied with commercial buildings not many additions to such uses are made.

One fact should be borne in mind—that the provisions of this ordinance are not retroactive. The man who has invested his money in a business building, no matter where it is located, can

continue to do business "at the old stand". Anything else would be confiscatory. The ordinance takes us as it finds us and safeguards the future. Whatever mistakes may have been made in the past, it leaves to the past.

At first blush it seems as though the ordinance was conceived solely with reference to monetary conditions. But important as those are, the purposes of the act are not confined to them. The framers of the law aim that the achievement of the ideal of the maximum of room and light and fresh air for our city dwellers. That ideal is most nearly approached in a community of single, detached dwellings, and the insuring of many such communities is one of the major purposes of the ordinance.

The Commission is holding meetings in various parts of the city to explain the ordinance in general to the voters and to show what uses are proposed in the particular districts where the meetings are held.

The matter is one of the greatest importance and has been referred to the League's committee on City Planning for an early report.

TACOMA ALSO HAS RAILWAY PROBLEMS

Tacoma's efforts to have the Shipping Board cancel the \$233,000 worth of Municipal Street Railway bonds held by the board, on payment of a sum less than their face value, have failed. The board insists that the full face value of the bonds shall be paid.

J. Charles Dennis, city attorney of Tacoma, offered the board on behalf of the city \$100,000 to cancel. The offer was rejected on the ground that, although these obligations are not a direct municipal obligation, the credit of the city is behind them. Inasmuch as the city is solvent and responsible, the board feels that it has no authority to accept anything less than the full sum. Should the board sell these securities in the market, an embarrassing situation might be created.

The bonds were issued by the Tacoma Municipal Railway Company in exchange for their face value advanced by the Shipping Board to assist the city in constructing an extension of the street railway system to reach the shipbuilding plants on the tide flats during the war.

THE CABARETS AGAIN

The unsatisfactory cabaret situation alluded to previously in these columns is still unsettled.

Last week when the council met as a committee of the whole to consider the granting of cabaret licenses, the council chamber was packed — chiefly with the owners and hangers-on of owners of cabarets.

By a divided vote the council refused to grant the licenses sought. The Mayor had previously declared that whereas the places had been running for over a month without license, if licenses were not procured by midnight of Saturday, May 20, the Chief of Police had orders to

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 William G. Mann, Main 6670
 James W. Reynolds, Main 0799
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 H. A. Woodcock, Main 5208
 59, Ex-Officio Trustee

J. T. Lawler, Ell. 6059, Ex-Officio Trustee

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

Communications

Immediately upon the failure of the council to grant the licenses, the cabarets that had been operating without license procured a restraining order restraining the City from interfering with them. A hearing will be had in court on the 31st of May.

NOMINEES FOR THE ANNUAL ELECTION

The following are the nominees to be voted upon at the annual meeting of the League next Wednesday, May 31, at 6:30 p. m., at the L. C. Smith Building Restaurant:-

For President:

(One to be elected)
Julius L. Baldwin
Robert Howes

For Vice President:

(Two to be elected)
Jackson Silbaugh
Howard A. Adams
W. E. Henry
Robert F. Sandall

For Trustees:

(Five to be elected)

D. D. Johnson
Dan Earle
John D. Hall
Harrison W. Mason
C. L. Wartelle
L. I. Neikirk
Ray Dumett
Walter L. Nossaman
Andrew Steers
Charles G. Cole

of its present passive policy of apparent luke-warm interest in the affairs now transpiring with respect to the integrity of the Chinese Empire.

“That cooperation of each Chamber of Commerce on the Pacific Coast be sought to this end upon the ground that our present and prospective trade interests with China and the trans-oceanic countries are of peculiar, special and growing importance to the people and prosperity of this Coast.’

"It was referred to the Committee on State and National affairs. Judge McGilvra, then a consistent and intelligent member of the Chamber, made the motion of reference. It is my recollection that a copy or the substance of it reached Washington through the medium of the Chamber, but of this I am not certain. However, a copy was sent to our Secretary of State at Washington.

“A year later, in 1899, John Hay as Secretary of State laid down our famous doctrine of the ‘open door’ to China. Some people have said that afterwards we did nothing to keep the door open.

"My thought has been that if the Secretary had made his declaration a year earlier the unfortunate dividing of China would not have been so common and serious.

“Seattle is essentially a maritime city, hence is always profoundly affected by the destiny of China. For this reason I have recalled the acting of the old Chamber of Commerce taken many years ago.

AUSTIN E. GRIFFITHS".

TOLEDO ALSO TO PASS ON ZONING ORDINANCE

(From Toledo City Journal of
May 20, 1922)

Toledo's new zoning ordinance probably will be ready for Council in 10 months. The map making will be finished in eight months, leaving two months for the hearings.

This was the assurance recently given by Harland Bartholomew, city planner of St. Louis, who has been employed by the service department, co-operating with the city plan commission, to zone this city.

Among the cities that he has zoned are: Washington, D. C.;

With the meeting of May 23rd, the weekly luncheon meetings of the year have been suspended until next Fall.

Evanston and Winnetka, Ill.
Hutchinson, Topeka and Wichita, Kans.; Detroit, Grand Rapids, Jackson, Lansing, Mich.; St. Louis and University City, Mo. and Omaha, Nebr.

Offices of this new bureau will be opened in a week.

The Council appropriated \$15,000 for this work.

Following are the main provisions of the contract for the work. Bartholomew is to receive \$300 a month. He will furnish an assistant city planner, artist, field representative and two draftsmen, who are to receive \$215, \$15, \$10, and \$10 and \$7.50 a day respectively. The three latter men will be here all the time.

A few local draftsmen will be employed to help in the map making.

This work will include the preparation of a zoning ordinance with explanatory maps and a major street plan showing traffic conditions and suggested widening, extending or cutting through of new arteries.

The zoning ordinance will divide the city into districts with restrictions as to the building of factories and other establishments in residential zones. A board of arbitration will be established before which grievances may be aired.

"The American City" for Ap
completes a tabulation of fina
cial statistics for 156 cities begu
in December headed, "Is Yo
City Living Within Its Income
The figures given are: per capi
cost, per capita receipts, with su
plus or deficit, and per capi
debt. **Seattle** leads in ts per capi
cost of \$107.72 but it leads also
its per capita revenue of \$91.3
due of course to its municipal
owned utilities. Our per capi
deficit is given as \$16.35 while t
highest deficit, \$39.28, is attrib
ed to **Hoboken**, N. J. Individ
cities cannot be judged witho
definite knowledge of local con
tions but with three out of eve
four spending more than their i
come the need of better budg
ing seems to be proved.

What Other Cities Are Doing

Compiled by the Seattle Public Library, Municipal Reference Division

The Massachusetts House recently killed two bills which would have made it possible for towns and cities to aid street railways by levying deficits on general taxation. The measures were requested by advocates of the five cent car fare, but received little support.

* * *

St. Louis, Mo., has a Traffic Vigilante Committee with its slogan "Make St. Louis the Safest City in the World to Live In". The organization has about 325 members of which the Chief Vigilante is the only one publicly known. The main reason for secrecy is the results gained in careful driving when motorists do not know by whom they are being watched; as the Chief Vigilante puts it in his description of the scheme in the April number of the American City, "It is a patent fact that a man will not drive past a street car when it is unloading passengers if there is a uniformed policeman at hand, but the same man would try to speak by if he did not fear that the motor car behind him had in one of those argus-eyed Vigilantes". Vigilantes report violations of traffic laws which come to their attention and offenders and themselves invited to send in written explanations to the Chief of Police.

* * *

The same general scheme as that in use in St. Louis is carried out in Newark, N. J. and Rochester, N. Y. Toledo, Ohio, is planning a campaign of traffic education similar to that which has been so successful in Detroit. Here the public at large will be asked to cooperate by reporting to the police cases of traffic law violation. Blank forms for these reports are left at corner drug stores or at other accessible places.

* * *

THE FREEDOM OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK

Next to the election to public office the presentation of the

Freedom of the City has always been considered the highest form of compliment within the gift of the City. The bestowal upon Marshal Joffre of France, of the Freedom of the City on April 25 brings to the mind this old and charming custom. To some, merely the "hospitalities" of the City have been granted. The recipients of this honor include Henry Clay (1848), Prince Napoleon (1861), and General McClellan (1868). The "thanks of the City" were extended to General Grant, General Sherman, Admiral Porter, and Admiral Dahlgren (1865). The Prince of Wales (1860) was formally invited to the City, but did not receive the Freedom. Special tokens have sometimes been given, and formal receptions and parades have frequently been held in honor of some guest or resident of distinction.

Though now but a form of courtesy, the conferring of the Freedom of the City dates back to the custom of making a man a "civis" or citizen of a Roman municipality. In the Middle Ages, the citizen was made a "burgher" or "burgess", and in

the Colonial period, the American colonies, both Dutch and English, followed the practice of making men burghers or freemen. To be made a freeman gave the right to vote, trade, hold office and enjoy all the other rights of citizenship.

The bestowal of the Freedom of the City is purely symbolical, as the city has no right to confer citizenship on any one. Nevertheless, the City of New York can confer no greater honor on anyone than to adopt him into her municipal family. The ceremony is a pleasing one, and affords a gracious means of paying tribute in the name of all the people of the city to an individual of distinction. There have been one hundred recipients of the Freedom of the City since the custom was instituted in 1702.

* * *

Denver, Colorado, holds its annual music week May 14 to 21. The municipal chorus of 150 voices, the children's chorus of musical contests supply part of the week's entertainments. The opera "Robin Hood" will be presented entirely by local talent and "The Awakening", an oper-

atic fantasy which pleads for the protection of the beauties of the scenic outdoors is not only presented by local talent but has been created "from the original 3000 voices, band concerts and idea to the last stitch in costumes".

* * *

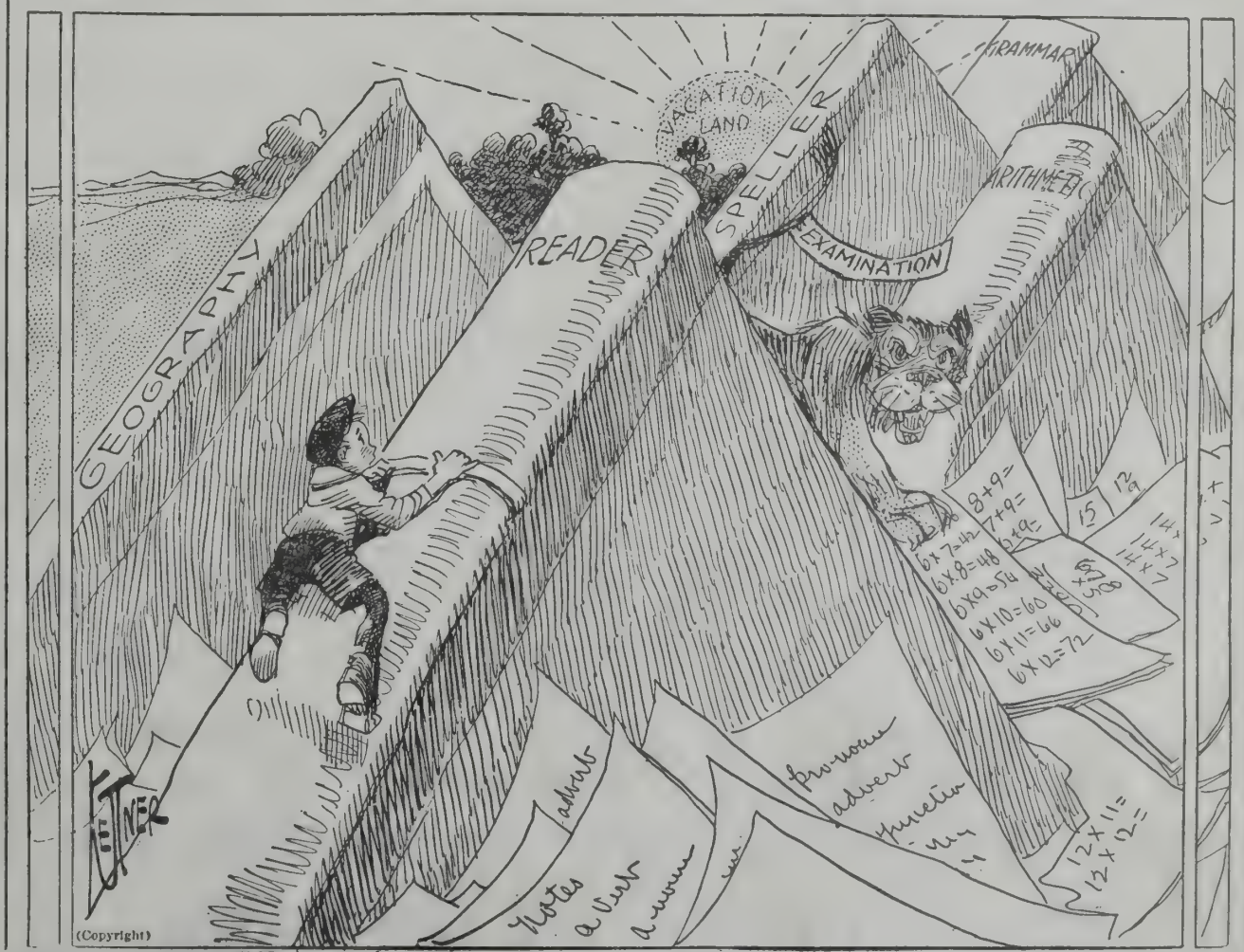
Music Week is a well recognized annual event in Denver. This year the city has contributed \$5000 and the use of the auditorium.

RAINIER NATIONAL PARK

As summer approaches, and with it vacation time, to lovers of the great open spaces; the mountains and valleys and luxuriant wild flower fields, there will come a longing to live for a time in their midst. So, with many of us, "what to do and where to go" will soon be a question in common.

But there is little need to spend much time in thought on that subject when we stand at the very threshold of the Nation's most wondrous playground, Rainier National Park, and may, in a few hour's time, be in its embrace. There will be found a

Delirium



multitude of things to hold one's interest and make all forget, for a while, the busy and noisy side of life. Longmire Springs and National Park Inn have long been favorite haunts with mountain enthusiasts, but their popularity will be greater this year than ever before; this for the reason that an exceptionally attractive vacation rate of \$17.50

per week, covering complete hotel service at National Park Inn, is to be offered. And for the vacationist's entertainment there will be special music for dancing in the Club House three nights each week, tennis courts, pool and billiards, hiking, fishing and horseback riding. This is the first time in the history of Rainier National Park, or any other national park for that matter, that a vacation rate within reach of all, and providing for first class board and sleeping accommodations at a typical mountain resort, has been attempted.

But above and beyond all in Rainier National Park is the very vastness of the mountains and valleys and wild flower fields. Indeed, among the many of this country's scenic attractions it is difficult to conceive of anything that surpasses in stupendous grandeur the wonders of Rainier National Park. Here may be found a variety of sights and activities that appeal tremendously to everyone.

The "Call of the Mountain" is indeed beginning to send forth its fetching appeal, and soon we may be walking beside rippling streams, traversing peaceful valleys or following marvelously wooded trails. The thought is fascinating, more so day by day, for soon we will be planning that eagerly awaited summer vacation.

HARTGE & CADWALLADER
Attorneys 521 Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County.
In the Matter of the Estate of James
Barnum Savage, Deceased. No. 31182.
Notice to Creditors.
In Probate.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, George B. Littlefield, has been appointed and has qualified as administrator with the will annexed of the estate of the above named James Barnum Savage, deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased or against said estate are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administrator with the will annexed, or his attorneys or record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service, within six (6) months from the 27th day of May, 1922, the date of first publication of this notice.
GEORGE B. LITTLEFIELD,
As Administrator with the will annexed of said Estate.
HARTGE & CADWALLADER
Attorneys for Administrator.
Post Office and Office Address: 521 Central Building, Seattle, Washington.
First pub. May 27, 1922. 3t June 10.

C. A. K. ANDERSON
Attorney 435 Henry Bldg.
Attorney 435 Henry Bldg.
IN JUSTICE'S COURT Before J. W.
HOAR, Justice of the Peace in and
for Seattle Precinct, King County,
State of Washington.
E. Peterson, Plaintiff, vs. Roy M.
Fraisure and Ethel Fraisure, his wife;
Defendants. No. 40014-5.
Summons for Publication.
State of Washington, ss. County of
King.
The State of Washington to Roy M.
Fraisure and Ethel Fraisure, his wife
You, and each of you, are hereby
notified that E. Peterson has filed a
complaint against you in said Court,
which will come on to be heard at my
office in Room 306 King County Court

House, Seattle, King County, Washington on the 28th day of June A. D., 1922, at the hour of 9:30 o'clock A. M., and unless you appear, and then and there answer, the same will be taken as confessed, and the demand of the plaintiff granted. The object and demand of said complaint is to recover the sum of Twenty four and 84-100 (\$24.84) Dollars for Groceries sold these Defendants by Ben Johnson and August Johnson, as York Grocery, which cause of action has been assigned to this Plaintiff, and for costs herein.

Filed May 25th A. D., 1922.
J. W. HOAR,
Justice of the Peace, Seattle Precinct,
King County, Washington.
First pub. May 27, 1922. 3t June 10.

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, in and for the
County of King.—In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Lena
Code, Deceased. No. 28583. Notice of
Hearing Final Report and Petition
for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Charles
H. Code, Administrator of the Estate
of Lena Code, deceased, has filed in
the office of the Clerk of said Court his
Final Report and Petition for Distribution, asking the court to settle
said Report, distribute the property to
the person entitled thereto, and to discharge said Administrator; and that
said Report and Petition will be heard
on the 20th day of June, 1922, at 9:30
A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate
Department of said Court.
Dated this 19th day of May, 1922.
GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. GORDON, Deputy.
First pub. May 20, 1922. 3t June 3

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JUN 8 1922

Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. XII. NO. 22.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, JUNE 3, 1922.

PRICE 10 CENTS

TAXATION EXPERT ADDRESSES LEAGUE

H. L. Lutz of Oberlin College of Ohio, called as an adviser to the Washington State Taxation Commission, gave a brief address at the League's Annual Meeting, Wednesday night. Among other thing he endorsed the idea of a bureau of municipal research for Seattle, adding that if such a bureau had been in existence it could have helped the governor's committee on taxation. Such a bureau, he said, is still more important because of the rapid rate of increase of taxation which has taken place. No one is rash enough to say when it shall cease. Whereas in periods of rising prices increased levies are easily explained, in a period of falling prices the reverse does not happen, the reason for it being that the governments do not share in falling prices as do private enterprises.

Mr. Lutz then outlines briefly the model system of state and local taxation as formulated by the National Taxation Association. The plan of which has been adopted in New York, Massachusetts, Wisconsin and Minneapolis. He grouped his division into three classes:

1. Taxation based upon ability to pay.
2. Special assessment principle:
 - a. To property real and personal of a tangible character. This tax is imposed by the state upon all property within its jurisdiction. (Mr. Lutz pointed out that such a tax can be made elastic to permit the state to encourage certain classes of property as against other classes of property. For example: Should the state embark upon a reforestation policy, the tax upon the trees planted in pursuance of that policy could be exempt).
 - b. The ability to pay principle.

Continued on Page 2.)

PRESIDENT BALDWIN'S ANNUAL REPORT

The duty devolves upon me to give the report of the president for the last year although I was elected only about three months ago to fill out the unexpired term of Mr. Anderson, and I regret to say that during a large part of that time I have been absent from the city. I will touch however upon a few of the activities of the League during the past year and some things of importance for the next year.

The League has had committees to report upon candidates for office and measures to be voted upon as usual, which is one of the outstanding services rendered by this organization. While neither the judgment of the committees nor their horoscope is infallible, we have reason to believe that a large section of the community looks with respect and gratitude upon these reports.

Probably the next most active committee during the year has been that on Public Utilities, of which my colleague, Mr. Robert Howes, has been chairman; and League owes Mr. Howes a large debt of gratitude for his exhaustive, painstaking and authoritative studies and presentation of the questions that have arisen during the year in conjunction with the street car system and especially the proposed Erickson bill for the payment of street car operation by taxation. Following the report of his committee, the League took action condemning this measure in no uncertain terms and calling for the utmost effort upon the part of every citizen to defeat that initiative bill, and we are gratified by the results in the election following therefrom.

The great objective for the year's work set by Mr. Anderson was the establishment of a bureau of municipal research. He undertook to enlist the men of all organizations who were interested in such institution to form such a bureau immediately. A meeting was called at which the matter was presented to representatives of this League, the Chamber of Commerce and many other organizations; and while it was generally conceded to be a good thing, there seemed to be such diversity of views with re-

(Continued on Page 3.)

MAYOR-ELECT DISCUSSES CITY PROBLEMS

Plans for the restoration of a 5 cent street car fare, so far as they concern the executive, will be complete within ninety days after his inauguration, Dr. Edwin J. Brown, mayor-elect, announced last evening to the members of the Municipal League at the annual meeting of that organization in the L. C. Smith Building restaurant.

Dr. Brown also discussed generally the Skagit power project, economies in city administration and needed reforms in the civil service.

"Since the election I have been giving the street railway much study," said Mr. Brown. "In the campaign I promised that ninety days after I became mayor I would have something to offer concerning the 5-cent fare. I now hope to have something tangible to present within that time. We have to restore that fare, we have to have cheaper power and we have to get some other things to make Seattle more attractive to those seeking to put their money in industrial plants. We must get the factories.

"What plans I have in mind I am not discussing publicly at this time, but you may rest assured that I have some and am giving them much study."

Dr. Brown said he and Mayor Hugh M. Caldwell had just returned from an inspection of the Skagit project and that he would suggest that the Municipal League arrange an excursion to the site this summer as an educational venture for the citizens generally.

"The foundation for the first unit will be completed in August," he said, "and as soon as we have the first unit working you will have a cut in power and light rates. If the project was developed to its full capacity and we could sell or use all the electrici-

Officers Elected At Annual Meeting

President—Julius L. Baldwin

Vice-Presidents—

Howard A. Adams

Robert F. Sandall.

Trustees—

D. D. Johnson

Dan Earle

John D. Hall

Harrison W. Mason

Walter L. Nossaman.

**There will be no League Meetings during
the months of June, July and August**

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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MUNICIPAL LEAGUE OF SEATTLE

Telephone Main 6282

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Robert F. Sandall, Main 0441
Dan Earle, Main 0078
E. C. Kilbourne, Ell. 0607

Terms Expire May, 1923—
Minion, Clark, Ell 0080

Vivian Carkeek Ell. 0080
William G. Mann, Main 6670
James W. Reynolds, Main 0799
L. B. Schwellenbach, Main 0365
H. A. Woodcock, Main 5203
59, Ex-Officio Trustee

J.T.Lawler, Ell.6059, Ex-Officio Trustee

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

ty generated this city would have a net income of \$25,000,000 and we would not have any city taxes at all. I do not expect to see that come about just yet, but I do expect to see Seattle and other communities given their industrial freedom through cheaper power and light.

"During the campaign I spoke of economies of administration. I have several in mind. I am considering trying out a plan of making a flat rate for water and collecting the bills once a year, as the rate is now so small that it is only nominal. This would save a considerable sum in printing and postage. I want to stop duplication of inspection, a standardization of automobiles in public service, the purchase of automobile tire and equipment by lots, a check kept on the automobiles and I believe the city needs an efficiency expert.

“I don’t take much stock in cutting salaries, but I am deeply concerned in seeing that the public gets a dollar’s worth of service for every dollar expended for that purpose. Therefore I am going to enlarge on the duties of the superintendent of public utilities. We hear it said that of late the superintendent of public utilities has not had much to do. I am going to change that. I am going to give him something to do; I am going to make him all his title implies.

"In the old days when most of our utilities were privately owned we had a superintendent to see that the corporations lived

up to their agreement with the citizens. I think it is just as necessary that we now have a man to see that the public servants do their duty to the citizens. My superintendent of utilities, whoever he may be, is going into all the public utility departments and give me first-hand information as to what is going on and what should be done to better the service to the people.

"I can see many difficult problems ahead and I shall need volunteer help. I have always made it a principle to use my friends. That's what they are for and I intend to use them throughout this administration. I want your help, but want it in the shape of counsel and advice before I act and not in criticism and fault finding when it is too late.

"There is one thing that constitutes a menace to good government and that is our Civil Service. I am not in a position at this time to say what I shall I ask, but there should be some amendments. The situation now is as if you named a general to lead you to victory and he had to serve with a lot of colonels and majors over whom he had no authority. The attitude of some of those fellows down there is that mayors and chiefs come and go, but we stay here forever.

"One strange feature of the present Civil Service law is that the chief of detectives is under its protection. Why they left out the chief of police I don't know; but it would be just as logical to

put him under Civil Service as the chief of detectives. The Civil Service was intended to protect the men, the rank and file, of city employes from exploitation by politicians in political campaigns. I believe that as soon as a man gets above the rank and file and becomes a directing head he should be taken out from under the protection of Civil Service and be held strictly accountable for his acts.

"You will find some of the departments are rather strongly fortified by reason of the Civil Service. So securely are they protected that the heads even don't know what is going on. Take the police department. I doubt very much whether the chief knows all that is transpiring there beneath the surface. Civil Service was never intended to be an obstacle to good government."

TAXATION EXPERT
ADDRESSES LEAGUE

(Continued from Page 1)

pal. The income is the only reasonable basis. The total income from all sources must graduate. (Mr. Lutz pointed out that the Federal government had over-shot the mark, and as a consequence in open evasion as well as capital being driven into field of exempt bond holdings, etc. He also pointed out that the government was "inquisitorial" under this phase of taxation but insisted that it had necessarily to be so—that the government agencies must be absolutely impartial and fearless in carrying out their work.

3. The third class of taxation was that of a business tax. (Mr. Lutz pointed out that the net income from business done within the state is perfectly feasible to collect).

LEAGUE HAS SPLENDID MUSIC AT ANNUAL MEETING

Ruth Linrud, harpist, favored the League with several selections, instrumental, and vocal, accompanied by the harp. Mr. Owen J. Williams, bass soloist, also rendered some very beautiful songs. He was accompanied by Mrs. Owen J. Williams at the piano.

SECRETARY'S COLUMN

After an absence of almost five weeks, it feels might good to get back to Seattle.

* * *

Business in Seattle is improving and the improvement was known up and down the coast almost as soon as it actually took place in Seattle, which demonstrates the fact that news travels quickly these days. Building permits have taken a decided jump, and this is a very hopeful indication of "back to normalcy". Seattle has every reason to be proud of her achievements and to look forward with hope and confidence toward the future.

* * *

Your secretary hurried home to be present at the Annual Meeting, and it was a delight to be able to be present. Altogether there were fifty-seven in attendance—a goodly number considering the fact that both the President and Secretary were out of the city and were unable, therefore, to lend their influence in making the dinner a success. All credit must be given to James T. Lawler, Chairman of the committee in charge of the arrangements, and Howard A. Adams who was acting as secretary. These two gentlemen worked hard and the success of the dinner may be attributed to their efforts.

* * *

A suggestion has been made by Mr. Lawler as well as by some members of the Board that the date of the Annual Meeting be changed from the last of May to sometime during the winter. It has become evident that a meeting held the last part of May makes it impossible for many members to attend because many of them live in their summer homes and it is virtually impossible for them to get in from the country. And then again, as this year, the weather is so warm that many members are unwilling to sit through an evening inside when the lure of the outdoors calls them. Still another reason for the change in the annual meeting presents itself, and that is that the newly elected trustees do not have the opportunity of working on the League's problems during the summer months to the extent that they would if they were

(continued on page 4)

PRESIDENT BALDWIN'S ANNUAL REPORT

(Continued from Page 1)

ard to its functioning and such jealousy as to who should conduct it, that it was impossible to proceed.

In fact, there is so much suspicion of one group or class by another in Seattle, that it is working to hamper the progress and well being of our fair city, and some steps are urgently needed to soften the natural antagonisms and to eliminate and eject, if necessary, the fomenters of hate and suspicion.

Those who have been working towards reducing the municipal budget and reducing the taxes, have constantly come up against the problem of how to get the facts necessary to correct misjudgments and plans without a prohibitive amount of work and expense, and thus repeatedly recalled us to the necessity of a bureau of municipal research. Mr. Lawler, who has done such excellent work as the League's representative on the Taxation Reduction Council, and as president of that body, has lately called our attention in the "News" to the necessity of such a bureau, and Mr. Russell of the University has suggested the possibility of utilizing the departments of the University engaged in that line of work to that end. I hope something practical can be accomplished along this line in the coming year.

Zoning and city planning is a question which is now pressing for attention. Mr. Haight has mentioned in the "News" the need of the work of the League in stimulating public opinion and official interest in the proper planning for the growth of the city and the advisability of working along the lines laid out by Mr. Virgil Bogue. The Zoning Committee or Commission has been at work for over a year on the preparation of plans for a zoning ordinance designating business and residence district throughout the city, and this deserves the most active interest and study of the members of the League.

The Skagit project of the Light Department has had the attention of a special committee during the past year, which considered all the strong opposition that was being made to the project and the arguments of its friends, and made a report recommending vigorous prosecution of the work of the first unit. This seemed to be followed by a cessation of the fight against the project for a while but that fight is cropping out again from time to time. The undertaking is so vast and important that it is believed it would warrant a special committee of the League to keep in touch with for the coming year.

The Budget Committee considered that phase of the Skagit project which concerned the sale of bonds in payment of the contract at a time when it was stated that the bonds would have to be sold at 85 cents on the dollar, and reported that in its opinion the bonds should bring practically par if given in payment for the work. The contract was awarded on a figure which the city authorities assured us was practically what cash payments would have commanded, and in addition the contractors agreed to pay an extra million dollars worth of the bonds at par. They were sold at above par.

The Budget Committee also had under consideration the fixing of the annual city budget and the passing of the annual salary ordinance. A study of the needs of the various departments is a task so great that it cannot be done properly by a voluntary committee of a civic body. We learned that there was a committee of private citizens appointed by the Civil Service Commission with the advice and consent of the Council to assist the commission in preparing a reclassification and revision of salaries. This committee worked hard and efficiently and made a thorough and capable report on revision of salaries but left reclassification for further study. This revision report came before the Council with the recommendation of the Civil Service Commission that it be adopted but the Council, apparently over-awed by the powerful lobby and influence of the civil service association and employees present at the hearing, treated the report with

scant courtesy. This question of reclassification and revision of salaries is now a burning one and the new budget committee will find its hands full immediately with urgent work to be done.

The whole question of civil service is a constantly troublesome one, and our former president, Mr. Anderson, gave the civil service law a scathing arraignment at a meeting of the League, from his experience with public employment. The civil service committee has recommended the adoption of the city manager form of government with civil service rules. Some city managers, I understand, favor the abolition of these rules. The adoption of a city manager government for Seattle has been advocated by the League, and the committee is working under instruction to prepare an ideal charter to put it into effect.

The performance of the functions properly by the administrative officers of the governments with the county limits, is also a concern of the League. One specific matter that has come forcibly to my attention is the manner of enforcing the Poll Tax law. This is a law recently enacted by the law-making branches of our State government for a specific purpose—namely, to pay the soldiers' bonus. The soldiers' bonus is a popular measure—the raising of the money to pay it is unpopular. Our assessor duly elected and sworn to enforce the laws and duties committed to his trust, has been reported as repeatedly expressing his public disapproval of the Poll Tax and stating that it would cost about as much to enforce it as would be realized. After that, the amount of money raised by that means in this county was a surprise. How it is being collected, however, is illustrated by the case I am most familiar with—viz: my own. My name is Julius L. Baldwin. I live at 102 Harvard Avenue North, and have lived there for the past four years. My name has appeared in the lawyers' directory published in the Courthouse. It also appears in the city directory for the past fifteen years. It also appears with my address on the rolls of the county assessor, as well as the city treasurer and the county treasurer. I received a notice of the Poll Tax addressed Jeline Baldwin, 182 Harvard, Seattle. If that is not a studied effort to send that notice astray, it is so grossly incompetent as to be puerile. If it had not been for the persistence of the mailman, I should never have received any notice. That does not excuse me from paying the tax. But I am informed that there has been no attempt to collect the tax from those who have failed to get their notices. If that kind of attention were given to the fiscal matters of any private business, how long would the employee hold his job? And if he did, how long would the business exist? This is a condition that should be investigated. It is illustrative of work that this League is needed to perform.

In order that the League should be effective, however, it must have the active work and interest of its members, and it should at all times have a large live membership. It will, therefore, devolve upon the membership committee and the whole League during the coming year to devise ways of stimulating interest and increasing the loyal and active membership. In this way not only will the work that is done be facilitated, but the influence of that work will be far more powerful.

Respectfully submitted.

J. L. BALDWIN.

President.

STRATEGY

Three Scotchmen went to church, each clutching tightly the penny he intended to contribute when the plate was passed. Consternation reigned when the minister announced that this particular Sunday an effort was to be made to raise the mortgage, and asked every member of the congregation to make a substantial offering.

During the prayer the Scots held a whispered consultation as to the solution of their dilemma, and reached a satisfactory decision.

One fainted and the other two car-

ried him out.—The American Legion Weekly.

* * *

MEANT WELL

Lord Babbington was instructing a new colored servant in his duties, adding, "Now Zeke, when I ring for you, you must answer me by saying, 'My Lord, what will you have?'"

A few hours afterward, having occasion to summon the servant, his lordship was astonished with the following: "My Gawd, what does you want now?"

SECRETARY'S COLUMN

(continued from page 2)
elected at a time when the League meetings and League activities are in full swing. The matter will be taken up by the Board shortly, and if it deems it advisable a change in the by laws will be proposed.

* * *

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It is very gratifying to find an organization like the League functioning in Seattle, whereas in a larger city like San Francisco no organization of its kind exists. In fact, I believe the existence of the League is simply typical of the closer-knit community spirit of Seattle as contrasted with that of other cities. To my mind the Seattle citizens have evidence a type of independence which is truly remarkable. There is generally a far

greater understanding of civic needs, problems and activities than in many other cities. This redounds to Seattle's credit not only as an abstract form, but also as a very concrete mark of progressivism.

Playing Train

Willie finally persuaded his auntie to play "train" with him. He took great delight in arranging the chairs in line, and with an air of knowing his business, began issuing orders.

"Now, you be the engineer, Auntie, and I'll be the conductor. Lend me your watch and get into the cab." Then Willie hurried down the platform holding the watch in his hand; suddenly turning around, he waved toward the engineer, and yelled:

"Pull out there, you red-headed, pop-eyed, pie-faced boob."

"Why Willie," exclaimed Auntie in amazement.

"That's right, chew the rag," he retorted. "We're five minutes late already. Get the 'ell outa here."

Willie's parents forbid him playing down by the station and are persuading him to give up railroading.

The Stub End.

JOHN F. REED

Attorney 960 Empire Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, in and for the County of King,—In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Lena Code, Deceased. No. 28583. Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Charles H. Code, Administrator of the Estate of Lena Code, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his Final Report and Petition for Distribution, asking the court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the person entitled thereto, and to discharge said Administrator; and that said Report and Petition will be heard on the 20th day of June, 1922, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 19th day of May, 1922.

GEORGE A. GRANT,

Clerk of said Court.

By H. C. GORDON, Deputy.
First pub. May 20, 1922. 3t June 3

HARTGE & CADWALLADER

Attorneys 521 Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County. In the Matter of the Estate of James Barnum Savage, Deceased. No. 31182. Notice to Creditors.

In Probate.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, George B. Littlefield, has been appointed and has qualified as administrator with the will annexed of the estate of the above named James Barnum Savage, deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased or against said estate are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administrator with the will annexed, or his attorneys or record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service, within six (6) months from the 27th day of May, 1922, the date of first publication of this notice.

GEORGE B. LITTLEFIELD,
As Administrator with the will annexed of said Estate.

HARTGE & CADWALLADER
Attorneys for Administrator.
Post Office and Office Address: 521 Central Building, Seattle, Washington.
First pub. May 27, 1922. 3t June 10.

C. A. K. ANDERSON

Attorney 435 Henry Bldg.
Attorney 435 Henry Bldg.

IN JUSTICE'S COURT Before J. W. HOAR, Justice of the Peace in and for Seattle Precinct, King County, State of Washington.

E. Peterson, Plaintiff, vs. Roy M. Fraisure and Ethel Fraisure, his wife; Defendants. No. 40014-5.
Summons for Publication.

State of Washington, ss. County of King.

The State of Washington to Roy M. Fraisure and Ethel Fraisure, his wife

You, and each of you, are hereby notified that E. Peterson has filed a complaint against you in said Court, which will come on to be heard at my office in Room 306 King County Court House, Seattle, King County, Washington on the 28th day of June A. D., 1922, at the hour of 9:30 o'clock A. M., and unless you appear, and then and there answer, the same will be taken as confessed, and the demand of the plaintiff granted. The object and demand of said complaint is to recover the sum of Twenty four and 84-100 (\$24.84) Dollars for Groceries sold these Defendants by Ben Johnson and August Johnson, as York Grocery, which cause of action has been assigned to this Plaintiff, and for costs herein.

Filed May 25th A. D., 1922.

J. W. HOAR,

Justice of the Peace, Seattle Precinct, King County, Washington.

First pub. May 27, 1922. 3t June 10.

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VOL. III. NO. 24.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, JUNE 17, 1922.

PRICE 10 CENTS

YOU GET YOUR MONEY BACK IF YOU DON'T LIKE IT

"If any person going up to the Skagit is dissatisfied with the trip and feels that he hasn't got his money's worth, I personally will give him back the expense of the trip," declared Chief Engineer Uhden to the writer today.

The trip to the Skagit is definitely launched—June 24th and 25th having been named as the dates for the junket by the committee consisting of Walter Nossaman, Harrison W. Mason and Dan Earle. Every man, woman and child in the city of Seattle who can possibly go should make the trip at that time. Chief Engineer Uhden has promised to be on hand to guide the party and every possible convenience and comfort will be afforded those making the journey.

In order to allow the greatest possible time at the project itself, the committee has definitely decided to engage motor cars. The autos will leave at 6:30 a. m. Saturday, June 24, from the Blue Taxi Company office, corner of Second and Marion streets. Rockport will be reached by 12:30, at which place the party will entrain on the city railway going to Gorge Creek. The party will arrive at Gorge Creek at 3:00 o'clock, and the rest of the afternoon will be spent in inspecting the project. A dinner will be furnished at the plant at a cost of 50c per person. Lodging will be furnished by the city also at a cost of 75c per person. Sunday morning will be spent in making further inspection and view of the project. The party will leave about noon Sunday, thus enabling it to return to Seattle about 6:00 p. m. Sunday.

The cost of the entire trip will not exceed \$15.00 per person. It will be made, it is hoped, under ideal weather conditions and under the guidance of the Chief Engineer of the project and his staff. The scenic wonders alone of the Skagit are well worth making the trip for. Those who have taken it declare it to be one of supreme beauty and never to be forgotten in sheer enjoyment. Not only should every member of the League endeavor to go, but he should urge his friends to go. Those who have private machines and desire to drive themselves are welcome. The only condition is that they inform the secretary that they are going so that accommodations can be arranged for them. Those who have cars and desire to take on members of the League or others as their guests will be allowed to do so. It will effect a substantial saving as the cost of hiring a private car is \$10.00 per person for the round trip to Rockport. Again the only request made by the League is that those driving their own cars and taking on guests notify the secretary.

So far as clothing is concerned, either a hiking outfit or old clothes should be worn; for there will be considerable walking and perhaps some climbing to do.

The earlier you signify your intention of going the better. The committee desires to arrange everything for the comfort and convenience of its guests. Phone Main 0791 and make reservations.

TAYLOR AND THE VOTE ON REDUCTION OF THE TEACHERS' SALARIES

By Eimon L. Wienir

The attack by the American Legion, backed up by the newspapers of the city, on school director E. F. Taylor, with the threat of recall, creates a situation which, in justice to Mr. Taylor, needs to be clarified by some impartial body. The gist of the complaint against the school director is that Mr. Taylor pledged himself prior to election to maintain teachers' salaries at the present high level, and that in voting for a reduction he violated his pledge and therefore is not a fit member of the school board and should be recalled. Those attacking him entirely ignore the principle of whether it is desirable or not to cut salaries, or whether the same are justified by the circumstances. They would

(continued on page 2)

UNDERWRITERS ASK FOR RETENTION OF FIRE CHIEF

The Underwriters Association has sent a resolution to the Mayor urging the retention or re-appointment of George M. Mat- tor as the Chief of the Fire Department of the City of Seattle. The resolution is set forth as follows:-

Resolution

...WHEREAS, The Fire Department of the City of Seattle is now recognized as among the best and most efficient in the United States; and

WHEREAS, The fire losses in the City of Seattle during the year 1921 were approximately only one-half of those of the year 1920; and

WHEREAS, This has all been accomplished under the administration of Chief George M. Mat- tor since he took charge in Oc- tober 1920; and

(continued on page 4)

STATE TAXATION COMMITTEE REPORTS

By the Secretary

The report of the State Tax- ation Commission should be studied by every citizen interest- ed in taxation and government in the State of Washington. The report was gotten up by a com- mittee of citizens of unquestioned standing in the community. Moreover, these men—practical business men, the majority of them—have devoted months of study, have sought advice from recognized experts and have em- bodied in the report opinions ex- pressed fearlessly and without regard to consequences. How conscientiously the committee has worked was pointed out to the writer by the chairman of the Taxation Committee recently. A local organization had asked, some two months before the date

(Continued on page 3)

PUBLIC UTILITIES COM- MITTEE TO BE HEADED BY ROBERT HOWES

Robert Howes, consulting en- gineer and former vice president of the League; has consented to act as chairman of the Public Utilities committee during the coming League year. Within the next few days an announcement will be made as to the personnel of his committee. Already the Board has referred to the com- mittee the matter of the five cent fare ordinance introduced by Councilman Fitzgerald and ap- parently sanctioned by Mayor Brown. The Board is of the opinion that the ordinance should not be rushed through without a proper consideration of all the consequences that may accrue by reason of its passage. The recent decision of the Supreme Court does not necessarily mean that the general fund cannot be taxed, for if the five cent fare should

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H. A. Woodcock, Main 5203

J. T. Lawler, Ell. 6059, Ex-Officio Trustee

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

prove inadequate to meet the costs of operation and interest charged, the private company might institute an action for damages for breach of its contract, and in the event the damages were recovered the general fund would be liable. The railway question is far from solved and both the council and the Mayor must be more alert now than ever before in properly endeavoring to solve the problem.

The Public Utilities Committee has been given the responsibility of making an analysis of the present situation and bringing in its findings in time to give the council and the Mayor the benefit of its views. The League is to be congratulated on securing the leadership of such an outstanding personage as Mr. Howes as chairman of its Utilities committee. The public officials of the city not only recognize the disinterestedness of the League, but also must recognize the ability of its committeemen.

Simultaneously with giving authority to President Baldwin to organize the Public Utilities Committee, the Board directed the reorganization of the committee on Education and the committee on the Budget. These two committees will be faced with very severe responsibilities. The reduction of tax salaries recently made is threatened with a "reconsideration".

The story in the "News" last week concerning the situation in Buffalo, New York, indicates that the pendulum is swinging the

school expenditures. From the other way now with reference to period of unlimited school expenses, a reaction has set in. Seattle is typical merely and not exceptional in that regard.

The budget committee is confronted with the usual overwhelming mass of statistics next to impossible adequately and scientifically to assimilate by any voluntary committee. However, a few of the high spots can be touched by the committee and its recommendations should be helpful indeed to the council.

SCHOOL PROBLEMS

A letter has just been received from Mr. George B. Littlefield, former secretary of the League, suggesting that the League make investigation to determine certain final questions with regard to school expenses and administration. The letter, here reprinted in full, will be referred to the newly formed committee on Education.

"June 16, 1922

"Mr. J. L. Baldwin

"Pres. Municipal League

"Seattle

"Dear Mr. Baldwin,

"It occurs to me that the Municipal League might perform a public service of the greatest value at this time in connection with the present controversy over the cut in teachers' salaries.

"I am satisfied that there are many people in Seattle who believe that the teachers are extremely well paid, considering hours of service, length of school

year, conditions of work and the average salary and this opinion would seem to be fairly well supported by the evidences of at least reasonable prosperity among the school teachers whom most of us know.

"At the same time, the press is almost a unit in demanding that, not only shall the teachers' salaries not be reduced, but that they shall be increased at the first opportunity. What is the basis for this demand is not clear.

"There is also an opinion, somewhat widely prevalent, that the expense of administration of the School Department is excessive. There are charges and countercharges that ours is one of the most expensive departments in the country and it is also rather more than hinted that the Department no longer holds the high position it once did among similar institutions of the country.

"Now, it seems to me that the people generally would welcome a thorough, unprejudiced investigation and report upon this question, which would, as nearly as possible, demonstrate:

"1. Whether teachers' salaries are too low, too high or about right.

"2. Whether the department is being conducted as economically as possible and, if not, where the wastes prevail.

"3. Whether other economies than reductions in teachers' salaries are possible and whether such economies should and can be effected, with or without the salary reductions already ordered.

"The School Department is a vast institution about which most people know very little in detail. Such an investigation as I have suggested may have already been made but, if so, I do not believe it has impressed the public. It would be a difficult task but if successfully completed and laid before the public in such fashion that thoughtful citizens could feel that they have some basis for the formation of individual opinion on this vexed question, I think that the League would have added one more to the long list of matters for which the public owes it a debt of gratitude.

"Yours very truly,

"GEO. B. LITTLEFIELD".

TEACHERS' SALARIES

(Continued from Page 1.)

make of Mr. Taylor's case *causas belli*. In this connection it might be interesting to know Mr. Taylor's position as set forth before the Candidates Investigating Committee of the League and made public by the League committee in its report. Among other things, the report states that Mr. Taylor "favors reduction of expenses in building program, in administration; and, if necessary, in some classification of teachers' salaries". Mr. Taylor further stated to the committee that he would vote for the reduction of teachers' salaries "the event it became apparent that the same was necessary for the economical operation of the schools". It therefore becomes apparent that Mr. Taylor has not violated his pledge, but is simply doing his duty as he sees it.

There are many people who have the interest of the school at heart who really would welcome a recall; for that would take out the popular will in regard to the reduction of teachers' salaries. In spite of the claim of the newspapers that they have been swamped with protest from citizens, on Mr. Taylor's vote, there is a feeling abroad that the vast majority of citizens are in accord with the board's determination to effect economy even if it must cut salaries. Local newspapers have vied with each other for the school teachers' support. They have not published a word concerning the present financial status of the schools, nor have they made a comparison between the teachers' salaries of today with what they were before the war, nor have they made any comparison between the teachers' salaries and similarly situated professional people, nor between the pay existing in Seattle and that existing in other cities its size. In other words, the newspapers have carried favor with the teachers and have thrown dust in the eyes of the people in an endeavor to blind them to the situation.

Let the recall come, and then we shall have an opinion of the people expressed!

WHAT OTHER CITIES ARE DOING

Compiled by Seattle Public Library, Municipal Reference Division

It has been recognized that city planning cannot limit itself to city boundaries and get the best results. The trustees of the Russell Sage Foundation have made an appropriation which, with added contributions from interested citizens, will provide a sum sufficient for developing a comprehensive regional plan for **NEW YORK** and its environs. The city of **NEW YORK** is also cooperating with surrounding municipal and county authorities in planning a highway system for the entire metropolitan area and the state of **NEW YORK** and **NEW JERSEY** are working together on a plan for joint development of their combined port areas. The Main Line District of **PHILADELPHIA** region, which is the suburban district along the main line of the Pennsylvania Railroad west of the city, has had a plan made by Mr. Almstead and Mr. Coman which includes a metropolitan park system. Here in the West **LOS ANGELES COUNTY** led the way in regional planning and undoubtedly many other districts will find it possible to get together for the proper development of the section as a whole.

TOLEDO's Welfare Farm reports a production of \$11,113.33 worth of vegetables some of which were sold to city institutions. A stone crusher purchased during the year will supply a source of revenue to the city as well as giving work during the winter months. The farm, it is hoped, will become self-supporting, but if this end is never reached it is felt that the healthful, outdoor work has a corrective influence which is worth a great deal.

BUFFALO has received an offer from the Universal By-Products Corporation for the building and installation of a reduction plant. In connection with this offer the Public Works Department has submitted recommendations advocating disposal of

garbage by feeding to hogs rather than by reduction. For the past six months a hog farm has been maintained as an experiment and the conclusions drawn are that the faults of the experimental farm can be done away with and the method of garbage disposal can be made satisfactory as well as revenue producing. A larger site for the farm is recommended so that uneaten garbage and offal may be utilized on adjoining land where hay and oats could be raised for the 460 horses used by the street department. With the construction of a moderate sized reduction plant for the disposal of absolutely unusable garbage, the plant would become entirely sanitary and unobjectionable. The hogs raised on the experimental farm have always brought top market prices and are claimed to be second only to grain fed animals and better than those raised on farms by swill. According to the Public Works Department it has proved that this method is revenue producing while a reduction plant, on the other hand, would cost \$100,000 a year for operation and maintenance.

ST. PAUL has a system of conducting its public works that it considers a money saver. When any work is to be done the chief engineer submits an estimate of cost. Bids are asked for and if any are lower than the estimated cost the contract is generally awarded to the lowest bidder. If bids are higher the work is done by the city. St. Paul has a municipally owned asphalt plant, and 10c a square yard is charged against the job for depreciation of equipment. This is expended in the maintenance and upkeep of the asphalt plant. The city has been able to get keener competition from contractors as it is known that they must bid not only against other contractors but against the city.

TOPEKA, Ohio, has recently passed an ordinance calling for the licensing of all automobiles by the city with the exception of those owned by non-residents not staying in the city over two weeks. The examining board has the right to suspend licenses.

When it's wet we kick about the rain. When it's hot we kick about the heat.

SEATTLE AND TOLEDO TRACTION INCOME-COST COMPARISON IS SHOWN

SEATTLE - TOLEDO TRACTION INCOME-COST COMPARISON IS SHOWN

Comparison between the 1921 reports of the Seattle Municipal street railway and the Community Traction Company shows that the passenger revenue of the Toledo utility is 42.198 cents per car mile against 42.35 cents for Seattle.

On the other hand, the total operation and maintenance cost for the Seattle company averaged 28.86 cents per car mile, against 36.803 cents per car mile for Toledo.

However, the Toledo operating cost diminished to 33.59 cents per car mile in April this year, against 44.682 cents per car mile in March, 1921, when costs reached a high mark. This decrease reflects the strenuous effort of the street car commissioner to hammer down costs.

One item that entered into the higher Toledo cost was the power charge, which was 6.5 cents per car mile, compared with 4.32 cents per car mile for Seattle. The local utility also spent 1.14 cents per car mile more on ways and structures than did Seattle.

The Seattle report shows passenger revenues increased from 33.38 cents per car mile in 1920, to 40.36 cents per car mile in 1921, which the total cost was diminished about two cents per car mile over the two years. —Toledo City Journal, May 27, 1922.

SEATTLE PLANS A NEW HOTEL

By Eimon L. Wienir

A new hotel for Seattle seems certain at this writing. The Chamber of Commerce announces the formation of an executive committee to carry the project through and has set the week beginning July 17th for a campaign to raise the capital necessary to launch the project. I feel that I am speaking for the Municipal League when I say that Seattle is to be congratulated. The

Chamber of Commerce deserves a great deal of credit for its present efforts to secure a hotel for Seattle. It has long been a much needed want and has detracted largely from Seattle's ability to secure tourist travel and it has as well detracted from Seattle's social, civic and commercial life.

Perhaps, however, it has been fortunate to have waited thus long, for now we shall be able to secure the most modern type of building, furnishings and conveniences; and, all in all, the hotel should be the last word in every detail of construction and arrangement. Let every citizen get behind the project and endeavor to make it a success!

JUDGE GRIFFITHS IS TO MAKE RACE FOR THE SENATE

Judge Austin E. Griffiths, former president of the Municipal League and for many years an active participant in its affairs, has announced his candidacy for the United States Senatorship. Judge Griffiths has many friends in the League who will undoubtedly help him realize that ambition. It is with distinct pleasure that the writer calls attention to Judge Griffith's high qualifications for the office he seeks. A man of wide political experience, Judge Griffiths has widened his knowledge by travel both in this country and abroad, and his progressive views have met with understanding and sympathy at home. His friendly yet sane attitude towards organized labor and his expressions of belief in the fundamental laws of our land qualify him to represent every element in the community in the United States Senate.

STATE TAXATION

(Continued from Page 1.)

of the engagement, a member of the committee to address it. The member of the committee stated that he could not accept the engagement without first consulting the chairman of the committee as to whether or not a committee meeting would be held on that date. Had there been a conflict, the speaking engagement would not have been accepted. The committee made many per-

sonal sacrifices, leaving their homes, their families and their business for days at a time. A digest of the report will be printed in the succeeding early issues of the News.

RETENTION OF FIRE CHIEF

(Continued from Page 1.)

WHEREAS, Chief Mantor has

been untiring and unselfish in his efforts to develop a Fire Department of which Seattle might be proud; and

WHEREAS, All interests such as fire underwriters, home owners, building owners and others who are most vitally affected by the efficiency of the Department are united in their support and commendation of Chief Mantor for the results he has so splendidly attained;

BE IT RESOLVED, That it would be a calamity to the City of Seattle to lose the services of such a department head as Chief Mantor, and that we unanimously endorse the retention or re-appointment of George M. Mantor as the Chief of the Fire Department of the City of Seattle.

Expert

Hello, Sam! Glad to see you. What are you doing now? Still pumping the church organ?"

"Yes, sir, I'm still pumping the organ. An' I'm getting to be a pretty fine pumper. The other day they had a big organist over from New Haven, and I pumped a piece he couldn't play."

FISH STORY

"Where do the jellyfish get their jelly?"

"From the ocean currents of course."

F. W. CRARY

Attorney 405 Leary Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County.
In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Hilda Nelson, Deceased. No. 25168. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as administrator of the Estate of Hilda Nelson, deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same duly verified on said administrator or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the clerk of said court, together with proof of such service, within six (6) months after date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

First pub. June 17th, 1922. 3t July 1.

HARRY E. NELSON

Administrator of said Estate.
Address: 405 Leary Building, Seattle, Washington.
F. W. CRARY, Attorney for Estate, Seattle, Washington.

HARTGE & CADWALLADER

Attorneys 521 Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County.
In the Matter of the Estate of James Barnum Savage, Deceased. No. 31182. Notice to Creditors.
In Probate.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, George B. Littlefield, has been appointed and has qualified as administrator with the will annexed of the estate of the above named James Barnum Savage, deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased or against said estate are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administrator with the will annexed, or his attorneys or record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service, within six (6) months from the 27th day of May, 1922, the date of first publication of this notice.

GEORGE B. LITTLEFIELD, Adm.

As Administrator with the will annexed of said Estate.

HARTGE & CADWALLADER
Attorneys for Administrator.
Post Office and Office Address: 521 Central Building, Seattle, Washington.
First pub. May 27, 1922. 3t June 10.

C. A. K. ANDERSON

Attorney 435 Henry Bldg.
Attorney 435 Henry Bldg.

IN JUSTICE'S COURT Before J. W. HOAR, Justice of the Peace in and for Seattle Precinct, King County, State of Washington.

E. Peterson, Plaintiff, vs. Roy M. Fraisure and Ethel Fraisure, his wife; Defendants. No. 40014-5.

Summons for Publication.
State of Washington, ss. County of King.

The State of Washington to Roy M. Fraisure and Ethel Fraisure, his wife You, and each of you, are hereby notified that E. Peterson has filed a complaint against you in said Court, which will come on to be heard at my office in Room 306 King County Court House, Seattle, King County, Washington on the 28th day of June A. D., 1922, at the hour of 9:30 o'clock A. M., and unless you appear, and then and there answer, the same will be taken as confessed, and the demand of the plaintiff granted. The object and demand of said complaint is to recover the sum of Twenty four and 84-100 (\$24.84) Dollars for Groceries sold these Defendants by Ben Johnson and August Johnson, as York Grocery, which cause of action has been assigned to this Plaintiff, and for costs herein.

Filed May 25th A. D., 1922.

J. W. HOAR,

Justice of the Peace, Seattle Precinct, King County, Washington.

First pub. May 27, 1922. 3t June 10.

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Seattle Municipal News

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VOL. XII. NO. 25.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, JUNE 24, 1922.

PRICE 10 CENTS

MUNICIPAL LEAGUE PARTY AT THE SKAGIT

As this is being written, approximately twenty-five people have definitely decided to make the Skagit trip. A slight change in the arrangements was made Friday afternoon when Chief Engineer Uhden informed the League that the city railway train schedule had been changed so that the train would leave at 1:40 p. m. instead of 12:30 as theretofore. A corresponding change in the time for leaving was therefore made—the automobiles for Rock Port leaving at 7:30. The plan for the trip is as follows:—Automobiles will leave by the Everett road to Mt. Vernon, then up to Sedro Woolley, through concrete to Rock Port. At Rock Port the party will entrain on the city railway to Gorge Creek. Saturday afternoon and Sunday forenoon will be spent at the project; a special train carrying the party back to Rock Port, from whence the return to Seattle will be made.

In next week's issue of the News a full account of the visit will appear.

Those who decided to make the trip are: Mr. and Mrs. Walter J. Nossaman, Charles A. Hultin, I. C. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. C. V. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. A. L. White, John Smart, A. T. L. Williamson, Mrs. Weld, Miss Karen Weld, Dr. E. C. Kilbourne, Dr. George T. Williams, R. C. Hill, James T. Lawler, W. N. Harrison, D. L. Pratt, Sr., Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Frerich, Mr. and Mrs. Otway Pardee, Mr. M. A.oudon, and Eimon L. Wienir.

"Yes, I can give you a job. You can gather the eggs if you're sure you won't steal any."

"Youse could trust me with anything, lady. I was manager of a bathhouse for fifteen years and never took a bath."

WHAT WILL YOUR ANSWER BE?

President Baldwin is going about slowly but systematically in dividing up the work for the coming year. The basis for the League's success this year, as in years before, will be the committee work. Effective committee work depends upon earnest, sincere and conscientious service on the part of the personnel of the entire organization. Committee work must not be shirked by any member of the League no matter how high his standing in the community is, nor how unknown he may be. It must not be shirked neither by the rich or the poor. Above all, it must not be shirked by the busy man. We are all busy men, everyone must make his living, must pay attention to his business and must devote a reasonable amount of time to his family; but civic duty—the highest duty that a citizen owes his municipality and his country—must be shared alike by all who enjoy its bounties. Let there be as much pride taken in one's civic patriotism as in one's national patriotism. In times of peace there must be soldiers and officers to fight the battles of governmental life. Mere declamation of patriotism; mere lip service to the flag; mere throwing out of flags to the breeze on the 4th of July and other holidays, is certainly not enough.

The call to duty even though that call may be made in the calm voice of peace, should be heeded by the inner consciousness of man as much as the stentorian notes sounded in a battle.

Within the next few days you may be called upon to signify the acceptance or the rejection of a post of service—of civic service. Will you plead the usual excuse—no doubt a valid one—or will you, in the knowledge that the work must be done, say "I will", gladly, cheerfully, and happy in the consciousness that your making a sacrifice is worth while.

EIMON L. WIENIR.

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT ZONING PRIMER

Prepared by Dept. of Commerce

For several years there has been developing a feeling that some agency of the Federal Government should interest itself in building and housing. The Congress of the United States made an appropriation for such activities for the year 1921-1922. The Act appropriating the funds says, among other things, "That as much of this sum as necessary shall be used to collect and disseminate such scientific, practical,

and statistical information as may to show approved methods in building, planning, and construction, standardization and adaptability of structural units, including building materials and supplies, and such other matters as may tend to encourage, improve, and cheapen construction and housing."

Accordingly, Secretary Hoover created the Division of Building and Housing, which cooperates with all groups interested in

(continued on page 2)

REDUCTION OF TEACHERS' SALARIES AGAIN

At a meeting held by the School Board Tuesday evening, president Carl E. Croson was instructed to inform the teachers' associations that the Board of Education would not reopen the question of the reduction of salaries, and that the matter was a closed incident.

With the closing of the incident, it was revealed that Mr. Taylor had made a valiant effort for the retrenchment of expenses other than by cutting teachers' salaries, and that it was only as a last resort that he voted for the reduction of pay.

It is of course generally known that the Seattle schools' supervisory staff is top heavy. There are approximately seventeen supervisors in the city of Seattle drawing pay at a minimum of \$2200 and a maximum of \$3660. It is understood that Mr. Taylor has endeavored to reduce the number of supervisors, thus effecting a substantial saving. He was supported in his efforts by Mr. Santmyer. Mr. Shorrock, however, was unable to concur with that point of view and therefore the effort failed as it lacked a majority of the board to pass it.

Apparently the teachers made the stand they did not so much because the reduction of \$150 and \$300 was particularly vital, but because they foresaw that this initial effort might be followed by more drastic policies; and then again the teachers are, as a body, working to put over the 30-10 plan. For some reason they felt that the present tendency to reduce salaries—or at least the tendency to reduce them without the active opposition of the teachers—would impair the progress of their state fight for the 30-10 measure.

So far as the recalling of director Taylor is concerned, that ap-

(continued on page 4)

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(Continued from Page 1.)

housing and construction, such as architects, builders, building material producers and dealers, building trades labor, contractors, builders' exchanges, realtors, building and loan associations, building inspectors, city officials, and others.

The Division has helped local communities in successfully solving their housing problems. It collects and publishes monthly prices of twenty-four items of building materials as paid by contractors in different cities. It also makes reports on building activity, such as building permits and contracts awarded, and on general building and housing conditions in the country.

Mr. Hoover has appointed two main committees which cooperate with the Division of Building and Housing. The Advisory Committee on Building Codes, with a subcommittee on Plumbing, is drafting minimum code requirements for building construction. The Advisory Committee on Zoning is making studies of state enabling acts and zoning ordinances. Its reports should be of distinct aid to communities interested in the promotion of the public welfare and the protection of property values.

WHAT IS ZONING?

Zoning is the application of common sense and fairness to the public regulations governing the

use of private real estate. It is a painstaking, honest effort to provide each district or neighborhood, as nearly as practicable, with **just such protection** and **just such liberty** as are sensible in that particular district. It avoids the error of trying to apply exactly the same building regulations to every part of a city or town regardless of whether it is a suburban residence section, or a factory district, or a business and financial center. It fosters civic spirit by creating confidence in the justice and stability of the protection afforded.

Zoning gives everyone who lives or does business in a community a chance for the reasonable enjoyment of his rights. At the same time it protects him from unreasonable injury by neighbors who would seek private gain at his expense.

Zoning regulations differ in different districts according to the determined uses of the land for residence, business, or manufacturing, and according to the advisable heights and ground areas.

But these differing regulations are the same for all districts of the same type. They treat all men alike.

WHY WE NEED ZONING

Someone has asked, "Does your city keep its gas range in the parlor and its piano in the kitchen?" That is what many an American city permits its household to do for it.

We know what to think of a household in which an undisciplined daughter makes fudge in the parlor, in which her sister leaves soiled clothes soaking in the bathtub, while father throws his muddy shoes on the stairs, and little Johnny makes beautiful mud-pies on the front steps.

Yet many American cities do the same sort of thing when they allow stores to crowd in at random among private dwellings, and factories and public garages to come elbowing in among neat retail stores or well-kept apartment houses. Cities do no better when they allow office buildings so tall and bulky and so closely crowded that the lower floors not only become too dark and unsatisfactory for human use but for that very reason fail to earn a fair cash return to the individual investors.

"Live and let live" is a better motto for the modern city than the savage one of "dog eat dog".

It is this stupid, wasteful jumble which zoning will prevent and gradually correct. We must remember, however, that while zoning is a very important part of city planning, it should go hand in hand with planning streets and providing for parks and playgrounds, and other essential features of a well-equipped city. Alone it is no universal panacea for all municipal ills, but as part of a larger program it pays the city and the citizens a quicker return than any other form of civic improvement.

PROPERTY AND HEALTH PROTECTED BY ZONING

Supposing that you have just bought some property in a land of homes and built a cozy little house. There are two vacant lots south of you. If your town is zoned, no one can put up a large apartment house on those lots, overshadowing your home, stealing your sunshine and spoiling the investment of twenty years' saving. Nor is anyone at liberty to erect a noisy, malodorous public garage to keep you awake nights or to drive you to sell out for half what you put into your home.

If a town is zoned, property values become more stable, mortgage companies are more ready to lend money, and more houses

can be built.

A zoning law, if enacted in time, prevents an apartment house from becoming a giant airless hive, housing human beings like crowded bees. It provides that buildings may not be so high and so close that men and women must work in rooms never freshened by sunshine or lighted from the open sky.

ZONING REDUCES COST OF LIVING

By zoning millions of waste from the scrapping of buildings in "blighted districts" may be eliminated.

A "blighted district" is a district, originally developed for residence or industry, in the future of which people have lost confidence.

The causes of such "blight" are manifold. The most familiar case is that of a residential district into which there have been begun to creep various uses threatening rapid destruction of its value for residences,—such as uses as sporadic stores, or factories, or junk yards. It is not that a few such inappropriate uses really spoil the district, but that the people having lost confidence start a panic, like a "run on the bank". Hundreds of them hurry up to "unload" their properties at a sacrifice for any kind of use, no matter how objectionable to their neighbors—and the "blight" is on! Dwellings worth in the aggregate millions of dollars for the purposes for which they were built, and physically fit to serve those purposes for many years to come, with a moderate investment in alterations and improvements, are thus annually abandoned to purposes for which they are not fit, or are left to stand practically idle. Expensive public services of water, gas, electricity, sewers and transportation are maintained at great waste in order to get through the "blighted" district to the more distant and newly fashionable districts.

The total economic loss is enormous, and this loss and the risk of it are paid by the people in the price of house rents or otherwise, as inevitably as they pay the price of the enormous real losses either directly or through insurance.

Proper zoning cuts these losses at their source, just as proper building regulations and fire protection cut fire losses at their source.

Again, miles of streets and sewers and other utilities, such as are ordinarily built when land is newly subdivided for dwellings, need never be constructed if we know that these areas will be devoted mainly to large factories. Industry will be more efficient, as well as homes more wholesome, kept generally separate. Separation need not mean great distances for workers to travel. Concentration of uses and a fair apportioning of districts should reduce the amount of all transportation and secure economies not only directly for the worker, but indirectly in the costs of production and marketing of goods.

If zoning can reduce the cost of living, why not have it?

ZONING IS LEGAL

When a zoning law is properly drawn there is no doubt that the courts will support it. Enough favorable decisions have been handed down to show that the courts regard regulation of the uses of land and the structures thereon, in accordance with the kind of district in which they are situated, as a reasonable exercise of the police power "for the public health, safety, and general welfare".

In fact, the courts have approved zoning whenever it was done sensibly and comprehensively. The first case arose in Boston, Massachusetts, where two different heights for future buildings were fixed throughout the city. This was supported by the highest court of Massachusetts and the United States Supreme Court. (Welch vs. Swasey, 214 U. S. 91).

The next important case arose in Los Angeles, California, where under a zoning plan dividing the city into industrial and residential districts a brickyard in a residential district was ousted although it had been in existence for many years. This was upheld by the California courts and also by the United States Supreme Court as a proper exercise of the police power. Modern zoning ordinances are not retroactive, however. (Hadacheck vs. Sebastian, 239 U. S. 3r4).

The best zoning case to show how far the courts will go in distinguishing between zoning districts is State of Ohio ex rel. Morris vs. Osborn, et al., 22 N. P. (N. S.) 549. The court held that one and two-family houses were less subject to noise, litter, danger of contagion and fire risk than multi-family houses and that they could be placed in different districts under the police power. This case, however, was not appealed to a higher court and we cannot say whether other states will follow it.

In New York State the highest court has declared the zoning of New York City to be constitutional, stating that zoning can be done under the police power if done with care and good judgment so as not to be arbitrary or confiscatory. (Lincoln Trust Company vs. William Building Corporation, 229 N. Y. 313).

HOW TO GET STARTED

Find out if your state has an enabling act permitting localities to zone, even if your city has a charter with home rule powers. If not, the first move must be to secure specific authority from the state legislature. In the following states zoning is already so authorized.

California	Illinois
Indiana	*Iowa
Kansas	*Louisiana
Massachusetts	Michigan
*Minnesota	*Missouri
*Nebraska	New Jersey
New York	Oregon
Rhode Island	*Texas
Virginia	Wisconsin
Ohio	*Pennsylvania
*Act does not apply to all classes of cities.	

This list does not include Connecticut, District of Columbia, South Carolina, and Tennessee, acts of which apply to a particular city; and North Carolina, which has recently passed a City Planning Act granting zoning powers to city plan commissions.

There must be some local official body to initiate the work of zoning. If there is a Planning Board or Commission, that is the logical body to take up the problem. If there is, no such body, one should be created, because zoning, to be done with wise foresight, must take account not only of existing conditions and

obvious tendencies of growth, but of probable changes and improvements of many sorts. It is part of the general planning problem. It relates to the transportation system, including streets street railways and other local passenger transportation, railroad freight and passenger service, and water borne commerce if any. It relates also to public works and utilities, to parks, schools, and many special public and private undertakings.

A ZONING PROGRAM

Surveys:- A zoning ordinance needs to be based on a comprehensive and detailed study of the precise local conditions, both present and prospective. What fits one city or town may be a bad misfit for another. There is no short-cut to good zoning in any community through blindly accepting what has been done for another community. The only safe path is a thorough, open minded examination of the facts in each community as to existing uses, existing densities and heights of buildings, the customs of the people, and the trend of affairs. In every city there are citizens and organizations having in their possession valuable knowledge of local conditions. These have a large contribution to make to those responsible for zoning, although those who have lived their whole lives in a community do not necessarily realize all that is going on about them.

The zoning of a city requires expert professional knowledge just as the presentation of a case in court requires legal training. But just as the lawyer depends upon the layman to secure his facts, so must the professional zoning expert call upon the citizens for much of the accurate information upon which any good zoning regulations may be based.

Technical advice:- The practice of zoning is relatively new in America. We are feeling our way, and must learn by experience. Those who have had experience tend to become expert with broader knowledge of practices that are proving effective. These men are becoming gradually more skilled in the methods of getting the essential facts of any local situation, and in the interpretation of these facts. If they

possess insight and sane judgment, their advice becomes increasingly valuable.

Scope of a Zoning Ordinance:-

A zoning ordinance consists of one or more maps dividing the city into different kinds of districts; and a statement of methods of regulation to be employed in each district in regard to the use to which property may be put, the height and size of buildings, and the amount of space to be left vacant; with adequate provisions for enforcement.

Getting Public Support:- In the process of drafting a tentative ordinance, it is important, by means of full public discussion, to be sure that the ordinance is an "application of common-sense and fairness" and will provide each district, as nearly as practicable, with just such protection and just such liberty as are sensible in that particular district". It is essential likewise to be sure that public opinion as a whole will support it.

Zoning in Operation:- A zoning ordinance is of value only as it is properly enforced. Because of the difficulty of making with precision the forecasts on which it is based, its operation should be closely followed by those who most intimately understand the reasons for its provisions. Thus, improvements and adjustments may from time to time be intelligently made. It is to furnish in exceptional cases a means of remedying possible injustices that, in some states, provision is made for a Board of Adjustment or Appeals.

It is obvious from the nature of the case that, even if a zoning ordinance were drawn with super-human perfection, time and natural growth of the community may show the need of modifications. The purpose of a zoning ordinance is not to stifle growth, but only to insure that instead of taking place sporadically and wastefully, it shall go on in an orderly way, in response to generally recognized needs and with due notice to all concerned.

This article will be concluded in the July 1 issue of the News.

TEACHERS SALARIES

(Continued from Page 1.)

parently has been abandoned. At a meeting of the School Board a week ago Friday, J. Arthur Younger, the head of the local Legion post, announced that the Legion was not in politics and that it would neither sponsor nor foster any movement for

a recall.

To those of us who had attended the Council meetings at the time that the citizens' committee reported in favor of a reduction of wages for policemen and firemen, the meeting of the School Board a week ago Friday was particularly interesting. At the Council meeting when the debate was on between those favoring and those opposing reduction of pay, an overflowing lobby of policemen and firemen hissed remarks of speakers in favor of the reduction of pay and applauded to the echo the speakers in favor of their interests. We believed that disgusting demonstration was due to the character of the men composing the lobby. At the School Board meeting an almost similar outburst was in evidence—not so openly gross, it is true, but nevertheless, keenly and disappointingly apparent. It is human nature, of course, but, nevertheless, that old saying of Kipling's about Judge O'Grady and the Colonel's Lady, comes to mind:-

"For the Colonel's Lady an'
Judge O'Grady
Are sisters under their skins!"
—EIMON L. WIENIR.

To remove the odor of ice cream from the breath, eat onions.

As Administrator with the will annexed of said Estate.
HARTGE & CADWALLADER
Attorneys for Administrator.
Post Office and Office Address: 521 Central Building, Seattle, Washington.
First pub. May 27, 1922. 3t June 10.

C. A. K. ANDERSON
Attorney 435 Henry Bldg.
IN JUSTICE'S COURT Before J. W. HOAR, Justice of the Peace in and for Seattle Precinct, King County, State of Washington.
E. Peterson, Plaintiff, vs. Roy M. Fraisure and Ethel Fraisure, his wife; Defendants. No. 40014-5.
Summons for Publication.
State of Washington, ss. County of King.
The State of Washington to Roy M. Fraisure and Ethel Fraisure, his wife
You, and each of you, are hereby notified that E. Peterson has filed a complaint against you in said Court, which will come on to be heard at my office in Room 306 King County Court House, Seattle, King County, Washington on the 28th day of June A. D., 1922, at the hour of 9:30 o'clock A. M., and unless you appear, and then and there answer, the same will be taken as confessed, and the demand of the plaintiff granted. The object and demand of said complaint is to recover the sum of Twenty four and 84-100 (\$24.84) Dollars for Groceries sold these Defendants by Ben Johnson and August Johnson, as York Grocery, which cause of action has been assigned to this Plaintiff, and for costs herein.
Filed May 25th A. D., 1922.
J. W. HOAR,
Justice of the Peace, Seattle Precinct, King County, Washington.
First pub. May 27, 1922. 3t June 10.

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F. W. CRARY
Attorney 405 Leary Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Hilda Nelson, Deceased. No. 25168. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as administrator of the Estate of Hilda Nelson, deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same duly verified on said administrator or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the clerk of said court, together with proof of such service, within six (6) months after date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

First pub. June 17th, 1922. 3t July 1.

HARRY E. NELSON,
Administrator of said Estate.
Address: 405 Leary Building, Seattle, Washington.

F. W. CRARY, Attorney for Estate, Seattle, Washington.

HARTGE & CADWALLADER
Attorneys 521 Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County. In the Matter of the Estate of James Barnum Savage, Deceased. No. 31182. Notice to Creditors.
In Probate.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, George B. Littlefield, has been appointed and has qualified as administrator with the will annexed of the estate of the above named James Barnum Savage, deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased or against said estate are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said administrator with the will annexed, or his attorneys or record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service, within six (6) months from the 27th day of May, 1922, the date of first publication of this notice.

GEORGE B. LITTLEFIELD,

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A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

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SEATTLE, SATURDAY, JULY 1, 1922.

PRICE 10 CENTS

A VISIT TO NEWHALEM, A TOWN WHERE EVERYBODY WORKS FOR SEATTLE

Everybody's happy! That is, all forty-three of us who took opportunity "by the forelock" and went on the trip to the Skagit Project. No one wants their money back, either, and I believe all of us felt that we were repaid "seven-fold". It was one of the most thrilling and impressionable trips imaginable.

"In the beginning":—One of the party had a bright new car, so we started a little earlier than the rest—about 6:20—with everything running smoothly, and followed the highway as directed, as well as the detours. On the first detour we unceremoniously met a logging truck which dismounted our right-of-way by smashing the car. Chief Engineer Uhden passed us up, so we parked in the town of Silvana for three long hours while the car was being repaired. (Of course, he did not know us then). After the mechanic had finished making temporary repairs, we were on the road again, and in due course of time reached Sedro Wooley. From there we "ran off the map". We felt very much like Christopher Columbus might have felt when he sailed on the uncharted seas; but we were assured that, if we followed the highway some of the time and the detours most of the time, together with steep grades and sharp curves above the winding Skagit, we would reach Rockport—sooner or later. Which we did—about 5:15. We had missed the city railway train leaving there at 1:40, and we had visions of staying at Rockport all night, for it was 23 miles to Newhalem, unattainable by automobile, and too far to walk. But thanks to Mr. Uden, our hopes were not thus blighted. One of the workmen was waiting for us with the "Speeder".

(Continued on Page3)

LAWLER GIVES IMPRESSION OF SKAGIT

As one of the fortunate ones who attended the Municipal League's party at the Skagit Power Plant, I thought I would give you a few impressions.

If everyone of the 40 or more who attended would write of their experiences no doubt each one would tell something the others did not think of. There would be unanimity however upon the point that we are developing a great project at the Skagit. Nature has cut a deep gash in that part of the Universe through which flows the greatest body of water in Western Washington for a distance of 150 miles, with a drainage area of 2,000 square miles.

The writer has read much about the Skagit and its proposed development and has listened to Mr. Uhden the engineer in charge on several occasions, and has seen views thrown upon the screen showing the gradual development of the work there and what it will be when completed. But even with this advantage he was unable to form a correct mental picture of what it really is. The terms "Ruby" and "Gorge" do not mean much to the average person living 150 miles away. One must go to Rockport the "beautiful" little village that nestles near the foot of the hills and then board the "Toonerville Trolley" and proceed a distance of 20 odd miles to the power plant. Arriving here you see a "Camp Lewis" on a small scale with its numerous buildings all arranged in methodical and symmetrical order. From this centre radiates all the activities of the plant. It embraces 120 acres of land and includes all the conveniences of a modern city except street cars, paving, etc. The 500 odd inhabitants have a school, general store, pool rooms, moving picture theatre, dance hall and bathing

facilities of the latest improved type.

One is instantly struck by the order which prevails. During our two days visit there was not the slightest sign of any disorder or friction of any kind. Engineer Uhden holds the situation in the palm of his hand. He is mayor, chief of police and all around generalissimo, but he doesn't know it. These honors are all showered upon him by the people around him.

Always an important feature of any affair of this kind is the commissary and the food supply. "Heaven sends us the food, but the devil sends us the cooks," is a trite saying. At the Skagit heaven sends us both. The food was of a high order, well served and everything was as clean as a pin. The only speeches made were by "Mayor Uhden, who invariably addressed the assembled gathering before and after meals. His only departure from the technique was to announce the wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. White. And the prices of the meals are reasonable, 50c for breakfast and lunch and 75c for dinner.

The two mile trip on the railroad to the Gorge Plant was one long to be remembered. The scenic grandeur is unsurpassed; the dam to be constructed below the mouth of Gorge Creek will be 240 ft. high, length of crest 600 ft. and will require 185,000 cubic yards of concrete. The reservoir back of the dam will be 4 miles long with a capacity of 6,000 acre feet. There will be two tunnels from the dam to the power house, having a length of 11,000 feet each. Our party entered one of these tunnels for a distance of about a half mile and witnessed the men at work and marvelled at the difficulties to be overcome in tunnelling into solid granite. The work is expensive, but anything worth while costs money, even the railroad which

(Continued on Page3)

THE MUNICIPAL LEAGUE EXCURSION TO THE SKAGIT

Last Saturday morning a party of thirty-five including a few ladies and children, left Seattle by automobiles for Newhalem Camp to view the Skagit Power Project.

It was a rare June morning, with everything just right for a perfect trip which it turned out to be. All along the route were signs of progress and prosperity. New homes being erected, land being cleared and roads improved. After passing Everett we went through the broad level delta of the Snohomish, Stillaguamish and Skagit rivers, bordered on the east by the wooded hills and on the west by Puget Sound. The variable shades of green in the fields of grain, hay and pasture, decorated here and there with herds of blooded Holsteins, Ayershire or Jerseys, or White Leghorns, presented a panorama of beauty combined with utility. Nature with usual prodigality, not satisfied with ravishing the eye with the wonderful charm of landscape and sky, also provided music by the birds, and from the clover and grasses distilled perfume whose rare fragrance, wafted by the soft summer winds, made breathing an exquisite delight, (except when passing too close to one of those numerous dairy barns). The wonderful productivity of the soil was in evidence everywhere; thrifty, well kept farm buildings, attractive homes surrounded by green lawns, shade trees and an abundance of flowers; while in the towns, new residences and business buildings were under construction. Everett, sleepy Marysville, Silvana, Stanwood, Mt. Vernon, Burlington, Sedro-Wooley all looked prosperous, with lots of building going on. Towns like Burlington and Sedro-Wooley which fifteen years ago were conspicuous for their ugliness,

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a bunch of shacks among a field of stumps, are now handsome towns, with good business blocks and roads, pretty homes and fine shade trees.

Leaving Sedro-Wooley, we crossed the river and entered the narrow valley of the Skagit, going up on the north bank. From here on to Rockport, due to the limited area and difficulty in clearing the agricultural lands, there were fewer signs of progress. Much of the timber adjacent to the river has been logged off and logging camps and several small sawmills abandoned. On the other hand there were several camps working, and we went through large tracts of very fine standing timber containing some especially fine cedar.

Lyman and Hamilton looked sleepy. At Concrete where several thousand years ago the Skagit deposited an unlimited quantity of lime stone, the Superior Portland Cement Company are utilizing nature's gifts, grind-out 14,000 sacks of cement daily, using 2,000 electric horsepower, conveyed 12 miles from their own hydro-electric plant. They consume 300 tons of coal daily obtained from Bellingham, 55 miles distant. 285 men are employed.

The branch of the Great Northern Railway which ends at Rockport keeps close to the river all the way, the auto road follows along on practically the same grade most of the way, but in several narrow places, climbs up over steep hills through dense

timber. In places the road clings to the edge of the precipice, giving magnificent views of the valley and mountains, greatly adding to the charm of the ride.

We arrived at Rockport, the terminus of the automobile part of the trip, at 12:20—just 5 hours and 20 minutes from Seattle, including about forty minutes for three stops to stretch our legs, and give the auto gas and water. At the hotel we washed up, and were given our choice of three roller towels which seemed to have been great favorites with the natives who preceded us, or paper ones which appealed more to our party.

We had to wait until the regulars were through lunch, or dinner as it was called. The landlord seemed quite peeved because someone had telegraphed about an hour before, ordering ham and eggs for thirty. There wasn't a ham in town, so he had to send an auto to the next town for one. He thought we had supreme audacity to expect him to furnish thirty orders for ham and eggs on such short notice. We learned why later, when one of our party having finished his "ham and", innocently asked him if he was the one to pay. "Yes," he replied, "I'm the cashier, bus-boy, waiter, cook and dishwasher, and if you want your shoes shined or the bed made, I will have to do it, for I'm the whole thing here." Notwithstanding his multifarious duties, he gave us a very satisfactory dinner, well worth the fifty cents which, as cashier, he

"allowed he'd accept".

We had to wait for some of the slower drivers, so it was after two o'clock before we started over our own railroad by gas locomotive power for Newhalem Camp, personally conducted by Mr. Uhden, the Chief Engineer of the project. I say over our own railroad, for we were all citizens of Seattle, and the railroad is owned by our City. It is a necessary part of the Skagit project, being required to haul machinery and supplies from the terminus of the branch line of the Great Northern Railway. After we were well under way and couldn't escape, a City employee came around and assessed us \$1.00 per head for the 23 miles to Newhalem, explaining that the road was allowed to charge 5c a mile, but on through trips a wholesale price was made.

The Skagit, along whose banks the railroad runs, is here very swift, the fall being about sixty feet per mile. We arrived at Newhalem about four o'clock, and after Mr. Uhden had shown us our sleeping quarters, we glimpsed the town. Newhalem Camp is located on a level stretch of the Skagit valley just below the point where the river breaks out of the gorge. It is a very picturesque site, surrounded by high precipitous mountains on three sides, but open toward the west. The river hugs the mountain on the north side of the valley leaving a flatiron shaped plot of level ground, with the point at the gorge, and extending down stream for a mile or more, widening out to a quarter of a mile.

There are at present about 450 men employed by the City and the tunnel contractors, who with their wives and children form a community of about 700. This will be a permanent camp or town, for here will be located the main power station. At present the buildings are of rough lumber, sawn by the City's sawmill, but permanent residences with concrete basements and modern equipment are being erected. Even now there is quite a complete community service, there being lodging houses for single men, and separate ones for families, mess halls, commissary, school and Sunday school, recreation hall for men with billiard and pool table, barber shop, the-

ater and dance hall, saw mill gravel bunkers, machine shop electric light and power plant electric railway and water system with fire protection.

The power plant is across the suspension bridge on the north side of the river. Newhalem Creek furnishes water under 500 feet head to two impulse wheels which drive one 2500 K. W. dynamo, furnishing all the power and light used in the town and construction work. Ladder Creek which empties into the Skagit at the mouth of the gorge at an elevation of about 200 feet and furnishes abundant water at 900 pounds pressure.

The electric railway runs to the sawmill and gravel bunker three-fourths mile west of town and up the gorge two and a half miles to the dam sight and upper end of the tunnel. The tunnel is well under way; the lower heading being in 2,000 feet and the upper 200 feet. About the center, a lateral adit is being driven a distance of 1200 feet, where it will intersect the line of the main tunnel which will allow two more headings to be started, thus nearly doubling the progress. This cross adit is now in 700 feet.

All work seems to be going along rapidly and smoothly, and the community seems happy and contented. The City serves an abundance of good food at 50c a meal at its mess hall, and gives a good bed in a neat board cabin for 75c.

Mr. Uhden conducted the party up Ladder Creek past the water intake, to an elevation of about 650 feet above the town. "Ladder" is the right name alright, for it was climb, climb, climb. But it was well worth the effort. The crystal waters falling over precipitous granite rocks, through the deep forest carpeted with moss decorated with maiden-hair ferns, was a picture long to be remembered.

On our return we were taken into the tunnel which is horseshoe, having an area equal to 3 1-2 feet diameter, but will be reduced to 20 1-2 feet by a concrete lining; steel forms which are now arriving. Near this end of the tunnel a gley hole has been blasted out of the solid granite in which the water wheels will be located, and above

hem the dynamos and main power plant. The first installation here will have a rated capacity of 75,000 H. P. but with the lower head of the temporary diversion dam will be 56,000 H. P.

On our return a fine dinner at the mess hall awaited us. After dinner we inspected the fine little power plant across the river, which is the heart of the whole works, and found it doing its business with serene unconcern. In the evening we had more time to inspect the town and get acquainted with some of the people. An inquiry to a group of small boys as to what they did, now that school was out? "Oh, we play ball; we have cleared off ball grounds; and we go swimming and fishing."

"Swimming! where? Isn't the river cold as ice?"

"Oh, we turned the fire hose into one of the new concrete basements and let the sun warm it for us."

Going up to one we found an open basement 24 x 30 feet with about four feet of water in it, making a fine swimming pool. Leave it to the boys to do things.

We retired early, but before going so, took a look into the theater building, where, to the music of a very fair orchestra, about forty couples of young people were enjoying themselves dancing. It was a very charming sight.

Next morning after a fine sleep and an early breakfast we boarded one of the City's electric cars and were taken up the gorge to the dam site at Gorge Creek. Mr. Uhden was the conductor, and we all say he is some fine conductor, but a mighty poor collector, for he entirely forgot that part of the job. There were no demands for a return to a 5c fare.

The Skagit breaks through nearly vertical walls of solid granite 200 to 400 feet apart which rise several thousand feet high, and tumbles down 350 feet in a distance of 2 1-4 miles. It is a spectacle worth going a long distance to witness.

As the car crawled up the steep grade, twisting and turning to keep on the narrow ledge out for the roadbed, the boiling and tumbling river below us presented an ever changing scene of picturesque grandeur that called

forth Ohs! and Ahs! Half way up the wall was actually vertical, leaving no room for the track, so here at a place called the Devil's Elbow the railway crosses the river to the right side. Here is where the cross adit to the tunnel is being driven.

On we crawled to the end of the track at the inlet of the tunnel and the dam site. Here between solid granite walls which come together 111 feet below the bed of the river and are only 600 feet apart at the level of the crest, is a perfect dam site. Two or three hours were spent here, many walking back over the picturesque trail to the Devil's Elbow where we took the train again to camp Newhalem.

After a fine dinner the City gas train took us back to Rockport, where at 2 o'clock we again took automobiles, arriving at Seattle at 7:30 P. M. Sunday evening. The total cost to those, who like the writer enjoyed the privilege of riding in a Cadillac limousine, was \$15.00 of which \$10.00 was for the automobile round trip, with which we were all abundantly satisfied.

Summed up: The trip was an immense success, everybody who went would have liked to have stayed at Newhalem a month.

To pass judgment on the power project on such a hurried survey would be foolish. Nevertheless it looked good to us. The City's engineers spent \$250,000 in surveys, diamond drilling and churn drilling, and securing expert advice before they passed judgment, and recommended the City authorities to go ahead with the project; and as the work done since, confirms their original opinion, we returned with the idea that they were right, so we told Uhden to go ahead with the work, and thanked him for the very courteous and royal manner in which he treated us.

Mayor Brown asked us to go up and look. We went and are pleased. Thanks, Doctor, but don't expect us to work for a 5c fare on your Gorge Railway.

E. C. KILBOURNE.

VISIT TO NEWHALEM

(Continued from Page 1.)

We felt amply repaid for missing the train, lunch, 'n' everything, to have that splendid "observation car" ride—somewhat like honored

guests, as it were. We followed the river most of the way. Mountains towered above us on both sides, some sections of them seemed to be of solid rock. Giant trees held on tenaciously to the very edges of abrupt precipices, and waterfalls glistened and shimmered in the light of the setting sun as they tumbled down the mountain side.

The long but charming trip had whetted our appetites, as well as our expectations of what was still to come. A truly delicious dinner had been specially prepared for us, and we were ready for it.

That evening we visited the Newhalem power plant—the first completed unit. It furnishes 3,000 H. P., lighting the town and tunnels, furnishing power for five miles of railway, operating the air compressors to furnish air in the tunnels, and the drills, electric shovels, blacksmith shops and cranes.

The next morning some of us started at 5 o'clock for a hike up Ladder Creek Canyon. This creek furnishes the water supply for the town from a glacier about 3 1-2 miles above Newhalem. The intake has approximately a 300 foot elevation, and consists of a small take connected with a 5 inch water main that is one-half mile long. This furnishes ample fire protection and running water for all the enterprises and for the homes of the town. We returned just in time for breakfast at 6:45. I have never before eaten a more hearty meal, or tasted more palatable food. (By the way, they serve five meals a day!)

At 8 o'clock we boarded the city railway train for the trip to Gorge Creek—the real object of our visit—one of the most scenic trips in the State of Washington. There we inspected the main tunnel upon which four crews are working, one at each, and one in each direction from a drift in the middle. Each crew works three shifts of eight hours each. At a place where both banks rise almost perpendicular and where the rock is solid, the Gorge Creek masonry dam, 240 feet high, is to be built. But before this can be started, the temporary wooden dam must be erected to turn the water from the site through the tunnel. This wood dam will last ten or fifteen years and furnishes means to develop 55,000 H. P. at

a total cost of about \$9,500,000 for the first ten years. The Gorge Creek masonry dam will cost about \$4,000,000 and develop a total of about 112,550 H. P. The total cost of the two dams will be about \$13,500,000.

The "Skagit project" to me now has a real and vital meaning. Before, it seemed more of an abstract dream. For all skeptics I would prescribe this trip, and guarantee it would convert them into boosters for the project.

One of the features which made the trip so enjoyable was the genial presence of our host, the Chief Engineer, with his jovial smile and hearty enthusiasm.

The Skagit project is to big for Seattle of the past and present—but not too big for Seattle of the future if Seattle is to take her "stellar" position among the cities of the West and of the nation. This she will certainly do if all her residents work for her interests with the methodical, honest effort shown by those of Newhalem—from Chief Engineer Uhden to the last laborer.

KAREN M. WELD.

LAWLER'S IMPRESSIONS

(Continued from Page 1.)

costs \$100,000 per mile.

The writer could proceed at greater length if he thought you had the time to read it, but you are a busy man. He refuses to write about anything he did not see, hence has mere reference to the proposed Ruby development. Take it all in all we had a good time. I believe that all were impressed with the wonderful asset that Seattle has in the Skagit project. The important thing to be kept in mind, however, is to watch where our money goes. As long as we get a dollar's return for a dollar expended we need not complain. The financial feature is the thing to be kept in mind. See that the overhead is kept within bounds. Everyone who can should visit the Skagit; it will prove to be a delightful experience; moreover it is the duty of everyone civically inclined to see for themselves.

Yours very truly,
JAMES T. LAWLER

June 28, 1922.

E. L. Wienir, Secy.,
Municipal League of Seattle,
Dear Mr. Wienir:

I am glad to note from your

letter of June 27 that those of the Municipal League who made the trip to the Skagit were satisfied and I wish to say that they certainly were a nice bunch to get along with and did seem to appreciate the work which is being done for the City of Seattle. I hope that you will be able to make the trip the latter part of next month with some of the

rest of them as I know that you will be more thoroughly convinced than ever that the City of Seattle needs the Skagit River Development.

Yours truly,
C. F. UHLEN,

Chief Engineer, Skagit River Development.

June 27, 1922.

Mr. Carl F. Uhden,
Seattle, Washington.

Dear Mr. Uhden:

In behalf of the Municipal League and particularly in behalf of those members who made the trip to the Skagit, we wish to thank you most cordially for your very courteous and very fine treatment of the party. Personally I regret that I was not able to come, but I am in sincere hopes that we shall sometime the latter part of next month arrange another excursion (if this will meet with your approval).

Those who took the trip have nothing but expressions of satisfaction. It was due to your careful provision for the comfort, as well as the careful provision which nature has made for the project and the scenic wonders, that made the trip so delightful and so enjoyable for all.

With deep appreciation, I am,
Very sincerely yours,
EIMON L. WIENIR,
Secretary.

JAMES T. LAWLER

Attorney White Bldg
IN JUSTICE'S COURT BEFORE REAH M. WHITEHEAD, Justice of the Peace in and for Seattle Precinct, King County, State of Washington.
H. T. La Peer, Plaintiff, vs. Barney Hortwitz, Defendant. No. 16021.
Summons for Publication.

State of Washington, County of King, ss. To Barney Hortwitz: In the name of the State of Washington,
You are hereby notified that H. T. LaPeer has filed a complaint (or claim) against you in the above entitled Court, which will come on to be heard before the undersigned Justice in her courtroom numbered 411 in the King County Court House, Seattle, King County, Washington, on the 26th day of July, 1922, at the hour of 9:30 o'clock A. M., and unless you appear and then and there answer, the same will be taken as confessed and the demand of the plaintiff granted. The object and demand of said complaint (or claim) is for immediate delivery of the following property, to-wit: 25 cards of various sizes for window display, stencil of a baby for display, 4 newspaper cuts, 15 stenciled cards and 35 plain cards, or the value thereof in the sum of \$75.00 and costs and disbursements.
Complaint (or Claim) filed June 15, 1922.

Dated June 27, 1922.
REAH M. WHITEHEAD,
Justice of the Peace in and for Seattle Precinct, King County, Wash.
First Pub. July 1, 1922. 3t July 15

F. W. CRARY

Attorney 405 Leary Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Hilda Nelson, Deceased. No. 25168. Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as administrator of the Estate of Hilda Nelson, deceased; that all persons having claims against said de-

ceased are hereby required to serve the same duly verified on said administrator or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the clerk of said court, together with proof of such service, within six (6) months after date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

First pub. June 17th, 1922. 3t July 1.
HARRY E. NELSON,
Administrator of said Estate.
Address: 405 Leary Building, Seattle, Washington.
F. W. CRARY, Attorney for Estate, Seattle, Washington.

GEORGE E. MATHIEU

Attorney
332 Central Building
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of August H. Sasse, Sr., Deceased.
No. 31328. Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as administratrix of the estate of August H. Sasse, Sr., Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Bertha A. Dalby, Administratrix, or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, July 1, 1922.
BERTHA A. DALBY,
Administratrix of said Estate.
Address, 332 Central Bldg.
GEORGE E. MATHIEU, Attorney for Estate, 332 Central Building, Seattle, Wash.
First Pub. July 1, 1922. 3t July 15

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

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Vol. XII. NO. 27.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, JULY 8, 1922.

JUL 18 1922

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MUNICIPAL LEAGUES

A great many of the states are appreciated that an organization working for the interest of the municipalities in the state is advantageous. Nineteen of the states have such leagues, the one in New York called the New York State Conference of Mayors and other City Officials being one of the most active and best known in the country. Canada has seven municipal leagues. Such conferences furnish splendid opportunity for discussion of common civic problems. The following states have such leagues: Alabama, California, Idaho, Illinois, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, Virginia, and Wisconsin. Many of them have their own official organs or monthly publications, e. g. The "American Municipalities" published by the League of Iowa municipalities.

Recently at a conference which the New Jersey officials, representing the New Jersey State League of Municipalities, had with the Board of Estimate and Apportionment of the City of New York, Mayor Hylan made the happy suggestion or proposal for the formation of an American Municipal League; this, it is supposed, would mean the inclusion of all those now existing into one large Municipal League. Acting upon the Mayor's proposal the New York State Conference of Mayors adopted a resolution instructing their Secretary to proceed with the formation of such a league, by calling a conference early this fall and inviting the New Jersey League to participate. It is to be hoped that all the Leagues may be given such an invitation by the New York State Conference of Mayors. This new development for municipalities will be watched with interest.

GET YOUR FRIEND TO JOIN!

Cut or tear out the application reprinted here, and get your friend to join. The League must double its membership this coming year. Will you do your bit in helping or will you stand on the sidelines and do nothing?

APPLICATION FOR MEMBERSHIP

Municipal League of Seattle

....., 1922.

I hereby apply for Membership in the Municipal League of Seattle. Attached check payable to Municipal League of Seattle for \$3.00 dues for Active Membership for one year.

Occupation

Name

Proposed by

Business Address

Phone

Residence Address

Phone

Secretary Municipal League of Seattle, Room 405 Leary Bldg., Seattle, Washington.

PUBLIC MINDED CITIZEN

About a year ago when Mr. Claude H. Anderson was elected president of the Municipal League, his speech of acceptance emphasized the value to a city or neighborhood of its "public-minded" men. Such, he explained, were men who, when confronted with a new problem, instinctively inquired how it was related to the general welfare, how it could be solved so as to minister to the well-being of the people. The Municipal League naturally attracted to its membership public-minded men and gave them, through service in its activities, opportunity to exercise their devotion to the public welfare.

Such a public-minded man is Judge Austin E. Griffiths, now candidate for the Republican nomination for United States Senator. Judge Griffiths is a former president of the Municipal League and from its birth has been an earnest member of the League and active in the furthering of its work for good government in this community.

His labors have had a wide range. He drafted the original act establishing juvenile courts in this state and the acts against adult delinquency and wife desertion. He drafted a bill requiring those who platted town sites or subdivisions, to devote 10% of the area covered by the plat to public purposes, and secured its passage through the legislature. Though vetoed by the governor, it has been deemed a model act by all who have been interested in the Playground Movement. He was so successful a champion of the public playfield and of guided recreation for city children, that he has been called the Father of the Playground of Washington.

He has seen prisons become schools of crime through contact of misdemeanants with felons, and he has long been an earnest advocate of the segregation of these classes.

TEACHERS SALARIES PAID BY SEATTLE COMPARED WITH THOSE PAID BY OTHER CITIES

Cities having population from 200,000 to 1,000,000

High Schools

City	State	Min.	Max.
Atlanta	Georgia	1572	2142
Baltimore	Maryland	1650	2850
Boston	Mass.	1668	2532
Buffalo	New York	1600	2400
Cincinnati	Ohio	1400	2800
Cleveland	Ohio	1500	3300
Columbus	Ohio	1250	2375
Denver	Colorado	1500	3080
Detroit	Michigan	1700	2600
Jersey City	New Jersey	1500	3400
Kansas City	Mo.	1400	2600
Los Angeles	California	1800	2600
Milwaukee	Wisconsin	1600	3600
Minneapolis	Minnesota	1400	2500
Newark	New Jersey	2100	3800
New Orleans	La.	1300	3300
New Orleans	La.	1200	2150
Oakland	California	1740	2400
Pittsburg	Pa.	1800	3200

(Continued on Page3)

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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Telephone Main 6282

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Terms Expire May, 1924—
Walter L. Nossaman, Main 0816
D. D. Johnson, Main 0169
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John D. Hall, Ell. 3887
Harrison W. Mason, Rain. 0024

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

He has long favored the placing of the land-hungry citizen on farm land through the establishment of settlements on our logged-off lands and on our irrigated lands, and through the improvement and development of such lands. He has long insisted that the farmer should receive the aid of government farm credits, of cooperative marketing and of public markets.

He favored the strengthening of labor unions along constructive lines, the adjustment of difficulties between employer and employee through conciliation, the relief of the laboring man by forms of social insurance possessing proved and tested value, such as workmen's compensation laws.

He was one of the first to urge local control of port facilities and was active in the move that led to the establishment of the Port of Seattle. He early urged the establishment of a citizens' standing committee on the Skagit water power project to the end that public opinion might sustain the city's prosecution of that vitally important work.

These instances simply illustrate the character of Judge Griffiths. Whether in office or out of office he has always been studying, planning, and advancing the public good. He has always been the "public-minded" citizen.—Eimon L. Wienir.

WHAT OTHER CITIES ARE DOING

Compiled by Seattle Public Li-

Library Municipal Reference Div.

The St. Louis Municipal Outdoor Theatre is described in an article by M. Genevieve Tierney in the National Municipal Review for May. The St. Louis Pageant Drama Association, having met with great success in its production of the St. Louis Pageant Masque of 1914, decided to stage "As You Like It" in an outdoor setting to commemorate the Shakespeare tercentennial. This was done on the hillside overlooking the river Des Peres in Forest Park. The Pageant Drama Association, strong in its belief of the value of the theatre to the people, at the close of the performance of "As You Like It" gave the stage and its accessories to the city and requested that a permanent outdoor theatre should be provided. This was done. A concrete auditorium with a seating capacity of 9,270 has been constructed on the hillside, the farthest row of seats being 53 feet above the level of the orchestra pit. The stage is built on the river banks in the midst of dense shrubbery with two huge oaks forming a proscenium arch in the foreground.

"The theatre is at the disposal of the people of St. Louis for civic entertainments of all kinds, but may not be used for the purpose of obtaining revenue. All funds derived through the use of the theatre must be spent in improving the theatre — installing complete lighting devices, concrete ornamentation and comforts for the audience.

Since its completion in 1916,

the Munisipal Theatre has been used on more than 1,950 occasions, the character of the performances given consisting of grand opera, choral concerts, dramatic productions, playground festivals, Greek games and now a permanent mid-summer season of light opera and a permanent late summer fashion show of fall styles."

Admission is charged for the opera and fashion show and this money is applied to the upkeep of the theatre making unnecessary any call on the city funds.

The rate of fares on the surface lines of Chicago was established at 7c instead of 8c beginning June 15th by order of the U. S. District Court. An 8c fare has been effective since July 1, 1920.

The Los Angeles Automobile Club recently had an aerial photograph of the city taken to be used in connection with traffic studies. The picture shows about 6½ square miles of the city and necessitated the making of 450 exposures at a total cost of \$1625. The map is sufficiently detailed to allow a count of automobiles on the streets and those parked on vacant lots. Although this photograph was taken as a part of a complete traffic survey it doubtless will be of great value to the city in future studies of all kinds.

The National Municipal Review for May draws attention to the rapid triumph of zoning in New York City. A comprehensive zoning ordinance was adopted there five years ago. In these five years 158 applications for changes in the ordinance have been granted and 134 denied. In 1916 these pleas were entirely for the purpose of relaxing the restrictions, then came an increasing number of applications to extend or stiffen the restrictions, those which were granted in 1917 numbering 19% of those that relaxed. In 1918 it was 30%, in 1919 54%, and in 1921 153%. In other words, property owners now prefer to be restricted and have learned to prize the stability of value that real estate gains when protected from unneighborly invasions by industry.

The New York legislature has passed the Tolbert home rule

amendment to the constitution which forbids any state legislation "relating to the property, affairs or government of cities which shall be special or local either in its terms or in its effect". The amendment will have to pass the next legislature and be approved at the polls in November 1923 before it becomes law.

Toledo, Ohio, at the August primaries, will be asked to vote a \$3,000,000 bond issue for a new city hall, \$1,560,000 of it to be used for real estate and the remainder for the building. It is planned that the city hall will be the center of a civic group. The plans are drawn for a safe building and it is hoped that a new memorial hall and municipal auditorium will be added later.

STATEMENTS TO REACH MEMBERS JULY 10

Statements for dues will reach the membership on July 10. Just about the time that you are reading this notice your statement will be lying on your desk awaiting your action. Without a moment's delay, pick up your check book and fill in a check for the proper amount and mail the check. Members who are in arrears and who are asked to pay for more than one year's dues should feel under particular obligation to heed the insistent appeal which the statement carries for; for the League has carried them on its rolls and has counted upon their dues for its maintenance. It is not necessary in public print to call attention to the League's deficit, and if the membership will act promptly the League will be able to render greater service.

BEST THINGS FOR SEATTLE

An Editorial from the Post-Intelligencer HELPFUL suggestions are coming out of the series of comments from citizens, printed in the Post-Intelligencer, on "The Best Thing That Could Happen to Seattle". Walter Fulton said something worth while the other day when he remarked:

"We should bury our differences and revive the old-time fighting spirit that made Seattle

(Continued on Page 3)

(Continued from Page 1.)

Grade Schools

White teachers
Colored teachers

In the statistics compiled by only by the following cities: Cincinnati, - Cleveland, Columbus, Mr. Staude, (it is apparent that in) the Grade School teachers' Ohio; Jersey City, N. J.; Milwaukee, Wis.; Oakland, Cal.; Pittsburgh, Pa.; and Providence, R. I. salaries, Seattle's average of \$1911.44, is higher than any other

Grade Schools

High Schools

*Salary schedule for 1920-1921.

(continued from page 2)

Seattle would be regenerated

It is stated on reliable authority that the New York zoning regulations have prevented vast depreciation in many districts and effected savings in values amounting to millions of dollars in established sections. Certain districts have been rehabilitated as a direct result of the zoning ordinance. Another interesting

result has been the production of a type of high building believed to be far better than the former elongated match-box type.

In an analysis of building permits issued in St. Louis in the first fourteen months under the zoning ordinance it was found that residences tended to follow the residence district and did not even attempt to seek locations in industrial or unrestricted areas.

(To Be Continued)

NOTICE OF HEARING ON ASSESSMENT ROLL.

Notice is hereby given as directed by the Board of Directors, that the assessment roll of Independent Highway District No. 1, King County, Wash., for the payment of outstanding warrants general expenses, and interest upon the bonds of said district to come due during the period of collection of the next

annual assessment, the said bonds being issued in keeping with authorization by the duly qualified electors of said district, voting on said question, for the purpose of construction of Independent Highway No. 1, in said district, and to pay all necessary expenses in connection with the organization of said district and otherwise carrying out the provisions of Chapter 116 of the Session Laws of 1917, approved March 14, 1917, and all laws amendatory thereof which Highway No. 1, in said district is in accordance with plans and specifications prepared by the engineer of said district and on file with said engineer at 411 Lyon Building, Seattle, King County, Wash., the office of said board.

Said roll has, by the board of directors of said district, been set for hearing at the regular meeting of said board of directors to be held at its office at No. 411 Lyon Building, Seattle, King County, Wash., at 10 o'clock A. M., August 1, 1922, and all persons interested are hereby notified that the secretary of said board has in accordance with law, prepared an assessment roll, as aforesaid for the current year for raising the necessary funds for the purpose of the said district, as directed by said board of directors, and that said roll will be open for inspection in the office of said secretary and board at said No. 411 Lyon Building, Seattle, and that at said time and place the said board of directors will meet and proceed to consider said roll, acting as a board of equalization, and will equalize assessments, and all persons interested are hereby notified that objections to said roll must be made in writing and filed with the secretary on or before the last day of hearing thereon, and if not so filed objections cannot be heard; and that said board will consider said roll and property filed objections thereto and will either confirm, modify or set aside said roll as shall be just and in accordance with special benefits to the land assessed.

Said hearing by said board sitting as a board of equalization, will begin at said time and place and said board will continue in session and meet and sit from day to day, not exceeding ten days, exclusive of Sundays, to hear and determine such objections to said assessment roll as may come before it.

Published in the Seattle Municipal News, July 8, 1922.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS, OF INDEPENDENT HIGHWAY DISTRICT NO. 1, KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON.

ALBRO GARDNER, Jr.,
As Its Secretary.

557-14—July 8, 1922.

NELSON R. ANDERSON

Attorney 1723 L. C. Smith Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King.

Jessie C. Hughes, Plaintiff, vs. John T. Hughes, Defendant. No. 159861.
Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to the said John T. Hughes, Defendant:
You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit, within sixty days after the 8th day of July, A. D. 1922, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled Court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court. The object of the said action, set forth in the complaint, is as follows: To obtain an absolute decree of divorce and change plaintiff's name to Jessie C. Howland on the grounds of cruel treatment of plaintiff by defendant, and refusal of defendant to make suitable provision for plaintiff.

NELSON R. ANDERSON,

Attorney for Plaintiff.
Post Office Address: 1723 L. C. Smith Building, Seattle, County of King, Washington.
First Pub. July 8, 1922. 6t Aug. 12

JAMES T. LAWLER

Attorney White Bldg
IN JUSTICE'S COURT BEFORE REAH M. WHITEHEAD, Justice of the Peace in and for Seattle Precinct, King County, State of Washington.
H. T. La Peer, Plaintiff, vs. Barney Hortwitz, Defendant. No. 16021.
Summons for Publication.
State of Washington, County of King, ss. To Barney Hortwitz: In the name of the State of Washington,

You are hereby notified that H. T. LaPeer has filed a complaint (or claim) against you in the above entitled Court, which will come on to be heard before the undersigned Justice in her courtroom numbered 411 in the King County Court House, Seattle, King County, Washington, on the 26th day of July, 1922, at the hour of 9:30 o'clock A. M., and unless you appear and then and there answer, the same will be taken as

confessed and the demand of the plaintiff granted. The object and demand of said complaint (or claim) is for immediate delivery of the following property, to-wit: 25 cards of various sizes for window display, stencil of a baby for display, 4 newspaper cuts, 15 stenciled cards and 35 plain cards, or the value thereof in the sum of \$75.00 and costs and disbursements.

Complaint (or Claim) filed June 15, 1922.

Dated June 27, 1922.
REAH M. WHITEHEAD,
Justice of the Peace in and for Seattle Precinct, King County, Wash.
First Pub. July 1, 1922. 3t July 15

GEORGE E. MATHIEU

Attorney
332 Central Building
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of August H. Sasse, Sr., Deceased.

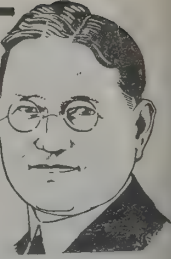
No. 31328. Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as administratrix of the estate of August H. Sasse, Sr., Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Bertha A. Dalby, Administratrix, or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, July 1, 1922.
BERTHA A. DALBY,
Administratrix of said Estate.
Address, 332 Central Bldg.
GEORGE E. MATHIEU, Attorney for Estate, 332 Central Building, Seattle, Wash.
First Pub. July 1, 1922. 3t July 15

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. XII, NO. 28.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, JULY 15, 1922.

PRICE 10 CENTS

THE NEWS AS A NEWS-PAPER

Frequently expression has been made to the fact that the **Seattle Municipal News**, in order to give the best service, become an organ for the dissemination of more civic news, and that its circulation should be extended so as to reach hundreds and even thousands of readers irrespective of whether these readers be members of the League or not.

The argument is made that in this wise the reports of the League, its **attitude** on civic questions, its spirit of civic loyalty and its devotion to Seattle's good can have a greater effectiveness.

With this suggestion no one can have any fault to find. Every friend of the League—and there are thousands—would like to know what it is doing—and what is doing.

But how to accomplish this object? How shall we do it with limited finances at our disposal? Have we a reserve fund to spend in advertising the "News" to Seattle, to employ solicitors, to send sample copies, etc., the thing might be done. But can we get done without such means? Definitely yes! By and with your cooperation. That is the answer.

Every man has friends whom he would like to have read this paper. Get them to subscribe. Tell them that the News is placed in the reading room of your club, in your lodge, the library in your district.

The membership can help decidedly, too, in making the 'copy' of the paper! Of course we can't have "bathing girl beauty contests" and a first class yellow, slanderous, salacious journal. Get enough of that kind of stuff in any American newspaper and you will increase its circulation. John H.

(continued on page 4)

GET YOUR FRIEND TO JOIN!

Cut or tear out the application reprinted here, and get your friend to join. The League must double its membership this coming year. Will you do your bit in helping or will you stand on the sidelines and do nothing?

APPLICATION FOR MEMBERSHIP

Municipal League of Seattle

....., 1922.

I hereby apply for Membership in the **Municipal League of Seattle**. Attached check payable to **Municipal League of Seattle** for \$3.00 dues for Active Membership for one year.

Occupation	Name
Proposed by	Business Address
	Residence Address
	Phone

Secretary Municipal League of Seattle, Room 405 Leary Bldg., Seattle, Washington.

NO APPEAL WITH STATEMENT

No enclosure was mailed to you with your statement for dues—the small slip of paper in the **Municipal League envelope** (carrying a two cent stamp) is sufficiently strong, we believe, to call to your mind the insistent obligation which you owe to the League. A small sum, indeed, is noted in the right hand corner. Because of the work which you will expect the League to do this year you must not delay in sending your check.

No appeal is enclosed with the statement. The statement of the League to you is a sufficient appeal.

NOTE:—The news articles and editorials appearing in the News this week were written by Eimon L. Wienir, Secretary of the Municipal League. The League in no way assumes responsibility for them, and his expressions of opinion have not the endorsement of the League.

INDICTMENTS BY THE GRAND JURY

The indictments of the county commissioners and Captain Anderson and his brother by the Grand Jury was the most sensational piece of civic news we have had in Seattle in many a long day. We must not, however, come to any hasty conclusions nor must we allow ourselves to prejudice our minds as to the guilt of these men. It is difficult indeed to believe that a man of the standing of Claude C. Ramsey would be guilty of the charges made by the Grand Jury, and not only must every citizen keep in mind that rule of law which presumes every man to be innocent until proven guilty but, in addition, Mr. Ramsey's long residence in this county and his public service must be taken into consideration. A great injustice may have been rendered him as well as the other two commissioners and the Andersons. Until the trial when these men will put in their defense to the charges, the Municipal League as an organization and as individuals must and should withhold the expression of any opinion concerning the indictments.

In the meanwhile, of course, Seattle suffers the disgrace of having its county officials charged with so serious a crime. Seattle has suffered before in having the chief executive of its city and other officials charged with graft, and no doubt there will be such charges as long as popular government prevails.

BOOST NEW HOTEL

When this issue of the News reaches you, the campaign to raise \$2,700,000 for Seattle's new hotel will be in full swing. A civic enterprise on so vast a scale requires the cooperation, assistance and support of every Seattle citizen. Let not any member

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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Walter L. Nossaman, Main 0816
D. D. Johnson, Main 0169
Dan Earle, Main 0078
John D. Hall, Ell. 3887
Harrison W. Mason, Rain. 0024

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

of the Municipal League ignore the call. It is your duty to subscribe to the limit of your ability, for the new hotel will be of a distinct benefit to the City of Seattle.

COMMITTEES SOON TO BE ANNOUNCED

Within the next few days President Baldwin will announce the personnel of the committees to serve the present League year. How much care was taken by the chief officer in selecting names and how painstaking were his efforts to serve can be appreciated only by those who have had the same experience in the past.

A great deal is expected of the membership this year. Many "old-timers" who did valiant service in the past will be in the harness again; and with them will be youngsters, too—young college men, enthusiastic, vigorous and feeling a sense of civic responsibility. If your name will not presently appear as one of the committeemen—do not think it an oversight or a slight. You are being saved for another very important committee. These will be special committees of various sorts, too—and you will be asked.

In order, however, to give members a chance to serve on committees of their own choosing, President Baldwin announces that he will consider the wishes of any member of the League who signifies his desire of doing some special phase of work. If you are one of such, write, phone, or see personally your president

or secretary who will gladly receive you at your convenience.

P.-I. ATTACKS CITY ENGINEER

The Post-Intelligencer's attack upon Engineer A. H. Dimmock was difficult to understand. It was generally understood that Mr. Dimmock has conducted one of the most efficient and economical departments of the city government during all of the time that he was in the office as Chief Engineer. What is behind the attack can only be guessed at—and the guess is that Mr. Dimmock has incurred the enmity and the wrath of some of his fellow public officials as well as of certain prominent men to whom Mr. Dimmock's plan for the development of the Skagit was particularly displeasing. Pres. Baldwin has indicated that at the next meeting of the Board of Trustees he will present the question of appointing a committee to investigate Mr. Dimmock's record and to inform the electorate of the result of their findings.

SALARY REVISION

A large policy-making boy with an executive having but little power works clumsily and inefficiently. Consider the case of salary revision: Recognizing that the call of the various civic organizations as well as the people as a whole for the reduction of taxation could no longer be ignored, the Council, more than a year ago, charged a citi-

zens' committee with the duty of ascertaining the facts relative to salaries paid by this city in comparison with other cities, and making recommendations relating to the same. This the citizens' committee, headed by Mr. R. C. Erskine and containing in its personnel Miss Brugerhoff, Rev. Mason, Mr. J. H. Carter and Mr. Clise, did. That is, they made an exhaustive study and brought in their report—and in time! But the gentlemen composing the Council declined to consider the report for the year 1922 but stated they would consider it for 1923. However, they omitted one little account. They failed to make a formal request to the Civil Service Commission to bring in his citizens' report to the Council, and as a result the matter lay dead. And now, when the Council is ready to take up the budget, the report the citizens' committee made, at such personal sacrifice and at such pains, has no standing in court.

Why is it that the court house bunch should be strong enough to have such a death clutch on the elected officials of this city? Why is it that so much inefficiency exists? Why is it that so many employees on the pay-rolls of this city who are unfit and improper persons to be employed by the city should be allowed to remain? Is civil service at fault? Yes, partially but not completely. Civil service does not compel the city to employ unnecessary people, and even with the present machinery of civil service, a weeding out and elimination of employees could be had if those who are elected to do the city's business would have enough nerve to do it; and after they are elected by the will of the people, if they only would have the courage to make a cut where a cut is necessary and give an increase where a raise is necessary. And if the council would pay a little more attention to the scientific data and a little less to politics, the shameful situation which exists in the courthouse would be improved a thousand fold.

Committed, as they are, to maintaining salaries at their present level, the Mayor and the Council do not see their way clear to make other economies. The very frank statement of Councilman Fitzgerald before the

MODERN CITY PLANNING

ITS MEANING AND METHODS

By Thomas Adams

INTRODUCTION

SCRAWNY CITY PLANNING

We plan our houses and factories. Is it not then absurd that we let our cities grow without plan?

Cities do not grow—all of them are planned. Most of them are planned in piecemeal fashion by surveyors acting for real estate owners, by railway engineers acting for their shareholders and traffic superintendents, and by individual architects or builders acting for their separate clients. The ultimate result is a haphazard collection of plans of land, means of transportation and buildings. But the city interests are not ignored, because every city has more or less power to control these separate plans in the interest of safety, health and convenience. Such control, however, is within restricted limits and the evils that arise from dealing with related parts and problems of the city, as if they were unrelated and disconnected, must remain in the absence of any planning of the city as a comprehensive whole.

Yet in as correct a sense as some houses or factories are planned—cities are now planned. As the lady planner in Sinclair Lewis' town of Gopher Prairie said—"the planning of many towns is not left to chance. I must have taken genius to make them so scrawny". It is the method of planning that is the fault—not the absence of planning. We want scientific an-

League a year ago will be remembered. He said then that in the nature of things the Council could not know the inner operations of every department and therefore had to take the word of the department chief. It is up to the civic organizations, therefore, to show where a cut in expenditures can be made; and this some of the organizations are now doing, and the Budget Committee of the League, headed by Dr. E. C. Kilbourne, will point out further subjects for economies.

orderly planning—not scrawny planning.

* * *

NEED OF PRACTICAL METHODS

While the ideal we wish to attain by city or town planning is that of a more prosperous and wholesome life for the people, the methods adopted must be intensely practical. There is no real inconsistency between what we called the “long” and “short” view of things. The question is to have the right sense of proportion in regard to both. While we should aim high in ultimate achievement, we should not seek to build today beyond what we can complete and render useful with the materials we have. If a man has only sufficient money and materials to build a cottage he would be stupid to start the building of a castle even if he thought he could ultimately find means and material for such a structure. We should, therefore, plan and build according to our needs but make the contribution of the day part of what we want to achieve tomorrow.

Having in view, therefore, the broad objects of the improvement of the city as a social organization wherein we wish to have healthy citizens and as an industrial plant wherein we want to have efficient working conditions, we should plan to get these things and not leave them to chance.

The first duty is to define a programme of what can be practically done and to avoid fads. One party will be interested in playgrounds, another in civic centres and beautification generally, another in what is called “zoning” for the purpose of stabilizing real estate values, another in traffic and another in housing. With all the special leaders for different parts of a plan there will be constant difficulty to maintain a proper proportion and to look at the city as a comprehensive undertaking. The usual difficulty in getting a comprehensive plan is due to the lack of appreciation of the reciprocal relations between different actors in city development. It may be that in a certain city the question of grade crossing elimination is a most pressing problem and yet to attempt to solve it by itself may be to lose half

the value of eliminating the crossings.

* * *

IS IT EVER TOO LATE TO PLAN?

It is no argument that “it is too late to plan”. A city is a thing of growth. When a city ceases to grow, either in the quality of its structural improvements or in the quantity and quality of its population it will become a dead city. So long as growth continues, the need of planning prevails. It is equally idle to argue that no one can foresee exactly how the city will grow, and, therefore, any plan will be defective for lack of accurate foresight. There is no question that is beyond the power of any man to plan a city exactly as it is going to grow. The best he can do is to bring to bear upon the problem accumulated knowledge and his art and the least he will accomplish will be to prevent the recurrence of mistakes, to give “vision” to the problems of the city and to show how the wasteful results of haphazard development can be avoided. The automobile has introduced new problems in city growth that make the present time specially appropriate for planning or re-planning cities and towns.

* * *

FUNDAMENTAL ELEMENTS AND SERVICES OF CITY

The three main problems in developing and planning a city are:—

(a)

Economic Conditions and Control of Land Development

The method of laying out and regulating the subdivision of land including the assessment of land values for taxation, and delimitation of areas for open space and agricultural use, has an important bearing on all problems of civic growth and the health and prosperity of the citizen. To secure economic development and healthy industrial and housing conditions, it is necessary to plan the land in large areas and regulate its use in advance of building.

(b)

Adequate and Proper Facilities for Industries

These include convenience in development of land and the reservation of the most suitable

sites for industrial plants; room for expansion, proximity of plants to homes, and efficient services.

(c)

Wholesome Housing Conditions

The city plan should secure pleasant surroundings for the homes; the restricting of areas for use for residences of different character; the encouragement of the ownership of homes; and the efficiency of those services necessary for health and recreation.

* * *

CITY SERVICES

The services which we require to make industry and homes prosperous and wholesome are (a) good sanitation (drainage and water supply), (b) convenience for transportation by railroad, waterway, etc., including railroad lines and terminals, (c) power and light, (d) communication by road including the major street plan and adequate provision for trolleys and vehicular traffic, (e) zoning or delimiting of areas to regulate the kind of use and the density and heights of buildings on the land, (f) the civic features of monumental structures which express the civic spirit of the community, (g) the parks and recreation grounds and the placing and grouping of schools and churches to serve essential social needs. No plan should be prepared which does not take into consideration these six groups of services, all of which are essential for efficiency and economy.

The efficiency of industry depends, for instance, not only on a good system of railroads and streets or on the proper relation between the industrial and residential area, or on recreation facilities for the employees and their children. It depends on the connection or relation established between these things by a properly balanced plan. The approaches to the railroad terminal have an important bearing on the location of the terminal. No one can determine the proper width of a street without regard to the height and density of buildings permitted to be erected upon their frontage, as well as the amount of traffic they have to carry. Even the character of the paving of a street cannot be settled without some study of whether it is to serve the purpose of industry or of residence.

SUITABLE AREAS FOR PLANNING

The following are suitable geographical units for planning:—

1. **The Region.** Comprising metropolitan areas or any large industrial or mining area having a distinctive character or a common centre, consisting of several municipal areas, or parts of such areas.

2. **The City.** The administrative area of an incorporated city.

3. **The Town.** In general a small city incorporated as a town but in some of the United States equivalent to a township or incorporated rural area forming part of a county.

4. **The Township or Rural Municipality.** A subdivision of a county, perhaps including small towns and villages.

5. **The Village.** Small populated place not having reached the status of a town.

What is called city planning and town planning may be said to have to do with one of these kinds of area. It is important that study be made of regional areas as it is only by the study of such areas that there can be a proper appreciation of the distribution of industry and the interdependence of town and country. We hear much of city planning and something of country planning, but what is most wanted is the planning of the town-country which is comprised in the region.

The planning of the small growing towns and villages and the regional areas in which they are situated presents most scope and opportunity for effective work.

In America, the term of “city planning” has sometimes incurred odium because it has been associated with expensive remodelling of areas already built upon. It has also been too often regarded as being restricted to reconstruction schemes whereas it should deal to the greatest extent with the problems of new growth. To carry out surgical operations on areas already covered with buildings is a difficult and costly process. For instance, the widening of a street on which extensive office buildings are already erected or the creating of a new diagonal street through a congested area are operations that are almost prohibitive in cost. To apply the same amount of money to

the work of prevention in areas in course of development or not already built upon is the cheapest and more effective method of planning. Moreover, the proper planning of suburban areas indirectly helps to relieve the congestion and lessen the difficulties of replanning the crowded centers which they adjoin.

(To be continued in a future issue of the News).

Mr. Stauffer: How does it come that all you fellows have the same answers to all those problems?

Pupil (baseball player): Team work, sir, team work.

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THE "NEWS" AS A NEWS-PAPER

(Continued from Page 1.)

Perry and William Randolph Hearst will tell you that!

But seriously, a letter from a member on some phase of civic life, an article on this or that civic news value—and a sound, wholesome, and even sharp, criticism will have interest and spice to readers of the type the "News" appeals to.

Here, unlike your metropolitan daily controlled by one man, you have your chance. Truly, this is your newspaper. Make it—at least help in making it—to your liking.

Then the influence of the News as a newspaper will be greater—and of a lasting benefit.

Keep one consistent plan from end to end.

The ragged thorn shall bear the fragrant rose.
Gentleness is a great Avenue to real enjoyment.

Poems like pictures are.

When you face a difficulty never let it stir you out of countenance.

NELSON R. ANDERSON

Attorney 1723 L. C. Smith Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King.

Jessie C. Hughes, Plaintiff, vs. John T. Hughes, Defendant. No. 159861.
Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to the said John T. Hughes, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit, within sixty days after the 8th day of July, A. D. 1922, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled Court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court. The object of the said action, set forth in the complaint, is as follows: To obtain an absolute decree of divorce and change plaintiff's name to Jessie C. Howland on the grounds of cruel treatment of plaintiff by defendant, and refusal of defendant to make suitable provision for plaintiff.

NELSON R. ANDERSON,

Attorney for Plaintiff.

Post Office Address: 1723 L. C. Smith Building, Seattle, County of King, Washington.

First Pub. July 8, 1922. 6t Aug. 12

JAMES T. LAWLER

Attorney White Bldg.
IN JUSTICE'S COURT BEFORE REAH M. WHITEHEAD, Justice of the Peace in and for Seattle Precinct, King County, State of Washington.

H. T. La Peer, Plaintiff, vs. Barney Hertz, Defendant. No. 16021.
Summons for Publication.

State of Washington, County of King, ss. To Barney Hertz: In the name of the State of Washington.

You are hereby notified that H. T. LaPeer has filed a complaint (or claim) against you in the above entitled Court, which will come on to be heard before the undersigned Justice in her courtroom numbered 411 in the King County Court House, Seattle, King County, Washington, on the 26th day of July, 1922, at the hour of 9:30 o'clock A. M., and unless you appear and then and there answer, the same will be taken as

confessed and the demand of the plaintiff granted. The object and demand of said complaint (or claim) is for immediate delivery of the following property, to-wit: 25 cards of various sizes for window display, stencil of a baby for display, 4 newspaper cuts, 15 stenciled cards and 35 plain cards, or the value thereof in the sum of \$75.00 and costs and disbursements.
Complaint (or Claim) filed June 15, 1922.

Dated June 27, 1922.

REAH M. WHITEHEAD,
Justice of the Peace in and for Seattle Precinct, King County, Wash.
First Pub. July 1, 1922. 3t July 15

GEORGE E. MATHIEU

Attorney

332 Central Building
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of August H. Sasse, Sr., Deceased.

No. 31328. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as administratrix of the estate of August H. Sasse, Sr., Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Bertha A. Dalby, Administratrix, or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, July 1, 1922.

BERTHA A. DALBY,
Administratrix of said Estate.
Address, 332 Central Bldg.

GEORGE E. MATHIEU, Attorney for Estate, 322 Central Building, Seattle, Wash.

First Pub. July 1, 1922. 3t July 15

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OL. XII. NO. 29.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, JULY 22, 1922.

PRICE 10 CENTS

CITY MANAGER PLAN GROWING

Results Under City Manager In Sacramento

Issued by San Francisco Bureau of Governmental Research.

II.

The remarkable and steady growth of the city-manager form of government is pointed out in a statement issued by the San Francisco Bureau of Governmental Research. The list of cities operating under this form, according to the Bureau, has grown to 265; 24 other cities are now conducting city-manager charter campaigns, and 56 additional cities are active with the preliminary steps leading to city-manager charters. Approximately 5,000,000 people now live under city-manager government.

Nation-wide interest was attracted to the plan by its adoption in 1912 by Dayton, Ohio, immediately following the Dayton flood. The Research Bureau states that the plan is identical with the corporation form of organization—a governing board, elected by the people for the determination of questions of policy; and a trained expert manager or administrator, appointed by the board and holding office at its pleasure, who exercises complete authority over and is held solely responsible for all administrative activities.

The city-manager form of government has practically supplanted the commission form, according to the Research Bureau, which goes on to say that this is due to the inherent defects of the commission form, under which the same officials serve in the dual capacity of legislators, as a board, and executives of the several municipal departments, as individuals. According to the National Municipal League, "The

(Continued on Page 3.)

THAT LITTLE SLIP

That little slip—the same being the statement of the League for annual dues—was received by the membership last Monday. In response thereto, a number of checks have been received by the League. Was yours among this number, or have you put the statement away thinking that you would send that check tomorrow? The League needs that check of yours—do not delay sending it. DO it NOW!

AGAIN THE MATTER OF LEGALS

There are approximately thirty-five lawyers who have membership in the League. A hundred legals a year would keep the League out of debt, so far as the publication of the News is concerned. Gentlemen of the Bar, your legal to the "News", please.

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT ZONING PRIMER

(Continued from recent issue)

Except commercial buildings which were built partly in commercial and partly in industrial districts, the development of St. Louis is said to be fitting itself very closely to the zoning plan.

To avoid the common condition that industrial plants encounter of having to do business on a "residential basis," denied large-scale facilities in their vicinity on account of protests by residence owners, Alameda, Cal., among other cities, has established industrial zones in which no new permits to build residences will be granted. A leading municipal engineer is quoted as saying that the prohibition of residences in industrial zones is one of the most important protections to put in a zoning ordinance. This method is being relied on to develop Hoboken, N. J. as a great industrial terminal.

In New Jersey it has been found that the unzoned suburban town is at a distinct disadvantage as compared with the communi-

ty protected by a zoning ordinance. People are asking themselves why they should invest money in a home or lend money on a mortgage in an unprotected, unzoned locality. The zoned towns are actually absorbing the better grade of development. The result has been that builders, architects, and real-estate owners in unzoned towns are persistently urging their local councils to adopt zoning, so that they have as good a selling proposition to offer prospective clients as their competitors in the zoned towns.

Where To Get Information

Information concerning zoning progress in states and cities of the United States will be made available by the Division of Building and Housing of the Department of Commerce at Washington, D. C. A Selected Bibliography of Zoning is issued by the Division, and may be secured on application.

MODERN CITY PLANNING

Order of Studies and Planning

By Thomas Adams

Some writers suggest that transportation and zoning are the two factors that need to be considered first and that a plan of the park system and of the civic centre can be left to be dealt with at a later stage. In making this statement, they are suffering from the natural disappointment that has followed from the excessive emphasis that has been placed in the past on the park system and the civic centre. They are proposing, therefore, to go to the other extreme with a view to avoiding too many complications and are seeking to cut up the plan into water-tight compartments as if they could be separated. They cannot be separated if a good result is desired. At the same time, if a city must limit its operations to one or two things at a time, undoubtedly transportation and zoning are the two most necessary things to consider. In the judgment of the writer, however, the distribution of work should not be made between the different parts of a city plan but in the following order, namely:—

1. Reconnaissance survey of the city and surrounding region;
2. Tentative skeleton plan of the region based on the survey;
3. City survey;
4. Complete working plan of the city adapted to the law of the state or province.

If a beginning must be made on a small scale, it should be made by making a survey of the existing conditions. This survey should not be too elaborate. A mistake can be made by aiming to make too complete an analysis of a city just as well as by omitting essential investigation. The most necessary things should be done for the purpose of getting a proper plan and the successful planner is the one who knows

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D. D. Johnson, Main 0169
Dan Earle, Main 0078
John D. Hall, Ell. 3887
Harrison W. Mason, Rain. 0024

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

what to eliminate as well as what to include.

Then there are problems like railroad location and relocation regarding which it is idle to put forward a counsel of perfection. The most that can be done in this connection is to persuade the railroad engineers to fit their schemes in with the plan of the city. It is useless to propound a plan over their heads and to attempt to force the railroad companies to spend money for the benefit of the city if the expenditure produces no benefit to themselves.

Relative Importance of City Planning and "Zoning"

The most intricate problems in city planning are those which are least popular and least spectacular. The "zoning" plans which are now being prepared for many cities require less specialized knowledge than the other matters which need to be dealt with and may involve the suppression rather than the exercise of imagination. To a large extent they depend for their successful application on intimate local knowledge. The zoning expert may have acquired the knowledge to present his data in an intelligent form. He may know the argument to use to "put it over" with the citizens and he may have collected information in other cities which enables him to give valuable advice regarding the many cases that require special treatment. On the whole, however, a plan that is limited to "zoning"

can be prepared by an intelligent city engineer with comparatively little expert assistance. But no plan should be limited to "zoning" and no "zoning" should be done with the main object of stabilizing real estate values. A plan should increase real values and not stabilize unreal values based on speculation.

NOTES BY THE SECRETARY

At the Board meeting last Monday, the matter of the cost of publishing the News was brought up for discussion, and finally it was referred to the Editorial Committee.

* * *

A special committee was appointed by President Baldwin to investigate the various charges made against City Engineer Dimock by the Post-Intelligencer. The committee is headed by Dan Earle. It is expected that it will have its report ready by September.

* * *

To the Health and Sanitation Committee headed by Henry Landes, Chairman, was referred the matter of the garbage collection costs. It has been stated on good authority that the cost of collecting garbage in Seattle is considerably higher than it should be—in fact, by about \$150,000 too much. Mr. Landes' splendid committee will go into the matter thoroughly and will hand in a good report.

THE HIGH COST OF GOVERNMENT

by William H. Nanry
Director, San Francisco Bureau
of Governmental Research

The great increase in the cost of government in recent years is due to: (1) the low purchasing power of the dollar; (2) the cost of debt incurred in previous years, deferred during the last decade; (5) the inequitable distribution of the tax burden; and (6) the losses and waste due to irresponsible organization, archaic methods and complicated procedure. The first two are not subject to our control; the third and fourth can, at best, be only temporarily postponed; only the last two are within our power to correct.

It must in all fairness be recognized that changing conditions and community sentiment during the last twenty or thirty years have required a tremendous expansion in governmental activities. This condition has been general and is not peculiar to any one city or section. Census Bureau compilations show that governmental cost payments for the 146 largest cities of the United States have risen from \$514,200,000 in 1903 to \$1,113,600,000 in 1919; from \$24.34 per capita to \$34.60.

A large part of the increase is in reality only a "book cost." Expenditures for education, playgrounds, sanitation, widows' pensions, child hygiene, fire prevention and similar functions which have been initiated by municipalities, produce returns in better citizens, lives and property saved, crime prevented, misery abated, etc., more than commensurate with the amounts expended. The average citizen has little complaint of expenditures for purposes such as these. His complaint is of the cost of politics, waste, and ineffectiveness in government where these exist.

No article such as this can adequately analyze a number of cities. It can only point out how they vary from each other, and from averages, in their expenditures for the many functions incidental to municipal government. Each city is peculiarly itself, with many of its problems strictly local. One point should be stressed however and that is that the

popular rating of a city's economy or extravagance according to its tax rate is worse than misleading. A city tax rate depends on the ratio of assessed value to full value, the amount of revenue from sources other than taxation, whether state, county and school taxes are raised by the city, and whether all current expenses included in the tax rate or are partially covered by the issuance of bonds.

The only measure of the efficiency of governmental expenditures is the return in service to citizens for taxes paid; this can be accurately evaluated only by scientific survey. Comparative expenditures of various cities, reduced to per capita costs, are valuable principally because the questions they raise as to the soundness of the municipal program—whether too much or too little is being spent for schools, health, fire, police, highways, etc., and whether the allotments to each are disproportionate.

The only basis for such fiscal comparison is furnished by the Census Bureau's "Financial Statistics of Cities"; these have been developed and improved over a long period of years and are strictly authentic. One of the charts, based on these Census Bureau compilations, shows the "Per Capita Cost of Government" for six Western cities for 1920 and for 1909, and the increase from 1909 to 1920. "Per capita cost of government" includes all costs—expenditures based on the annual budget which are funded by taxation and miscellaneous revenues, and in addition improvements financed by special assessments, utility enterprises financed out of revenues, etc.

The six cities shown and their "per capita cost of government" are Los Angeles, \$69.20; San Francisco, \$53.04; Seattle, \$107.72; Oakland, \$38.74; Salt Lake City, \$56.23; and Spokane, \$53.20. Denver and Portland are not shown as data for these are not included in the Census Bureau's 1920 advance sheets. The average amount of increase for 1920 over 1909 is 43 per cent. Only one city shows a decrease—Spokane, from a per capita cost of \$38.74 in 1909 to \$35.20 in 1920. Seattle is still far the highest, with a per capita cost of government of \$107.72. In 1909 its per capita

cost was about 72 per cent greater than that of Los Angeles, the second highest city. In 1920 this excess has dropped to 55 per cent.

The principal disparity in the per capita costs of the various cities is occasioned by the varying amounts expended by each for "outlays" or capital expenditures. This item is the only one of the four that shows a decreased per capita cost for 1920 as compared with 1909, San Francisco furnishing the only exception. The decrease in this item is probably due to the fact that increased costs for routine activities had to be met and new services had to be provided for; the funds required for these were provided, partly by increased taxation and partly by decreased capital expenditures. This has involved the deferring of municipal improvements, and structures; to the extent that construction has been postponed beyond actual needs, it has tended toward public inconvenience and higher operating costs, and will require material additions to the cost of government in the near future.

Seattle, with the highest total per capita cost, is also highest in each of the four main divisions. The disparity in "expenses of general departments" is not as great as for "outlays" and "interest payments" but the disparity in expenditures for public service enterprises is very marked. These jumped from \$1.84 per capita in 1909 to \$25.01 in 1920. Seattle in 1920 spent almost 50 per cent per capita more for public service enterprises than the other five cities combined.

Of greatest interest to taxpayers from the standpoint of reducing costs, are the per capita "expenses of general departments". Those include, in the approximate order of size of expenditures: schools and libraries; fire, police and other protective agencies; highways, including lighting; general government (executive, legislative, judicial, fiscal, etc.); health and sanitation; charities, hospitals and correction; recreation; and general and miscellaneous (widows' and employees' pensions, etc.). The greatest increase is shown for schools. Los Angeles' expenditures for this purpose have more than doubled; San Francisco shows the smallest increase, approximately 25 per cent. The

major increases, after schools, have been registered by the so-called social expenditures, such as health, charities, hospitals, correction, recreation, etc.

The best measure of cost to the property owner is the "per capita tax levy". By the use of this factor, variations in the assessment ratio are equalized and costs that are borne by sources other than taxation—such as special assessment or bond fund improvements, and utility operations which are supported by users and rate payers—are eliminated.

The 1920 "per capita tax levies" for seven Western cities are tabulated below to show comparison with and increase over similar figures for 1915 (1909 figures not available). "Per capita tax levies" for State purposes are omitted to facilitate comparison, inasmuch as the three California cities levy no taxes for State purposes. These per capita levies for State purposes by cities outside of California are as follows: Seattle, \$10.01; Denver, \$5.02; Salt Lake, \$8.63; and Spokane, \$12.59.

PER CAPITA TAX LEVIES

		Increase
	1920	1915 %
Seattle	\$46.60	\$29.28 59
Los Angeles	45.48	28.47 60
Salt Lake	45.24	23.71 91
Spokane	39.36	23.27 69
San Francisco	36.06	27.89 29
Oakland	35.59	21.11 69
Denver	31.87	20.23 57

The statistics in the foregoing are not offered in any critical sense. If they will serve to interest some of the business, technical or professional men in the several communities, their full purpose will have been served. The time has long since passed, when community affairs could be considered, by reason of public apathy, as the sole business of the politician. Increased tax bills have forced public interest in public affairs; there is a general feeling that something is wrong, but a lack of knowledge as to just where the defects lie and how they can be corrected.

If business men will take the time to familiarize themselves with the government under which they live—assuming that they live in an average community—they will readily recognize that the root of the whole trouble lies in the uncoordinated, clumsy or-

ganization, in which no one is wholly responsible, which actually develops the procedure known as "passing the buck", but which blunders along despite its cost and lack of reasonably-to-be-expected effectiveness only because it is supported by the bottomless well tapped by the power to tax.

CITY MANAGER PLAN GROWING

(Continued from Page 1.)

city-manager government is growing much more rapidly than the other forms. Monthly it is necessary for us to add cities to this list, whereas it is only occasionally that from our clipping service we are able to add to the commission list."

Akron, Ohio, 208,000 population, is at present the largest city operating under the city-manager form. Cleveland, 797,000 population, the fifth largest city in the United States, voted in favor of the plan last November, to become effective in 1924. Twenty California cities operate under this plan, the largest of which are San Diego, Long Beach and Sacramento.

Sacramento's first six months operation under City Manager Clyde Seavey, formerly Chairman of the State Board of Control, has shown phenomenal results. The new government inherited a deficit, but at the end of six months this had been wiped out and a surplus of \$29,000 had been established. The budget for this fiscal year is \$123,300 less than that of last year, and the tax rate has been decreased eight cents in spite of the fact that assessments were decreased 15 per cent or \$3,330,000, fire and police salaries were increased and increased improvements amounting to \$150,000 were provided. A plan that makes such accomplishments possible surely meets with the public desire for "more business in government."

UNIVERSITY HISTORY


The University of Washington was established by an act of the National Congress, July 17, 1854, and was located in Seattle by the Legislature of Washington Territory in 1855. After a time the act was repealed but in 1860, the university was once more placed

ownships were devoted to its establishment.

In 1861 the site was selected and part of the land sold in order to start building. May 20, 1861, the cornerstone was laid at Fourth and University streets, on the very ground now occupied by the Metropolitan theatre. At that time a dense forest of fir timber stood in what is now Seattle's business section.

Within a year instruction began. A. S. Mercer was engaged as "professor and teacher." Twice the school closed for lack of funds.

Today the university occupies 350 acres of land on the peninsula between Lanes Union and Washington, where it was moved in 1893.



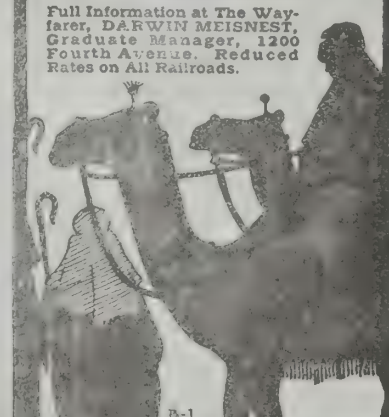
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JULY 24-29-1922

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2nd Wise Thing: Oh, that so? What happened to the little blonde?—Ex.

* * *

"My professor doesn't know good English."

"How so?"

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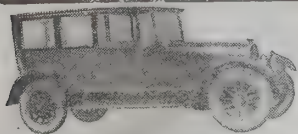
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THE MODERN WAY

WASHINGTON TITLE

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The sweet young thing was being shown through the Baldwin Locomotive Works.

"What is that thing?" she asked, pointing with her dainty parasol.

"That," answered the guide, "is engine boiler."

She was an up-to-date young lady, and at once became interested. "And why do they boil engines?" she inquired again.

"To make the engine tender," politely replied the resourceful guide.

* * *

"Are you a native of this place?" asked a traveler in Kentucky of a colored resident.

"Am I what?" said the puzzled black.

"I say, are you a native here?"

While the man was still hesitating over his answer, his wife came to the door.

"Ain't you got no sense, Sam-ba?" she exclaimed: "The gentleman means was yo' liven heah when yo' was born, or was yo' born before yo' began livin' heah. Now answer the gen'l'man!"

* * *

"Speaking of bathing in famous springs," said the tramp to the tourist, "I bathed in the spring of '85."

NELSON R. ANDERSON

Attorney 1723 L. C. Smith Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King.

Jessie C. Hughes, Plaintiff, vs. John T. Hughes, Defendant. No. 159861.
Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to the said John T. Hughes, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit, within sixty days after the 8th day of July, A. D. 1922, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled Court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court. The object of the said action, set forth in the complaint, is as follows: To obtain an absolute decree of divorce and change plaintiff's name to Jessie C. Howland on the grounds of cruel treatment of plaintiff by defendant, and refusal of defendant to make suitable provision for plaintiff.

NELSON R. ANDERSON.

Attorney for Plaintiff.
Post Office Address: 1723 L. C. Smith Building, Seattle, County of King, Washington.

First Pub. July 8, 1922. 6t Aug. 12

JAMES T. LAWLER

Attorney White Bldg
IN JUSTICE'S COURT BEFORE REAH M. WHITEHEAD, Justice of the Peace in and for Seattle Precinct, King County, State of Washington.

H. T. LaPeer, Plaintiff, vs. Barney Hortwitz, Defendant. No. 16021.
Summons for Publication.

State of Washington, County of King, ss. To Barney Hortwitz: In the name of the State of Washington.

You are hereby notified that H. T. LaPeer has filed a complaint (or claim) against you in the above entitled Court, which will come on to be heard before the undersigned Justice in her courtroom numbered 411 in the King County Court House, Seattle, King County, Washington, on the 26th day of July, 1922, at the hour of 9:30 o'clock A. M., and unless you appear and then and there answer, the same will be taken as

confessed and the demand of the plaintiff granted. The object and demand of said complaint (or claim) is for immediate delivery of the following property, to-wit: 25 cards of various sizes for window display, stencil of a baby for display, 4 newspaper cuts, 15 stenciled cards and 35 plain cards, or the value thereof in the sum of \$75.00 and costs and disbursements.

Complaint (or Claim) filed June 15, 1922.

Dated June 27, 1922.

REAH M. WHITEHEAD,
Justice of the Peace in and for Seattle Precinct, King County, Wash.

First Pub. July 1, 1922. 3t July 15

GEORGE E. MATHIEU

Attorney

332 Central Building

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of August H. Sasse, Sr., Deceased.

No. 31328. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as administratrix of the estate of August H. Sasse, Sr., Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Bertha A. Dalby, Administratrix, or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, July 1, 1922.

BERTHA A. DALBY,

Administratrix of said Estate.

Address, 332 Central Bldg.

GEORGE E. MATHIEU, Attorney for Estate, 332 Central Building, Seattle, Wash.

First Pub. July 1, 1922. 3t July 15

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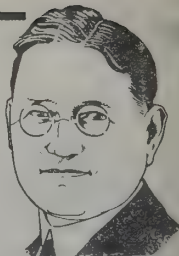
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SEATTLE, WASH.

Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. XII, NO. 30.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, JULY 29, 1922.

PRICE 10 CENTS

MODERN CITY PLANNING

By Thomas Adams

(Continued from recent issue)

The principle of restricting a district to residential purposes is already recognized by private owners of land who frequently dispose of lots for the erection of houses under certain restrictions. These may fix the minimum cost of each dwelling or define the character of dwellings. The application of this principle has been more or less confined to houses of well-to-do people and has been mainly used to prevent small working-class dwellings or stores being erected in proximity to larger houses. In a sense, it has been based on class distinction and on the assumption that a comparatively cheap house erected adjoining a dearer one would have the effect of depreciating the value of the latter. What matters most, however, is not the amount of money spent in building a house but that the dwelling be tastefully designed, and have spacious and agreeable surroundings.

The control of the surroundings of homes by city planning regulations is more important than the fixing of a minimum cost. As the principle of restricting a residential district has been adopted in private covenants by owners of land, it is only extending an existing practice to impose restrictions on residential property by law. But under the law, a different method must be pursued. It would not be proper even if desirable to restrict the value of houses erected in a particular district by statute. Reliance must be placed, for the purpose of getting good conditions, on provisions governing the sizes of lots; the prevention of structures of unsightly character; the securing of proper sanitary conditions and the limita-

(Continued on Page 3)

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSIONER CRITICISES EDITORIAL

J. Y. C. Kellogg, Civil Service Commissioner, took exception to an editorial on Salary Revision, written by Secretary Eimon L. Wienir, in the issue of the News of July 15. Mr. Kellogg's letter together with a reply from Mr. Wienir follows:

"July 25, 1922

"The Seattle Municipal News

"Leary Bldg.

"Seattle, Wash.

"Gentlemen:-

"I have just read with interest your editorial entitled 'Salary Revision', in your issue of July 15. This editorial is inaccurate in several particulars and as the subject is an important one, I feel it my duty to set you right.

"The city council did not charge 'a citizen's committee with the duty of ascertaining the facts relative to salaries paid by this city'. What the council did do was to ask the civil service commission to do this work. The civil service commission on its own initiative created the citizen's committee for the purpose of arousing public interest and thus aiding in the adoption of any report that might finally be decided upon.

"The council made its request to the civil service commission not on account of any public clamor but as a direct result of the suggestion of members of the civil service commission to members of the finance committee of the city council.

"Your statement that the report of the citizen's committee at this time 'has no standing in court' is also incorrect. The report is at present in the hands of the city clerk, who is also the clerk of the city council. The report is just as much a part of the files and records of the city council as any other of the documents which it constantly has before it. The report is up-to-date to the fall of 1921. The only thing the council has failed to do is to ask the civil service com-

mission to bring it up-to-date to the summer of 1922. However, the change in conditions between the fall of 1921, and the present, are apparently minor and the report should therefore be worthy of careful consideration at this time.

"The latter part of your editorial contains quite a number of questions followed by the suggestion that the council should pay a little more attention to scientific data. This may be a new idea to the Seattle Municipal News, but it is an old one to the civil service commission. Perhaps some persons outside of the city service are partially responsible. At any rate, some three months ago, the civil service commission decided to enter upon an educational campaign and sent out letters to dozens of the various civic organizations throughout the city offering to supply speakers to explain the workings of the civil service and its relation to the different departments of the city government, which explanation, of course, would include the question of salaries, which is the subject of your editorial. Less than half a dozen organizations took advantage of the offer which indicates very clearly that there must be a lot of people who have not time enough to find out the real facts about their own affairs.

"I note your statement that civil service is 'partially, but not completely' at fault for so many employees being on the payrolls who are unfit and improper persons to be employed by the city. While I have not consulted my fellow commissioners in writing

(continued on page 2)

LEWIS SUGGESTS GRADE SEPARATION SCHEME

L. D. Lewis, former president of the Municipal League and one of the most active of its members in recent years, has written to President Baldwin suggesting a grade separation scheme for Seattle. His letter which follows has been referred by the Board of Trustess to the City Development and Planning Committee, of which J. D. Blackwell is chairman. Before very long a report on this matter will be received by the League.

Mr. Lewis' letter follows.

July 20, 1922

Mr. Julius L. Baldwin
Pres. Municipal League of Seattle
Central Bldg.

Seattle, Wash.

Dear Baldwin:-

As you probably know, I have given a lot of study for a good many years to the growth and planning of cities. But in addition to that, I have emphasized the effect of congestion in hampering their growth. For a long time I have been working on a re-routing of street car traffic through our central business district, and two or three groups of grade separations which would, in my opinion, prepare traffic facilities for a long time to come, and admit of a very large growth without any serious congestion. To my mind the two problems are inter-related, and I have wanted to finance the construction of a model of down-town Seattle, before I attempted much in the cultivation of public sentiment with a view to accomplishing some of the necessary changes. I believe my plan would finance the cost of construction and maintenance of the facilities to the great satisfaction of everybody concerned. Some time in the next year, I would like to get my material in shape, and talk to the League about these things.

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

Published Weekly by the
MUNICIPAL LEAGUE OF SEATTLE

Telephone Main 6282

Entered as second-class matter June 14, 1912, at the Postoffice at Seattle, Washington, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

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D. D. Johnson, Main 0169
Dan Earle, Main 0078
John D. Hall, Ell. 3887
Harrison W. Mason, Rain. 0024

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

I am writing to you now because I believe that the construction of the new hotel, with the accompanying desirability of getting traffic up and down the hill on University or Seneca street, and the accompanying problem of increasing available parking space near the hotel, seems to make the time opportune for a small part of the contemplated grade-separation construction. It can easily be demonstrated that a few grade-separations will quadruple the traffic capacity of the streets so separated, and proper regard for the earth formation, which is the foundation of Seattle, makes it practically certain that grade-separation, rather than subways, are our only practical solution. A little study of the surface damages awarded because of the subways in New York, together with a knowledge of the history of our Great Northern Tunnel, should convince any person of intelligence, that a subway is an idle dream for Seattle. Therefore the grade-separation must come, and some of them should come soon. Ultimately, there should be provision for University Street to pass above First Avenue, and somewhere west of that street to have two diagonal outlets to the waterfront. Ultimately, Second Avenue will, I think, be taken over entirely for motor traffic—the street cars being looped on First and Third, and Second will then be depressed from Union to Stewart, so that it will pass

under Pike and Pine. But for the present, University Street need only be attended to so far as that portion from Second to Fifth Avenue is concerned.

I believe study will demonstrate the advisability of passing it over First and Second, and under Third and Fourth with ramps, of course, to admit of access from the streets named, and that at Fifth Avenue it should reach about the present grade, and therefrom a raised separation should pass north on Fifth, across Pike and Pine to Olive, or preferably Stewart, with provision for motor traffic and pedestrians. In conjunction with this improvement, there should be a moving sidewalk from Second to the hotel, and provision for a lot of additional parking space west of Sixth Avenue, as well as whatever space could be provided in conjunction with the completion of the grade-separation.

I am only suggesting these things, so that a City Planning Committee, if you still have one, can give it the necessary study and provision can be made for it while the excavation and foundation of the hotel are being planned.

I am sending a copy of this to Douglas, because, while I have never talked over the matter with him, I felt sure that he will be favorable to the facilities suggested, and see the great increase in accessibility which they will provide for the hotel, and I know he had some such idea long ago, when he was agitating for either

University of Seneca Street.

I have been so busy with other things for a long time,* that I have not been able to give attention to it, and I hope any plan that is put through for the development of Olive Way, will provide a grade-separation at Broadway, as the failure to have opportunity for that improvement in the not-distant future will reduce the traffic capacity and greatly diminish the real and ultimate usefulness of that street.

With apologies for troubling you and the hope that the work is going to your liking, I am with best wishes,

Sincerely yours,
L. D. LEWIS

SECRETARY'S NOTES

Have you paid your dues yet? This year it is particularly important that members pay their dues promptly. The League not only needs the money with which to meet obligations, but it must have some definite knowledge in advance of what its revenues are going to be, and so the writer, who has the responsibility of collecting the dues, makes now an urgent appeal to each and every member who has not mailed his check thus far. Please do it now!

* * *

A "Who's Who" column is to appear in the News each week for a number of issues to follow. A general invitation is now given to members to mail the secretary a write-up of himself so that the same can be published in the News in some issue in the near future, particularly giving all the data relative to your birth-place and date, education, business experience, length of residence in the city and state, etc.

* * *

Already thoughts are turning to autumn activities. More than two-thirds of the summer has been spent, and now but one short month remains before the League will resume its work. This year--The year of 1922-23--will be a banner year for the League. Certainly the officers are working hard with that end in view, and if the membership will give them the co-operation due their efforts "all will be well".

MR. KELLOGG'S LETTER

(Continued from Page 1.)

this communication; I feel safe in saying that the entire board would be very pleased indeed to have you point out to us where we are at fault in this matter in any degree whatsoever.

"I make the claim that the city service department of this city has been for some time past and is now conducted in an economical and efficient manner; that it is supplying to the various departments of the city high class competent help; that its rules are being so interpreted that any incompetent help can be immediately dispensed with; that unnecessary help can be laid off instantly without consultation with the commission; that through checking the payrolls the commission is responsible for the saving of thousands of dollars to the city; that through an efficiency plan now being worked out, initiated solely by the commission, the matter of advancing meritorious employees and denying advances to those who do not merit it will before long become a reality; the city council continues its indicated policy of cooperation.

"I will thank you if you will give this letter space in your valuable columns.

"Very truly,
"J. Y. C. Kellogg,
Civil Service Comm.

* * *

THE SECRETARY'S NOTE

The writer admits certain inaccuracies in the editorial, but insists, however, that the same were of minor importance. For example, Mr. Kellogg, in the second paragraph of his letter takes exception to my statement that the city council charged the citizen's committee with the responsibility of securing data on salary revision. He points out that the civil service commission on its own initiative created the citizen's committee. Admitting the correctness of Mr. Kellogg's statement, it will be remembered, however, that the citizen's committee accepted the task only after it had appeared before the Finance Committee of the city council and asked it point blank whether, after the report was brought in, the Finance Committee would give it the consideration it deserved. Upon such a

insurance being given, the citizen's committee went to work on its investigation and report. When this report was brought in by the committee, neither the Council nor the Finance Committee of the council treated the report with any consideration at all. So, irrespective of the correctness of Mr. Kellogg's assertion that it was the commission and not the council that actually appointed the citizen's committee, nevertheless, the Finance Committee of the council in fact, if not in theory, was as much responsible for the citizen's committee functioning as the civil service commission.

Mr. Kellogg denies that the citizen's committee was created as the result of any public clamor but states its appointment was due directly to the suggestion of members of the commission. Be this as it may, it cannot be denied that there was considerable agitation in the city at about that time for reduction of taxes; the Tax Reduction Council was formed in the early part of 1921 as the direct result of agitation.

The writer is very pleased to learn from Mr. Kellogg's letter that he, the writer, was incorrect in saying that the report of the citizen's committee "has no standing in court", and is particularly impressed with Mr. Kellogg saying that the changes in conditions between the fall of 1921 and 1922 are apparently minor "and the report should therefore be worthy of careful consideration at this time". That is exactly what the League's Budget Committee hopes to accomplish. It will endeavor to focus public attention upon this citizen's committee report and compel the council to pay attention to it.

Mr. Kellogg's complaint that less than one-half dozen organizations took advantage of the commission's offer to explain the workings of civil service in the city, certainly does not apply to the Municipal League. The League had the pleasure of listening to Mr. Kellogg last year and his address was exceedingly illuminating. In addition, the League's Civil Service Committee has brought in several reports throughout the year. It cannot be said that the League is indifferent or ignorant on civil service matters.

Mr. Kellogg took exception to the writer's assertion that civil service was "partially but not completely" to blame for many incompetent employees remaining on the city's payrolls. Mr. Kellogg, in his letter, states that the commission would be pleased to learn wherein it is at fault in this matter in any degree whatsoever. He points out that even under the present law, unnecessary or inefficient help can be laid off instantly by the heads of the departments, and that under the efficiency rating any employee receiving a grade under 70% can be discharged by the head of the department. "The only penalty which the head of the department must pay to get rid of such an employee," personally suggested Mr. Kellogg to the writer, "was to take time enough to come up to the hearing before the civil service commission". It must be borne in mind that the writer did not criticise or attach any blame for the retention of incompetent employees upon the civil service commission, but rather upon the "system". True enough, under civil service rules an employee who is no longer necessary or who is incompetent can be laid off, but under the "system", it isn't being done! It can be argued that civil service is not to blame because the head of a department refuses, for reasons best known to himself, to do that which by law he can do and which in equity he ought to do. Here, perhaps, lies the entire weakness of the civil service. At the present time, the civil service is a sieve through which a mass of people must pass in order to successfully attach themselves to the city's payrolls. It also is constituted as a court to which an employee discharged by the head of the department can appeal to resist the discharge. What is needed—and this applies not only to Seattle but to many cities throughout the country—is to increase the functions and powers of civil service so that in addition to being an agency for the election of proper employees it shall also be an agency for the elimination of improper employees. The commission should also have the power to fix the compensation of employers. Manifestly, a legislative body such as the city council, elected at large,

having no direct or expert knowledge on matters of this kind, and, being subject to political influences, cannot fix salaries scientifically as can a civil service commission. That, the writer thinks, is the fault with civil service, and that idea is responsible for his saying that civil service is partially to blame for the condition of affairs existing today.

It must not be understood, however, that the writer criticised or is in any wise criticising now the civil service commission. Mr. Kellogg especially has been a keen student and an efficiency executive. He, perhaps more than anyone else, is responsible

for the high standing that civil service enjoys in the city, and for many of the improvements, and much of the legislation that has repeatedly been passed to make civil service better.

MODERN CITY PLANNING

(Continued from Page 1.)
tion of height and use.

Cities need to have control of the subdivision and building development of land outside of their own boundaries or what is the same thing, the inclusion within their boundaries of areas of agricultural land.

Many cities find it difficult to
(continued on page 4)

The following letter from S. G. Davis of Hyaburg, Alaska, sounds the keynote of one of the greatest tragedies of the Pacific, the ruination of the salmon industry:

"I am an Indian fisherman. I am 55 years old.

"The best fish that swims in the waters of Alaska is the red salmon. Ever since the Indian came to Alaska, it has been his food. He has dried them and smoked them for winter use. But the salmon is a thing of the past in the rivers where he once caught them for his children to eat.

"The salmon are now caught in large traps before they go up the river to spawn. So the Indian must go hungry because the traps get the fish first. These traps are built so the salmon swim into a large pocket. There are times when the canneries cannot touch the fish for days, and the pockets get so full the fish kill each other for want of space. Salmon must be cleaned at once to be of any use; it cannot lie around. Trapping fish is not cheap; it only wastes them, and keeps them from the fishermen.

"I saw an article that President Harding has written asking the people to be kind to animals. I wonder what President Harding would say if he saw all these fish penned up in these traps. I do believe President Harding has too much heart to see even fish suffer.

"Let me say a word about cannery managers in Alaska. In the eyes of the Indian fisherman these managers are mighty big men. The manager goes around in a fast power boat, and goes to the best hotel. If the truth is known, he has learned about fishing from the Indian fisherman.

"I often wish some kind gentleman would come up to Alaska and start a Human Association, and have things so the Indian and salmon would be treated right.

"If the Alaska salmon is going to be cleaned out by fish traps, what are the Indian and his children going to live on?

"The Alaska Indian must ask Congress, not for money, but to take the fish traps away from Alaska, so the Indians can get something to eat. It has gone so far that he has to battle for food with the fish trap owners.

"Let me ask you with lifted hand: Are you going to see children tugging at the empty breasts of starving mothers? Are you going to see men taking their lives that their families may live? The Stars and Stripes never teaches, let capital live, and let men and mothers and children die because they are poor.

"Are the people of the United States going to see the fish trap owners starve out the Alaska Indian and his children just because fish traps are easy methods of making money?

"We are not asking for something belonging to fish trap owners.

"We are asking for something belonging to God, who made it for all mankind."

incorporate outside areas because they have waited too long and allowed undesirable and insanitary forms of building development to take place over their borders. If they had taken in the land when it was used for agriculture they could have imposed restrictions which would have prevented wasteful and scattered development. Not having done so, they wait until the district is built up with scattered houses, in some cases without sewers or water or other local improvements, and they find that to take such districts it means the expenditure of large sums of money in bringing them up to the stan-

dards of the city.

On the whole, it is better to either take in land before it is subdivided or else make it a condition on the occasion of incorporation that the outside land shall be provided with proper sanitary services before it is added to the city. A third plan is to make it a condition of incorporation that no charge shall fall upon the city at large in respect of the cost of bringing up the standards of the outside area to the standards of the city.

Under the law of several states, cities and towns have been given power to control, in a measure, the subdivision of the areas adjacent to their boundaries.

(To be continued in a future issue of the News).

Breathless Visitor: Doctor, can you help me? My name is Jone—?

Doctor: No, I'm sorry; I can't do anything for that."

* * *

"Please, ma'm, give a poor blind man a dime."

"Why, you're only blind in one eye!"

"Well, make it a nickel then."

NELSON R. ANDERSON

Attorney 1723 L. C. Smith Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for the County
of King.

Jessie C. Hughes, Plaintiff, vs. John T.
Hughes, Defendant. No. 159861.
Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to the said
John T. Hughes, Defendant:
You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty days after the date of the
first publication of this summons, to-
wit, within sixty days after the 8th day
of July, A. D. 1922, and defend the
above entitled action in the above en-
titled Court, and answer the complaint
of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of
your answer upon the undersigned at-
torney for plaintiff at his office below
stated; and in case of your failure so
to do, judgment will be rendered against
you according to the demand of the
complaint, which has been filed with
the Clerk of said Court. The object of
the said action, set forth in the com-
plaint, is as follows: To obtain an ab-
solute decree of divorce and change
plaintiff's name to Jessie C. Howland
on the grounds of cruel treatment of
plaintiff by defendant, and refusal of
defendant to make suitable provision for
plaintiff.

NELSON R. ANDERSON

Attorney for Plaintiff.
Post Office Address: 1723 L. C. Smith
Building, Seattle, County of King,
Washington.
First Pub. July 8, 1922. 6t Aug. 12

JAMES T. LAWLER

Attorney White Bldg
IN JUSTICE'S COURT BEFORE REAH
M. WHITEHEAD, Justice of the
Peace in and for Seattle Precinct,
King County, State of Washington.
H. T. La Peer, Plaintiff, vs. Barney
Horiwitz, Defendant. No. 16021.
Summons for Publication.
State of Washington, County of King, ss.
To Barney Horiwitz: In the name of
the State of Washington,
You are hereby notified that H. T.
LaPeer has filed a complaint (or claim)
against you in the above entitled Court,
which will come on to be heard before
the undersigned Justice in her court-
room numbered 411 in the King County
Court House, Seattle, King County,
Washington, on the 26th day of July,
1922, at the hour of 9:30 o'clock A. M.,
and unless you appear and then and
there answer, the same will be taken as

confessed and the demand of the plain-
tiff granted. The object and demand
of said complaint (or claim) is for im-
mediate delivery of the following prop-
erty, to-wit: 25 cards of various sizes
for window display, stencil of a baby
for display, 4 newspaper cuts, 15 sten-
ciled cards and 35 plain cards, or the
value thereof in the sum of \$75.00 and
costs and disbursements.

Complaint (or Claim) filed June 15,
1922.

Dated June 27, 1922.

REAH M. WHITEHEAD,
Justice of the Peace in and for Seattle
Precinct, King County, Wash.
First Pub. July 1, 1922 3t July 15

GEORGE E. MATHIEU

Attorney
332 Central Building
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, for King County
In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of August
H. Sasse, Sr., Deceased.

No. 31328. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the un-
dersigned has been appointed and has
qualified as administratrix of the estate
of August H. Sasse, Sr., Deceased; that
all persons having claims against said
deceased are hereby required to serve
the same, duly verified, on said Bertha
A. Dalby, Administratrix, or her attor-
ney of record at the address below stat-
ed, and file the same with the Clerk of
said Court, together with proof of such
service within six months after the date
of first publication of this notice, or the
same will be barred.

Date of first publication, July 1, 1922.

BERTHA A. DALBY,
Administratrix of said Estate.
Address, 332 Central Bldg.
GEORGE E. MATHIEU, Attorney for
Estate, 332 Central Building, Seattle,
Wash.

First Pub. July 1, 1922. 3t July 15

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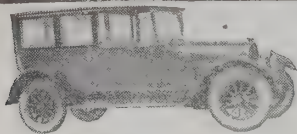
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SEATTLE, SATURDAY, AUGUST 5, 1922.

PRICE 10 CENTS

BLACKWELL, NEW CITY ENGINEER

By Eimon L. Wienir

The appointment of Mr. J. D. Blackwell as City Engineer will meet with general approval by members of the League. Mr. Blackwell is a member of long standing and has given exceptional service to the organization. He has at various times served as chairman of the Public Utilities Committee, Candidates Investigating Committee, City Development Committee, and had, prior to his appointment, accepted the chairmanship of the City Development and City Planning Committee. Mr. Blackwell is a true friend of the League and will cooperate, I am sure, to the best of his ability with the League's committees.

Many wondered what the effect of Mr. Blackwell's appointment would mean to the Skagit. It will be remembered that Mayor Brown, in his address at the annual dinner of the Municipal League, unequivocally stated that he was for the project, and for its speedy development. And while it is known that Mr. Blackwell was a severe critic of the project and was for delaying work until a business survey was made, it cannot be doubted but what, now that he is charged with the responsibility, he will carry through the desires and policies of his chief. Moreover, the project is at a point of development now where it would be fatal to halt the work. Whatever Mr. Blackwell's personal criticism may have been, it must give way to the present necessity for completion of the project.

The Best Policy—Lawyer—"Now be perfectly frank with me. Are you innocent or guilty?"
Client—"I am guilty."
Lawyer—"Ah! an honest man! I shall be able to acquit you."—American Legion Weekly.

LIVE TO FIGHT

By Eimon L. Wienir

As autumn approaches, and the League meetings begin, it is proper to express one's innermost thoughts concerning the League. Every individual, as well as every organization, should, upon regular and stated intervals, take an inventory of himself or itself. The League has been in existence for more than twelve years. Is it existing now by reason of the inertia of action, or is it meriting to right to exist? Has it contributed to the general civic welfare of the community to the extent entitling it to function, or has it become stale and fossilized? Has it ceased to render a service to its members and to the citizens as a whole?

Occasionally the writer has heard the expression: "Well, if the League has done nothing else this year, it has owned its right to exist". That was so in the case of its Candidates Investigating Committee reports; its investigations of the Skagit; its action on the transportation of the city.

Frankly, the writer believes that the League, during every year of its existence, has done something which in itself alone was worth while. "But there is so much more that it could have done!", say others. Yes, truly. But if every individual should ask himself that same question, would not the answer be the same? Could he not have done more that year—or this?

And as we look ahead for the coming year, I am convinced that the League will earn for itself the right to live even if it contributes but one major thing of importance. I shall feel disappointed, however, if we do not live up to every expectation and to every hope that is held out. If every member of the League will feel—as he should feel—that he is an integral part of the organization, that he must participate in the League's affairs, share the League's burdens, use the strength and vitality he has to up-build and strengthen the League's influence—then, unquestionably, the League will realize its ambition to render service.

The thing we must fight against this year is indifference. Old members who have won for themselves distinguished places in civic life, who contribute nothing but their money to the League, must be made to feel that this is not enough. They must be made to understand that, though they have in the past worked splendidly on League committees, that that does not excuse them from acting on committees now.

Every member of the League must be made to realize that it is his duty to share, with the officers, the responsibility for the financial stability of the organization. No leadership can be successful unless the morale of the organization that is led is high enough and great enough to support the program of its leaders.

Let us do as Victor S. Yarros said recently in The Survey: "Civic bodies must democratize themselves, take up civic issues, face them boldly—even if members may be lost—and make sure that they live in the present, not in the past."

WHO'S WHO IN THE LEAGUE

PRESIDENT BALDWIN

Julius Lyman Baldwin came to Seattle fifteen years ago to begin the practice of law. He received his training in the high schools of Rochester, New York, following this with a college course at Princeton University. He studied law at the George Washington University Law School, Washington, D. C. He was secretary to Mr. Justice Harlan of the United States Supreme Court. After coming to Seattle he was for several years the attorney for the Seattle Merchants' Association and was for a time Secretary and treasurer of that institution. For some time past he has been practicing law at 405 Leary Building, Seattle.

Mr. Baldwin is an active member of the Pilgrim Congregational Church and of the Y. M. C. A. He is also a member of the Arctic Club, the Princeton Club of Seattle and the Bar Association. He was one of the original group out of which grew the Municipal League and has been a member of the organization since its founding.

MUNICIPAL RESEARCH AGENCIES

By W. H. Nanry, Director S. F. Bureau Governmental Research

Municipal research is founded on the incontrovertible assumption that facts and information furnish a better basis for conclusions and actions, than opinions, misinformation and lack of information. At no time since its inception sixteen years ago, has the movement taken on the aspects of a fad—rather its development in each of the various communities has been due to the civic interest of a few earnest citizens, and the principal diffi-

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

culty has been to rouse the general interest of a large number of citizens in their municipal affairs.

With the greater development of the feeling in the last few years the governmental organizations are not functioning as well as they might and that tax bills are probably higher than they should be, municipal research has apparently assumed much larger proportions in the minds of business men. The need is no greater than it has been. It has simply been rendered more acutely perceptible to those people who pay the bulk of all tax bills.

Scientific municipal research had its inception in New York City in 1906, when a group of interested citizens, unable to learn the facts as to the amount of New York City's indebtedness, were forced to the conclusion that an independent citizens' agency was necessary to develop facts relative to municipal business, as a basis for sound administrative action. A private organization operating for profit, but lacking similar essential facts relative to its own affairs, simply could not survive.

The operations of the New York Bureau of Municipal Research produced such worthwhile results that citizens in other communities were attracted and the movement spread. Today there are 31 municipal research agencies, and 14 others

ized, not as citizen agencies, but as branches of the various governments. The most noted of these, the office of the Com- York City, designed to function missioner of Accounts, in New as "The eye of the mayor" is stated to have fluctuated between high usefulness and routine, depending upon the character of the administration. The field and function of the Los Angeles Bureau of Efficiency was restricted, following a highly controversial disagreement in regard to a Board of Public Works motor-sprinkling contract.

The value of a research organization is not lost even where administrative hostility or lack of interest prevent immediate realization of ordinarily to-be-expected results of scientific municipal research. Local research organizations have often pointed out the fundamental defects that have made local governments irresponsible, with the ultimate result that public interest has been aroused and proper charter changes have been effected. The City-Manager form of government in Dayton was largely the result of the work of the Dayton Bureau of Municipal Research; the home-rule powers finally extended to Philadelphia by the State legislature in 1920 were principally the results of the efforts of the Philadelphia Bureau of Municipal Research; and other similar instances might be cited.

Considering the size of the municipal organization in a

large city, the many functions and restrictions peculiar to government, its expenditure program, its many departments, and its uninterrupted operation, it will be realized that the full development of facts thereon cannot be expected of citizen-committees by reason of the time required and the other time-consuming interests of members of such committee. It follows, therefore, that if citizen scrutiny of public business is to extend beyond consideration of matters of policy, and is to include administrative affairs, a 365-day-in-the-year organization, specifically organized for the work, cannot be dispensed with.

PROCTOR ADVOCATES
LARGE PUBLIC MARKET

Criticisms against the Health Department granting to the Public Market and Department Store Company concessions denied the city, are contained in a report filed with Mayor Brown Thursday by Robert L. Proctor, Superintendent of Buildings. The market company reserves for itself the best stalls in the market, declared Proctor.

Proctor's statement will be considered along with reports from several other department heads at a conference which Mayor Brown said Thursday he is planning. The views of the Superintendent of Public Utilities, City Engineer and City Health Commissioner will be exchanged.

MR. TAYLOR

The latest attack upon School Director Taylor comes both as a surprise and as a shock to Mr. Taylor's friends and the friends of the school officers. It was well known when Mr. Taylor voted for reduction of teachers' salaries, that he and Superintendent Cole were not in agreement. As I wrote in a recent issue of the News, Mr. Taylor really wanted to obviate the necessity of cutting teachers' salaries. What he wanted was to reduce the cost of supervisory overhead. In this, however, Mr. Cole, it is said, did not agree. His reason for not doing so, it is said, was because he was too closely linked with the prior administration to sanction such a step being made. The writer then expressed his opinion that

it might have been better had the school board appointed an outside man who could put his own ideas into effect and who by reason of his strangeness to the city would have no personal obligations to fulfill.

There is just a sneaking suspicion that the recent attack by Mr. Cole upon Mr. Taylor is really the out-cropping of the difference in opinion upon revision of teachers' salaries. In view of the fact that the school board has undertaken an investigation of the charges made, the public should refrain from condemning Mr. Taylor. Tinged, as I believe the accusation is with a personal feeling against the school director, all the more care should be exercised before one allows himself to pass judgment.

BAR ASSOCIATION MEET

President Baldwin and Secretary Eimon L. Wienir attended the Washington State Bar Association meeting at Tacoma. A number of members of the League were present at the meeting some of those seen being Edward W. Allen, Frank P. Helsell, Louis B. Schwellenbach, Dean John T. Condon, Nelson R. Anderson, Dan Earle, Donald A. McDonald, O. B. Thorgrimson, A. J. Balliett, Malcolm Douglas, Judge Austin E. Griffiths and Cassius E. Gates.

One of the papers read to the Bar Association by Mr. H. H. Parsons of Missoula, Montana, called attention to the menace of the foreign element to the public welfare. Mr. Parsons charged that this element could not be Americanized and was responsible for many of the political industrial and social evils of the day.

The paper by Justice Lawrence Harris of the Supreme Court of the State of Oregon dealt with the recent attack upon the Supreme Court of the United States by Senator La Follette of Wisconsin. Judge Harris, in an exhaustive resume of the basis of American government—the American Constitution—traced the history of that document and quoted eminent American and foreign authorities on the point that it was

Some few of these are organ-

the greatest instrument protecting the liberties of a people that the world has ever known. In a remarkable report, the Secretary of the Association, W. J. Millard, pointed out the necessity of legislation in forcing all of the lawyers of the State to become members of the State Bar Association. "The strength of the wolf is the pack, and the strength of the pack is the wolf", quoted Mr. Millard. He declared that the legal profession was maligned unjustly and that the way to overcome that was by organization. He called upon every member of the profession to assist the officers and thus strengthen the Association.

SECRETARY'S NOTES

In the August number of "Current Opinion" is an article entitled "The Next Great Social Change". In this article Charles A. Coffin, one of the foremost electrical engineers of the country, is credited with saying that the next great social transformation is decentralization. Electricity, he feels justified in saying, will be the instrumentality through which the next great social change is to be wrought. "Heretofore we have been compelling it to take us to the city, and it has done so beautifully, more quickly and comfortably than we have ever been moved about before. Hereafter we shall simply touch a button and have it take the city out to us." Mr. Coffin, among other things, argues that the city has almost destroyed the home, but that it has provided other advantages which the modern man can hardly do without. If only these advantages could be brought to the country village and the farm—for it can—it will unmake the city.

MODERN CITY PLANNING

By Thomas Adams

(Continued from recent issue) APPOINTMENT OF CITY PLANNING COMMISSION

Before the work of selecting the area to be planned or of preparing plans is proceeded with, a city or town council should decide whether or not to appoint a city planning commis-

sion under the state law, if such a law exists. The objections to the appointment of a commission are not such as to counterbalance the great advantages to be obtained by having a body giving exclusive attention to the work, but its expenditures should be under the control of the city council.

EMPLOYMENT OF EXPERT ADVICE BY CITIES

The work of preparing a plan will probably involve the employment by the city of an expert consultant or group of consultants to collaborate with the city engineer. The expert should be engaged to direct the making of the preliminary survey as this is really part of the whole operation requiring continuous expert direction through all its stages. While an expert consultant is needed he should be employed on the understanding that the survey and plan are not to be his work but the work of the engineer and himself.

It is necessary to take full advantage of the knowledge of local conditions possessed by the engineer and also to make the engineer feel that he is to be given both responsibility and credit for preparing the plan. This is needed for the sake first, of economy in making the plan and second, of assuring that when the plan is prepared it will be sympathetically carried out by the man on the spot.

A good plan must be capable of variations to suit change of conditions, and is never complete. The continuous work of carrying out the plan and the important task of adjusting it from time to time to suit new conditions are matters that can only be dealt with by a permanent officer of the city working under the direction of the town planning commission. While, therefore, it cannot be questioned that valuable aid can be given by an expert consultant, who has made a special study of city planning over a long period of years, his services should be employed under circumstances which mean that he will collaborate with and not supersede the engineer.

No detailed guidance as to the methods of making a survey or plan in a particular city can be

given, but a summary of matters to be studied is given in an appendix. Actual operations must be under some directing head. Methods of carrying out these operations will vary according to the qualities of the adviser and the local circumstances in each case.

EXISTING MAPS and DATA

The first practical work to be done in planning a city or town, after the appointment of a city planning commission, is to collect copies of the existing topographical and subdivision maps and other data available. Where federal maps on a scale of one inch to one mile are available, they should be obtained to show the city and surrounding region.

A second map should be prepared showing the city and adjacent metropolitan area or urban zone up to from three to five miles of the city boundary. This should be on a scale of 1,000 to 2,000 feet per inch. The main street and highway system, waterways, railways, and other broad features in the development of the area should be drawn on this small scale map. A map of the city area on a scale of from 200 to 400 feet to one inch showing the buildings and topography within the city should then be prepared, similar to the topographical survey map of the city of Baltimore. This should show the existing streets and blocks as accurately as possible and the levels of the land in the form of contour lines at five foot intervals. With the aid of the insurance maps and special surveys, all buildings and other physical features should be added to this map. If this map is properly prepared it will give as good an idea of the distribution of the population as can be obtained in any other form and, at the same time, show the density of distribution of the buildings. It is more desirable to spend time on getting the existing buildings shown on the maps than on working out maps of population densities which are of comparatively little value in diagrammatic form when the character of the buildings is not shown.

There will now be three maps: Map No. 1 of the region, one

mile to one inch; Map No. 2 of the city and surrounding urban zone, 1,000 to 2,000 feet to one inch; and Map No. 3 of the city, 200 to 400 feet to one inch. All subdivisions in the metropolitan area as well as in the city should be shown in broad outline on Map No. 2. On this map it is intended that a skeleton and tentative plan of the main highways, railways, parks and parkways (existing and proposed) should be drawn.

Where a city can afford the expense it will be of great value to have a special topographical survey map made of the whole city. Such a map will be of special utility in cities where there are considerable areas of undulating land. In some cases where there are exceptional difficulties caused by hilly ground, an accurate and complete survey of the city or part of it will be essential.

AERIAL MAPS

A topographical map should also be supplemented by an aerial map. Aerial maps are of great value for town planning purposes, especially in visualizing the natural features and densities of buildings of the city. The Canadian Government, probably more than any other government, has recognized the importance of civil aviation as a means of mapping territory and the Air Board of Canada is giving assistance to other branches of the Civil Service and to cities in making mosaic sheets. Referring to this matter the annual report of the board for 1920 says:

The value of such mosaics to the general public can hardly be estimated, as they will be far more easily read and understood than a map and infinitely more interesting. They are invaluable to the town planner and go a long way to solving most of his problems.

The aerial mosaic should not, of course, be relied upon for accuracy of measure. A ground survey is necessary for this purpose, but the mosaic is a most valuable addition to maps prepared on the basis of an actual survey and should be obtained by cities for city planning and other purposes.

(To Be Continued)

Slight Favor Requested—An Eastern college graduate applied for work in a Michigan lumber camp and was assigned to one end of a cross-saw, the other end being in charge of an old experienced lumberman. At the end of an hour the veteran stopped sawing and regarded his weary partner with pitying eyes.

"Sonny," he said, "I don't mind your riding on this saw, but if it's just the same to you, I wish you'd quit scraping your feet on the ground."—The Forecast.

* * *

"Bob is in love with Miss Youngblood?"

"Did he tell you?"

"No; but he's got her photo hung alongside the picture of his best dog."—Detroit News.

Melville—What is economy? father.

Father—Economy, my son, is a way of spending money without getting any fun out of it.—Answers (London).

Mrs. Meekton, "I must give you credit for one thing. In all our married life you have never spoken an unkind word to me."

"No, Henrietta."

"And what I'm wondering is whether to give you credit for a lovely disposition or mere lack of courage."—Washington Star.

* * *

Sold!—An Englishman walked into a Berlin bank, laid down a sovereign and said, "How many marks can I get for this?"

"Hi, there!" cried the manager, addressing his staff, "clear out, the lot of you. This gentleman's bought the bank."—Boston Transcript.

Partly Furnished—For Sale—Sacrifice 7-room California house partly furnished, lot 40x160. Price \$3000 (including 4 lady boarders). \$1000 cash, bal. easy terms. ----- St. take Garvanza car. off York Blvd.—Classified ad. in the Los Angeles Times.

GEORGE E. MATHIEU

Attorney for Estate

332 Central Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County, In Probate.

In the matter of the Estate of Frank Johns, Deceased. No. 31390 Notice to Creditors

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as administrator of the estate of Frank Johns, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified on said Administrator, B. B. Gilman or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication August 5, 1922.

B. B. GILMAN,

Administrator of said Estate. Address, 332 Central Bldg. Seattle, Wash.

GEORGE E. MATHIEU,

Attorney for Estate, 332 Central Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

NELSON R. ANDERSON

Attorney 1723 L. C. Smith Bldg.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King.

Jessie C. Hughes, Plaintiff, vs. John T. Hughes, Defendant. No. 15986f. Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to the said John T. Hughes, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit, within sixty days after the 8th day of July, A. D. 1922, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled Court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court. The object of the said action, set forth in the complaint, is as follows: To obtain an absolute decree of divorce and change plaintiff's name to Jessie C. Howland on the grounds of cruel treatment of plaintiff by defendant, and refusal of defendant to make suitable provision for plaintiff.

NELSON R. ANDERSON,

Attorney for Plaintiff.

Post Office Address: 1723 L. C. Smith Building, Seattle, County of King, Washington.

First Pub. July 8, 1922. 6t Aug. 12

JAMES T. LAWLER

Attorney White Bldg

IN JUSTICE'S COURT BEFORE REAH M. WHITEHEAD, Justice of the Peace in and for Seattle Precinct, King County, State of Washington.

H. T. La Peer, Plaintiff, vs. Barney Hortwitz, Defendant. No. 16021. Summons for Publication.

State of Washington, County of King, ss. To Barney Hortwitz: In the name of the State of Washington.

You are hereby notified that H. T. LaPeer has filed a complaint (or claim) against you in the above entitled Court, which will come on to be heard before the undersigned Justice in her courtroom numbered 411 in the King County Court House, Seattle, King County, Washington, on the 26th day of July, 1922, at the hour of 9:30 o'clock A. M., and unless you appear and then and there answer, the same will be taken as

confessed and the demand of the plaintiff granted. The object and demand of said complaint (or claim) is for immediate delivery of the following property, to-wit: 25 cards of various sizes for window display, stencil of a baby for display, 4 newspaper cuts, 15 stenciled cards and 35 plain cards, or the value thereof in the sum of \$75.00 and costs and disbursements.

Complaint (or Claim) filed June 15, 1922.

Dated June 27, 1922.

REAH M. WHITEHEAD, Justice of the Peace in and for Seattle Precinct, King County, Wash. First Pub. July 1, 1922 3t July 15

GEORGE E. MATHIEU

Attorney

332 Central Building

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of August H. Sasse, Sr., Deceased. No. 31328. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as administratrix of the estate of August H. Sasse, Sr., Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Bertha A. Dalby, Administratrix, or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, July 1, 1922.

BERTHA A. DALBY,

Administratrix of said Estate.

Address, 332 Central Bldg.

GEORGE E. MATHIEU, Attorney for Estate, 332 Central Building, Seattle, Wash.

First Pub. July 1, 1922. 3t July 15

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. XII. NO. 32.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, AUGUST 12, 1922.

PRICE 10 CENTS

SECRETARY'S NOTES

At the last Board of Trustees meeting the special committee of which Dan Earle was chairman, appointed for the purpose of investigating the City Engineer A. H. Dimmock's record, was discharged upon the request of Mr. Earle. The Board felt that the matter was now a closed incident and that it would not be advisable to proceed further with the investigation.

Dr. E. C. Kilbourne, Chairman of the Parks, Buildings and Grounds Committee, reported that he has been keeping the Chief of Police informed regarding the litter on the streets. Many of the candidates in the past years have been making it a practice to throw dodgers on the sidewalks and streets of the city. This is contrary to a city ordinance, and in the interest of cleaner streets Dr. Kilbourne's committee has been making every effort to have the law observed.

Dan Earle has accepted the chairmanship of the Candidates' Investigating Committee which will investigate candidates for county offices as well as the candidates for the legislature from Seattle. Shortly the names of the remaining members of the committee will be announced.

CREDIT OF ARTICLES TO NATIONAL MUNICIPAL REVIEW

The articles which have been appearing in the Municipal News entitled "Modern City Planning" by Thomas Adams first appeared in the June issue of the National Municipal Review. Through an oversight credit was not given to the "Review" for the article, and attention was called to the same by Mr. C. R. Howe, the Assistant Secretary of the National Municipal Review in the

(Continued on Page 3)

WHO'S WHO IN THE LEAGUE

VICE-PRESIDENT SANDALL

Robert F. Sandall is vice-president of the Municipal League. He was born in York, Nebraska, where his father was engaged in farming and stock raising on a large scale. Mr. Sandall followed the same occupation for a number of years, but found it impossible to forego a college education. He sold his interests in his business, to enter Nebraska Wesleyan University, where he finished the preparatory course in two years, then entered the university. While at Nebraska he was manager of the fraternity house, business manager one year of the college annual, on the 'varsity' debating team, and three years tackle on the football eleven.

From Nebraska Mr. Sandall went to Boston, for the purpose of getting one year's schooling in the East. He entered Boston University, completed the year's work, then went to Chicago University from which institution he graduated in the summer quarter of 1915. That fall he came to Seattle, presented his credentials to the Dean of the Washington Law School, and was permitted to graduate with the class of 1916.

Mr. Sandall has practiced law continuously in Seattle since the summer of 1916. He has offices in the Alaska Building. He is a member of the Beta Theta Pi college fraternity, an Elk, a member of the Seattle Chamber of Commerce and a graduate of the Ten O'clock Club of that institution. He is also president of the Chicago University Club of Seattle.

Mr. Proffy Teer (to genealogist)—How much do you charge for tracing back family history?

Genealogist—Fifty pounds for hunting it up, and 150 pounds for hushing it up.—London Sketch.

LUNDIN TAKES EXCEPTION

August 8, 1922.

"Mr. Eimon L. Wienir, Secretary Municipal League, 405 Leary Building, Seattle, Washington.

"Dear Sir:

"In the issue of the News under date of August 5, 1922, appears an editorial headed 'Mr. Taylor' which I assume was written by you.

"While your article was evidently intended to be fair to Mr. Taylor it was very unfair to Superintendent Cole. A biased statement favoring either party to a controversy should never be made in the News. The League's committees never take action without an investigation; neither should its officers. You condemn the selection of Mr. Cole in your article, which in my judgment, you have no right to do in the columns of the News. There are many members of the League, of whom I am one, who approve of the school board's selecting Mr. Cole. You should not condemn the school board or any other public body without investigating the facts.

"You say, 'There is just a sneaking suspicion that the recent attack by Mr. Cole upon Mr. Taylor is really the outcropping of the difference in opinion upon the revision of teachers' salaries.'

"If you would be fair enough to interview Mr. Cole and investigate the evidence he has in his possession there would be no sneaking suspicion even in your mind. Mr. Cole has rendered the public a service in publishing the fact that a member of the school board is trying to use his office to sell his company's books. The attempt made by that member was clearly a vio-

(Continued on Page 3)

MODERN CITY PLANNING

By Thomas Adams

In National Municipal Review

(Continued from recent issue)

PRELIMINARY RECONNAISSANCE SURVEYS

Maps 1, 2, and 3 should be prepared at the same time as surveys of the region and city are made. In making these surveys, it is essential to have clearly in mind the maximum use to which the knowledge collected can be put. The amount of money available will to some extent influence the character and scope of the survey. The following are among the points that should be borne in mind in approaching the survey:-

1. As already stated, the first question is the selection of the territory to be surveyed and planned. Where it is practicable under the law to ignore the arbitrary municipal boundary, careful attention should be given to the selection of the regional area. If the city boundary must be adhered to, it will probably be found that the best area is the total area of the city.

2. In planning physical alterations within the territory, a constant balance has to be kept up between what are called the interests of the community and the interests of the individual.

3. Different problems should be dealt with by specialists in each problem, a group of four specialists being desirable in ordinary cases—one dealing with railroad transportation and termini, the main highway system, street traffic, sewerage and water supply, distribution of power and light and other engineering problems; a second with the question of finance, particularly in relation to assessment and land values, and legal problems; a third with the general physical

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

layout of the city, the park and recreation system, and a fourth the civic centre, and the control of building development. This group will usually include an engineer, a lawyer, a landscape architect and an architect.

The lawyer will not be a planner but a consulting member of the group. The other three will be responsible for the plan. One of the three should co-ordinate the work of all. The width and complexity of the field to be covered requires that at least three should be employed in the larger cities. One expert with the aid of competent local officials will suffice in the smaller cities and towns. Care has to be taken not to endanger the plan by too much specialization and consequent lack of co-ordination.

4. The city plan should have the effect of encouraging rather than of restricting growth. It must be elastic and capable of modification but only under conditions based on principles and not on local expediency. Even slight changes may cause injustice and should only be made with the aid of expert advice.

5. The city officials and citizens should be definitely pledged to assist with the preparation of any plan so that their permanent co-operation may be assured.

6. While the survey may be made to relate to different questions such as "zoning", or railways, with advantage, the final plan should be comprehensive and deal with the features of

city development.

7. As in one sense city planning is control of the use and development of the land for the purposes of industry or residence, the system of assessment should be adjusted to conform to the restrictions affecting use.

8. The present indiscriminate mixing of buildings destroys land values, but it is possible that too arbitrary a system of zoning might have the same effect.

9. Too much detail should be avoided. Much that comes under the head of city planning can be best dealt with in a building or housing ordinance.

10. Buildings should diminish in depth from front to rear as they rise in height, but no standard can be recommended as every city requires special treatment.

11. Limitation of the number of houses per acre is not usually practicable on this continent. Therefore, the lowering of a density has to be obtained by limiting the amount of each lot that can be built upon. This is better than the fixing of the sizes of lots.

12. In districts where it is practicable to make a partial regional survey, this should be done, even if the plan to be prepared has to be restricted to the area of a city or town. In any case, a complete city survey must be prepared as a basis for a city plan. While the maps to be prepared are generally the same in all cities, sometimes it is necessary to prepare different

maps to suit different local conditions.

CITY SURVEY

After a survey and tentative skeleton plan of the region is made, a more ample survey of the city will be required.

Map No. 3, already alluded to, having been prepared will show the topography as precisely as practicable, the buildings, streets, boundaries of blocks and railways within the city. From the tracing of this map, a number of prints should be obtained by litho process so as to get a clear reproduction. Probably a dozen copies will be sufficient for most purposes. With the particulars thus obtained, the following colored cartoons should be prepared:-

Map 3 (a). Transportation map, showing existing railways, stations, waterways and harbors, markets, etc.;

Map 3 (b). Street services map, showing existing street railways and proposed extensions, water mains, sewers, power lines and different kinds of street pavement;

Map 3 (c) Street traffic map, showing main arteries and focal points, level crossings, street railway intersections, street collision points and (if census be taken of traffic) number of points with reference to figures in report. On this map lines should be drawn in color showing the areas within a quarter of a mile of any street railway;

Map 3 (d). Land valuation map, showing the assessed valuation of land in blocks, at the different values per square foot or per foot frontage. Thus blocks \$5 to \$10 per square foot or \$500 to \$1000 per foot frontage would be shown in one color and at \$1 to \$5 per square foot or \$100 to \$500 per

foot frontage in another color;

Map 3 (e). Existing conditions map, showing the existing industrial, business and residential areas, parks and parkways, and sites of public and quasi-public buildings.

By careful presentation with a prearranged notation of colors and markings in Maps 3 (a), 3 (d) and 3 (e) may be combined as one "existing conditions" map.

III.

THE CITY PLANNER'S PROBLEMS

The Street and Transit System

With the information available on the above maps, it will be possible to proceed to the next stage and prepare a plan of the city. The first matters to be considered are as follows:-

(a) Proposals for the alteration of railway trackage, questions of union terminals, removal of grade crossings and questions of levels in railway approaches involved.

(b) Arterial highways, their alignment, width and connections.

(c) Approaches from the centre of city and main means of communication to the railway termini and proposals for relief of traffic congestion.

(d) Questions of widening existing highways, erecting bridges or subways and creating by-pass roads and of relieving of traffic congestion by rounding street corners and widening a intersecting streets.

(e) Alternative proposals to (d) in regard to obtaining more traffic room in streets by placing sidewalks in arched way through the buildings, building subways, rerouting street cars etc.

In studying these problems the emphasis should be placed on obtaining results which will combine the greatest convenience and permanence without excessive cost. It is not always the most extensive scheme that is the best and a "radical" solution may be suspected if it happens to follow the line of least resistance and is put forward without a thorough consideration of more simple alternatives.

The planning of intervenin

areas (site planning) should as a rule be left to be dealt with by the local city planning commission acting in cooperation with the owners of real estate. The commission should, however, have certain principles drawn up for its guidance so as to secure that the intervening areas will be laid out with due regard to the general plan. Any proposed new highways should be correctly shown. Where there is an absence of accuracy, it will be necessary to provide for limits of deviation of the highways.

The general problems of circulation and traffic and of distribution of freight and supplies are among the most important to be studied. Too much expense is involved in the modern city in the moving of persons and the distribution of supplies, owing to bad location and inconvenient approaches to the railway depots. On this continent more attention requires to be given to rapid transit by trolley and street car than in Europe. The long distance railroad is not adaptable for local traffic. City streets in America have to handle much of the traffic by automobile truck that is handled by the smaller railroads in places like England.

The transit facilities have much to do with the problem of housing and the values which people have to pay for land as sites for dwellings. In considering the case of widening the streets for purposes of rapid transit, the relative cost of trolleys, elevated roads and subways should be considered. The elevated roads cost over three times as much as the trolley, and the subway lines over ten times. Congested traffic is not the result of one thing such as a narrow street but is the result of defective planning of a city in a number of its features. Similarly, no one remedy is likely to be satisfactory. In some cases where a drastic remedy like widening a street seems to be necessary, a more simple operation like rounding the corners of the intersecting streets may be sufficient, along with better control of the traffic. One of the most pressing problems of modern times is to find a means of decreasing the cost of distribution. This involves the study of markets in relation to the railroads and highways.

The street system may be

broadly classified as consisting of main traffic arteries, major streets and minor streets, the latter being purely residential. The first would consist of those which form the main arterial system of the city and the links between the city and other populous centres. It should also include circular roads connecting up the radial lines so as to distribute traffic before it reaches the centre. The second would include all business and connecting streets in the city. The third would be mainly confined to residential districts. The desirable widths might be classified as follows:- Main arterial highways, 80 to 120 feet wide; major streets and parkways, 60 to 100 feet wide; minor streets, 30 to 66 feet wide.

All forms of street or sidewalk obstructions should be prevented and the setback of buildings should be arranged so as to enable business premises to have their signs and other projections on their own property. All public garages should be set back at least 30 feet from the street line.

In the planning of the sewerage and water-supply systems,

it is necessary to study these in relation to the highways, the topography of the land and the use to which the land is put, but the plan of these and other underground services should not be mixed up with the general plan of the city.

(To Be Continued)

LUNDIN TAKES EXCEPTION TO WIENIR'S EDITORIAL

(Continued from Page 1.)

lation of law.

"Mr. Taylor told a member of this league before he was elected that he was running for office so that he could sell the books of his concern to the school district. Mr. Cole has ample evidence, proving absolutely just what he has charged. You owe it to Mr.

ole to correct the injustice you have done him by your article.

"Yours truly,

"ALFRED H. LUNDIN

"AHL.M."

Secretary's Note

There is only one thing that I wish to say in connection with the foregoing letter from Mr. Lundin: The editorial "Mr. Taylor," was written by the Secretary. It can in no sense be con-

strued as an expression of the Municipal League, being as it is a personal expression of opinion of the writer who assumes all responsibility for it.

CREDIT OF ARTICLE

(Continued from Page 1.)

following letter:

"August 1, 1922.

"Editor, Seattle Municipal News, Seattle, Wash.

"Dear Sir:

"We see in your issue of July 15 that you are carrying selections from our June issue of the National Municipal Review which was called Modern City Planning by Thomas Adams.

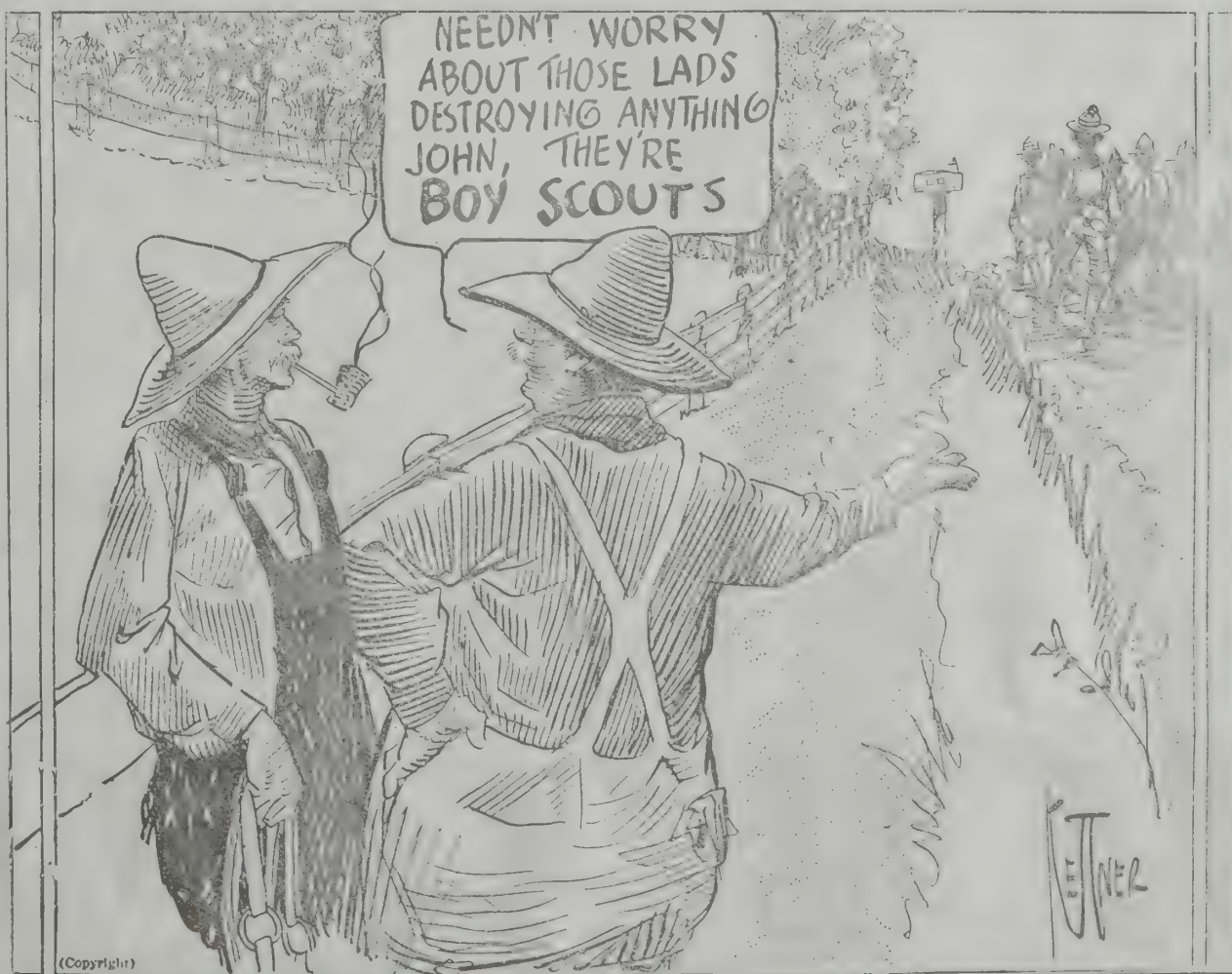
"We appreciate the compliment you pay us and we are very glad indeed to have you publish the article but we always expect to receive credit for our articles when they are published by other magazines. May we ask you to call attention to your readers to the fact that Modern City Planning was printed first in the National Municipal Review.

"Very sincerely yours,

"C. R. HOWE,

"Assistant Secretary."

Enough Said



"How are you, Life?"

"I don't know who you are, but you look mighty good. I—"

"Don't you know me? I'm Prosperity."

"Good Heavens! Have a chair. Have two chairs. Wait a minute while I lock the door—"

"Not necessary, Life. I'm for everybody."

"Right, right! That was just a little momentary selfish impulse. Praise be to Allah, but it seems good to see you. Where have you been keeping yourself?"

"Oh, I haven't been so far off as you suppose; the fact is, I have been sitting around all the time, just waiting for everybody to notice me; perhaps I haven't been neglecting you as much as you think. Maybe you have been neglecting me."—Life.

* * *

Mose: Dis yar flyin' business is an mighty ol' venture.

Rastus: How you make that out,

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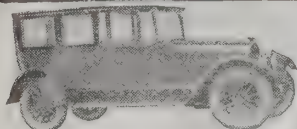
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small cabs

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THE MODERN WAY

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Mose?

Mose: Because I heah that pastor say in church las' Sunday night dat Esau sold his heirship to Jacob.—Pathfinder.

* * *

Enough Is Enough—"Do you think posterity will put up statues to your memory?"

"I hope," replied Senator Sorghum, "that nobody will encourage such an idea. After a public man has gotten through with the caricaturists the modern sculptors ought to be made to let him alone."—Washington Star.

* * *

"What's the matter with your leg, Jack?"

"I'm a man in a million."

"How so?"

"Well, the railroads figure that out of every million people they carry only one gets hurt. I'm him!"

—Legion Weekly.

GEORGE E. MATHIEU

Attorney for Estate

332 Central Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County, In Probate.

In the matter of the Estate of Frank Johns, Deceased. No. 31390 Notice to Creditors

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as administrator of the estate of Frank Johns, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified on said Administrator, B. B. Gilman or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication August 5, 1922.

B. B. GILMAN.

Administrator of said Estate.
Address, 332 Central Bldg. Seattle, Wash.

GEORGE E. MATHIEU.
Attorney for Estate.
332 Central Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

NELSON R. ANDERSON

Attorney 1723 L. C. Smith Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King

Jessie C. Hughes, Plaintiff, vs John T. Hughes, Defendant. No. 159861.

Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to the said John T. Hughes, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit, within sixty days after the 8th day of July, A. D. 1922, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled Court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court. The object of the said action, set forth in the complaint, is as follows: To obtain an absolute decree of divorce and change plaintiff's name to Jessie C. Howland on the grounds of cruel treatment of plaintiff by defendant, and refusal of defendant to make suitable provision for plaintiff.

NELSON R. ANDERSON.

Attorney for Plaintiff.

Post Office Address: 1723 L. C. Smith Building, Seattle, County of King, Washington.

First Pub. July 8, 1922. 6t Aug. 12

JAMES T. LAWLER

Attorney White Bldg

IN JUSTICE'S COURT BEFORE REAH M. WHITEHEAD, Justice of the Peace in and for Seattle Precinct, King County, State of Washington.

H. T. La Peer, Plaintiff, vs. Barney Hortwitz, Defendant. No. 16021.

Summons for Publication.
State of Washington, County of King, ss. To Barney Hortwitz: In the name of the State of Washington,

You are hereby notified that H. T. LaPeer has filed a complaint (or claim) against you in the above entitled Court, which will come on to be heard before the undersigned Justice in her courtroom numbered 411 in the King County Court House, Seattle, King County, Washington, on the 26th day of July, 1922, at the hour of 9:30 o'clock A. M., and unless you appear and then and there answer, the same will be taken as

confessed and the demand of the plaintiff granted. The object and demand of said complaint (or claim) is for immediate delivery of the following property, to-wit: 25 cards of various sizes for window display, stencil of a baby for display, 4 newspaper cuts, 15 stenciled cards and 35 plain cards, or the value thereof in the sum of \$75.00 and costs and disbursements.

Complaint (or Claim) filed June 15, 1922.

Dated June 27, 1922.

REAH M. WHITEHEAD,
Justice of the Peace in and for Seattle Precinct, King County, Wash.
First Pub. July 1, 1922 3t July 15

GEORGE E. MATHIEU

Attorney

332 Central Building

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of August H. Sasse, Sr., Deceased.

No. 31328. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as administratrix of the estate of August H. Sasse, Sr., Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Bertha A. Dalby, Administratrix, or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, July 1, 1922.

BERTHA A. DALBY,

Administratrix of said Estate.

Address, 332 Central Bldg.

GEORGE E. MATHIEU, Attorney for Estate, 332 Central Building, Seattle, Wash.

First Pub. July 1, 1922. 3t July 15

Phone Main 6282

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BROWN & WHITE CORPORATION

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SEATTLE, WASH.

Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Specially to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. XII. NO. 33.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, AUGUST 19, 1922.

PRICE 10 CENTS

WHO'S WHO IN THE LEAGUE

Lewis B. Schwellenbach
Member of the Board

Lewis B. Schwellenbach is a member of the Board of Trustees of the Municipal League. He was born in Superior, Wisconsin. He came to Spokane, Washington, when nine years old and stayed in Spokane until he had completed his grade and high school education. He then came to Seattle where he entered the University of Washington from which institution he was graduated in 1917. During the time that he was in the University he was particularly active in debate and public speaking and on the completion of his course served one year as instructor of public speaking and coach of debate at the University. During the war he was with the Twelfth U. S. Infantry and on his return to Seattle in March, 1919, commenced the practice of law and has so engaged since that time. He is a member of Delta Chi and Tau Kappa Alpha fraternities, the College Club, is a past-commander of Rainier-Noble Post of the American Legion and president of the Alumni Association of the University of Washington Law School.

CITY OWNS VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

Perhaps but few people realize the fact that the City of Seattle owns at present real estate in the aggregate book value of \$2,504,600.40. The land alone is 504,600.40. (Exclusive of parks and buildings. The land alone is valued at \$1,730,721.34 while the improvements are valued at \$773,879.06.

(Continued on Page 2)

MODERN CITY PLANNING

By Thomas Adams In National Municipal Review

(Continued from recent issue)

The "Zone" Plan

The next stage in preparing the plan is to consider the question of "zoning." In "zoning," we have to deal with three kinds of regulations. First, restrictions as to use; second, as to height and third, as to the "area of occupancy" or the density of building per lot. A usual and not undesirable classification of uses is:-

- (a) Heavy industrial and general purposes areas;
- (b) Light industrial, including warehouses;
- (c) Business, comprising retail trading, offices, banks, etc.;
- (d) First residential district comprising detached and semidetached houses;
- (e) Second residential district comprising in addition to detached and semidetached houses, duplex houses, apartments and small neighborhood business centres.

Residences should not be excluded from (b) nor light industries from (a). Public garages and billboards should be excluded from (d) and (e) by implication. Public buildings, churches, schools and houses used for professional purposes should be permitted in (b), (c), (d) and (e) but the areas in which they are allowed to be erected in (d) should be definitely defined on the plan. It might be arranged, if so desired, to exclude public buildings, churches, etc., from district (d), in cases where a majority of the inhabitants so decided.

With regard to height there is still room for a great deal of improvement in the public attitude towards the limitation of height of buildings. There should really be no restriction of height in business districts,

subject to there being adequate open space and width of street surrounding the building. Height should not be governed by an arbitrary figure of a number of feet or number of stories but by the relation between the open area adjacent to the building and the height. Different percentages should be adopted according to local conditions. Where the area of the occupancy in a business district is 100 per cent, part of the building should not be allowed to exceed one storey, and rear entrance from a back street or lane should be required. In the case of industrial and business buildings 90 per cent might be permitted to go up to a height equivalent to the width of the street where they front. Beyond that height the building should be required to set back as it increases in height. In residential districts the heights should be limited to two and a half or three stories in (d) and six stories in (e) but in the latter case, the question of the amount of open space surrounding the building would determine the height permitted. The ideal is to secure a 45 degree angle of light to the front and rear walls of all buildings.

Parks

The third stage in the planning of the open spaces, water fronts, architectural features, grouping of public buildings and where practicable, reservation of a productive agricultural belt. In this third stage the architect and the landscape architect are chiefly concerned. The existing and proposed parks and parkways should be mapped. The park system, consisting of parks, recreation grounds and parkways, should be studied in relation to the street and railroad system. The city should plan this system

(Continued on Page 2)

LEAGUE MEETS SEPTEMBER 5TH

The League's first meeting of the year 1922-1923 will be held Tuesday noon, September 5th, at the L. C. Smith Bldg. Restaurant. President Julius L. Baldwin will greet the membership with a brief address after which the Candidates Investigating Committee, headed by Dan Earle, will read its report on county and legislative candidates.

There is every indication that the active work of the new League year will start off vigorously. Many committees have been at work all through the summer preparing reports and making investigations. The Charter Revision Committee has been working very hard preparing a new charter, which if it secures the approval of the League membership, will be presented to the voters.

The Harbor Development Committee, headed by Col. O. A. Powell, has been assigned the task of investigating the needs of the Seattle Port Commission, especially with reference to its need of a port manager. It has also been asked to check comparisons of rates charged between Seattle's port and that of San Francisco.

If the membership will support its officers and committeemen by their regular attendance at meetings and by responding to calls for committee service, no one need fear the success of the League this year.

Remember that Tuesday noon, September 5th, is the first meeting. The place: L. C. Smith Building Restaurant.

Marjory came home from a neighbor's house munching a chocolate. "Now, Marjory," said her mother, "how many times have I told you not to ask Mrs. Brown for chocolates?"

"I didn't ask her," returned the child calmly. "I don't have to. I know where she keeps them."

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

Published Weekly by the
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Telephone Main 6282

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

NOTES ON THE LIBRARY BUDGET

Prepared by the Seattle Public Library

FIRST—The library appropriation was decreased last year by approximately \$25,000.

	Appropriation	Tax levy
1921	\$312,405.35	1.1 mills
1922	\$287,823.04	1.0 mill
Decrease	\$ 24,582.31	.1 mill

We understand that the assessed valuation for 1923 will be approximately \$10,000,000 less than this year.

If that is true the tax levy for library purposes would need to be increased from one mill to 1.05 mills in order to provide the same fund as for 1922.

SECOND—The library is not amount

Amount requested for 1923 \$287,816.00

	Appropriation	Actual	rets.	Short.
1920	\$264,742.85	\$262,076.56		\$2,666.29
1921	312,405.35	286,881.77		25,523.58
1922	287,823.04	?		?

THIRD—The use of the library and the demands for service are increasing.

Year	Circulation	Increase
1918	1,336,143	22%
1919	1,626,132	22%
1920	1,828,496	12%
1921	2,097,858	15%
1922	2,246,584	7%

1922 figures are based on first 6 months

FOURTH—In order to operate within our funds important services have been abandoned or curtailed.

Resume of economies adopted:

1. Cut book fund \$6,000.
2. Cut periodical fund.
3. Closed children's room mornings.
4. Discontinued story hours.
5. Curtailed borrowing privileges:— 10-6 books; 28-14 days; 5c reserves.
6. Increased non-resident fee from \$1 to \$3.
7. Did not fill some vacancies; filled others with cheaper help.
8. Sliding salary scale abandoned.
9. Decreased number of vacation substitutes.
10. Shortened hours and decreased number of attendants in comfort stations.
11. Dropped all advertising and efforts to extend service.

FIFTH—The quality of service has been lowered because a reduced staff, the employment of cheaper help, and a reduced book fund.

Number of employees—
(in equivalent of full time)

1920—168
1922—161

Book fund— 1920—\$30,000
1921— 30,000
1922— 24,000

SIXTH—None of many desirable and needed extensions of service can be attempted

Desirable projects postponed:

1. Service in other hospitals.
2. Business branch.
3. Extension of work in the schools.
4. Extension of municipal reference work.
5. Extension of deposit sta-

VALUABLE CITY REAL ESTATE (Continued from page 1)

The principal items include, among others, the old City Hall site, valued at \$550,144.50, the Public Safety Building site and improvements, valued at \$371,163.89, the Lake Union Stables, valued at \$81,880, and Charles St. Stables valued at \$63,500, and unplatted property in Section 16, Twp. 24 N., R 4 E, valued at \$110,000. This latter is a section of land in Skagit County, purchased by the city a few years ago for stockade purposes. The city has not, however, been able to make use of this land because the law does not permit it to take city prisoners outside county limits.

Seattle's fire stations and sites are valued at \$947,281.59, land value being \$510,354.60 and improvements \$436,926.99.

Seattle's Library Department properties are valued at \$698,693.45.

Seattle's 45 improved, unimproved, and partially improved parks are valued at \$5,163,739.69. These parks have a total area of 1,298 acres, and their improvements cost up to January 1, 1921, \$1,083,214.94.

Seattle's 25 playgrounds are valued at \$984,068.04. These have a total area of 139 acres. The cost of improvements up to January 1, 1921, totaled \$327,533.12.

Seattle's 18 boulevards are valued at \$1,829,015.78, of which sum \$1,228,034.52 is for improvements.

In addition Seattle has 43 squares and places valued at \$307,893.62.

tions.

The cost of library service is not large. The American Library Association recommends \$1 per capita as a proper amount for good library service. The amount available in Seattle this year is only 83 cents per capita. The library's portion of the total tax is less than 2 per cent.

The library is an essential link in the city's educational system. With its present income, it can not hold the ground already gained. It should have sufficient funds to permit a normal growth and the development of new services.

MODERN CITY PLANNING

(Continued from page 1)

well in advance and maintain rural parks as well as city parks. They should not be less than three per cent and should if practicable be ten per cent of the city and should form a connected system. Wedge-shaped parks are better than circular parks. Parks are essential to the preservation of the city as well as for the recreation needs of its citizens. A city may obtain revenue from a wild or natural park if it plants it with trees or grass for pasture and trains it as a productive park.

Each city should carry out a campaign in educating public opinion as to the commercial value of parks. Mr. Flavel Shurtleff in his book on "Carrying Out the City Plan" gives a table of the percentage of increase in the value of 943 park areas in New York between 1908-17. This showed that 19 parks increased in value over 2,001 per cent, 273 parks increased in value from 201 to 2,001 per cent, 154 from 25 to 154 per cent, and 91 less than 25 per cent.

The increase in value of the park areas themselves should be accompanied, if the parks are properly selected and planned by an increase in the value of adjacent real estate. Indeed, it is profitable for large owners of real estate either to give parks or to submit to special assessment on adjacent land to cover their cost. Kansas City, Missouri, has had the greater part of the expense of its parks paid by special assessments on abutters in six park districts. A magnificent park system has thereby been built up at a little cost to the city; and land owners compete with each other to secure parks for which the themselves must pay. The Board of Park Commissioners of Kansas have shown figures to prove that parks enhance values "in excess of the entire cost" and that constant pressure has been brought to bear upon the board for the extension of the park boulevard system.

But care should be taken not to burden either the city or the real estate owners with more unproductive park area than is economical for the size of the city.

The Civic Centre

The civic centre needs to be planned in connection with the other physical features of the city. In a sense, it should be subordinate, because of the expense of constructing monumental buildings. It is bad for the public interest to erect extravagant structures. Most cities lack beauty, not because they lack public buildings but because of an untidiness arising from want of care in controlling the surroundings of the buildings they have. There is no reason, however, why a beautiful building should cost more than an ugly one. It is simply a case of getting the right kind of advice. The surroundings of the building are just as important as the building itself. They should be spacious, but not to an extent which will dwarf the building. There should be a relation between the space and the height of the building.

One important problem to be always considered in planning is the proportion of cost of improvements which should be borne by the city at large and the owner of the land. The Somers system of real estate valuation suggests the spreading of the cost on the basis that the frontager should pay the total for a sixty-foot street. This, however, is rather high. A forty-foot street is sufficient to meet the local needs of residential areas, and sixty-foot of industrial and business areas.

Site Planning

As already indicated, it is undesirable for the attention of the city planner to be diverted from the consideration of the general city plan to detailed development of subdivisions. There will be occasion to deal with subdivisions that occupy strategic sites or have some peculiarity which makes them important in relation to the general plan. For instance, it may be found that a subdivision is already laid out and registered in a position which occupies the best line of approach to the city by an arterial highway. In such a case, the city planner requires to bring all his powers of persuasion to bear upon the owner of the land to have the subdivision changed. It would probably be easy to convince such an owner that the

change would be desirable in the interests of his property, but everything will depend on the way in which he is approached and the tact shown in bringing forward the advantages of the proposal.

In the course of preparing the general plan, the city planner should not ignore applications of owners to help him with the planning of their subdivisions. While it may be a mistake to initiate detailed work of site planning, he should be ready in all cases to accept opportunities to plan sites so as to fit them in with the general plan of the city.

In site planning, that is, the planning of small areas for industries or houses, the governing features may be said to be the relation between the street plan of the site and the main lines of communication of the city, adjoining or intersecting the property. Here we have to deal with the points of connection, the directness of route of the streets across the property, grade, best locations for crossing railways or rivers by bridges or subways. In considering directness of route in relation to grade, it is preferable to have easy curves rather than sharp turnings or jogs. This is particularly true in the case of the main highways. Connections with main arterial highways should be at right angles as far as practicable. In dealing with hilly land, it will often be found better to have steeper grades rather than side-cuts.

In planning minor streets, the planner should introduce varieties in the form of development such as quadrangles and small squares. An effort should be made to secure the subdivision of the corner lots so as to encourage those erecting buildings to have an orderly and pleasant treatment of the building elevations at the corners. Nothing condemns the orderly rectangular subdivision so much as the ugly effect which is produced by corner houses having their gables on the side street with long flankages not occupied by buildings. Road junctions require to be specially studied. Where roads meet at one point ample room must be given for distribution of traffic.

Alleys or Lanes

One of the important problems that will have to be considered is the question of alleys or rear lanes. There are those who advocate that rear lanes should be provided under all conditions and for all classes of building. There are those who condemn them unless they are paved and lighted in the same manner as the front street which practically makes them back streets. There are those who condemn them as only being essential in business centres and crowded residential areas. It is impossible to lay down any rule regarding the desirability of having lanes. Everything depends on the local considerations. It is conceivable that even in a widely-scattered residential district, lanes would be desirable on condition that all the public services were placed in the lane. On the other hand, it should not be overlooked that the cost of making a street and a lane may be higher than the owner of the property can pay. We must recognize that a lane is only desirable when it has some form of pavement, is properly drained and is free from nuisance. It is the opposite of being desirable if it is used for dumping garbage or if, owing to laxity of control, habitable buildings are permitted to be erected upon its frontage.

The cost of providing lanes may be greater than the cost of providing extra frontage to enable the householder to get access to the rear of his property for vehicles by the side of his dwelling. If the cost of the side entrance does not greatly exceed the cost of providing the lane, it should be preferred in residential districts. A lane is not necessary for providing air space at the rear of buildings, whereas the side entrance for vehicles has the double benefit of giving access to the rear of the building and giving adequate light and air where it is most needed. There can be no question as to the need for lanes in districts where houses are erected in continuous rows or in areas where the lots are devoted to continuous business development.

Depth of Lots

Important considerations arise in connection with the depth of lots. When blocks of building

land between streets are too shallow, the tendency is to use the whole depth for the business occupying the frontage on one street, thus making the frontage on the second street practically a back entrance. In such a case, the shallowness of the lots is a source of loss to the property owners because it is compelling them to use two streets where a street and a lane would have done. An example of a very good arrangement for a business section is shown in Craig's plan of Edinburgh. Here the main business streets of Princes Street and George Street have between them a narrow parallel street. This narrow street is used for second class business and for rear access to the principal hotels and department stores on the main business thoroughfares. Although this narrow street is only about 30 feet wide and is therefore little more than a lane, it combines the uses of a secondary business street and a lane, it is properly paved and lighted and is more economical than having a third street of full width or a narrow lane of no use except for rear access.

Intersections

What should be the length of intersections between streets is not always easy to determine. One main street in a city has forty intersecting or tributary streets over a length of less than a mile. From the point of view of business, the number of intersections probably tends to increase the frontage that is available for business uses. Many people argue that numerous intersections are necessary to spread business off the one main thoroughfare into the side streets. On the other hand, when a street is used for street cars and these have to stop at every cross street, it becomes a serious objection from the point of view of rapid transit. These are matters which are, for the most part, settled when the original subdivision is made.

(To Be Continued)

The Mercury Went Down—Little Girl (rushing into doctor's office): Please, doctor, come at once to father. Mother's taken 'is temperature an' it's gone down.

Doctor: That's all right, my dear—that's splendid.

Little Girl: 'Tain't all right, it's gone right down. He's swallowed it.—Punch.

PARK COMMITTEE WILL INVESTIGATE

The Park and Grounds Committee of the League, headed by Fred W. Burt, Jr., is to investigate the desirability and the advisability of the city purchasing the so-called "salt-water park" at West Seattle.

The Park Board has proposed to the City Council that the municipality acquire 130 acres at Williams Point in West Seattle for about \$1000 an acre. The stretch has approximately a mile of water front. Backing up the beach is an upland said to be large enough for playgrounds,

an auto camp and picnic grounds.

The Park Board advises the Council that payments can be made over a period of ten years at 5 per cent. An additional levy of one tenth of one mill would be sufficient to cover the initial payment and the interest for the first year.

Looked suspicious.—A hearse returning from a funeral skidded on approaching a corner and chased a pedestrian halfway across the street, over the curb, across the sidewalk and finally pinned him against a brick wall. The driver at the hospital afterward gave the excuse that his car skidded. "Skidded, Hell!" said the victim, "business is getting bum with you birds."

GEORGE E. MATHIEU Attorney for Estate

332 Central Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
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Date of first publication August 5, 1922.

B. B. GILMAN.

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Address, 332 Central Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

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NELSON R. ANDERSON.

Attorney for Plaintiff.
Post Office Address: 1723 L. C. Smith Building, Seattle, County of King, Washington.

First Pub. July 8, 1922. 6t Aug. 12

JAMES T. LAWLER

Attorney White Bldg
IN JUSTICE'S COURT BEFORE REAH

M. WHITEHEAD, Justice of the Peace in and for Seattle Precinct, King County, State of Washington.

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confessed and the demand of the plaintiff granted. The object and demand of said complaint (or claim) is for immediate delivery of the following property, to-wit: 25 cards of various sizes for window display, stencil of a baby for display, 4 newspaper cuts, 15 stenciled cards and 35 plain cards, or the value thereof in the sum of \$75.00 and costs and disbursements.

Complaint (or Claim) filed June 15, 1922.

Dated June 27, 1922.

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Justice of the Peace in and for Seattle Precinct, King County, Wash.
First Pub. July 1, 1922 3t July 15

GEORGE E. MATHIEU

Attorney

332 Central Building

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of August H. Sasse, Sr., Deceased.

No. 31328. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as administratrix of the estate of August H. Sasse, Sr., Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Bertha A. Dalby, Administratrix, or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, July 1, 1922.

BERTHA A. DALBY.

Administratrix of said Estate.
Address, 332 Central Bldg.

GEORGE E. MATHIEU, Attorney for Estate, 332 Central Building, Seattle, Wash.

First Pub. July 1, 1922. 3t July 15

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VOL. XII. NO. 34.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, AUGUST 26, 1922.

PRICE 10 CENTS

Committee Reports on Cole vs. Taylor Charges

Secretary's note—The report which follows was presented to the Board of Trustees of the Municipal League last Monday and was accepted. The report will be presented to the membership at an early meeting.

* * *

August 21st, 1922

Board of Trustees
Municipal League
Seattle, Washington

Gentlemen:

In accordance with your request the Educational Committee has investigated the charges made by Superintendent Thomas R. Cole against Mr. E. F. Taylor, a member of the School Board of the Seattle District. In making this investigation we have secured from both parties statements in writing setting forth their contentions and we are attaching hereto the copies of the said statements. A brief resume of the facts involved in the controversy follows:

E. F. Taylor is a member of the Board of Directors of School District No. 1, comprising the city of Seattle. Mr. Taylor is engaged in the business of selling books under the name of The Taylor Book Company, with offices at 4041 Arcade Building, Seattle, Washington. He is the district representative of Dodd-Mead & Co., publishers of the New International Encyclopaedia. He has in his employ as a sub-agent Mr. R. C. Miller, who works out of his office and who sells the books of Dodd-Mead & Co. and of the Wheeler Publishing Company. The Wheeler Publishing Company is a Los Angeles concern and is apparently the distributing agent for Webster's New International Dictionary. On the sales made by Mr. Miller the Taylor Book Company receives a commission as a branch office, but since his election to the School Board Mr. Taylor has made arrangements with the publishing companies whereby he will secure no commission on any books sold to the Seattle School District.

On July 28th, 1922, Superintendent Cole filed with the School Board a report in which he charged Mr. Taylor with having attempted to use his influence as a member of the Board in securing the purchase by the School District of certain books published by companies for which Mr. Taylor was the Seattle repre-

sentative. The charges referred to two sets of books and we will take them up in the order in which they were presented:

FIRST

On May 24th, 1922, R. C. Miller filed with the School District a bid on behalf of the Wheeler Publishing Company for the sale to the School District of twenty-five copies of Webster's New International Dictionary. Two other bids were presented, one by J. K. Gill & Company of Portland and one by John W. Graham of Spokane. These bids were considered by the Board on July 21st, 1922, and it was unanimously agreed that the bid of J. K. Gill & Company would be accepted and J. L. Moseley, Superintendent of Supplies, was authorized to purchase fifteen copies of Webster's New International Dictionary from J. K. Gill & Company. On the next day Mr. Moseley was requested by Mr. Taylor to hold up the purchase of the books. Mr. Moseley says that Mr. Taylor told him that when he voted for the purchase of the books he understood that fifteen copies were to be purchased from J. K. Gill & Company and fifteen copies from Mr. Miller. The order was held up until the next Friday when Mr. Taylor withdrew his request. In answer to this charge Mr. Taylor admits that he did hold up the purchase as was stated by Mr. Moseley. He states as his reason the fact that the order was given to a Portland firm rather than a Seattle firm and that he wanted to delay the placing of the order until such a time as he could consult with the other members of the Board. He does not, however, deny the statement of Mr. Moseley to the effect that he had told him that the reason why he wanted the order held was that he had thought it included fifteen copies from Mr. Miller. This fact, coupled with the fact that no bid was made by a Seattle firm leads the Committee to believe that Mr. Moseley's contention is correct. In addition to this direct statement in reference to the first charge, Mr. Taylor has furnished us with correspondence which we believe proves conclusively that he had no financial interest in the sale by Mr. Miller. Arrangements had been made with the publishers

that on all sales to the Seattle School District made during the time that Mr. Taylor is on the Board the commission is to be paid to the salesman direct and no branch office commission is to be received by Mr. Taylor.

SECOND

The second charge of Mr. Cole is that Mr. Taylor attempted to use his influence in having the New International Encyclopaedia installed in certain high school libraries in place of the Americana as requisitioned by Miss Mary Lytle, the head of the High School Libraries in the city of Seattle. On May 24th, 1922, R. C. Miller submitted to the School District the bid of Dodd-Mead & Company for the sale of two sets of The New International Encyclopaedia. Mr. Cole charges that on several occasions during the time that the purchase of the encyclopaedias was contemplated, Mr. Taylor urgently discussed with him the question of purchasing the New International Encyclopaedia rather than the Americana. He states that on July 20th Mr. Taylor went to his office and told him that he expected him (Cole) to take care of the matter of the purchase of encyclopaedias for him. That on July 25th, 1922, Mr. Taylor "upbraided" him for the purchase of the Americana rather than the New International. That shortly after the requisition was placed Mr. Taylor insisted that Mr. Cole send to Mr. Taylor's office Miss Lytle to discuss with him the question of the purchase of encyclopaedias and that he did send Miss Lytle to Mr. Taylor's office. Mr. Cole attaches to his statement a letter from Miss Lytle and one from Miss Elizabeth Rowell, who accompanied Miss Lytle to Mr. Taylor's office, in which they set forth that Mr. Taylor at great length and in an unfriendly manner questioned them as to the purchase of encyclopaedias and urged upon them the purchase of the New International Encyclopaedias.

Mr. Taylor in answering the second charge denies that he has ever taken up with Mr. Cole the question of the purchase of encyclopaedias but says that the question had come up casually during the course of two or three general conversations

concerning school matters. He emphatically denies that he insisted upon Mr. Cole sending Miss Lytle to his office and says that the suggestion came exclusively from Mr. Cole. He also emphatically denies that he at any time either in his conversation with Mr. Cole or Miss Lytle urged the purchase of the New International and insists that his discussions on the question were purely impersonal and were of the same character as he would have on any other question of interest to the schools. In addition to this Mr. Taylor includes in his statement a reference to the various differences of opinion which have arisen between himself and Mr. Cole since he has been on the Board and calls attention to the fact that he has opposed a number of measures in which Mr. Cole was particularly interested and asks that the inference be drawn that Mr. Cole's attack is not made in good faith but because of the spirit of unfriendliness which has been aroused between them and states that he believes that the sending of Miss Lytle to him was simply a part of a plan conceived by Mr. Cole as the foundation for an attack upon him.

We are not in this investigation interested in any prior controversies between Mr. Cole and Mr. Taylor and they are not in any way relevant to the issue which we are considering. We are not interested in the motive which Mr. Cole may have had in filing this charge except insofar as it may bear upon the determination of the correctness of the statements made by the two parties. There is a direct conflict between the two statements on this second charge and your Committee feels that there is a possibility that the antagonism which Mr. Cole and the other teachers had towards Mr. Taylor because of his attitude on the Board on questions involving the teachers may have influenced them in their interpretation of the language he used in discussing with them the purchase of encyclopaedias and this spirit of unfriendliness and antagonism may have unconsciously caused them to have drawn certain inferences from his conversation which were not in fact intended. We do not care to pass upon the question of Mr. Taylor's charges that Mr. Cole "framed" him in send-

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

ing Miss Lytle to his office further than to state that in our opinion Mr. Cole, believing as he did that it was improper for Mr. Taylor to discuss the question of encyclopaedias, should not have sent Miss Lytle to Mr. Taylor's office.

In view of all these facts your Committee has decided to disregard all of the second charge except the bare fact that Mr. Taylor did discuss the purchase of encyclopaedias with Mr. Cole and Miss Lytle and did favor the purchase of The New International.

CONCLUSION

The foregoing facts bring us to a consideration of the question as to whether or not the acts of Mr. Taylor should subject him to criticism. In passing upon this question we must consider the statute governing the acts of school directors, which provides, as follows:

"It shall be unlawful for any director to have any pecuniary interest, either directly or indirectly, in the purchase of school sites, or in the erection of school houses, or in the warming, ventilating, furnishing, repairing or insuring of the same, or to be in any manner interested in or connected with the furnishing of supplies for the maintenance of schools, or to receive or accept any compensation or reward for services rendered as director or be employed for hire by said district or by any person having a contract with said district."

Remington's 1915 Codes and Statutes of Washington, Sec. 4487

Your Committee does not believe that Mr. Taylor intentionally violated either the letter or spirit of this statute. We do feel, however, that his acts were certainly not in accordance with the spirit of the law. The statute is plain and says that

the directors shall not be in any manner interested in or connected with the furnishing of supplies and its purpose was clearly to protect the school district against having directors enter into contracts which would not be to the best interest of the district. Mr. Taylor we believe acted in good faith. He felt that when he made arrangements with Dodd-Mead & Company which made it impossible for him to secure any commission from the sale of books to the district that he had fully complied with the provisions of the statute. He evidently felt that his experience in the book business particularly qualified him in passing upon such questions and this probably caused his interest in the purchase.

If the statute read merely that it shall be unlawful for any director to have any pecuniary interest, Mr. Taylor's opinion might have been correct. But there are a number of ways that the Taylor Book Company could be benefited by Miller's sale of books to the school district. For instance, it would increase the number of sales in the State. The fact that the Seattle School District had just bought a number of sets of the New International might aid in the sale of the books to other districts in surrounding communities. Further it is very probable that Mr. Taylor having been a representative of Dodd-Mead & Co., for a number of years and having sold The New International would be prejudiced in favor of his own book and could not pass upon its merits impartially and with the unbiased mind that is absolutely necessary that a person in the position of school director should have. We believe that Mr. Taylor's mistake in these acts was one of judgment; that he had no intention of violating the law and that he was simply indiscreet in his acts. We believe, however, that it is absolutely necessary in the future that there be no misunderstanding

as to the purpose of this statute and we recommend that the League suggest to the school board that this incident be considered a closed one and that hereafter the statute above quoted be strictly observed and that no director having any interest in any business shall in any way or to the slightest extent participate in the deliberations of the board or in the informal consideration by the employees of the district of the purchase of supplies from companies with which the director has any connection however remote.

Respectfully submitted,

H. A. Woodcock
D. D. Johnson
L. B. Schwellenbach,
chairman

* * *

COLE'S STATEMENT

Seattle, Washington
July 28, 1922

To the Board of Directors
Seattle School District No. 1

Re-Selection of Textbooks

The usual procedure in the selection of texts, reviewing of same, making eliminations, calling for bids and recommendation of awards to the Board has been followed this year. In the list of books there are two items to which I wish to call your attention, (1) the Webster's New International Dictionary and (2) the Americana Encyclopaedia.

The original order for dictionaries called for 25 copies which, when reviewed by the Educational Department, was cut to 15. Three bids were received for the dictionaries:

J. K. Gill and Company
15 Webster's New International Dictionaries bound in Buckram.....\$16.00 ea. \$240.00
John W. Graham Company
15 Webster's New International Dictionaries bound in Buckram.....\$16.00 ea. \$240.00
Wheeler Publishing Company
15 Webster's New International Dictionaries, with reference history and atlas, bound in Fabrikoid.....\$26.00 ea. \$390.00

J. K. Gill and Company and John W. Graham Company bid on the New International Dictionaries as called for, while the Wheeler Publishing Company bid on the Dictionary with reference history and atlas included. In the reviewing of the bids the Educational Department adhered to the original selection of the Dictionaries now in use in the schools, feeling from investigation that there is not sufficient difference in the utility of the books for school purposes to justify the additional expenditure of \$10.00 per copy.

In the library list the original order called for three sets of Americana Encyclopaedias which when received by the head librarian, was cut to two sets. Two bids were received for encyclopaedias:

Baker and Taylor
2 sets 30 Vol., Encyclopaedia

Americana, Buckram, each set.....\$144.00 \$288.00
Dodd, Mead and Company
2 sets 24 Vol., New International Encyclopedia, Second Edition, 1921 Copyright, each set

Cloth Binding.....\$136.80 \$273.60
Buckram binding.....\$159.60 \$319.20

Owing to the fact that all of the encyclopedias in active use in the high schools are the New International Encyclopedias, and one of the new sets must be used in conjunction with the old, the Americana Encyclopedia was recommended. The Americana was selected, also, for the other set needed after a favorable report was made by Miss Lytle, the head librarian, and my own investigation. A third reason was that in the buckram binding it is \$15.60 cheaper than the New International Encyclopedia.

The award for the dictionaries was authorized on Friday of last week by the Board of Education to J. K. Gill and Company, their total bid being the lowest. Action on the library list, which included the encyclopedias, was deferred for one week. The order for all of the books authorized to be purchased by the Board on Friday of last week has been placed, with the exception of the dictionaries, which was held up by Mr. Moseley, Superintendent of Supplies, at the personal request of Mr. Taylor.

Subsequent to Friday's meeting, when the vote on the purchase of textbooks was unanimous, Mr. Taylor alleged in conversation with Mr. Moseley that he understood, when he voted on Friday, that 15 of each of the dictionaries mentioned were to be purchased and included the 15 dictionaries which were priced at \$26 per copy. When he found that was not true, he made the request referred to above.

It should be understood that the bid, under the name of Wheeler Publishing Company, for the Webster's New International Dictionaries with reference history and atlas, priced at \$26 each, was submitted by R. C. Miller, who gave as his address 4041 Arcade Building, Seattle, which is one of the rooms occupied by the Taylor Book Company, E. F. Taylor, a member of this Board, being manager. The bid for the New International Encyclopedia was also submitted by R. C. Miller, who gave as his address 4041 Arcade Building, one of the rooms occupied by the Taylor Book Company, which represents the Dodd, Mead and Company in Seattle.

When Mr. Taylor learned shortly after being elected to the School Board that a requisition had been placed for the Americana Encyclopaedias, he insisted that I ask Miss Lytle, head of the high school libraries, to come to his office and explain why the Americana Encyclopedia was specified instead of the New International. Miss Lytle was greatly surprised at this request, but in

company with Miss Elizabeth Rowell, head of the history department of the Broadway High School, she went to Mr. Taylor's office and held an interview with him. If the Board desires, Miss Lytle and Miss Rowell will reveal the character of the conversation that occurred at this interview.

This is mentioned to call the attention of the Board to the fact that Mr. Taylor began over two months ago to attempt to influence the requisition for books to be purchased of the New International Encyclopedia, which is published by the firm he represents.

On Thursday of last week, July 20th, Mr. Taylor came to my office and in his conversation regarding the purchase of encyclopedias made the following statement, after he had learned that the Americana and not the New International Encyclopedia had been recommended: "I expected you to take care of that matter for me."

On Tuesday of this week, July 25th, Mr. Taylor again came to my office and asked if I were responsible for the selection of the dictionaries and the recommendation of the encyclopedias. I stated I had investigated the matter and had recommended them. He then began to upbraid me for my decision. I felt compelled at this point to inform Mr. Taylor that it was the first time in the 20 years of my school experience that I had ever been approached by a Board member on a matter of his own personal interest. I stated to him that I did not care to deal with him further as an individual but only as a member of the Board at a regular meeting.

Respectfully submitted,

THOMAS R. COLE,
Acting Superintendent.

(Copy

Seattle, Wash., July 28th, 1922.

To the Board of Directors,

Seattle School District No. 1.

Gentlemen:—

At the last Board meeting, Friday, July 21st, the order for "Library Books" was deferred; also, certain items of "Sheet Music." It is asked that these matters be given consideration so they may reach here at as early a date as possible.

All of the "Text Books" which were authorized at this meeting have been taken care of with the exception of "15 Copies Webster's New International Dictionaries." I was requested to hold up the purchase of these Dictionaries by Mr. Taylor. Your decision regarding this matter is also requested in order that the Books may be received in time for the opening of school.

Respectfully,

(Signed) J. L. MOSELEY,
Supt. of Supplies.

Copy No. 441

Seattle School District No. 1
800 Central Building
Seattle, Wash.

This is Not an Order

To Dodd, Mead & Co.,
New York City,
New York.

Please quote on this sheet in the space indicated below for the articles description and wish to offer a substitute same in accordance with our description and wish to offer a substitute, please give full details.

No charges will be allowed for packing or cartage.

Quotations must be in this office by 11:00 A. M. June 5th, 1922.

(Signed) J. L. MOSELEY,
Supt. of Supplies.

Quantity, Description, List Price,
Net Price, Extension.

2 Sets (30 Vol. each Set) Encyclopedia Americana; 7 International Year Books 1921 Cloth Binding:
\$6.75 \$6.75 \$47.25.

2 Sets (24 volumes each set) New International Encyclopedia, Second Edition, 1921 Copyright.

Cloth Binding: \$144.00; \$7.20; \$136.80;
\$273.60.

Buckram Binding: \$168.00; \$8.40;
\$159.60; \$478.80.

Seattle School District No. 1

We quote as above f. c. b. Seattle, Wash. Shipment can be made in 10 days from receipt of order.

Terms: Cash.

Date: June 15, 1922.

(Signed) R. C. MILLER.

4041 Arcade Bldg., Seattle, Wn.

Copy No. 440

Seattle School District No. 1

800 Central Building

Seattle, Wash.

This is Not an Order

May 24th, 1922.

To Wheeler Publishing Co.,
Los Angeles,
California.

Please quote on this sheet in the space indicated below for the articles described. If you are unable to furnish same in accordance with our description and wish to offer a substitute, please give full details.

No charges will be allowed for packing or cartage.

Quotations must be in this office by 11:00 A. M. June 5th, 1922.

(Signed) J. L. MOSELEY,
Supt. of Supplies.

Quantity; Description; List Price;
Discount; Net Price; Extension:

25 Copies Webster's New International Dictionary with reference history and atlas bound in Fabrikoid as per sample attached:
\$27.50; \$1.50; \$26.00; \$650.

Seattle School District No. 1.

We quote as above f. o. b. Seattle, Wash. Shipment can be made in ten days from receipt of order.

Terms: Cash.

Date: June 5, 1922.

(Signed) R. C. MILLER.
4041 Arcade Bldg.

(Copy)

Seattle, Washington, Aug. 10, 1922.
Mr. Carl E. Croson,

Leary Building,

Seattle, Washington.

My dear Mr. Croson:

I have informed Mr. Cole that I

will be out of the city during the fore part of the ensuing week, and he suggested that I make a statement regarding Mr. E. F. Taylor's interview with me before the close of school at his office, relative to the merits of the Americana Encyclopedia and the New International Encyclopedia.

Mr. Cole informed me a few days previous to my visit to Mr. Taylor that in an interview with Mr. Taylor regarding school matters, Mr. Taylor had asked regarding textbooks, and he had told him that in the annual requisition for books that I had included a requisition for the Americana Encyclopedias. Mr. Cole said that Mr. Taylor insisted on my calling at his office to explain my reason for requisitioning the Americana Encyclopedia. I reluctantly accepted the call from Mr. Taylor to come to see him, and owing to the fact that I did not know him, I asked one of the teachers to accompany me. The teacher who accompanied me was Miss Elizabeth Rowell, of the History Department of the Broadway High School. We went to see Mr. Taylor at his office, 4041 Arcade Building.

Our reception at Mr. Taylor's office was not cordial. He did not shake hands with us or ask us to sit down. I introduced myself and explained my errand. I then said, "The lady accompanying me, Mr. Taylor, is Miss Rowell, the head of the History Department at Broadway." Mr. Taylor's greeting to her was, "And what are you here for?" Miss Rowell replied that as a teacher of history, she was particularly interested in the library and the choice of books for it, and besides, was a friend of mine, and came with me at my request.

I then explained to Mr. Taylor my reasons for having requisitioned the Americana Encyclopedia. I gave these reasons somewhat in detail. After listening to me for some minutes, Mr. Taylor said, "And you didn't get any advice on this matter, I suppose." I replied that I had talked to Mr. Munn of the Seattle Public Library and Miss Calkins, who is in charge of the Reference Room there. Mr. Taylor said, "And who is Mr. Munn?" I answered, "Mr. Munn is at the head of the Reference Department." "Where did he come from?" I replied that I did not know. "How long has he been here?" I replied that he had not been here very long, possibly a year. Mr. Taylor's next remark was, "Well, if you had consulted Mr. Compton, who was formerly Reference Librarian, you would have found that he would have recommended the New International." Mr. Taylor then said, "You didn't ask Mr. Jennings advice about this?" I replied that I had not, that I consulted Mr. Jennings very frequently in regard to library matters, and valued his advice very highly, but that in a matter relating entirely to reference books, I thought that the logical person to talk to was the head of the Reference Department.

Mr. Taylor said, "You came from Tacoma, I believe, and you know Mr. Kizer, the Librarian there, but you didn't consult him." I replied, "Do you mean about the encyclopedias for the Seattle high schools?" He replied, "Yes." I replied, "No, I did not. It didn't occur to me to consult Mr. Kizer about this matter regarding the Seattle schools." He replied, "You would have found that Mr. Kizer always recommends the New International." Mr. Taylor then said, "Where did you get the idea that the last edition of the New International is 1916?" I replied that I had always understood that there had been no edition since then, but that to confirm my opinion, I had asked at the Reference Department of the Seattle Public Library, and they had told me the same thing. Mr. Taylor then said, "Well, I can tell you that there is a 1921 edition of the New International. Did you know that?" I replied, "No, Mr. Taylor, that is news to me, but I will be glad to see a copy of the 1921 edition." Mr. Taylor said that he had none at hand just then,—that they came in boxes, and were shipped out again so rapidly that he did not happen to have any on hand. I felt that this was strange, since he had a number of volumes of his encyclopedia in the bookcases in the room where we were.

Mr. Taylor then said, "Are you a Protestant or a Catholic?" I replied, "Mr. Taylor, I do not see that that has anything to do with the matter we are discussing." Miss Rowell said, "Mr. Taylor, we are not accustomed to having any such question as that asked of us in our work in the public schools. We are expected to be entirely unbiased and unprejudiced in such matters, and they are never even inquired about." Mr. Taylor did not press the point then, but went on to say that he himself was a Methodist, and that the reason he inquired was because the last edition of the Americana played up the Catholics very strongly. He said that in an edition which they had sold through Utah, they had played up the Latter Day Saints, and in this edition they played up the Catholics. Miss Rowell inquired as to just what he meant by that. He replied that they had a large number of articles pertaining to Catholic matters. Miss Rowell then remarked, "I should think, Mr. Taylor, that that would be rather an additional reason for placing this encyclopedia in our libraries, for in my work as a teacher of history, I often find that our reference books are somewhat lacking in articles explaining points pertaining to the Catholic Church." He said, "Do you mean to say that you would place a book in the libraries which is biased?" Miss Rowell said, "Could you prove your statement, Mr. Taylor, about the Americana Encyclopedia being biased?" He replied, "No, perhaps not, but it devotes a large amount

of space to Catholic topics." Miss Rowell replied, "Well, from what you say of it, I should think that it would be valuable for us to have." Mr. Taylor then said, "Well, Miss Rowell, I should say that you are not a good person to be teaching history in our schools."

At no time during the interview did Mr. Taylor express any interest in our school work or in the library, but confined himself exclusively to a selling talk on the merits of the New International, and the faults of the Americana Encyclopedia. Mr. Taylor's attitude to us during the whole interview was anything but friendly. I never came away from an interview feeling so indignant over the way I had been treated as I did in this case.

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Yours truly,
(Signed) MARY LYTLE.
Seattle, Washington.
August 18th, 1922.

Carl E. Croson, President
Board of Directors,
Seattle School District No. 1
Seattle, Washington.

Dear Sir:-

On Saturday forenoon, July 22nd Mr. Taylor phoned me asking for information regarding the Text Book list which was passed by the Board at the meeting of July 21st. Mr. Taylor stated that he wanted to know who was responsible for the selection of Text Books included in this list. I told him the Educational Department selected all Text Books. Mr. Taylor then stated that he wished me to hold up the order for Dictionaries. I told Mr. Taylor that he could have objected to the recommendation on Dictionaries at the time it was reported to the Board. He stated that he thought the recommendation was for 15 copies of each.

Yours very truly,

J. L. MOSELEY

Supt. of Supplies

(Continued Next Issue)

GEORGE E. MATHIEU

Attorney for Estate

332 Central Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County, In Probate.

In the matter of the Estate of Frank Johns, Deceased. No. 31390 Notice to Creditors

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as administrator of the estate of Frank Johns, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified on said Administrator, B. B. Gilman or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication August 5, 1922.

B. B. GILMAN.

Administrator of said Estate.
Address, 332 Central Bldg. Seattle, Wash.

GEORGE E. MATHIEU.
Attorney for Estate,
332 Central Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

LUNDIN & BARTO

Lawyers Alaska Bldg

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Ella F. Carroll, Deceased. No. 30459.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Ruth H. Carroll, Executrix of the Estate of Ella F. Carroll, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said Executrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 22nd day of September, 1922, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 22nd day of August, 1922

GEORGE A. GRANT,

Clerk of said Court.

By GEO. L. BERGER,

Deputy.

First pub. Aug. 26, 1922. 3t Sept 9

LUNDIN & BARTO

Lawyers Alaska Bldg

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Octave Lussier, Deceased. No. 28795.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Rosalie Lussier, Executrix of the Estate of Octave Lussier, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said Executrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 22nd day of September, 1922, at 9:30 A. M., at

the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 22nd day of August, 1922

GEORGE A. GRANT,

Clerk of said Court.

By GEO. L. BERGER,

Deputy.

First pub. Aug. 26, 1922. 3t Sept 9

H. C. FORCE

Attorney 1212 Hoge Bldg

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County Stewart & Holmes Drug Co., a corporation, Plaintiff, vs. Pyora Chewing Gum, Inc., H. M. Ramey, Jr., Defendants. No. 160245.

Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to the said H. M. Ramey:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons to-wit, within sixty days after the 26th day of August, 1922, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled Court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for the plaintiff, at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said Court. That the object of this action is to recover \$191.62 with interest for goods sold the Pyora Chewing Gum, Inc., a corporation.

H. C. FORCE,

Attorney for Plaintiff.

P. O. Address, 1212 Hoge Building,

Seattle, King County, Washington.

First pub. Aug. 26, 1922. 6t Sept 30

"I'm a little stiff," says Doug Bonamy, after spring football practice.

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. XII. NO. 35.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1922.

PRICE 10 CENTS

TO THE MUNICIPAL LEAGUE OF SEATTLE:

INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE REPORT IS APPROVED BY MUNICIPAL LEAGUE

Note:—The following report was submitted by the Candidates Investigating Committee to the membership of the Municipal League at its special meeting yesterday noon. The report was adopted without a dissenting vote.

EIMON L. WIENIR, Sec.

* * *

To the Municipal League of Seattle:

Your committee for the investigating of candidates for County offices in King County has held numerous conferences with candidates appearing before it and on the basis of these conferences and the questionnaires submitted, we make the following report.

Some candidates have neither appeared nor submitted questionnaires, and as to them no report can be made.

In this report the names come in the order as they appear on the official election notice.

On account of the large number of candidates these reports have been cut down to the minimum.

COUNTY AUDITOR—

D. E. Ferguson, candidate for County Auditor on the Republican ticket, is 48 years of age, a Canadian by birth but a resident of Seattle for 16 years. His business is that of an accountant; he is the present County Auditor, filing for re-election; at the time of taking office he was not a candidate of the so-called Court House "ring" and from some reports it appears that a deliberate attempt was made to count him out as a result of the close contest in that election. His record indicates that he has conducted the office in a very efficient manner and has surrounded himself with an organization which has given prompt and courteous service to the public; impresses the Committee as being able to give a good account of his stewardship and they believe he deserves favorable consideration in view of the services already rendered in that office.

Phoebe M. McCherty, candidate for County Auditor on the Republican ticket, was born in Waukesha, Wisconsin, and has resided in this

city for 17 years past where she owns her home. She is a graduate of the Broadway High School, a student of law at the University of Washington and a member of the Board of Trustees of the Seattle Federation of Women's Clubs; since the death of her husband in the Argonne, she has continued his business in this city; in the conduct of her office she has become quite familiar with the Auditor's office and claims her policy to be to conduct the office with more economy and efficiency.

Norman M. Wardall, candidate for County Auditor on the Republican ticket, has lived in the State 16 years, of which 12 years were spent in the County Auditor's office, 4 years as Auditor and 8 years as Deputy; his record as Auditor is probably as familiarly known to the public as to this Committee.

COUNTY ASSESSOR—

Samuel H. Chase, candidate for County Assessor on the Republican ticket, has been for 12 years Deputy Assessor for King County and has had two years experience as a Civil Deputy in the Prosecuting Attorney's office; was born 58 years ago and educated for the law. Mr. Chase has been 16 years in Washington, is married and owns property here. He has had considerable experience in executive capacities and the legal business pertaining to the Assessor's office. The Committee considers Mr. Chase well qualified for the office to which he aspires.

George W. Roberts, candidate for County Assessor on the Republican ticket, is at present United States Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue; was for several years with the General Appraisal Company doing business in Washington, Oregon and

California, and has been Naturalization Clerk in the King County Clerk's office; Mr. Roberts is 48 years of age, married and owns his own home. His education ran through one year in college. Believes his experience as stated would qualify him to get all property listed and fairly assessed.

Arohie B. Coon, born in Nebraska, age 44, resident of this city for 14 years; high school and university education; has been employed by various mercantile and shipping concerns.

PROSECUTING ATTORNEY—

Malcolm Douglas, present Prosecuting Attorney and running for re-election, is sufficiently well known to make unnecessary any details of introduction; he is running on his record in office and the Committee believes that record to be one of ability and efficiency which entitles him to the favorable consideration of King County.

Susan A. Hohmann, candidate for office of Prosecuting Attorney on the Republican ticket, was born in Minnesota and came to the state of Washington in 1914; has had a college education and was admitted to the bar on July 1, 1921; prior to taking up the study of law she was engaged as a school teacher and was superintendent of schools. She has had but limited experience in the practice of law, but states that her efforts will be directed toward strict enforcement of the law.

Lady Willie Forbus, candidate for office of Prosecuting Attorney on the Democratic ticket, was born in Mississippi and has resided in Seattle four and a half years; she strongly advocates co-ordination of the juvenile department with the divorce department of the Superior

Court with the end in view of ultimately establishing a court of domestic relations. Her practice has been general in its nature and she was moved to run for the position of Prosecuting Attorney as an outgrowth of her experience in the Legate case. She states it to be her purpose to break up the alleged conspiracy between the Prosecuting Attorney's office and the Police Department of the city.

COUNTY CLERK—

George A. Grant, candidate for County Clerk on the Republican ticket, has served one term in that office and has no opposition on the Republican ticket. Committee believes Mr. Grant's record entitles him to re-election.

W. E. Chambers, candidate for County Clerk on the Democratic ticket, is 39 years of age, a native of Texas, and has lived in this County for the past 9 years. His actual business experience has been on newspapers and he has held no public office, but in his work as reporter has kept in close touch with many branches of political activity.

COUNTY TREASURER—

William W. Shields, candidate for County Treasurer on the Republican ticket, was born in Canada 44 years ago and has lived in this city for 33 years, having been educated in the public schools and a business college here. For past 6 years he has been cashier in the King County Treasurer's office and for 4 years previous thereto was Chief Clerk in the Sheriff's office.

Albert E. Parish, candidate for County Treasurer on the Republican ticket, was born in Ontario and has lived in Seattle 21 years; was County Assessor from 1909 to 1914 and for the last 4 years has been engaged in an editorial capacity on the Post-Intelligencer. He says that \$35,000 a year can be cut from the County Treasurer's budget but did not definitely indicate how it could be done.

Clark J. Munger, candidate for County Treasurer on the Republican ticket, age 49, resident of this city and county for the past 22 years,

Program for Tuesday Noon, Sept. 12th:

1. Report of Educational Committee on Cole-Taylor Controversy.
2. Seattle Zoning Program to be Outlined.
At L. C. Smith Building Restaurant.

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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Terms Expire May, 1924—
Walter L. Nossaman, Main 0816
D. D. Johnson, Main 0169
Dan Earle, Main 0078
John D. Hall, Ell. 3887
Harrison W. Mason, Rain. 0024

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

stated to the committee that his principal business experience has been in operating hotels. He now looks after the interests of the Masonic Club in the Arcade Building. The only public office he has ever held is that of Hotel Inspector for 8 months under Governor Hay.

C. E. Vilas, candidate for County Treasurer on the Republican ticket, is a banker and expert in appraisals of land values. He was one of the founders of the institution which has since become the Washington Mutual Savings Bank of which he has been an executive for 30 years. He points out that a savings bank is not eligible as a depository for public funds. Mr. Vilas is 65 years of age, was 8 years Assayer in charge of the United States Assay Office of Seattle, and also served in the State Legislature. He is especially proud of having aided in the passage of the law creating a juvenile court. The judgment of the committee is that Mr. Vilas is well qualified for the office.

Mrs. Mary Avery Wilkins, candidate for County Treasurer on the Democratic ticket, born at Atlanta, Georgia, has lived in King County for 15 years during which time she has successfully carried on a contracting, real estate, insurance and loan business, at the same time carrying on a great amount of civic organization work. She promises that if elected there will be no more employees than necessary in her office and they will earn their pay.

COUNTY SHERIFF—

Joel F. Warren, candidate for Sheriff on the Republican ticket, has resided in the state of Washington nearly all his life. He occupied the position of Chief of Police in Seattle during the shipyard strike and stands upon his record. He announces as his policy the strict enforcement of the law against all roadhouses in the County.

Robert T. Hodge, candidate for Sheriff on the Republican ticket, was born in Scotland, is 45 years of age and has resided in the state of Washington for 30 years, the last 12 of which have been spent in the City of Seattle. Has had a high school education and for the past three and one-half years has been engaged in the practice of law. Prior to that time he was Deputy Sheriff and Sheriff of King County, occupying the office of Sheriff for three terms. His contention is that he will remove the sheriff's office from politics and place it on a different basis, materially reducing the expenses of the office. Mr. Hodge stands on his past record which is well known to the voters of this County.

Matt Starwich, candidate for re-election to the office of Sheriff on the Republican ticket, was for many years previous to his election known as a fearless and efficient deputy. His record for economy in the sheriff's office has been unique and a model for other County offices. This economy has not been attained at any cost of efficiency. The Committee believes that Mr. Starwich' record indicates that he will, if re-elected, continue to render exceptionally satisfactory service.

J. K. Jensen, candidate for Sheriff on the Democratic ticket, born in Chicago, is 44 years old, has been a resident of Auburn for 9 years where he is now engaged in the freight department of the Northern Pacific Ry. Co. He is also Police Judge at Auburn, previous to which he was for a short time Deputy Sheriff under Stringer and has been Chief of Police in Auburn. He is strongly in favor of the prohibition and motor vehicle laws being enforced and seems to the Committee to be good material.

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT OF COMMON SCHOOLS—

A. S. Burrows, candidate for

County Superintendent on the Republican ticket, is 50 years of age, and has been a resident of Seattle for 30 years. He is a graduate of the University of Washington, was born in Iowa, and has occupied the position of County Superintendent and Deputy Superintendent for the past 17 years. Prior to his election as Superintendent of Schools he was a school teacher. Mr. Burrows is married and has a family of six children and in the Committee's opinion Mr. Burrows is qualified for the office.

Nina O. Buchanan, candidate for Superintendent of Common Schools on the Democratic ticket, was born in Illinois and has been a resident of Seattle for 20 years. She was educated in the common schools of Illinois, High School of Vincennes, Indiana, a graduate of the Illinois State Normal University; has also taken a number of summer and extension courses in the University of Chicago and the University of Washington. Miss Buchanan has the reputation of being a good teacher and the fact that she is at the head of the organization shows she is a good organizer and popular with the teachers. She is particularly interested in the primary work and if elected will bring, she says, intelligent effort to bear on the one-room school problem and would endeavor to eliminate the "fol-de-rol curricula". She is in favor of the proposed 30-10 plan for collection of school funds.

COUNTY ENGINEER—

Thomas R. Beeman, candidate for County Engineer on the Republican ticket, age 41 years, resident of Seattle for 16 years, is a graduate engineer and well known as King County Engineer for the past two years, and previous to that as Assistant County Engineer. He has had a wide experience in charge of railway and highway construction and for two years on the French front was Captain of Engineers in the United States Army. The Committee believes he has operated the Engineer's office efficiently and economically and recommends him for re-election.

Samuel J. Humes, candidate for County Engineer on the Republican ticket, has formerly served in that office. Mr. Humes freely admitted practices followed in his former term in the matter of expenditures of County funds and in the use of County automobiles which, in the judgment of the Committee, disqualify him for the office.

COUNTY CORONER—

Dr. W. H. Corson, candidate for County Coroner on the Republican ticket, 42 years of age, and has lived in Seattle more than 30 years. He is the present coroner and has filed for second term. Is prepared to

stand upon the record of his first term of administration. Has been a practicing physician for some 17 years and claims to have an organization at the present time which is administering the affairs of the coroner's office at a minimum cost to the County considering the importance and extent of the work.

Dr. E. A. Gerhart, candidate for County Coroner on the Republican ticket, has resided 4 years in the city of Seattle; born in Colorado and has practiced his profession for 21 years. Prior to coming to this city he resided at Billings, Montana, and occupied the position of Mayor from 1914 to 1916. It is his belief that there has been too much politics in the office in the past and his policy will be to see that the coroner's verdicts are based on facts found at the inquest and direct evidence then submitted, and that politics shall have no influence during his administration.

Dr. D. Sylvester Wilhelmy, candidate for County Coroner on the Republican ticket, was born in Illinois and has lived in Seattle 11 years; practiced medicine 21 years. Dr. Wilhelmy believes that the office of Chief Deputy Coroner is unnecessary and that the number of employees in the coroner's office may be materially reduced with a total possible saving of \$10,000 per year.

Dr. Andrew J. Nelson, candidate for County Coroner on the Democratic ticket, is a native of Virginia, 60 years of age, and a resident of this city 15 years during most of which time he has been a practicing physician and surgeon. Dr. Nelson confesses that the office would be desirable to him as a "side line".

COUNTY COMMISSIONER IN THE FIRST COMMISSIONER'S DISTRICT—

R. M. Dyer, candidate for County Commissioner from the City District on the Republican ticket, is a native of Iowa and a resident of Seattle for 17 years. At present he is a member of the Seattle Park Board and for 5 years was president of the Automobile Club of Western Washington. As Vice President and Treasurer of the Puget Sound Bridge & Dredging Co. he had a wide business experience along construction and contracting lines and he has had 31 years experience as an engineer. At present Mr. Dyer is retired.

Wm. A. Gaines, present County Treasurer, candidate for County Commissioner from the City District, age 42, has lived in Seattle 14 years and has never held public office prior to his election as Treasurer. His principal business experience has been in banks and in the general detail work of office and financial business administration. He has definite ideas for economy and efficiency and has illustrated some of

his ideas in the conduct of his present office, the records of which show a cost of .56 of 1% as the cost for every \$100 collected as taxes during his present term which is a very creditable showing.

David McKenzie, 63 years of age, candidate for County Commissioner from the City District on the Republican ticket, was born in Scotland but has been a resident of this County for 27 years. From 1910 to 1914 he occupied the position of County Commissioner of this County. Since that time he has been Right of Way agent for King County, which position he now occupies. Prior to his election as County Commissioner, he was engaged in Railroad and Steamship business. He stands upon his former record and for the reduction of taxes.

R. H. Thomson, candidate for County Commissioner from the City District, has been too long and too well known to require extended report. As City Engineer for many years, as a consulting engineer in private practice, and as City Councilman, Mr. Thomson has achieved and maintained a high reputation in his office and as a citizen and public official.

The Committee has no recommendation to make as between Mr. Dyer, Mr. Gaines and Mr. Thomson, all of whom are highly qualified in the estimation of the Committee.

William Corcoran, candidate for County Commissioner from the City District on the Democratic ticket, age 59, has been a resident of Seattle for 28 years; is now in the real estate business; has served as Deputy County Clerk and Under Sheriff for 8 years; for many years represented the real estate interests of the Seattle Brewing & Malting Company; is a believer in municipally owned and operated public utilities; was admitted to the bar in New York State and Washington, but has never practiced here.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER IN THE SECOND COMMISSIONER'S DISTRICT—

Frank H. Paul, candidate for County Commissioner from the Second, or South, District, was born in Michigan 60 years ago and has resided in Seattle, or its suburbs, for 38 years, finishing his education at the University of Washington. He has been engaged in the real estate and insurance business as a member of the firm of Kinnear, Paul & Co. for 20 years. Mr. Paul is a successful business man, familiar with King County affairs, and has been closely connected with King County politics for over 30 years, serving as County Assessor, City Comptroller, and as a member of the Board of Appraisers in the Duwamish Waterway condemnation.

James T. Jones, of Kent, candidate for County Commissioner from the

South District, was a member of the State Legislature 1919 to 1921, president of the Simplex Bed Company, has done some road building for the city of Kent and was formerly Supervisor of Roads under Lafe Hamilton when he was County Commissioner. Mr. Jones is 58 years of age, has lived in Seattle 18 years, resident of the County 41 years, and is now engaged in the hay and grain business in Kent.

George McFarlane, candidate for County Commissioner from the South District, was born in Scotland and has lived in King County 32 years. At present is assistant Property Agent of King County and in the past has been engaged in dairy farming, saw milling, street contracting and general teaming, in which business he has been successful.

G. E. Hallock, candidate for County Commissioner from the South District, resides in Kent and was born in Michigan in 1856, resident of King County 30 years. At present he is assisting his son who owns a Ford Automobile Agency. Was educated at Hillsdale College; was for years Confidential Agent of the O. & W. R. R. and the C. M. & St. P. He is well posted on County affairs and takes a firm position for reduction of taxation, and for economy of administration.

S. F. Woody, candidate for County Commissioner for the South District, is a native of Kentucky and a resident of King County for 20 years, engaged in the real estate business. He is president of the Seattle Real Estate Association, vice president of the National Association of Real Estate Boards, and has served with credit for two terms as Mayor of Bothell; now lives in West Seattle. Mr. Woody is a man of experience and ability; is very familiar with County problems and especially matters which call for a change and in the estimation of the Committee can render valuable service to the County as Commissioner.

I. G. O'Harra, candidate for County Commissioner for the South District, on the Democratic ticket, is a native of Indiana, age 48, has been a resident of Seattle for 20 years, now resides at Rainier Beach where he operates a retail grocery and wharf business. During the war he was employed by Skinner & Eddy as foreman of construction and served the industry by effecting adjustments of working plans between the Government and the shipyard workers. He was State Senator in the last Legislature from the 31st Senatorial District and relies upon his present political strength in that District to elect him as County Commissioner.

Fred Nelsen, candidate for County Commissioner for the South District on the Democratic ticket, is a native of Denmark, age 50, a resident of King County for 33 years. Has

been a farmer all his life and is now living with his family on and operating a dairy farm near Renton Junction. Represented the 40th District one term in the State Legislature and has been a School Director 8 years in his district. Has had considerable experience in road building and maintenance. Promises to devote his entire time to the work.

DAN EARLE

Chairman

WILLIS B. HERR

H. I. CHATTERTON

A. K. FISKEN

FRANK I. CURTIS

COLE-TAYLOR EXHIBITS

In a previous issue the report of the Educational Committee on Cole-Taylor controversy was published together with certain exhibits submitted by Mr. Cole. Space did not permit the publication of Mr. Taylor's statement and his exhibits. This following contains such statement and exhibits:

* * *

(copy)

Seattle, Washington,
Aug. 16, 1922.

Mr. Carl E. Croson,

Leary Building,

Seattle, Washington.

My dear Mr. Croson:

I have read Miss Lytle's statement of our interview with Mr. Taylor, and I heartily subscribe to all that she says.

As regards the religious question which arose in the interview over the Americana Encyclopedia, I would like to add that though I am a Protestant and a member of the Plymouth Congregational Church for many years, as a history teacher I have no religious bias.

Respectfully yours,

ELIZABETH ROWELL.

TAYLOR'S STATEMENT

Seattle, Washington,
August 18, 1922.

To the Board of Directors,

Municipal League,

Seattle, Wash.

Gentlemen:

I submit herewith a copy of my reply dated August 4, 1922 and filed with the Board of Directors of School District No. 1, to Mr. Cole's charges against me which he filed with the Board on July 28th.

I also submit a copy of my letter to Dodd, Mead & Co. dated August 9th and Dodd, Mead & Co.'s reply dated May 15th, confirming my statements during the campaign, that I would have no dealings with the School Board during my term of office in which I had any profit in any way.

I also submit a copy of an affidavit made by Mr. R. C. Miller who made a bid on dictionaries and encyclopedias. Mr. Miller has a contract direct with Dodd, Mead & Co., New York, and has had such a contract for a number of years.

I was not pleased with the action

of the Board in ordering nearly \$25,000.00 worth of text books on what purported to be a report of the "Purchasing Committee." was not aware that the School Board had a "Purchasing Committee." The action authorizing this purchase was taken in a period of not to exceed three minutes of time. I have never yet seen the list of books that was purchased. The report was signed by J. L. Moseley, Supt. of Supplies, and R. W. Jones, Secretary of the Board, neither of whom are members of the Board or members of the "Purchasing Committee." The report was handed to the Board by Assistant Supt. Cole. I asked Mr. Moseley to hold up the purchase of fifteen dictionaries from the J. K. Gill Co. of Portland, until I could consult other members of the Board regarding it. These books could have been purchased from Lowman & Hanford Co. in Seattle at the same prices that the order was given to Portland. At least two other Seattle dealers could have furnished the same books at the same price.

I believe, as a member of the Board of Education, I have a perfect right, in fact, I believe it is my duty so far as possible to question employees regarding their recommendations concerning the work of the schools and particularly concerning purchases of any kinds for which the taxpayers must pay, and I questioned the Librarian that Mr. Cole sent to my office upon his own suggestion and I questioned Mr. Cole regarding his knowledge of reference books, and the questioning developed the fact that neither one of them knew much of anything about the books they were recommending, and the reasons for changing from the New International Encyclopaedia, which had been the one previously purchased, to the Americana, was not well founded.

Mr. Cole's whole charge against me is to the effect that I was trying to influence the School Board, of which I am a member, to purchase books from the sale of which I would have a profit, and evidently his sending the Librarian to my office, and a teacher with her, was the foundation for the attack he planned.

The papers herewith submitted should prove conclusively that I could not have had any profit if the books on which Mr. Miller bid had been purchased by the Board, which they were not.

Your very truly,

E. F. TAYLOR.

August 4, 1922

To the Board of Directors,
Seattle School District No. 1.
Gentlemen:

At the last meeting of this Board on July 28th, an employee, Supt. Cole, filed a "special report pertaining to dictionaries and encyclopedias" copies of this Board and the PUBLIC PRESS.

The purport of these charges being that I attempted to influence the purchase of these books from the firm that I represent for my own profit.

He further stated that I had said to him on July 20th, "I expected you to take care of that matter for me" referring to his recommendation of the New International Encyclopaedia.

I wish to brand these statements of this employee as **MALICIOUS FALSEHOODS**.

I have never asked nor sought to influence any member of this Board since I became a member to recommend or vote for any book published by the firms with which I am connected.

Upon my selection to the School Board I immediately notified Dodd, Mead & Co., in writing that I had been elected to the School Board and could not therefore represent them in any matters of dealings with

the Board, and that I could not be and would not be in any way interested in any sales to the Board, and since that time I have not had, and have not now, any interest in any sales of publications by Dodd, Mead & Co., to the School Board of the city of Seattle and if any purchases should be made from Dodd, Mead & Co., I would not profit thereby a single cent.

I direct your attention to the fact that these personal charges were no part of his regular report and had no place in it, and that Supt. Cole seems to have deliberately gone out of his way to make an attack upon me as a member of this Board, and it is a well known fact to you gentlemen, members of this Board, that from the time I came on this Board to the present time I have been in almost constant opposition to the extravagant program of Supt. Cole and that nobody but a crazy man would think for a minute that I would go to him to try to bribe or influence him in any matter in which I had a personal profit.

This report of Supt. Cole may have been partly inspired by the fact that I opposed his extravagant recommendations and budget for the Educational Department.

I opposed his recommendation and the election of some twenty high priced supervisors believing that half that number would be sufficient.

I opposed his special hobby of supervised study in our high schools which is costing the taxpayers hundreds of thousands of dollars and which in my judgment is not bringing reasonable returns.

I opposed his recommendation that we drop 75 teachers from the rank and file of the workers, to save on the budget, while at the same time he proposed keeping all the high priced supervisors, etc.

I opposed jumping his salary up from \$5100 to \$7500, an increase of \$2400 while the Board was unwillingly compelled to require every teacher to accept a cut.

I have vigorously opposed his continued employment of non-resident teachers sincerely believing that there are plenty of qualified teachers residents of Seattle to fill all vacancies.

At a meeting of this Honorable Board the week before these charges were made I declined to vote on a list of names of teachers that he was recommending for election because I had been given no opportunity to look over the applications and recommendations of the people I was asked to vote for.

A more formal and complete statement will be filed by me in the very near future.

Respectfully submitted,
E. F. TAYLOR.

(Continued in next issue)

LUNDIN & BARTO
Lawyers Alaska Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Ella F. Carroll, Deceased. No. 30459.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Ruth H. Carroll, Executrix of the Estate of Ella F. Carroll, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said Executrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 22nd day of September, 1922, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 22nd day of August, 1922
GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By GEO. L. BERGER,
Deputy.
First pub. Aug. 26, 1922. 3t Sept 9

LUNDIN & BARTO
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IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Octave Lussier, Deceased. No. 28795.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Rosalie Lussier, Executrix of the Estate of Octave Lussier, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her Final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said Executrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 22nd day of September, 1922, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.
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H. C. FORCE
Attorney 1212 Hoge Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County
Stewart & Holmes Drug Co., a corporation, Plaintiff, vs. Pyora Chewing Gum, Inc., H. M. Ramey, Jr., Defendants. No. 160245.
Summons by Publication.
The State of Washington to the said H. M. Ramey:
You are hereby summoned to appear

within sixty days after the date of this publication of this summons to wit, within sixty days after the 26th day of August, 1922, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled Court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for the plaintiff, at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said Court. The object of this action is to recover \$191.62 with interest for goods sold the Pyora Chewing Gum, Inc., a corporation.

H. C. FORCE
Attorney for Plaintiff
P. O. Address, 1212 Hoge Building
Seattle, King County, Washington.
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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. XII. NO. 36.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1922.

PRICE 10 CENTS

OUR EVER RECURRING TAX PROBLEM

BY JAMES T. LAWLER

Chairman Taxation Committee, Municipal League

Our tax problem is up again. It will always be a live issue where there is money to spend and people to spend it. It is axiomatic that the farther removed the employer is from the employee the less likely is the latter to give efficient service. In the case of private corporations or individual employers those on the payroll know that if they do not render efficient service they will forfeit their jobs. In the case of municipal corporations on the other hand this fear does not exist. The public servants and employees trust to the short memory of the public and say to themselves: "this sudden commotion or uprising will soon cease and all will be calm again." It would be amusing if it were not so serious for the average taxpayer to consider the antics of those entrusted with the operation of our municipal machinery. Passing the buck still seems to be the favorite passtime. Notwithstanding the great fight made by the taxpayers of the city last year, particularly by the Tax Reduction Council (which represented over fifty civic and fraternal organizations,) for tax reduction, there appears to be a tendency on the part of our City Council to get back into the old rut of allowing practically everything demanded by the heads of our different departments. They seem to experience great difficulty in holding the levy down to 26 mills, where it now stands. The preliminary budget estimates submitted total \$6,683,513.68; these figures do not include the abandonments and savings of the departments to be paid back, which approximate \$250,000.00; deducting this item leaves the estimate at \$6,433,513.68. The total levy for 1922 was \$6,319,342.00, showing an increase for 1923 of \$114,171.00. This does not include an additional \$225,000.00 loss in revenue due to a reduction of \$11,000,000.00 in the valuation of our City property; thus we have on the showing to date an approximate increase for 1923 over 1922 of approximately \$350,000.00.

From my knowledge of the tax situation I believe there is nothing published which we read with greater interest and more absorbed by the taxpayers than articles or editorials on taxation. But like the street car problem it ramifies into so many directions and twists and turns and becomes so involved that unless one is an expert he throws up his hands and trusts to luck. Recently however, one of the best things stated by our Mayor was the following: "I shall get in communication with the heads of the departments and tell them to help the council to cut off from ten to twenty per cent in every department except police and fire." This was followed by Councilman Cohen's announcement that the Mayor was

stealing his thunder or words to that effect, adding however that it is up to the Mayor to designate the positions he wishes abolished. And on the heels of both of these announcements comes the gratifying news that Chairman Blaine of the Council Finance Committee has ordered slashes aggregating \$250,000.00 in the preliminary budget estimate of municipal departments. This seems to be getting somewhere. There must be co-operation between the Council and the Mayor in the matter of insisting upon the heads of the departments getting along with less and then staying within their budget. When the heads of the departments are told that they must get along with 10 or 20% less money they will then begin to weed out the "political incurables." This has been the attitude of the Tax Reduction Council from the beginning.

Referring briefly to the Tax Reduction Council, while the members of the council have not been as active as last year, yet they are observant of every move of the council and the Mayor, and will be of the other taxing units at the proper time. It cannot be expected that men and women will volunteer their services year in and year out preparing and submitting reports. This should not be necessary. Our elected officials were elected to represent the people and to carry out the people's mandate. This called for lower taxation. 26 mills for the City is too high and yet there is hesitancy to keep the millage at this figure.

Here are a few facts and figures which should be constantly kept in mind by our city officials. In the ten year period between 1913 and 1922 inclusive the city gained 36 per cent in population, yet it costs 80 per cent more to run the city's government. And if the proposed 1923 budget goes through the increase will be 86½ per cent.

Before we can get our taxation on a scientific basis we must have a bureau of municipal research to be on the job all the time. Anything else is mere makeshift. Because of the absence of machinery engaged in a constant study of our taxation problems, there are a few people competent enough to step in and act when an emergency arises, and because of the absence of authoritative information the public has little opportunity to arrive at a unanimity of opinion in regard to the subject. Nothing short of a comprehensive and continuous fact-finding and fact-reporting agency is sufficient. Such an agency would be a bureau of municipal research.

Respectfully,

JAMES T. LAWLER.

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

Published Weekly by the
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Telephone Main 6282

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

SECRETARY'S NOTES

Next Tuesday's program should be a particularly appealing one to the members of the League. The Educational Committee's report on the Cole-Taylor controversy which was referred back to the committee last meeting will be brought on again for hearing next Tuesday. The committee under the acting chairmanship of L. B. Schwellenbach has met repeatedly during the past week, and while at this time the writer does not know the nature of its report, it is to be taken for granted that there will be a lively discussion.

In the event that this report is not ready by Tuesday, the Program Committee, under the acting chairmanship of Mr. Orway Pardee, will put on a program on zoning. This subject, which is one of extreme importance to the city of Seattle at the present time and which affects every section of the city, should receive the earliest consideration of every member of the League.

It is hoped that a large attendance will be present at this meeting.

Several reports are in prospect for the coming weeks. Mr. Haight's committee on the Skagit will soon render its report. The Civil Service Committee will shortly submit a report on the pensioning of employees. The Charter Revision Committee which has been at work all summer is also expected to make a preliminary report, and so on.

Several matters noted from time to time in prior issues of the News have been referred to committees and the membership can expect reports on various civic phases to be submitted to it in the near future.

* * *

The value of the Municipal News to the League, and I believe to the citizens as a whole, is of inestimable value. Witness the case of the report on candidates. The report was submitted last Friday and adopted by the membership of the League without a dissenting vote. Copies of this report were sent to all of the newspapers immediately upon its being approved. Not one paper printed the report in full or substantial extracts from it. The Times in its Saturday edition did have a few inches devoted to a summary of the report—the other papers had nothing. More than one thousand copies of the News were ordered by candidates who received favorable mention in the report. In addition to that, scores of copies were called for by private citizens. It is safe to say that at least five thousand people saw the report as it was printed in full in the News.

* * *

Newspapers cannot frequently be trusted to keep their word. Take the case of the Cole-Taylor report. At a meeting of the Board of Trustees on August 21 it was decided that the report should be turned over to the Seattle Daily Times on the condition that the report be published in full or not at all. The

City Editor accepted the condition and the Secretary in submitting the report confirmed the understanding by writing the following letter:-

"August 22, 1922

"Mr. Richard W. Buchanan,
"City Editor, 'The Seattle Times'
"Seattle.

"Dear Buchanan:

"The following report of the Educational committee was presented to the Board of Trustees of the Municipal League at its regular meeting yesterday noon at the Elk's Club. The Board accepted the report and ordered the same presented to the membership of the League Tuesday noon, Sept. 12. (The first meeting of the League takes place Tuesday, Sept. 5, at which time the Candidates Investigating Committee report on county and legislative candidates will be presented). The Board instructed me to turn over a copy of this report to 'The Seattle Times' on condition that the report be published in full. In the event you can do this in today's issue, well and good, otherwise you are at liberty to hold it over until such time as it can be published in full.

"The committee consisted of L. B. Schwellenbach, chairman, H. A. Woodcock, and D. D. Johnson.

"Very truly yours,

"Eimon L. Wienir,

"Secretary"

That afternoon a brief article appeared in the Times quoting but a portion of the report. A committee called upon the Editor the following morning and waited on Colonel Blethen for something like an hour. Finally word came that Colonel Blethen would be unable to see the committee until the following day. Of course, this would have made the interview useless in so far as correcting the mischief done was concerned, for by that time the other newspapers had also articles on the report and the subject would no longer be "news". Thus, the value of the Municipal News to the League becomes of increasing importance. Members should aid in making this publication the best possible and see to it that their friends subscribe to it whether they be members of the League or not.

COLE-TAYLOR REPORT IS REFERRED BACK TO COMMITTEE

The report on the Cole-Taylor controversy which has appeared in full in previous issues of the News was submitted to the membership of the League at a special meeting on September 12. Mr. H. A. Woodcock, in the absence of acting chairman L. B. Schwellenbach, read the report. A motion to adopt the report was made and seconded. Mr. James A. Haight then moved an amendment to the motion that there be included a commendation of the action of Superintendent Cole in bringing to the attention of the School Board and to the attention of the people the matter which is the subject of this report. Mr. Cole has rendered a great public service in so calling attention to the matter under consideration and he deserves the commendation of the League. Dr. Walter Kelton then spoke at length favoring the tabling of the report and later so moved, but finally withdrew this motion. Mr. Haight then withdrew his amendment and the report was ordered referred back to the committee for further investigation and report.

It is expected that the Educational Committee will have the new report ready by Tuesday.

SCHWELLENBACH STATE AMERICAN LEGION COMMANDER

At the annual meeting of the American Legion of the State at Wenatchee, L. B. Schwellenbach, a member of the Board of Trustees of the Municipal League, was elected State Commander of the Legion.

Mr. Schwellenbach will represent the state at the annual National meeting of the Legion at New Orleans early next month. His work, too, as State Commander, will require him to make numerous visits throughout the State during the course of the year.

POOR LITTLE FELLER

Pity the little centipede,
Who has a hundred toes,
And often has to wonder which
Is just the one that froze.
And sometimes when he freezes
It is some job, I ween,
To massage each and every toe
With soothing vaseline.

Taylor — Cole Controversy

Concluded from last issue

(copy)

May 9, 1922.

Edward H. Dodd,

New York, N. Y.

Dear Mr. Dodd:

I thank you for your letter about the campaign for the School Board and I have already mailed you a printed account of the result and I have already been sworn into the job. Under the laws I am not allowed to have any business dealings, of which I make a profit, with the School Board, so long as I am a member thereof. Therefore, any orders from the School Board may give will never have to be given direct to Dodd, Mead & Co., New York, or sent to Mr. Miller, and you must be in a position to make affidavit that you have not paid me any commission in any way on orders from the Seattle Board of Education during my term of office. There is no reason, however, why our salesman could not receive his regular commission on any orders that the Board may give through him.

Yours very truly,

E. F. TAYLOR.

* * *

(copy)

E. F. Taylor,

Seattle, Wash.

Dear Mr. Taylor:-

From your letter of May 9th, we understand that as you are a school board official, you are not allowed to make any profit on the sale of the new International Encyclopaedia, but as you say, there is no reason why our salesman cannot work diligently on his business and report sales to this office, you shipping out the sets from our office and we paying your agents their proper commission but paying you no branch office commission.

If this understanding is correct, will you kindly confirm it and act accordingly on any such orders received? We should then be in a position to make affidavits to the school board that you personally have not made anything from these sales.

Yours very truly,

DODD, MEAD & COMPANY, Inc.

By E. H. D.

* * *

(copy)

Seattle, Washington.

August 1, 1922.

To the Board of Directors,

Seattle School District No. 1.

Gentlemen:

At a meeting of your Board held on July 28th, Superintendent Cole presented a report in which he criticized and made charges against Director Taylor with reference to my bids for encyclopaedias and dictionaries.

In as much as my name has been brought into the controversy I wish to submit herewith a copy of my original contract with Dodd, Mead & Company of New York showing that I am employed directly by this publishing firm.

FIRST REGULAR MEETING

FALL TERM

TUESDAY NOON, SEPTEMBER 12TH

AT

L. C. SMITH BLDG. RESTAURANT

ZONING PROGRAM—COLE-TAYLOR REPORT

LET'S START THE YEAR RIGHT!

My business connections with the Wheeler Publishing Company are similar to those with Dodd, Mead & Company except that they do not have written contract with salesmen, but the conditions of employment are identical.

When I proposed submitting a bid on encyclopaedias and dictionaries for the publishing houses that I represent I discussed the matter with Mr. Taylor and he told me distinctly that he would not have any connection whatever with any such bid, that if the bids were submitted it must be in every way a matter between myself and the publishers, and that if the bids were accepted I would have to make arrangements to have the books delivered direct from the publishers and not through the Seattle branch office.

R. C. MILLER

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of August A. D. 1922

THOS. B. McMAHON

Notary Public.

THE CITY CLUB OF MILWAUKEE

By L. Tiefenthaler, Civic Sect'ry.

The general purpose of the City Club, in the words of its articles of incorporation, is to bring about a closer union and co-operation among citizens who sincerely desire to study municipal affairs, to acquire and disseminate accurate information concerning these subjects and generally to promote, in a practical and effective way, better social, civic and economic conditions.

A small group of men interested in promoting civic welfare got together twelve years ago and organized the City Club. At first it had no headquarters, but met at any convenient place. Three years later it rented quarters. They were small, but so was the club. In 1917 the club took a lease on its present quarters. These are much larger, but have already become inadequate for the constantly growing membership, which in the last four

years has grown from 750 to 2,026.

Almost from its inception the club admitted both men and women. At present about 30 per cent of its membership consists of women.

The club carries out its purpose in three ways: Through its social life, its speaking forum, and its civic work.

The club's social life centers about its quiet, pleasant lounge with its many current periodicals, and its dining room, at which luncheon and dinner are served and where members develop a personal acquaintance with one another. In small dining rooms committees of the club and other groups meet for discussion of public questions and to plan for specific effort in the current interest of the community.

The club's speaking forum keeps members in intimate touch with modern thought on political, economic and social questions. This has been so successful that the club is now recognized as the chief and most useful forum in the city and state. When the club quarters are inadequate to meet the demand to hear noted speakers, the addresses are delivered in larger downtown halls. On these occasions each member is permitted to invite a friend. During the past year fifty-four lectures were given. These addresses, many given by famous men and women of this and other countries, have exerted an influence far beyond its own membership because of the city-wide and even state-wide publicity that is given them through the newspapers. The City Club has found that there is no more effective way of building up a membership and reining it than to give its members an opportunity to hear the

best speakers available. The club spends several thousand dollars a year to maintain a forum of the highest class and its experience proves this is a good investment.

MODERN CITY PLANNING

(Continued from recent issue)

Preservation of Trees and Open Spaces in New Subdivisions

In the preparation of city plans, it is important to preserve sufficient trees, particularly in residential areas, to give a certain amount of furnishing to the area and to prevent the bare uninteresting effect produced by looking on a number of new buildings without any of the natural relief obtained from foliage. The advantage of trees for shade and to some extent as a protection against fire cannot be questioned. Every new subdivision should have recreation space to the extent of one acre for every 100 houses. In certain provinces, of Canada, there is a regulation that requires that one acre in every ten acres be left as an open space and dedicated to the public. This is a good rule even if it cannot be applied consistently without some injustice. If a section of land is crowded thickly with buildings, it should have more open space than a section which is sparsely occupied. One acre in every ten means the provision of a playground to every fifty houses, allowing about five and a half houses to the acre. It is a good average, however, because as time goes on it will be easy to build 80 to 90 houses on nine acres.

If the general plan of the city includes provisions to prevent the erection of buildings on marshy or flooded land, these will automatically become part of the breathing space. Open spaces can frequently be provided on land that is not adaptable for building. The saving in construction of narrow roads next to open spaces is often sufficient to justify the loss of area of building land which results from providing these open spaces.

The Problem of the Outskirts

One of the tragedies of modern city life and the development of industrialism has been the conflict or aloofness that has grown up between the city and the

country. We have ignored the fact that agriculture, as Gibbons says, is the foundation of manufactures. This is truer in modern times in a commercial sense than ever before. It is also true in the sense than physical and mental deterioration in the city has to be balanced by maintaining a healthy and vigorous race in the country.

Unfortunately in many country districts the conditions are productive of deterioration as much as in the crowded city. The proper ideal is to make the city more healthy by introducing

more of the attractions of the country, and to make the country more healthy by extending to it more of the attractions of the city. The present tendency continues, even politically, towards further conflict between city and country interests. Often the worst building development takes place in the rural areas surrounding large cities. The greatest difficulties of obtaining effective control of highways, sanitation and of land development are probably to be found along the fringes just over the boundaries of cities. The rural municipality, very often having the outlook of a purely farming population, regards the suburban exrescence of the city as an undesirable encroachment, even if it has the redeeming feature of bringing some added revenue. The rural council has not been accustomed to deal with that class of development and it leaves it uncontrolled or governed by rural standards, quite inadequate to meet urban conditions. On the other hand, the city looks upon the overflow into the rural territory as something to be discouraged because it naturally does not favor the loss of its inhabitants. For that reason, it avoids extending its water supply or its sewerage system to the outside areas when it can do so.

Thus the selfish interests of the city and of the country mean the neglect of the very territory that most needs planning and the laying down of the soundest conditions of development.

To make matters worse, the extension of cities takes place in a haphazard way and on no definite principle with the consequence that the township authority suspends improvements as long as it can in the hope that it will be able to escape its obligations altogether, while the city authority defers as long as possible any movements for extension.

(Continued in next issue)

Natural Climax—"Jim Bilkins is dead."

"How come?"

"He stuck his head into the Red Dog saloon and hollered FIRE."

"Well?"

"They did."—Siren.

* * *

Not Post Hope.—Patron of the Arts: Eighty-five francs? That's rather expensive for the work of a painter who's still alive.

Art Dealer: Well, you might give me the money, and I'll see what can be done about it.—Le Matin.

LUNDIN & BARTO

Lawyers Alaska Bldg

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Ella F. Carroll, Deceased. No. 30459.

Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Ruth J. Carroll, Executrix of the Estate of Ella F. Carroll, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said Executrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 22nd day of September, 1922, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 22nd day of August, 1922

GEORGE A. GRANT,

Clerk of said Court.

By GEO. L. BERGER,

Deputy.

First pub. Aug. 26, 1922. 31 Sept 9

LUNDIN & BARTO

Lawyers Alaska Bldg

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In the Matter of the Estate of Octave Lussier, Deceased. No. 28795.

Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Rosalie Lussier, Executrix of the Estate of Octave Lussier, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said Executrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 22nd day of September, 1922, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

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Clerk of said Court.

By GEO. L. BERGER,

Deputy.

First pub. Aug. 26, 1922. 31 Sept 9

H. C. FORCE

Attorney 1212 Hoge Bldg

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County Stewart & Holmes Drug Co., a corporation, Plaintiff, vs. Pyora Chewing Gum, Inc., H. M. Ramey, Jr., Defendants. No. 160245.

Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to the said H. M. Ramey:

You are hereby summoned to appear

within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons to wit, within sixty days after the 26th day of August, 1922, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled Court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for the plaintiff, at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said Court. The object of this action is to recover \$191.62 with interest for goods sold the Pyora Chewing Gum, Inc., a corporation.

H. C. FORCE,

Attorney for Plaintiff

P. O. Address, 1212 Hoge Building

Seattle, King County, Washington.

First pub. Aug. 26, 1922. 31 Sept 9

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SEP 22 1922

Seattle Municipal News

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VOL. XII. NO. 37.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1922.

PRICE 10 CENTS

LEAGUE ADOPTS COLE-TAYLOR REPORT

At the meeting of the Municipal League Tuesday noon, September 12th, the report of the Educational Committee, headed by L. B. Schwellenbach, on the Cole-Taylor controversy, was adopted. The League also passed a resolution to the effect that "commended the action of Mr. Cole in bringing the matter to the attention of the board and the general public." Mr. Haight, who fostered the resolution, stated that in his opinion the incident is a valuable one as it brought active discussion as to the duty of the members of the board and would have a wholesome effect upon the conduct of the school affairs.

Dr. Walter Kelton spoke at length against the adoption of the report, as did Fred Catlett who charged that the letters written by school director Taylor to his publishing house were a subterfuge to permit the violation of the law. Several motions to amend the report of the committee proposed by Dr. Kelton failed of passage.

Those who spoke for the adoption of the report were Jackson H. Baugh, James W. Reynolds, and James A. Haight.

The special Educational Committee to which the question was referred for further report brought the following report Tuesday noon, which was adopted.

September 11th, 1922.

Municipal League,
Seattle, Washington.
Gentlemen:

Your Special Education Committee, appointed for the purpose of investigating the so-called Cole-Taylor controversy, met last Friday and considered the action of the League in referring the matter to the Committee its report

**Tuesday Noon, September 19th
at the L. C. Smith Building Restaurant
Illustrated Address on Zoning by Mr. E. L. Gaines, Engineer and Executive Secretary of Zoning Commission.**

**Tuesday Noon, September 26th
William Woods, Superintendent of Public Instruction of the State of California will address the League on "EDUCATIONAL PROBLEMS"
at the L C Smith Building Restaurant**

for further action and decided to resubmit the report without amendment. It is our understanding that there were three points of criticism of the report:

First: That Mr. Cole was not given an opportunity to reply to the answer of Mr. Taylor.

Second: That the parties were not given an opportunity to appear personally before the Committee; and,

Third: That the report did not commend the action of Mr. Cole in filing his charges against Mr. Taylor.

Taking up the criticisms in order we desire to say: First, we did not feel there was any affirmative matter contained in the answer of Mr. Taylor that called for a reply on the part of Mr. Cole. We believe that a careful analysis of our report will show that there was no controverted point considered in the conclusion reached except the question as between Mr. Moseley and Mr. Taylor and that was decided against Mr. Taylor. Second, we felt at the time of the original investigation and we still feel that the best way to handle this matter was on written statements. There is so much bitterness involved in this controver-

sy and so much antagonism between the parties that it is impossible for either side to discuss the matter without taking up irrelevant and immaterial questions. The persons who criticize our report do not seem to realize that the only question submitted to us was this one controversy, that we were not instructed to pass upon the general question of Mr. Taylor's record or any of his acts except those specifically involved in the charges of Mr. Cole. We do not feel that any benefit could come to any one by having a general discussion on the part of each of the parties concerning the character of the other party. There was a clear cut issue presented and we considered it and met it. Third, we do not feel that it was necessary to commend Mr. Cole for making the charge, he was not under fire and we do not believe it was either necessary or proper to include in our report any commendation of Mr. Cole.

Yours very truly

L. B. SCHWELLENBACH

D. D. JOHNSON

H. A. WOODCOCK

SECRETARY'S NOTES

The writer made an earnest appeal at last Tuesday's meeting for better attendance. He called upon those present to assist in the increase of attendance by inviting other members of the League and friends of the members to participate in the programs. Nothing, he said, encouraged the officers of the League, the committees and the speakers who come to us, so much as a large attendance. He also pointed out the fact that the Municipal News is the newspaper of the League and that each of its members was not only privileged to write articles of opinion concerning the municipal government in the columns of the "News", but that each member was particularly and urgently invited to do so. He further illustrated the value of the "News" in so far as the publication of the reports in full were concerned, by pointing out that the daily newspapers of the city had scarcely a mention of the candidates investigating committee report. Some fifteen hundred copies of the "News" were distributed broad-cast throughout the city. "If more citizens, irrespective of whether they are members or not, would subscribe to the "News" the influence of the League would be broadened and the projects that the League hopes to carry thru successfully this year would be encouraged," declared the Secretary.

Mr. James A. Haight joined with the Secretary in the appeal stating that the program for the city-manager government which the League had inaugurated and upon which it was now working was the greatest single piece of constructive work that any civic organization in the city had promulgated. The citizens of this city will find in the League

(Continued on Page 3)

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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MUNICIPAL LEAGUE OF SEATTLE
Telephone Main 6282

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Walter L. Nossaman, Main 0816
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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

FACTS ABOUT REVENUE & EXPENDITURE SITUATION

Secretary's Note.—The following resume of the revenue and expenditure situation appearing in the published report of the State of Washington Tax Investigation Committee appointed by Gov. Louis F. Hart is so concise and yet comprehensive that we deem it of value to those who desire information on the tax situation of the state.

The revenue problem which confronts the State of Washington is not one peculiar to this state alone. Every state in the union is seeking, in one way or another, to meet satisfactorily the same problem. In some it is no doubt more acute than here. Everywhere the costs of government are rapidly mounting, and tax rates are rising to unprecedented levels. No fewer than eight states have recently created special committees of investigation similar to this one.

In some respects the situation in Washington is quite different from that which prevails in the older states, or those with markedly different economic characteristics. Potentially this state possesses vast wealth in lumber, minerals, fisheries and soil, but these resources are as yet not fully developed. Their full development must wait for population and capital. The state is in its infancy economically. It therefore lacks the immense reservoir of tax paying power to which older and more wealthy states have access.

Nevertheless, in Washington we have been under the necessity of providing the agencies of organized government and of modern social organization on a comprehensive scale. Our school system extends to every corner of the state, and we have provided in many places facilities for the education of a few children which would be adequate to care for larger numbers at little or no additional cost. We have covered the state with a magnificent system of arterial highways, hundreds of miles of which traverse sparsely settled districts. In various other ways we have been obliged, by the pressure of public opinion and drift of the times, to provide those governmental facilities which make most of the difference between pioneer conditions and comfortable modern life, small population and on a relatively small basis of taxable wealth. The state and local financial problems are at present serious, largely because of the gulf between the enormous physical territory to be served and the limited available taxable resources. The tax duplicates of many cities in the East exceed the entire duplicate of the state, yet we are endeavoring to provide governmental services on a scale and of a quality comparable with the East, for an area of 69,127 square miles.

The act which created this committee indicated a definite problem to which an answer was to be sought. This problem is stated, in the terms of the enact-

ment, as that of relieving real estate and tangible personal property of a part of the tax burden which these classes of property are now carrying. Your committee understands this to be, in other words, the problem of the more equitable distribution of the tax burden. This problem may be approached from two angles, both of which have been given careful consideration:-

First: The more equitable distribution of the tax burden thru improved administration and enforcement of existing tax laws.

Second: A redistribution of the tax burden through the development of new sources of revenue.

We have been unable, however, to confine our inquiries wholly to this rather limited view of the state's revenue problem. We have realized that the tendency towards further increase in the outlays made by the state and local subdivisions is steady and more or less inevitable, so that the question of the future increase in the total revenue needs cannot be entirely avoided. The full consideration of the state's future revenue requirements would carry us beyond the scope of the problem committed to us, and we have undertaken no forecast of these needs, nor have we deemed it proper to formulate a complete revenue program to meet the public requirements for an indefinite time. A thorough study of this larger problem would require more time and more ample resources than were at our disposal. Farther on in this report will be found some suggestions which look toward the development of a model taxation system for the State of Washington.

Seattle, Sept. 5, 1922.

The annual spasm is on for reducing the salaries of City Clerks and for reducing the force and thereby, to my mind, lessening the efficiency of the service.

While the taxpayers of course want expenses cut down and their taxes reduced, yet to those who have a broad view of the whole situation, it seems that the energies of the officials might be directed in better channels.

Come, let us take stock. Why should we reduce a few clerks

and discharge others and at the same time buy expensive park that we do not need.

The so-called Salt Water Park of 130 acres just south of Lincoln Beach at the extreme Southwest corner of the city is referred to. The city of Seattle is not short of parks; it has 30 parks containing 1155 acres, well distributed throughout the city, 2 playgrounds containing 87 acres and 9 unimproved tracts. This is quite a modest acreage for a city of 340,000 people. Of the parks 12 contain more than 10 acres each, and of these 12, 4 contain from 20 to 60 acres and 4 contain over 100 acres each.

Seward Park has 194 acres; Woodland, 179; Washington, 163; Jefferson, 101; Ravenna and Cowen which are together, 50; Volunteer, 48, and Interlaken, 46,—the others are smaller. When it is remembered that the parkways or boulevards and squares contain 228 acres and the water area 240 acres, it is apparent how generously we are provided with parks and playgrounds. Where, then, is the necessity for buying another park of 130 acres in the extreme southwest corner of the city? Rather it is an extravagant waste when so much of the people's property is sold every year for non-payment of taxes.

It would be far better business for the city to sell some of the 600 lots which we do not need and the 327 acres of land on the side of the city, some of which is outside of King County.

JAS. E. BLACKWELL.

Edward W. Allen, chairman of the Educational Committee, returned this week from a month's visit to Alaska. He is now prepared to assume active chairmanship of the Educational Committee work.

Forgetfulness Was Mutual

Seeing an advertisement of a safety razor company in the papers, a young man wrote the following letter to the firm:

"Gentlemen: Enclosed please find for which send me a safety razor.

P. S.: I forgot to enclose the money but no doubt a firm of your reputation would not hesitate to forward a razor.

To which he received the reply: "Dear Sir: Your order received. We are enclosing one safety razor which we hope will prove satisfactory. P. S.: We forgot to enclose the money but we think that a fellow of your cheek does not need one of our razors."—Capper's Weekly.

WHO'S WHO

D. D. JOHNSON

Member Board of Trustees

Dallas D. Johnson was born in Iowa where he attended high school. He completed his undergraduate work at the Iowa State Teachers College, coming to Seattle in 1908 to assume his duties as an elementary school principal. In 1913 he resigned from the public schools in order to accept a scholarship at Columbia University where he completed his graduate work, receiving his M. A. degree in 1914.

During 1914-15 Mr. Johnson was director of Teacher training in the Bowling Green (Ohio) State Normal School. He returned to Seattle in September 1915 to serve as assistant professor of Education at the University of Washington teaching Educational Sociology.

In 1917, he resigned his position at the University of Washington to become assistant secretary of the Lincoln Trust Co., Spokane. Soon after that, however, he was invited by Dr. Charles A. Prosser, Director of the Federal Board for Vocational Education, to accept an important position on his staff at Washington, D. C. Mr. Johnson was identified for over three years with the work of vocationally rehabilitating men and women who were disabled in the service, serving the major portion of that time as assistant to Mr. Claude H. Anderson Chief of rehabilitation Division for this district; Mr. Anderson was president of the Municipal League during the past year. April 1st last, Mr. Johnson was appointed special agent for the Aetna Life Insurance Company. His office is 244 Central Bldg.

Mr. Johnson is a member of the Tau Kappa Alpha, Acacia Club, and Phi Delta Kappa.

CARKEEK RETURNS FROM TRIP ABROAD

Vivian M. Carkeek, a prominent Seattle attorney and member of the Board of Trustees of the Municipal League, with Mrs. Carkeek, returned this week from a five months trip to En-

gland and the continental countries.

"I want to emphasize the fact," Mr. Carkeek said, "that the greatest problem confronting Seattle is the combining of the city and county governments. The new city and county of London, which has taken in many of the old English counties, has been an unqualified success. It has resulted in much greater efficiency and a noticeably decreased cost in government."

Mr. and Mrs. Carkeek, formerly Miss Florence Lewis, left here April 29 for their honeymoon. They spent nearly a month in the East and sailed for England May 24. They traveled through Belgium, France and Germany, and visited Oberammergau, where they witnessed the Passion Play. From there they went through Austria to Italy and then north through France and Germany to Reval, Esthonia, where they visited Mrs. Carkeek's sister, Mrs. P. G. Brenna, wife of the Italian minister to Esthonia. Mrs. Brenna was formerly Miss Gwendolyn Carkeek of this city.

From Esthonia Mr. and Mrs. Carkeek returned to England, by way of Germany and Holland. While in England they visited Sir Arthur Carkeek, an uncle of Mr. Carkeek, on his estate in Cornwall in the west of England. Mr. Carkeek, spent much of his time studying economic conditions abroad and said he believes the countries are recovering more rapidly from the effects of the war than their bankers or financiers are willing to admit.

Next Tuesday's program will consist of an address by Mr. E. L. Gaines on zoning. Mr. Gaines, who is engineer and executive secretary of the Zoning Commission of the city and who is thoroughly familiar with the zoning program of the commission will illustrate his address by a number of slides. Those who are familiar with the work already done by the commission will appreciate the arduous and extremely difficult task which has at all times confronted the commission. So municipal subject of the day touches the various residential localities so closely as does the subject of zoning. The

address will take about forty-five minutes, and the meeting will start promptly at 12 so as to give all the time necessary to the speaker.

SECRETARY'S NOTES

(Continued from Page 1)

the greatest field for patriotic service, declared Mr. Haight.

There are a number of members who are still in arrears in the dues. These should make an immediate effort to pay what is due. Perhaps no other organization of the city accomplishing the work which the League is engaged in has dues as low. Certainly it should be no burden to anyone to pay \$3.00 a year. As a matter of fact, that sum is hardly sufficient at this time to carry the full financial responsibility that the organization is shouldering. The least that a member can do is to pay the small sum as quickly and as expeditiously as possible.

MODERN CITY PLANNING

(Continued from recent issue)

The absence of a uniform state system of assessment is a further cause of trouble and it is round the question of assessment that the final battle is usually fought when the question of extending a city area comes up for consideration. The final result is usually a compromise giving the inhabitants of the rural area enjoyment of a fixed assessment for a period of years and saving the city some money for development. The general interests and welfare of the community are ignored in a struggle for the best financial terms. The making of regional surveys will perhaps help us to arrive at some better method of readjusting municipal boundaries in the interests of both the city and the adjacent rural territory.

Agricultural Belts

Mr. John Irwin Bright has put forward a proposal for the developing productive belts around cities. Were this proposal followed up it would revolutionize town development in America and reestablish a proper equilibrium between town and country. The significance of such schemes, and of movements leading to the creation of Garden Cities and Farm Cities, is that

they are showing the way towards a new conception of the principles on which modern cities should be encouraged to expand. The productive agricultural belt or wedge will be essential as the public park or playground in the city of the future. If the large modern industrial city is to be preserved from decay and disintegration when it grows still larger, it must develop a system of lungs on a greater scale than hitherto, and productive parks are more economical and practicable for this purpose than recreation parks. The needs of the population for open space and nature is greater than their needs for recreation space or than is practicable to provide on a non-productive basis. That is the reason for the significance of the Garden City plan with its agricultural belt.

Many years may elapse before this idea takes a full hold, but it is not conceivable that future generations will be so blind to the evil tendencies of unrestricted expansion of congested urban areas as to reject the only effective solution. The control of the development of land is essential to this solution of the problem of congestion. Large areas of land near and within cities can be more economically used for agricultural production than for building, because their levels are such as to make the cost of conversion into building land and construction of local improvements excessive in comparison with the values they create for building purposes.

The fourth and final stage would consist in preparing the provisions of the scheme or the ordinance which is to give statutory effect to the plan and make it a workable instrument. This raises the question of the law in relation to planning of the city.

The law in relation to city planning has to do with the acquisition of land for public purposes, control of public utilities, water fronts, streets, erection and setback of buildings, traffic regulations, zoning regulations governing the classification and delimitation of areas of land for different uses, heights, and densities of buildings and other matters.

In the United States it has also to do with excess condemnation governed by constitutional

amendment in different states and the statutes under them.

LUNDIN & BARTO
Lawyers Alaska Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Ella F. Carroll, Deceased. No. 30459.
 Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.
 Notice is hereby given that Ruth H. Carroll, Executrix of the Estate of Ella F. Carroll, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said Executrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 22nd day of September, 1922, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.
 Dated this 22nd day of August, 1922
 GEORGE A. GRANT,
 Clerk of said Court.
 By GEO. L. BERGER,
 Deputy.
 First pub. Aug. 26, 1922. 3t Sept 9

THE MUNICIPAL LEAGUE MEETS EVERY TUESDAY at
42 Story L. C. Smith Bldg. Rest's., Inc.
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TRY ONE OF THOSE SPECIAL LUNCHEON FOR 35 CENTS
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"My friend," began the man with the bag full of tracts persuasively, "have you ever reflected on the shortness of life and the fact that death is inevitable?"
 "Have I?" replied the man with the big overcoat cheerfully. "Well, I should say so. I am an insurance agent."—Pathfinder.

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SECRETARY'S NOTE
 The following articles on City Clubs and the other articles which will appear in the news from time to time were written especially for the bulletin entitled "City Clubs in America" gotten out under the auspices of the National Association of Civic Secretaries. The purpose of the publication of the articles is well set forth in the preface.

"The story of the American City Club, a non-partisan civic organization without economic, political or religious bias, located in a score of the great municipalities of the country, is of interest to public-minded folks in the degree in which they retain their faith in the ideals of American government.

"When people of every walk of life gather together in a great city on the common ground of a belief in the fundamental doctrines of the Constitution and the Bill of Rights, and with no axe to grind and no logs to roll, endeavor through free discussion to discover the truth about their public affairs, the history of their efforts should be worth the telling—and the reading.

FRANCIS T. HAYES,
 "President, National Association of Civic Secretaries.

"Cleveland, O, April 21, '22."
THE CITY CLUB OF CHICAGO

By F. B. Johnstone, President.
 Twenty-five years ago there was a group of men in Chicago, who were engaged in exploiting the franchise possibilities of the city for their own personal advantage and at the expense of the public. The city council was controlled by aldermen who could not be relied upon to protect the public interest, and the general condition of the body politic was bad. At this time a group of men organized for the protection of the city and formed what is known as the Municipal Voters' League, their purpose being to observe the council record of each alderman, to ascertain the qualifications of all candidates for the aldermanic office and to report facts and recommendations to the public.

About seven years after the Municipal Voters' League was organized, some of its members thought it worth while to organize a small club of those interested in municipal reform, and after several preliminary confer-

ences, there was formed in December, 1903, with a membership of about 150 men, the present City Club of Chicago. Its first meeting place was in rooms over Vogelsang's Restaurant on Madison Street, west of LaSalle. In 1905 it moved to a location on Clark Street, opposite the Federal Building, where it occupied three floors. In the Clark Street quarters, which were not the most desirable in the world, its
 (Continued in next issue)

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LUNDIN & BARTO
Lawyers Alaska Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Octave Lussier, Deceased. No. 28795.
 Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.
 Notice is hereby given that Rosalie Lussier, Executrix of the Estate of Octave Lussier, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said Executrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 22nd day of September, 1922, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.
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 By GEO. L. BERGER,
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THE INSTANTANEOUS ALARM COMPANY
 Members National Fire Protection Association
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H. C. FORCE
Attorney 1212 Hoge Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County
 Stewart & Holmes Drug Co., a corporation, Plaintiff, vs. Pyora Chewing Gum, Inc., H. M. Ramey, Jr., Defendants. No. 160245.
 Summons by Publication.
 The State of Washington to the said H. M. Ramey:
 You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons to-wit, within sixty days after the 26th day of August, 1922, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled Court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for the plaintiff, at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said Court. That the object of this action is to recover \$191.62 with interest for goods sold the Pyora Chewing Gum, Inc., a corporation.
 H. C. FORCE,
 Attorney for Plaintiff.
 P. O. Address, 1212 Hoge Building, Seattle, King County, Washington.
 First pub. Aug. 26, 1922. 6t Sept 30

The Roslyn Fuel Co.
COAL
 818-821 White Bldg.
 SEATTLE, WASH.

Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. XII. NO. 38.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1922.

PRICE 10 CENTS

INCREASE IN PHONE RATES IS ASKED

Announcement was made last Thursday afternoon that the Pacific Telephone & Telegraph Company has filed with the State Department of Public Works at Olympia a new tariff making a statewide increase in rates averaging 31 per cent. The new tariff is filed to become effective November 1st. The increases it makes in the Seattle telephone rates are the following:-

Individual business telephones, from \$8.50 to \$12 a month; individual residence phones, from \$4.75 to \$4.75; two-party residence telephones, from \$3 to \$4; four party residence telephones, from \$2.50 to \$3.25 a month.

The company explained that the rapidly increasing costs of operation made it necessary to ask for the increase in rates. The City Department of Public Utilities has announced its intention to protest the rate increase and to head a state-wide fight to block it.

The matter will be presented at the regular meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Municipal League Monday, announcing J. L. Baldwin, president, and committee will be asked to investigate and report on the matter to the members of the league.

The Seattle Post-Intelligencer, commenting editorially on the proposed increase, says:

"The move of the telephone companies in the direction of a higher schedule is probably only backfire to check a movement for the lowering of rates.

"Out of the subsequent proceedings, the companies probably hope that the worst that will come to them will be the retention of the present scale."

WILL C. WOODS,

Superintendent of Instruction of the State of California.

Tuesday Noon, September 26th

At the L. C. Smith Building Restaurant.

**A Great Educator,
A Forceful Man.**

**A Brilliant Orator,
Do not fail to hear him.**

Next week: J. D. Ross on "Electrical Development in Western Washington." Skagit Committee will Report.

PROCLAMATION

To the Citizens of Seattle

Electricity is one of the greatest natural economic resources of the Pacific Northwest. It is a new and tremendous force which has come into our economic and domestic life in the last generation. It turns the wheels of our mills and factories; it irrigates and brings into fruition much of our desert land; it lifts the treasures from our mines; it carries our voice over a wire from ocean to ocean at a speed greater than the sun; and it enables us to talk through the air across the seas. It gives up dependable urban and interurban transportation, thus relieving the congestion of our cities by enabling our workers to get quickly and cheaply to a house in the open air; it adds more than fifty per cent to the efficiency of our single track mountain trunk lines; and it lightens the burdens of the home by replacing the old, back-breaking methods with their drudgery, with the comfort, convenience, and efficiency of the modern electrical servants.

Electricity is a permanent factor in our existence. The State of Washington leads the entire country in potential electric energy. The engineering feats here in the west in electrical development are surpassed nowhere else on the globe, and though the fuel supply is diminishing year by year, this great

force of nature goes on forever.

The City of Seattle is in the center of a vast supply of this valuable resource and it will be a big factor both in promoting our future economic development, in relieving much of the irksome toil of the home, and in adding to our general comfort.

For this reason I hereby proclaim the week of September 22nd, to 29th as "Seattle Electrical Week," during which the people of Seattle, both individually and through our various organizations may learn more of the development of this new science. The Electric Club of Seattle is preparing two Modern Electrical Homes where they will demonstrate how a house may be properly wired for the convenient use of electrical appliances and how these electrical servants may add to our home comforts. Let us benefit by this splendid educational movement.

EDWIN J. BROWN

Mayor of the City of Seattle.

A. H. DIMMOCK TO HEAD LEAGUE DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

A. H. Dimmock has accepted appointment as chairman of the League's City Development Committee, and his committee will begin work at once investigating the proposed Zoning law, and will report to the League at an early meeting.

COMMUNITY FUND CAMPAIGN WEEK

The Community Fund Campaign for 1923 has begun. The Seattle Community Fund is an organization of the civic and social service agencies and committees of Seattle. The major purpose of this organization is to gradually build up a real community-wide program, tending to meet and overcome the social problems of the community. This is carried out by assisting the member agencies in strengthening their work in securing more economy and in fitting their programs each into the other so that the total representation is a well rounded out community estate.

The Municipal League, interested as it is in every development, cannot help but favor the community fund plan. Every member should not only give and give liberally—a duty and privilege alike to all residents of Seattle—but should effectively co-operate with the campaign committee with the end in view of raising the total called for—nearly \$800,000.

Some of the results of the establishment of the Community Fund in Seattle can be summarized as follows:

1. Better business management.
2. More equitable distribution of funds.
3. Elimination of annoying solicitation.
4. Co-operation among agencies instead of competition.
5. Elimination of duplication between agencies.
6. A public accounting by every agency.
7. Co-ordination of programs between agencies. In general, the result can be summarized in the phrase: Each for all—all for each.

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TRUSTEES

Terms Expire May, 1923—
Vivian Carkeek, Ell. 0080
William G. Mann, Main 6670
James W. Reynolds, Main 0799
L. B. Schwellenback, Main 0365
H. A. Woodcock, Main 5208

Terms Expire May, 1924—
Walter L. Nossaman, Main 0816
D. D. Johnson, Main 0169
Dan Earle, Main 0078
John D. Hall, Ell. 3887
Harrison W. Mason, Rain. 0024

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

The Office of the Secretary of
the Municipal League is
405 Leary Building.
Telephone: Main 0791.

SECRETARY'S NOTES

William C. Woods, Superintendent of Instruction of the State of California, will address the League Tuesday noon, at the L. C. Smith Building Restaurant. Mr. Woods is reputed to be one of the ablest educators of the country, and he is said to possess remarkable oratorical abilities. We look forward with pleasure to hearing Mr. Woods. We also hope that the members will turn out in large numbers.

* * *

Among "old" members noticed at Tuesday's meeting were Judson T. Jennings, Arthur A. Wright, Fred W. Catlett, Judge John P. Hoyt, James W. Reynolds, and James T. Lawler.

* * *

The pictures shown by Mr. E. L. Gaines, the Engineer and Executive Secretary of the Zoning Commission, were indeed enlightening. First he showed pictures of actual scenes in Seattle of how things ought not to be. The pictures showed grocery stores, garages, wood yards, and other undesirable businesses immediately adjoining fine dwellings. Mr. Gaines brought out the point, which was apparent to everyone, that property values rapidly decreased with unregulated building requirements. The hopeful thing about Mr.

Gaines' address was the fact, as he pointed out, that Seattle's problem was comparatively minor as compared to that of eastern cities. Now is the right time indeed for the city to have some definite plan with respect to the development of the city. Such a city as Milwaukee, for example, whose Zoning commission is now at work, finds its problem accentuated a thousand fold by reason of its more congested districts.

* * *

The Program Committee headed by Otway Pardee and the Skagit Committee headed by Jas. A. Haight have gotten together for the purpose of giving the program Tuesday noon, October 3rd, at which time the report of the Skagit committee will be rendered and J. D. Ross, Superintendent of the Lighting Department, will talk on the electric development in western Washington. This address is in line with the electrical week celebrated by the city and intended to stimulate the knowledge and use of electricity in Seattle.

* * *

The Educational Committee of the League will join with the Educational Committee of the Chamber of Commerce at a luncheon Monday noon at the Rainier Club to honor William C. Woods, Superintendent of Instruction of the State of California. It is expected that Mr. Woods will take up more technical education questions for discussion by the committees.

* * *

Two important matters were

referred by the Board of Trustees for investigation and report by committees. First was the matter of the change in the building code as recommended by the Superintendent of Buildings, Robert Proctor. The matter was referred to the League's Parks, Buildings and Grounds Committee, of which Mr. Fred W. Bert, Jr., is chairman. Mr. Proctor had recommended that mill construction be allowed in the downtown district on First Avenue. The committee is to investigate the desirability of the proposal.

Another matter referred by the Board was that of the question of securing more permanent structures in the city's parks. Too often, it was pointed out to the Board, did the Park Board pursue the narrow policy of putting up temporary bath houses, comfort stations, animal cages, etc.; the cost of these temporary structures being in reality more in proportion to their life than a permanent structure. The Parks, Buildings and Grounds Committee will investigate this matter.

* * *

In the National Municipal Review of September, 1922, appears the following item which will be of interest to Seattle:-

"The voters of Seattle recently rejected by a vote of almost three to one an initiated measure reducing street railway fares from 81-3 cents to three cents. In opposing the measure, a committee of the Seattle Municipal League pointed out that the 3 cent fare would add \$5,325,000 in taxes.

"The system is now self-supporting on an 81-3 cent fare and the picture of individuals riding at public expense was not attractive to the voters."

ZONING AS EXPLAINED BY ZONING ENGINEER E. L. GAINES

WHAT IS ZONING?

1. Zoning is an orderly plan. It controls and directs the growth of a city.
2. Zoning is a necessary law. It regulates the use, height and area of buildings for the benefit of the entire community.

3. "The whole purpose of zoning is to encourage the erection of the right building in the right place. It protects the man who develops his property along proper lines against the man who develops his property along improper lines."

4. "Zoning is a flexible business in which city expansion works; it may be adjusted in case it galls or binds at a point."

5. Zoning is a legitimate exercise of the police power and requires no additional authority for enforcement.

* * *

WHAT ZONING DOES

1. Zoning designates a place for everything and puts everything in its proper place.

2. Zoning plans homes apart from the smells, the noises, the dusts, and the grime of trade and industry.

3. Zoning provides a suitable place for stores, conveniently located, but separated from the home.

4. Zoning provides appropriate locations for factories and industries where the roar of machinery, and the dirt and the noise does not intrude upon the rest and quiet of the home.

5. Zoning requires the property owners to provide on their own lot, sufficient open spaces to supply the necessary light and air for the building on his lot.

6. Zoning regulates the height of buildings. It prohibits its high buildings from invading a district of low buildings, resulting in a more uniform development of the City.

7. Zoning gives to the property man such security from nuisances and invasions as the man buys at great expense.

8. Zoning stabilizes real estate values.

9. Zoning infuses new blood into dying neighborhoods by prescribing appropriate uses for the land.

10. Zoning so directs the growth of the city that it comes a better place in which to live and makes it more attractive to the home owner, the business man, the professional man, the manufacturer and legitimate promoter.

* * *

Mr. Lawson Purdy, Secretary of the Charity Organization of New York, says:

"The most important advance in the direction of Town Planning has been made through what is known as "Zoning".

Town Planning, Jan. 1921.

One block in New York, 800 feet long by 200 feet was worth in 1911, seventeen and one-half millions. A few years later it had declined to seven and one-half millions—loss—\$10,000,000. Why? Failure of New York to have height, use and area regulations.

Mr. Purdy,—Town Planning, Jan. 1921.

"The zoning ordinance as proposed for New York was enacted in 1916 after two years study. The results of the last four years fully bear out every promise made for the value of the ordinance."

Mr. Purdy,—Town Planning, Jan. 1921.

The New York Zoning ordinance has prevented vast depreciation in numerous districts, while it has effected numerous savings in values amounting to many millions of dollars in established districts.

Mr. Bartholomew—American Civic Association,—June 30, 1920.

WHO'S WHO

JAMES T. LAWLER

Past President of the Municipal League

Was born in the State of Michigan. Attended the parochial and public schools; taught school for six years in country and city schools and business college. Took special course for teaching at Alma College. Entered University of Michigan in 1895 and graduated in the law department in 1898. Practiced his profession in Bay City, Michigan, for four years and came to Seattle in September, 1902, where he has continuously practiced, his present offices being in the White Building.

Has been active in fraternal and civic matters for many years, also politically but never held office. Was prominent in the Knights of Columbus, having been Master of the Fourth Degree, including the states of Washington, Oregon and Montana for three years and was Grand Knight of Seattle Coun-

cil. Was president of the Municipal League, president of the King County Democratic Club and president of the Tax Reduction Council of Seattle, which position he now holds. Was chairman of the War Committee of the Seattle Bar Association during the war. Is a life member of the Arctic Club.

WHAT OTHER CITIES ARE DOING

(Continued from recent issue)

The club's social life centers about its quiet, pleasant lounge with its many current periodicals, and its dining room, at which luncheon and dinner are served and where members develop a personal acquaintance with one another. In small dining rooms committees of the club and other groups meet for discussion of public questions and to plan for specific effort in the interest of the community.

The club's speaking forum keeps members in intimate touch with modern thought on political economic and social questions. This has been so successful that the club is now recognized as the chief and most useful forum in the city and state. When the club quarters are inequitable to meet the demand to hear noted speakers, the addresses are delivered in larger down-town halls. On these occasions each member is permitted to invite a friend. During the past year fifty-four lectures were given. These addresses, many given by famous men and women of this and other countries, have exerted an influence far beyond its own membership because of the city-wide and event state-wide publicity that is given them through the newspapers. The City Club has found that there is no more effective way of building up a membership and retaining it than to give its members an opportunity to hear the best speakers available. The club spends several thousand dollars a year to maintain a forum of the highest class and its experience proves this is a good investment.

In its civic work the City Club differs from many other city clubs throughout the country. Through its committees it studies problems that confront the city and county government, reaches definite conclusions and

then sets to work in a practical way to get results. It aids official bodies in carrying out their plans; it initiates measures that are deemed beneficial and opposes those that are deemed adverse to the public welfare. These committees number fourteen in all. They learned long ago that the most effective civic work is done, not by severe criticism or abuse of city officials, but by working, whenever possible, in close harmony with public officials and governmental bodies in the solution of the problems that arise from time to time.

Lack of space precludes mention in any detail of the public work performed by the club. A few outstanding examples are the following:

A state law was passed eliminating the national party designations from the ballot at city, school and judicial elections. This was urged by members of the City Club.

Milwaukee established daylight saving through initiative and referendum. The Daylight Saving Committee took the leadership in obtaining the very large number of signatures necessary to initiate, fifteen per cent of the vote of the last gubernatorial election, or 18,586 signatures. The committee in fact secured 33,432 signatures. In addition the committee took the leadership in bringing the question to the attention of the electorate through extensive publicity.

The committee on City Planning did similar service when the voters at a recent election decided upon the establishment of a civic center. Thirteen thousand signatures were then secured.

The work of the committees is indicated in a general way by their names: Annexation, City Charter, City Planning, City Policies, Civil Service, County Policies, Handicapped in Street Trades, Harbor, Juvenile Court Problems, Public Education, Public Finance, Public Health, Public Safety, Public Utilities.

Citizens are not wont to become actively interested in municipal affairs except at election time. The City Club, through its forum and its civic committees, serves as the instrument to create active interest in public questions as they develop from

time to time and to represent the many who, through lack of time and interest, neglect matters that vitally affect community well-being. The club constitutes itself a guardian, unofficial to be sure, but alert and indefatigable, of public interests and it strives to create and to construct as well as to stand watch and ward.

* * *

THE CITY CLUB OF NEW YORK

By Raymond V. Ingersoll, Sec.

The City Club of New York, organized in 1892, was the first of its kind in America. It was so organized by a number of well known public spirited citizens with the purpose of establishing an institution of constant and ready service in municipal affairs, both constructive and critical.

The Club has served as a congenial rendezvous for men who follow in a disinterested and non-partisan spirit local questions of general public interest. It has furnished also a convenient meeting place for many other civic organizations. It is valuable for its contribution to the free discussion of public questions, and for the training which many of its members get along useful civic lines. Its greatest contribution, however, is in positive action taken upon matters of general concern.

The club has a membership of slightly under two thousand, of which five hundred and eighty-five are non resident members, living outside the commuting zone. The yearly dues range from \$20 for non-residents to \$60 for residents of the Borough of Manhattan. These dues, together with receipts from the restaurant and from rental of bedrooms, are just enough to carry the fixed charges, general administration and operating expenses.

A special fund of about \$21,000 per year is raised for the Club's public work. About 700 members contribute, the average amount being \$30 per year. Many members make their contributions by authorizing a small monthly charge on their house accounts.

The Club House is an eight-story building centrally located on 44th Street west of Fifth Ave-

nue. There is a lounge on the floor where a succession of picture loan exhibits has long been a feature. An attractive main dining room seats 150 persons on ordinary occasions and 200 at banquets. In addition there are two private dining rooms, a small library, a game room, forty bedrooms and a top floor devoted to Club offices. Lack of a suitable auditorium and heavy use of the dining room for regular service limit the Club considerably in the holding of large meetings. The keynote of the Club has always been the taking of definite action on pending public questions.

Years ago the Club co-operated in the framing of the Greater New York Charter with its strongly organized Board of Estimate. Since then many helpful amendments have been promoted and there has been vigorous resistance to a number of attempts to put through dangerous changes in the system of local government. An official Charter Revision Commission is

now in session and the Club has submitted to it a forty-page report containing comprehensive plans for revision.

The club was one of the prime movers in the preparation and passage of the Tenement House Law which established certain minimum standards for all multiple-family dwellings. Later on it co-operated actively in the framing and passage of the Zoning Law. There has been constant watchfulness for the preservation and enforcement of these laws. During the past year or two a great deal of study has been given to present problems growing out of the acute shortage of living accommodations. The Club has been particularly insistent in presenting the constructive side of housing work as distinguished from the enactment of merely restricted legislation. The one measure of importance which has been adopted both by the State Legislature and by the local authorities for securing an increased supply of housing accommodations was worked out in the City Club.

The City Club is obliged to do a great deal of work at the State Capitol. This arises partly from the fact that the City Charter and other local laws are being constantly amended by the State Legislature. It arises also from the fact that New York City contains more than one-half of the population of the state and that more than seventy per cent of the state revenues are derived from sources within the city. Every year a great mass of legislation affecting New York City is examined and the city is often protected from ill-considered or vicious legislation. The greater emphasis, however, is put upon work of a positive character. An illustration has been the recent work by a Club Committee on State Retrenchment and Reorganization. This Committee was headed by Hon. Charles E. Hughes. It aided the Reconstruction Commission in the drafting of proposed constitutional amendments for modernizing the administrative side of the state government.

(Continued in next issue)

JAMES T. LAWLER
Attorney 512-14 White Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
Eldora B. Healey, Plaintiff vs. Frank
S. Healey, Defendant. No. 161643.
Summons For Publication.
The State of Washington: to Frank S.
Healey, Defendant.
You are hereby summoned to appear

within sixty (60) days after the date of first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty days after the 23rd day of September, 1922, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of plaintiff and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff, at his office below stated, and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court. The object of this action is to procure a divorce from the defendant on the ground of non-support.

JAMES T. LAWLER
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address:
512-14 White Building,
Seattle, King County, Washington.
First Pub. Sept. 23, 1922. 6t Oct. 28

JAMES W. REYNOLDS
Attorney 301-5 Burke Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Lavinia
B. Park, Deceased. No. 31857.
Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as executor of the estate of Lavinia B. Park, deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said executor or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of the first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication of this notice, September 23, 1922.
SAMUEL PARK,
Executor of said Estate.
JAMES W. REYNOLDS, Attorney of
Estate, 301-5 Burke Building, Seattle
Washington.
First pub. Sept. 23, 1922. 3t Oct 7

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H. C. FORCE

Attorney 1212 Hoge Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
Stewart & Holmes Drug Co., a corporation,
Plaintiff, vs. Pyora Chewing
Gum, Inc., H. M. Ramey, Jr., Defendants.
No. 160245.
Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to the said
H. M. Ramey:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons to-wit, within sixty days after the 26th day of August, 1922, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled Court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for the plaintiff, at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said Court. That the object of this action is to recover \$191.62 with interest for goods sold the Pyora Chewing Gum, Inc., a corporation.

H. C. FORCE,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
P. O. Address, 1212 Hoge Building,
Seattle, King County, Washington.
First pub. Aug. 26, 1922. 6t Sept 30

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SEATTLE, WASH.

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. XII. NO. 39.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1922.

PRICE 10 CENTS

LEAGUE IS ADDRESSED BY GREAT EDUCATOR

Reported by Eimon L. Wienir

Will C. Woods, Superintendent of Instruction of the State of California, addressed the Municipal League last Tuesday at the L. C. Smith Building Restaurant. President Baldwin, introducing Mr. Woods, said: "It is quite evident from the large number of members who are here today that the League has not lost interest in education."

Mr. Woods said that he came as a representative of the school system of America. The time has come, he said, when the people who made the system should understand it and the place it occupies in the life of the American people. Although California is for tax reduction, California is not for the curtailment of expenses on education, and every candidate in the recent election held in the state stood on that platform, declared Mr. Woods. Mr. Woods then launched into a vigorous explanation as to the necessity of increasing school costs. He said: "With the expansion of trade and industry came the need for skilled mechanics. The trade had no time to train them, and so in California, which is typical of the rest of the country, industry came to the schools and said, 'Here is your problem'. The schools proceeded to cope with the problem, and this cost money."

"Industry today is far behind in vocational training. The schools are doing that work, and any time industry wants to take over the job it can do it. As a matter of fact, however, while it costs a good deal to train men vocationally, the cost of the public schools in so doing, is far less than that which it would

(Continued on page 2)

Let us show our appreciation for the services rendered by J. D. Ross, Superintendent of the Lighting Department of the City of Seattle, by turning out en masse to hear his address to the League Tuesday. Mr. Ross needs no introduction to a Municipal League group, as he has appeared before us in the past. He has withstood many severe attacks by the vested interests. He has worked long and faithfully for the city's good until today he has built up our municipal plant to the point where we are all proud of it.

J. L. BALDWIN, President.

Members Attending Last Tuesday's Meeting

The following is a list of the members who attended last Tuesday's meeting. If you are not among those present, know that we missed you. Try to come to the next meeting.

Edw. W. Allen
Albro Gardner, Jr.

Albert B. Lord

L. D. Lewis

Stirling B. Hill

C. L. Wartelle

F. D. Crook

Arthur H. Hutchinson

Ralph Munn

Chas. R. Moorehouse

J. Eddy Franklin

A. H. Dimock

H. I. Chatterton

Dan Earle

J. J. Wettrick

Nelson R. Anderson

B. C. Mooers

Wm. K. McKibben

Benj. H. Petley

Fred B. Stephen

James Stephen

Reuben W. Jones

R. T. Reid

H. M. Hoidale

Chas. E. Congleton

Ray Smith

Andrew J. Balliet

O. W. Crockett

Alfredd N. Heuston

Howard A. Adams

J. A. Reed

Mrs. O. I. Hall

Mrs. T. P. Fakey

L. I. Neikirk

W. R. Allen

H. C. Forcse

C. W. Sharples

J. L. Baldwin

T. R. Cole

James W. Reynolds

James A. Haight

Dr. Samuel Koch

W. B. Herr

Fred W. Bert, Jr.

A. K. Fiskén

Eimon L. Wienir

J. D. ROSS, Superintendent of the Lighting Department of the City of Seattle, will address the League Tuesday noon, Oct. 3rd at L. C. Smith Bldg Restaurant on the subject of "HYDRO ELECTRIC DEVELOPMENT IN WESTERN WASHINGTON"

NEXT WEEK-Civil Service Committee Will Submit A Report on "PENSIONS FOR CITY EMPLOYEES"

ACTIVITIES OF BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Owing to the fact that several members of the Board, also members of the Educational Committee, met with Mr. Will C. Woods at the Rainier Club last Monday noon, only six members of the Board attended the Trustees meeting. Those present were: Vivian Careek, William G. Mann, Howard A. Adams, Walter L. Nossaman, J. L. Baldwin and Eimon L. Wienir.

The minutes of the meetings of September 11 and 18 were read, corrected and approved. The application of Prof. Frank J. Laube was accepted. William G. Mann, a member of the Civil Service committee, read a minority report on pensioning of Civil Service employees. The majority and minority report of this subject will be presented at the meeting of the League October 10th. There was referred to the Public Utilities Committee, headed by Robert Howes, the matter of the application of the Telephone Company for increasing the rates. Mr. Howes was instructed to make a thorough investigation and to bring his findings and conclusions to the Board at an early date.

EDITORIAL COMMITTEE OF LEAGUE MEETS

A meeting of the Editorial Committee of the League was held Wednesday noon at the Northold Inn upon the call of Howard A. Adams, chairman of the committee. Those present were: Fred W. Catlett, Clancey Lewis, H. I. Chatterton, and, ex officio, President J. L. Baldwin and Secretary Eimon L. Wienir. George B. Littlefield, the other member of the committee, was unable to be present. Important questions in-

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Treasurer.....E. C. Kilbourne, Ell. 0607
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TRUSTEES

Terms Expire May, 1923—

Vivian Carkeek, Ell. 0080
William G. Mann, Main 6670
James W. Reynolds, Main 0799
L. B. Schwellenback, Main 0365
H. A. Woodcock, Main 5208

Terms Expire May, 1924—

Walter L. Nossaman, Main 0816
D. D. Johnson, Main 0169
Dan Earle, Main 0078
John D. Hall, Ell. 3887
Harrison W. Mason, Rain. 0024

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volving the financial and editorial policy of the Municipal News was discussed. A suggestion which will result in the improvement of the value of the News to the city was made by the committee: namely, that the various standing committees of the League report on the activities of the governmental bodies of the city. An effort will be made by the Editorial Committee to carry this suggestion into practice.

CHAMBER CALLS FOR A CENTRAL CLUB HOUSE

On Wednesday of this week a meeting was called by Pres. Frank Waterhouse of the Chamber of Commerce and Commercial Club to consider the feasibility of securing a building in the city for a central club house or home of the various civic organizations. The presidents of about fifty organizations were invited, the chairman announced, and only twenty appeared.

Mr. Waterhouse stated that he had not intended to include any of the purely business or professional clubs, but only those of a civic nature. It was thought that by such an arrangement the various organizations working for the good of the city might become better acquainted with each other, and

be better able to function towards a united front in attacking their common problems, and could also get quicker united action than is now possible through the Inter-Club Council, or otherwise.

A committee was appointed consisting of the chairman, Mr. Worrall Wilson, President of the Rotary Club, and Dean Stephen I. Miller, President of the Kiwanis Club, to work out more definite plans and particularly to make a list of the clubs or societies that would be eligible to join such an association. At the same time the heads of the various organizations were requested to discuss the matter with their directors, and report back what their several requirements in such a building would be if they should join in the movement.

The matter will be presented to the trustees of the League at their next meeting.

LEAGUE IS ADDRESSED BY GREAT EDUCATOR

Continued from page One
cost private industries."

Mr. Woods then gave an example by relating his experiences with the repairing of his automobile. By virtue of his position, Mr. Woods is required to travel from one part of the state to the other, and, consequently, claims to have considerable experience along that line. He contends that twenty per cent of the cost of repairing an automobile is for "tinkering". There are 700,000 cars in the state of California. Allowing \$25

a year for tinkering, there would be an approximate cost of \$17,500,000 which would represent that state's cost per year in training auto mechanics. Mr. Woods continued:

"Not so long ago the average schooling which pupils in this country had was between the fifth and sixth grades. When the people found this out, they immediately demanded more education.

"There are three types of intelligence—1. the abstract, 2. social, and 3. mechanical. Formerly we educated only the first type—the abstract, which represented about 13 or 14 per cent of the students. The age in which we live is coming to be recognized as a mechanical age; we must, therefore, train the other two classes. 'The riches of a nation are the talents of a people'. The United States today has the largest per capita wealth not only because we come from superior stock, not only because of our large natural resources, but in the final analysis, the success of the people is due to the American public school; and our future success depends upon the training we shall give our children".

Mr. Woods then cited the efficiency of the school system of America in the recent war, and particularly pointed out the injustice of the criticism that the American school system did not produce discipline. Other nations were in the war two years before they were able to put conscription into effect, and yet America was in the war a week when the conscription law was passed; and the American boy met the test of discipline.

Mr. Woods then ended his address with an eloquent appeal for the preservation of our sacred institutions, which, he said, depended upon education for their maintenance and support.

Educational Committee Meets

The Educational Committee of the League met at the Rainier Club last Monday noon to honor Will C. Woods, Superintendent of Instruction of the State of California. Edward W. Allen, D. D. Johnson and H. A. Woodcock represented the committee.

WHO'S WHO

HOWARD A. ADAMS
Vice President of the Municipal League

Born at Oak Park, Illinois, March 9, 1893. Received his education in the public schools of that town. Graduated with degree of B. A. from University of Wisconsin in 1915 and from the University of Washington with degree of L. L. B. in 1917. Entered the law office of Donworth & Todd, leaving to volunteer for service in the Army—was selected to attend Officers Training Camp, where received a commission.

After the war returned to Seattle where am practicing law—am married, belong to Masonic Fraternity, Theta Delta Chi, Phi Delta Phi, American Legion. Am vice president of Municipal League.

ROSS TO SPEAK OCT. 3

J. D. Ross, Superintendent of the City of Seattle Lighting Department, will address the League Tuesday noon on the subject of "Hydro-Electric Development in Western Washington". Mr. Ross is a recognized authority on the subject, and is perhaps one of the best informed men on the subject of electrical development in this state. A public official of long and distinguished service to the city, he will present a subject which is of the utmost importance to our community.

The special League committee on the Skagit, headed by James A. Haight, will submit to the League a report on the development of the Skagit.

City Development Committee

On Thursday, September 28th the following members of the City Development Committee met at the Zoning Commission Chamber, Dimock, Lewis, Baker, Gould and Adams.

The Committee then held a conference with Mr. Gaines of the Zoning Commission. Working sheets and use maps were studied. After studying the details of the proposed ordinance the committee will meet at an early date to frame its report.

It is interesting to learn that

there is not a square foot of land within the city limits whose present use is not known to the Commission, and shown on the maps of that office.

MODERN CITY PLANNING

(Continued from recent issue)

THE CITY CLUB OF NEW YORK

By Raymond Ingersoll, Sec.

Following are a few definite past accomplishments for which the City Club can fairly claim credit. The list is a very incomplete one and is given by way of illustration.

WATER SUPPLY—The first organization in Manhattan to take up and push the project for a Catskill Water Supply. Public support this great project was first developed at a six months' series of conferences held at the City Club. The scheme finally adopted was the one formulated at the Club.

ELECTIONS—Separation of City from State and National Elections. Election Reforms, including substitution of the Massachusetts ballot for the Party column, facilitation of independent nominations and safeguarding of enrollments and elections.

POLICE CONDITIONS—Aid in publication of facts in regard to the notorious Devery regime, upon the basis of which the widespread partnership of the police with vice and crime was abolished.

WAR WORK—Formation of the City Club Ambulance Unit, undertaken before the United States entered the war. Twenty-three members of the Club and twenty-eight cars sent to France. Work on the Federal and State censuses and in the Draft Boards. Notable participation in the Liberty Loan, Red Cross and Welfare Drives. Entertainment of soldiers and sailors. Support for a year or more of 3,000 fatherless children of France.

* * *

CITY CLUB OF CHICAGO

The membership grew to approximately 900. It soon became apparent that more space was needed, and in 1910 plans were

begun for the erection of the Club's own building. These were carried to completion in December, 1911, when the Club, numbering 2,400 members, took possession of its home quarters at 315 Plymouth Court.

The City Club is, and has been since its organization, a recognized factor in the civic life of Chicago. Although comfortable and convenient, it is no mere pleasure house. It has a distinct *raison d'être*. Its committees, made up of club members, cover various fields of municipal activity, and their reports furnish the foundation for discussion before the club at large and for concrete action thereafter. Its original plan of Saturday afternoon discussions early gave way to the scheme of noon day addresses on topics of general interest by those having special knowledge of the subject. These addresses are summarized and published in the Club Bulletin, the weekly periodical by which the entire membership is kept in touch with the work of the Club.

In addition to the talks and discussions, the Club has organized and presented several comprehensive exhibits dealing in graphic form with such subjects as public health, the transportation problem, housing conditions, the public buildings of the city, and others of similar nature. It has published a number of reports and special volumes, including "the Municipal Revenues of Chicago," "Through Routes for Chicago's Steam Railroads," "The Railway Terminal Problem in Chicago," "City Residential Land Development," "The Short Ballot in Illinois," and "Ideals of America."

The Club has undertaken and accomplished concrete reforms. A City Club committee initiated the campaign for the adoption of the Fifty-Ward Law, which provided for the re-districting of the city and a decrease in the number of aldermen. The president of the Club served as chairman of the citizens' committee which was organized to get a referendum vote at the November election in 1920 and Club members helped materially in obtaining signatures to the petitions necessary for placing the question on the ballot.

The City Club may fairly

claim credit for organizing the movement in Chicago in opposition to unfair limitation of representation in the Illinois legislature. As a result of the work commenced by the Club, the unfair limitation was defeated and the matter satisfactorily adjusted in the Constitutional Convention.

On four occasions the voters of Chicago have declined to approve a bond issue for a new jail. The City Club took the position that the County Commissioners should first determine and publish a comprehensive plan. The Club's suggestion that the Chicago Community Trust be asked to conduct and finance an expert survey, met with the approval both of the County Board and the Community Trust, with the result that the necessary survey is now under way.

Indirectly, also, the Club has been instrumental in achieving results for the city. In 1910 it caused to be organized the Chicago Bureau of Public Efficiency, a body which investigates and reports upon tax legislation, bond issues, and matters affecting the revenues and expenditures of the various departments of the city government.

Although the Club, as such, took no part in the settlement of the Lake Front controversy, every citizen who signed the petition which halted a proposed contract between Illinois Central Railroad and the South Park Commissioners, and which resulted finally in arrangements much more advantageous to the city, was a member of the Club.

So in the case of the Citizens' Terminal Plan Committee, which is entitled to credit for many of the benefits accruing to the city in the settlement of the Pennsylvania Terminal matter, including the appointment of a permanent Railway Terminal Commission — this Committee was originated in the City Club, was actively promoted by an officer of the Club, and drew from the Club the larger number of its members.

It is as an instrument of education that the Club has its chief value — it puts before its members, and indirectly before the thinking people of the entire city, the community's side of the many problems arising in muni-

cipal life. The Club tends to broaden the vision of those who come within the reach of its influence. We are all prone to lead narrow lives, bound in by the demands of our business or profession, and to adopt, without serious reflection, the views or prejudices of our particular environment. There is need to cultivate breadth and fair view. We need to see the problem not only from the accidental side of personal contact and private advantage, but from the standpoint of the community. The Club can present the whole picture.

The City Club knows neither creed nor party. It exists for the purpose of bringing together all men from whatever walk of life who are really interested in the improvement of conditions in this community. It is for the purpose of bringing the Club within the reach of the widest possible number of people that its finances have been planned and the Club itself administered in the most economical manner possible. Its dues are far below those of any other similar institution in the downtown district, and the principle will always be maintained of keeping the Club on a basis that will make it available in the very largest degree to the people of Chicago.

The Club knows no private interest — it holds the brief for the community. If it develops to the full its latent possibilities for good, if its members continue to make of it an instrument of education and, where practicable, a constructive force for reform, it will contribute in no small measure to the civic upbuilding of Chicago.

Find Ruins of Ancient City

The archeological expedition sent out by the Chicago Field Museum has discovered the ruins of an extensive city in South America. They are located in the Colombian province of Magdalena, 40 miles from the Caribbean sea and 20 miles south of Santa Maria. Dr. J. A. Mason, leading the Chicago expedition, says that the region is mountainous and practically uninhabited. He is of the opinion that this ancient city was once one of the centers of the world's population. Now even its name is unknown to history and science.

Dr. Mason reports that large areas are covered with house sites and other indications of a crude civilization which has been blotted from

the pages of existence. The houses were made of wood and built on terraces with retaining walls. The entering steps are of beautifully cut stone and where the foot path is far below, the terrace is connected with steps, all the way down. Near the site of many of the houses may be seen a large slab of stone on which the inhabitants ground their corn. Fragments of pottery suggest the degree of their advancement. A few of the fragments of pottery are beautifully carved but most of them are plain. Many valuable and beautiful figures of gold and ornaments of shell, carnelian and agate were also found.

Dr. Mason had been informed of an Indian road through the mountains. To his great surprise he found dozens of these roads. They are paved with flat water-worn rocks of similar size and appearance. The smaller trails consist of a single file of these slabs while the regular roads and streets are four or five feet wide and edged with upright stones. Wherever the roads pass over a declivity, the stones are set in the members of the expedition think like steps in a stairway. Some of that the ruins resemble a collection of villages rather than a single city.

When this ancient city flourished, who it inhabitants were and how it was destroyed can at present be matters only of conjecture.

—Pathfinder.

Prohibition Turned Down. As a result of the referendum vote throughout Sweden, accompanied by great excitement, a majority pronounced against prohibition. The was 550,700 against to 432,600 for. Street car traffic in Stockholm was suspended on election day owing to the congestion of the streets. Nine years ago Sweden adopted what is known as the ration law which resulted in the reduction of alcoholic consumption 50 per cent—from 24 quarts a person in 1913 to 12 quarts in 1920. Each family secures a liquor ration book, and none are issued to drunkards and undesirables. If such persons borrow a book the lender loses it. Drinks may be had at restaurants only with a meal, or may be taken home. The referendum is expected to influence further legislation on the subject.

—Pathfinder

They say lots of gardens dried up this summer. Why can't kickers act like gardens once in a while?

* * *

Out of fifteen suicides reported last week, only one was a man in poor circumstances. Idleness, ease and gay times seem to drive more men to death than poverty does.

* * *

It is probably a wise provision of Nature that elephants are not as numerous as ants.

* * *

A HARDENED BACCHANAL
There came a young man from the East
Who could do marvelous things just with yeast
And a raisin or two.
Said he: -
"Now 'twill be nothing new
If it kills off a few,
But that won't spoil our fun in the least."

—Oregon Veteran.

To Fill The World With You

How good God is to fill the world with you—
Remembering you I find the skies all blue
And the air full of music and white wings,
And life all glad with clean and holy things;
You, with your shining radiant Womanhood
Make it so easy to believe in good
That everything seems sweet and fair and true—
How good God is to fill the world with you!

JAMES T. LAWLER
Attorney 512-14 White Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington For King County
Eldora B. Healey, Plaintiff vs. Frank S. Healey, Defendant. No. 161643.
Summons For Publication.
The State of Washington: to Frank S. Healey, Defendant.
You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date

of first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty days after the 23rd day of September, 1922, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of plaintiff and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff, at his office below stated, and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court. The object of this action is to procure a divorce from the defendant on the ground of non-support.

JAMES T. LAWLER
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address:
512-14 White Building,
Seattle, King County, Washington.
First Pub. Sept. 23, 1922. 6t Oct. 23

JAMES W. REYNOLDS
Attorney 301-5 Burke Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Lavinia B. Park, Deceased. No. 31857.
Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as executor of the estate of Lavinia B. Park, deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said executor or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of the first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication of this notice, September 23, 1922.

SAMUEL PARK,
Executor of said Estate.
JAMES W. REYNOLDS, Attorney of Estate, 301-3 Burke Building, Seattle Washington.
First pub. Sept. 23, 1922. 3t Oct 7

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. XII. NO. 40.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1922.

PRICE 10 CENTS

LEAGUE TO HEAR DEBATES TUESDAY

Members had better be on hand Tuesday to discuss and to vote upon the report of the League's Civil Service committee on the pensioning of civil service employees. The majority report is opposed to any scheme of pensioning while the minority report is for it. Wm. G. Mann who is one of the signers of the minority report is going to wage a determined fight in favor of his report. Mr. Van Nuys, chairman of the committee, called a special meeting of his committee and instructed them to be present Tuesday in defense of the majority view.

The Civil Service League which originally brought the matter of pensions to the attention of the city has asked Mr. Van Nuys for copies of the report and stated that they would ask President Baldwin's permission to speak against the majority report.

The meeting Tuesday will be further featured by a report from the Parks, Buildings, and Grounds committee on Pactor's recommendation for a change in building regulations to permit mill construction in the downtown section.

The meeting will take place at the League's usual meeting place, the L. C. Smith Building Restaurant.

Mayor Brown went on record this week as being opposed to the charter amendment passed in 1920 giving preference to former service men in employment.

A number of comments have been received by the secretary with respect to the word of appreciation appearing in the last issue of the News under the signature of President Baldwin.

BUDGET REDUCED BUT MILL RATE HIGHER

Does This Mean Anything To You, Mr. Common Citizen?

By J. L. Baldwin

Last Monday afternoon the City Council passed the budget of \$6,218,758.16 to be raised by taxes for the City for 1923. This is \$100,000 less than last year, but it has not shrunk as fast as the taxable property in the city, so it means an increase of .87 mills over this year's tax, or a little over three per cent. The Council had promised that they would not increase the rate; the Mayor was elected on his campaign of tax reduction, promising many things in the way of economies and removal of "political incurables", etc.

After the war there had been granted to the city employees generally a blanket bonus of \$20 a month. Last year the Council cut off \$10 of this bonus and also refused to make increases in salary where they otherwise would have been made in the usual course for merit or length of service, sometimes called the "automatic increase". The question arose as to allowing these increases this year. It was suggested from the lobby that conditions not only did not warrant the increase in any salaries this

year but that there would be removed that extra \$10 a month left on the bonus.

Mayor Brown has been adamant against any reduction of wages. He appeared at this meeting and made three proposals for reducing the budget. First, by refusing the "automatic increase" to employees receiving \$2,000 or over. He said this would save \$44,500; but Chairman Blaine of the committee of the whole had a rapid calculation made which showed that this would save only about \$13,000, whereas eliminating all increases would save about \$75,000. Second, by cutting out the clerk of the street committee. Third, if they would give him his way in appointing Gassman superintendent of streets, he would save \$20,000 in that department. When the Council asked him, however, how that saving could be made, he said he did not know.

Mr. Blaine again urged the elimination of free street car rides for firemen and policemen when off duty, and cutting off an extra \$15,000 for street lighting, thereby saving \$65,000 and bringing the tax rate under this year's. But Mr. Blaine seems to have played a lone hand in his efforts to effect economies

(Continued on page four)

ACTIVITIES OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Trustees present at the meeting last Monday were: Dr. E. C. Kilbourne, D. D. Johnson, Howard A. Adams, Harrison W. Mason, Wm. G. Mann, Walter L. Nossaman, R. F. Sandall, Dan Earle, H. A. Woodcock, and J. L. Baldwin, presiding.

Dr. Kilbourne read the report of the Skagit committee which was accepted and ordered presented to the League.

Mr. Mann moved that there be referred to the Skagit committee a proposed issue of \$4,000,000 bonds for the purpose of putting in dam instead of crib dam at Gorge Creek. (Supt. J. D. Ross denied that there was such a proposal in his address to the League Tuesday).

Mr. Adams reported for the Editorial committee and outlined a proposed contract with the publishers of the News.

The board referred to the Educational committee the matter of school finances.

President Baldwin reported that he attended a meeting at the Chamber of Commerce during the past week relative to a proposal to build an office and club building to house the various civic clubs of the city. At this meeting a committee was appointed to list the organizations to be invited to participate. Heads of the organizations present were asked to ascertain and report back the desire and requirements of their organizations. A resolution was passed by the Board that it looks with favor upon the general plan and favors a liberal policy as to choice of organizations to participate therein, but that it cannot assume financial responsibility regarding the building.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMITTEE
WILL REPORT ON
"PENSIONING SERVICE EMPLOYEES"
MAJORITY REPORT
MINORITY REPORT

Tuesday noon, October 10th
at L. C. Smith Bldg. Restaurant

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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D. D. Johnson, Main 0169
Dan Earle, Main 0078
John D. Hall, Ell. 3887
Harrison W. Mason, Rain. 0024

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

Members Attending Last Tuesday's Meeting

The following is a list of the members who attended last Tuesday's meeting. If you are not among those present, know that we missed you. Try to come to the next meeting.

Eimon L. Wienir
W. Roy Clarkk
Albro Gardner, Jr.
Jno. E. Atkinson
C. L. Wartelle
Stirling B. Hill
A. H. Dimock
J. S. Robbie
William A. Gilmore
Geo. Olsen
Geo. B. Littlefield
Wm. S. Bell
Fuller Joslin
C. L. Morris
Robt. L. Proctor
George E. Wright
W. E. Bodine
Fred B. Stephen
J. L. Baldwin
James A. Haight
G. P. Haight
J. C. Lindsey

W. R. Allen
Reuben W. Jones
Robert Howes
Jacksin Silbaugh
H. A. Woodcock
Benj. H. Petley
Chas. R. Moorehouse
J. Eddy Franklin
Howard A. Adams
John P. Hoyt
J. H. Stevenson
F. D. Sheffield
Thomas B. Hill
R. T. Reid
James T. Lawler
M. H. Van Nuys
O. W. Crockett
Edw. W. Allen
B. C. Mooers
Jessie Stetson Leis
J. D. Ross

Those present:

The Office of the Secretary of
the Municipal League is
405 Leary Building.
Telephone: Main 0791.

NO PROVISION MADE FOR THE POLL TAX

The County commissioners at the budget hearing early this week eliminated from the budget estimates three items, totaling \$41,900 for the collection of the tax next year. The commissioners said they took this action believing that the poll tax will be eliminated at either the November election or by the state legislature at its 1923 session.

LAWYERS, WHERE ARE YOUR LEGALS?

You lawyers who are members of the League, where are your legals? Why not patronize the Municipal News? We are here to render you prompt and efficient service. We will call for your legals and will promptly send you affidavits of publication. "Give the News a chance". Phone Main 0791.

REPORT OF PROGRESS OF COMMITTEE FOR FRAMING CITY MANAGER CHARTER

This committee was appointed by the Municipal League in the early summer of the present year, for the purpose of framing a proposed city manager charter for Seattle. The committee held its first meeting July 7th; has held seven meetings; and holds its regular meetings Friday of each week at 4:30 p. m. A complete program has been outlined, so that at each meeting the committee confines its attention to some particular important feature and arrives at a definite conclusion on that point. So far most of the important elements of the plan for the city council (or commissioners) have been agreed upon. One of the difficult problems was the proper number of city councilmen (or commissioners) and whether they be elected at large or by ward. The committee is at present considering whether to have the chief of police appointed by and under a mayor elected by the people, or whether appointed by and under the city manager.

The members of the committee are William G. Mann, of the Federal Board of Vocational Training, Dallas D. Johnson, of the Aetna Life Insurance Co., O. B. Thorgrimson, Marion Edwards and M. H. Van Nuys, attorneys. Mr. Thorgrimson was one of the members of the freeholders commission, elected in 1914, which prepared a city manager charter which was, however, rejected by the people of Seattle at an election held in June, 1914. His experience has aided the present committee considerably. Prof. Frank J. Laube, of the University of Washington, meets regularly with the present committee. His expert knowledge and sober judgment is appreciated by the members of the committee.

It may be several months before the committee can complete its work.

Respectfully submitted, Sept. 30, 1922.

M. H. VAN NUYS,
Chairman

Power to Cost Less

"When Skagit Comes"

There ought to be a new book written, entitled "When Skagit Comes". It would be a book that would delight every manufacturer and every housewife in Seattle; because, according to Mr. J. D. Ross, Superintendent of the City Lighting Department, when Skagit comes, cheaper power comes. A reduction in rate is due when Skagit comes! This simple statement was made in an unassuming, quiet, confident way by Mr. Ross at Tuesday's meeting, and in the light of the League's committee report, published in another column of this issue should silence the criticism of one of our great local dailies.

The future of electricity is beyond any of our dreams, said Mr. Ross, and Seattle, in the course of the next few years will be able to sell the entire current of the Skagit. In the next ten years, we shall need twice as much power as that consumed in the last twenty five years. 100,000 H. P. is used in Seattle today, Mr. Ross said, and continued:

"California has developed 2,000,000 H. P., estimated to cost from \$500,000,000 to \$800,000,000. This is three times the cost of power which can be produced in the State of Washington. California's future industry depends upon hydroelectric development because it has no oil and no coal for power.

"What attitude will Seattle assume towards the people of the rest of the state so far as the Skagit is concerned? The market of outside towns is comparatively small. The principal market for Skagit's power will be in Seattle. In a comparatively short space of time we shall take over 25,000 H. P. now furnished by the private company — for street railway purposes; and it will not be long before all available power from the Skagit will be used up.

When it is borne in mind that Seattle thus far has never had an over abundance of current to sell, no one need fear of the ultimate consumption of Skagit power."

Mr. Ross then devoted a few remarks to the Cedar River Dam. He said, "Today it stands as an institution which pays its interest and protects Seattle against floods." He is in favor of the building of an eighty-five foot tunnel which, he said, would cost approximately \$800,000. He does not believe that it is possible to seal the dam.

Mr. Ross estimated the revenue of the Lighting Department for 1923 at \$3,600,000.

Devoting a few remarks to electrical development in homes, Mr. Ross pointed out that Seattle leads the world in the percentage of the number of homes wired, practically 99 per cent of Seattle homes being wired. Japan leads all nations with 45 per cent of homes wired; the United States next with 40 per cent; Great Britain 17 per cent, and France 12 per cent. The Pacific Coast leads the United States with approximately 80 per cent.

SEATTLE BUILDING PERMITS TOTAL NEARLY \$15,000,000

According to a statement issued by the city building department building operations licences by the city since January 1st, 1922, total nearly \$15,000,000.

CITY TO BUY NEW PARK

Purchase by the city of 130 acres of land near Lincoln Beach (popularly known as the Salt Water Park) became a certainty when Mayor Brown signed an ordinance authorizing an expenditure of \$130,000 for that purpose.

SAYS OLD HI HICKS:

"Nothin' seems so foolish as to dislike men who think different from us. Now, I sort of cotton to a man who disagrees with me, for I feel that probably he is right, and therefore a right good kind of fellow to have for a friend.

"Does only Abie Glutz know what a stoic is?"

"Well, Abie, tell your classmates, what is a stoic?"

"Please, teacher," said Abie triumphantly. "A stoic is a boid what brings it th' babies."—Judge.

SKAGIT HALF COMPLETE

Report By League Committee

Secretary's Note.—The following report was read by Mr. James A. Haight at Tuesday's meeting and adopted by vote of the membership.

Municipal League of Seattle, Gentlemen:

Your Special Committee on the Skagit Project has been requested to make a report on the progress of the development of that project. Your committee has interviewed Mr. J. D. Ross, the head of the City Light Department, and Mr. C. F. Uhden, the engineer in charge of the project. They report that the construction work is more than half completed and that the cost of work already done is within the estimate. They report that they have every reason to believe that the entire cost will be within the estimate, \$9,700,000. At the rate the work has been progressing and at which they expect it to continue to progress, the improvement will be completed before the end of the next calendar year.

It is interesting to compare the estimates in the report made by this committee in July, 1921, with the actual figures. In that report we quoted certain figures cited by city engineer Dimock to Councilman Fitzgerald on July 20, 1921. Based on figures he then submitted, Mr. Dimock estimated that the net revenue of the Light Department for the calendar year, 1921, would be \$960,000. The actual net revenue of the Light Department for 1921 was \$952,927. The revenues for the first six months of 1921 exceeded the revenues of the first six months of 1921 by \$28,751. The increase in electricity sold in July, 1922, over that in July, 1921, was ten per cent and in August, 1922, over August, 1921, sixteen per cent. There is every prospect, therefore, that the net revenue for 1922 will considerably exceed the net revenue for 1921.

This net revenue will more than cover the interest on the bonds issued for the construction of the plant together with depreciation and cost of opera-

tion. It is not at all improbable that the saving in the purchase of fuel oil will equal the cost of operation and depreciation, thus leaving as the only added burden to the Light Department by reason of the construction of the Skagit Power Plant, the interest on the bonds which is less than \$600,000.

The capacity of this first stage in the development of the Skagit River Project is 56,000 horse power. If the city develops from this project and sells 50,000 horse power, the cost to the city will be practically twelve dollars a year or a dollar a month per horse power. If it sells this power for industrial purposes even at a rate as little as one cent per horse power hour, which is far less than the average charge for industrial uses, the city would get \$30 per year per horse power or \$1,500,000. This would cover all expenses on account of the plant and leave a handsome surplus and at the same time would justify an exceedingly low rate for power if the competition between rival cities should compel us to make such a rate. That we shall in a few years have a demand for this additional supply is indicated by the rapid growth in 1922 over 1921 and the fact that we shall be taking over for the Street Railway 5,000 kilowatts per hour each year from the Puget Sound Power and Light Company until 18,000 kilowatts per hour shall have been taken over.

It is unnecessary to emphasize the importance to the City of Seattle of its having this vast power supply from which it can obtain power on a large scale for industrial purposes at a very moderate rate.

James W. Reynolds

James A. Haight

E. C. Kilbourne

Committee.

"You ought to be able to swim like a duck, doctor," said the boy as they enter the bathing surf.

"Why so, sonny?"

"Everybody says you're such a quack."—Fun Book.

"Mother, can the new maid see in the dark?"

"Why, I don't see how she could."

"Well, she told daddy last night in the hallway that he needed a shave."—Black and Blue Jay.

GOV. HART PROPOSES STATE BUDGET LAW

Governor Hart announced this week that he proposed to recommend the passage of a budget law for state expenditures at the next session of the legislature. Some of the ideas of the proposed recommendation are summarized by the Governor as follows:

"It is my idea that a budget should be submitted to the legislature by the governor on or before the fifth day of the session covering all expenditures of public funds for the biennium. Upon this budget the legislature should be required to act, and each biennium's budget should be in the form of a bill.

"The legislature should be given the power to eliminate or decrease any item in the budget, but should not have the power to increase any item except on the two-thirds vote of both houses. No other appropriation should be allowed except by a special bill which in itself would provide for the raising of the funds for the appropriation.

Allotments Proposed

"When the appropriations have been made by the legislature, the finance committee, composed of the governor, state auditor and state treasurer, should compare the requests of the departments and officials with the expenditure in previous corresponding months for the purpose of dividing the budget expenditures into monthly or quarterly allotments. This committee should determine just what portion of the appropriation is to be expended in the approaching month or quarter.

"The budget as prepared by the finance committee should then be filed in the state auditor's office, and the law should provide that the auditor could not draw a warrant in excess of the monthly or quarterly budget. With such a provision there would be no possibility of a deficiency."

Young Lady (telephoning): Oh Doctor, I forgot to ask you about that eye medicine you gave me.

Doctor: Well?

Young Lady: Do I drop it in my eyes before or after meals?

—Pathfinder

THE BUDGET

(Continued from page 1)
and reduce the taxes.

The president of the Council, Mr. Fitzgerald, explained that the city is now paying its help—common labor, skilled labor and clerical—from 33 1-3 per cent to 50 per cent more than they could get in private employ. And their jobs here are secure and permanent. Yet, on Mr. Erickson's motion, the Council resolved, without a dissenting vote, to reject these economies, although it means a raise in the tax rate; to grant the \$10 bonus to everybody; to give firemen and policemen free rides on the street cars while off duty, which adds \$40,000 to \$50,000 to the tax levy; and to grant increases in the wages of those people now getting from one-third to one-half more than the common citizen doing similar work, who has to raise the taxes to pay it or lose his

property.
The Mayor and Council, on the other hand, reduced the salary of Supt. Ross of the Light Department, who, in the face of bitter and ceaseless opposition of vested interests and the newspapers, has made a splendid success of his department. This reduction does not relieve the tax payer, because this salary is paid by his department and not out of the general fund. I believe one other salary was reduced.

Last year in one day 4500 pieces of real estate, including land and buildings, were sold for taxes, lost to the owners and bid in by King County because of lack of other bidders. This year as many more will be sacrificed. Sacrificed to whom or for what cause?

LEAGUE ENDORSES ARTIST SERIES OF MEN'S CLUB

President Baldwin, in introducing Mr. Wallace MacMurray of the Plymouth Congregational Church, told the membership that the Board of Trustees had endorsed the project launched by the Men's Club of that church in bringing a number of internationally known artists to Seattle. Mr. MacMurray, in voicing the appreciation of the action of the League, stated that the Men's Club deemed its efforts a civic enterprise. He said, "There are a number of patrons and patronesses of this series who have not been associated with the church, but are acting as such because of the splendid merit of the concert series.

Those who will appear and the dates of their appearance are:
Cyrena Van Gordon, Mezzo-ContraltoOctober 14
Evelyn Scotney, Colatura-SopranoOctober 24
Maurice Dambois, CellistIn January
Paul Althouse, TenorFebruary 16
Alberto Salvi, HarpistMarch 9

The price of the series is \$5 per person, while admission to single concerts will be \$2 and \$2.50.

JAMES T. LAWLER
Attorney 512-14 White Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington For King County Eldora B. Healey, Plaintiff vs. Frank S. Healey, Defendant. No. 161643. Summons For Publication. The State of Washington: to Frank S. Healey, Defendant.
You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date

of first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty days after the 23rd day of September, 1922, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of plaintiff and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff, at his office below stated, and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court. The object of this action is to procure a divorce from the defendant on the ground of non-support.

JAMES T. LAWLER
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address:
512-14 White Building,
Seattle, King County, Washington.
First Pub. Sept. 23, 1922. 6t Oct. 25

JAMES W. REYNOLDS
Attorney 301-5 Burke Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Lavinia B. Park, Deceased. No. 31857.
Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as executor of the estate of Lavinia B. Park, deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said executor or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of the first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication of this notice, September 23, 1922.

SAMUEL PARK,
Executor of said Estate.
JAMES W. REYNOLDS, Attorney of Estate, 301-3 Burke Building, Seattle Washington.
First pub. Sept. 23, 1922. 3t Oct 7

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Seattle, Washington

H. C. FORCE
Attorney 1212 Hoge Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County Stewart & Holmes Drug Co., a corporation, Plaintiff, vs. Pyora Chewing Gum, Inc., H. M. Ramey, Jr., Defendants. No. 160245.
Summons by Publication.
The State of Washington to the said H. M. Ramey:
You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons to-wit, within sixty days after the 26th day of August, 1922, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled Court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for the plaintiff, at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said Court. That the object of this action is to recover \$191.62 with interest for goods sold the Pyora Chewing Gum, Inc., a corporation.

H. C. FORCE,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
P. O. Address, 1212 Hoge Building, Seattle, King County, Washington.
First pub. Aug. 26, 1922. 6t Sept 30

The Roslyn Fuel Co.
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SEATTLE, WASH.

THE MUNICIPAL LEAGUE MEETS EVERY TUESDAY at
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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. XII., NO. 41.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1922.

PRICE 10 CENTS

MAJORITY COMMITTEE OPPOSES CIVIL SERVICE PENSIONS FOR SEATTLE

Gentlemen:—

In accordance with the instructions from the Municipal League to consider a retirement old age pension plan for the Seattle Civil Service League, we, your committee, respectfully report as follows:

The proposed plan has been carefully explained to us by Mr. Crell, chairman of the Civil Service League Committee, and by Mr. Van Solen, a member of same committee. We are impressed by the research and thoroughness with which Mr. Crell and his associates have prepared their report. If we, your committee, had come to the conclusion that a pension system was desirable under existing conditions, we would here devote our attention to analyzing the details of the plan. However, as we are satisfied that any pension system, under existing conditions is undesirable, we devote this report to the question of desirability of a pension system.

1. It is true that many business corporations have adopted what is called a pension system for their super-annuated employees. The principal railroads, several leading banks, and a number of the largest industrial corporations in United States now have a retirement age limit accompanied by old age annuities for their employees. With the railroads and a majority of these industrial corporations, the plan is non-contributory, namely, nothing is withheld or deducted from the employee's current salary, but the cost is paid directly by the employer. With most of these banks and a few of the industrial corporations, the plan is contributory, namely, the employee contributes one-half or less and the employer the rest of the

fund.

Whatever the name or form of the pension, annuity, or insurance given by business corporations, and whether called contributory or non-contributory, the plan is in reality not a pension at all. Every dollar of the cost is earned by the employee. It is nothing but a deferred wage. It came into existence not on account of political pressure, nor on account of labor unions, nor on account of sentiment. No sensible employer increases the salary of an employee or gives him a pension because he is afraid of the employee, or because he hopes it may induce the employee to be more industrious and contented, but because of the law of supply and demand of efficient service, which gauges and fixes accurately in the long run the wage or salary, whether paid currently or part of it is deferred. Whenever a business corporation establishes such an annuity system, it makes the employees toe the mark of higher efficiency, it eliminates all inefficient men at an early stage.

But with municipal corporations, the compensation of Civil Service employees is not determined by the law of competition, but by a well sounding formula called "decent cost of living." The cost or standard of living with the great mass of people rises like mercury in a thermometer. It depends almost entirely on the actual amount of wage or salary received at any given

time. Such an unstable thing is not a safe standard.

2. It is claimed that Civil Service employees are subject to restrictions and handicaps, not existing in private employment, for instance, promotions being limited to the particular class or department and up to a certain rank, lack of touch with the world, thereby hindering the employee from investing his income intelligently, the routine of work not fitting him for other occupations, and that therefore in order to induce efficient and enterprising men to enter into and to remain in Civil Service it is necessary to give them higher pay and pensions. Such an argument amounts to this: because I, a Civil Service employee, happen to be in an occupation which requires less initiative, less enterprise, less risk, and a moderate amount of work, therefore I deserve more compensation than the man out in the business or industrial world who either has to sink or swim. Working men, bookkeepers, women employees generally have no greater opportunity than Civil Service employees. Civil Service in its very nature never has and never can attract the more enterprising and ambitious young men, except in isolated cases and for temporary periods.

You may give bonuses, pensions, and make salaries so high as to induce enterprising and efficient men to enter into and to remain in Civil Service, rather than to undertake the uncertainties and hazards of business, but in so doing you tend to bring into existence and to cultivate a socialistic form of government and to suppress individual enter-

prise and responsibility, and drag down to the common level those who would otherwise lead and progress. Pensions and bonuses have a tendency to sap self-help and character out of the individual and out of the nation. United States owes its greatness mostly to the spirit of self-reliance and individual enterprise. England's greatness is declining because the unthinking multitude is getting control. One of the first things unthinking men, placed in power, do is to mob the watch dog of the treasury.

3. It is claimed that the heads of the city departments do and will retain super-annuated employees through pity and personal consideration, that the presence of these old men have a demoralizing effect on the efficiency of younger employees, and that these super-annuated employees earn only a part of their salaries, thereby making the balance of their salary in truth a pension. We concur in this claim, and believe a compulsory retirement age is necessary. And we recommend a retirement age for all city Civil Service employees, but without pensions. In this connection, however, it is further claimed that a pension system must necessarily accompany old age, on the ground that it would be heartless to turn out into the world without means of support employees who have given long and faithful service but who now are old. This brings us squarely to the question of justice and humanity pleaded in support pensioning Civil Service employees.

The proposition at hand is not whether the city shall establish a universal old age pension for all good citizens, but whether the city shall select out a special class of its citizens, and favor that class with pensions, paid for if not entirely, at least in a large part by the taxpayers. Let us contrast the lot of the average citizen with that of Civil Ser-

Tuesday noon, October 16th, League membership will meet at the L. C. Smith Building Restaurant to discuss and to vote upon the majority and minority report of the Civil Service Committee on the "Pensioning of Civil Service Employees." Come prepared to vote. Read committee reports in this issue.
Next Week—30 - 10 Plan Discussed.

vice employee of Seattle.

"Of one hundred average men starting at age twenty-five, sixty will have moderate resources or be wealthy by thirty-five; at forty-five all but three of those who had previously made and saved money will have lost all their accumulations; by fifty-five one will have become very rich and three will be in good circumstances; the remainder of those living are either working or are more or less dependent upon others for support; by age sixty-five one is still rich, four are wealthy, fifty-three are dependent upon children, relatives or charity. The survivors at age seventy-five number but thirty-seven; sixty of those who died left no estate; two of the five rich men have lost their money; the remainder of the thirty-seven are dependent."

Vol. 19, Modern Business, Alexander Hamilton Institute, page 91-2.

On the other hand, Civil Service employees receive more salary than received in private business or industries for similar service. A partial list of salaries, as enacted recently by our City Council, is hereto attached. They are paid regularly. Their positions are practically secure and permanent. They are not overworked. They have no overhead expenses, no financial risk. The average laboring man and business man of Seattle is as useful, as much a citizen, and as much a part of his city as the average Civil Service employee. Under these conditions, to tax the taxpayers in order to give the city employees pensions is nothing short of robbing Peter to pay Paul.

4. Let us now consider to what extent the pension system would induce contentment and good will and thereby increase efficiency. Where four men are employed to perform work which three of them could do, and these four fully perform the work within the working hours, what reason is there for stimulating these four men to work more diligently? Until Seattle adopts a city-manager form of government, or some other form for the concentration of responsibility and the elimination of surplus employees, raising salaries or giving old age pensions will, in our judgment, have little effect

on efficiency.

5. The most important objection to any pension system at the present time is the expense to the taxpayers. Under the pension system, starting in operation say in 1923, the necessary fund would be larger by 1926, and still larger by 1930, and so on until the time came when those reaching the retirement age equal in number those dying every year. Again, since the plan is intended to and would encourage more employees to remain in the service until the retirement age, the number of employees retiring on pensions would be greater than the number reaching that age in the service at the present time. Any system whereby the taxpayers have to bear all or a large part of the costs of pensions for super-annuated employees creates an enormous burden upon the taxpayers. The foregoing is a condensed extract from Vol. 19 "Modern Business, Alexander Hamilton Institute, page 101-2";

"On June 30, 1914, the combined pension funds of New York City had a deficiency of over \$202,000,000. On January 1, 1916 four Chicago pension funds, namely, police, firemen, teachers and municipal employees, had an aggregate deficiency of over \$56,000,000. The annual pension load or cost assumed by the Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching amounted at the beginning of 1906-7 to about \$208,000, whereas by 1919 this annual load or cost had grown to \$820,280."

Unless taxes are substantially reduced in Seattle, it is unreasonable to expect business prosperity or even normal conditions in the future. The plea that pensions will merely increase taxes a mill or two is deceptive. It is on such a plea as this that taxes, assessments, and bond issues accumulate mountain high. Imagine that you were to be placed in control of a corporation, where its employees received higher pay than they could earn elsewhere for similar service, where the board of directors was afraid of these employees, where the corporation was burdened with mortgages and bonds, and where the only thing keeping the business alive was the levying of assessments against the stockholders. Would

you, as manager, on top of all this burden add a pension system for the employees of such a corporation?

Respectfully submitted,
M. H. VAN NUYS.
JOHN D. HALL.
N. C. WEGNER.

* * *

Due to a difference of opinion and the fact that I believe that the report is based on a false premise, I cannot concur in the findings, and there is, therefore, submitted herewith, for your consideration, a minority report.

The majority report, in its opening paragraph, disregards consideration of the plan submitted by the Civil Service League, with the following statement: "If we, your committee, had come to the conclusion that a pension system was desirable, under existing conditions, we would devote our attention to the details of the plan. However, as we are satisfied that, under existing conditions, any pension system is undesirable, under existing conditions, we would devote our attention to the question of desirability of a pension system." This conclusion of the majority is felt by the minority to be unsound, and the reverse,—a pension system for retiring aged employees—to be desirable for the following reasons:

1. Results in economy.

1. Results in economy.

(a)—Eliminates from active service, by retirement, those employees who have become inefficient, as a result of old age.

(b)—Improves the morale of the employees remaining, by eliminating the pace-makers and drones.

(c)—Retains in the service the best of the present employees, who, otherwise, will accept employment outside, in the commercial field.

(d)—Attracts to the service a higher grade of employee, as a result of the added inducements, tending to offset the killing of advancements within the service, as a result of the present system of appointments to heads of departments, rather than advancements.

2. The additional tax levy would not affect tax payers to any appreciable extent, for there would be fewer employees on the payroll, fewer in the county and state homes, fewer supported by other charities, and fewer supported by relatives.

3. The Old Age Retirement Pension is in force in approximately one hundred of our leading business concerns. This would not be a fact if the arguments under One were not true. If private concerns install a pension system for their employees, with economy only a motive, then should not the city install a similar system, when, in addition to the motive of economy, the matter of decrease in charity cases is to be considered.

4. Other cities, after investigation, have installed a pension system.

5. The United States Government, after carefully investigating the matter, has adopted an Old Age Retirement Pension System.

6. The law of supply and demand does not affect Civil Service employees have a keen sense of responsibility, seldom, if ever, appreciated by the citizens at large.

7. Humanitarian principles demand that the employer have a like sense of responsibility for the welfare of his servants, who he utilizes for the full span of their usefulness, and under the present system, discards, as soon as pretext can be found for so doing.

Believing the foregoing to be sound reasons for installing a pension system, the minority has carefully considered the majority report, and desires to call attention to what is believed to be errors in conclusion.

In Par. No. 1, the Majority hold that pensions are a deferred salary. Investigation will disclose the fact that in concerns providing pensions the salary is as high and higher than that paid by corporations not providing a pension. Furthermore, the fact that an additional allotment is made by the concerns in question, over and above the salary withheld, clearly indicates that it is not regarded as a deferred salary by the corporations themselves. It is the opinion of the Minority that the pension firms are actuated by sound business principles only, and they represent some of the largest and most efficient corporations in America, paying the largest salaries, even after the annuity payments are deducted therefrom. They discovered that the employees, under the pension system, were of a more contented frame of mind, and that the labor turnover, an expensive item in business administration, was reduced.

The Majority of the committee state that the pension did not come into existence because of labor unions, political pressure or sentiment—they feel that it came into being because of the law of supply and demand. The Minority cannot concur in this conclusion, but feel that it is installed in the leading business concerns because of the economies effected, as heretofore advanced in this report and the report of the Committee of the Civil Service League; and furthermore, as a result of the growth of humanitarian principles in business, which causes the employers to appreciate the fact that an employee was an

titled to more than an existence for a period of earning years and nothing for years of dependency. It was the fact that when they had utilized the full life of an employee they had a responsibility regarding his welfare during his years of dependency. This is strikingly illustrated by the railroads actually employing maimed men even before the pension system was ever thought of; on some of the largest railroad such employees are provided for under the pension system.

The Majority state that upon establishing a pension system the employers are more exacting in their requirements. The Minority cannot concur in this opinion. The Standard Oil, one of the largest and most efficient corporations in America, has the most liberal benefits for its employees of any concern in existence, and is one of the most lenient employers of labor known. It is not, to my knowledge, as exacting as the Federal Government or the city Government. If the city heads of departments are not demanding a day's work from their employees this laxity cannot be charged to the employees, but must necessarily reflect upon the system under which they labor. This the Minority admit, and they concur in the recommendation of the Majority as to the City Manager form of government for the removal of inefficient employees in the early stage of employment, thus opening the way for advancement to responsible positions by promotions from civil service ranks of those employees found to be qualified. This will attract a higher grade of employee.

The Majority feel that civil service requires less enterprise and less initiative, with the result that it unfits men for other occupations. If this were a fact it would be another argument for the pension system; however, it is not admitted by the Minority. The city light solicitors are in competition with the solicitors of the private corporation, and the results of their efforts are the best illustration of their efficiency and enterprise. The Majority feel that the city pays higher salaries for the same service rendered outside. A comparison of the wages paid solicitors by the city and the pri-

vate light corporation will clarify this statement.

A comparison of wages paid engineers by the city and the private corporation will be further enlightening. The lower grades of civil service employees are paid better than the same employees on the outside but these wages were fixed by the Council as a result of investigations relative to the cost of living.

The standard of living, in other words, is the determining factor in the fixing of wages for civil service employees, and it is the duty of the Government to maintain this standard in order to encourage private corporations to do the same. The wage scale adopted by the Government is based upon accurate studies relative to the cost of living, and a wage is paid that will sustain life. This statement cannot apply to a great many of the private corporations, whose wages vary with the law of supply and demand, like the barometer, and as a result, are often much lower than the wage needed to sustain the life of the employee, and his family. The labor turnover in these plants in my opinion will show whatever gain is made by the reduction of wages. Business concerns are discovering this to be a fact and there is a constantly growing number of pension firms because of the benefits accruing to the firms, in economies, the type of men attracted to the firm and lowered labor turnover.

Civil Service can attract enterprising and ambitious young men, if the men can see a career in prospect, as a head of a department, or a city manager; when the heads of departments are qualified from experience and not from politics.

The Majority express the opinion that the pension system is socialistic. The use of this word is usually enough in itself to condemn any progressive idea, but when used with the words "suppressing individual enterprise and responsibility, dragging down progressive employees", it is certain to mislead some.

State and City Sanatoria, almshouses, county farms, city water and light systems, etc., are all socialistic, yet the Minority cannot believe that there are any members of the League who would return to the old private ownership method of supplying water and light or disposing of our garbage. Humanitarian principles demand the retention of the charitable institutions and for the same reason it is felt that there is a demand for pension system of some kind.

There is opportunity for a great deal of argument as to whether or no: the system would result in stagnation of ambition. It is the opinion of the Minority that the pension system, if installed by the city, would result in business concerns bidding against Civil Service for the better young men, and thereby increase the standard of living in all fields of employment.

The pension system does not in itself retain men in the service. In one local department of the Government there were 113 resignations since January 1st; there were 500 resignations in the city Civil Service since January 1st. In this department of the Government there was one employee receiving \$200 per month who resigned to accept a position with a Bond house at a salary

of \$450 per month plus traveling expenses; there was another receiving \$200 who resigned to accept a position paying \$4,000; and still another receiving \$4,000 who resigned to accept a position paying less, because of an opportunity for advancement which in less than six month's time was paying him \$200 more than the first position. Practically all of the resignations were because employees were able to secure better salaries on the outside, the working conditions were better, or the chances for advancement were more attractive. You will note that they accepted positions without pensions, in preference to those with pensions.

The Majority recommend a compulsory retirement age without pensions. To explain to you the effect of this kind of a system I shall cite a particular case falling under my observation:

Mrs. Blank (name can be given upon request) employed in my department, is the mother of three children of school age, and the wife of one of your over-paid Civil Service employees, receiving the magnificent salary of \$175 per month. This for a graduate engineer! It is the opinion of the Minority that the mother of three children should be raising the children of tender years and not be forced into commercial productivity in order to set aside sufficient funds with which to care for themselves in their declining years; with no old age pension system in effect she needs must choose between neglecting her children during the years when they need her, or selecting the county poor farm as a place of abode later on in life. In either event it is the county and state that pay the bill in the majority of cases. Neglected children frequently add to the requirement of our penal institutions, or if not neglected the mother and father add to the cost of our poor farms. In either event the tax payer foots the bill. The pension would remove the fear of compulsory old age retirement without means of support and the mother would remain at home to rear the children, with the result that a higher standard of American citizenship will follow generation after generation.

The Minority accept the following quotation from Vol. 19, Alexander Hamilton Institute Course: "Of every 100 average men starting at the age of twenty-five, sixty will have moderate resources or be wealthy by thirty-five; at forty-five all but three of those who had previously made and saved money will have lost all their accumulations; by fifty-five one will have become very rich and three will be in good circumstances; the remainder of those living are either working or are more or less dependent upon others for support; by sixty-five one is still rich, four are wealthy, fifty-three are dependent upon children, relatives or charity. The survivors at age seventy-five number but thirty-seven; sixty of those who died left no estate; two of the five rich men have lost their money; the remainder of the thirty-seven are dependent." This is certainly a wonderful argument for universal old age pensions, and better argument for Civil Service pensions. No city Civil Service employee can hope to fall with the 60 classification at thirty-five, nor can he be classed in the three at 45 nor the one or three at 55. All will fall, as a result of the present system, under the heading, "still working for the city", or "dependent." They fall into these classifications from necessity and in either event are a burden to the taxpayers, individually and collectively.

This fact is recognized in 12 municipalities, the federal government, and over ninety corporations, and the pension system for old age retirement has resulted. Practically all municipalities have pension provision for the employees of the police and fire departments.

In paragraph four the Majority recommend the city manager form of government. This form of control is recommended for eliminating inefficient help by the Minority, but the Minority cannot agree that the pension system "will have little or no effect on the efficiency of the employees" for reasons heretofore stated, and the reason that the employee with the inducement of the old age pension before him will work harder to retain his job than he will under the present system with outside employment (advancement unhampered by changes in administration) bidding for his services.

The fact that Civil Service employees do accept outside inducements is strikingly illustrated by the Civil Service labor turn-over. In the city Civil Service there were 500 resignations last year. Certainly an expensive turnover when new employees have to be continually trained to fill positions formerly held by skilled personnel.

The Majority object to the old age pension retirement principle on the grounds of expense to the tax payers. The Minority feel that the Pensions Committee Report of the Civil Service League answers the tax questions, and the statement that deficiencies resulted in other municipalities as a result of improper accounting, will answer the extract from Alexander Hamilton Institute Course Vol 19, pages 101-2. But assuming that the tax levy was affected, which the Minority will not admit, the fact remains that out of 58 living at the age of 65, fifty-three are dependent upon charity or relatives for support. Would it be any additional cost to the tax payers to support the dependent from the family budget or from the tax roll, or by contributions to charity? The fact remains that they are dependent.

Under the pension system there would be an annuity; at least that would not devolve upon the taxpayer. The Minority fail to see anything in the pension system affecting the tax payers of maintaining the employee in part, who gave the full span of his life, to all the tax payers who benefited by the employee's service.

The data from Vol. 19, Pages 101-102, Alexander Hamilton Course relative to the deficiencies existing in recent pension funds, due to lack of correct use of actuarial records, can have no bearing on the question of the justice of the argument, and does not take into consideration the decrease of maintaining charitable institutions which cost would necessarily be increased were the funds for retiring old employees not in existence.

However, the plan proposed by the Civil Service League recognizes the weaknesses of the pension systems organized in the past and has made careful provision for an ample actuarial reserve.

The Majority fear for business conditions in Seattle were the tax levy increased. Increased taxes do not affect business conditions any more than increased cost affects conditions. It is a well known fact that high cost periods are periods of prosperity. If proof of the above statement is needed, refer to the Chicago tax rate and compare the same with the Seattle tax rate.

These cities have the highest tax rates and their growth is not affected by the tax levy. Furthermore, a

comparison of city tax levies cannot be accurately made. For example Los Angeles has a higher minimum charge for water and light than Seattle, and furthermore, the city maintains an individual charge system for garbage disposal. To the tax statements of Los Angeles citizens, add the additional cost of garbage disposal per resident, increased light rate and increased water rate, then compare with the Seattle tax rate, and the figure would prove conclusively that Los Angeles is dead, were one to believe that tax rates affected the growth of cities! If Seattle thinks that industries are influenced by tax rates, then establish an individual charge for garbage disposal, increase the light rates, increase the water rates with their minimum charges, divert these revenues to the general fund, and reduce your taxes to nothing. In fact, show people that we will pay them to live in Seattle, tax rate is not the determining factor and then the city will boom. It is all a matter of bookkeeping, but it would not affect business in Seattle one iota.

The cost of government has to be paid, and by the residents, and the tor.

Having from the foregoing arrived at the conclusion that an old age pension retirement fund is economical, will not affect business, and is, humanitarian, the method of fixing the payments under the fund is then to be considered.

The Pension Committee of the Civil Service League has carefully covered one method of raising the fund. This method is recommended for the careful consideration of the League membership but the Minority

feel that the fixed rate annuity system, based upon the age of employee, regardless of salary, is unjust.

* * *

Respectively submitted,
WILLIAM G. MANN.

STATEMENT OF THE OWNERSHIP, MANAGEMENT, CIRCULATION ETC., REQUIRED BY THE ACT OF CONGRESS OF AUGUST 24, 1912, OF

The Seattle Municipal News published weekly at Seattle, Wash., for Oct. 1, 1922.

Before me, a notary public in and for the State and county aforesaid, personally appeared

C. W. BROWN, who having been duly sworn according to law, deposes and says that he is the managing editor of

The Seattle Municipal News and that the following is, to the best of his knowledge and belief, a true statement of the ownership, management, etc., of the aforesaid publication for the date shown in the above caption, required by the Act of August 24, 1912, embodied in section 443, Postal Laws and Regulations, printed on the reverse of this form, to-wit:

1. That the names and addresses of the publisher, editor, managing editor, and business managers are: Publishers—Brown & White Corp. Editor—Howard A. Adams, Seattle. Managing Editor—C. W. Brown, Seattle. Business Manager—None.

2. That the owners are: Municipal League of Seattle (a non-profit producing corporation)

3. That the known bondholders, mortgagees, and other security holders owning or holding 1 per cent or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages, or other securities are: There are none.

That the two paragraphs next above, giving the names of the owners, stockholders, and security holders, if any, contain not only the list of stockholders and security holders as they appear upon the books of the company but also, in cases where the stockholder or security holder appears upon the books of the company as trustee or in any other fiduciary relation, the name of the person or corporation for whom such trustee is acting, is given; also that the said two paragraphs contain statements embracing affiant's full knowledge and belief as to the circumstances and conditions under which stockholders and security holders who do not appear upon the books of the company as trustees, hold stock and securities in a capacity other than that of a bona fide owner; and this affiant has no reason to believe that any other person, association, or corporation has any interest direct or indirect in the said stock, bonds, or other securities than as so stated by him.

5. That the average of copies of each issue of this publication sold or distributed, through the mail or otherwise, to paid subscribers during the six months preceding the date shown above is (This information is required from daily publications only.)

C. W. BROWN, Sworn to and subscribed before me this 14th day of Oct., 1922.

(Seal) CARL G. NELSON, Notary Public for Wash. (My Commission expires Jan. 29, 1925)

ANDREW J. BALLIET

Attorney 320 Ry. Ex. Bldg. IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF KING County, State of Washington.

W. P. Wood and Mona H. Wood, husband and wife, Plaintiffs, vs. L. S. Kemper and Mary P. Kemper, his wife, Defendants. No. 162157. Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington, To the said L. S. Kemper and Mary P. Kemper, his wife, Defendants:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty days after the 14th day of October, 1922, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, answer the complaint of the plaintiffs, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiffs, at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demands of the complaint, which has been filed with the Clerk of said court; the object of this action is to quiet the title to:

"Lot Six (6) and the North Twenty (20) Feet of Lot Seven (7), Block Twenty (20), Northern Addition to Seattle, King County, Washington," as against the defendants and each of them.

ANDREW J. BALLIET, Attorney for Plaintiff. 320 Railway Exchange Bldg., Seattle, Washington.

Date of first publication: October 14, 1922. 6t Nov. 18

HARTGE & CADWALLADER Attorneys 521 Central Bldg. IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate. In the matter of the Estate of Thomas F. Hanlin, Deceased. No. 30809. Notice of Hearing and Final Report and Petition for Distribution. Notice is hereby given that Flint L. Keating as executor of the will of the said Thomas F. Hanlin, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said executor; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 10th day of November, 1922, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 11th day of October, 1922
GEORGE A. GRANT, Clerk of said Court. By H. C. GORDON, Deputy. First Pub. Oct. 14, 1922. 3t Oct. 23

WALTER W. HAY Attorney 1111 Am. Bank Bldg. IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County. In Probate.

In the matter of the Estate of Martha Baker, Deceased. No. 3161. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Administratrix of the estate of Martha Baker, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Administratrix or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

FLORA DURBRIE, Administratrix of said Estate. WALTER W. HAY, Attorney for Estate, 1111 American Bank Building, Seattle, Wash. Date of first publication October 14, 1922. 3t Oct. 28.

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JAMES T. LAWLER Attorney 512-14 White Bldg. IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County Eldora B. Healey, Plaintiff vs. Frank S. Healey, Defendant. No. 161643 Summons For Publication. The State of Washington: to Frank S. Healey, Defendant. You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty days after the 23rd day of September, 1922, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of plaintiff and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff, at his office below stated, and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court. The object of this action is to procure a divorce from the defendant on the ground of non-support.

JAMES T. LAWLER Attorney for Plaintiff. Office and Post Office Address: 512-14 White Building, Seattle, King County, Washington. First Pub. Sept. 23, 1922. 6t Oct. 28

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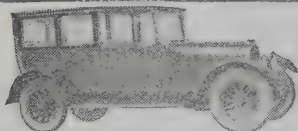
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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. XII. NO. 42.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1922.

PRICE 10 CENTS

DAUB FAVORS PLAN OF PORT MANAGEMENT

In a letter to the Secretary of the League, Albert Daub, a member of the League's Port and Harbor Development Committee, and recognized as a student of port management, has the following suggestions to make:

"I am firmly of the conviction that the city would get better results if we had from five to nine unpaid commissioners.

"And believe that the Port Commissions chief work should be the employment of an efficient manager and probably a few other principal employees and the general direction such as wharfage and such general supervision as is usually exercised by an active and intelligent board of directors in a well managed corporation.

"The salary has only resulted in attracting men to the Port Commission because of the salary or because of the political prestige it gave them and has not resulted in attracting men who had any particular qualifications for the position.

"Three commissioners with equal authority or nearly equal authority trying to run the details of the Port Commission can never make a harmonious management.

"If the actual labor and time required of them was limited and there was no salary attached to it I believe plenty of men with a reasonable amount of time to spare who have had a business training would be willing to serve without pay. But three are not enough. Allowances should be made for sickness and absence from the state and believe that five would be sufficient.

"Yours very truly,

"ALBERT DAUB."

30-10

Report of Educational Committee on 30-10

Come Prepared to Discuss and to Vote

Tuesday noon, October 24th,

at the L. C. Smith Building Restaurant

Next Week: Report on Referendums by
League's Special Committee

PENSION PLAN REJECTED BY LEAGUE

At a meeting of the Municipal League Tuesday by a decisive vote the League rejected any plan for the pensioning of civil service employees. One of the most hotly debated contests ensued before the vote. The chairman of the committee, M. H. Van Nuys, Howard A. Adams, James A. Haight, Dr. E. C. Kilbourne and W. E. Henry led the fight for the Majority report which was opposed to all form of pensions; while William G. Mann, Charles G. Cole, Walter L. Baumgartner and H. L. Glenn spoke in favor of some kind of pension system.

In a most comprehensive and forceful way Mr. Haight summarized the arguments for the rejection of the plan by saying: "This country has advanced by reason of individual initiative of its people. Any form of pension plan is un-American, and we must look with disfavor upon such tendency. Let's not give the young man the temptation of pensions, for it is sinful to take a young man in his prime and bury him alive in the civil service." Mr. Haight, however, was in favor of pensioning employees engaged in a hazardous occupation.

Mr. Van Nuys pointed out that any plan for the pensioning of employees would increase the burdens of taxation which are already too high. He

doubted, he said, whether it would increase the efficiency. "The thing that stimulates efficiency is the hope and the prospect of advancement and not bonuses of pensions," declared Mr. Van Nuys. A further argument advanced by him was that every citizen is as valuable a part of the community as the civil service employee, and, therefore, if the pension system was favored it would have to be for all the citizens rather than for those of any particular class.

Mr. C. A. Reynolds, formerly a member of the State Public Service Commission, stated that, while he was not absolutely certain, he believed that the prosperity of the city was bound up in the prosperity of the worker. The bonus, while that would temporarily place a burden upon the taxpayers, would, in the long run, be economical, declared Mr. Reynolds.

Howard Adams said: "No one has provided for my future nor the future of many hundreds of others—why, when we are paying higher wages now than those paid in other employments, should we pension city employees?"

Walter Baumgartner said: "If it is good business for large private corporations to pension their employees, why isn't it equally good business for mu-

NO PLANS NOW FOR PERMANENT DAM

Municipal League of Seattle, Seattle, Wash.

Gentlemen:

Your Board of Trustees has referred to your Special Committee on the Skagit Project the alleged proposed issuance of \$4,000,000 of bonds for the erection of a permanent dam instead of the crib dam at Gorge Creek. It has been suggested that in the near future this series of bonds will be put on the market by the city or that an effort to secure their issuance will be made by the Light Department. Your Committee has been assured in the most positive terms by Mr. J. D. Ross, the Superintendent of the Light Department, that that department is not planning to request the issuance of these bonds now or in the near future.

It will be borne in mind that the completion of the work on the Skagit that is now under way is only the first step in the development of the water power that is embraced in the entire project. The work now in process of completion will when finished utilize water power behind the

(Continued on Page 2)

The Office of the Secretary of
the Municipal League is
405 Leary Building.
Telephone: Main 0791.

municipal corporations to do likewise?"

H. L. Glenn said: "The Daw Commission advocated the pension system for efficiency reasons—we should do likewise."

Mr. W. E. Henry: "Nothing is so belittling to the employees as pensioning them. I am in favor of pensioning only in the event that employees are drafted into the service."

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

Published Weekly by the
MUNICIPAL LEAGUE OF SEATTLE
Telephone Main 6282

Entered as second-class matter June 14, 1912, at the Postoffice at Seattle, Washington, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

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Walter L. Nossaman, Main 0816
D. D. Johnson, Main 0169
Dan Earle, Main 0078
John D. Hall, Ell. 3887
Harrison W. Mason, Rain. 0024

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

NO BONDS FOR PERMANENT SKAGIT DAM

crib dam at Gorge Creek on Skagit River. The amount of this power is 56,000 horsepower. The second proposed step in the development of the Skagit project will include the construction of a concrete dam at Gorge Creek on the Skagit. The crest of this proposed dam will be one hundred feet higher than the crest of the crib dam. This will increase the total power to 112,500 horse power. Obviously the time when it will wise and prudent to enter upon the construction of this dam will depend largely on the rapidity with which the 56,000 added horse power is absorbed for industrial and other purposes. Manifestly the more speedily the demand for power in Seattle increases, the sooner the permanent dam will have to be constructed and the sooner the four million dollar bond issue will have to be marketed.

In a general way if the erection of this dam should be necessitated in the near future by the local demand for power, that circumstance would not be a matter for regret but for congratulation because it would show that Seattle was growing industrially at a rate that would meet the fondest expectations of the most enthusiastic Seattle man.

Your Committee feels no apprehension that the people of Seattle will be mislead by the Light Department as now constituted into a premature initiation into the second step of the Skagit project or the four million dollar

bond issue.

Respectfully submitted,
JAMES A. HAIGHT
Chairman.

THOSE PRESENT AT MEETING TUESDAY OCTOBER 10th

E. L. Wienir,
Nelson R. Anderson,
Walter L. Baumgartner,
Howard A. Adams,
C. C. Van Soelen,
Frank Tustin,
Philip Tindall,
R. B. Bermann,
C. L. Wartelle,
John T. Hunt,
S. E. Gleming,
John P. Hoyt
Dallas D. Johnson,
Robert L. Proctor,
E. P. Chalcraft,
Jackson Silbaugh,
R. T. Reid,
D. W. Crockett,
Clarence A. Smith,
Arthur H. Hutchinson,
H. C. Force,
A. H. Dimock,
H. F. Compton,
James Stephens,
W. R. Allen,
H. L. Glenn,
J. A. Cathcart,
Otway Pardee,
John Eddy Franklin,
L. T. Neikirk,
Fred W. Bert, Jr.
Sidney Smith,
Benjamin H. Petley,
Andrew J. Balliet,
W. E. Henry,
J. T. Jennings,
Henry Landes,
Mrs. Henry Landes,
B. C. Mooers,

Frank J. Laube,
H. D. Buchanan,
M. H. Van Nuys,
J. L. Baldwin,
J. J. Crell,
George B. Littlefield,
Rev. John W. Hannum,
H. I. Chatterton,
U. G. Murphy,
J. R. Logan,
W. M. Hay,
Dr. Kilbourne,
Robert Howes.

SAFETY COMMITTEE TO STUDY CRIME IN SEATTLE

President Baldwin's Letter to the Chairman

October, 16, 1922.

Mr. Charles Riddell,
1121 L. C. Smith Building,
Seattle, Washington.

My dear Riddell:

The Board of Trustees of the League at its meeting last Monday voted to refer to the Public Safety Committee for study the matter of the Cleveland Crime Survey and the Cleveland Association for Criminal Justice which is an outgrowth of it. I have some material which I transmit to herewith which was loaned to me by Mr. Chatterton, a member of your committee, when first calling my attention to it. When you have gone into the subject, if you desire, we will procure a copy of the Survey Report for the use of your committee.

It seems that there was a Cleveland Foundation fund for just such purposes as this survey. There were employed Dean Roscoe Pound and Prof. Felix Frankfurter, of the Harvard Law School, Raymond Fosdick, and others to make this exhaustive survey.

They found that in Cleveland in 1920 there six times as many murders as in London which had ten times as much population, or sixty times the rate per capita; that there were more robberies and assaults to rob in Cleveland, than in England, Scotland and Wales put together. In 1919 there were 2,327 automobiles stolen in Cleveland, in London there were 290, in Liverpool, 10. All in all, the report state, crime conditions are no more vicious in Cleveland than they are in other

American cities. In this respect, therefore, Cleveland's problem is the problem of America.

A survey was made of the laws, of the police, of the prosecutors, of the courts, of the jails and penitentiary, and of the parole and pardon agencies. Recommendations for improvements were made, public opinion was aroused, and these were put into effect, and an association was formed of the leading civic organizations of the city called The Cleveland Association for Criminal Justice to work constantly at the job indicated by its name.

The results have been remarkable. The preliminary hearing in the police courts of felony cases was abolished, with its incidental delay and opportunity for the case to be fixed or lost. The time from arrest to final disposition in felony cases was reduced from an average of 67.8 days to 27.75. Even before the survey was completed, during January and February, 1922, the figures for murder and manslaughter show a decrease of during 1920. Robbery decreased by about 40 per cent and assault to rob by nearly 60 per cent. While the report does not claim credit for all of this decrease, it considers the survey entitled to nearly 50 per cent from the rate a part of the credit.

It is believed that Seattle has nothing to boast of over Cleveland in the way of scarcity of crimes committed or the administration of justice, and that from the study of this subject and Cleveland's work something may be done here to bring about some equally remarkable improvements. This is what the League exists for.

Your committee consists of Louis Schwellenback, chairman, Main 1385; yourself, as vice-chairman; Harrison W. Mason, Rainier 0024; H. I. Chatterton, Main 1730; and Jackson Silbaugh, Main 4241. As the chairman is absent from the city for the next week or two, will you kindly call the committee together and take up this matter with them. We shall watch with keen interest the work of your committee.

Sincerely yours,

J. L. BALDWIN,
President,

LEAGUE COMMITTEES FUNCTIONING

What a joy it is to the officers of the organization to know that the committees that they have appointed and have assigned tasks to, are actually functioning! Such is the case with the Municipal League committees this year with but few exceptions. Thus, the Charter Revision Committee, which is doing a tremendous piece of work, is meeting weekly under the leadership of M. H. Van Nuys, chairman, and from present indications it will not be long before that committee will have a report to submit. If the League adopts that report it will give us the opportunity of doing one of the greatest pieces of constructive work which this, or any other organization, has ever undertaken for the good of the city.

The City Manager—a model charter! Those who have despaired of the way civic governmental machinery has been operated recently have cause for hope. While not a panacea, it is reported throughout the country that the city manager is an improvement—yes, a decided improvement—over the commission form and over the old mayor and councilmanic form.

The Taxation Committee is at this time analyzing and reviewing the reports of surveys made by various organizations in this state along taxation lines. It is scrutinizing with care the recent report of the State Taxation Commission, and by the end of November or the early part of December, promises to report to the League. Professor Laube indicated that there is bound to take place in the next legislature one of the greatest fights on taxation that this state has ever seen. The farming communities are especially thoroughly aroused or their taxes have been higher than those paid by the citizens of our great cities. It is almost beyond belief the burden that the farming communities of this state are today bearing. The committee will have definite and specific recommendations to make and will subdivide its report in a way that each particular recommendation can be voted upon separately.

The Industrial Relations Com-

mittee, under the leadership of Mr. James A. Haight, and with the guidance of such men as Foisie, Lindsey, Shields, Fleming and Force, are also expected to make their contribution to the good of the city industrially.

The Public Safety Committee has, as appears in another column of this issue, been given a very important task.

And so it goes, the high idealism of the city's hopes in a governmental way can still be found in the Municipal League.

EIMON L. WIENIR.

GOOD MEETING TUESDAY

Last Tuesday's meeting was one of the best that the League has had in a long time. Not only was the attendance of a high order, but the subject under discussion, the pensioning of civil service employees, was one that seemed to touch the pulse of the membership. When anything can do that, you may rest assured that the discussion on the subject is intensely interesting and intensely alive. Those who missed that meeting not only regret that fact but should determine in their own minds to attend future meetings, for there will be many matters that touch us closely that will arise from time to time.

Next week, for example, the 30-10 plan will be reported upon by our Educational Committee. Already a number of men have indicated a desire to speak pro and con. The week following that we shall have a report on the various referendums and initiatives to be voted upon November 7th.

It is that kind of meetings—such as that of last Tuesday—that reflect credit to the organization and stimulate greater activity on the part of the directors or the organization as well as on the part of the membership.

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810½ First Avenue

"Mother, can the new maid see in the dark?"

"Why, I don't see how she could."

"Well, she told daddy last night in the hallway that he needed a shave."—Black and Blue Jay.

THOSE PRESENT AT THE MEETING TUESDAY

A. K. Fiskien,
O. W. Crockett,
J. J. Crell,
J. H. Shields,
C. L. Wartelle,
J. W. Webb,
Andrew Willatsen,
Robert A. Tripple,
H. L. Glenn,
Frank L. Baker,
M. H. Van Nuys,
Charles G. Cole,
Robert L. Proctor,
W. R. Allen,
S. E. Fleming,
H. A. Woodcock,
B. C. Mooers,
R. T. Reid,
A. Burns,
Nelson R. Anderson,
J. H. Featherstone,
L. T. Neikirk,
W. W. Hay,
Charles R. Morehouse,
S. J. Harrison,
B. H. Petley,
Ray Dumett,
Walter L. Baumgartner,
Charles W. Smith,
Howard A. Adams,
W. E. Henry,
H. C. Force,
C. A. Reynolds,
Andrew J. Balliet,
Edward C. Kilbourne,
Arthur H. Hutchinson,
L. S. Booth,
J. L. Baldwin,
Eimon L. Wienir,
Frank J. Laube,
Fred B. Stephens.

IS IT SAFE TO CROSS SEATTLE'S STREETS?

Seattle's traffic regulations are not keeping pace with the growth of the city nor with the modern tendencies. We are laboring under the same limited regulations that existed before Seattle was a community of 350,000 people. There have been new ordinances passed, new state laws, but the principle is the same. We need some kind of a change, such as that, perhaps, which was adopted in New York City which regulates traffic for blocks simultaneously.

Member of the League, have you any suggestion to make for the better regulation of traffic?

EIMON L. WIENIR.

ON GROWING OLDER

A little more tired at close of day;
A little less anxious to have our way;
A little less ready to scold and blame,
A little more care for a brother's name;
And so we are nearing the journey's end,
Where time and eternity meet and blend.

A little less care for bonds and gold,
A little more zest in the days of old,
A broader view and a saner mind,
And a little more love for all mankind;
And so we are faring adown the way
That leads to the gates of a better day.

A little more love for the friends of youth,
A little less zeal for established truth,
A little more charity in our views,
A little less thirst for the daily news;
And so we are folding our tents away
And passing in silence at close of day.

A little more leisure to sit and dream
A little more real the things unseen,
A little nearer to those ahead,
With visions of those long loved and dead;
And so we are going to where all must go,
To the place the living must never know.

A little more laughter, a few more tears,
And we shall have told our increasing years;
The book is closed, and the prayers are said,
And we are a part of the countless dead.

Thrice happy, then, if some soul can say;

"I live because he has passed my way."

—Rollin J. Wells in Pathfinder.

COUNCIL VOTE TO BE RECORDED IN THE NEWS

Repeated requests have come to the editor of the News that the Council's vote on important matters be recorded in the News, and the vote of each councilman be indicated in the report. Investigation at the Council chambers Friday disclosed the fact that the Council voted on routine matters this week. In the subsequent issues of the News, however, will appear a full record of Council votes on more important issues.

JAMES W. REYNOLDS

Attorney 301-3 Burke Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for King County
In Probate
In the Matter of the Estate of Gloria
G. Burdick, Deceased.
Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the un-
designed has been appointed and has
qualified as the administrator of the es-
tate of Gloria G. Burdick, deceased;
that all persons having claims against
said deceased are hereby required to
serve the same duly verified on said
administrator or his attorney of record
at the address below stated, and file
the same with the clerk of said court,
together with proof of such service,
within six months after the date of
the first publication of this notice, or
the same will be barred.
Date of first publication, October 20,
1922.

HARRY A. BURDICK,
Address: 301-3 Burke Building, Se-
attle, Washington.
JAMES W. REYNOLDS, Attorney for
said estate, 301-3 Burke Bldg., Se-
attle, Washington.
First Pub. Oct. 21, 1922. 3t Nov. 4.

Ready to try it.

"I'm worried about my com-
plexion, doctor; look at my
face."

"My dear young lady, you'll
have to diet."

"Oh, I never thought of that!
What color do you think would
suit me best?"

* * *

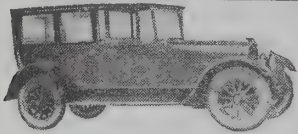
A grand jury investigating
the Herrin massacre has return-
ed 214 indictments.

**THE MUNICIPAL LEAGUE MEETS
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**STATEMENT OF THE OWNERSHIP,
MANAGEMENT, CIRCULATION
ETC., REQUIRED BY THE ACT OF
CONGRESS OF AUGUST 24, 1912, OF**

The Seattle Municipal News
published weekly at Seattle, Wash., for
Oct. 1, 1922.
State of Wash., County of King, ss.
Before me, a notary public in and
for the State and county aforesaid,
personally appeared

C. W. BROWN,
who having been duly sworn according
to law, deposes and says that he is
the managing editor of

The Seattle Municipal News
and that the following is, to the best
of his knowledge and belief, a true
statement of the ownership, manage-
ment, etc., of the aforesaid publication
for the date shown in the above cap-
tion, required by the Act of August 24,
1912, embodied in section 443, Postal
Laws and Regulations, printed on the
reverse of this form, to-wit:

1. That the names and addresses of
the publisher, editor, managing editor,
and business managers are:
Publishers—Brown & White Corp.
Editor—Howard A. Adams, Seattle
Managing Editor—C. W. Brown, Seattle.
Business Manager—None.

2. That the owners are:
Municipal League of Seattle (a non-
profit producing corporation)
3. That the known bondholders, mort-
gagees, and other security holders
owning or holding 1 per cent or more
of total amount of bonds, mortgages,
or other securities are:

There are none.

That the two paragraphs next
above, giving the names of the owners,
stockholders, and security holders, if
any, contain not only the list of stock-
holders and security holders as they ap-
pear upon the books of the company
but also, in cases where the stockhold-
er or security holder appears upon the
books of the company as trustee or in
any other fiduciary relation, the name
of the person or corporation for whom
such trustee is acting, is given; also
that the said two paragraphs contain
statements embracing affiant's full
knowledge and belief as to the circum-
stances and conditions under which
stockholders and security holders who
do not appear upon the books of the
company as trustees, hold stock and
securities in a capacity other than that
of a bona fide owner; and this affiant
has no reason to believe that any other
person, association, or corporation has
any interest direct or indirect in the
said stock, bonds, or other securities
than as so stated by him.

5. That the average of copies of each
issue of this publication sold or dis-
tributed, through the mail or otherwise,
to paid subscribers during the six
months preceding the date shown above
is (This information is required from
daily publications only.)

C. W. BROWN,
Sworn to and subscribed before me
this 14th day of Oct., 1922.
(Seal) **CARL G. NELSON,**
Notary Public for Wash.
(My Commission expires Jan. 29, 1925)

ANDREW J. BALLIET
Attorney 320 Ry. Ex. Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF KING
County, State of Washington.

**W. P. Wood and Mona H. Wood, hus-
band and wife, Plaintiffs, vs. L. S.
Kemper and Mary P. Kemper, his
wife, Defendants. No. 162157. Sum-
mons by Publication.**
The State of Washington, To the said
L. S. Kemper and Mary P. Kemper,
his wife, Defendants:

You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty (60) days after the date
of the first publication of this sum-
mons, to-wit: within sixty days after
the 14th day of October, 1922, and de-
fend the above entitled action in the
above entitled court, answer the com-
plaint of the plaintiffs, and serve a
copy of your answer upon the under-
signed attorney for plaintiffs, at his
office below stated; and in case of your
failure so to do, judgment will be re-
ndered against you according to the de-
mands of the complaint, which has been
filed with the Clerk of said court; the
object of this action is to quiet the
title to:

"Lot Six (6) and the North Twen-
ty (20) Feet of Lot Seven (7), Block
Twenty (20), Northern Addition to
Seattle, King County, Washington,"
as against the defendants and each of
them.

ANDREW J. BALLIET,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
320 Railway Exchange Bldg., Seattle,
Washington.
Date of first publication: October 14,
1922. 6t Nov. 18

Governor Hartwick of Geor-
gia, appoints Mrs. W. H. Fel-
ton, 87 years old, to succeed the
late Senator Thomas E. Wat-
son, until the November elec-
tion.

HARTGE & CADWALLADER
Attorneys 521 Central Bldg.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for the County
of King.
In Probate.

In the matter of the Estate of Thom-
as F. Hanfin, Deceased. No. 30809.
Notice of Hearing and Final Report
and Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Tint
L. Keating as executor of the will of
the said Thomas F. Hanfin, deceased,
has filed in the office of the Clerk of
said Court his final Report and peti-
tion for distribution, asking the Court
to settle said Report, distribute the
property to the persons thereto en-
titled and to discharge said executor;
and that said Report and petition will
be heard on the 10th day of Novem-
ber, 1922, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court
Room of the Probate Department of
said Court.

Dated this 11th day of October, 1922
GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By **H. C. GORDON,** Deputy.
First Pub. Oct. 14, 1922. 3t Oct. 28

JAMES T. LAWLER

Attorney 512-14 White Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington For King County
Eldora B. Healey, Plaintiff vs. Frank
S. Healey, Defendant. No. 161643
Summons For Publication.

The State of Washington: to Frank S.
Healey, Defendant.

You are hereby summoned to appear
within sixty (60) days after the date
of first publication of this summons,
to-wit: within sixty days after the 23rd
day of September, 1922, and defend the
above entitled action in the above en-
titled court, and answer the complaint
of plaintiff and serve a copy of your
answer upon the undersigned attorney
for plaintiff, at his office below stated,
and in case of your failure so to do
judgment will be rendered against you
according to the demand of the com-
plaint, which has been filed with the
clerk of said court. The object of this
action is to procure a divorce from the
defendant on the ground of non-sup-
port.

JAMES T. LAWLER
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address:
512-14 White Building,
Seattle, King County, Washington.
First Pub. Sept. 23, 1922. 6t Oct. 28

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WALTER W. HAY

Attorney 1111 Am. Bank Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington, for King
County.
In Probate.

In the matter of the Estate of Mar-
tha Baker, Deceased. No. 3161.
Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the un-
designed has been appointed and has
qualified as Administratrix of the es-
tate of Martha Baker, Deceased; that
all persons having claims against
said deceased are hereby required to
serve the same, duly verified, on said
Administratrix or her attorney
of record at the address below stated,
and file the same with the Clerk of
said Court, together with proof of
such service within six months after
the date of first publication of this
notice, or the same will be barred.

FLORA DURBIN,

Administratrix of said Estate.
WALTER W. HAY, Attorney for Es-
tate, 1111 American Bank Building
Seattle, Wash.

Date of first publication October
21, 1922. 4t Nov. 11

A wild horse lives to be 30
or 40 years old, while the do-
mesticated horse is old at 25.

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SEATTLE, WASH.

Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

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2 1922

VOL. XII, NO. 43.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1922.

PRICE 10 CENTS

REPORTS ON INITIATIVE AND REFERENDUM MEASURES

Secretary's Note:—The following report will be submitted to the League Tuesday noon, Oct. 31st, for approval.

- 1.—The committee favored retention of "poll tax"—Initiative Measure No. 40.
2. A majority of the committee is opposed to the "Certificate of Necessity" Measure—Referendum Measure No. 12
3. The committee is opposed to the "Health Bill"—Referendum Measure No. 13.
4. The committee is in favor of the "Primary Election" measure—Referendum No. 14.
5. The committee favors "Precinct Committeemen" measure—Referendum No. 15.
6. The committee favors the adoption of all three amendments to the Constitution of the State

Municipal League,
Seattle, Washington.
Gentlemen:—

Your Committee presents herewith its report on the Initiative and Referendum Measures, except Initiative Measure No. 46, and Proposed Amendments to the State Constitution.

The Committee is unanimous in its report with the exception of its report on Referendum No. 12 wherein the vote stood 3 to 2, and on Amendment No. 3 wherein the vote stood 4 to 1.

Dated at Seattle this 26th day of October.

NELSON R. ANDERSON
ANDREW J. BALLIET
DR. F. R. UNDERWOOD
ANDREW P. WILLATSEN.

* * *

Initiative Measure No. 40.

Chapter 1 of the Session Laws of 1920, Veteran's Compensation Act, appropriated \$11,000,000 for the benefit of Veterans of the World War. Chapter 174 of the Sessions Laws of 1921 provides for the levy and collection of an annual poll tax of \$5.00. It was generally understood that the poll tax was passed to provide the revenue necessary to take care of the bonus appropriation.

Initiative Measure No. 40 repeals the poll tax law. The Committee believes that appropriation bills and revenue bills should be considered together as complementary legislation, that an unusually large appropriation should be accompanied by a measure providing the necessary funds. However, if the revenue measure adopted proves after a fair trial to be unwork-

able it should not be retained but another and better measure should be adopted. The poll tax is unpopular and the claim is made that it is not enforced because public sentiment is against it.

If repealed, a new source of revenue must be found or an increase in the general tax rate will result. No suggestions or proposals of new sources have been made so that a choice must be made between the poll tax and an increase in the general rate of taxation unless the next legislature devises new ways and means.

The Committee favors retention of the poll tax until a revenue measure is devised to take its place and provide the revenue required to pay the Soldiers' bonus of over \$11,000,000. The law should not be repealed until a new measure is enacted to take its place, therefore the matter is peculiarly one for action by the Legislature.

Referendum Measure No. 12.

This measure provides for further regulation of public service companies by requiring such companies, before they enter a field already occupied by another company, to first apply and obtain a certificate of necessity and convenience from the Director of Public Works after a hearing upon due notice to the company already in the field and other parties interested. From the decision of the Director of Public Works an appeal may be taken to the Courts.

We believe the right method of approaching this subject is to take it up field by field, utility by utility, as fast as actual conditions demand such legislation; that is a true principle of legislation that laws should follow in the wake of actual conditions and as a demand therefore exists and not precede them or attempt to legislate in the abstract. Therefore, the committee recommends rejection of the proposed measure.

Referendum Measure No. 13.

The 1921 session of the Legislature passed a law doing away with certain regulation governing the medical inspection of school children. This law was held inoperative until the people could vote upon the question by a referendum measure. The petition staying the law received 70,000 signatures, twenty-five thousand being necessary to carry the question to the people.

Under the old law, which is still operative, a child may be inspected by a competent authority, as to his hands, face and mouth. No undressing is necessary, and no undue invasion of family confidence is practiced.

By this method a child having had measles, whooping cough, diphtheria,

(Continued on Page 3)

SPEAKERS DISCUSS EDUCATIONAL BILL

The 30-10 plan, officially known as Initiative Measure "46", was ably presented to the Municipal League at its meeting last Tuesday. William A. Monten, a Spokane attorney and president of the Kiwanis Club of that city, spoke in favor of the measure, and Lou Staude, comptroller of School District No. 1, spoke against the measure.

Mr. Monten stressed the point that the bill equalized the burdens of taxation in so far as that applied to public schools, saying: "We believe in equalization as applied to the State University and other public institutions. Why not so far as they apply to the public school system of the state?" There are seven thousand children in this state, he said, who receive six months of schooling or less during the year, by reason of the poorness of those districts.

The worst problem, however, Mr. Monten continued, was not so much the matter of equalization, as the over-taxation of certain districts, notably the Bremerton-Charleston district. "There are inequalities in the present law that are positively improper and indecent," he said. The city of Spokane, he affirmed, under the present law secures from the state \$70,000 more than it is entitled to, but it is willing to lose that sum because it really amounts to "giving up money inadvertently stolen."

Mr. Monten scouted at the idea that school districts would spend more money by reason of the fact that its funds came through the state treasurer. He said that in Western Washington the people were saying that there were no extravagant directors in that part of the state but that they were over in Eastern Washington, and in Eastern Washington they were saying that we have none such here, but that they are over in Western Washington.

Mr. Monten claimed that under the 20-10 plan the cost of maintaining the schools in this state was reduced by some \$917,000, and that, therefore, since the 20-10 plan was able to effect a saving, the 30-10 plan would accomplish an even greater saving.

Staude Opposes Bill

Mr. Lou Staude took up the last statement made by Mr. Monten and unequivocally denied the claim of sav-

(Continued on page 3)

TUESDAY NOON-OCT. 31st 1922.

at

L. C. Smith Building Restaurant

League will vote on Report of Initiative and Referendum Measures and the 30-10 bill

Majority and Minority Reports

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THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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MUNICIPAL LEAGUE OF SEATTLE
Telephone Main 6282

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

REPORT ON 30-10 MEASURE

Secretary's Note:—The committee appointed to report on the "30-10" brought in a divided report. Read both reports and come prepared to vote Tuesday noon.

October 27, 1922.

To Municipal League,
Seattle.

Gentlemen:

Your Educational Committee, to which was submitted for investigation and report Initiative Measure No. 46, or the so-called 30-10 School Tax Apportionment Law, submits the following report following an examination of the Measure itself, and the arguments which have been urged for and against it. While we are opposed to the Measure, we are in hearty sympathy with the end which its proponents desire, namely, the equalization of educational opportunity for all the children in the state. We are, however, persuaded that these desirable ends can be realized without resorting to what we consider the undesirable features of the proposed Measure. The following are our reasons for opposing the measure.

First—We are not convinced that an educational emergency exists at the present time. It is true that there are inequalities growing out of the present taxation system, but we believe they are less marked than at any other period of our educational history, and, further, that they are being steadily reduced.

Second—We are opposed to the Measure because it places the expenditure of \$3,750,000 of funds raised by state-wide taxation in the hands of local boards which have no

responsibility for levying the tax. All experience indicates that the expenditure of funds secured by taxation by a local levy and for which a local board assumes responsibility, are more carefully scrutinized and more efficiently used than where the money comes from a state-wide tax. This is but natural. A local board feels responsibility to its own community for the expenditure of funds which are produced by levy which it has made itself. At the same time, money received from taxes paid by communities in other sections are frequently regarded as not being a drain upon local resources, and hence to be expended with greater freedom.

Third—We are opposed to the Measure because it will, we believe, inevitably result not in equalization of taxation, but in an actual increase of tax burdens. While we are convinced that no funds expended bring to the community such large returns as those invested in education and that as time goes on, it may be wise that these funds be increased. For the present our tax burdens are so heavy that any further increase would result in driving both population and industries to other sections of the country where the taxes are less burdensome. This would result ultimately not in gain, but in loss to the cause of education.

It is argued, however, that the aggregate amounts now spent will not be increased but that funds will be diverted from rich and possibly extravagant districts to poor and needy ones. We are convinced that this is a mistaken view. Those districts charged with extravagance will, we are satisfied, not be disposed to lower the quality or to lessen the range of educational facilities offered. Instead, they will seek to maintain at

least the existing standards and in doing so will raise local rates to an extent which will permit their continuance along present lines. In support of this view we would call your attention to the fact that after the passage of the 20-10 Act in 1920, 75 per cent of all the districts in the state also increased their local levies.

Fourth—In view of the fact that only during the present year has the 20-10 plan come into operation, we should, entirely aside from other considerations, urge the wisdom of delay until such a time as we have more actual experience of its operation to guide us. Pending further test of the 20-10 plan now being used, no radical increase is in our judgment wise or desirable.

Fifth—The 30-10 Measure is not the only way in which present inequalities can be corrected. We believe in the equality of educational opportunity, but urge the wisdom of testing the plan proposed by the State Superintendent of Education. No individual in the state has had a more extended experience in state-wide school affairs, nor more accurate statistical data available. She reports that instead of an addition of \$3,750,000 from state taxation, a small matter of less than one dollar for each of the 375,000 census children residing in the state will be ample to remedy the present situation. This would seem reasonable to Your Committee in light of that fact that out of 2,400 school districts, there are only approximately 200 so-called poor school districts. \$375,000 placed at the disposal of the State Board of Education and expended by them in the light of the statistical data available, or by legislative enactment classifying by limitations the districts known to be needy and by and amended apportionment system send relief where needed would, we believe, come as near to equalizing opportunity as the plan proposed.

In conclusion, we would urge the wisdom of testing this proposed plan. If it be possible to remedy the inequalities now evident in a satisfactory manner by the use of such a special fund, it would, in our judgment, be much wiser than to increase the present state tax in the amount of three and three-quarter million dollars.

Respectfully submitted,
H. A. WOODCOCK.
H. L. GLENN.
R. M. DYER.

* * *

The minority of your education Committee would submit the following report favorable to the school equalization measure, Initiative No 46;

Provisions of the Measure

Provisions of the measure briefly summarized are as follows:

1. Increases the state tax from \$20 to \$30 per census child. (Local levy may be reduced accordingly.
2. Reduces limit of local levy from 20 to 17 mills. (Limit on local board left unchanged at 10 mills.)

3. Apportions half of state and county funds on attendance and half on number of teachers (subject to review of state board of education.)
4. Eliminates all bonuses (grants not based on recognized needs.)
5. Provides for minimum of eight months school term.
6. Creates an emergency fund of \$60,000 for special relief.

The Educational Emergency

A real emergency does exist. In many localities it is a desperate emergency. It is conceded by all that there are 7,000 children in short-term schools. That is more children than there are in average daily attendance in Renton, Kent, Auburn, Sumner, Puyallup and Olympia all together; more children than there are in any one of 31 counties of the state and more than in 8 counties combined. Thousands more have teachers who are untrained, inexperienced and inefficient. Parents of 33,000 children pay a local tax of 20 mills or more and over 90,000 children are in districts with an excessive local tax. Inadequate educational advantages for the children and excessive costs for taxpayers constitute a real emergency not to be ignored or minimized.

Inequalities and Equalization

The reason for the existing emergency lies, not in the average amount spent for education in the state, which is ample but not excessive if fairly collected and fairly distributed, but in the fact that so large a proportion of school support (now over one-half) is raised and expended on the basis of the unequal local unit. Communities vary widely in their ability to finance education on a local basis,—the richest district in the state having nearly 200 times the per capita wealth of the poorest district. Ten districts with approximately the same valuation range from 12 to 820 children to educate. Forty-one rich rural districts have nearly 30 times the wealth of the same number of poor rural districts with the same number of children. Local tax-rates range from 1-2 of one mill to 4 mills, a ratio of 80 to 1 even with one-third of school support equalized by state tax.

The education of the children of every community is a community interest and concern, but it is also a state obligation and responsibility. Education is an absolute essential to good citizenship and constitutes the State's strongest foundation for efficiency and defense. This obligation was assumed by that state when it became a state and wrote into its constitution this unequivocal declaration: "It is the paramount duty of the state to make ample provision for the education of all children residing within its borders". The "Barefoot Schoolboy" Law of 1895 providing a state tax of \$6 a child was the first step to meet the State's obligation. The present \$20 a child goes one-third of the way. Initiative 46 means another forward step

The Office of the Secretary of
the Municipal League is
405 Leary Building.
Telephone: Main 0791.

n meeting the State's full obligations.

Does Not Ask for More Money

An increase in the state tax does not mean a necessary increase in the total amount of school support. An increase in the fair state tax makes possible a corresponding reduction in the unequal district tax, a reduction which most school boards and communities will be prompt to make. The contention that local levies would not be curtailed as state apportionments are increased is not borne out in facts. Last year the first year in which the present law, which increased the state tax from \$10 to \$20, was in full effect. Last year, according to statement of Chas. J. Booth, certified public accountant of Seattle, the state tax was increased \$1,761,346.65, but instead of a corresponding increase in total school expenditures, there was a decrease of \$933,349, with increase of 7,000 children to educate, or a decrease of 6 per cent per child. What the people did under the present "20-10" law they can do under the "30-10" measure. The amount of school support will continue to be determined by the people acting through the variable local levy. The state tax is simply a fairer plan of raising and distributing whatever amount people want to spend for their schools.

Initiative 46 Based on Justice

There are two ways of meeting educational needs—one a charity method that establishes an educational "breadline" at Olympia with discretionary doles, the other the plan of justice that recognizes education for all children as a state responsibility and meets that obligation as a matter of state justice and duty rather than state philanthropy. Initiative 46 is of the latter type.

Local Consideration

In application of any equalization law it is inevitable that some districts will benefit and others will contribute. The measure benefits neither large nor small district as such but on the basis of per capita wealth and school needs, whatever the size of the communities.

The City of Seattle is but a trifle rich on the per capita basis and would be but little affected. King County including Seattle is right at the state average of per capita wealth. But the question of attitude toward Initiative 46 should be from the state-wide rather than local view-point. Seattle should endorse the principle of state-wide equalization in school costs as applied to the University, not because the state pours a million and a quarter of tax money and indirect financial benefits of about five million more into her lap, but because it is right that the state should support a university. In the same spirit Seattle should approve of state-wide equalization in the costs of common schools even if it does mean some small cost to the City of Seattle. The question is one of principle and duty that should transcend every local and selfish consideration.

In view of the foregoing cogent reasons, it is the conviction of the minority of the Education Committee that the endorsement and support of the Municipal League should be given to Initiative 46.

DALLAS D. JOHNSON.
MARION EDWARDS.

COMMITTEE REPORTS ON PROPOSED MEASURES

(Continued from Page 1)

small pox or other infectious diseases may be separated from healthy children and sent home. These convalescent children may have no symptoms detected by casual inspection. Success of referendum 13 will do away with all inspection by nurses and doctors.

To accomplish this, the new law states that a parent or guardian may at the beginning of the school year file a request that no medical inspection be given the child. Then only can he be sent home from school if a teacher or superintendent observes the marks of infection on the hands or hands.

No competent person passes upon the case, and no cultures of the throat may be taken. This last often detecting disease in its most virulent form when the child shows no outward signs of disease.

The old law does not enforce vaccination against small-pox, the child simply stays away from healthy children during the contagious period. If he is exposed he has the choice of vaccination or isolation during the period he is capable of taking it and transmitting it to others.

Success of Referendum 13 will allow small-pox a rich field within our most susceptible population, the youth of the school age. It is well to remember in these years of our security that the 18th century saw fifteen million people die of this disease, but with the advent of vaccination in the last of that century the disease has retreated decade by decade until it is now found only among the superstitious and the liberal democracies.

Our children have been recognized as wards of the state, which requires them by law to receive a certain measure of education. School facilities are provided, all selected to preserve to the highest degree the mental and physical health of the children. The healthy child must have the best light to preserve his sight, and yet these proponents of 13 insist his seat mate may bring him itch, body lice, or any other filth disease that can pass the eye of the already overburdened teacher.

An answer to proponents of this measure is found in the present state of Russia. They need but read the magazine to plumb the depth of horrors in a state where so-called personal liberty has removed all restrictions over health matters.

New laws should always be a step

forward in their objective; this measure your committee thinks a distinct backward in health legislation. Vote "NO" on Referendum 13.

Referendum No. 14.

Each elector is required at the time of registering, to declare the name of the political party with which he intends to affiliate at the ensuing primary election and he shall receive ballot in the primary of the party with which he is affiliated as shown on the registration books. It also provides for registration in incorporated cities and towns every two years and outside of such cities and towns every four years, etc.

The purpose of this measure is to guard against members of one party invading the primaries of any other party and participating in that other party's choice of its candidates. Such invasion tends to destroy party rule and is generally believed to be a fraud upon the party whose primaries are invaded by electors of the opposite political faith. To insure good government Republicans should nominate Republican candidates and Democrats should nominate Democratic candidates.

The Committee is in favor of this measure.

Referendum Measure No. 15

This provides, in substance, that candidates for precinct committeemen of the various parties may have their names on that ballot at the primary election; any elector duly registered may file with the County Auditor a declaration of his candidacy for precinct committeeman of the party only with which he is registered, upon paying a fee of \$1.00. These precinct committeemen constitute the party committee for the County. The State Committee shall consist of one committeeman from each County elected by the County committee, providing however, the State committee may provide for the election of State committeemen of each County by the County convention.

It makes specific provision for the election of delegates to County conventions by elections held in the different precincts and provides restrictions and guarantees similar to those provided by law for other elections. Such delegates may adopt a County platform and select delegates to State conventions who in turn may adopt a State platform, etc. It also provides that a candidate must, in filing a declaration of candidacy, make an oath that he has been affiliated for at least two years past with the party for which he appears as a candidate and that he believes in the principles of that party, accepts and endorses the platform adopted by that party at its last State convention, and if elected he will support same generally.

The Committee recommends this Measure to the favorable consideration of the voters.

Proposed Amendment No. 1.

Section 22 of Article I of the Constitution of the State of Washing-

ton, it is proposed, should be amended by permitting criminal prosecution to be brought in any County of the State, traversed by any railroad coach, train, or public conveyance and the water traversed by any boat, for all public offenses committed during the trip or voyage on any such railroad car, coach, train, boat or other public conveyances.

Proposed Amendment No. 2.

It is proposed that Section 4 of Article VIII of the Constitution of the State of Washington should be amended so that no money should be paid out by the Treasurer of the State except in pursuance of appropriation by law and unless such payment be made within one calendar month after the end of the next ensuing fiscal biennial and that every law making a new appropriation should distinctly specify the sum appropriated and the object to which it is to be applied, and it shall not be sufficient for such law to refer to any further law to fix such sum.

Proposed Amendment No. 3.

By this amendment it is proposed to increase the compensation of members of the Legislature from \$5.00 to \$10.00 a day for each day's attendance during the session and to allow them 10c per mile of travel.

The Committee favors adoption of all three amendments. The first proposal is designed to determine whether a crime is committed in one County or another on account of the rapid movement of the train or other conveyances from one County to another.

The second proposal changes the time of payment from the first day of May following passage of such appropriation to within one calendar month after the end of the next ensuing fiscal biennial.

The third proposal is obvious upon its face.

GREAT DEBATE ON 30-10

STAGED BEFORE LEAGUE

(Continued from Page 1)

ing as made by Mr. Monten. He said that the \$917.00 saved from the apportionments received through the state treasurer were saved entirely by the districts of Bellingham, Walla Walla and Seattle. He pointed out that over 75 per cent of the districts increased their local levies, due largely to the fact that they were getting an increase under the 20-10 plan.

Mr. Staude divided the subject under discussion into two parts, i. e. (1) Will the new measure raise taxation? (2) Will it reduce the aggregate taxation? He took up the latter question first. He said "There will be an increase of \$3,750,000 in our tax rolls. The contention is made that the local levy will be decreased—but will it? Human experience has shown us that where one has more automatic increase of income, he will have a proportionate automatic increase of expense. In

Seattle we must get by on a ten mill levy—we could easily spend more. But if you say that the tax reducing organizations will watch the budget and see that no more money is spent than necessary, I will cite you an instance to refute that argument: At the request of a number of civic organization the School Board of Seattle published its budget in the newspapers of the city at a cost of \$500. At the hearing of the budget only three persons, outside of the school board and various heads of departments attended.

"Out of the 2,600 school districts in Washington, less than 200 are what are known as "poor districts". Mrs. Preston, the Superintendent of Public Instruction at Olympia, informed us in a recent report that \$215,000 will care for these "poor districts". Why then should we pass legislation assessing 2,600 districts to care for only 200 districts? In other words, since an increase in the ratio of state aid is required—that is, an increase of \$315,000—why not make

it proportionate, 21-10 instead of 30-10.

"The remedy, I believe, is consolidation of districts through the medium of County unit, all districts coming under one head instead of as present each district building up with no eye for the future."

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for King County.
Anna E. Mittelstadt, Plaintiff, vs. Charles M. Dial and May E. Dial, his wife, Mary Feener and John Doe Feener (whose true name is to plaintiff unknown), her husband, Defendants. No. 161676. Summons by Publication.
The State of Washington to: Charles M. Dial and May E. Dial, his wife, Mary Feener and John Doe Feener (whose true name is to plaintiff unknown), her husband, Defendants; You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 28th day of October, 1922, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of said action is to obtain a judgment on account of a promissory note given by defendants Charles M. Dial and May E. Dial his wife, to the plaintiff in the sum of \$700.00 with interest thereon from July 16, 1921, at the rate of 8% per annum, together with attorney's fees and costs, and to foreclose a real estate mortgage given by the said defendants Charles M. Dial and Mary E. Dial, his wife, to the plaintiff to secure the payment of said note upon the following described real estate in King County, Washington, to-wit:

Tract 88 Spring Hill Park, according to the plat thereof recorded in Volume 12 of Plats, page 14, records of King County, Washington.

JOHN F. REED,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address: 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Oct. 28, 1922. 6t Dec. 2

JAMES W. REYNOLDS
Attorney 301-3 Burke Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate
In the Matter of the Estate of Gloria G. Burdick, Deceased.
Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as the administrator of the estate of Gloria G. Burdick, deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same duly verified on said administrator or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the clerk of said court, together with proof of such service, within six months after the date of the first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication, October 20, 1922.

HARRY A. BURDICK,
Address: 301-3 Burke Building, Seattle, Washington.
JAMES W. REYNOLDS, Attorney for said estate, 301-3 Burke, Bldg., Seattle, Washington.
First Pub. Oct. 21, 1922. 3t Nov. 4.

JAMES T. LAWLER
Attorney 512-14 White Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County Eldora B. Healey, Plaintiff vs. Frank S. Healey, Defendant. No. 161643 Summons For Publication.
The State of Washington: to Frank S. Healey, Defendant.
You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty days after the 23rd day of September, 1922, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of plaintiff and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff, at his office below stated, and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered against you

according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court. The object of this action is to procure a divorce from the defendant on the ground of non-support.

JAMES T. LAWLER
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address: 512-14 White Building, Seattle, King County, Washington.
First Pub. Sept. 23, 1922. 6t Oct. 28

HARTGE & CADWALLADER
Attorneys 521 Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King.
In Probate.
In the matter of the Estate of Thomas F. Hanfin, Deceased. No. 30809. Notice of Hearing and Final Report and Petition for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Flint L. Keating as executor of the will of the said Thomas F. Hanfin, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said executor; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 10th day of November, 1922, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 11th day of October, 1922
GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By **H. C. GORDON,** Deputy.
First Pub. Oct. 14, 1922. 3t Oct. 28

WALTER W. HAY
Attorney 1111 Am. Bank Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County.
In Probate.
In the matter of the Estate of Martha Baker, Deceased. No. 3161.
Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Administratrix of the estate of Martha Baker, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Administratrix or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

FLORA DURBIN,
Administratrix of said Estate.
WALTER W. HAY, Attorney for Estate, 1111 American Bank Building, Seattle, Wash.
Date of first publication October 21, 1922. 4t Nov. 11.

ANDREW J. BALLIET
Attorney 320 Ry. Ex. Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF KING County, State of Washington.
W. P. Wood and Mona H. Wood, husband and wife, Plaintiffs, vs. L. S. Kemper and Mary P. Kemper, his wife, Defendants. No. 162157. Summons by Publication.
The State of Washington, To the said L. S. Kemper and Mary P. Kemper, his wife, Defendants:
You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty days after the 14th day of October, 1922, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, answer the complaint of the plaintiffs, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiffs, at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demands of the complaint, which has been filed with the Clerk of said court; the object of this action is to quiet the title to:

"Lot Six (6) and the North Twenty (20) Feet of Lot Seven (7), Block Twenty (20), Northern Addition to Seattle, King County, Washington," as against the defendants and each of them.

ANDREW J. BALLIET,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
320 Railway Exchange Bldg., Seattle, Washington.
Date of first publication: October 14, 1922. 6t Nov. 18

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. XII. NO. 44.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1922.

PRICE 10 CENTS

MUNICIPAL LEAGUE'S RECOMMENDATIONS ON INITIATIVE AND REFERENDUM MEASURES, AMENDMENTS TO STATE CONSTITUTION AND COUNTY OFFICERS

Municipal League by bare majority, FAVORS Initiative Measure No. 40 (Poll Tax), An Act providing for the repeal of the poll tax.

Municipal League OPPOSED to Initiative Measure No. 40 (30-10). An act providing for a current state school fund sufficient to produce \$30.00 for each child of school age.

Municipal League recommends vote "NO" to Referendum Measure No. 14. "An Act relating to primary nominations and the registration of voters, and requiring electors to state their party affiliations at the time of registration.

Municipal League recommends vote "NO" to Referendum Measure No. 15. "An act relating to the election and powers of precinct committeemen and party committees, the nomination of candidates for public office and the holding of party conventions for the purpose of adopting platforms and nominating presidential electors".

Municipal League FAVORS all three amendments to the State Constitution:

1. An Act amending Section 22 of Article I of the State Constitution by providing that the trial of a person accused of a public offense committed on any railway car, coach, train, boat or other public conveyance may be had in any

Municipal League recommends vote "NO" to Referendum Measure No. 12 (The Certificate of Necessity Measure). An act providing for the issuance of certificates of necessity and conveniences by the director of public works to public

service companies in cases where similar service is being rendered the localities proposed to be served by other public service companies.

Municipal League recommends vote "NO" to Referendum Measure No. 13 (Health Bill). "An Act providing that parents or guardians may forbid physical examination of their school children in districts of the first class except when such children show symptoms of contagious or infectious diseases; and providing that vaccination, inoculation or other medication shall not be made a condition of attendance or employment in such schools except of such persons suspected of having or who have been exposed to contagious diseases."

county through which such conveyance may pass."

2. An Act amending Section 4 of Article VIII of the State Constitution by providing that payments from state appropriations should be made within one calendar month after the end of the next ensuing fiscal biennium."

3. "An Act amending Section 23 of Article II of the State Constitution relating to compensation to be paid members of the Legislature by increasing the compensation of such members from \$5.00 to \$10.00 a day for each day's attendance during the session."

COUNTY OFFICERS: The Municipal League's Candidates' Investigating Committee in its report submitted to the League before the primaries and approved by the League, favorably mentioned the following for their respective offices. The committee consisted of: Dan Earle, Chairman, Willis B. Herr, H. I. Chatterton, A. K. Fiske, and Frank I. Curtis.

COUNTY AUDITOR REPORT ON CANDIDATES

The committee on investigation of candidates made a report on same before the recent primaries as follows:

D. E. Ferguson, candidate for County Auditor on the Republican ticket, is 48 years of age, Canadian by birth but a resident of Seattle for 16 years. His business is that of an accountant; he is the present County Auditor, filing for reelection; at the time of taking office he was not a candidate of the so-called Court House "ring" and from some reports it appears that a deliberate attempt was made to count him out as a result of the close contest in that election. His record indicates that he has conducted the office in a very efficient manner and has surrounded himself with an organization which has given prompt and

courteous service to the public; he impresses the Committee as being able to give a good account of his stewardship and they believe he deserves favorable consideration in view of the services already rendered in that office.

COUNTY ASSESSOR

Samuel H. Chase, candidate for County Assessor on the Republican ticket, has been for 12

years Deputy Assessor for King County and has had 2 years experience as a Civil Deputy in the Prosecuting Attorney's office; was born 58 years ago and educated for the law. Mr. Chase has been 16 years in Washington, is married and owns property here. He has had considerable experience in executive capacities and the legal business pertaining to the Assessor's of-

fice. The Committee considers Mr. Chase well qualified for the office to which he aspires.

PROSECUTING ATTORNEY

Malcolm Douglas, present Prosecuting Attorney and running for re-election, is sufficiently well known to make unnecessary any details of introduction; he is running on his record in office and the Committee believes that record to be one of ability and efficiency which entitles him to the favorable consideration of King County.

COUNTY CLERK

George A. Grant, candidate for County Clerk on the Republican ticket, has served one term (Continued on Page 2)

FRANK J. LAUBE

(Professor of Political Science at the University of Washington and Chairman of Taxation Committee of the Municipal League)

Will Address the Municipal League
ON

Tuesday Noon, November 7th

At The L. C. SMITH BUILDING RESTAURANT

"Limitation of Taxes on Real Property"

Extra copies of this issue of The Municipal News may be obtained from any of the leading newstands or bookstores of this city, at a cost of five cents a copy.

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

Published Weekly by the
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Terms Expire May, 1924—
Walter L. Nossaman, Main 0816
D. D. Johnson, Main 0169
Dan Earle, Main 0078
John D. Hall, Ell. 3887
Harrison W. Mason, Rain. 0024

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

REPORT OF LAST TUESDAY'S MEETING

At one of the best attended meetings of the year the League's special committee, reporting on the various initiative and referendum measures (with the exception of Initiative Measure No. 46, the 30-10 school tax measure), received a decided set-back.

As reported in the "Municipal News" of last week, the committee, consisting of Nelson R. Anderson, A. J. Balliet, Edgar Battle, Dr. F. R. Underwood and Andrew Willatsen, unanimously recommended the retention of the poll tax, favored Referendum No. 12 (the Certificate of Necessity Measure), favored Referendum No. 13, was opposed to Referendum No. 14 and 15 and favored the proposed amendments to the State Constitution.

After a short but pointed debate, the League by one vote went on record as favoring the repeal of the poll tax and, almost to a man, expressed its disapproval of the measures known as "Referendums No. 14 and No. 15."

With practical unanimity the League approved of the conclusions of the committee on Referendum No. 12—the certificate of necessity measure — the League voting unanimously against the measure). The findings on the proposed amendments to the Constitution were adopted, favorable to the amendments.

A surprising incident of the meeting was the absence of any

discussion upon the majority report opposed to Initiative No. 46 (the 30-10 plan). The majority report which was read by Mr. H. A. Woodcock as acting chairman and which was concurred in by R. M. Dyer and H. L. Gienn, received the overwhelming approval of the membership.

It was expected that there would be considerable debate on this measure; for at the preceding meeting a minority report signed by Mr. Dallas D. Johnson and Marion Edwards aroused numerous expressions of opinion. In fact, it was expected that the reports on the other initiative and referendum measures would receive but little attention, and consequently the main order of business was the 30-10 report. Contrary to this expectation the membership discussed practically all of the initiative and referendum measures with the exception of the 30-10. The vote against the latter measure was almost unanimous.

Mr. Louis Scholl, though not a member of the League, was given a few minutes to speak in favor of Referendum No. 13.

Among those who were present at last Tuesday's meeting are:

Nelson R. Anderson,
Henry Landes,
A. E. Flagg,
Albro Gardner, Jr.
Philip Tindall,
W. Roy Clark,
Chas. R. Morehouse,
Ethan S. Smith,
C. O. Myers,
B. C. Mooers,
L. S. Booth,

Harry Wooller,
A. J. Balliet,
John D. Hall,
Jackson Silbaugh,
A. Burns,
J. H. Featherston,
F. W. Bert, Jr.
C. M. Lewis,
A. M. Hoidale,
S. E. Fleming,
Lou Staude,
R. T. Reid,
H. A. Woodcock,
O. W. Crockett,
Howard A. Adams,
Ray Dumett,
Walter L. Baumgartner,
Russel S. Callow,
Dallas D. Johnson,
C. A. Reynolds,
James T. Lawler,
W. E. Henry,
L. T. Neikirk,
Andrew Willatsen,
E. C. Kilbourne,
Louis E. Scholl,
M. D. Parkhurst,
J. L. Baldwin,
James A. Haight,
George E. Wright,
Willis B. Herr,
Henry W. Pennock,
A. K. Fiske,
Benj. H. Petley,
William G. Mann,
Jno. Eddy Franklin,
Arthur L. Marsh,
Mrs. H. J. Mignerey,
Geo. B. Cole,
Bert. A. Northrup,
Eimon L. Wienir,

(Continued from page 1)

in that office and has no opposition on the Republican ticket. Committee believes Mr. Grant's record entitles him to re-election.

COUNTY SHERIFF

Matt Starwich, candidate for re-election to the office of sheriff on the Republican ticket, was for many years previous to his election known as a fearless and efficient deputy. His record for economy in the sheriff's office has been unique and a model for other County offices. This economy has not been attained at any cost of efficiency. The committee believes that Mr. Starwich's record indicates that he will, if re-elected, continue to render exceptionally satisfactory service.

J. K. Jensen, candidate for Sheriff on the Democratic ticket, born in Chicago, is 44 years

old, has been a resident of Auburn for 9 years where he is now engaged in the freight department of the Northern Pacific Ry. Co. He is also Police Judge at Auburn, previous to which he was for a short time Deputy Sheriff under Stringer and has been chief of Police at Auburn. He is strongly in favor of the prohibition and motor vehicle laws being enforced and seems to the Committee to be good material.

COUNTY SUPT. OF COMMON SCHOOLS

A. S. Burrows, candidate for County Superintendent on the Republican ticket, is 50 years of age and has been a resident of Seattle for 30 years. He is a graduate of the University of Washington, was born in Iowa and has occupied the position of Superintendent and Deputy Superintendent for the past 12 years. Prior to his election as Superintendent of Schools he was a school teacher. Mr. Burrows is married and has a family of six children and in the Committee's opinion Mr. Burrows is qualified for the office.

COUNTY ENGINEER

Thomas R. Beeman, candidate for County Engineer on the Republican ticket, age 41 years, resident of Seattle for 16 years, is a graduate engineer and well known as King County Engineer for the past two years, and previous to that as Assistant County Engineer. He has had a wide experience in charge of railway and highway construction and for two years on the French front was Captain of Engineers in the United States Army. The Committee believe he has operated the Engineer's office efficiently and economically and recommend him for re-election.

COUNTY CORONER

Dr. W. H. Corson, candidate for County Coroner on the Republican ticket, 42 years of age and has lived in Seattle more than 30 years. He is the present coroner and has filed for second term. Is prepared to stand upon the record of his first term of administration. Has been a practicing physician for some 17 years and claims to have an organization at the present time which is administering the affairs of the coroner's office at a minimum cost.

to the County considering the importance and extent of the work.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER FIRST DISTRICT

Wm. A. Gaines, present County Treasurer, candidate for County Commissioner from the City District, age 42, has lived in Seattle 14 years and has never held public office prior to his election as Treasurer. His principal business experience has been in banks and in the general detail work of office and financial business administration. He has definite ideas for economy and efficiency and illustrated some of his ideas in the conduct of his present office, the records of which show a cost of .56 of 1 per cent as the cost for every \$100.00 collected as taxes during his present term which is a very creditable showing.

RESOLUTION NO. 7266

Be it resolved by the City Council of the City of Seattle:

That we appeal to the people of the State of Washington to defeat once more Referendum No. 12, known as the "Certificate of Necessity Bill", at the next state election on November 7, 1922; and be it

Further Resolved that we ask for the people of the City of Seattle, and all other municipalities of the state the utmost freedom in establishing and developing electric power as one of the potent means for bringing about prosperity in the great State of Washington.

Passed the City Council the 30th day of October, 1922, and signed by me in open session in authentication of its passage this 30th day of October, 1922.

OLIVER T. ERICKSON,

President pro tem of the City Council

Filed the 30th day of October, 1922.

H. W. CARROLL,

City Comptroller and ex-officio City Clerk.

Citizens of Harrah, Oklahoma, protest the ringing of the 9 o'clock curfew, because it interrupts their slumbers. Every night after the village has settled down for a good rest and the lights are turned out, the clanging of the curfew rouses the citizenry from its slumbers and the situation is becoming well-nigh unbearable, according to the delegation that registered a complaint with the county attorney.

PAGED!!



MIDDLE CLASS RULES ITALY

The middle class does most of the constructive work, pays most of the taxes, furnishes the solid foundation on which organized society rests but only rarely does it forsake its mild and pacific course and, by asserting itself, prove its strength. The Fascisti represent the middle class in Italy.

That is why Benito Mussolini's victory is so astonishing—so amazing. He has accomplished something no other popular leader in Europe has been capable of doing. He has induced middle-class folk, who ordinarily ask only the privilege of working, living and creating and paying taxes, to assert themselves. Probably, he and his followers are as greatly surprised as others by his and their unexpected success.

Yet, it wasn't a particularly difficult task once some one had the vision to perceive the need for action, the courage to undertake the task and the ability to see it through against all the opposition or organized radical-

ism, bitterly contemptuous of the "bourgeoise" middle class, and of the entrenched ultraconservatism of the ruling class. The former had to be fought but they did not fight nearly so well as the Fascisti; the latter resented middle class intrusion but ultimately recognized that a kindly Providence had sent them a new friend and ally whose strength, vigor and resolution made him the most powerful of all law-abiding and law enforcing agencies in the country.

Now, one wonders whether Mussolini is merely a happenstance or a genius—whether his usefulness ended when he organized the "bourgeoise" of Italy or whether, in truth and in fact, he possesses the political sagacity and the statesman-like ability to direct the new government in successful ways.

He has wisely sought the backing of the patriotic by naming General Diaz and Admiral di Revel as ministers of war and marine, respectively. He has gained the support of the Nationalist, Democrat and Catholic Parties by selecting cabinet members from these organizations. For himself, he re-

serves the all-important portfolios of interior and foreign affairs.

Italy is the scene of a most interesting experiment in government. If Mussolini succeeds, there will be a complete end to extremism in Europe west of the Russian border—and, perhaps, radicalism will not last long even there.—Italian Gazette, Seattle.

Buffaloes at the Canadian federal game park at Wainwright, Alberta, have increased in such numbers that government officials state the vast tract of land set aside for them is insufficient to accommodate them. A number of the older animals are to be slaughtered, the carcasses to be sold to northern trading companies to be made into pemmican. The government will retain the hides.

JACKSON SILBAUGH
Attorney 625 Hoge Bldg
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
State of Washington for the County
of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Joe
Bakotich, Deceased. No. 30648.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and
Petition for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that Anton
Cheskov, Administrator of the Estate
of Joe Bakotich, has filed in the office
of the Clerk of said Court his final
Report and petition for distribution, ask-
ing the Court to settle said Report,
distribute the property to the persons
thereto entitled and to discharge said
Anton Cheskov, Administrator; and
that said Report and petition will be
heard on the 29th day of November,
1922, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room
of the Probate Department of said
Court.

Dated this 3rd day of November, 1922.
PERCY F. THOMAS,
Clerk of said Court.
By GEO. L. BERGER, Deputy.
First pub. Nov. 4, 1922. 3t Nov. 18

CARKEEK, McDONALD, HARRIS & CORYELL
Attorneys 1162-1167 Empire Bldg
 Seattle, Washington, November 2, 1922.
 To the Stockholders of Sound Freight Lines, Inc.

You and each of you are hereby notified that a special meeting of stockholders of Sound Freight Lines, Inc., will be held at the office of the company in Seattle, Washington, November 20, 1922, at 7:30 P. M., to vote on the question of reducing the capital stock of said corporation to One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) and to vote on such other business as may properly come before such meeting.

J. HOWARD PAYNE,
 GEORGE CORYELL,
 Trustees.
 First pub. Nov. 4, 1922. 3t Nov. 18

H. C. FORCE
Attorney Hoge Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.
 In the Matter of the Estate of Clara R. Beil, Deceased. No. 31099.
 Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that J. P. Beil, Administrator of the Estate of Clara R. Beil has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said Administrator; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 4th day of December, 1922, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 2nd day of November, 1922.
 GEORGE A. GRANT,
 Clerk of said Court.
 By H. C. GORDON, Deputy.
 First Pub. Nov. 4 3t Nov. 18

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JOHN F. REED

Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for King County.

Anna E. Mittelstadt, Plaintiff, vs. Charles M. Dial and May E. Dial, his wife, Mary Feener and John Doe Feener (whose true name is to plaintiff unknown), her husband, Defendants. No. 161676. Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to: Charles M. Dial and May E. Dial, his wife, Mary Feener and John Doe Feener (whose true name is to plaintiff unknown), her husband, Defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 28th day of October, 1922, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of said action is to obtain a judgment on account of a promissory note given by defendants Charles M. Dial and May E. Dial his wife, to the plaintiff in the sum of \$700.00 with interest thereon from July 16, 1921, at the rate of 8% per annum, together with attorney's fees and costs, and to foreclose a real estate mortgage given by the said defendants Charles M. Dial and Mary E. Dial, his wife, to the plaintiff to secure the payment of said note upon the following described real estate in King County, Washington, to-wit:

Tract 88 Spring Hill Park, according to the plat thereof recorded in Volume 12 of Plats, page 14, records of King County, Washington.

JOHN F. REED,
 Attorney for Plaintiff.
 Office and Post Office Address: 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
 First pub. Oct. 28, 1922. 6t Dec. 2

JAMES W. REYNOLDS

Attorney 301-3 Burke Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County In Probate

In the Matter of the Estate of Gloria G. Burdick, Deceased.
 Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as the administrator of the estate of Gloria G. Burdick, deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same duly verified on said administrator or his attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the clerk of said court, together with proof of such service, within six months after the date of the first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Date of first publication, October 20, 1922.

HARRY A. BURDICK,
 Address: 301-3 Burke Building, Seattle, Washington.

JAMES W. REYNOLDS, Attorney for said estate, 301-3 Burke Bldg., Seattle, Washington.
 First Pub. Oct. 21, 1922. 3t Nov. 4.

JAMES T. LAWLER

Attorney 512-14 White Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington For King County Eldora B. Healey, Plaintiff vs. Frank S. Healey, Defendant. No. 161643. Summons For Publication.
 The State of Washington: to Frank S. Healey, Defendant.

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty days after the 23rd day of September, 1922, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of plaintiff and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff, at his office below stated, and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered against you

according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court. The object of this action is to procure a divorce from the defendant on the ground of non-support.

JAMES T. LAWLER

Attorney for Plaintiff
 Office and Post Office Address:
 512-14 White Building,
 Seattle, King County, Washington.
 First Pub. Sept. 23, 1922. 6t Oct. 28

HARTGE & CADWALLADER
Attorneys 521 Central Bldg.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King.

In Probate.
 In the matter of the Estate of Thomas F. Hanftin, Deceased. No. 30809.
 Notice of Hearing and Final Report and Petition for Distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Fint L. Keating as executor of the will of the said Thomas F. Hanftin, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court his final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereto entitled and to discharge said executor; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 10th day of November, 1922, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 11th day of October, 1922
 GEORGE A. GRANT,
 Clerk of said Court.
 By H. C. GORDON, Deputy.
 First Pub. Oct. 14, 1922. 3t Oct. 28

WALTER W. HAY

Attorney 1111 Am. Bank Bldg.
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County.

In Probate.
 In the matter of the Estate of Martha Baker, Deceased. No. 3161.
 Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Administratrix of the estate of Martha Baker, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Administratrix or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.

FLORA DURBIN,
 Administratrix of said Estate.
 WALTER W. HAY, Attorney for Estate, 1111 American Bank Building, Seattle, Wash.
 Date of first publication October 21, 1922. 4t Nov. 11.

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ANDREW J. BALLIET
Attorney 320 Ry. Ex. Bldg
 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF KING County, State of Washington.
 W. P. Wood and Mona H. Wood, husband and wife, Plaintiffs, vs. L. S. Kemper and Mary P. Kemper, his wife, Defendants. No. 162157. Summons by Publication.
 The State of Washington, To the said L. S. Kemper and Mary P. Kemper, his wife, Defendants:
 You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty days after the 14th day of October, 1922, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, answer the complaint of the plaintiffs, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiffs, at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demands of the complaint, which has been filed with the Clerk of said court; the object of this action is to quiet the title to:

"Lot Six (6) and the North Twenty (20) Feet of Lot Seven (7), Block Twenty (20), Northern Addition to Seattle, King County, Washington," as against the defendants and each of them.

ANDREW J. BALLIET,
 Attorney for Plaintiff.

320 Railway Exchange Bldg., Seattle, Washington.
 Date of first publication: October 14, 1922. 6t Nov. 18

The Roslyn Fuel Co.

COAL

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 SEATTLE, WASH.

Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle
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VOL. XII. NO. 46.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1922.

PRICE 10 CENTS

Public Safety Committee Recommends Dance Halls Be Closed

SECRETARY'S NOTES OF CURRENT INTEREST

Among the new members added to the rolls of the League within the last few days are the following: Spencer Gray, Lawyer; W. Woolston, professor at the U. of W.; George H. Preston, Insurance; J. N. Bowman, Vocational Bureau, U. S. Government; Theodore Carlson, student at the U. of W.; G. L. Bos Sulpe, Cashier and bookkeeper.

Vivian Carkeek, chairman of the League's County-City Consolidation committee is convening his committee and will lay a plan for work with the end in view of having the proper kind of legislation passed this coming session of the legislature. A good deal of opposition to the consolidation of county-city governments has already been expressed by the old line politicians who do not favor any more non-partisan units in government. It will take a good deal of campaigning on the part of those favorable to the project to swing sentiment in their favor. There are few if any more competent persons to tackle a job of this kind, however, than Mr. Carkeek. We look to some tangible results of his committee's work.

* * *

W. E. Henry, the League's representative on the Narcotics Council, reported to the Board last Monday that he is opposed to the League being bound by the representative's acts unless the same be first approved by the League membership. He believes, he said, that the League's influence should be behind the work of the Council as it was a worthy cause. He recommended that the League join as a member of the White cross and urged as many of the members of the League as is possible to also join. The Board accepted Mr. Henry's report. The Secretary, in Mr. Henry's absence Tuesday, reported to the membership the substance of his report. Upon motion of Dr. Kilbourne it was approved and the League voted to join the White Cross and Mr. Henry was asked to continue representing the League at the Narcotics Council
(Continued on Page 2)

SCOPE AND ACTIVITIES OF BUILDING DEPT.

From The Building Department,
To Mr. Eimon Wienir, Secretary,
Municipal League, 405 Leary Building,
Seattle, Washington.

Subject: Scope and Activities of
The Building Department.
Dear Sir:

Responding to your request that I give you a statement concerning the general activities of the Building Department of the City of Seattle, I have the privilege of replying as follows:

Under the intention of the framers of the original charter of the City of Seattle, the Building Department was designed to be used only to enforce the laws governing the erection alteration, repair and demolition of buildings. Later, the City Council in its wisdom saw fit to place more responsibility upon it, until now the activities embrace a much wider field than originally.

The Building Department proper consists of the Superintendent, who is also a member of the Board of Public Works, two Structural Engineers, who pass upon plans as submitted by builders, checking the structural features against the Building Code and indicating any corrections necessary; one Ordinance Plan Examiner who checks the plans against the Ordinances governing heights, areas, stairways, elevators, means of egress, light and ventilation, location, etc. One Chief Electrical Inspector who checks the plans against electrical ordinances; he also has direction of the two Electrical Inspectors who inspect the work in process of erection and the completed job. One Structural Inspector whose duties are confined to reinforced concrete and steel con-

(Continued on Page 3)

DENIES WORN OUT PROPERTIES CARRIED

Cleland Denies Gas Company Carries
Worn Out Properties on
Its Books

Hance H. Cleland, Supervisor of public utilities, in reply to a query from the League's Secretary, states that the Seattle Lighting Company carries no property on its books as an asset that is not such actually.

Secretary Eimon L. Wienir after hearing some complaints to the effect that the company was putting something over on the Commission wrote Mr. Cleland, who replied as follows.

* * *

Municipal League, Seattle.

Attention of Mr. Eimon L. Wienir,
Secretary.

Dear Sir:

This will acknowledge receipt of your letter of the 16th with reference to complaints against the Seattle Lighting Company of your city.

You state:

"One charge made is that the company is carrying certain property on its books long since passed out of usefulness. Is this true?"

The Seattle Lighting Company, as well as all other public utility companies operating in this state, are required by law to keep their books, records and accounts in accordance with an official classification of accounts or system of accounts prescribed by this Department. Our engineers and accountants have made many investigations of the books, records and accounts of the Seattle Lighting Company; and have, during the writer's membership on the Commission and the Department, submitted several detailed reports thereon. There has been nothing from any of those examinations or reports

(Continued on Page 3)

SECRETARY'S NOTE—The following report was presented to the League Tuesday noon and was approved without a dissenting vote.

Your Committee on Public Safety has had referred to it the question of certain dance halls being operated in the South end of the City and later the general question of moral conditions in the city of Seattle. Your Committee believes it advisable to report at this time on the specific question of dance halls and not permit the issue to become clouded by a discussion of general conditions in the City. If the conditions South of Yesler Way require certain action it makes no difference what may be the conditions upon Pike Street and Pine Street and the League should not permit any one to lead it away from the consideration of the particular question which is now before us.

There are being operated at the present time two dance halls South of Yesler Way. One of them is the Liberty, 217 1-2 Second Avenue South and the other the Dreamland at 5th South near Jackson. These dance halls employ a large number of girls for the purpose of soliciting dances and the selling of drinks. The Liberty has thirty-one girls employed and in the Dreamland at least twenty-five girls are employed. These girls apparently secure their remuneration from a percentage on the business solicited. In connection with the place they run a soft drink bar and serve various kinds of soft drinks at prices running from 50c to \$2.50. Your Committee has made personal investigation of the conditions that exist and is satisfied that the course of action that should be taken is for the League to request of the Mayor that he close these two places and compel them to make application before the City Council for licenses as cabarets. Our conclusion is based upon the following:

FIRST: They are being operated in violation of the law. The City Ordinance provides that cabarets must in order to operate, first secure a license from the City Council. The Ordinance No. 42395 requires them to make application, pay license fee of \$100.00, have the application presented to the City Council, by it re-

"SEATTLE'S CRYING NEED"

By Howard Woolston

Tuesday Noon, November 28th

At the L. C. Smith Building Restaurant

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

Editorial Committee of Municipal News

HOWARD A. ADAMS
GEORGE B. LITTLEFIELD
CLANCEY M. LEWIS
H. I. CHATTERTON
FRED W. CATLETT

Ex-officio: J. L. BALDWIN, President

EIMON L. WIENIR, Secretary.

THE MUNICIPAL LEAGUE WELCOMES EXPRESSIONS OF OPINIONS ON CIVIC MATTERS AND PROBLEMS. ALL COMMUNICATIONS SHOULD BE ADDRESSED TO THE SECRETARY AT HIS OFFICE, 205 LEARY BUILDING.

Public Safety Committee Recommends
Dance Halls be closed—

ferred to the Chief of Police and then on its return to the Council that a hearing be had before the Council where all persons interested may appear and a full and complete investigation as to the past and future conduct of the place of business may be had before license is issued; that also by a later amendment provides for a revoking of license by the Council. Mayor Brown has taken the attitude that these places below Yesler Way were not cabarets but simply dance halls and that they did not require a license from the City Council, but could operate under authority issued by him and his Chief of Police. The Ordinance No. 42395 defines the cabarets, as follows:

"The term cabaret as used herein is hereby defined as a place of public resort, accomodation, assemblage, entertainment or amusement where refreshments of any kind are served for gain or profit and where dancing, entertainment or exhibition are given or permitted in connection therewith, or a place of public resort, accomodation, assemblage where entertainment or amusement are given or conducted for gain or profit and dancing and serving of refreshments of any kind are permitted."

Clearly these places come within the definition. Drinks and refreshments are served, dancing and entertainment are permitted for gain or profit and the Mayor is clearly openly defying the provisions of the law in refusing to close these places. Whether it is right or wrong for them to operate it is the duty of the Mayor to enforce the law no matter what he may think of it. If he believes that the law should be repealed or amended he can ask the Council to do so, but as long as it exists as it does, it is his duty to enforce it and it is the duty of our organization as one interested in the enforcement of law, to demand its enforcement.

SECOND: These dance halls are a menace to the public morals. Your Committee does not believe that it is necessary for us to enter into a controversy with the Mayor or any one else on the question as to whether or not these dance halls are immoral. We will say frankly that we believe they are and that our investigation has led us to that conclusion. But whether they are or not, the possibilities that they contain for immorality are such as to make the danger of immorality so great as to make their closing imperative. The girls employed in these cabarets are not middle-aged women but are

young girls from eighteen to twenty-five. These girls are there every night, soliciting the men to either dance with them or to purchase drinks. Common sense will tell any one that no young girl can work evening after evening in that atmosphere, soliciting in that way, without being led eventually into the work of prostitution. Whether or not these places are run morally now, if they are permitted to continue, they will lead to the inevitable downfall of a very large number of girls. That consideration itself should be sufficient to compel their closing. It is a well-known fact that throughout the country dance halls and cheap cabarets are a breeding place for crime. Certainly the people of the City of Seattle should not permit their Mayor to openly disregard the law and protect place that leave open such opportunities for the propagation of crime.

Joe Marsell, who runs the Dreamland formerly ran the Breaker and the Fortola, both of which are now inoperative.

Roy Thornton has been arrested both by the Seattle Police and Federal Officials. He was confined from March to August, 1918, in quarantine.

THIRD: They benefit no one. The Mayor claims that the reason why these dance halls are permitted to operate is because they afford a place of innocent amusement for working men. In the first place they are not patronized by the working men. A person entering the hall is struck with the fact that most of the persons dancing are young boys and girls of the ages from eighteen to twenty-five. They are not of the working class. To the working men who do go to these cabarets they can not be called an innocent place of amusement. One thing we believe even the Mayor will agree upon and that is that they either are immoral or that they are not immoral. If they are immoral and lead to the opportunities for immorality they can't be called innocent places of amusement and certainly we can not justify the operation of such places. If they are not immoral and do not lead to the opportunities for immorality then any working man who visits the places certainly is a victim of highway robbery. As we stated before, the prices paid for drinks range anywhere from 50c to \$2.50. The dances are exceedingly short and although the price is low the girls practically insist upon a tip and it makes the price of each dance, which only last about two or three minutes, 25c or 50c. It is impossible for a man to go to one of these places and spend an evening and participate in the frivolity for less than \$10.00 to \$20.00. Your Committee feels that that is too much expense for innocent amusement on the part of a laboring man and certainly the City should not encourage the operation of any such highway robbery

from resorts like this. We are unable to see where the Mayor is doing any great favor to the working man by permitting him to spend anywhere from \$20.00 to \$30.00 a night on such class of innocent amusement.

Your Committee therefore recommends that the Secretary be instructed to orward a copy of this report to the Mayor with a letter on behalf of the League requesting that these places be immediately closed and that they be compelled to make application in regular form to the City Council as is required by law.

LEWIS B. SCHWELLENBACH.
HERBERT I. CHATTERTON.
H. W. MASON.
JACKSON SILBAUGH.
C. F. RIDDELL.

SECRETARY'S NOTES.

(Continued from page 1)

meetings.

As showing the thoroughness with which the Charter Revision Committee is going at its work: Wm. G. Mann, a member of the committee, asked the Board of Trustees, its opinion as to what the minimum and maximum salaries ought to be for the six most important department heads of the city government. This under the city-manager plan. A majority of the Board considered \$4,000 as a minimum and \$10,000 as a maximum.

The Fire Apparatus bids, which was the subject of an article in last week's "News", has not as yet been settled by the Board of Public Works, though the indication at this writing is that all bids will be rejected. One member of the Board told the writer that he considered the Stutz apparatus the best of all. That company bid the sum of \$165,720.00 for the 17 pieces. As this is under the appropriation made by the ordinance the Board could, of course accept the bid, even though it is not the lowest bid, if it is satisfied that the apparatus is the best for the money. Why there should be much heckling over these bids is definitely known. It is a matter common knowledge, however, that the companies who sell equipment of this kind, play the political game. Witness the fact that two of these companies have retained counsel who know city politics. A League committee will shortly have something to say about this matter.

As an upshot of the Fire Apparatus bids matter Mayor Brown in a communication to the State Auditor at Olympia, asked for the investigation of the city purchasing agent's department. The Mayor said he had no specific charges to make but wanted an investigation.

The Rockefeller Institute is studying the causes of yellow fever in Mexico and a special commission has been appointed to gather data on the work done by other medical societies and institutes at work in the fever districts.

WORN OUT GAS PROP.

(Continued from Page 1)

indicating that the books were kept in any other manner than that prescribed by law and by the Department. Under this system of accounting, every item of plant is accounted for; and, if the same passes out of public use, it is charged off on the books of the company; and, if not charged off, our accountants make a special report thereon, and the same is disregarded by the Department in firing the company's rate-base or valuation.

For your information further, there is enclosed herewith copies of our last order relative to the rates of the Seattle Lighting Company and of my letter to the King County Legislative Federation and the Women's Civic Club of Seattle in response to a letter from them.

In view of the proceeding, which, I understand, is to be instituted by the City of Seattle against the Seattle Lighting Company, I do not deem it advisable to discuss other features which might be of interest to your members for the reason that we will be called upon to determine those matters judicially when that case has been submitted.

Trusting that the information given will be informative and in line with what you had in mind in making your request, I am

Yours respectfully,

HANCE H. CLELAND,

Supervisor of Public Utilities.

BUILDING DEPARTMENT

(Continued from Page 1)

struction throughout the city. Two Building Inspectors assigned to the office to issue Building Permits and serve the public. One Chief Building Inspector having direction of the eight Building Inspectors for field work. Their duties involve the inspection of the work on the job and during construction. Three Clerk-Stenographers who, in addition to their duties in connection with the Building Permits, take care of the stenographic work incidental to the activities of the Department.

The Building Department has charge of all the new construction for the City, the repair and maintenance of all the City buildings, including police stations, fire stations, hospitals, Firlands Sanatorium, Comfort stations, markets, etc., the direction of which is handled by the Superintendent of Construction and Repair, under whom are employed plumbers, carpenters, painters and various other building mechanics.

The Building Department has supervision of the City Hall telephone operators, janitors, elevator operators and steam engineers at the Public Safety Building, custodians and matrons at comfort stations and the janitors of the Old City Halls at Ballard and Georgetown.

The Boiler Inspection division is

under this department and has one Chief Inspector and one assistant, part-time. The Architectural Drafting Department, while inactive at present, is one of the responsibilities of the Building Department. The Building Department is also charged with responsibility for safe elevator service in all buildings of the city and it is our hope to convince the City Council of the necessity of appointing an Inspector for that division.

Under the Auditing Department we have one Chief Clerk and one assistant. The Chief Clerk, in addition to his other duties, has supervision of the janitors, elevator operators, engineers, telephone operators, auto mechanics and custodians of comfort stations. He has charge of all the supplies for the various departments and in addition has supervision of all real estate owned by the City and is responsible for the collection of all rents and proceeds of sales of all real property belonging to the City, as well as custodian of all buildings and real property taken under condemnation proceedings, and the disposal of these buildings prior to the physical improvement of the streets.

We also have one truck driver who delivers fuel oil to the Firlands Sanatorium and to the Public Safety Building; two auto mechanics who have the repair of all cars of this Department and the Department of Public Utilities. We also pay all rents for all departments in the City except the Library and Park Board. We employ an average of one hundred twenty people and disburse an average of \$26,000 a month.

Beginning September fifteenth, and continuing for eight months of each year, the office of this Department is kept open Saturday afternoons with full force on duty, and it is our wish that those concerned take advantage of this period to secure such information as may not be convenient to obtain during the other days.

The Superintendent and Chief Structural Engineer are members of the Building Code Commission, and meet with other members of the Commission on an average of two evenings a week on the revision of the Building Code; the Superintendent is also a member of the Zoning Commission and, upon adoption by the City Council of the Zoning Law, this Department will be charged with its enforcement.

Since assuming charge of this office I have been able to reduce the personnel by two employees, and beginning January 1st, 1923, will reduce by three, all without reduction of service or efficiency. My recommendation to the Finance Committee of the City Council for the 1923 Budget shows a reduction from 1922 of \$45,894, or 14.8 per cent. My recommendations, however, were not all sustained by the City Council

and our Budget now shows a reduction of \$40,720 over the present year.

During the past few weeks we have been successful in having adopted by the City Council modifications of the Building Code, which modifications, without a reduction of safety standards, permit of less costly construction in the business district, and which we feel will give added impetus to new construction and continued employment to our skilled mechanics and laborers, than which there are none better.

It is the purpose of this Department to dispose of some six hundred pieces of property belonging to the City and get it on the rolls for taxation purposes. This list includes some very desirable residence and industrial property, as well as three parcels of acreage aggregating 350 acres, and should admit of ready sale at a reasonable figure.

In conclusion I want you to know that we appreciate the opportunity you have extended us in getting the facts concerning our Department before the readers of your newsy weekly.

Yours very truly,

ROBERT L. PROCTOR,

Superintendent of Buildings.

COMMENTS ON EVENTS
From Nat'l Municipal Review

"Make Politics Your Job" is the slogan adopted by The American Boy in a campaign to educate and interest boys in politics. The series of stories and fact articles, which is to direct them to their civic responsibilities, began with a story of a high school "ring" which was quickly vanquished (too quickly almost) when the high-minded boys asserted their power.

"Make Politics Your Job" is a healthy slogan for a democracy and is good for young and old alike. Unfortunately, as described in the article in last month's "Review" entitled "The Political Ambitions of College Students", the advice usually is, "John, keep out of politics."

The American Boy deserves our thanks for a well planned effort to improve government by restoring a sound interest in politics. The world has fallen upon evil days but it is time that it was restored to respectability. Citizen and politician ought to be synonymous.

* * *

The Regional Planning Conference of Los Angeles county held its fourth annual meeting at Verdugo Canyon last September. We predict that this organization will make history make all material easily avail

Its purpose is to plan and regulate the development of Los Angeles and surrounding communities. The physical make-up of this area consists of a metropolitan center surrounded by many satellite communities, all to be connected by suitable transportation facilities, to be supplied with pure water, to be provided sanitary sewers and given easy access to parks and boulevards.

What is advocated is a "metropolitan system" which will give to suitable county agencies control over matters of general concern but which will encourage the individual identity of the constituent parts.

What is aimed at is a new federalism in the government of metropolitan areas. During the past generation a new type of community has developed adjacent to our larger cities. Our traditional forms of local government are not adapted to it, and a new form must be designed. The problem is easy to state. "A central authority over matters of general concern but full individuality for each part in local affairs" sounds easy, but how is it to be worked out in practice?

The trouble is that, for such an area, some problems are urban while others are rural. For the government of such neither municipal or county government as we know them are satisfactory.

RECENT ARTICLES ON
MUNICIPAL AFFAIRSPrepared by the Seattle
Public Library

The Seattle Public Library has compiled the following list of recent books, pamphlets and magazine articles on subjects connected with municipal affairs. It is hoped that such a list, issued at intervals, will be of real assistance in keeping you informed as to the available material on city government and municipal improvements.

Telephone Miss McDowell, Municipal Reference Librarian, Main 2466, for any article you wish. There may be instances in which a magazine can be loaned for a very short time only, but the library will try to

able.

The list follows:-

Building Codes—

Hart, L. H. Municipal building codes. American City, Oct. 1922. p. 301-2.

Gives briefly the requirements of city codes on the subject of masonry, plaster and stucco as based on a study of the codes of 100 cities.

City-County Consolidation—

Williams, E. W. Defeat of

* * *

City-county consolidation in Alameda. National Municipal Review, July, 1922. p. 204-11.

City Manager—

Articles on the city manager form of government by Lindsay Rogers have appeared in the last three numbers of World's Work. They are entitled: Government by city managers, New hope for the cities, Can politics be too "clean"?

City Planning

Grinnalds, J. C. Advantages of a topographic map in city planning and zoning. (In American Society for Municipal Improvements. Proceedings 1921. p. 212-218) R352 Am35p

Lewis, N. P. Report of committee on local subdivisions. (In American Society for Municipal Improvements. 1921. p. 176-195) R352 Am35p

Mosaic maps of cities. Aerial maps taken vertically or obliquely serve many purposes in municipal administration and publicity work. American City, Sept. 1922. p. 253-255.

Planning for an urban population of thirty-seven millions. American City, June 1922. p. 533-536.

The Russell Sage Foundation is to finance the preliminary studies for a comprehensive regional plan for the entire New York area extending from Bridgeport to West Point, including all of Long Island.

Civil Service—

Marsh, H. W. Recent spoils raid in Washington. National Municipal Review. Sept. 1922. p. 269-274.

Proctor, Arthur W. Principles of public personnel administration. 1921. 244 p. R351.1 P942p

Civil Service Examinations—
Personnel and training of department employees. Electric Railway Jour. 7 Oct. 1922. p. 589-592.

(To Be Continued)

JOHN F. REED

Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for King County.

Anna E. Mittelstadt, Plaintiff, vs. Charles M. Dial and May E. Dial, his wife, Mary Feener and John Doe Feener (whose true name is to plaintiff unknown), her husband, Defendants. No. 161676. Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to: Charles M. Dial and May E. Dial, his wife, Mary Feener and John Doe Feener (whose true name is to plaintiff unknown), her husband, Defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 28th day of October, 1922, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of said action is to obtain a judgment on account of a promissory note given by defendants Charles M. Dial and May E. Dial his wife, to the plaintiff in the sum of \$700.00 with interest thereon from July 16, 1921, at the rate of 8% per annum, together with attorney's fees and costs, and to foreclose a real estate mortgage given by the said defendants Charles M. Dial and Mary E. Dial, his wife, to the plaintiff to secure the payment of said note upon the following described real

estate in King County, Washington, to-wit:

Tract 88 Spring Hill Park, according to the plat thereof recorded in Volume 12 of Plats, page 14, records of King County, Washington.

JOHN F. REED,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address: 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Oct. 28, 1922. 6t Dec. 2

HARTGE & CADWALLADER
Attorneys 521 Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Selina Sidebotham, Deceased. No. 13912.
Notice of Hearing Final Report and Petition for Distribution.
Notice is hereby given that William Sidebotham and Martha A. Valentine, executors of the will of the said Selina Sidebotham, have filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court their final Report and petition for distribution, asking the Court to settle said Report, distribute the property to the persons thereunto entitled and to discharge said executors; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 18th day of December, 1922, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.

Dated this 16th day of November, 1922.

GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. GORDON, Deputy.
First Pub. Nov. 18, 1922. 3t Dec. 2

JOHN F. REED
Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington, for King County. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of Alice Robertson, Deceased. No. 31977.
Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Executrix of the estate of Alice Robertson, Deceased; that all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby required to serve the same, duly verified, on said Sara S. Dewhurst, or her attorney of record at the address below stated, and file the same with the Clerk of said Court, together with proof of such service within six months after the date of first publication of this notice, or the same will be barred.
Date of first publication November 11, 1922.

SARA S. DEWHURST,
Executrix of said Estate.
Address: 228 Homer Apartments, 1408 East 42d, Seattle, Wash.
JOHN F. REED, Attorney for Estate, 960 Empire Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Nov. 11, 1922. 3t Nov. 25

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the Municipal League is
405 Leary Building.
Telephone: Main 0791.

JULIUS L. BALDWIN
Attorney 405 Leary Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.
In the Matter of the Estate of James Larson, Deceased. No. 29330.
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Notice is hereby given that Agnes Larson, Executrix of the Estate of James Larson, Deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court her final Report and petition for discharge, asking the Court to settle said Report, and to discharge said Executrix; and that said Report and petition will be heard on the 19th day of December, 1922, at 9:30 A. M., at the Court Room of the Probate Department of said Court.
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INSURANCE CO.

Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. XII. NO. 48.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1922.

PRICE 10 CENTS

WOOLSTON URGES CIVIC INSTITUTE

President Baldwin, in introducing Professor Woolston, said that Seattle is fortunate in having the University at its door from which it can draw for speakers.

Howard Woolston, professor of Sociology at the University of Washington, urged the establishment of a social institute for the City of Seattle, which would contain a complete record of the city's history, material, educational and cultural resources, social surveys, and so on.

This information he said, exists in some form or other throughout the city today, but it is scattered, and few people have any knowledge of its contents.

He continued:

"Similar institutions exist in some of the larger cities of this country, notably New York, where the New York Municipal Reference Library is operative. In Edinburgh, the Outlook Tower located in that city contains a civic observatory and museum combined. In Amsterdam, Holland, a similar institution exists. The Amsterdam institution recently prepared a chart comparing the birth and death rates of that city with other large cities of the world for the past twenty years.

Many of the foreign cities bring out a Municipal Year Book, which ought to be a model to American cities in form and contents."

Professor Woolston stated, "The plan or equipment of such an institution could consist of a small building near the center of the city, or a suite of rooms in a centrally located office building. This plant should contain a select library, a lecture hall, and a statistical department.

(Continued on Page 2)

EDUCATION WEEK

THREE ANGLES ON EDUCATION.

1.-From Business-man's Standpoint--

Ralph Stacy, Vice-president of Union National Bank.

2.-From Political Standpoint--

Carl Croson, President of School Board.

3.-From Professional Standpoint--

Thomas R. Cole, Superintendent of Schools.

EDUCATION WEEK PLANS OUTLINED

Next Tuesday's meeting of the Municipal League, "Three Angles on Education", is in line with Educational Week throughout the country. President Harding has designated the week December 3rd to 9th as "American Educational Week". Each national organization has been invited to cooperate. This includes all clubs affiliated with the National Municipal League, men's clubs, women's clubs, and other organizations.

It has seemed best to designate special phases of education that should be emphasized this week from the standpoint of national welfare. The members of the American Legion are particularly interested in Americanization work and they are asking that Sunday, December 3rd, be designated as "God and Country Day". Monday, December 4th, as "American Citizen Day", and Tuesday, December 5th, as "Patriots Day". The other days have been designated as follows: Wednesday, December 6th,

(Continued on Page 2)

COUNCIL ELECTS COLONEL RICE

Mayor Brown's repeated nomination of Carl Gassman as the Superintendent of Streets has become exceedingly funny to the voters of this city.

The recent report of a special committee of this League very clearly indicated that Carl Gassman was considered a person not possessing sufficient qualification for the position as required by the charter of the City of Seattle. The committee suggested that there were so many persons in the city who were qualified and that there was no necessity for the mayor insisting upon Gassman's appointment being confirmed.

When the Council, finding itself unable to concur with the Mayor's viewpoint, and when the Mayor failed to nominate a man whom the Council could consider seriously, did appoint an engineer, Colonel Rice, for the position, the Mayor raised a fuss and stated that he will refuse to recognize him, etc.

The Mayor's attitude and his

(Continued on Page 2)

FIVE CENT FARE AGAIN PROPOSED

By Eimon L. Wienir

From the view-point of the Municipal League, as previously expressed by its Board of Trustees and by its Public Utilities Committee, any proposed ordinance to reduce the rate of carfare, without at the same time providing for the deficit sure to follow, would be extremely poor business.

There is bound to be a deficit if the fare is reduced to five cents with or without transfer privileges.

In the first year that the city operated the street railways, 1919-20, there were approximately 122,000,000 riders. The following year there were approximately 97,000,000 riders, and, according to reports available at this time, 1922 will show about the same as the preceding year. There will be approximately 97,000,000 riders this year.

Now, if with 25,000,000 more riders in 1919 and 1920 than in 1921 the street railways were not able to pay their own way on a five cent fare, what hope is there for it to pay its own way in 1922 or 1923 with the number of riders as they now are and without any definite prospects for their being increased materially over 1919-1920.

The people of this community have at a recent election, in no uncertain terms, voiced objection to the general fund paying the deficit. If the city council desires to reduce the fare at this time it must indicate how the deficit will be taken care of.

It is extremely important to note, too, that while the street railways have been getting by so far as the operation is concerned, they will have to go on a warrant basis soon in order to meet their payments of principal and interest.

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

Published Weekly by the
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Walter L. Nossaman, Main 0816
D. D. Johnson, Main 0169
Dan Earle, Main 0078
John D. Hall, Ell. 3887
Harrison W. Mason, Rain. 0024

The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

Editorial Committee of Municipal News

HOWARD A. ADAMS
GEORGE B. LITTLEFIELD
CLANCEY M. LEWIS
H. I. CHATTERTON
FRED W. CATLETT

Ex-officio: J. L. BALDWIN, President
EIMON L. WIENIR, Secretary.

THE MUNICIPAL LEAGUE WELCOMES EXPRESSIONS OF OPINIONS ON CIVIC MATTERS AND PROBLEMS. ALL COMMUNICATIONS SHOULD BE ADDRESSED TO THE SECRETARY AT HIS OFFICE, 405 LEARY BUILDING.

Everybody would be elated if carfares could be reduced. Nobody, with any pleasure to himself, likes to pay 25 cents for three rides. But the overwhelming majority of our citizens would rather keep on paying the present high fare than get the cheaper ride and be forced to take care of the deficit by additional taxes on property.

The Municipal League has gone on record against property bearing additional burdens for any resulting deficit in operation. Let not the City Council deceive itself and the people and hastily pass legislation which would have a seriously undesirable effect upon the financial standing of this city.

It must further be borne in mind that the suit to determine whether or not the general fund can be tapped for the benefit of the Municipal Railway is now pending in the courts. Nothing, therefore, should be done to jeopardise the city's rights in that regard.

WOOLSTON URGES CIVIC INSTITUTE

(Continued from Page 1)
ment. Some of the rooms might contain the following data:

"The location of Seattle in relation to transcontinental travel, character of its industries, and its beauty spots.

"Another room might contain the general topography of the city, the Olmsted plans, the Bogue plans and the Zoning Commission plans.

"Another room: the general historical data of the city.

"Still another room: the character of its people—charts and diagrams would show the growth, the distribution and the character; variations in birth and death rates for the past years; the types of people we produce; and the character of our homes and buildings.

"Another room would be devoted to governmental exhibits; public service corporations, public works, harbor developments, public utilities—their distribu-

tion and use; and social control over these utilities.

"Our social resources, social welfare organizations, religious and philanthropic institutions, churches, aid organizations, and ethical tendencies,—these too, would be shown. By ethical tendencies, I mean the attempt to evaluate the forces that are quietly at work, either in building up or in destroying the city.

"Such a civic institution as I propose would have its uses. It would be an aid to social agencies, giving both to the new and old agencies direction and adjustment of their efforts. It would, too, enlighten the civic spirit of the community. It would avoid waste and duplication of effort.

"The general cost of such an institution would be approximately \$25,000, and to my mind the cost would be amply repaid by the service that such an institution could render."

At the conclusion of Mr. Woolston's address, Mr. James A. Haight moved that the League refer the matter proposed to the Municipal Research Committee for investigation and report. The motion was carried.

EDUCATION WEEK

(Continued from page 1)

"School and Teacher's Day"; Thursday, December 7th, "Illiteracy Day"; Friday, December 8th, "Equality in Opportunity and Education for American Boys and Girls", and Saturday, December 9th, "Physical Education Day".

* * *

The Seattle School Bulletin published by authority of the Board of School Directors of this city, gives a comparison of attendance, showing the rate at which Seattle schools have grown in the past eleven years. These are as follows:

	1910-11	1921-22
High schools (average number belonging..	4,148.4	9,857.7
Elementary and Special schools (average number belonging)	22,816.3	33,909.7
	1921-1922	
High schools (average number belonging)	9,876.5	10,279.9
Elementary and Special schools (average number belonging).....	34,867.5	35,336.5

These figures do not include the following:
Evening school classes—enrollment end of first month, October, 19224,284
Vacation school classes—enrollment 19221,207
Part-time school classes—enrollment 1922 533

COUNCIL ELECTS COLONEL RICE

(Continued from Page 1)

actions in this matter have been nothing less than a slur upon the intelligence of the citizens of this city.

The Mayor seems to have lost sight of the scope of the responsibilities and the limitations of his office. He has been acting as though the mayoralty was purely a private affair, as though the Council, not having any real responsibility, was simply in his way.

While the above is the personal opinion of the writer, nevertheless, he feels that he does express the sentiment of the community on this matter. We all want to help the Mayor by suggestions and constructive criticism. We don't like to see him go off half-cocked and boyishly irresponsible.

If Mayor Brown wants to have a successful administration he must obey the law and enforce such laws as he, the executive of the city is charged with enforcing, thus setting an example to the entire community.

EIMON L. WIENIR.

RUSSELL REJECTS CUT IN CAR FARE

When members of the City Council finance and utilities committees met Friday afternoon to discuss 5-cent car fare on the Municipal Street Railway, they had before them a report of Utilities Superintendent George F. Russell, indicating there will be a monthly operating loss of from \$70,000 to \$200,000 from the various fare reduction plans proposed.

Other developments in the car fare discussion were: Definite recommendation that the weekly pass system be rejected, in a report to the Council prepared by General Superintendent D. W.

Anderson, and announcement by Hugh Kelley, the mayor's secretary, that a move will be started to reduce fare on the Seattle and Rainier Valley Railway.

Mr. Russell's report, asked for by Councilman C. B. Fitzgerald in connection with his proposed 5-cent fare ordinance, did not take into consideration a probable increase of 13 per cent business of the railway which the utilities chief said might result from the reduced fare.

Monthly Loss of \$12,101.

Superintendent Russell pointed out that under the present 8 1/4 cent fare, counting the \$57,000 depreciation charge (a mere book account, for which only \$20,000 is actually set aside) there is an average monthly fictitious operating loss of \$12,101.

For the various proposed plans, his report indicated the following estimated operating losses: 5-cent fare, with 1 1/4 cent transfers (Mayor E. J. Brown's plan): Net operating loss of \$129,226.98, and including the \$70,250 monthly allotment for redemption of bonds, a loss of \$199,476.98 a month.

5-cent fare with free transfers: Net operating loss of \$146,880, with bond redemption, \$217,130.4 a month.

5-cent fare with 2-cent transfers total operating loss of \$188,25.22 a month.

6 1/4 cent fare with free transfers, total operating loss, \$142,51.25.

6 1/4 fare with 1-cent transfers; total operating loss, \$128,58.65.

6 1/4 fare with no transfers; a net operating gain of \$16,055.03, but a total operating loss, counting bond redemption of \$54,94.97.

5-cent fare and no transfers; net operating loss of \$75,967.21, and with bond redemption, \$146,47.21 a month.

In his report, Superintendent Russell went on to say that he had not calculated any possible increase in revenue from the reduced fare, but that he believed 5-cent fare would increase the number of daily car-riders by about 13 per cent.

In ten months of 1922, Superintendent Russell said, the expenses of the Municipal Street

Railway were decreased \$405,490.71 as compared with the corresponding period in 1921, a decrease of 10.91 per cent. The decrease in expense next year, he predicted, will be even greater than this.

Mayor Brown said he thought Superintendent Russell had been too conservative in his sentiments.

RECENT ARTICLES ON MUNICIPAL AFFAIRS

Prepared by the Seattle Public Library

(Continued from last week)

Abstract of the report of the committee of the American Electric Railway Association. Appendix "A". Suggested questions for use by employment officers. Appendix "B". Report on selection tests (includes job specifications for motormen and conductors, data sheets for applicants for positions as motormen or conductors, tests of judgment, memory, etc.)

Walcott, E. A. Short examination. San Francisco Municipal Record. 8 June 1922. p. 185-187.

Crime—

Cleveland Foundation. Criminal justice in Cleveland. 1922. 729 p. illus. R343 C599c

Reports of the survey of the administration of justice in Cleveland conducted by nationally known experts. The report covers the following subjects: Police administration, The criminal courts, Medical science and criminal justice, Legal education in Cleveland, Newspapers and criminal justice, and a summarizing chapter, Criminal justice in the American city. The summary, by Dean Pound of the Harvard Law School, makes its principal recommendations as follows: a single civilian police commissioner in full charge of promotion and discipline; greater use of motor equipment and control; better organization of the work of the prosecutors; consolidation of city and criminal courts; abolishment of the coroner's office. This is a decidedly valuable book in its field.

Mandel, Arch. Why crime decreased in Detroit. American City. Aug. 1922. p. 149-152.

Dance Halls—

Hall, Sophia. Dance hall regulation. University of Wisconsin Municipal Information Bureau Report No. 26, Sept. 1922. 17 p. mime.

Finance—Municipal—

Detroit Bureau of Governmental Research. Comparative bonded debt of 32 cities as of Jan. 1, 1922. 1 sheet typewritten. v. f.

Minneapolis. Civic and Commerce Association. Bureau of Municipal Research. Survey of the bonded debt and the operation of the sinking fund of Minneapolis with suggestions for a financial plan. Mar. 27, 1922. 50 p. mime.

Fire—

Massachusetts. Legislature is now considering a bill to fix the cost of extinguishing fires upon persons disregarding fire prevention orders. The Chicago City Council is considering a similar measure in the form of a city ordinance. Cleveland and Cincinnati already have such an ordinance. Modern City, June, 1922. p. 16.

Fire Departments—

Buffalo Fire Department Dauntless Club. Statistics of fire departments. 1922.

Gives number in department in cities of 50,000 or over, salaries, working hours and arrangement, size of department, etc.

Dunnigan, J. S. San Francisco provides home for fire chief. American City. Oct. 1922. p. 331.

Foster, W. A. Fire record system of Boise, Idaho. American City, Sept. 1922. p. 206-208.

Reducing the cost of fire protection. American City. Aug. 1922. p. 146-148.

Experiences of St. Paul, Minn.

Grade Crossing Elimination—

Paterson, N. J. City Plan Commission.

Separation of street and railroad grades, Paterson, N. J. A report of the City Plan Commission, by Herbert S. Swan and Geo. W. Tuttle. 1922. 29 p. ill. diags.

Harbors—

U. S. War Department. Port of Portland, Me. (Port Ser. No. 1) 64 p. tables, maps.

U. S. War Department. Port of Boston, Mass. (Port Ser. No. 2) 161 p. tables, maps.

Health and Sanitation—

The financial value of health to a city. Low disease rates and mortality rates make good publicity material. American City. Sept. 1922. p. 269-270.

Hydroelectric Power—

Beck issues reply—Murray report revealed as an impotent attack written to discredit hydro. Pacific Municipalities. Aug. 1922. p. 263-267.

A reply to Murray's Government owned and controlled compared with privately owned and regulated electric utilities. A book which is in favor of private ownership.

Los Angeles. Department of Public Service.

Municipal hydro-electric power: a review of the development of the city's hydro-electric power system and the operation of the Bureau of Power and Light. 612 p. illus.

Legal Rights of Cities—

The American City has a section each month conducted by A. L. H. Street entitled "The City's Legal Rights and Duties" which summarizes important court decisions and legislation. "Recent Legal Decisions" is the title of a similar section in Public Works.

Lighting—

Anderson, Earl A. Street lighting and public safety. (In American Society for Municipal Improvements. Proceedings. 1921. p. 1-23)

Other articles in the same society proceedings are: New developments in street lighting, by C. A. B. Halvorson, Jr. and R. B. Hussey. Ornamental street lighting, by L. A. S. Wood.

Dickerson, A. F. Average cost of illuminating streets in fifty best lighted cities about \$2.05 per capita. Pacific Municipalities. June 1922. p. 201-202.

Abstract of paper read before N. Y. State Conference of Mayors and other city officials. June 7, 1922.

Los Angeles. Department of Public Service. The world's largest municipal distributor of electricity. American City. October 1922. p. 333.

A brief statement of the purchase by Los Angeles of the distributing system, within the city, of the Southern Cal. Edison Co.

Minneapolis Civic and Commerce Association. Basic principles of street illumination for use in Minneapolis. 1922. 23 p. illus. diags.

Tacoma Light Department. Information book for the year 1921.

There are now 2318 cities in the U. S. and Canada that own and operate their own electric light and power plants. Of these 275 have a 3-cent rate, 287 have a 5-cent rate, 600 have an 8-cent rate and 615 have a 10-cent rate. These are the retail or maximum rates. American City. June 1922. p. 619.

Milk—

Illinois. Department of Public Health. Proposed milk ordinance for municipalities of Illinois. Oct. 1922.

Parks—

Meeds, C. H. Does the public

attend the great free park concerts? American City. October 1922. p. 326-7.

Cincinnati's park commissioner answers in the affirmative.

Newark, N. J. Dept. of Parks and Public Property. Annual report 1919. Shade tree Division gives very complete report on planting and care. p. 1-69.

Scarritt, W. C. "Park and plan week" arouses much interest. American City. Oct. 1922. p. 327-8.

Kansas City's (Mo.) method of reawakening public spirit in park improvement.

Pensions—

Henderson, Harold L. Milwaukee adopts scientific pension system for police department. American City. Sept. 1922. p. 263.

New York (state). A savings, disability, old age and dependent pension fund for state, city and county employees. 1922. 12 p. An explanation of the pension law.

Studensky, Paul. Pensions in public a employment. National Municipal Review Apr. 1922. p. 97-124.

U. S. 67th Congress, 2nd Session, S. Doc. 107. Civil service retirement and disability fund. 1922. 32 p.

Contains report of Board of Actuaries upon the operation of the act for the retirement of employees in the classified civil service.

Purchasing—Centralized—

Proposed department of supplies. San Francisco. Municipal Record. 14 Sept. 1922. p. 297.

Text of the proposed charter amendment.

Reports—Municipal—

Steffens, Henry, Jr. Getting the facts to the public. American City, Sept. 1922. p. 230-231.

Brief account of Detroit's popularized annual report. The library has a copy of Detroit's Government, also Municipal Buffalo.

(To Be Continued)

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 28th day of October, 1922, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

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Tract 88 Spring Hill Park, according to the plat thereof recorded in Volume 12 of Plats, page 14, records of King County, Washington.

JOHN F. REED,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address: 960 Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.
First pub. Oct. 28, 1922. 6t Dec. 2

HARTGE & CADWALLADER
Attorneys 521 Central Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. In Probate.
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Dated this 16th day of November, 1922.

GEORGE A. GRANT,
Clerk of said Court.
By H. C. GORDON, Deputy.
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JOHN F. REED

Attorney 960 Empire Bldg.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington in and for King County.

Anna E. Mittelstadt, Plaintiff, vs. Charles M. Dial and May E. Dial, his wife, Mary Feener and John Doe Feener (whose true name is to plaintiff unknown), her husband, Defendants. No. 161676. Summons by Publication.

The State of Washington to: Charles M. Dial and May E. Dial, his wife, Mary Feener and John Doe Feener (whose true name is to plaintiff unknown), her husband, Defendants:

Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. XII. NO. 49.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1922.

PRICE 10 CENTS

PRESENT EDUCATIONAL PROBLEMS TO LEAGUE

Croson Makes Plea For Change In School Election Law

Carl E. Croson, president of the Seattle School Board, last Tuesday made a plea that the school election be changed from May until some time in the fall of the year. Mr. Croson said in part as follows:-

"A number of elections had ensued the year that the change in the law was made, making the voters tired of repeatedly being asked to go to the polls. Other reasons urged were the matter of economy; and that a more representative vote would result. However, the change has not been practical.

"The condition which brought about the consolidated election law was temporary; it has in fact cost the school board more money than the separate elections.

"Either the budget law which requires that the school budget be voted upon in June must be changed or the election date must be changed.

"It is not fair to the board nor to any individual member of it to be required to vote upon the budget and elect teachers and not have sufficient time for their consideration and study.

"Last year the Board deferred to the numerous requests of citizens that the election of teachers be postponed until June. This was not fair to the teachers, because if not re-elected, he or she might in the interim pass up an opportunity to secure employment elsewhere.

"The matter of the budget and the matter of the election of the teachers should be settled either before the new board gets down to business or else after a sufficient time has elapsed.

NATHAN ECKSTEIN

Chairman of the State Taxation Commission
And former member of Seattle School Board
Will Address the Municipal League
At The L. C. Smith Building Restaurant

On the Subject of "Taxation"
Tuesday Noon, December 12, 1922

MUNICIPAL LEAGUE OPPOSED TO REDUCTION OF CARFARE AT PRESENT

Secretary's Note.—The following report was submitted to the Board of Trustees by Robert Howes, chairman of the Public Utilities Committee of the League, by it accepted, and ordered presented to the League. The League approved it by an overwhelming vote at its meeting last Tuesday.

The report follows:-

In investigating the so-called "Three Cent Fare or Erickson Initiative Measure" which was voted upon at last spring's election, the Public Utilities Committee of the Municipal League obtained a copy of official operating statements from the City Comptroller's office covering the operation of the Street Railway from the time of its transfer from the Stone & Webster interests to the City of Seattle. The present Committee has obtained additional statements including the month of October 1922. These statements appear sufficient to serve as a correct basis for determining with considerable certainty the financial results of the city's operation and for arriving at reasonable conclusion as to the economic effect that would result from the operation of the system under modified rates of fare.

The studies made last spring included the consideration of the effect upon the tax rate as a result of the change from private to public ownership; an analysis

of the official operating statements; reduction of this latter data to graphic curves and thereby determination of the effect produced in the past by changes in rate of fare, and the present committee has added the probable effect of the volume of traffic and cost of operation that would result from the proposed five-cent fare for a straight ride and six and one-quarter cent fare for a ride and transfer.

Quoting from the former committee report:

Effect on Tax Rate

Examination of a copy of an official report from the Comptroller's office to the Mayor, disclosed that the total expenditures from general tax revenues occasioned by the acquisition of the railway properties by the City, together with the losses to taxable property within the city limits of Seattle on account of exemption from taxation of the street railway properties, and other losses arising from the acquisition of the street railway amounted to something in excess of \$591,417.74 for the year 1919; \$659,073.91 for the year 1920; and was estimated or expected to amount to \$772,864.38 for the year 1921.

Applying these figures to the assessed valuation for the several years, we deduce that the tax rate was advanced 2.6 mills for 1919, 2.73 mills for 1920,

and 2.94 mills for 1921, or the equivalent thereof, as a direct result of the transfer from private to public ownership. If we assume the 1921 figure of approximately \$723,000 as a continuing annual tax increment from this cause, we find that by the time of the final contract installment, in 1939, of the purchase price, the estimated extra taxes due to operation of the street railway by the City instead of under private ownership will aggregate about \$15,000,000, or the total purchase bond issue; this without any increases resulting from growth of the city. Hence it appears in fact, that the taxpayers are actually paying in excess taxes an amount equal to the full purchase price of the street railway as a result of the change from private to public ownership and that, from the taxpayer's point of view, in order for the street railway to be truly self supporting, it is necessary that its earnings should be sufficient to pay all operating, depreciation, interest, and deficit charges together with all the installments on account of the \$15,000,000 Stone & Webster purchase price item and thus accumulate city owned property equal to and in lieu of the excess taxes paid on account thereof.

Effects of Changes in Rate of Carfare

From the studies made it appears quite definitely indicated that the following conclusions are justified, to wit:

1. That the change from 5c fare to 6¼c fare was the direct cause of a decrease in pay passengers of 8.6% or 23,700 daily passengers, and the change from 6¼c fare to 8 1-30 fare was the direct cause of a further decrease of 11.2% or 27,500 daily passengers.

2. That the average daily operating expense during the last six months of the 5c fare period

(Continued on Page 2)

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

Editorial Committee of Municipal News

HOWARD A. ADAMS
GEORGE B. LITTLEFIELD
CLANCEY M. LEWIS
H. I. CHATTERTON
FRED W. CATLETT

Ex-officio: J. L. BALDWIN, President

EIMON L. WIENIR, Secretary.

THE MUNICIPAL LEAGUE WELCOMES EXPRESSIONS OF OPINIONS ON CIVIC MATTERS AND PROBLEMS. ALL COMMUNICATIONS SHOULD BE ADDRESSED TO THE SECRETARY AT HIS OFFICE, 405 LEARY BUILDING.

was decreased about \$760 or 4.8% under the 6¼c while the daily operating revenue was coincidentally increased \$1,750 a day or 12½%.

3. That the average daily operating expense during the 6¼c fare period was further decreased about \$840, or 5.6¼ under the 81-3c fare while the daily operating revenue was coincidentally further increased \$1,450 a day or 9.8%.

4. That as a net result from the change from 5c fare to 81-3c fare there was a decrease of 51,000 daily pay passengers during the year 1921, and that under a 5c fare it is reasonable to expect that there would have been one quarter more pay passengers ride than did ride under the 81-3c fare.

5. That coincident with the change in rates of fare and due in most part to that change, the operating expense of the street railway decreased \$1,600 per day and the operating revenue increased \$3,200 per day, making a net improvement of

\$4,800 per day, and that as a result the final book account item of a net profit or loss was changed from about \$4,260 a day deficit, to \$620 a day profit, and the book deficit of \$1,753, 457. 39 accumulated in 1919 and 1920 under the 5c and 6¼c fare was reduced by \$226,588.29, or approximately 13% of the total under the 81-3c fare in 1921. Also that had the jitneys continued throughout the year 1921 the net profit item would have been reduced to about half this amount and the accumulated deficit reduced only about 6%.

6. That with 81-3c fare, no jitneys, and other conditions as existed in 1921 the street railway system would have shown a net profit of about \$590,000, and the deficit reduced about 34%.

7. That with the 81-3c fare, no jitneys, and other conditions as existed in 1921, the street railway system is able to meet all operating expenses, including depreciation; obsolescence and interest, with a margin suf-

ficient to pay about \$590,000 towards the retirement of the accumulated deficit, or payments on account of principal of purchase price, and it is observed that with the reduction of interest charges as the principle becomes retired this annual amount, together with the reduction in interest, would be sufficient to retire the original \$15,000,000 purchase price and the existing accumulated deficit, thus cleaning the slate as to the Stone & Webster obligations and the operating deficit as now outstanding on the Comptroller's statement.

8. That since the statements show that in 1921 the pay roll comprised about 53.5% of the total expense of the system, and about 71.8% of the total expense exclusive of the fixed items of interest and depreciation, it is evident that the most prominent place in which to effect a reduction of car fare is the pay roll, except it be at the expense of the tax payers.

The statement from the Comptroller's office covering the first ten months of 1922, shows a net profit from operation amounting to \$512,067.99 which, pro-rated for the remaining two months indicates a total profit of operation for the year 1922 of \$615,000, which is \$25,000 or four per cent in excess of the estimate quoted in paragraph seven above, amounting to \$590,000 as an estimated profit that would have occurred in 1921 had there been no jitney operation. The report for the present year shows that the number of pay passengers is almost exactly the same as for 1921. The figures for the first ten months of 1921 are 62,759,736 as against 62,113,372 for the same months of 1922. Hence it appears that while the economies of operation have caused a slight improvement, it is only a slight improvement over that estimated by the former committee, and the financial condition is practically that presented in the former report, which is to say, that under the eight and one-third cent fare the road is self-supporting and is earning a profit from operation which, with the aid of a little credit in the first years, is sufficient to meet the contract obligations. This retirement of purchase price is approximately equivalent to the loss in taxes, etc.,

due to transfer of the property from private to public ownership.

Under the proposed five cent straight fare, with transfers on a six and one-quarter cent token, the condition to be expected appears as follows: Since twenty-six per cent of the pay passengers use transfers the average fare would be five cents plus twenty-six per cent of one and one-quarter cents or approximately five and one-third cents, neglecting a small reduction due to school tickets. Under the same method of calculation the present fare is eight and one-third cents, so the loss in revenue would be three cents per passenger.

The conclusions quoted above from last spring's report indicate a possibility of 25 per cent increase in number of passengers as a result of the reduction in fare, and this estimate is probably high. Accordingly the total revenue will be increased by one-quarter which means that the gross revenue with the assumed 25 per cent increase in traffic would be 80 per cent of that now derived from the eight and one-third cent fare, and the loss in revenue would amount to about 1,220,000 dollars per annum. The extra cost of carrying the 25 per cent additional passengers assumed above, is derived by reverse application from the reduction in cost which occurred when the number of passengers was reduced as a result of increasing the fare. This effect taken from conclusions two and three of the former report quoted above, amounted to \$1,600 a day or about \$590,000 for a year, and the total, of loss in revenue and extra expense, amounts to \$1,810,000 less favorable than under the present eight and one-third cent fare. Since the net profit under the eight and one-third cent fare is \$610,000, the proposed change would result in an annual deficit of \$1,200,000, and as there is no other apparent source of obtaining these funds, it is apparent that either the system will shortly become bankrupt or the tax payers will have to provide for the deficit as well as any payments on account of purchase price, and extensions

As the Municipal League has consistently maintained the position that publicly owned util-

ities should be self-supporting, it is recommended that the League go on record as opposed to any reduction in fare unaccompanied by a definite program or evidence indicating a resultant revenue sufficient to meet the operating expenses and obligations of the system; and there being no such evidence at present, that the League oppose any reduction in fare at this time, but recommend that all reasonable steps be taken towards economies in the cost of operation consistent with good service.

ROBERT HOWES

Chairman Public Utilities Com.
Municipal League.

Approved by Board of Trustees
December 4, 1922.

Adopted by the Membership
December 5, 1922.

E. L. WIENIR,
Secretary.

* * *

Yesterday afternoon the Council met as a committee of the whole and passed an ordinance reducing the carfare to five cents, with free transfer privileges. Those voting for the ordinance were: Tindall, Carroll, Landes, Miracle, and Erickson.

Those opposed were in favor of charging extra for transfer privileges, not to exceed two cents. Those opposed to the ordinance were Blaine, Hesketh, Cohen and Fitzgerald.

PRESENT EDUCATIONAL PROBLEMS TO LEAGUE

(Continued from Page 1)

cient time had elapsed to allow new board members to become familiar with their work."

* * *

BANK OFFICIAL GIVES VIEWS ON EDUCATION

Ralph S. Stacy, vice president of the Union National Bank, addressed the League on "Education from the Business Man's Point of View". He lamented the fact that so few high school graduates are able to use grammatically correct English. The average business man, he said, uses only about one thousand different words during the course of a year. Therefore, it seemed to him, he said, that there was very little excuse for a high school graduate not to be able to spell those words correctly and use them in the proper

way.

"It isn't a man's brain power but the force behind him that makes him go—the determination to succeed—that makes a boy or girl valuable to any institution. The business man wants people with a sense of moral responsibility—those who take a pride in getting down on time, who look ahead to the job above them."

Speaking from experience of a school board director, as well as a business man, Mr. Stacy said it is difficult to select the proper teachers; for that elusive thing which we call character and personality is absent from their applications when they are selected.

* * *

SUPT. OF SCHOOLS TALKS ON EDUCATION

Mr. Thomas R. Cole, Superintendent of Public Schools, said in part:

"The modern schools have inherited a different class of pupils. Formerly only a small proportion of elementary school pupils attended high school; now approximately 90 per cent of the pupils who graduate from the elementary schools attend the high schools."

He agreed entirely, he said, with what Mr. Stacy had said with respect to lack of fundamental knowledge on the part of many high school graduates. But the situation was rapidly improving.

Continuing he said:

"We could secure the kind of training that we want for our students by employing the proper kind of teachers. When we bear in mind that 70 per cent of the total budget of our schools is for teachers and supplies, we can well realize that any material reduction in the budget will result in a lessening of efficiency."

"In 1921 the number of Seattle teachers was reduced by 89, making it necessary to increase the number of pupils per room, with the result that at the end of that year 30 per cent more pupils were failing in their work than in any preceding year."

"Seattle has 26 high school pupils per teacher, while Oakland has 18 and Portland 19 pupils per teacher."

"The cost of elementary school

education in this city has been reduced last year from \$101 per pupil to \$91 per pupil. We have now 43 to 50 children in a room; in practically all of the 145 elementary school rooms of this city."

"We reduced the cost of high school pupils from \$149 to \$133, while the City of Oakland pays \$185 a year per high school pupil."

"In other words, to improve our schools it costs money. You will get what you pay for, but you must be willing to pay the price."

ECKSTEIN WILL ADDRESS LEAGUE ON TAXATION

Next Tuesday noon at the L. C. Smith Building Restaurant, Nathan Eckstein, prominent local business man and chairman of the State Taxation Commission, will address the League on the general subject of "Taxation".

By reason of his intimate contact with the business affairs of the state and his long service to civic and community interests, Mr. Eckstein should be particularly well qualified to speak authoritatively on the difficult subject selected by him.

It is to be hoped that every member of the League will turn out for this splendid meeting.

DISMISS CHARGE AGAINST BOGARDUS

The many friends of C. E. Bogardus will be glad to know that the charge which was pending against him in the Justice Court has been dismissed with prejudice.

No one who knew Mr. Bogardus took the charge seriously, for his integrity and standing in the community has been of such a high character as to negative any idea of wrong doing.

Mr. Bogardus has been actively identified with the affairs of the League for many years, and has taken part in very important committee work, and it is with sincere pleasure that we are able to inform our members that the cloud or shadow of suspicion has been removed from Mr. Bogardus' name.

RECENT ARTICLES ON MUNICIPAL AFFAIRS

Prepared by the Seattle
Public Library

(Continued from last week)
Sewerage and Sewage Disposal—

Hatton, T. C. Report of general committee on sewerage and sanitation (In American Society for Municipal Improvements. Proceedings 1921. p. 101-103)

Other articles in the same society's proceedings are: De-watering of sewage sludge; Organization of metropolitan districts; Sanitary conditions of New York harbor; Sludge handling at the Rochester sewage disposal plant; Sewage disposal for small municipalities; Miscellaneous problems connected with the design and maintenance of sewage systems.

Street Railways and Rapid Transit—

American Electric Railway Association. A compilation of cities in which fares were changed. Sept. 1, 1922. 31 p. mim.

Chicago. Committee on Local Transportation. Opinion and report on the use of the traction fund for the construction of subways by the city and legal obstacles in the way of immediate construction. 28 p. Feb. 1922.

Detroit on November 7 voted on three measures in connection with its recently acquired municipal street railway. 1. A \$5,000,000 bond issue for extensions; 2. A charter amendment relieving the railway department of paying for pavements between tracks; 3. Question of ousting the Detroit United Railway interurban cars from the city streets. The Mayor suggests the creation of a metropolitan district covering a radius of ten miles from the city limits to be supplied with transportation, gas, water and light from a common source.

Mitten, T. E. Rapid transit handbook. May 1922. 8 p.

New York City. Mayor. Mayor Hylan's plan for real rapid transit in New York City, submitted to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment Sept. 6 1922. 30 p. diag.

The plan provides for the construction of new lines, subways and tunnels to be owned and operated by the city, also for the "recapture" of privately operated lines as soon as the contract provisions permit.

New York City Transit Commission. Statement and outline of plan of readjustment, N. Y. city street railroads. Sept. 29, 1921. 33 p.

Provides for valuation, consolidation and municipal ownership of all transportation facilities.

Ridgway, Robert. Subways for city transportation. illus. diag. (In American Society for Municipal Improvements. Proceedings 1921. p. 339-357) R 352 Am35p

Turner, Daniel L. Fundamentals of transit planning for cities. National Conference on

City Planning. 1922. 20 p. Streets—

Chicago. An ordinance for the improvement of a thoroughfare along E. So. Water St. (from N. Michigan Ave.), River St., W. So. Water St. and N. Market St. Chicago. Journal of Proceeding of City Council. June 7, 1922. p. 351-459. diags.

Improvement consists of a two-level thoroughfare, upper level providing roadway and sidewalk, lower level roadways and raised sidewalks to be used as loading platforms.

Howell, W. A. Report of a general committee on street paving sidewalks, and street design, street maintenance and street railway construction. (In American Society for Municipal Improvements. Proceedings. 1921. p. 219-226)

Other articles in the same society's Proceedings are: Report of sub-committee on street paving; Results obtained from an experimental treated wood-block pavement after fifteen years service; Street designs; Managher-Sucher process for preserving and transforming wood; Shooing in asphalt pavement; Minor repairs to sheet asphalt pavement; Economical extent of paving repairs and maintenance; Refining of road oils and asphalts; Plant inspection of paving material; The properties of mineral aggregates available in the metropolitan district; Granite block repaving in Baltimore; Present aspect of the paving brick industry and the relation of the manufacturers to municipal engineers; Real value of highway literature; Specifications for brick paving. Taxation—

Ludwig, C. C. The tax supervising and conservation commission of Multnomah County, Oregon. National Municipal Review. July 1922. p. 220-221.

Short account of powers of this commission.

Milwaukee. Citizen's Bureau of Milwaukee. Milwaukee's tax problem: city of Milwaukee's growing expenditures. 1921.

N. Y. (state). Special joint committee on taxation and retrenchment. Report. Mar. 1, 1922.

Park, J. Ralph. How Pittsburgh's graded tax law is working. American City, Oct. 1922. p. 234.

Waterworks—

Hathaway, Alfred R. The administration of municipal waterworks. A commission separated from the ordinary government departments should have complete control the department. American City, Sept. 1922. p. 236.

Johnson, Geo. A. Business of waterworks management. American City, May 1922. p. 417-418; June 1922, p. 569-572.

Weights and Measures—

Barron, R. F. Detecting shortages, securing evidence, and prosecuting offenders in short weight cases. American City. Sept. 1922. p. 219-220.

Zoning—

Bettman, Alfred. Constitutionality of zoning. American City, Sept. 1922, p. 212-216.

SEYMOUR SAYS SOMETHING

Every now and then there bobs up a secretary of a Chamber of Commerce who knows that the prosperity of his city is dependent in great measure on good electric railways service and is not afraid to say as much. A. E. Seymour, secretary of the Chamber of Commerce of Washington, D. C., is one of these. He recently said:

"The Chamber takes the position that all it desires is service; that no company, no public utility, can give service unless it is in a reasonable degree prosperous.

"I believe that a city is largely known by its public utilities, and that you cannot build up a city if you attempt to cripple or injure any of those utilities. The stranger in our city who uses our street rail-

ways gets his impression of our city from the service that he gets on those railways, and for that reason we insist that we have good service and that in order to get it we must have prosperous utilities.'

Pullmans for women are being run on the Chicago and Alton and the Wabash railroads out of Chicago and on the main branches. This is an innovation and is meeting with the approval of many.

King Fuad, the new ruler of Egypt, suffers from a throat malady which causes him to emit a cry like that of a wild beast. Before he can speak or breathe with comfort he emits an unearthly sound which embarrasses him and his hearers.

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FEB 15 1923

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VOL. XII. NO. 50.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1922.

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SECRETARY'S NOTES OF INTEREST

At last Monday's board meeting a motion prevailed that the secretary be instructed to write Mayor Brown asking what disposition he would make of the Public Safety Committee's report on dance halls below Yesler Way. In pursuance of this direction, the secretary wrote Mayor Brown on December 11, asking that a reply to the Board's request be in his hands by Monday noon, December 18.

* * *

Mr. James T. Lawler, chairman of the League's Municipal Research Committee, reports that a meeting of his committee was held last Tuesday evening, and that another meeting will be held the following Tuesday, and "continuously thereafter until we evolve some plan." Mr. Lawler states that the suggestion of a civic institute such as was described by Professor Woolston, was considered by the committee to be a matter of supplemental development. The main thing was to get a start on the research idea and gradually educate the people on the merits of this plan. The committee will be ready to make a report some time during January.

* * *

An interesting request has been received from the Department of Municipal Affairs of the Government of the Province of Saskatchewan. This department requests that a copy of the report of the proceedings of the last "convention" of the Municipal League be sent them. The department states, also, that it would be glad to receive a copy of the official organ of the League.

* * *

The Forty-Eighth Annual Report of the Citizens' Association
(Continued on Page 2)

HUGO A. WINKENWERDER
OF THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
WILL ADDRESS THE LEAGUE
ON THE SUBJECT OF
"The Forestry Problem of Washington",
At the L. C. SMITH BUILDING RESTAURANT

ECKSTEIN OPPOSED TO 40 MILL LIMIT PLAN

Nathan Eckstein, chairman of the Tax Investigating Committee appointed by Governor Hart in 1921, addressed the Municipal League last Tuesday.

Mr. Eckstein stated that the committee had investigated the 40 mill limit plan, but did not think it feasible or practical. "The trouble," stated Mr. Eckstein, "is not so much with the rate of taxation or the present system. The chief difficulty is enforcing the law as it exists; for property is not properly assessed or taxed. And then, too, another of our difficulties is not in our spending too much money but in not having enough taxable property in the state."

The second reason for being opposed to the plan, according to Mr. Eckstein, was the fact that limiting the tax rate does not limit the expenditures. "People today," he said, "demand of the government the performance of certain social functions, and as long as the government performs them, we must pay for them."

He also said that should the 40 mill limit plan be adopted, owners of tangible property would not interest themselves in the tax problem, as they now do, the limit of taxation on their property being fixed by law.

Mr. Eckstein praised the interest of tax payers in their endeavors to reduce taxation, and said that if it were not for such interest as was displayed, taxes would be a great deal higher at

this time. "Without the interest of the tax payer in taxes the prospect would look very dark indeed, and the present manner of operating our governmental expenditures would be comparable to a business concern run by a bunch of misers."

Mr. Eckstein then summarized the recommendations of the Commission as follows:-

1. It favors the establishment of a permanent tax commission, with big men constituting its personnel, who would see to it that all property is on the tax rolls and properly assessed.

2. It favors the 100 per cent assessment so that everyone---taxpayer and stranger alike---might know what our assessment rate really is. It would make it easier, too, he said, to enforce a true assessment.

3. It favors a proper budget law, though it opposes the imposition of penitentiary penalties for exceeding the amounts fixed in the budget.

4. It favors the taxation of public utilities by one central body---the tax commission.

5. It favors the establishment of a permanent board of equalization who would be experts in their work and should have necessary time to attend to it.

6. It favors the collection of inheritance taxes by the tax commission instead of as at present by the Attorney General's office.

(Continued on Page 2)

Pity the Sorrows of a Too-Big-Hearted Man

Mayor Brown, being safely inducted into office, sat him down to think what he might do to lighten the lot of the Toiler and presently concluded that it was necessary to his (the Toiler's) peace of mind that there should be provided some place where he might trip the light fantastic toe with company provided, of a sort to which he might be considered to be accustomed, and with liquid refreshments after his arduous labors. It should be a place, also, where the fettering conventions of "society" should be conspicuous by their absence.

Forthwith, or soon after, the Mayor, being determined that he would, even against the possible opposition of a whole city, meet this crying demand which the Toiler made (or, in any proper frame of mind, should have made) slightly bent the law and proceeded, in his own proper person, to license the Liberty and the Columbus (?) They were located south of Yesler Way where, perhaps, a slight aroma of the "good old days" still lingers and where the Toiler might feel free to cut loose.

Presently, it began to be noised about that the Liberty and the Columbus were not all that some ultra-critical folk thought that they should be. Mayor Brown rose to their defense instantly and has continued to defend them against all comers ever since.

First the Municipal League, an organization which includes at least a fair proportion of persons who would like to see the decency of Seattle maintained, appointed a committee to investigate and report. The committee investigated and re-

(Continued on page 4)

THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL NEWS

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Telephone Main 6282

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

Editorial Committee of Municipal News

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CLANCEY M. LEWIS
H. I. CHATTERTON
FRED W. CATLETT

Ex-officio: J. L. BALDWIN, President

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THE MUNICIPAL LEAGUE WELCOMES EXPRESSIONS OF OPINIONS ON CIVIC MATTERS AND PROBLEMS. ALL COMMUNICATIONS SHOULD BE ADDRESSED TO THE SECRETARY AT HIS OFFICE, 405 LEARY BUILDING.

ECKSTEIN OPPOSED TO A 40 MILL LIMIT PLAN

(Continued from Page 1)

7. It favors the increase of filing fee of corporations. A smaller fee, of course, would be placed upon the small corporations and a correspondingly larger fee upon the larger corporations who can well afford to pay.

8. It favors the increase of the annual license fee from \$15 to \$30.

9. It favors a 3c tax on gasoline.

Mr. Eckstein dwelt with considerable emphasis on this proposal and justified the commission's recommendation thereon. "You don't hear people complaining about the cost of automobiles, but you do hear them complain about the cost of gasoline. Many automobile owners fail to realize that the state has been forced to expend vast sums of money not necessarily for them as auto owners, but certainly on account of

them.

"There is nothing to the argument," he said, "that the increase of the cost of gasoline would result in a lessening of the number of users of cars, as evidence of the fact that the cost of gasoline has gradually increased from 10 or 11 cents per gallon till it is now more than twice as much, and yet the number of automobile owners has been constantly increasing.

10. It favors the increasing of all recording fees so as to enable the various offices to be self-sustaining.

11. It favors the establishment of a highway law court such as that now in existence in New Jersey, which would be empowered to impose adequate penalties for the violation of the traffic laws and enforce compensation to the state for any injuries to the highway by auto owners and truck users.

12. It believes that the personal exemption of \$300 should be applied only on household furniture and wearing apparel.

"This," stated Mr. Eckstein, "would apply to many apartment house dwellers who rent their furniture but own their automobiles."

13. It favors a tax on cemeteries.

So many cemeteries, stated Mr. Eckstein, are business institutions that a tax upon them would be justified.

14. Our laws should be changed so as to prohibit the refunding of bonds, all bonds to be serial bonds and limited to the life of the improvement. These should be retired without refunding.

15. That the state carry out a proper re-forestation policy.

16. That the automobile truck owners should pay more taxes as they are not in competition with the railroads, and the railroads are paying less and less taxes.

17. That the recommendation that a constitutional amendment be passed allowing the taxing of intangible property. (At this point Prof. Frank J. Laube asked Mr. Eckstein whether intangible property couldn't be taxed indirectly thru a state income tax. Mr. Eckstein stated that he would cover that question a little later).

18. The inheritance tax is too low, stated Mr. Eckstein, and could well stand more increasing.

19. The commission also objected to the County Assessor sitting on the board of equalization, in that way acting in the capacity both as prosecutor and judge.

20. Taking up the matter of the income tax, Mr. Eckstein contended that it would produce but little revenue. "Small incomes," he said, "will always be exempt from taxation and any law passed compelling the small man to pay taxes will meet the same fate as the poll tax law—it will be repealed by the people. We must remember, he said, that we now pay an income tax to the Federal Government. Congress is now taxing the people as much as they can stand. Until Congress reduces the rate, we should not attempt to pass a state income tax law—rather, I favor a classified tax on intangible property."

21. We should memorialize Congress to pass a law prohib-

iting the further issuance of tax-exempt securities.

In conclusion, Mr. Eckstein insisted that not the 40 mill limit plan was a cure for the present evils, but rather a strict enforcement of the present tax system and a more rigid adherence on the part of the taxpayers of the tax-spending bodies to economy.

At the conclusion of Eckstein's address, Mr. C. A. Reynolds moved that a rising vote of thanks be extended to the speaker. The motion prevailed.

SECRETARY'S NOTES

(Continued from page 1)

of Chicago has been received at the League office. The association styles itself "The Oldest Civic Reform Organization in America". Its main purposes, as set forth in its constitution, adopted July 24, 1874, read as follows:-

"To insure a more perfect administration in our municipal affairs; to promote the general welfare and prosperity of the city; to protect citizens, so far as possible, against the evils of careless or corrupt legislation; to effect the prompt enforcement and execution of the law; to correct existing abuses, and to prevent their future recurrence."

Such a purpose may well be adopted by every municipal league organization in the country.

Among its accomplishments for the past year, states the report, are as follows:-

"During the last year the Citizens' Association won two taxpayers' suits in the Supreme Court, which nullified unconstitutional state appropriations amounting to \$520,000. Its work added more than \$600,000 to the revenues of the County and State during the year, by increasing the interest rates on public funds. It also accomplished other important results for the public. Such results have been made possible by its increased financial strength, which is largely due to the action of 306 of our members in becoming Contributing Members, with dues of \$25 a year. Other \$10 members are urged to do likewise, in order to finance our growing work, as the Association's income is still sadly inadequate."

(Continued on Page 4)

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1922 - 1923

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H. I. Chatterton
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New Farm Loans or Bankruptcy



H. W. Moorehouse, of the American Farm Bureau Federation, says a new credit arrangement must be adopted immediately if we are to prevent wholesale bankruptcy of mid-western farmers on March 1.

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THE TOO-BIG-HEARTED MAN

(Continued from Page 1.)

ported that the place was illegally maintained and was calculated to skin the Toiler with neatness and dispatch if he ventured there in search of entertainment; furthermore, they stated, the Toiler did not seem to be able to stand the gaff, or perhaps he did not duly appreciate his privileges, for he did not seem to be present, on the occasion of the committee's visit, in any large numbers. Mayor Brown dismissed the report of the committee with a gesture of disdain; they were "high brows"; they could not understand his purpose or the purpose of the dance halls or the needs of the Toiler.

Next, the Council of Churches represented by a committee of reputable citizens, not all ministers, appeared before the Mayor and was received with scant courtesy, with many evasions and they went their way, sadder but wiser and with nothing accomplished. They were "good" people and with them the Mayor had no sympathy and desired to have no dealings.

Next, at the Mayor's request, the Central Labor Council appointed a committee to investigate and report. Horrors! This report by toilers on a Toiler's resort was unfavorable! Nothing daunted, Mayor Brown jauntily announced that he did not believe the report; the committee was prejudiced, and he had secured the appointment of another committee from the same Labor Council which would shortly tell the people what was what.

Since this committee would seem to have been hand-picked, it is no wonder its report satisfied its creator.

Last, several ministers, (conceded by some people to be sincerely interested in the good of the community) have individually investigated and reported that the conditions here, including the dance halls, are startlingly bad. Their report is backed by the opinions of attorneys and others some of whom have had occasion to know, expertly, of moral conditions. It is also borne out by the common statement of men on the streets that the town is wider open now than it has been for a long

time.

Mayor Brown still continues to struggle valiantly for the best interest of the Toiler, even without the Toiler's support or approval. He displays, in this fight, a warmth of enthusiasm, a fertility of resource and an indefatigability which most men reserve for enterprises in which they have a financial interest.

GEO. B. LITTLEFIELD.

SECRETARY'S NOTES

(continued from page 2)

The National Municipal Review for December publishes a commentary upon the comparative tax rates of thirty-two states. The table of comparative tax rates was compiled by the Detroit Bureau of Governmental Research. The article written by C. E. Rightor states that to arrive at a comparable tax rate basis the varying legal basis of assessments in different states are adjusted uniformly to 100 per cent basis. Seattle, on the basis of a tax rate per \$1,000 assessed valuation, is stated to have a tax rate of 63.37 divided as follows: 22.49 for city purposes, 13.37 for school purposes, 4.51 for debt, 10.00 for county purposes and 13.00 for state purposes.

Under the heading of Adjusted Rate 100% Basis of Assessment, Seattle is quoted as

having 34.74; and under the heading of Estimated Ratio of Assessment to True Value, 80 per cent; and under the heading of Adjusted Tax Rate on Estimated Ratio of Assessment, 27.79.

In the spring when icebergs come floating down from the glaciers of Greenland, coastguard service vessels of the American fleet go in search of them. When a berg is found the vessels wireless its presence to the boats of all nations in the vicinity. The cost of the patrol is borne by all the maritime nations using the Atlantic in proportion to the number of ships sailing under their respective flags.

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. XII. NO. 51.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1922.

PRICE 10 CENTS

LEWIS SPEAKS ON FORESTRY PROBLEM

L. D. Lewis, former president of the Municipal League and chairman of the League's Legislative Committee, followed Dean Winkenwerder upon the conclusion of his address last Tuesday noon. Mr. Lewis stated in part as follows: That he has studied the reforestation problem for some time past and has worried a good deal over the waste land situation. Shortly after the Armistice, he spent some time in Washington in an endeavor to coordinate with and secure the cooperation of some of the governmental departments in the work of reforesting logged-off lands in this state. The Spruce Division, he said, when it was demobilized, had men and equipment. The Navy department was dumping T.N.T. because it had no place to store it. The State of Washington could use the men, the equipment and the T.N.T., and yet by reason of certain jealousies that had crept up between the various Federal departments, it was impossible, Mr. Lewis said, to secure their cooperation.

He said that the logged-off lands of the state were as a whole not fit for agricultural purposes—at least it was not feasible to turn them over for this purpose.

He corroborated Dean Winkenwerder's statement that many towns and villages are being abandoned when the timber in the adjacent territory was removed. He cited instances of such towns being abandoned in Pacific and Skagit counties.

He called attention to the remarkable growth of reforested areas and stated that land which in its logged-off condition was not worth more than \$10 per acre, would under a re-

(Continued on Page 3)

A MERRY CHRISTMAS AND A HAPPY NEW YEAR

On this glad holiday season, the officers and Board of Trustees of the Municipal League take great pleasure in extending to the members of the League and to the citizens of the City of Seattle their best wishes for a Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year.

We look forward to the year of 1923 hopefully and eagerly. Hopefully, because it believes that the conscience of our citizens is being awakened to a greater interest in public affairs; and eagerly, because they realize the opportunity for service which this organization, unbiased, unprejudiced and free—has in the coming year's work.

OFFICERS AND BOARD OF TRUSTEES
of
THE SEATTLE MUNICIPAL LEAGUE

League Correspondence With Mayor Brown

December 11, 1922

"Mayor E. J. Brown
"County-City Building
"Seattle, Washington
"Dear Sir:-

"On November 22nd, we mailed you a copy of a report submitted to the League by the Public Safety Committee and adopted by the League at a general weekly meeting, which report in substance called to your attention the ordinance now existing relating to the operation of cabarets, and requested that the cabarets now in operation below Yesler Way—more particularly, the Dream-

(Continued on Page 3)

SECRETARY'S NOTES

The report of the Public Safety Committee on the dance hall situation was cited last Sunday in several of Seattle's churches. Notably, by the Reverend Mc Clure in his Columbia City church.

Not one statement made by the committee has been challenged publicly by the Mayor or Chief Sevryns.

* * *

The League is in receipt of a letter from the National Association of Purchasing Agents, the executive officers of which are in New York City. The letter states that this organization has undertaken a research

(Continued on Page 4)

REFORESTATION POLICY PROPOSED BY U. MAN

Dean Hugo A. Winkenwerder of the College of Forestry of the University of Washington, addressed the League last Tuesday. After considerable study of the forestry problems at a conference held recently the following recommendations were made:

1. That a change in the taxation system should be made in this: That the logged-off lands should not pay taxes during the time that they are being reforested; that when the forests mature the final tax should be paid.

2. That the state should bond itself to buy logged-off lands and to reforest them. This matter, stated Dean Winkenwerder, could be worked out so that the state could pay bonds in lieu of cash to the owners of the logged-off lands, these bonds bearing a low rate of interest. Provision of course should be made to encourage the timber owners to leave their logged-off lands in proper condition. Thus, land not left in proper shape for reforestation shall get less than land which is left in good condition for it; land that has larger trees left, to get more than that having smaller trees. Thus encouraging lumbermen to aid in the policy of reforestation.

3. The reorganization of the State Forestry Department so that it should contain thoroughly trained experts who would administer the policy of the state relative to reforestation in its most complete form.

* * *

Food products excepted, perhaps no material is so indispensable in our daily lives as wood. We need but to look about us, in our homes or out of them, to realize the many necessities and conveniences that are made

EDWARD CLIFFORD,

Director of Department of Labor of the State of Washington, will address the Municipal League on the subject of

"Workmens Compensation Act"

Tuesday Noon, December 26th,

at the L. C. Smith Building Restaurant

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wholly or in part from wood. From the cradle to the grave wood is with us as an essential commodity at all times. Dr. Fernow has very nicely pictured this in the following words: "The forest furnishes the cooperation to market our vintage, to store our flour and fruit. The forest furnishes the plow handle and the harrow frame to cultivate, the threshing machine and the wind mill to prepare the crops, the bottoms in which they cross the ocean to foreign marts, and even the pitch and tar needed to keep the cargo safe— We are rocked in wooden cradles, play with wooden toys, sit on wooden chairs and benches, eat from wooden tables, use wooden desks, chests and trunks, are entertained by music from wooden instruments, enlightened by information printed on wooden paper with black ink made from wood and even eat our salads seasoned with vinegar made from the wood."

It is true that substitutes have replaced the use of wood for many purposes, yet new uses are being found every year and wood enters extensively into use with the substitutes. The physical, mechanical and chemical properties of wood are such that there are almost untold possibilities for the development of new uses, and of especial importance is the possibility of manufacturing from wood substitutes a very great variety of essential products. With a plentiful supply of wood we could, if necessary, dispense with large quantities of other resources. All housing and construction problems, all fuel problems, including gas and oil, clothing, including shoes, hats and fancy silk wear (fibre silk); disinfectants and preservatives, gun powder, celluloid products, wood and grain alcohol, and even certain foods may be mentioned as some of the places where wood is being used as a substitute for the products

of our other natural resources.

But the forest is not only important as a resource because of the raw material it furnishes. It also has a marked influence upon the topography of the land, the fertility of the soil on the hillside and in the valley bottoms, the springs, the water powers, the equable flow of streams for irrigation and navigation, health and recreation, and perhaps even upon the climatic conditions.

The United States no longer has a plentiful supply of forests. Statements to the contrary are absolutely false. The original or virgin forests of the United States are practically exhausted in all regions except the Pacific Northwest. Unless we adopt a policy of reforestation extensive lumber operations in this state will decline rapidly within 20 years. On the other hand, we can, through the adoption of a proper policy, produce sufficient wood for all our needs for all time to come. If such a policy is adopted throughout the Northwest now the lumber industry can be kept as important forever as it is now.

The idea of forestry does not, as is often believed, mean a limitation in the use of our forest products. On the contrary, it means the creation of conditions that will insure for all time the fullest possible protection and use.

As a rule when the forests are cut agriculture soon follows the logger, but in the Northwest the forests have been cut off far in advance of the development of the land for farming purposes, and this is true to this day.

While the excellent harbors have been of great importance in bringing the cities of the West Coast to the forefront many of the towns are every day more dependent upon the forests than they are on the products of farms, fisheries and mines combined. We need only think of the tide flats of Tacoma, of Ballard and of West Seattle, of the cities of Everett, Bellingham, Hoquiam, Aberdeen, Anacortes and a host of others, but they immediately call to mind pictures of saw mills and the ever-buzzing sounds of the hungry saw. In 1910 63.3 per cent of the wage

earners of the state of Washington were directly dependent upon the lumber industry for their livelihood, and although we have had a steady increase in agriculture and other industries here since then, in 1914 we still had 54 per cent of our wage earners directly dependent upon this one industry. How many more are indirectly dependent upon this industry is, of course, hard to say. Let us try to imagine for just a moment what would happen if all the logging camps and all the saw mills should suddenly be shut down forever. It would affect every channel of trade.

Many communities on the Pacific Coast are facing retrogression unless we start an immediate program for reforesting the nonagricultural logged-off lands. In Michian many once flourishing lumber towns disappeared with the disappearance of the forests. Literally hundreds of these towns are no longer existent. Some years ago Ascoda, a very flourishing mill town, bonded itself for \$150,000 for local improvements. In 1915 when the bonds came due, there was no town left. Unless we make immediate provision for reforestation history will here repeat itself. There is no region in the country where it is easier to get the logged-off lands reforested than in the Douglas fir region of the Pacific Coast. We can continue logging just as we have been doing in the past. All that is necessary is to burn over the slashings during the first year after logging; this usually results in very excellent reproduction of young trees. But this must, however, be followed by rigid fire protection as these young trees can easily be killed by forest fires. We can grow from 32 M to 44 M feet of merchantable timber of saw-log size, in from 60 to 80 years, and can grow six billion feet annually forever on our non-agricultural land, not including millions of cords of wood for fuel and for the manufacture of paper pulp. This is slightly in excess of our present annual cut in the state of Washington.

Of course the state should take the lead in the reforestation movement. A state-wide forestry conference was recent-

held. After working for more than a year on a thorough study of the forestry problems of the state of Washington, this Conference is now ready to present a comprehensive program to the legislature for action this winter.

The reforestation problem is welded to nearly all our most important activities, such as the development of the tourist business, our taxation problems, irrigation, transportation, labor problems, and even the welfare or collapse of hundreds of Washington communities. The state must give this problem careful consideration in the legislature this winter. If you agree with me, instruct your representatives and senators to support the legislative program presented by the State Forestry Conference. The best minds of the state have spent a year studying the problem from all its angles.

LEWIS SPEAKS ON FORESTRY

(Continued from Page 1.)

orestation policy, in a comparatively short period of time, bring a high rate of dividend. He stated that what was necessary was to bring about the active cooperation between the timber owners and the state agencies. The timber owners, he said, on the one side, had not been able to re-forest logged-off lands, and in many instances did not realize the necessity for doing so. On the other hand, the state agencies had not the money nor the incentive to do so.

He had a dream, he said, of having boys organize forestry clubs. Organizations like the Boy Scouts could establish camps and act as fire patrols, re-forestry patrols, and so on. He pointed out the Federal Government could be of great assistance in this problem if it would take an active interest in it.

President Baldwin assigned the task of investigating and reporting upon the problem of reforestation to the Legislative Committee of the League, of which Mr. Lewis is chairman, and instructed the committee to bring in its report at an early meeting.

WHY DOES THE MAYOR DO IT?

Mayor Brown is probably well pleased with the report of the Committee of the Central Labor Council regarding the South End Cabarets. Presumably, the Committee is also satisfied with the report. Aside from these persons and those financially interested in the Cabarets, it is probable that the report will commend itself to no one. The body of the Labor Council should be excluded from consideration since its members probably knew little about the subject, the report of the Committee dodged the issue by the well-known method of knocking down a man of straw and the Council, naturally, on such a showing, approved the report.

The gist of the report lies in three conclusions:-

1. The South End dance halls are no worse than those in other sections.

2. The dress of the girls there is not indecent or immodest.

3. The location of the halls in a basement is unsanitary and they should be moved to a ground-floor or higher level, or should be closed.

The Committee further unbosoms itself of a conclusion that the crusade against the South End dance halls does not seem to be sincere and that it "savors of an organized conspiracy to use any means at hand to discredit the mayor."

As to the first conclusion, it does not change the situation to admit that dance halls in other sections may be as evil in their tendencies as those now under fire. As to the second conclusion, the comment of those who have visited the South End Cabarets would indicate that the view of the Labor Council committee in the matter of dress are ultra-liberal. As to the third conclusion, there is no dispute or discussion.

The Committee's final defense of the Mayor is absurd for two reasons:- It is all but impossible to get any number of ministers to stick together for any long time to accomplish any ob-

ject outside their own direct field, and, further, Mayor Brown, himself, has done more to discredit himself with the people of Seattle in this matter than could be accomplished by any number of conspiracies to that end.

The Labor Council's Committee and the Mayor both very conveniently forget the crux of this whole controversy. That is plainly stated in the report of the Municipal League Committee, viz---that these Cabarets are being operated in violation of the law upon a permit issued by the Mayor and the Chief of Police whereas they should be licensed by the City Council. The Mayor's position that these are dance halls and not cabarets as defined in the ordinance is too weak to hold water.

If these places are so necessary to the welfare of the working man and are so sweet-scented as the Labor Council Committee pretends, why does not the Mayor settle the controversy by withdrawing his permit and causing the proprietors to apply to the Council for license in due form?

If there is no more to this matter than what appears upon the surface, why does the Mayor continue so ardently to resist the report and recommendations of a Municipal League Committee (not to mention others) which consisted of three lawyers, a publisher and a minister? This Committee certainly must be correct in its statement of the law, and any who know its members will feel quite sure that Mr. Chatterton, the sole clerical member, could hardly have imposed his own opinions upon the other four members, however much he might have desired to do so.

The longer this state of affairs continues, the more do people wonder:- "Why does the Mayor act thus?"

GEO. B. LITTLEFIELD.

LEAGUE CORRESPONDENCE

(Continued from page 1)

land at 5th and Jackson, and the Liberty at 217½ 2nd Avenue South---to be closed. The report pointed out that these places were being operated illegally because they had failed to secure a license as provided

for by the ordinance in question.

"Since sending you this report we have not been favored with any reply from you as to what action you would take thereon. I have been instructed to write to you at the request of the Board of Trustees of this organization, and to ask you specifically whether or not you intend to close these places.

"Our Board of Trustees will meet next Monday at noon, and it would like to have your reply before that date.

Very truly yours,

"EIMON L. WIENIR.

"Secretary."

"December 18, 1922

"Mr. Eimon L. Wienir

"Secretary Municipal League

"Seattle, Washington

"Dear Sir:-

"Your letter of December 11 asking me for a reply to the report of the Public Safety Committee, has been on my desk for some time.

"If it is the pleasure of the League I shall be pleased to give my answer orally in an address before your League, at your convenient time; and when the members of your League may be permitted to ask questions in order that they may get my full view point, and that I may have the benefit of theirs. I believe that of all public questions the membership of the League is entitled to full information upon which to base any judgment they may see fit to express.

"Yours very truly,

"EDWIN J. BROWN,

"Mayor."

* * *

December 22, 1922.

Mr. E. J. Brown, Mayor,
County-City Building,
Seattle, Washington.

Dear Sir:

Replying to your communication of December 18th, requesting that you be permitted to answer the report of our Public Safety Committee in person, I have been instructed by the Board of Trustees of the Municipal League to answer as follows:

Had you made such a request immediately upon receipt of the report of the committee which I sent you, we would have complied with it. How-

ever, so much time has passed since the rendition and acceptance of the report that the Board feels there is a necessity for immediate action and does not desire to further delay this matter or prolong discussion upon it.

Furthermore, the Board feels that nothing that you could say at this time would alter the facts as found by the committee; and that what is required is that the law be enforced as pointed out in the committee's report.

Very truly yours,
EIMON L. WIENIR,
Secretary.

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**TO STUDY PUBLIC
EMPLOYEES**

To study and formulate the best methods of selection, transfer and promotion of public service employees is the primary function of the newly organized Bureau of Personal Administration at Washington, D. C. Professor L. L. Thurstone, head of the Department of Education and Psychology at Carnegie Institute of Technology, Pittsburgh, has been appointed Director of Research in charge of the Bureau, effective January 1, 1923.

The Bureau is to be affiliated with the Institute of Government Research, and has been privately endowed subsequent to appeals for its establishment from the United States Civil Service Commission. An advisory board of five members of the national civil service commissions will supervise the operation of the bureau.

Mr. Thurstone and his associates will immediately take up the study of the selection, transfer and promotion on a basis of merit of all public service employees; classification of the positions in public service; methods of rating efficiency; re-organization of training courses for federal employees; recommendation of postal clerk and carrier tests; organization and procedure of district offices of the Civil Service Commission; and various other personnel problems outlined by the advisory board. Its field of work covers investigations of state and municipal employee problems in addition to those of the federal service.

SECRETARY'S NOTES

(Continued from Page 1)
into centralized purchasing in government which will attempt to supply some much-needed data on the extent and success of this important phase of state, county and city administration, and the drafting of a set of model laws for future legislation on the subject. It asks the League for a list of all the state departments, counties and cities of our state now operating under a plan of centralized purchases, with the name and address of the purchasing agent of

each. It also asks the League to refer to the Association any worth while articles of comparatively recent date which show the value and results of centralized purchasing in governmental units. The letter concludes with the statement that "In the light of your acquaintance with this subject, what is your opinion of its merits or demerits and what suggestions have you to offer for increasing the efficiency of those departments of centralized purchase in operation?"

The League will be glad to have expressions of opinion from its members on this matter.

**WHAT OTHER CITY
COUNCILS ARE DOING**

Anarchism.
Motion providing that Special Committee on Public Welfare investigate series of articles written by Emma Goldman and published in the Minneapolis Journal. Adopted. Proc. City Council, May 12, 1922, p. 981.

Appeals, Board of
Ordinance to amend section 888 of municipal code of Cleveland in effect July 1, 1921. Building code—the organization of the Board of Appeals). Passed. City

Record, May 3, 1922, p. 19.
Automobile Camps.
Ordinance to authorize expenditure of two thousand dollars for the purpose of establishing a tourist automobile camp in Edgewater Park, City Record, Cleveland, June 14, 1922, p. 11.
Bathing Beaches
Resolution providing that director of parks and public property in conjunction with director of public safety be requested to install special sprays attached to fire hydrants that children may play in the cool streams during the hot months. Adopted. City Record, Cleveland, June 14, 1922, p. 14.
Budgets.

(To Be Continued.)

The Roslyn Fuel Co.

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Seattle Municipal News

A Weekly Publication Devoted Solely to the Betterment of Seattle

VOL. XII. NO. 52.

SEATTLE, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1922.

PRICE 10 CENTS

TEACHERS' SALARIES

Buffalo, N. Y., has a Central "Continuation School" which teaches vocational commercial subjects. It was found there were some minor imperfections in the salary schedule adopted by the Board of Education some months ago, and further that it was necessary to revise the schedule in order to meet with new conditions. The Board found that as these teachers (in vocational subjects) are paid salaries in commercial occupations which approximate the present high school classroom salary classification more nearly than any other department salary classification, it is recommended that the salary schedule adopted for this new classification be the same as that of the present high school classroom classification.

The revised schedule is as follows:-

	Min.	Max.
Vocational Teachers		
.....	\$1,800	\$2,600
Manual training teachers		
.....	1,800	2,600
High school classroom teachers		
.....	1,600	2,400
Domestic art teachers		
.....	1,400	2,200
Eighth grade teachers		
.....	1,250	2,050
Teachers of vocational commercial subjects.....	1,600	2,400
Assistant principals		
.....	1,600	2,300
Principal (elementary school, Class "A")	3,000	3,800

Assistant principals shall receive in addition to the salary provided for in the classification in which last employed prior to appointment as such assistant principal, the sum of \$300.00 per annum.

THE LEAGUE IN 1923

by Eimon L. Wienir

1923 should see the League the most active power for civic good of any single organization in Seattle. The indifference to civic interests caused by the Great War has been almost entirely abated. Men are turning their attention from the struggle of the bloody world conflict, from the absorbing trials of peace conferences, disarmament and economic conferences to the more intimate contact with domestic affairs. Cleaning up one's own backyard, and mending of the fences, and a look in on the hidden mysteries of the plumbing in the home, long neglected, all are necessary it was discovered.

The League has ever led for the better things, for the progressive improvement of the city's government. Its sane, wholesome, clean point of view needs to be expressed forcefully more now than ever before. It must and will assert itself.

Controlled by no clique, group, or individual, the League, representing as it does the heart of a great city, can by its firm and determined leadership make Seattle's government the best of any city in the nation.

Every one of us should resolve to help the League in its endeavors. For without the aid, the support, and the encouragement of those who are enrolled on the roster of the League, little will be done.

You men who founded the League—who for more than twelve years have contributed your time and your energy to it—you must do it again in 1923. The League cannot function as effectively without you as it can with you.

You newer members, don't stand aloof! Don't feel that you are not wanted; that you are mere spectators. If you haven't been called on for committee work, come forward. Indicate your desire to serve and you will be assigned a task.

The League must not let itself grow old. Fresh blood new hands to give a lift, new hearts to "carry on" are needed. The privilege of bringing in recruits is yours. It is imperative. It is necessary from various standpoints. Keep this in mind and when you are called for duty, respond cheerfully.

Our committees should expedite the work assigned to them. It is difficult for volunteer, busy men to find time, but it must be done! The League is not merely a lecture course, a chautauqua. It investigates, it analyzes, it reports. It is active in fighting and seeing through what it favors and it fights to the finish what it opposes.

All this in the year 1923. Let us not forget. The good name of the Municipal League shall live in the heart of the citizens of Seattle—something to be loved, to be revered, to be followed and to be supported.

REFORMS IN WORK-MEN'S ACT URGED

Victor Zednick, District Supervisor of the State Department of Labor and Industry, Seattle, took the place of Edward Clifford, the Director of the Department, who was scheduled to address the League last Tuesday.

Mr. Zednick gave a most interesting address on the work of the department, and paying special attention to the Workmen's Compensation Act, pointed out that at present the compensation as fixed under the 1911 law was inadequate. He stated that it was the opinion of the department that compensation should be increased from 25% to 50%; also that a limitation of increased compensation on children should be removed, and that the age of a dependent child should be fixed at 18 years instead of 16 years.

Mr. Zednick called attention to Mr. Clifford's reform in the matter of collecting premiums. Prior to that time, he said, a firm would not actually be charged for insurance until 12 or 18 months after it was due for the reason that the rate of insurance could not be determined. Under this system, a good many firms escaped paying into the fund altogether by reason of going out of business, becoming bankrupt, etc. Director Clifford, however, changed the system basing the rate upon an average actual rate prevailing for the ten years last past. This immediately resulted in 50% more of the premiums being collected over any preceding year.

The branch offices which were established at Seattle, Tacoma and Spokane, proved, Zednick said, a distinct service to the employer and it has enabled the department to make more

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The Municipal League assumes no responsibility for the sentiments expressed in the Municipal News unless it is expressly stated that such sentiments have the endorsement of the League.

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THE MUNICIPAL LEAGUE WELCOMES EXPRESSIONS OF OPINIONS ON CIVIC MATTERS AND PROBLEMS. ALL COMMUNICATIONS SHOULD BE ADDRESSED TO THE SECRETARY AT HIS OFFICE, 405 LEARY BUILDING.

prompt and efficient collection of premiums due the state.

Speaking on the matter of industrial rehabilitation, Zednick said that it was a logical link in the chain of industrial legislation in this state. The State Safety Act which was passed in 1919, he said, really should have come first, followed by the Medical Aid Law, the Industrial Insurance Law, and logically, the Rehabilitation Act.

The last session of the Legislature appropriated \$835,000 for the administration of the Department of Labor and Industry. However, the Medical Aid law contributed somewhat to lessening the actual expenditure for administrative purposes. The act being for the welfare of the employer and employee in public, the expenditure was justified, stated Mr. Zednick.

At the conclusion of his address, Mr. Frank Foisie, a member of the League's Industrial Relations Committee, stated

that he wished to emphasize the present inadequacy of compensation paid to the disabled workmen. It is the duty of the Municipal League, he said, to do everything possible to have the compensation increased at the next legislature. It must be borne in mind, he said, that when you increase the cost of industrial insurance to the employer he will take care of the safety devices and see to it that accidents do not occur frequently in his plant.

Mr. J. C. Lindsey expressed appreciation for the speaker's presentation of the subject.

SECRETARY'S NOTES

Department of Labor.—While the League was disappointed last Tuesday in not having before it Mr. Edward Clifford, director of the State Department of Labor and Industry, who was prevented from coming to Seattle by important de-

mands on his time suddenly arising, it can be said that Mr. Victor Zednick gave a singularly interesting address. Speaking with a fluency that bespoke his familiarity with the subject, Mr. Zednick left a favorable impression of the work of his department and the improvements that have been made since Mr. Clifford assumed charge. Without doubt, too, everyone was convinced that it was absolutely necessary that the Workmen's Compensation Act should be amended so as to permit increase in awards for loss of time occasioned by injuries in employment.

* * *

Dr. Hawkins.—Whatever one may think of the present moral conditions prevailing in the city, one can not help but admire the courage of Dr. Hawkins of the Plymouth Congregational Church. Ministers dislike exceedingly to enter into controversies, on questions which civil authorities are charged with solving and which laymen in their civic duties delve into. And it must have been with extreme reluctance that Dr. Hawkins took up the issue. But that issue could not be escaped or avoided. When protests from civic organizations had been made to the mayor of the city and no action was taken thereon, it became the duty of the clergy, or some one of them, to speak out. It was not a political issue. It was a moral issue. Ministers of the gospel, whatever their creed, devote their life work to the teaching of the gospel; they endeavor to make men's lives purer and nobler. The temptation to do evil must be removed as far as possible from mortals so that they sin not. Therefore when vice becomes flagrant, and men charged with suppressing it, for some reason or other, will not, do not, or are not able to suppress it, a public condition exists which should call forth expressions from those interested. Who should be more interested than the men of God?

The charges and counter charges, the innuendos and insinuations which followed and which, in fact, are being continued, are reprehensible in the extreme. Instead of taking notice of complaints of citizens,

endeavoring to remedy the evil, officials charged with the enforcement of the law by a vote of confidence in them by the people, charge their critics with dishonest motives! It is indeed a shame to our city. A shame to its good name, to its people, to its laws. It is high time that such temporary outbreaks of moral indignation should become chrystallized into an effective force.

* * *

Montlake Bridge.—The people will undoubtedly have the opportunity of passing on the much discussed and much needed Montlake Avenue bridge. This will come up in the May elections. On previous occasions the League, though agreeing with the claims of the proponents that the bridge was a necessity, recommended vote against the measure on the ground of economy.

* * *

Astoria Relief.—The appropriation of \$10,000 for the relief of Astoria, as was made by the city council, will meet the approval of citizens of Seattle. At a time when our neighbors' homes are destroyed and they need our help in restoring them,—there is nothing else to do but to help.

THE OTHER FELLOW

Who is the other fellow? Is he not a mere reflection of ourselves? And don't you think, therefore, that it even pays to be fair with him?

For a long time I have noticed the people who have taken advantage of others, or of their city, or of their country. Considering results at long range, all these years mighty few have really got away with it.

Also, who are they, who are today complaining most about high taxes, about bad government, or unpleasant living conditions, if not those who, instead of taking a helpful part in public affairs, are, in one form or another, taking the public's money or time under false pretenses?

But why kick afterwards? Why not elect to office in the first instance, men with a public conscience? By not voting, or not voting intelligently, you are double-crossing yourself as

much as the other fellow. You are delaying good government when not backing up to the best of your ability, the class of men who ought to hold public office.

But, enough of this. You are a part of a highly intelligent nation, and already understand that, whenever you shortchange, even to the smallest degree, the other fellow, you are simply cheating yourself, your family and your friends.—Albert B. Lord, in the Roycroft Magazine, November, 1922.

"ZE CEETY PAYS"

By Harold A. Caparm

Not very long ago I sat on a bench in one of the New York City parks. Nearly opposite on another bench sat a happy, shortish and stoutish family eating lunch. You could see they were a family, they were so much alike. They were "poppa" and "momma" and several children from about 26 inches to 31 inches high. They all smiled. Why wouldn't they smile? It was a beautiful day, they had had a good lunch, and they didn't have to clear away after them.

Presently poppa gave one of the children a pasteboard box of the kind that Iwantanother biscuits come in. He took it and proceeded to tear the paper cover slowly into eleven bits and let the wind blow them in eleven different directions. Meantime, poppa looked on and smiled benignantly.

Then I thought of the way they pick up papers in the parks. You have seen how they do it. An oldish sort of man comes along with a spiked stick and a bag. He stabs each piece of paper separately and puts them all into the bag. In this way, he can pick up quite a number of pieces in a day.

Then I thought of what it costs to pay this man and all the other men who pick up papers that people ought to pick up for themselves, or that never ought to be scattered around. And I remembered the South Parks in Chicago, where it costs them \$28,000 a year to pick up papers! Think of what they could buy with all this money in the way of swimming pools, or gymnasiums, or ten-

nis courts, or other things really worth while!

So I thought it was time to say something, and I went up to him and began: "My friend —"

(It seems a little queer that if you address some people as "My friend" they get rather angry, while some others seem to like it. It seems to me to show a nice disposition to be glad to be told that you are somebody's friend).

"My friend," I said, "don't you think it's a mistake to let that boy tear up that paper? Don't you know that every piece has to be picked up, and that you and I help to pay for it?"

But he looked at me and smiled cheerfully. "Ah, no!" he said. "It is alright! Ze ceety peeck him up; we no pay."

"Yes, but," I persisted, "don't you know what the city is? It is you and I and everybody

tham, Mass., the first city in the state to adopt the manager plan, became the second city in the United States to give up its manager charter in favor of a mayor and council. Manager government in Waltham had to bear the blame not only for higher taxes, but for higher rents as well.

At the same election, Springfield, Mass., refused to accept a modern mayor-council charter. The principal objections were that the proposed charter abolished party elections and introduced the initiative and referendum.

TEMPORARY ZONING ORDINANCE IS HELD INVALID IN BUFFALO

In the city of Buffalo, N. Y., a city zoning ordinance is being prepared by a city planning committee. While the ordinance is in course of reparation, vari-

authorized to discontinue the litigation and that building permits be issued both for the buildings in question and for other buildings in the future until the city council adopts the permanent zoning ordinance.

WHAT OTHER CITY COUNCILS ARE DOING

Brief List of References to Ordinances Introduced in or Passed by City Councils of other than Chicago—From February 10 to October 17, 1922

(Continued from recent issue)

Communication from mayor transmitting budget estimates of city and county departments for 1923, and statement of estimated receipts and liabilities. Appendix to Journal, Philadelphia, October 11, 1922, p. 311-7.

Buildings—Codes—Tariff

Amendments to chapter XII of city ordinances, known as the "Building laws." Adopted. City Record, Buffalo, June 1, 1922, p. 1358.

Ordinance to amend section 1214 of municipal code of city of Cleveland (building code, temporary booths and stands). City Record, May 24, 1922, p. 15.

Report from Department of Public Affairs relative to tariff on building material. City Record, Buffalo, May 31, 1922, p. 1307-8.

Drinking Fountains.

Resolution relative to drinking fountains in parks. Adopted. First Branch Journal, Baltimore, June 12, 1922, p. 101.

Electrical Codes.

Ordinance regulating installation and operation of all sending or receiving wireless stations and equipment within the limits of city of Cleveland. Passed. City Record, June 14, 1922, p. 17.

Ordinance regulating installation, operation and maintenance of electric wires, apparatus and plants. Passed. Proc. City Council, Minneapolis, March 31, 1922, p. 793-816.

Fire Hydrants—Relocation—Service Charges.

Communication from Director of Law submitting opinion relative to legality of service charge by the city for the relocation of

A. H. DIMOCK,

Former Engineer of the City of Seattle,
Will Address the

MUNICIPAL LEAGUE on

"The Work of the Engineer's Department",
Tuesday noon, January 2, 1923
at the L. C. Smith Bldg. Restaurant.

else. We all help to pay the taxes. All this work raises the taxes and helps to make rent and groceries and clothes cost more."

"Ah, no!" he replied, "you do not understand! We no pay! Ze ceety pay."

So I gave it up. I couldn't make him see that he and I were helping to pay for picking up those bits of paper.

COMMENT

From the National
Municipal Review
of December, 1922

DAYTON SUSTAINS CITY MANAGER GOVERNMENT

On November 7th Dayton voted down by a vote of 25,000 to 16,000 a proposal to abandon city-manager government in favor of the federal plan. On the same day, Wal-

ous applications for building permits to erect stores and other business places were presented to the Council. It seems that there were many objections to these various applications by residents in the vicinity and the Council, seeking to remedy the situation, adopted a temporary zoning ordinance in accordance with the idea of the city planning committee. Some of the applications for building permits to erect stores were, under the new ordinance, denied. Thereupon, the various owners commenced litigation, alleging the ordinance to be invalid. In the various proceedings that were brought, the question was presented to at least four of the trial judges of the Supreme Court, each of whom decided against the city.

In view of the result of the litigation, the corporation counsel of that city recommended to the city council that it be

fire hydrants at the request of abutting property owner. City Record, Cleveland, May 10, 1922. p. 9-10.

Fire Prevention.

Ordinance to amend section of municipal code relating to fire-proof construction. Passed. City Record, Cleveland, May 31, 1922. p. 21-22.

Fireworks.

Amendment of section 9 of chapter XI of the ordinances. Adopted. City Record, Buffalo, May 17, 1922, p. 1205.

Amending ordinance to prevent sale and use of any fire-

works or other explosive contrivances. Passed. Proc. City Council, Minneapolis, Feb. 17, 1922. p. 681.

Freedom of Speech.

Motion providing that city attorney make investigation of civil rights of the Rev. Russell H. Stafford to freely express opinions upon all subjects not inconsistent with constitution and laws of the United States, and to put legal machinery of local government of the city behind the defense of the Rev. Stafford. Referred to Com. Proc. City Council, Minneapolis, April 21, 1922, p. 896-7.

Fuel.

Communication directing the attention to subject of purchase and storage of fuel by the municipality. Filed. Proc. Board of Aldermen, New York City, Aug. 17, 1922. p. 36.

Communication regarding coal conditions. Referred. Proc. Board of Aldermen, New York City, Oct. 3, 1922. p. 85.

Communication relative to conservation of the city's coal supply. Referred. Proc. Board of Aldermen, New York City, Aug. 24, 1922. p. 44.

Communication relative to fuel conditions, with suggestions thereon. Referred. Proc. Board of Aldermen New York City, Oct. 3, 1922. p. 62-63.

Resolution for appointment of special committee to investigate conditions with respect to coal crisis. Referred. Proc. Board of Aldermen, New York City, Aug. 17, 1922. p. 42.

Garages.

Amending ordinance to regulate construction, alteration, maintenance, repair and removal of buildings. Passed. March 31, 1922. Proc. City Council, Minneapolis, p. 818.

Garbage Collection and Disposal.

Ordinance requiring the placing of ashes and all refuse, other garbage and ashes, in separate receptacles. Referred to Joint Com. on Health. First Branch Journal, Baltimore, Sept. 18, 1922, p. 181.

Report from Commissioner on Public Affairs relative to the municipal piggery. Referred to Comm'r of Public Works. City Record, Buffalo, May 31, 1922. p. 1909-10.

Report from Department of Public Works on disposal of

garbage. Referred to Com. City Record, Buffalo, May 24, 1922. p. 1241-2.

Ordinance to authorize sale of garbage grease produced at garbage disposal plant, Willow, Ohio. Passed. City Record, Cleveland, April 19, 1922. p. 21.

Report from Standing Committee on Power and Crematory on investigation of garbage disposal plants in various cities. Filed. Proc. City Council, Minneapolis, April 13, 1922. p. 864-5.

Communication from mayor recommending appropriation for publication, by poster or in newspapers, of laws, ordinances and regulations relative to receptacles for garbage, ashes and refuse. Appendix to journal, Philadelphia, June 22, 1922. p. 721-2.

Gas—Rates.

Communication from Director of Law relative to situation in the gas case and advising what steps should be taken. Referred to Com. on Public Utilities. City Record, Cleveland, April 26, 1922 p. 8-9.

Communication from mayor relative to gas controversy. City Record, Cleveland, May 10, 1922. p. 8.

Resolution providing that mayor be requested to advise the council and the public what his administration policy is on

the gas question. Ref. to Com. on Public Utilities. City Record, Cleveland, May 10, 1922. p. 14.

Harbors.

Resolution providing that Committee on river and harbor call a public meeting at which the general public and all the various civic and industrial organizations interested may be heard on the subject of developing Cleveland's harbor, and that Committee prepare and submit definite plan for development and better utilization of the various facilities of the port. Adopted. City Record, Apr. 19, 1922. p. 18.

(To Be Continued)

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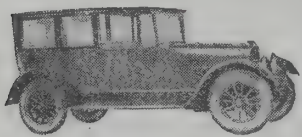
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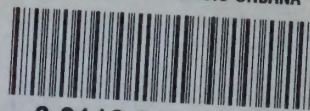
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